

MORGAN STANLEY  
Form 424B2  
February 20, 2019

***CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE***

<i>Title of Each Class of Securities Offered</i>	<i>Maximum Aggregate Offering Price</i>	<i>Amount of Registration Fee</i>
Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities due 2024	\$1,791,000	\$217.07

**February 2019**

Pricing Supplement No. 1,521

Registration Statement Nos. 333-221595; 333-221595-01

Dated February 15, 2019

Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Structured Investments

Opportunities in U.S. Equities

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Fully and Unconditionally Guaranteed by Morgan Stanley

Principal at Risk Securities

The Buffered PLUS are unsecured obligations of Morgan Stanley Finance LLC (“MSFL”) and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Morgan Stanley. The Buffered PLUS will pay no interest, provide a minimum payment at maturity of only 20% of the stated principal amount and have the terms described in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, index supplement and prospectus, as supplemented or modified by this document. At maturity, if the underlying index has **appreciated** in value, investors will receive the stated principal amount of their investment plus leveraged upside performance of the underlying index. If the underlying index has **depreciated** in value, but the underlying index has not declined by more than the specified buffer amount, the Buffered PLUS will redeem for par. However, if the underlying index has declined by more than the buffer amount, investors will lose 1% for every 1% decline beyond the specified buffer amount, subject to the minimum payment at maturity of 20% of the stated principal amount. Investors may lose up to 80% of the stated principal amount of the Buffered PLUS. These long-dated Buffered PLUS are for investors who seek an equity index-based return and who are willing to risk their

principal and forgo current income in exchange for the leverage and buffer features that in each case apply to a limited range of performance of the underlying index. The Buffered PLUS are notes issued as part of MSFL's Series A Global Medium-Term Notes program.

**All payments are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our obligations, you could lose some or all of your investment. These Buffered PLUS are not secured obligations and you will not have any security interest in, or otherwise have any access to, any underlying reference asset or assets.**

**FINAL Terms**

**Issuer:** Morgan Stanley Finance LLC  
**Guarantor:** Morgan Stanley  
**Maturity date:** February 23, 2024  
**Underlying index:** S&P 500® Index  
**Aggregate principal amount:** \$1,791,000  
 If the final index value is greater than the initial index value:  
 \$1,000 + leveraged upside payment  
 If the final index value is less than or equal to the initial index value but has decreased from the initial index value by an amount less than or equal to the buffer amount of 20%:

\$1,000

**Payment at maturity per Buffered PLUS:**

If the final index value is less than the initial index value and has decreased from the initial index value by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 20%:

$(\$1,000 \times \text{the index performance factor}) + \$200$

*Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be less than the stated principal amount of \$1,000. However, under no circumstances will the Buffered PLUS pay less than \$200 per Buffered PLUS at maturity.*

**Leveraged upside payment:**

$\$1,000 \times \text{leverage factor} \times \text{index percent increase}$   
 $(\text{final index value} - \text{initial index value}) / \text{initial index value}$

**Index percent increase:**

**Initial index value:**

2,775.60, which is the index closing value on the pricing date

**Final index value:**

The index closing value on the valuation date February 15, 2024, subject to postponement for non-index business days and certain market disruption events

**Valuation date:**

**Leverage factor:**

115%

**Buffer amount:**

20%. As a result of the buffer amount of 20%, the value at or above which the underlying index must close on the valuation date so that investors do not suffer a loss on their initial investment in the Buffered

	PLUS is 2,220.48, which is 80% of the initial index value.
<b>Minimum payment at maturity:</b>	\$200 per Buffered PLUS (20% of the stated principal amount)
<b>Index performance factor:</b>	Final index value <i>divided</i> by the initial index value
<b>Stated principal amount:</b>	\$1,000 per Buffered PLUS
<b>Issue price:</b>	\$1,000 per Buffered PLUS (see “Commissions and issue price” below)
<b>Pricing date:</b>	February 15, 2019
<b>Original issue date:</b>	February 22, 2019 (4 business days after the pricing date)
<b>CUSIP:</b>	61768DG82
<b>ISIN:</b>	US61768DG827
<b>Listing:</b>	The Buffered PLUS will not be listed on any securities exchange.
<b>Agent:</b>	Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC (“MS & Co.”), an affiliate of MSFL and a wholly owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. See “Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest.”
Estimated value on the pricing date:	\$952.30 per Buffered PLUS. See “Investment Summary” beginning on page 2.
<b>Commissions and issue price:</b>	Price to public Agent’s commissions <sup>(1)</sup> Proceeds to us <sup>(2)</sup>
<b>Per Buffered PLUS</b>	\$1,000            \$30.00            \$970.00
<b>Total</b>	\$1,791,000    \$53,730            \$1,737,270

Selected dealers and their financial advisors will collectively receive from the agent, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, a fixed sales commission of \$30.00 for each Buffered PLUS they sell. In addition, selected dealers and their financial (1) advisors will receive a structuring fee of \$5.00 for each Buffered PLUS. See “Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest.” For additional information, see “Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS.

(2) See “Use of proceeds and hedging” on page 14.

**The Buffered PLUS involve risks not associated with an investment in ordinary debt securities. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page 7.**

The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these securities, or determined if this document or the accompanying product supplement, index supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The Buffered PLUS are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or instrumentality, nor are they obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank.

You should read this document together with the related product supplement, index supplement and prospectus, each of which can be accessed via the hyperlinks below. Please also see “Additional Terms of the Buffered PLUS” and “Additional Information About the Buffered PLUS” at the end of this document.

As used in this document, “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Morgan Stanley or MSFL, or Morgan Stanley and MSFL collectively, as the context requires.

**Prospectus dated November 16, 2017**

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

Investment Summary

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

The Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024 (the “Buffered PLUS”) can be used:

§ As an alternative to direct exposure to the underlying index that enhances returns for any potential positive performance of the underlying index

§ To enhance returns and potentially outperform the underlying index in a bullish scenario, with no limitation on the appreciation potential

§ To achieve similar levels of upside exposure to the underlying index as a direct investment, while using fewer dollars by taking advantage of the leverage factor.

§ To obtain a buffer against a specified level of negative performance in the underlying index

**Maturity:** Approximately 5 years

**Leverage factor:** 115%

**Maximum payment at maturity:** None

**Buffer amount:** 20%, with 1-to-1 downside exposure below the buffer

**Minimum payment at maturity:** \$200 per Buffered PLUS (20% of the stated principal amount). Investors may lose up to 80% of the stated principal amount of the Buffered PLUS.

**Coupon:** None

The original issue price of each Buffered PLUS is \$1,000. This price includes costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Buffered PLUS, which are borne by you, and, consequently, the estimated value of the Buffered PLUS on the pricing date is less than \$1,000. We estimate that the value of each Buffered PLUS on the pricing date is \$952.30.

*What goes into the estimated value on the pricing date?*

In valuing the Buffered PLUS on the pricing date, we take into account that the Buffered PLUS comprise both a debt component and a performance-based component linked to the underlying index. The estimated value of the Buffered PLUS is determined using our own pricing and valuation models, market inputs and assumptions relating to the underlying index, instruments based on the underlying index, volatility and other factors including current and expected interest rates, as well as an interest rate related to our secondary market credit spread, which is the implied interest rate at which our conventional fixed rate debt trades in the secondary market.

*What determines the economic terms of the Buffered PLUS?*

In determining the economic terms of the Buffered PLUS, including the leverage factor, the buffer amount and the minimum payment at maturity, we use an internal funding rate, which is likely to be lower than our secondary market credit spreads and therefore advantageous to us. If the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging costs borne by you were lower or if the internal funding rate were higher, one or more of the economic terms of the Buffered PLUS would be more favorable to you.

*What is the relationship between the estimated value on the pricing date and the secondary market price of the Buffered PLUS?*

The price at which MS & Co. purchases the Buffered PLUS in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlying index, may vary from, and be lower than, the estimated value on the pricing date, because the secondary market price takes into account our secondary market credit spread as well as the bid-offer spread that MS & Co. would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type and other factors. However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Buffered PLUS are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 6 months following the issue date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the Buffered PLUS in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions,

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

including those related to the underlying index, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value. We expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the Buffered PLUS, and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time.

February 2019 Page 3

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

### Key Investment Rationale

The Buffered PLUS offer leveraged upside exposure to the underlying index, while providing limited protection against negative performance of the underlying index. Once the underlying index has decreased in value by more than the specified buffer amount, investors are exposed to the negative performance of the underlying index, subject to the minimum payment at maturity. At maturity, if the underlying index has appreciated, investors will receive the stated principal amount of their investment plus leveraged upside performance of the underlying index. At maturity, if the underlying index has depreciated and (i) if the final index value of the underlying index has not declined from the initial index value by more than the specified buffer amount, the Buffered PLUS will redeem for par, or (ii) if the final index value of the underlying index has declined by more than the buffer amount, the investor will lose 1% for every 1% decline beyond the specified buffer amount, subject to the minimum payment at maturity. **Investors may lose up to 80% of the stated principal amount of the Buffered PLUS.**

**Leveraged Performance** The Buffered PLUS offer investors an opportunity to capture enhanced returns for any positive performance relative to a direct investment in the underlying index.

**Upside Scenario** The underlying index increases in value, and, at maturity, the Buffered PLUS redeem for the stated principal amount of \$1,000 plus 115% of the index percent increase

**Par Scenario** The underlying index declines in value by no more than 20%, and, at maturity, the Buffered PLUS redeem for the stated principal amount of \$1,000.

**Downside Scenario** The underlying index declines in value by more than 20%, and, at maturity, the Buffered PLUS redeem for less than the stated principal amount by an amount that is proportionate to the percentage decrease of the underlying index from the initial index value, plus the buffer amount of 20%. (Example: if the underlying index decreases in value by 45%, the Buffered PLUS will redeem for \$750.00, or 75.00% of the stated principal amount.) The minimum payment at maturity is \$200 per Buffered PLUS.

February 2019 Page 4



Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

How the Buffered PLUS Work

Payoff Diagram

The payoff diagram below illustrates the payment at maturity on the Buffered PLUS based on the following terms:

<b>Stated principal amount:</b>	\$1,000 per Buffered PLUS
<b>Leverage factor:</b>	115%
<b>Buffer amount:</b>	20%
<b>Maximum payment at maturity:</b>	None
<b>Minimum payment at maturity:</b>	\$200 per Buffered PLUS

**Buffered PLUS Payoff Diagram**

**How it works**

§ **Upside Scenario.** If the final index value is greater than the initial index value, investors will receive the \$1,000 stated principal amount *plus* 115% of the appreciation of the underlying index over the term of the Buffered PLUS.

§ If the underlying index appreciates 2%, the investor would receive a 2.30% return, or \$1,023.00 per Buffered PLUS.

§ **Par Scenario.** If the final index value is less than or equal to the initial index value but has decreased from the initial § index value by an amount less than or equal to the buffer amount of 20%, investors will receive the stated principal amount of \$1,000 per Buffered PLUS.

§ If the underlying index depreciates 5%, investors will receive the \$1,000 stated principal amount.

§

**Downside Scenario.** If the final index value is less than the initial index value and has decreased from the initial index value by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 20%, investors will receive an amount that is less than the stated principal amount by an amount that is proportionate to the percentage decrease of the value of the underlying index from the initial index value, plus the buffer amount of 20%. The minimum payment at maturity is \$200 per Buffered PLUS.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

For example, if the underlying index depreciates 55%, investors would lose 35.00% of their principal and receive only \$650 per Buffered PLUS at maturity, or 65.00% of the stated principal amount.

February 2019 Page 6

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

Risk Factors

*The following is a non-exhaustive list of certain key risk factors for investors in the Buffered PLUS. For further discussion of these and other risks, you should read the section entitled “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, index supplement and prospectus. We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers in connection with your investment in the Buffered PLUS.*

**Buffered PLUS do not pay interest and provide a minimum payment at maturity of only 20% of your principal.** The terms of the Buffered PLUS differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that the Buffered PLUS do not pay interest, and provide a minimum payment at maturity of only 20% of the stated principal amount of the Buffered PLUS, subject to our credit risk. If the final index value is less than 80% of the initial index value, you will § receive for each Buffered PLUS that you hold a payment at maturity that is less than the stated principal amount of each Buffered PLUS by an amount proportionate to the decline in the closing value of the underlying index from the initial index value, plus \$200 per Buffered PLUS. **Accordingly, investors may lose up to 80% of the stated principal amount of the Buffered PLUS.**

**The market price of the Buffered PLUS will be influenced by many unpredictable factors.** Several factors, many of which are beyond our control, will influence the value of the Buffered PLUS in the secondary market and the price at which MS & Co. may be willing to purchase or sell the Buffered PLUS in the secondary market, including the value, volatility (frequency and magnitude of changes in value) and dividend yield of the underlying index, interest and yield rates in the market, time remaining until the Buffered PLUS mature, geopolitical conditions § and economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events that affect the underlying index or equities markets generally and which may affect the final index value of the underlying index and any actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings or credit spreads. Generally, the longer the time remaining to maturity, the more the market price of the Buffered PLUS will be affected by the other factors described above. The value of the underlying index may be, and has recently been, volatile, and we can give you no assurance that the volatility will lessen. See “S&P 500® Index Overview” below. You may receive less, and possibly significantly less, than the stated principal amount per Buffered PLUS if you try to sell your Buffered PLUS prior to maturity.

§ **The Buffered PLUS are subject to our credit risk, and any actual or anticipated changes to our credit ratings or credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the Buffered PLUS.** You are dependent on our ability to pay all amounts due on the Buffered PLUS at maturity and therefore you are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our obligations under the Buffered PLUS, your investment would be at risk and you could lose some or all of your investment. As a result, the market value of the Buffered PLUS prior to maturity will be affected by changes in the market’s view of our creditworthiness. Any actual or anticipated decline in our credit ratings or increase in the

credit spreads charged by the market for taking our credit risk is likely to adversely affect the market value of the Buffered PLUS.

**As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations and will have no independent assets.** As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations beyond the issuance and administration of its securities and will have no independent assets available for distributions to holders of MSFL securities if they make claims in respect of such securities in a bankruptcy, resolution or similar proceeding. Accordingly, any recoveries by such holders will be limited to those available under the related guarantee by Morgan Stanley and that guarantee will rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Morgan Stanley. Holders will have recourse only to a single claim against Morgan Stanley and its assets under the guarantee. Holders of securities issued by MSFL should accordingly assume that in any such proceedings they would not have any priority over and should be treated *pari passu* with the claims of other unsecured, unsubordinated creditors of Morgan Stanley, including holders of Morgan Stanley-issued securities.

**The amount payable on the Buffered PLUS is not linked to the value of the underlying index at any time other than the valuation date.** The final index value will be based on the index closing value on the valuation date, subject to postponement for non-index business days and certain market disruption events. Even if the value of the underlying index appreciates prior to the valuation date but then drops by the valuation date by more than 20% of the initial index value, the payment at maturity will be less, and may be significantly less, than it would have been had the payment at maturity been linked to the value of the underlying index prior to such drop. Although the actual value of the underlying index on the stated maturity date or at other times during the term of the Buffered PLUS may be higher than the index closing value on the valuation date, the payment at maturity will be based solely on the index closing value on the valuation date.

**Investing in the Buffered PLUS is not equivalent to investing in the underlying index.** Investing in the Buffered PLUS is not equivalent to investing in the underlying index or its component stocks. As an investor in the Buffered PLUS, you will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to stocks that constitute the underlying index.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

**The rate we are willing to pay for securities of this type, maturity and issuance size is likely to be lower than the rate implied by our secondary market credit spreads and advantageous to us. Both the lower rate and the inclusion of costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Buffered PLUS in the original issue price reduce the economic terms of the Buffered PLUS, cause the estimated value of the Buffered PLUS to be less than the original issue price and will adversely affect secondary market prices.** Assuming no change § in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the prices, if any, at which dealers, including MS & Co., may be willing to purchase the Buffered PLUS in secondary market transactions will likely be significantly lower than the original issue price, because secondary market prices will exclude the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging-related costs that are included in the original issue price and borne by you and because the secondary market prices will reflect our secondary market credit spreads and the bid-offer spread that any dealer would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type as well as other factors.

The inclusion of the costs of issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Buffered PLUS in the original issue price and the lower rate we are willing to pay as issuer make the economic terms of the Buffered PLUS less favorable to you than they otherwise would be.

However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Buffered PLUS are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 6 months following the issue date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the Buffered PLUS in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlying index, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value, and we expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

**Adjustments to the underlying index could adversely affect the value of the Buffered PLUS.** The underlying index publisher may add, delete or substitute the stocks constituting the underlying index or make other methodological changes that could change the value of the underlying index. The underlying index publisher may discontinue or suspend calculation or publication of the underlying index at any time. In these circumstances, the calculation agent will have the sole discretion to substitute a successor index that is comparable to the discontinued § underlying index and is not precluded from considering indices that are calculated and published by the calculation agent or any of its affiliates. If the calculation agent determines that there is no appropriate successor index, the payment at maturity on the Buffered PLUS will be an amount based on the closing prices at maturity of the securities composing the underlying index at the time of such discontinuance, without rebalancing or substitution, computed by the calculation agent in accordance with the formula for calculating the underlying index last in effect prior to discontinuance of the underlying index.

§

**The estimated value of the Buffered PLUS is determined by reference to our pricing and valuation models, which may differ from those of other dealers and is not a maximum or minimum secondary market price.**

These pricing and valuation models are proprietary and rely in part on subjective views of certain market inputs and certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. As a result, because there is no market-standard way to value these types of securities, our models may yield a higher estimated value of the Buffered PLUS than those generated by others, including other dealers in the market, if they attempted to value the Buffered PLUS. In addition, the estimated value on the pricing date does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which dealers, including MS & Co., would be willing to purchase your Buffered PLUS in the secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The value of your Buffered PLUS at any time after the date of this document will vary based on many factors that cannot be predicted with accuracy, including our creditworthiness and changes in market conditions. See also “The market price of the Buffered PLUS will be influenced by many unpredictable factors” above.

**The Buffered PLUS will not be listed on any securities exchange and secondary trading may be limited.** The Buffered PLUS will not be listed on any securities exchange. Therefore, there may be little or no secondary market for the Buffered PLUS. MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the Buffered PLUS and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time. When it does make a market, it will generally do so for transactions of routine secondary market size at prices based on its estimate of the current value of the Buffered PLUS, taking into account its bid/offer spread, our credit spreads, market volatility, the notional size of the proposed § sale, the cost of unwinding any related hedging positions, the time remaining to maturity and the likelihood that it will be able to resell the Buffered PLUS. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Buffered PLUS easily. Since other broker-dealers may not participate significantly in the secondary market for the Buffered PLUS, the price at which you may be able to trade your Buffered PLUS is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which MS & Co. is willing to transact. If, at any time, MS & Co. were to cease making a market in the Buffered PLUS, it is likely that there would be no secondary market for the Buffered PLUS. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your Buffered PLUS to maturity.

**The calculation agent, which is a subsidiary of Morgan Stanley and an affiliate of MSFL, will make determinations with respect to the Buffered PLUS.** As calculation agent, MS & Co. has determined the initial § index value, will determine the final index value and will calculate the amount of cash you receive at maturity. Moreover, certain determinations made by MS & Co.,

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

in its capacity as calculation agent, may require it to exercise discretion and make subjective judgments, such as with respect to the occurrence or non-occurrence of market disruption events and the selection of a successor index or calculation of the final index value in the event of a market disruption event or discontinuance of the underlying index. These potentially subjective determinations may adversely affect the payout to you at maturity. For further information regarding these types of determinations, see “Description of PLUS—Postponement of Valuation Date(s)” and “—Calculation Agent and Calculations” and related definitions in the accompanying product supplement. In addition, MS & Co. has determined the estimated value of the Buffered PLUS on the pricing date.

**Hedging and trading activity by our affiliates could potentially adversely affect the value of the Buffered PLUS.** One or more of our affiliates and/or third-party dealers have carried out, and will continue to carry out, hedging activities related to the Buffered PLUS (and possibly to other instruments linked to the underlying index or its component stocks), including trading in the stocks that constitute the underlying index as well as in other instruments related to the underlying index. As a result, these entities may be unwinding or adjusting hedge positions during the term of the Buffered PLUS, and the hedging strategy may involve greater and more frequent dynamic adjustments to the hedge as the valuation date approaches. Some of our affiliates also trade the stocks that constitute the underlying index and other financial instruments related to the underlying index on a regular basis as part of their general broker-dealer and other businesses. Any of these hedging or trading activities on or prior to the pricing date could have increased the initial index value, and, therefore, could have increased the value at or above which the underlying index must close on the valuation date so that investors do not suffer a loss on their initial investment in the Buffered PLUS. Additionally, such hedging or trading activities during the term of the Buffered PLUS, including on the valuation date, could adversely affect the closing value of the underlying index on the valuation date, and, accordingly, the amount of cash an investor will receive at maturity.

§ **The U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Buffered PLUS are uncertain.** Please read the discussion under “Additional Information—Tax considerations” in this document and the discussion under “United States Federal Taxation” in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS (together, the “Tax Disclosure Sections”) concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Buffered PLUS. If the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) were successful in asserting an alternative treatment, the timing and character of income on the Buffered PLUS might differ significantly from the tax treatment described in the Tax Disclosure Sections. For example, under one possible treatment, the IRS could seek to recharacterize the Buffered PLUS as debt instruments. In that event, U.S. Holders would be required to accrue into income original issue discount on the Buffered PLUS every year at a “comparable yield” determined at the time of issuance and recognize all income and gain in respect of the Buffered PLUS as ordinary income. Additionally, as discussed under “United States Federal Taxation—FATCA” in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, the withholding rules commonly referred to as “FATCA” would apply to the Buffered PLUS if they were recharacterized as debt instruments. However, recently proposed regulations (the preamble to which specifies that taxpayers are permitted to rely on them pending finalization) eliminate the withholding requirement on payments of gross proceeds of a taxable disposition. The risk that financial instruments providing for buffers, triggers or similar downside protection features, such as the Buffered PLUS,



would be recharacterized as debt is greater than the risk of recharacterization for comparable financial instruments that do not have such features. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS regarding the tax treatment of the Buffered PLUS, and the IRS or a court may not agree with the tax treatment described in the Tax Disclosure Sections.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of these instruments to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; whether short-term instruments should be subject to any such accrual regime; the relevance of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instruments and the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; the degree, if any, to which income (including any mandated accruals) realized by non-U.S. investors should be subject to withholding tax; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the “constructive ownership” rule, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gain as ordinary income and impose an interest charge. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the Buffered PLUS, possibly with retroactive effect. Both U.S. and Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Buffered PLUS, including possible alternative treatments, the issues presented by this notice and any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

S&P 500® Index Overview

The S&P 500® Index, which is calculated, maintained and published by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC (“S&P”), consists of stocks of 500 component companies selected to provide a performance benchmark for the U.S. equity markets. The calculation of the S&P 500® Index is based on the relative value of the float adjusted aggregate market capitalization of the 500 component companies as of a particular time as compared to the aggregate average market capitalization of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943. For additional information about the S&P 500® Index, see the information set forth under “S&P 500® Index” in the accompanying index supplement.

Information as of market close on February 15, 2019:

<b>Bloomberg Ticker Symbol:</b>	SPX
Current Index Value:	2,775.60
52 Weeks Ago:	2,731.20
52 Week High (on 9/20/2018):	2,930.75
52 Week Low (on 12/24/2018):	s2,351.10

The following graph sets forth the daily index closing values of the underlying index for each quarter in the period from January 1, 2014 through February 15, 2019. The related table sets forth the published high and low closing values, as well as end-of-quarter closing values, of the underlying index for each quarter in the same period. The index closing value of the underlying index on February 15, 2019 was 2,775.60. We obtained the information in the table and graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets, without independent verification. The underlying index has at times experienced periods of high volatility. You should not take the historical values of the underlying index as an indication of its future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the index closing value of the underlying index on the valuation date.

S&P 500® Index Daily Index Closing Values

January 1, 2014 to February 15, 2019

February 2019 Page 10

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&amp;P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

S&P 500® Index	High	Low	Period End
<b>2014</b>			
First Quarter	1,878.04	1,741.89	1,872.34
Second Quarter	1,962.87	1,815.69	1,960.23
Third Quarter	2,011.36	1,909.57	1,972.29
Fourth Quarter	2,090.57	1,862.49	2,058.90
<b>2015</b>			
First Quarter	2,117.39	1,992.67	2,067.89
Second Quarter	2,130.82	2,057.64	2,063.11
Third Quarter	2,128.28	1,867.61	1,920.03
Fourth Quarter	2,109.79	1,923.82	2,043.94
<b>2016</b>			
First Quarter	2,063.95	1,829.08	2,059.74
Second Quarter	2,119.12	2,000.54	2,098.86
Third Quarter	2,190.15	2,088.55	2,168.27
Fourth Quarter	2,271.72	2,085.18	2,238.83
<b>2017</b>			
First Quarter	2,395.96	2,257.83	2,362.72
Second Quarter	2,453.46	2,328.95	2,423.41
Third Quarter	2,519.36	2,409.75	2,519.36
Fourth Quarter	2,690.16	2,529.12	2,673.61
<b>2018</b>			
First Quarter	2,872.87	2,581.00	2,640.87
Second Quarter	2,786.85	2,581.88	2,718.37
Third Quarter	2,930.75	2,713.22	2,913.98
Fourth Quarter	2,925.51	2,351.10	2,506.85
<b>2019</b>			
First Quarter (through February 15, 2019)	2,775.60	2,447.89	2,775.60

“Standard & Poor<sup>®</sup>,” “S&P,” “S&P 500” “Standard & Poor’s 500” and “500” are trademarks of Standard and Poor’s Financial Services LLC. See “S&P 500® Index” in the accompanying index supplement.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

Additional Terms of the Buffered PLUS

Please read this information in conjunction with the summary terms on the front cover of this document.

**Additional**

**Terms:**

If the terms described herein are inconsistent with those described in the accompanying product supplement, index supplement or prospectus, the terms described herein shall control.

**Underlying index publisher:** S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC or any successor thereof

**Interest:** None

**Bull market or bear market PLUS:** Bull market PLUS

**Postponement of maturity date:** If the scheduled valuation date is not an index business day or if a market disruption event occurs on that day so that the valuation date as postponed falls less than two business days prior to the scheduled maturity date, the maturity date of the Buffered PLUS will be postponed to the second business day following that valuation date as postponed.

**Denominations:** \$1,000 per Buffered PLUS and integral multiples thereof

**Trustee:** The Bank of New York Mellon

**Calculation agent:** MS & Co.

**Issuer notice to registered security holders, the trustee and the depository:** In the event that the maturity date is postponed due to postponement of the valuation date, the issuer shall give notice of such postponement and, once it has been determined, of the date to which the maturity date has been rescheduled (i) to each registered holder of the Buffered PLUS by mailing notice of such postponement by first class mail, postage prepaid, to such registered holder's last address as it shall appear upon the registry books, (ii) to the trustee by facsimile confirmed by mailing such notice to the trustee by first class mail, postage prepaid, at its New York office and (iii) to The Depository Trust Company (the "depository") by telephone or facsimile, confirmed by mailing such notice to the depository by first class mail, postage prepaid. Any notice that is mailed to a registered holder of the Buffered PLUS in the manner herein provided shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given to such registered holder, whether or not such registered holder receives the notice. The issuer shall give such notice as promptly as possible, and in no case later than (i) with respect to notice of postponement of the maturity date, the business day immediately preceding the scheduled maturity date and (ii) with respect to notice of the date to which the maturity date has been rescheduled, the business day immediately following the actual valuation date for determining the final index value.

The issuer shall, or shall cause the calculation agent to, (i) provide written notice to the trustee and to the depository of the amount of cash to be delivered with respect to each stated principal amount of the Buffered PLUS, on or prior to 10:30 a.m. (New York City time) on the business day preceding the maturity date, and (ii) deliver the aggregate cash amount due with respect to the Buffered PLUS to the trustee for delivery to the depository, as holder of the Buffered PLUS, on the maturity date.

February 2019 Page 12

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

Additional Information About the Buffered PLUS

**Additional  
Information:**

**Minimum  
ticketing size:** \$1,000 / 1 Buffered PLUS

**Tax  
considerations:** Although there is uncertainty regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Buffered PLUS due to the lack of governing authority, in the opinion of our counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, under current law, and based on current market conditions, a Buffered PLUS should be treated as a single financial contract that is an “open transaction” for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Assuming this treatment of the Buffered PLUS is respected and subject to the discussion in “United States Federal Taxation” in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, the following U.S. federal income tax consequences should result based on current law:

§ A U.S. Holder should not be required to recognize taxable income over the term of the Buffered PLUS prior to settlement, other than pursuant to a sale or exchange.

§ Upon sale, exchange or settlement of the Buffered PLUS, a U.S. Holder should recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized and the U.S. Holder’s tax basis in the Buffered PLUS. Such gain or loss should be long-term capital gain or loss if the investor has held the Buffered PLUS for more than one year, and short-term capital gain or loss otherwise.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of these instruments to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; whether short-term instruments should be subject to any such accrual regime; the relevance of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instruments and the nature of the underlying

property to which the instruments are linked; the degree, if any, to which income (including any mandated accruals) realized by non-U.S. investors should be subject to withholding tax; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the “constructive ownership” rule, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gain as ordinary income and impose an interest charge. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the Buffered PLUS, possibly with retroactive effect.

As discussed in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, Section 871(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder (“Section 871(m)”) generally impose a 30% (or a lower applicable treaty rate) withholding tax on dividend equivalents paid or deemed paid to Non-U.S. Holders with respect to certain financial instruments linked to U.S. equities or indices that include U.S. equities (each, an “Underlying Security”). Subject to certain exceptions, Section 871(m) generally applies to securities that substantially replicate the economic performance of one or more Underlying Securities, as determined based on tests set forth in the applicable Treasury regulations (a “Specified Security”). However, pursuant to an IRS notice, Section 871(m) will not apply to securities issued before January 1, 2021 that do not have a delta of one with respect to any Underlying Security. Based on our determination that the Buffered PLUS do not have a delta of one with respect to any Underlying Security, our counsel is of the opinion that the Buffered PLUS should not be Specified Securities and, therefore, should not be subject to Section 871(m).

Our determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. Section 871(m) is complex and its application may depend on your particular circumstances, including whether you enter into other transactions with respect to an Underlying Security. If withholding is required, we will not be required to pay any additional amounts with respect to the amounts so withheld. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) to the Buffered PLUS.

**Both U.S. and non-U.S. investors considering an investment in the Buffered PLUS should read the discussion under “Risk Factors” in this document and the discussion under “United States Federal Taxation” in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS and consult their tax advisers regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Buffered PLUS, including possible alternative treatments, the issues presented by the aforementioned notice and any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.**

**The discussion in the preceding paragraphs under “Tax considerations” and the discussion contained in the section entitled “United States Federal Taxation” in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, insofar as they purport to describe provisions of U.S. federal income tax laws or legal conclusions with respect thereto, constitute the full opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP regarding the material U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the**

**Buffered PLUS.**

February 2019 Page 13



Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Buffered PLUS Based on the Value of the S&P 500® Index due February 23, 2024

Buffered Performance Leveraged Upside Securities<sup>SM</sup>

Principal at Risk Securities

**Use of proceeds and hedging:** on the page specified in the applicable pricing supplement, or any other page as may replace that page on that service, for the purpose of displaying the London interbank rates of major banks for the applicable index and currency. If neither LIBOR Reuters nor LIBOR Bloomberg is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, LIBOR for the applicable index currency will be determined as if LIBOR Reuters were specified, and, if the U.S. dollar is the index currency, as if Page LIBOR01, had been specified. PRIME RATE NOTES Prime rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the prime rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier, and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, "prime rate" means, for any interest determination date, the rate on that date as published in Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15(519) under the heading "Bank Prime Loan." For the avoidance of doubt, the Prime Rate for any interest determination date is the rate published for the immediately preceding business day. The following procedures will be followed if the prime rate cannot be determined as described above: o If the above rate is not published prior to 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, then the prime rate will be the rate on that interest determination date as published in Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 Daily Update under the heading "Bank Prime Loan." o If the rate is not published in either H.15(519) or the H.15 Daily Update by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, then the calculation agent will determine the prime rate to be the arithmetic mean of the rates of interest publicly announced by each bank that appears on the Reuters Screen USPRIME 1 Page, as defined below, as that bank's prime rate or base lending rate as in effect for that interest determination date. S-17 o If fewer than four rates appear on the Reuters Screen USPRIME 1 Page for that interest determination date, the calculation agent will determine the prime rate to be the arithmetic mean of the prime rates quoted on the basis of the actual number of days in the year divided by 360 as of the close of business on that interest determination date by at least three major banks in The City of New York selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us. o If the banks selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the prime rate for that interest determination date will remain the prime rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate. "Reuters Screen USPRIME 1 Page" means the display designated as page "USPRIME 1" on Reuters, or any successor service, or any other page as may replace the USPRIME 1 Page on that service for the purpose of displaying prime rates or base lending rates of major United States banks. TREASURY RATE NOTES Treasury rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the Treasury rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, "Treasury rate" means: o the rate from the auction held on the applicable interest determination date, which we refer to as the "auction," of direct obligations of the United States, which are commonly referred to as "Treasury Bills," having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as that rate appears under the caption "INVESTMENT RATE" on the display on Reuters or any successor service, on page USAUCTION 10 or any other page as may replace page USAUCTION 10 on that service, which we refer to as "Reuters Page USAUCTION 10," or page USAUCTION 11 or any other page as may replace page USAUCTION 11 on that service, which we refer to as "Reuters Page USAUCTION 11"; o if the rate described in the first bullet point is not published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, the bond equivalent yield of the rate for the applicable Treasury Bills as published in the Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 Daily Update, or other recognized electronic

source used for the purpose of displaying the applicable rate, under the caption "U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/Auction High"; o if the rate described in the second bullet point is not published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the bond equivalent yield of the auction rate of the applicable Treasury Bills, announced by the United States Department of the Treasury; o if the rate referred to in the third bullet point is not announced by the United States Department of the Treasury, or if the auction is not held, the bond equivalent yield of the rate on the applicable interest determination date of Treasury Bills having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement published in H.15(519) under the caption "U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/ Secondary Market"; o if the rate referred to in the fourth bullet point is not so published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the rate on the applicable interest determination date of the applicable Treasury Bills as published in H.15 Daily Update, or other recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying the applicable rate, under the caption "U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/Secondary Market"; o if the rate referred to in the fifth bullet point is not so published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the rate on the applicable interest determination date calculated by the calculation agent as the bond equivalent yield of the arithmetic mean of the secondary market bid rates, as of approximately 3:30 p.m., New York City time, on the applicable interest determination date, of three primary United States government securities dealers, which may include an agent or one or more of our affiliates, S-18 selected by the calculation agent, for the issue of Treasury Bills with a remaining maturity closest to the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement; or o if the dealers selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the Treasury rate for that interest determination date will remain the Treasury rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate. The "bond equivalent yield" means a yield calculated in accordance with the following formula and expressed as a percentage:  $D \times N$  bond equivalent yield = ----- x 100 360 - (D x M) In this formula, "D" refers to the applicable per annum rate for Treasury Bills quoted on a bank discount basis, "N" refers to 365 or 366, as the case may be, and "M" refers to the actual number of days in the interest period for which interest is being calculated. CPI RATE NOTES CPI rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on a formula linked to changes in the CPI (as defined below) and which includes a spread and/or spread multiplier, and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the "CPI" means, for any interest determination date, the non-seasonally adjusted U.S. City Average All Items Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers reported monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor and reported on Bloomberg or any successor service. If, while the CPI Rate Notes are outstanding, the CPI is not published because it has been discontinued or has been substantially altered, an applicable substitute index will be chosen to replace the CPI for purposes of determining interest on the CPI Rate Notes. The applicable index will be that chosen by the Secretary of the Treasury for the Department of The Treasury's Inflation-Linked Treasuries as described at 62 Federal Register 846-874 (January 6, 1997) or, if no such securities are outstanding, the substitute index will be determined by the calculation agent in good faith and in accordance with general market practice at the time. RENEWABLE NOTES We may also issue floating rate renewable notes which will bear interest at a specified rate that will be reset periodically based on a base rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier, subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any. Any renewable notes we issue will be registered global floating rate notes. The general terms of the renewable notes are described below. AUTOMATIC EXTENSION OF MATURITY. The renewable notes will mature on the date specified in the applicable pricing supplement, which we refer to as the "initial maturity date." On the interest payment dates in each year specified in the applicable pricing supplement, each of which is treated as an election date under the terms of the renewable notes, the maturity of the renewable notes will automatically be extended to the interest payment date occurring twelve months after the election date, unless the holder elects to terminate the automatic extension of maturity for all or any portion of the principal amount of that holder's note. However, the maturity of the renewable notes may not be extended beyond the final maturity date, which will be specified in the applicable pricing supplement. HOLDER'S OPTION TO TERMINATE AUTOMATIC EXTENSION. On an election date, the holder may elect to terminate the automatic extension of the maturity of the renewable notes or of any portion of the renewable note having a

principal amount of \$1,000 or any integral multiple of \$1,000. To terminate the extension, the holder must deliver a notice to the paying agent within the time frame specified in the applicable pricing supplement. This option may be exercised for less than the entire principal amount of the renewable notes, as long as the principal amount of the remainder is at least \$1,000 or any integral multiple of \$1,000. S-19 If the holder elects to terminate the automatic extension of the maturity of any portion of the principal amount of the renewable notes and this election is not revoked as described below, that portion will become due and payable on the interest payment date falling six months after the applicable election date. **REVOCATION OF ELECTION BY HOLDER.** The holder may revoke an election to terminate the automatic extension of maturity as to any portion of the renewable notes having a principal amount of \$1,000 or any integral multiple of \$1,000. To do so, the holder must deliver a notice to the paying agent on any day after the election to terminate the automatic extension of maturity is effective and prior to the fifteenth day before the date on which that portion would otherwise mature. The holder may revoke the election for less than the entire principal amount of the renewable notes as long as the principal amount of both the portion whose maturity is to be terminated and the remainder whose maturity is to be extended is at least \$1,000 or any integral multiple of \$1,000. However, a revocation may not be made during the period from and including a record date to but excluding the immediately succeeding interest payment date. An election to terminate the automatic extension of the maturity of the renewable notes, if not revoked as described above by the holder making the election or any subsequent holder, will be binding upon that subsequent holder. **REDEMPTION OF NOTES AT COMPANY'S OPTION.** We have the option to redeem renewable notes in whole or in part on the interest payment dates in each year specified in the applicable pricing supplement, commencing with the interest payment date specified in the applicable pricing supplement. The redemption price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the renewable notes to be redeemed, together with accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this prospectus supplement, we will mail a notice of redemption to each holder by first-class mail, postage prepaid, at least 180 days and not more than 210 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. **REMARKETING OF NOTES.** We may issue renewable notes with the spread or spread multiplier to be reset by a remarketing agent in remarketing procedures. A description of the remarketing procedures, the terms of the remarketing agreement between us and the remarketing agent and the terms of any additional agreements with other parties that may be involved in the remarketing procedures will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement and in the relevant renewable notes. **EXCHANGEABLE NOTES** We may issue notes, which we refer to as "exchangeable notes," that are optionally or mandatorily exchangeable into: o the securities of an entity not affiliated with us; o a basket of those securities; o an index or indices of those securities; or o any combination of, or the cash value of, any of the above. As specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the exchangeable notes may or may not bear interest or be issued with original issue discount or at a premium. The general terms of the exchangeable notes are described below. **OPTIONALLY EXCHANGEABLE NOTES.** The holder of an optionally exchangeable note may, during a period, or at specific times, exchange the note for the underlying property at a specified rate of exchange. If specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we will have the option to redeem the optionally exchangeable note prior to maturity. If the holder of an optionally exchangeable note does not elect to exchange the note prior to maturity or any applicable redemption date, the holder will receive the principal amount of the note plus any accrued interest at maturity or upon redemption. S-20 **MANDATORILY EXCHANGEABLE NOTES.** At maturity, the holder of a mandatorily exchangeable note must exchange the note for the underlying property at a specified rate of exchange, and, therefore, depending upon the value of the underlying property at maturity, the holder of a mandatorily exchangeable note may receive less than the principal amount of the note at maturity. If so indicated in the applicable pricing supplement, the specified rate at which a mandatorily exchangeable note may be exchanged may vary depending on the value of the underlying property so that, upon exchange, the holder participates in a percentage, which may be less than, equal to, or greater than 100% of the change in value of the underlying property. Mandatorily exchangeable notes may include notes where we have the right, but not the obligation, to require holders of notes to exchange their notes for the underlying property. Mandatorily exchangeable notes that we issue may include the following: Reverse Exchangeable Securities ("REXs"). Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, investors in REXs will receive interest payments at a fixed rate. At maturity, investors in REXs will receive either a cash payment equal to the original

principal amount of the notes or a number of shares of underlying stock equal to the stock redemption amount. The type of payment at maturity will be determined by comparing the closing price of the underlying stock on a specified determination date to the closing price of the underlying stock on the date the notes were priced. If the closing price of the underlying stock on the determination date is at or above the closing price of the underlying stock on the date the notes were priced, the payment at maturity will be a cash payment equal to the principal amount. If the closing price of the underlying stock on the determination date is below the closing price of the underlying stock on the date the notes were priced, the investors will receive the stock redemption amount. The stock redemption amount is a number of shares of the underlying stock equal to the principal amount per security divided by the closing price of the underlying stock on the date the securities were priced. Knock-in Reverse Exchangeable Securities ("Knock-in REXs"). ----- Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, investors in Knock-in REXs will receive interest payments at a fixed rate. Like REXs, at maturity, investors in Knock-in REXs will receive either a cash payment equal to the original principal amount of the securities or a number of shares of underlying stock equal to the stock redemption amount. However, the type of payment at maturity will be calculated by first determining if the closing price of the underlying stock was at or below the predetermined "knock-in level" on any trading day from the date the notes were priced to, and including, a specified determination date. If the closing price of the underlying stock was never at or below the "knock-in level" on any trading day during the period from the date the securities were priced to, and including, the determination date, the payment at maturity will always be a cash payment equal to the principal amount, irrespective of the closing price of the underlying stock on the determination date. If, however, the closing price of the underlying stock was at or below the "knock-in level" on any trading day during the period from the date the securities were priced to, and including, the determination date, the payment at maturity will be determined by comparing the closing price of the underlying stock on the determination date to the closing price of the underlying stock on the date the notes were priced. If such closing price is equal to or greater than the closing price of the underlying stock on the date the securities were priced, the payment at maturity will be a cash payment equal to the principal amount. If, on the other hand, such closing price is below the closing price of the underlying stock on the date the securities were priced, investors will receive the stock redemption amount described above. PAYMENTS UPON EXCHANGE. The applicable pricing supplement will specify if upon exchange, at maturity or otherwise, the holder of an exchangeable note may receive, at the specified exchange rate, either the underlying property or the cash value of the underlying property. The underlying property may be the securities of either U.S. or foreign entities or both. The exchangeable notes may or may not provide for protection against fluctuations in the exchange rate between the currency in which that note is denominated and the currency or currencies in which the market prices of the underlying security or securities are quoted. Exchangeable notes may have other terms, which will be specified in the applicable pricing supplement. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EXCHANGE OF GLOBAL SECURITIES. If an optionally exchangeable note is represented by a global note, the Depository's nominee will be the holder of that note and therefore will be the only entity that can S-21 exercise a right to exchange. In order to ensure that the Depository's nominee will timely exercise a right to exchange a particular note or any portion of a particular note, the beneficial owner of the note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in that note to notify the Depository of its desire to exercise a right to exchange. Different firms have different deadlines for accepting instructions from their customers. Each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other participant through which it holds an interest in a note in order to ascertain the deadline for ensuring that timely notice will be delivered to the Depository. PAYMENTS UPON ACCELERATION OF MATURITY OR UPON TAX REDEMPTION. If the principal amount payable at maturity of any exchangeable note is declared due and payable prior to maturity, the amount payable on: o an optionally exchangeable note will equal the face amount of the note plus accrued interest, if any, to but excluding the date of payment, except that if a holder has exchanged an optionally exchangeable note prior to the date of declaration or tax redemption without having received the amount due upon exchange, the amount payable will be an amount of cash equal to the amount due upon exchange and will not include any accrued but unpaid interest; and o a mandatorily exchangeable note will equal an amount determined as if the date of declaration or tax redemption were the maturity date plus accrued interest, if any, to but excluding the date of payment. NOTES LINKED TO COMMODITY PRICES,

**SINGLE SECURITIES, ECONOMIC OR FINANCIAL MEASURES AND BASKETS OR INDICES THEREOF** We may issue notes with the principal amount payable on any principal payment date and/or the amount of interest payable on any interest payment date to be determined by reference to one or more commodity prices, securities of entities not affiliated with us, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event or circumstance, and/or baskets or indices of any of these items, or any combination of the above. These notes may include other terms, which will be specified in the relevant pricing supplement.

**CURRENCY-LINKED NOTES** We may issue notes with the principal amount payable on any principal payment date and/or the amount of interest payable on any interest payment date to be determined by reference to the value of one or more currencies as compared to the value of one or more other currencies, which we refer to as "currency-linked notes." The pricing supplement will specify the following:

- o information as to the one or more currencies to which the principal amount payable on any principal payment date or the amount of interest payable on any interest payment date is linked or indexed;
- o the currency in which the face amount of the currency-linked note is denominated, which we refer to as the "denominated currency";
- o the currency in which principal on the currency-linked note will be paid, which we refer to as the "payment currency";
- o the interest rate per annum and the dates on which we will make interest payments;
- o specific historic exchange rate information and any currency risks relating to the specific currencies selected; and
- o additional tax considerations, if any.

The denominated currency and the payment currency may be the same currency or different currencies. Interest on currency-linked notes will be paid in the denominated currency.

**GUARANTEED NOTES S-22** We may issue notes that are subject to a financial insurance guaranty policy issued by a financial institution that unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees certain payments on the notes. The terms of the financial insurance guaranty policy will be described in the relevant pricing supplement.

**S-23 TAXATION IN THE NETHERLANDS** The following is a general summary of certain Netherlands tax consequences as of the date of this prospectus supplement in relation to the notes. It is not exhaustive and holders who are in doubt as to their tax position should consult their professional advisers.

**DUTCH RESIDENT HOLDERS** Holders who are individuals and are resident or deemed to be resident in The Netherlands, or who have elected to be treated as a Dutch resident holder for Dutch tax purposes, are subject to Dutch income tax on a deemed return regardless of the actual income derived from a note or gain or loss realized upon disposal or redemption of a note, provided that the note is a portfolio investment and is not held in the context of any business or substantial interest. The deemed return amounts to 4 percent of the average value of the holder's net assets in the relevant fiscal year (including the notes) and is taxed at a flat rate of 30 percent. Corporate holders that are resident or deemed to be resident in The Netherlands, without being exempt from Dutch corporate tax, will be subject to Dutch corporate tax on all income and gains realized in connection with the notes.

**NON-DUTCH RESIDENT HOLDERS** Non-Dutch resident holders normally will not be subject to Dutch income or corporate taxation with respect to income or capital gains realized in connection with a note, unless there is a specific connection with The Netherlands, such as an enterprise or part thereof which is carried on through a permanent establishment in The Netherlands or a substantial interest or deemed substantial interest in the Bank. A holder will not become resident or deemed to be resident in The Netherlands by reason only of the holding of a note.

**REGISTRATION TAXES, STAMP DUTY, ETC.** There is no Dutch registration tax, capital tax, customs duty, stamp duty or any other similar tax or duty payable by the holder in The Netherlands in connection with the notes.

**WITHHOLDING TAX** All payments by the Bank to the holder in respect of the notes can be made free of any Dutch withholding tax, unless the notes qualify as debt as referred to in Article 10, paragraph 1 sub d of the Dutch Corporate Income Tax Act (Wet op de Vennootschapsbelasting 1969).

**S-24 UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXATION** Based on the advice of Davis Polk & Wardwell, special tax counsel to the Bank ("Tax Counsel"), the following summary accurately describes the principal U.S. federal income tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the notes. Except as specifically noted below, this discussion applies only to:

- o notes purchased on original issuance at the issue price (as defined below); and
- o notes held as capital assets.

This discussion does not describe all of the tax consequences that may be relevant in light of a holder's particular circumstances or to holders subject to special rules, such as:

- o certain financial institutions;
- o insurance companies;
- o dealers or certain traders in securities, commodities, or foreign currencies;
- o persons holding notes as part of a hedging transaction, "straddle," conversion transaction or other integrated transaction;
- o regulated investment companies;
- o real estate investment trusts;
- o tax-exempt entities;

o U.S. holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar; o partnerships or other entities classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes; o holders that are not U.S. holders (as defined below), if income from payments on a note, or gain recognized on a disposition of a note, is effectively connected with such holders' conduct of a trade or business in the United States; or o individual holders who are not U.S. holders (as defined below) and are present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of the sale, exchange or retirement. This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date hereof (the "Code"), administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury Regulations, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this Prospectus Supplement may affect the tax consequences described below. Persons considering the purchase of the notes should consult the applicable pricing supplement for any additional discussion regarding U.S. federal income taxation and their tax advisers with regard to the application of the U.S. federal income tax laws to their particular situations as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction. This discussion does not apply to currency-linked notes or, except as specifically noted below, mandatorily exchangeable notes. The tax treatment of these instruments will be specified in the relevant pricing supplement.

**THIS DISCUSSION APPLIES ONLY TO NOTES ISSUED IN COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN GUIDELINES PROVIDED TO US BY TAX COUNSEL. TO THE EXTENT THAT THIS DISCUSSION DOES NOT APPLY TO A PARTICULAR ISSUANCE OF NOTES AS A RESULT OF ANY DEVIATION FROM SUCH GUIDELINES, DISCLOSURE REGARDING THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION OF SUCH ISSUANCE WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE APPLICABLE PRICING SUPPLEMENT.**

**ACCORDINGLY, YOU SHOULD ALSO CONSULT THE APPLICABLE PRICING S-25 SUPPLEMENT FOR ANY ADDITIONAL DISCUSSION REGARDING U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION WITH RESPECT TO THE SPECIFIC NOTES OR SECURITIES OFFERED THEREUNDER. TAX CONSEQUENCES FOR U.S. HOLDERS** As used herein, the term "U.S. holder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes: o a citizen or individual resident of the United States; o a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof; or o an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source. The term "U.S. holders" also includes certain former citizens and residents of the United States. If an entity that is classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds notes, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner will generally depend on the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership. Partners of partnerships holding notes should consult with their tax advisers.

**PAYMENTS OF INTEREST** Interest paid on a note will be taxable to a U.S. holder as ordinary interest income at the time it accrues or is received in accordance with the holder's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes, provided that the interest is "qualified stated interest" (as defined below). Interest income earned by a U.S. holder with respect to a note will constitute foreign source income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which may be relevant in calculating the holder's foreign tax credit limitation. The limitation on foreign taxes eligible for credit is calculated separately with respect to specific classes of income. For this purpose, interest paid on the notes will constitute "passive income." Special rules governing the treatment of payments made with respect to short-term notes, original issue discount notes, contingent payment debt instruments and certain exchangeable notes are described under "--Interest on Short-Term Notes," "--Original Issue Discount," "--Contingent Payment Debt Instruments," "--Optionally Exchangeable Notes" and "--Mandatorily Exchangeable Notes--Reverse Exchangeable and Knock-in Reverse Exchangeable Securities."

**INTEREST ON SHORT-TERM NOTES** A note that matures (after taking into account the last possible date that the note could be outstanding under the terms of the note) one year or less from its date of issuance (a "short-term note") will be treated as being issued at a discount and none of the interest paid on the note will be treated as qualified stated interest (as defined below). In general, a cash-method U.S. holder of a short-term note is not required to accrue the discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes unless it elects to do so. If a cash method U.S. holder does not make this election, the holder should include interest payments as ordinary income upon receipt. Holders who elect to accrue the discount, and certain other holders, including those who report income on the accrual method of accounting for federal income tax purposes, are required to include the discount in income as it accrues on a straight-line basis, unless another election is made to accrue the discount according to a constant-yield method based on daily compounding. In the case of a U.S. holder who is not required and who

does not elect to include the discount in income currently, any gain realized on the sale, exchange, or retirement of the short-term note will generally be ordinary income to the extent of the discount accrued on a straight-line basis (or, if elected, according to a constant yield method based on daily compounding) through the date of sale, exchange or retirement. In addition, those U.S. holders will be required to defer deductions for any interest paid on indebtedness incurred to purchase or carry short-term notes in an amount not exceeding the accrued discount until the accrued discount is included in income. S-26 ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT A note that has an "issue price" that is less than its "stated redemption price at maturity" will be considered to have been issued at an original discount for federal income tax purposes (and will be referred to in this section as an "original issue discount note") unless the note satisfies a DE MINIMIS threshold (as described below) or is a short-term note (as defined above). The "issue price" of a note will be the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes are sold to the public (not including sales to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). The "stated redemption price at maturity" of a note generally will equal the sum of all payments required under the note other than payments of "qualified stated interest." "Qualified stated interest" is stated interest unconditionally payable (other than in debt instruments of the issuer) at least annually during the entire term of the note and equal to the outstanding principal balance of the note multiplied by a single fixed rate of interest. In addition, qualified stated interest includes, among other things, stated interest on a "variable rate debt instrument" (as defined in the applicable U.S. Treasury regulations) that is unconditionally payable (other than in debt instruments of the issuer) at least annually at a single qualified floating rate of interest or at a rate that is determined at a single fixed formula that is based on objective financial or economic information. A rate is a qualified floating rate if variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous fluctuations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in the currency in which the note is denominated. For this purpose, if a floating rate note provides for stated interest at a fixed rate for an initial period of one year or less followed by a variable rate and if the variable rate on the floating rate note's issue date is intended to approximate the fixed rate (E.G., the value of the variable rate on the issue date does not differ from the value of the fixed rate by more than 0.25%), then the fixed rate and the variable rate together will constitute a single variable rate. If the difference between a note's stated redemption price at maturity and its issue price is less than a DE MINIMIS amount, I.E., 1/4 of 1 percent of the stated redemption price at maturity multiplied by the number of complete years to maturity, the note will not be considered to have original issue discount. U.S. holders of notes with a DE MINIMIS amount of original issue discount will include this original issue discount in income, as capital gain, on a PRO RATA basis as principal payments are made on the note. A U.S. holder of original discount notes will be required to include any qualified stated interest payments in income in accordance with the holder's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes. U.S. holders of original issue discount notes (other than short-term notes, as defined above) will be required to include in income for federal income tax purposes the sum of the daily portions of the original issue discount for each day on which the holder held the note. The U.S. holder will be required to include such original issue discount as it accrues in accordance with a constant yield method based on a compounding of interest, regardless of whether cash attributable to this income is received. A U.S. holder may make an election to include in gross income all interest that accrues on any note (including stated interest, acquisition discount, original issue discount, DE MINIMIS original issue discount, market discount, DE MINIMIS market discount and unstated interest, as adjusted by any amortizable bond premium or acquisition premium) in accordance with a constant yield method based on the compounding of interest (a "constant yield election"). We may have an unconditional option to redeem, or holders may have an unconditional option to require us to redeem, a note prior to its stated maturity date. Under applicable regulations, if we have an unconditional option to redeem a note prior to its stated maturity date, this option will be presumed to be exercised if the exercise of the option will lower the yield on the note. Conversely, if holders have an unconditional option to require us to redeem a note prior to its stated maturity date, this option will be presumed to be exercised if the exercise of the option will increase the yield on the note. If an option discussed above is "deemed" exercised, but is not in fact exercised, the note will be treated solely for purposes of calculating original issue discount as if it were redeemed, and a new note were issued, on the presumed exercise date for an amount equal to the note's adjusted issue price on that date. The adjusted issue price of an original issue discount note is defined as the sum of the issue price of the note and the aggregate amount of previously

accrued original issue discount, less any prior payments other than payments of qualified stated interest. S-27

**SALE, EXCHANGE OR RETIREMENT OF THE NOTES** Upon the sale, exchange or retirement of a note, a U.S. holder will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or retirement and the holder's adjusted tax basis in the note. Gain or loss, if any, will generally be U.S. source income for purposes of computing a U.S. holder's foreign tax credit limitation. Amounts attributable to accrued interest or discount are treated as interest as described under "-- Payment of Interest," "--Interest on Short-Term Notes" and "--Original Issue Discount" above. Except as described below, gain or loss realized on the sale, exchange or retirement of a note will generally be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of sale, exchange or retirement the note has been held for more than one year. Exception to this general rule applies to the extent of any accrued discount not previously included in the holder's taxable income. See "--Interest on Short-Term Notes" and "--Original Issue Discount" above. In addition, other exceptions to this general rule apply in the case of contingent payment debt instruments, optionally exchangeable notes and mandatorily exchangeable notes. See "--Contingent Payment Debt Instruments," "--Optionally Exchangeable Notes" and "--Mandatorily Exchangeable Notes--Reverse Exchangeable Securities and Knock-In Reverse Exchangeable Securities" below.

**CONTINGENT PAYMENT DEBT INSTRUMENTS** We may issue notes or securities that will be treated as "contingent payment debt instruments" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If a note or a security is treated as a contingent payment debt instrument, no payment on such instrument qualifies as qualified stated interest. Rather, a U.S. holder must account for interest for U.S. federal income tax purposes based on a "comparable yield" and the differences between actual payments on the contingent payment debt instrument and the instrument's "projected payment schedule" as described below. The comparable yield is determined by us at the time of issuance of the contingent payment debt instrument and takes into account the yield at which we could issue a fixed rate debt instrument with no contingent payments, but with terms and conditions otherwise similar to those of the contingent payment debt instrument. The comparable yield may be greater than or less than the stated interest, if any, with respect to the instrument. Solely for the purpose of determining the amount of interest income that a U.S. holder will be required to accrue on a contingent payment debt instrument, we will be required to construct a "projected payment schedule" that represents a series of payments the amount and timing of which would produce a yield to maturity on the instrument equal to the comparable yield used. **NEITHER THE COMPARABLE YIELD NOR THE PROJECTED PAYMENT SCHEDULE CONSTITUTES A REPRESENTATION BY US OR HOLDING REGARDING THE ACTUAL AMOUNT, IF ANY, THAT THE CONTINGENT PAYMENT DEBT INSTRUMENT WILL PAY.** For U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. holder will be required to use the comparable yield and projected payment schedule established by us in determining interest accruals and adjustments in respect of a contingent payment debt instrument, unless the holder timely discloses and justifies the use of a different comparable yield and projected payment schedule to the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"). A U.S. holder, regardless of the holder's method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes, will be required to accrue interest income on a contingent payment debt instrument at the comparable yield, adjusted upward or downward to reflect the difference, if any, between the actual and the projected amount of any contingent payments on the instrument (as set forth below). A U.S. holder will be required to recognize interest income equal to the amount of any net positive adjustment, I.E., the excess of actual payments over projected payments, in respect of a contingent payment debt instrument for a taxable year. A net negative adjustment, I.E., the excess of projected payments over actual payments, in respect of a contingent payment debt instrument for a taxable year: o will first reduce the amount of interest in respect of the contingent payment debt instrument that a holder would otherwise be required to include in income in the taxable year; and S-28 o any excess will give rise to an ordinary loss to the extent that the amount of all previous interest inclusions under the contingent payment debt instrument exceeds the total amount of the U.S. holder's net negative adjustments treated as ordinary loss on the contingent payment debt instrument in prior taxable years. A net negative adjustment is not subject to the two percent floor limitation imposed on miscellaneous deductions. Any net negative adjustment in excess of the amounts described above will be carried forward to offset future interest income in respect of the contingent payment debt instrument or to reduce the amount realized on a sale, exchange or retirement of the instrument. Upon a sale, exchange or retirement of a contingent payment debt instrument (including a delivery of property pursuant to the terms of



the instrument), a U.S. holder will generally recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or retirement and the holder's adjusted basis in the contingent payment debt instrument. If we deliver property, other than cash, to a U.S. holder in retirement of a contingent payment debt instrument, the amount realized will equal the fair market value of the property, determined at the time of retirement, plus the amount of cash, if any, received in lieu of property. A U.S. holder generally will treat any gain as interest income, and any loss as ordinary loss to the extent of the excess of previous interest inclusions in excess of the total net negative adjustments previously taken into account as ordinary losses, and the balance as capital loss. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. In addition, if a holder recognizes loss above certain thresholds, the holder may be required to file a disclosure statement with the IRS. A U.S. holder will have a tax basis in any property, other than cash, received upon the retirement of a contingent payment debt instrument, including in satisfaction of a conversion right or a call right, equal to the fair market value of the property determined at the time of retirement. The holder's holding period for the property will commence on the day immediately following its receipt. Special rules will apply if one or more contingent payments on a contingent payment debt instrument become fixed. For purposes of the preceding sentence, a payment (including an amount payable at maturity) will be treated as fixed if (and when) all remaining contingencies with respect to it are remote or incidental within the meaning of the applicable Treasury regulations. If one or more contingent payments on a contingent payment debt instrument become fixed more than six months prior to the date the payment is due, a U.S. holder would be required to make a positive or negative adjustment, as appropriate, equal to the difference between the present value of the amounts that are fixed, using the comparable yield as the discount rate, and the projected amounts of the contingent payments relevant as provided in the projected payment schedule. If all remaining scheduled contingent payments on a contingent payment debt instrument become fixed substantially contemporaneously, a U.S. holder would be required to make adjustments to account for the difference between the amounts so treated as fixed and the projected payments in a reasonable manner over the remaining term of the contingent payment debt instrument. A U.S. holder's tax basis in the contingent payment debt instrument and the character of any gain or loss on the sale of the instrument would also be affected. U.S. holders are urged to consult their tax advisers concerning the application of these special rules. **CPI RATE NOTES** Depending on the terms of each CPI Rate Note, a CPI Rate Note will be treated as either a "variable rate debt instrument," or a "contingent payment debt instrument." For a description of the contingent payment debt instrument rules, see the discussion under "--Contingent Payment Debt Instruments" above. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, a CPI Rate Note will be treated as a variable rate debt instrument for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The discussion below assumes that the CPI Rate Notes will qualify as a variable rate debt instruments. If a CPI Rate Note qualifies as a variable rate debt instrument, the tax consequences to a U.S. holder will generally be the same as the tax consequences to a U.S. holder holding a fixed rate note and are summarized below under this section "--CPI Rate Notes". **PAYMENT OF INTEREST.** Each interest payment will be taxable to a U.S. holder as ordinary interest income at the time it accrues or is received in accordance with the U.S. holder's method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See "--Payment of Interest." If the CPI Rate Note qualifies as a short-term note (as defined above), S-29 interest payment on the CPI Rate Note will be taxable to a U.S. holder as described in "--Interest on Short-Term Notes" above. If a CPI Rate Note is issued with original issue discount (i.e., the issue price of the CPI Rate Note is less than its stated principal amount, and the difference between the issue price and the stated principal amount exceeds the DE MINIMIS amount described in "--Original Issue Discount" above), the amount of qualified stated interest and the amount of original issue discount that accrues during an accrual period on such CPI Rate Note would be determined by applying the rules described in "--Original Issue Discount" above, assuming that the stated variable interest rate for which the CPI Rate Note provide is a fixed rate that reflects the yield that is reasonably expected for the CPI Rate Note. **SALE OR EXCHANGE OF THE NOTES.** Upon a sale or exchange of CPI Rate Notes, a U.S. holder will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or exchange and the U.S. holder's tax basis in the notes. This gain or loss will generally be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. holder held the CPI Rate Note for more than one year at the time of disposition. Amounts attributable to accrued but unpaid interest will be treated as interest as described under "--Payment of Interest," or under "--Interest on Short-Term Notes" above if the CPI Rate Note is a short-term note (as defined above).

**OPTIONALLY EXCHANGEABLE NOTES** Unless otherwise noted in the applicable pricing supplement, optionally exchangeable notes will be treated as "contingent payment debt instruments" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See "--Contingent Payment Debt Instruments" above.

**MANDATORILY EXCHANGEABLE NOTES--REVERSE EXCHANGEABLE AND KNOCK-IN REVERSE EXCHANGEABLE SECURITIES** Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, we and every holder of Reverse Exchangeable Securities, which we refer to as "REXs", or Knock-In Reverse Exchangeable Securities, which we refer to as "Knock-In REXs", will agree (in the absence of an administrative determination or judicial ruling to the contrary) to characterize each such security for U.S. federal income tax purposes as consisting of the following components (the "Components"):

- o a put option (the "Put Option") that requires the holder of the REXs or the Knock-In REXs to buy the underlying shares from us for an amount equal to the Deposit (as defined below); and
- o a deposit with us of cash, in an amount equal to the principal amount of the REXs or the Knock-In REXs (the "Deposit"), to secure the holder's potential obligation to purchase the underlying shares.

In the case of REXs, under this characterization the Put Option would be treated as exercised if the closing price of the underlying share on the determination date was lower than its closing price on the pricing date. In the case of Knock-In REXs, under this characterization the Put Option would be treated as exercised if the closing price of the underlying share on the determination date is lower than its closing price on the pricing date and in addition, the closing price of the underlying shares falls to or below the knock-in level at any time from the pricing date to and including the determination date. Under this characterization, a portion of the stated interest payments on REXs or Knock-In REXs is treated as interest on the Deposit, and the remainder is treated as attributable to the holder's sale of the Put Option to us (the "Put Premium"). Based on our judgment as to, among other things, our normal borrowing cost and the value of the Put Option, we will specify in the pricing supplement for each REXs and Knock-In REXs the portion of the stated payments on such security that we will treat as constituting interest on the Deposit. We will treat the remaining portion as the Put Premium.

**NOTWITHSTANDING OUR AGREEMENT TO TREAT THE REXS AND KNOCK-IN REXS AS DESCRIBED ABOVE, THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF THE REXS AND KNOCK-IN REXS IS UNCERTAIN. DUE TO THE ABSENCE OF STATUTORY, JUDICIAL OR ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES THAT DIRECTLY ADDRESS INSTRUMENTS SIMILAR TO THE REXS AND KNOCK-IN REXS, TAX COUNSEL IS UNABLE TO RENDER AN OPINION AS TO WHETHER THE TREATMENT DESCRIBED ABOVE WILL BE RESPECTED. THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF THE REXS AND KNOCK-IN REXS DESCRIBED ABOVE AND OUR S-30 ALLOCATION OF INTEREST AND PUT PREMIUM ARE NOT BINDING ON THE IRS OR THE COURTS, AND NO RULING IS BEING REQUESTED FROM THE IRS WITH RESPECT TO THESE SECURITIES. ACCORDINGLY, NO ASSURANCE CAN BE GIVEN THAT THE IRS OR A COURT WILL AGREE WITH THE TAX TREATMENT DESCRIBED ABOVE AND SIGNIFICANT ASPECTS OF THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF AN INVESTMENT IN REXS OR KNOCK-IN REXS ARE UNCERTAIN. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF REXS OR KNOCK-IN REXS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISERS REGARDING THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF AN INVESTMENT IN SUCH SECURITIES (INCLUDING ALTERNATIVE CHARACTERIZATIONS OF THE SECURITIES) AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES ARISING UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY STATE, LOCAL OR FOREIGN TAXING JURISDICTION. THE DISCUSSION BELOW DOES NOT ADDRESS THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE OWNERSHIP OR DISPOSITION OF THE STOCK UNDERLYING REXS OR KNOCK-IN REXS SHOULD A HOLDER RECEIVE SUCH UNDERLYING STOCK AT MATURITY. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF REXS OR KNOCK-IN REXS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISERS REGARDING THE POTENTIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE OWNERSHIP OR DISPOSITION OF THE UNDERLYING STOCK.** Assuming the treatment of the REXs and Knock-In REXs as set forth above, the following U.S. federal income tax consequences should result to a U.S. holder:

**STATED INTEREST PAYMENTS ON REXS OR KNOCK-IN REXS.** Yield attributable to the Deposit will be treated as interest. Accordingly, if a REXs or a Knock-In REXs matures (after taking into account the last possible date that the security could be outstanding under the terms of the security) one year or less from its date of issuance (a "short-term REX"), the Deposit will be treated as a short-term obligation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Interest on the Deposit component of a short-term REX will be treated as described in "--Interest on Short Term Notes" above. If a REXs or a Knock-In REXs is not a short-term REX, interest on the Deposit will be treated as described in "--Payments of Interest" above. Receipt of the Put Premium will not be taxable to a U.S. holder upon receipt.

**EXERCISE OR EXPIRATION OF THE PUT OPTION.** If the Put Option expires unexercised (I.E., a cash payment of the principal amount of the REXs or Knock-In REXs is made to a U.S. holder at maturity), the U.S. holder will recognize in respect of the Put Option short term capital gain equal to the total Put Premium received. In the event that the Put Option is exercised (I.E., the final payment on the REXs or the Knock-In REXs is paid in underlying shares), a U.S. holder will not recognize any gain or loss in respect of the Put Option (other than in respect of cash received in lieu of fractional shares), and the holder will have an aggregate adjusted tax basis in the underlying shares (including any fractional shares) received equal to: o the Deposit minus o the total Put Premium received. The holding period for any underlying shares a U.S. holder receives will start on the day after the delivery of the underlying shares. In the event that we deliver cash in lieu of fractional underlying shares, a U.S. holder will generally recognize a short-term capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between: o the amount of cash received in respect of the fractional shares; and o the basis in such shares, as determined above.

**SALE OR EXCHANGE OF REXS OR KNOCK-IN REXS.** Upon a sale of REXs or Knock-In REXs for cash, a U.S. holder will be required to apportion the amount received between the Deposit and the Put Option on the basis of their S-31 respective values on the date of sale. The U.S. holder will generally recognize gain or loss with respect to the Deposit in an amount equal to the difference between: o the amount received that is apportioned to the Deposit; and o the holder's adjusted basis in the Deposit, which will generally be equal to the principal amount of the holder's REXs or Knock-In REXs (and in the case of a short-term REX increased by the amount of any income the holder has recognized in connection with the Deposit and decreased by the amount of any payments made to the holder with respect to the Deposit). Except to the extent attributable to accrued discount on the Deposit (in the case of a short-term REX), or to accrued interest on the Deposit (if the REXs or the Knock-In REXs is not a short-term REX), which will be taxed as described above under "Stated Interest Payments on REXs or Knock-In REXs," such gain or loss will be capital gain or loss (and will be short-term capital gain or loss in the case of a short-term REX, or if the REXs or the Knock-In REXs has been held by the disposing holder for one year or less). The amount of cash that a U.S. holder receives that is apportioned to the Put Option (together with the total Put Premium previously received) will be treated as short-term capital gain. If the value of the Deposit on the date of the sale is in excess of the amount the holder receives upon such sale, the holder will be treated as having made a payment to the purchaser equal to the amount of such excess in exchange for the purchaser's assumption of the holder's rights and obligations under the Put Option. In such a case, the selling holder will recognize short-term capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the total Put Premium the holder previously received in respect of the Put Option and the amount of the deemed payment made by the holder with respect to the assumption of the Put Option. The amount of the deemed payment will also be treated as an amount received in connection with the Deposit in determining the U.S. holder's gain or loss in respect of the Deposit.

**POSSIBLE ALTERNATIVE TAX TREATMENTS OF AN INVESTMENT IN REXS OR KNOCK-IN REXS.** Due to the absence of authorities that directly address the proper tax treatment of the REXs and Knock-In REXs, no assurance can be given that the IRS will accept, or that a court will uphold, the characterization and treatment described above. A successful assertion of an alternative characterization of the REXs or Knock-In REXs by the IRS could affect the timing and the character of any income or loss with respect to such securities. It is possible, for instance, that the entire coupon on the securities could be treated as giving rise to ordinary income. Alternatively, if a REXs or a Knock-In REXs is not a short-term REX, the IRS could seek to treat the REXs and Knock-In REXs as contingent payment debt instruments. See "--Contingent Payment Debt Instruments" above. Even if the Contingent Payment Regulations do not apply to the securities, other alternative U.S. federal income tax characterizations or treatments of the securities are also possible, which if applied could significantly affect the timing and character of the income or loss with respect to the securities. U.S. holders are urged to consult their own tax advisers regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in a REXs or a Knock-In REXs.

**BACKUP WITHHOLDING AND INFORMATION REPORTING** Information returns may be filed with the IRS in connection with payments on the notes and the proceeds from a sale or other disposition of the notes. A U.S. holder may be subject to U.S.

backup withholding on these payments if it fails to provide its tax identification number to the paying agent and comply with certain certification procedures or otherwise establish an exemption from backup withholding. The amount of any backup withholding from a payment to a U.S. holder will be allowed as a credit against the holder's U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle the holder to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS. TAX CONSEQUENCES FOR NON-U.S. HOLDERS Unless otherwise noted in the applicable pricing supplement, a holder that is not a U.S. holder will not be subject to U.S. withholding tax with respect to payments on notes or securities, but may be subject to generally applicable information reporting, and may also be subject to backup withholding requirements with respect to such payments unless the holder complies with certain certification and identification requirements as to the holder's foreign status or an exception to the information reporting and backup withholding rules otherwise applies. S-32 THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX DISCUSSION SET FORTH ABOVE IS INCLUDED FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY AND MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE DEPENDING UPON A HOLDER'S PARTICULAR SITUATION. HOLDERS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISERS WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF THE NOTES AND THE UNDERLYING STOCK, INCLUDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES UNDER STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN AND OTHER TAX LAWS AND THE POSSIBLE EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN FEDERAL OR OTHER TAX LAWS. S-33 PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION We and Holding are offering the ABN Notes(SM) and related guarantees on a continuing basis exclusively through ABN AMRO Incorporated and LaSalle Financial Services, Inc. to the extent either or both of them are named in the applicable pricing supplement. In addition, we and Holding may offer the notes and related guarantees through certain other agents to be named in the applicable pricing supplement. The agents have agreed to use reasonable efforts to solicit offers to purchase these securities. We will have the sole right to accept offers to purchase these securities and may reject any offer in whole or in part. Each agent may reject, in whole or in part, any offer it solicited to purchase securities. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we will pay an agent, in connection with sales of these securities resulting from a solicitation that agent made or an offer to purchase the agent received, a commission ranging from 0.5% to 4% of the initial offering price of the securities to be sold, depending upon the maturity of the securities. We and the agent will negotiate commissions for securities with a maturity of 30 years or greater at the time of sale. We and Holding may also sell these securities to an agent as principal for its own account at discounts to be agreed upon at the time of sale. That agent may resell these securities to investors and other purchasers at a fixed offering price or at prevailing market prices, or prices related thereto at the time of resale or otherwise, as that agent determines and as we will specify in the applicable pricing supplement. An agent may offer the securities it has purchased as principal to other dealers. That agent may sell the securities to any dealer at a discount and, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the discount allowed to any dealer will not be in excess of the discount that agent will receive from us. After the initial public offering of securities that the agent is to resell on a fixed public offering price basis, the agent may change the public offering price, concession and discount. Each of the agents may be deemed to be an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We and Holding have agreed to indemnify the agents against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments made in respect of those liabilities. To the extent the total aggregate principal amount of securities offered pursuant to a pricing supplement is not purchased by investors, one or more of our affiliates may agree to purchase the unsold portion and hold such securities for its own investment. We estimate that we will spend approximately \$350,000 for printing, rating agency, trustee and legal fees and other expenses allocable to the offering. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, we do not intend to apply for the listing of these securities on a national securities exchange. We have been advised by certain agents that they intend to make a market in these securities, as applicable laws and regulations permit. The agents are not obligated to make a market in these securities, however, and the agents may discontinue making a market at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of any trading market for these securities. LFS and AAI are wholly owned indirect subsidiaries of the Bank. To the extent either or both are named in the applicable pricing supplement, LFS and AAI will conduct each offering of these securities in compliance with the requirements of Rule 2720 of the NASD regarding an NASD member firm's distributing the securities of an affiliate. Following the initial distribution of these securities,

LFS and AAI may offer and sell those securities in the course of their businesses as broker-dealers. LFS and AAI may act as principal or agent in those transactions and will make any sales at varying prices related to prevailing market prices at the time of sale or otherwise. LFS and AAI may use this prospectus supplement in connection with any of those transactions. Neither LFS or AAI is obligated to make a market in any of these securities and each may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice. In addition, we may, at our sole option, extend the offering period for securities offered pursuant to a pricing supplement. One or more of our or Holding's affiliates may agree to purchase, for its own investment, any securities that are not sold during the extended offering period. During an extended offering period, securities will be offered at prevailing market prices which may be above or below the initial issue price set forth in the applicable pricing S-34 supplement. Our affiliates will not make a market in those securities during that period, and are not obligated to do so after the distribution is complete. Neither of the agents nor any dealer utilized in the initial offering of these securities will confirm sales to accounts over which it exercises discretionary authority without the prior specific written approval of its customer. In order to facilitate the offering of these securities, the agents may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of these securities or of any other securities the prices of which may be used to determine payments on these securities. Specifically, the agents may sell more securities than they are obligated to purchase in connection with the offering, creating a short position in these securities for its own accounts. A short sale is covered if the short position is no greater than the number or amount of securities available for purchase by the agent under any over-allotment option. The agents can close out a covered short sale by exercising an over-allotment option or purchasing these securities in the open market. In determining the source of securities to close out a covered short sale, the agents will consider, among other things, the open market price of these securities compared to the price available under the over-allotment option. The agents may also sell these securities or any other securities in excess of the over-allotment option, creating a naked short position. The agents must close out any naked short position by purchasing securities in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the agents are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of these securities in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. As an additional means of facilitating the offering, the agents may bid for, and purchase, these securities or any other securities in the open market to stabilize the price of these securities or of any other securities. Finally, in any offering of the securities through a syndicate of underwriters, the underwriting syndicate may also reclaim selling concessions allowed to an underwriter or a dealer for distributing these securities in the offering if the syndicate repurchases previously distributed securities to cover syndicate short positions or to stabilize the price of these securities. Any of these activities may raise or maintain the market price of these securities above independent market levels or prevent or retard a decline in the market price of these securities. The agents are not required to engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time. Other selling group members include broker-dealers and other securities firms that have executed dealer agreements with LFS and/or AAI. In the dealer agreements, the selling group members have agreed to market and sell notes in accordance with the terms of those agreements and all applicable laws and regulations. S-35 LEGAL MATTERS Davis Polk & Wardwell will pass upon the validity of the offered securities with respect to United States Federal and New York law. Clifford Chance Limited Liability Partnership will pass upon the validity of the offered securities with respect to Dutch law. Davis Polk & Wardwell has in the past represented ABN AMRO Holding N.V. and its affiliates, including us, and continues to represent ABN AMRO Holding N.V. and its affiliates on a regular basis and in a variety of matters. S-36 PROSPECTUS DEBT SECURITIES ABN AMRO BANK N.V. FULLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED BY ABN AMRO HOLDING N.V. We, ABN AMRO Bank N.V., may offer from time to time debt securities that are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V. This prospectus describes the general terms of these securities and the general manner in which we will offer these securities. The specific terms of any securities we offer will be included in a supplement to this prospectus. The prospectus supplement will also describe the specific manner in which we will offer the securities. THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AND STATE SECURITIES REGULATORS HAVE NOT APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THESE SECURITIES, OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. The securities are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or

any other federal agency. SEPTEMBER 29, 2006 TABLE OF CONTENTS ----- Page About This Prospectus.....1 Where You Can Find Additional Information.....2 Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Statements.....3 Consolidated Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges.....4 ABN AMRO Bank N.V.....5 ABN AMRO Holding N.V.....6 Use of Proceeds.....7 Description of Debt Securities.....8 Forms of Securities.....19 The Depository.....20 Plan of Distribution.....22 Legal Matters.....25 Experts.....26 Benefit Plan Investor Considerations.....27 Enforcement of Civil Liabilities.....28

**ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS** This prospectus is part of a Registration Statement that we, ABN AMRO Holding N.V. and LaSalle Funding LLC filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") utilizing a "shelf" registration process. Under this shelf process, we and Holding may, from time to time, sell the debt securities and related guarantees described in the prospectus in one or more offerings in U.S. dollars, foreign currencies or foreign currency units. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the debt securities and the related guarantees. Each time we and Holding sell securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of the offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with additional information described under the heading "Where You Can Find Additional Information" beginning on page 2 of this prospectus. Following the initial distribution of an offering of securities, certain affiliates of ours and Holding may offer and sell those securities in the course of their businesses as broker-dealers. Such affiliates may act as principal or agent in these transactions. This prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement will also be used in connection with those transactions. Sales in any of those transactions will be made at varying prices related to prevailing market prices and other circumstances at the time of sale. The debt securities may not be offered or sold anywhere in the world except in compliance with the requirements of the Dutch Securities Market Supervision Act 1995 (WET TOEZICHT EFFECTENVERKEER). As used in this prospectus, the "Bank," "we," "us," and "our" refer to ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and "Holding" refers to ABN AMRO Holding N.V. **1 WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION** Holding is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and in accordance therewith, Holding files reports and other information with the Commission. You may read and copy these documents at the SEC Headquarters Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549 (tel: 202-551-8090). Copies of this material can also be obtained from the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the Public Reference Room. The SEC also maintains an Internet website that contains reports and other information regarding Holding that are filed through the SEC's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval (EDGAR) System. This website can be accessed at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). You can find information Holding has filed with the SEC by reference to file number 1-14624. This prospectus is part of a registration statement we, Holding and LaSalle Funding LLC filed with the SEC. This prospectus omits some information contained in the registration statement in accordance with SEC rules and regulations. You should review the information and exhibits in the registration statement for further information on us and Holding and the securities we and Holding are offering. Statements in this prospectus concerning any document we and Holding filed as an exhibit to the registration statement or that Holding otherwise filed with the SEC are not intended to be comprehensive and are qualified by reference to these filings. You should review the complete document to evaluate these statements. The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference much of the information Holding files with it, which means that we and Holding can disclose important information to you by referring you to those publicly available documents. The information that we and Holding incorporate by reference in this prospectus is considered to be part of this prospectus. Because we and Holding are incorporating by reference future filings with the SEC, this prospectus is continually updated and those future filings may modify or supersede some of the information included or incorporated in this prospectus. This means that you must look at all of the SEC

filings that we and Holding incorporate by reference to determine if any of the statements in this prospectus or in any document previously incorporated by reference have been modified or superseded. This prospectus incorporates by reference the documents listed below, all subsequent Annual Reports filed on Form 20-F and any future filings we or Holding make with the SEC (including any Form 6-Ks Holding subsequently files with the SEC and specifically incorporates by reference into this prospectus) under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act that are identified in such filing as being specifically incorporated by reference into the Registration Statement of which this prospectus is a part until we and Holding complete our offering of the securities to be issued under the registration statement or, if later, the date on which any of our affiliates cease offering and selling these securities: (a) Annual Report on Form 20-F of ABN AMRO Holding N.V. for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed on April 3, 2006; and (b) Reports on Form 6-K of ABN AMRO Holding N.V. dated April 26, 2006 (2 filings: (i) ABN AMRO first quarter results and consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges, and (ii) ABN AMRO pro-forma 2005 results under new structure), June 12, 2006, June 30, 2006, August 2, 2006, August 9, 2006 (ABN AMRO first half-year results and consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges), August 15, 2006 (ABN AMRO to start buying back its own shares in line with earlier announcement), September 13, 2006 and September 14, 2006. You may request, at no cost to you, a copy of these documents (other than exhibits not specifically incorporated by reference) by writing or telephoning us at: ABN AMRO Bank N.V. ABN AMRO Investor Relations Department Gustav Mahlerlaan 10 P.O. Box 283 1000 EA Amsterdam, The Netherlands (31-20) 6 28 78 35 2 CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS Certain statements included in this prospectus are forward-looking statements. We also may make forward-looking statements in other documents filed with the SEC that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believe", "expect", "may", "intend", "will", "should", "anticipate", "Value-at-Risk", or by the use of similar expressions or variations on such expressions, or by the discussion of strategy or objectives. Forward-looking statements are based on current plans, estimates and projections, and are subject to inherent risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from the future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In particular, this prospectus and certain documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus include forward-looking statements relating but not limited to management objectives, implementation of our strategic initiatives, trends in results of operations, margins, costs, return on equity, and risk management, including our potential exposure to various types of risk including market risk, such as interest rate risk, currency risk and equity risk. For example, certain of the market risk disclosures are dependent on choices about key model characteristics, assumptions and estimates, and are subject to various limitations. By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimates and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. Some of the risks inherent in forward-looking statements are identified in "Item 3. Key Information - D. Risk factors" in Holding's annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2005. Other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those estimated by the forward-looking statements in this prospectus include, but are not limited to: o general economic and business conditions in the Netherlands, Italy, the European Union, the United States, Brazil and other countries or territories in which we operate; o changes in applicable laws and regulations, including taxes; o regulations and monetary, interest rate and other policies of central banks, particularly the Dutch Central Bank, the Bank of Italy, the European Central Bank, the US Federal Reserve Board and the Brazilian Central Bank; o changes or volatility in interest rates, foreign exchange rates (including the Euro-US dollar rate), asset prices, equity markets, commodity prices, inflation or deflation; o the effects of competition and consolidation in the markets in which we operate, which may be influenced by regulation, deregulation or enforcement policies; o changes in consumer spending and savings habits, including changes in government policies which may influence investment decisions; o our ability to hedge certain risks economically; o our success in managing the risks involved in the foregoing, which depends, among other things, on our ability to anticipate events that cannot be captured by the statistical models we use; and o force majeure and other events beyond our control. Other factors could also adversely affect our results or the accuracy of forward-looking statements in this prospectus, and you should not consider the factors discussed here or in Item 3 of Holding's annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2005 to be a complete set of all potential risks or uncertainties. We have economic, financial market, credit, legal and other

specialists who monitor economic and market conditions and government policies and actions. However, because it is difficult to predict with accuracy any changes in economic or market conditions or in governmental policies and actions, it is difficult for us to anticipate the effects that such changes could have on our financial performance and business operations. The forward-looking statements made in this prospectus speak only as of the date of this prospectus. We do not intend to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this prospectus, and we do not assume any responsibility to do so. You should, however, consult any further disclosures of a forward-looking nature we made in other documents filed with the SEC that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This discussion is provided as permitted by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. 3

**CONSOLIDATED RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES** The following table sets forth Holding's consolidated ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated under U.S. GAAP. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, ----- 2005 2004 2003 2002 2001 -----

----- Excluding Interest on Deposits(1) 1.49 1.46 2.66 1.89 1.45 Including Interest on Deposits(1) 1.15 1.13 1.36 1.21 1.08 ----- (1) Deposits include bank and total customer accounts. See the consolidated

financial statements incorporated by reference herein. 4 **ABN AMRO BANK N.V.** We are a prominent international banking group offering a wide range of banking products and financial services on a global basis through our network of 3,557 offices and branches in 58 countries and territories as of year-end 2005. We are one of the largest banking groups in the world, with total consolidated assets of (euro) 880.8 billion at December 31, 2005. We are the largest banking group in the Netherlands and we have a substantial presence in Brazil and the Midwestern United States. We are one of the largest foreign banking groups in the United States, based on total assets held as of December 31, 2005. Our principal executive offices are at Gustav Mahlerlaan 10, 1082 PP Amsterdam, The Netherlands, and our telephone number is (31-20) 628 9393. 5 **ABN AMRO HOLDING N.V.** ABN AMRO Holding N.V. is incorporated under the laws of The Netherlands by deed of May 30, 1990 as the holding company of the Bank. The Articles of Association of Holding were last amended by a notarial deed executed by Mr. van Helden, civil law notary in Amsterdam, on June 9, 2005. Holding's main purpose is to own the Bank and its subsidiaries. Holding owns 100 percent of the shares of the Bank and is jointly and severally liable for all liabilities of the Bank. Holding is listed on Euronext and the New York Stock Exchange. All of the securities issued by the Bank hereunder after the date hereof will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Holding. Holding's principal executive offices are at Gustav Mahlerlaan 10,

1082 PP Amsterdam, The Netherlands, and Holding's telephone number is (31-20) 628 9393. 6 **USE OF PROCEEDS** Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, we will use the net proceeds from the sale of the securities we offer by this prospectus for general corporate purposes. General corporate purposes may include additions to working capital, investments in or extensions of credit to our subsidiaries and the repayment of indebtedness. 7 **DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES** The following description of debt securities sets forth the material terms and provisions of the debt securities to which any prospectus supplement may relate. Our senior debt securities would be issued under a senior indenture dated September 15, 2006 among us, Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee, Citibank, N.A., as securities administrator, and Holding, as guarantor, a copy of which has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. Our subordinated debt securities would be issued under a subordinated indenture between us, a trustee and a securities administrator, each to be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. The subordinated indenture, a form of which has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, will be executed at the time we issue any debt securities thereunder. Any supplemental indentures will be filed with the SEC on a Form 6-K or by a post-effective amendment to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. All of the indentures are sometimes referred to in this prospectus collectively as the "indentures" and each, individually, as an "indenture." The senior indenture is sometimes referred to in this prospectus as the "senior indenture." The subordinated indenture is sometimes referred to in this prospectus as the "subordinated indenture." The particular terms of the debt securities offered by any prospectus supplement, and the extent to which the general provisions described below may apply to the offered debt securities, will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. The indentures will be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The terms of the debt securities will include those stated in the indentures and those made part of the indentures by reference to the Trust Indenture Act. Because the following summaries of the



material terms and provisions of the indentures and the related debt securities are not complete, you should refer to the forms of the indentures and the debt securities for complete information on some of the terms and provisions of the indentures, including definitions of some of the terms used below, and the debt securities. The senior indenture and subordinated indenture are substantially identical to one another, except for specific provisions relating to subordination contained in the subordinated indenture. GENERAL The senior debt securities will be our direct, unsecured and unsubordinated general obligations and will have the same rank in liquidation as all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated debt. The subordinated debt securities will be our unsecured obligations, subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all our senior indebtedness with respect to such series, as described below under "Subordination of the Subordinated Debt Securities" and in the applicable prospectus supplement. GUARANTEE Holding will fully and unconditionally guarantee payment in full to the holders of our debt securities. The guarantee is set forth in, and forms part of, the indenture under which our debt securities will be issued. If, for any reason, we do not make any required payment in respect of our debt securities when due, the guarantor will cause the payment to be made to or to the order of the applicable trustee. The guarantee will be on a senior basis when the guaranteed debt securities are issued under the senior indenture, and on a subordinated basis to the extent the guaranteed debt securities are issued under the subordinated indenture. The extent to which the guarantee is subordinated to other indebtedness of Holding will be substantially the same as the extent to which our subordinated debt is subordinated to our other indebtedness as described below under "--Subordination of the Subordinated Debt Securities." Holders of our debt securities may sue Holding to enforce its rights under the guarantee without first suing us or any other person or entity. Holding may, without the consent of the holders of the debt securities, assume all of our rights and obligations under the debt securities and upon such assumption, we will be released from our liabilities under the Indenture and the debt securities. PAYMENTS We may issue debt securities from time to time in one or more series. The provisions of the indentures allow us to "reopen" a previous issue of a series of debt securities and issue additional debt securities of that series. The debt securities may be denominated and payable in U.S. dollars or foreign currencies. We may also issue debt securities from time to time with the principal amount or interest payable on any relevant payment date to be determined by reference to one or more currency exchange rates, securities or baskets of securities, commodity prices or indices. Holders of these types of debt securities will receive payments of principal or interest that depend upon the value of the applicable currency, security or basket of securities, commodity or index on the relevant payment dates. Debt securities may bear interest at a fixed rate, which may be zero, a floating rate, or a rate which varies during the lifetime of the debt security. Debt securities bearing no interest or interest at a rate that at the time of issuance is below the prevailing market rate may be sold at a discount below their stated principal amount. TERMS SPECIFIED IN THE APPLICABLE PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT The applicable prospectus supplement will contain, where applicable, the following terms of and other information relating to any offered debt securities: o the specific designation; o the aggregate principal amount, purchase price and denomination; o the currency in which the debt securities are denominated and/or in which principal, premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, is payable; o the date of maturity; o the interest rate or rates or the method by which the calculation agent will determine the interest rate or rates, if any; o the interest payment dates, if any; o the place or places for payment of the principal of and any premium and/or interest on the debt securities; o any repayment, redemption, prepayment or sinking fund provisions, including any redemption notice provisions; o whether we will issue the debt securities in definitive form and under what terms and conditions; o the terms on which holders of the debt securities may convert or exchange these securities into or for stock or other securities of an entity unaffiliated with us, any specific terms relating to the adjustment of the conversion or exchange feature and the period during which the holders may make the conversion or exchange; o information as to the methods for determining the amount of principal or interest payable on any date and/or the currencies, securities or baskets of securities, commodities or indices to which the amount payable on that date is linked; o any agents for the debt securities, including applicable trustees, depositaries, authenticating or paying agents, transfer agents or registrars; o certain United States federal income tax consequences and Netherlands income tax consequences; o whether certain payments on the debt securities will be guaranteed under a financial insurance guaranty policy and the terms of that guaranty; o any applicable selling restrictions; and o any other specific terms of the debt securities, including any modifications to or additional events of

default, covenants or modified or eliminated acceleration rights, and any terms required by or advisable 9 under applicable laws or regulations, including laws and regulations relating to attributes required for the debt securities to be afforded certain capital treatment for bank regulatory or other purposes. Some of the debt securities may be issued as original issue discount debt securities. Original issue discount securities bear no interest or are issued at a price which represents a discount to their principal amount. The applicable prospectus supplement will contain information relating to federal income tax, accounting, and other special considerations applicable to original issue discount securities. REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER OF DEBT SECURITIES Holders may present debt securities for exchange, and holders of registered debt securities may present these securities for transfer, in the manner, at the places and subject to the restrictions stated in the debt securities and described in the applicable prospectus supplement. We will provide these services without charge except for any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection with these services and subject to any limitations or requirements provided in the applicable indenture or the supplemental indenture or issuer order under which that series of debt securities is issued. If any of the securities are held in global form, the procedures for transfer of interests in those securities will depend upon the procedures of the depositary for those global securities. See "Forms of Securities."

COVENANT RESTRICTING MERGERS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT CORPORATE ACTIONS The indentures provide that neither we nor Holding will merge or consolidate with any other person and will not sell, lease or convey all or substantially all of its assets to any other person, unless: o we or Holding, as applicable, will be the continuing legal entity; or o the successor legal entity or person that acquires all or substantially all of our or Holding's assets, as applicable (i) will expressly assume all of our or Holding's obligations, as applicable, under the applicable indenture and the debt securities issued under such indenture, and (ii) will be incorporated and existing under the laws of the Netherlands, or a member state of the European Union or the Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development, or, provided no adverse U.S. tax consequences to U.S. holders result therefrom, any other jurisdiction; and o immediately after the merger, consolidation, sale, lease or conveyance, that person or that successor legal entity will not be in default in the performance of the applicable covenants and conditions of the applicable indenture.

ABSENCE OF PROTECTIONS AGAINST ALL POTENTIAL ACTIONS OF THE BANK OR HOLDING There are no covenants or other provisions in the indentures that would afford holders of debt securities additional protection in the event of a recapitalization transaction, a change of control of us or Holding or a highly leveraged transaction. The merger covenant described above would only apply if the recapitalization transaction, change of control or highly leveraged transaction were structured to include a merger or consolidation of us or Holding or a sale, lease or conveyance of all or substantially all of our or Holding's, as the case may be, assets. However, we may provide specific protections, such as a put right or increased interest, for particular debt securities, which we would describe in the applicable prospectus supplement.

EVENTS OF DEFAULT Each indenture provides holders of debt securities with remedies if we or Holding, as the case may be, fail to perform specific obligations, such as making payments on our debt securities, or if we or Holding, as the case may be, become bankrupt. Holders should review these provisions and understand which of our or Holding's actions trigger an event of default and which actions do not. Each indenture permits the issuance of debt securities in one or more series, and, in many cases, whether an event of default has occurred is determined on a series-by-series basis. An event of default is defined under each indenture, with respect to any series of debt securities issued under that indenture, as any one or more of the following events, subject to modification in a supplemental indenture, each of which we refer to in this prospectus as an event of default, having occurred and be continuing: 10 o default is made for more than 30 days in the payment of interest, premium or principal in respect of the securities; o we or Holding, as the case may be, fail to perform or observe any other obligations applicable to us or Holding, respectively, under the securities, and such failure has continued for a period of 60 days next following the service on us and Holding of notice requiring the same to be remedied except that the failure to file with the applicable Trustee certain information required to be filed with such Trustee pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, shall not constitute an event of default and does not give a right under the applicable indenture to accelerate or declare any security issued under such indenture due and payable. Although the Trustee may bring suit to enforce such filing obligation, the applicable indenture would not provide for a remedy of acceleration in that circumstance. o we or Holding, as the case may be, are declared bankrupt, or a declaration in respect of us or Holding is made under Chapter X of the Act on the Supervision of

the Credit System (WET TOEZICHT KREDIETWEZEN 1992) of The Netherlands; o an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for our or Holding's winding up or liquidation, as the case may be, unless this is done in compliance with the "Covenant Restricting Mergers and Other Significant Corporate Actions" described above; or o any other event of default provided in the supplemental indenture or issuer order, if any, under which that series of debt securities is issued. **ACCELERATION OF DEBT SECURITIES UPON AN EVENT OF DEFAULT** Each indenture provides that, unless otherwise set forth in a supplemental indenture: o if an event of default occurs due to the default in payment of principal of, or any premium or interest on, any series of debt securities issued under such indenture, or due to the default in the performance or breach of any other covenant or warranty of us or Holding, as the case may be, applicable to that series of debt securities but not applicable to all outstanding debt securities issued under that indenture, other than a covenant for which the applicable indenture specifies that violation thereof does not give a right to accelerate or declare due and payable any security issued under such indenture, occurs and is continuing, either the applicable trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each affected series issued under that indenture, voting as one class, by notice in writing to us, may declare the principal of and accrued interest on the debt securities of such affected series (but not any other debt securities issued under that indenture) to be due and payable immediately; and o if an event of default occurs due to specified events of bankruptcy of us or Holding or due to an order or effective resolution for our or Holding's liquidation or winding up, as the case may be, or due to a default in the performance of any other of the covenants or agreements in such indenture applicable to all outstanding debt securities issued under that indenture, other than a covenant or agreement for which the applicable indenture specifies that violation thereof does not give a right to accelerate or declare due and payable any security issued under such indenture, occurs and is continuing, either the applicable trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of all outstanding debt securities issued under that indenture for which any applicable supplemental indenture does not prevent acceleration under the relevant circumstances, voting as one class, by notice in writing to us, may declare the principal of all debt securities issued under that indenture and interest accrued on those debt securities to be due and payable immediately. **ANNULMENT OF ACCELERATION AND WAIVER OF DEFAULTS** In some circumstances, if any and all events of default under the applicable indenture, other than the non-payment of the principal of the securities that has become due as a result of an acceleration, have been cured, waived or otherwise remedied, then the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of all series of affected outstanding debt securities issued under that indenture, voting as one class, may annul past declarations of acceleration or waive past defaults of the debt securities. **INDEMNIFICATION OF TRUSTEE FOR ACTIONS TAKEN ON YOUR BEHALF** Each indenture provides that the applicable trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the direction of the holders of debt securities issued under that indenture relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the trustee. In addition, each indenture contains a provision entitling the applicable trustee, subject to the duty of the trustee to act with the required standard of care during a default, to be indemnified by the holders of debt securities issued under the indenture before proceeding to exercise any right or power at the request of holders. Subject to these provisions and specified other limitations, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of each series of outstanding debt securities of each affected series, voting as one class, may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee. **LIMITATION ON ACTIONS BY YOU AS AN INDIVIDUAL HOLDER** Each indenture provides that no individual holder of debt securities may institute any action against us or Holding under that indenture, except actions for payment of overdue principal and interest, unless the following actions have occurred: o the holder must have previously given written notice to the applicable trustee of the continuing default; o the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each affected series issued under that indenture, treated as one class, must have: o requested the applicable trustee to institute that action, and o offered the applicable trustee reasonable indemnity; o the applicable trustee must have failed to institute that action within 60 days after receipt of the request referred to above; and o the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each affected series issued under that indenture, voting as one class, must not have given directions to the applicable trustee inconsistent with

those of the holders referred to above. Each indenture contains a covenant that we will file annually with the applicable trustee a certificate of no default or a certificate specifying any default that exists. **DISCHARGE, DEFEASANCE AND COVENANT DEFEASANCE** We and Holding each have the ability to eliminate most or all of our obligations on any series of debt securities prior to maturity if we or Holding, as applicable, comply with the following provisions: **DISCHARGE OF INDENTURE.** We or Holding may discharge all of our obligations, other than as to transfer and exchanges, under the applicable indenture after we have or it has, as applicable: o paid or caused to be paid the principal of and interest on all of the outstanding debt securities issued under that indenture in accordance with their terms; o delivered to the applicable securities administrator or applicable trustee for cancellation all of the outstanding debt securities issued under that indenture; or o irrevocably deposited with the applicable securities administrator or applicable trustee cash or, in the case of a series of debt securities payable only in U.S. dollars, U.S. government obligations in trust for the benefit of the holders of any series of debt securities issued under the applicable indenture that have either 12 become due and payable, or are by their terms due and payable, or are scheduled for redemption, within one year, in an amount certified to be sufficient to pay on each date that they become due and payable, the principal of and interest on, and any mandatory sinking fund payments for, those debt securities. However, the deposit of cash or U.S. government obligations for the benefit of holders of a series of debt securities that are due and payable, or are scheduled for redemption, within one year will discharge obligations under the applicable indenture relating only to that series of debt securities. **DEFEASANCE OF A SERIES OF SECURITIES AT ANY TIME.** We or Holding may also discharge all of our obligations, other than as to transfers and exchanges, under any series of debt securities at any time, which we refer to as defeasance in this prospectus. We and Holding may be released with respect to any outstanding series of debt securities from the obligations imposed by the covenants described above limiting consolidations, mergers, asset sales and leases, and elect not to comply with those sections without creating an event of default. Discharge under those procedures is called covenant defeasance. Defeasance or covenant defeasance may be effected only if, among other things: o we or Holding irrevocably deposit with the relevant applicable trustee or securities administrator cash or, in the case of debt securities payable only in U.S. dollars, U.S. government obligations, as trust funds in an amount certified to be sufficient to pay on each date that they become due and payable, the principal of and interest on, and any mandatory sinking fund payments for, all outstanding debt securities of the series being defeased; and o we or Holding deliver to the relevant applicable trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that: o the holders of the series of debt securities being defeased will not recognize income, gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes as a result of the defeasance or covenant defeasance; and o the defeasance or covenant defeasance will not otherwise alter those holders' United States federal income tax treatment of principal and interest payments on the series of debt securities being defeased; in the case of a defeasance, this opinion must be based on a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or a change in United States federal income tax law occurring after the date of this prospectus, since that result would not occur under current tax law. **REDEMPTIONS AND REPURCHASES OF DEBT SECURITIES** **OPTIONAL REDEMPTION.** The prospectus supplement will indicate the terms of our option to redeem the debt securities, if any. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will mail a notice of redemption by first-class mail, postage prepaid, at least 30 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption, or within the redemption notice period designated in the applicable prospectus supplement, to the depository, as holder of the global debt securities. The debt securities will not be subject to any sinking fund. **REPAYMENT AT OPTION OF HOLDER.** If applicable, the prospectus supplement relating to a debt security will indicate that the holder has the option to have us repay that debt security on a date or dates specified prior to its maturity date. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the repayment price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the debt security, together with accrued interest to the date of repayment. For debt securities issued with original issue discount, the prospectus supplement will specify the amount payable upon repayment. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, for us to repay a debt security, the paying agent must receive the following at least 15 days but not more than 30 days prior to the repayment date: o the debt security with the form entitled "Option to Elect Repayment" on the reverse of the debt security duly completed; or o a telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or a letter from a member of a national securities exchange, or the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. or a commercial bank or trust company in the

United States setting forth the name of the holder of the debt security, the principal amount of the debt security, the principal amount of the debt security to be repaid, the certificate number or a description of the tenor and 13 terms of the debt security, a statement that the option to elect repayment is being exercised and a guarantee that the debt security to be repaid, together with the duly completed form entitled "Option to Elect Repayment" on the reverse of the debt security, will be received by the paying agent not later than the fifth business day after the date of that telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or letter. However, the telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or letter will only be effective if that debt security and form duly completed are received by the paying agent by the fifth business day after the date of that telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or letter. Exercise of the repayment option by the holder of a debt security will be irrevocable. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the holder may exercise the repayment option for less than the entire principal amount of the debt security but, in that event, the principal amount of the debt security remaining outstanding after repayment must be an authorized denomination. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR OPTIONAL REPAYMENT OF GLOBAL DEBT SECURITIES. If a debt security is represented by a global debt security, the depositary or the depositary's nominee will be the holder of the debt security and therefore will be the only entity that can exercise a right to repayment. In order to ensure that the depositary's nominee will timely exercise a right to repayment of a particular debt security, the beneficial owner of the debt security must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in the debt security to notify the depositary of its desire to exercise a right to repayment. Different firms have different cut-off times for accepting instructions from their customers and, accordingly, each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in a debt security in order to ascertain the cut-off time by which an instruction must be given in order for timely notice to be delivered to the depositary. OPEN MARKET PURCHASES. We may purchase debt securities at any price in the open market or otherwise. Debt securities so purchased by us may, at our discretion, be held or resold or surrendered to the relevant applicable trustee for cancellation. MODIFICATION OF THE INDENTURES MODIFICATION WITHOUT CONSENT OF HOLDERS. We, Holding and the relevant applicable trustee may enter into supplemental indentures without the consent of the holders of debt securities issued under the applicable indenture to: o secure any debt securities issued under that indenture; o evidence the assumption by a successor corporation of our or Holding's, as the case may be, obligations under that indenture; o add covenants for the protection of the holders of debt securities issued under that indenture; o cure any ambiguity or correct any inconsistency; o establish the forms or terms of debt securities of any series to be issued under that indenture; or o evidence the acceptance of appointment by a successor applicable trustee. MODIFICATION WITH CONSENT OF HOLDERS. We, Holding and the applicable trustee, with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of each affected series of outstanding debt securities issued under the applicable indenture, voting as one class, may add any provisions to, or change in any manner or eliminate any of the provisions of, that indenture or modify in any manner the rights of the holders of those debt securities. However, we, Holding and the applicable trustee may not make any of the following changes to any outstanding debt security issued under the applicable indenture without the consent of each holder of debt securities issued under that indenture that would be affected by the change: o extend the final maturity of the security; o reduce the principal amount; 14 o reduce the rate or extend the time of payment of interest; o reduce any amount payable on redemption; o change the currency in which the principal, including any amount of original issue discount, premium, or interest on the security is payable; o modify or amend the provisions for conversion of any currency into another currency; o reduce the amount of any original issue discount security payable upon acceleration or provable in bankruptcy; o alter the terms on which holders of the debt securities issued under that indenture may convert or exchange those debt securities for stock or other securities or for other property or the cash value of the property, other than in accordance with the antidilution provisions or other similar adjustment provisions included in the terms of those debt securities; o impair the right of any holder of debt securities issued under that indenture to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on any such debt security or the guarantee when due; or o reduce the percentage of debt securities issued under that indenture the consent of whose holders is required for modification of that Indenture. SUBORDINATION OF THE SUBORDINATED DEBT SECURITIES Our subordinated debt securities will, to the extent set forth in the applicable subordinated indenture, be subordinate in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all our

senior indebtedness, whether outstanding at the date of the subordinated indenture or incurred after that date. In the event of: o our insolvency or bankruptcy case or proceeding, or any receivership, liquidation, reorganization or other similar case or proceeding in connection therewith, or relative to our creditors, as such, or to our assets; or o our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or other winding up, whether or not involving insolvency or bankruptcy; or o any assignment for the benefit of creditors or any other marshalling of our assets and liabilities, then the holders of our senior indebtedness will be entitled to receive payment in full of all amounts due or to become due on or in respect of all our senior indebtedness, or provision will be made for the payment in cash, before the holders of our subordinated debt securities are entitled to receive or retain any payment on account of principal of, or any premium or interest on, or any additional amounts with respect to, the subordinated debt securities. The holders of our senior indebtedness will be entitled to receive, for application to the payment of the senior indebtedness, any payment or distribution of any kind or character, whether in cash, property or securities, including any payment or distribution which may be payable or deliverable by reason of the payment of any of our other indebtedness being subordinated to the payment of our subordinated debt securities. This payment may be payable or deliverable in respect of our subordinated debt securities in any case, proceeding, dissolution, liquidation or other winding up event. By reason of subordination, in the event of our liquidation or insolvency, holders of our senior indebtedness and holders of our other obligations that are not subordinated to our senior indebtedness may recover more ratably than the holders of our subordinated debt securities. Subject to the payment in full of all our senior indebtedness, the rights of the holders of our subordinated debt securities will be subrogated to the rights of the holders of our senior indebtedness to receive payments or distributions of cash, our property or securities applicable to our senior indebtedness until the principal of, any premium and interest on, and any additional amounts with respect to, our subordinated debt securities have been paid in full. 16 No payment of principal, including redemption and sinking fund payments, of, or any premium or interest on, or any additional amounts with respect to our subordinated debt securities, or payments to acquire these securities, other than pursuant to their conversion, may be made: o if any of our senior indebtedness is not paid when due and any applicable grace period with respect to the default has ended and the default has not been cured or waived or ceased to exist, or o if the maturity of any of our senior indebtedness has been accelerated because of a default. The subordinated indentures do not limit or prohibit us from incurring additional senior indebtedness, which may include indebtedness that is senior to our subordinated debt securities, but subordinate to our other obligations. The subordinated indentures provide that these subordination provisions, insofar as they relate to any particular issue of our subordinated debt securities, may be changed prior to the issuance. Any change would be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. REPLACEMENT OF DEBT SECURITIES At the expense of the holder, we will replace any debt securities that become mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen or are apparently destroyed, lost or stolen. The mutilated debt securities must be delivered to the applicable securities administrator or agent or satisfactory evidence of the destruction, loss or theft of the debt securities must be delivered to us, Holding, the applicable securities administrator and trustee and any agent. At the expense of the holder, an indemnity that is satisfactory to us and our agents, Holding, the applicable securities administrator and trustee and any agent may be required before a replacement note will be issued. NOTICES Notices to holders of the securities will be given by mailing such notices to each holder by first class mail, postage prepaid, or by overnight delivery, courier or facsimile, at the respective address of each holder as that address appears upon our books. Notices given to the Depository, as holder of the registered debt securities, will be passed on to the beneficial owners of the securities in accordance with the standard rules and procedures of the Depository and its direct and indirect participants. TAX REDEMPTION Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, if we are obligated to pay additional amounts under the applicable indenture as set forth below, we may redeem, in whole but not in part, any of our debt securities issued under that indenture at our option at any time prior to maturity, upon the giving of a notice of redemption as described below, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of those debt securities (or if the debt securities are issued with original issue discount, a portion of the principal, as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement) together with accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption and any additional amounts (as defined below), or at any redemption price otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, if we determine that, as a result of any change in or amendment to the laws affecting taxation after

the date of the relevant prospectus supplement or, if applicable, pricing supplement relating thereto (or any regulations or rulings promulgated thereunder) of The Netherlands or of any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein (or the jurisdiction of residence or incorporation of any successor corporation), or any change in official position regarding the application or interpretation of those laws, regulations or rulings, which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the date of the applicable prospectus supplement or, if applicable, pricing supplement relating thereto, we have or will become obligated to pay additional amounts (as defined below under "-- Payment of Additional Amounts") with respect to any of those debt securities as described below under "-- Payment of Additional Amounts." Prior to the giving of any notice of redemption pursuant to this paragraph, we shall deliver to the applicable trustee and the applicable securities administrator: o a certificate stating that we are entitled to effect the redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to our right to so redeem have occurred; and 16 o an opinion of independent counsel reasonably satisfactory to the applicable trustee and the applicable securities administrator to the effect that we are entitled to effect the redemption based on the statement of facts set forth in the certificate. Notice of redemption will be given not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption, which date and the applicable redemption price will be specified in the notice; PROVIDED that no notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 60 days prior to the earliest date on which we would be obligated to pay the additional amounts if a payment in respect of those debt securities were then due. Notice will be given in accordance with "-- Notices" above. PAYMENT OF ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS Except to the extent otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will, with respect to any of our debt securities and subject to certain exceptions and limitations set forth below, pay such additional amounts (the "additional amounts") to holders of the debt securities as may be necessary in order that the net payment of the principal of the securities and any other amounts payable on the debt securities, after withholding for or on account of any present or future tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon or as a result of such payment by The Netherlands, or the jurisdiction of residence or incorporation of any successor corporation, or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein (a "relevant jurisdiction"), will not be less than the amount provided for in the debt securities to be then due and payable. We will not, however, be required to make any payment of additional amounts for or on account of: o any such tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been so imposed but for (i) the existence of any present or former connection between such holder (or between a fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member or shareholder, if such holder is an estate, a trust, a partnership or a corporation) and The Netherlands and its possessions or any other relevant jurisdiction, including, without limitation, such holder (or such fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member or shareholder) being or having been a citizen or resident thereof, being or having been engaged in a trade or business or present therein or having, or having had, a permanent establishment therein, or (ii) the presentation, where presentation is required, by the holder of a debt security for payment on a date more than 30 days after the date on which such payment became due and payable or the date on which payment thereof is duly provided for, whichever occurs later; o any capital gain, estate, inheritance, gift, sales, transfer or personal property tax or any similar tax, assessment or governmental charge; o any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that is payable otherwise than by withholding from payments on or in respect of the debt securities; o any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that is imposed on a payment to an individual and that is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of November 26-27, 2000 on the taxation of savings income, or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such directives; o any tax, assessment or other governmental charge required to be withheld by any paying agent from any payment of principal or other amounts payable, or interest on the debt securities, to the extent that such payment can be made without such withholding by presentation of the debt securities to any other paying agent; o any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been imposed but for a holder's failure to comply with a request addressed to the holder or, if different, the direct nominee of a beneficiary of the payment, to comply with certification, information or other reporting requirements concerning the nationality, residence or identity of the holder or beneficial owner of securities, if such compliance is required by statute or by regulation of the relevant jurisdiction, as a precondition to relief or exemption from such tax, assessment or other governmental charge; or 17 o any combination of the items listed above; nor shall we pay additional amounts with respect to

any payment on the debt securities to a holder who is a fiduciary, an entity treated as a partnership or any other person that is not the sole beneficial owner of such debt security to the extent such payment would be required by the laws of the relevant jurisdiction to be included in the income, for tax purposes, of a beneficiary or settlor with respect to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership or a beneficial owner who would not have been entitled to the additional amounts had such beneficiary, settlor, member or beneficial owner been the holder of the debt securities. **NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN** The indentures and the debt securities will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York. **INFORMATION CONCERNING THE APPLICABLE TRUSTEE** Information about the applicable indenture trustee for the subordinated indenture will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. The trustee under one indenture may also serve as trustee under the other indenture. We and our subsidiaries maintain ordinary banking relationships and custodial facilities with the trustee under the senior indenture and affiliates of the trustee. **18 FORMS OF SECURITIES** Each debt security will be represented either by a certificate issued in definitive form to a particular investor or by one or more global securities representing the entire issuance of securities. Both certificated securities in definitive form and global securities may be issued in registered form, where our and Holding's obligation runs to the holder of the security named on the face of the security. Definitive securities name you or your nominee as the owner of the security and, in order to transfer or exchange these securities or to receive payments other than interest or other interim payments, you or your nominee must physically deliver the securities to the applicable trustee, registrar, paying agent or other agent, as applicable. Global securities name a depository or its nominee as the owner of the debt securities represented by these global securities. The depository maintains a computerized system that will reflect each investor's beneficial ownership of the securities through an account maintained by the investor with its broker/dealer, bank, trust company or other representative, as we explain more fully below under "--Global Securities." Our obligations, as well as the obligations of the applicable trustee under any indenture and the obligations, if any, of any agents of ours or any agents of such trustee run only to the persons or entities named as holders of the securities in the relevant security register. Neither we nor any applicable trustee, other agent of ours or agent of such trustee have obligations to investors who hold beneficial interest in global securities, in street name or by any other indirect means. Upon making a payment or giving a notice to the holder as required by the terms of that security, we will have no further responsibility for that payment or notice even if that holder is required, under agreements with depository participants or customers or by law, to pass it along to the indirect owners of beneficial interests in that security but does not do so. Similarly, if we want to obtain the approval or consent of the holders of any securities for any purpose, we would seek the approval only from the holders, and not the indirect owners, of the relevant securities. Whether and how the holders contact the indirect owners would be governed by the agreements between such holders and the indirect owners. References to "you" in this prospectus refer to those who invest in the securities being offered by this prospectus, whether they are the direct holders or only indirect owners of beneficial interests in those securities. **REGISTERED GLOBAL SECURITIES** We may issue the registered debt securities in the form of one or more fully registered global securities that will be deposited with a depository or its nominee identified in the applicable prospectus supplement and registered in the name of that depository or its nominee. In those cases, one or more registered global securities will be issued in a denomination or aggregate denominations equal to the portion of the aggregate principal or face amount of the securities to be represented by registered global securities. Unless and until it is exchanged in whole for securities in definitive registered form, a registered global security may not be transferred except as a whole by and among the depository for the registered global security, the nominees of the depository or any successors of the depository or those nominees. We anticipate that the provisions described under "The Depository" below will apply to all depository arrangements, unless otherwise described in the prospectus supplement relating to those securities. **19 THE DEPOSITARY** The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York will be designated as the depository for any registered global security. Each registered global security will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., the depository's nominee. The depository is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The depository holds securities deposited with it by



its direct participants, and it facilitates the settlement of transactions among its direct participants in those securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in participants' accounts, eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. The depositary's direct participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, including the agents, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other organizations, some of whom and/or their representatives own the depositary. Access to the depositary's book-entry system is also available to others, such as both U.S. and non-U.S. brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations, such as the Euroclear operator and Clearstream, Luxembourg, that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly. The rules applicable to the depositary and its participants are on file with the SEC. Purchases of the securities under the depositary's system must be made by or through its direct participants, which will receive a credit for the securities on the depositary's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each security (the "beneficial owner") is in turn to be recorded on the records of direct and indirect participants. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from the depositary of their purchase, but beneficial owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participants through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the securities are to be made by entries on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the securities is discontinued. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all securities deposited with the depositary are registered in the name of the depositary's partnership nominee, Cede & Co, or such other name as may be requested by the depositary. The deposit of securities with the depositary and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee of the depositary do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. The depositary has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the securities; the depositary's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts the securities are credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by the depositary to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Neither the depositary nor Cede & Co. (nor such other nominee of the depositary) will consent or vote with respect to the securities unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with the depositary's procedures. Under its usual procedures, the depositary mails an omnibus proxy to us as soon as possible after the applicable record date. The omnibus proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants identified in a listing attached to the omnibus proxy to whose accounts the securities are credited on the record date. Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the securities will be made to Cede & Co or such other nominee as may be requested by the depositary. The depositary's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts upon the depositary's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from us or any agent of ours, on the date payable in accordance with their respective holdings shown on the depositary's records. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such participant and not of the depositary or its nominee, the applicable trustee, any agent of ours, or us, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payments of 20 redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by the depositary is the responsibility of us or of any paying agent of ours, disbursement of such payments to direct participants will be the responsibility of the depositary, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners will be the responsibility of direct and indirect participants. The depositary may discontinue providing its services as depositary with respect to the securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to us or our agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depositary is not obtained by us within 90 days, security certificates are required to be printed and delivered. In addition, under the terms of the indentures, we may at any time and in our sole discretion decide not to have any of the securities represented by one or more registered global securities. We understand, however, that, under current industry practices, the depositary would notify its

participants of our request, but will only withdraw beneficial interests from a global security at the request of each participant. We would issue definitive certificates in exchange for any such interests withdrawn. Any securities issued in definitive form in exchange for a registered global security will be registered in the name or names that the depositary gives to the relevant trustee, warrant agent, unit agent or other relevant agent of ours or theirs. It is expected that the depositary's instructions will be based upon directions received by the depositary from participants with respect to ownership of beneficial interests in the registered global security that had been held by the depositary. According to the depositary, the foregoing information relating to the depositary has been provided to the financial community for informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as a representation, warranty or contract modification of any kind. The information in this section concerning the depositary and depositary's book-entry system has been obtained from sources we believe to be reliable, but we take no responsibility for the accuracy thereof. The depositary may change or discontinue the foregoing procedures at any time.

**21 PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION** We and Holding may sell the securities being offered by this prospectus in four ways: (1) through selling agents, (2) through underwriters, (3) through dealers and/or (4) directly to purchasers. Any of these selling agents, underwriters or dealers in the United States or outside the United States may include affiliates of ours. We and Holding are offering the securities through LaSalle Financial Services, Inc. and ABN AMRO Incorporated to the extent either or both of them are named in the applicable prospectus supplement. We may designate selling agents from time to time to solicit offers to purchase these securities. We will name any such agent, who may be deemed to be an underwriter as that term is defined in the Securities Act, and state any commissions we are to pay to that agent in the applicable prospectus supplement. That agent will be acting on a reasonable efforts basis for the period of its appointment or, if indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, on a firm commitment basis. If we use any underwriters to offer and sell these securities, we and Holding will enter into an underwriting agreement with those underwriters when we and they determine the offering price of the securities, and we will include the names of the underwriters and the terms of the transaction in the applicable prospectus supplement. If we use a dealer to offer and sell these securities, we will sell the securities to the dealer, as principal, and will name the dealer in the applicable prospectus supplement. The dealer may then resell the securities to the public at varying prices to be determined by that dealer at the time of resale. Our net proceeds will be the purchase price in the case of sales to a dealer, the public offering price less discount in the case of sales to an underwriter or the purchase price less commission in the case of sales through a selling agent -- in each case, less other expenses attributable to issuance and distribution. Offers to purchase securities may be solicited directly by us and the sale of those securities may be made by us directly to institutional investors or others, who may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 with respect to any resale of those securities. The terms of any sales of this type will be described in the related prospectus supplement. One or more firms, referred to as "remarketing firms," may also offer or sell the securities, if the prospectus supplement so indicates, in connection with a remarketing arrangement upon their purchase. Remarketing firms will act as principals for their own accounts or as agents for Holding, us or any of our subsidiaries. These remarketing firms will offer or sell the securities in accordance with a redemption or repayment pursuant to the terms of the securities. The prospectus supplement will identify any remarketing firm and the terms of its agreement, if any, with Holding, us or any of our subsidiaries and will describe the remarketing firm's compensation. Remarketing firms may be deemed to be underwriters in connection with the securities they remarket. In order to facilitate the offering of these securities, the underwriters may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of these securities or any other securities the prices of which may be used to determine payments on these securities. Specifically, the underwriters may sell more securities than they are obligated to purchase in connection with the offering, creating a short position for their own accounts. A short sale is covered if the short position is no greater than the number or amount of securities available for purchase by the underwriters under any over-allotment option. The underwriters can close out a covered short sale by exercising the over-allotment option or purchasing these securities in the open market. In determining the source of securities to close out a covered short sale, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the open market price of these securities compared to the price available under the over-allotment option. The underwriters may also sell these securities or any other securities in excess of the over-allotment option, creating a naked short position. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing securities in the open market.

A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of these securities in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. As an additional means of facilitating the offering, the underwriters may bid for, and purchase, these securities or any other securities in the open market to stabilize the price of these securities or of any other securities. Finally, in any offering of the securities through a syndicate of underwriters, the underwriting syndicate may also reclaim selling concessions allowed to an underwriter or a dealer for distributing these securities in the offering, if the syndicate repurchases previously distributed securities to cover syndicate short positions or to stabilize the price of these securities. Any of these activities may raise or maintain the market price of these securities above independent market levels or prevent or retard a decline in the market price of these securities. The underwriters are not required to engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time. Selling agents, underwriters, dealers and remarketing firms may be entitled under agreements with us to indemnification by us against some civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, and may be customers of, engage in transactions with or perform services for us in the ordinary course of business. If so indicated in the prospectus supplement, we will authorize selling agents, underwriters or dealers to solicit offers by some purchasers to purchase debt securities from us at the public offering price stated in the prospectus supplement under delayed delivery contracts providing for payment and delivery on a specified date in the future. These contracts will be subject only to those conditions described in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will state the commission payable for solicitation of these offers. Any underwriter, selling agent or dealer utilized in the initial offering of securities will not confirm sales to accounts over which it exercises discretionary authority without the prior specific written approval of its customer. To the extent an initial offering of the securities will be distributed by an affiliate of ours each such offering of securities will be conducted in compliance with the requirements of Rule 2720 of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., which is commonly referred to as the NASD, regarding a NASD member firm's distribution of securities of an affiliate. Following the initial distribution of any of these securities, affiliates of ours may offer and sell these securities in the course of their businesses as broker-dealers. Such affiliates may act as principals or agents in these transactions and may make any sales at varying prices related to prevailing market prices at the time of sale or otherwise. Such affiliates may also use this prospectus in connection with these transactions. None of our affiliates is obligated to make a market in any of these securities and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice. Underwriting discounts and commissions on securities sold in the initial distribution will not exceed 8% of the offering proceeds. **SELLING RESTRICTIONS EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA SECURITIES THAT QUALIFY AS SECURITIES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PROSPECTUS DIRECTIVE.** To the extent that the debt securities qualify as securities within the meaning of the Prospectus Directive, the following selling restriction shall apply: In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State"), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the "Relevant Implementation Date") the debt securities will be offered to the public in that Relevant Member State of the European Economic Area, except that the debt securities may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, be offered to the public in that Relevant Member State: (a) in (or in Germany, where the offer starts within) the period beginning on the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to those debt securities which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive and ending on the date which is 12 months after the date of such publication; (b) at any time to legal entities which are authorised or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorised or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities; (c) at any time to any legal entity which has two or more of (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than (euro)43,000,000 and (3) an annual net turnover of more than (euro)50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts; or (d) at any time in any other circumstances which do not require the publication by us of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive. For the purposes of this provision, the expression "an offer of debt securities to the public" in relation to any debt securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means

of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the debt securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the debt securities, as the same may be varied in that Relevant Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State. **SECURITIES THAT DO NOT QUALIFY AS SECURITIES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PROSPECTUS DIRECTIVE.** To the extent that the debt securities do not qualify as securities within the meaning of the Prospectus Directive, the following selling restriction shall apply: The debt securities are offered exclusively to individuals and legal entities who or which: (1) are professional investors (which includes, without limitation, banks, securities firms, insurance companies, pension funds, investment institutions, central governments, large international and supranational organisations, other institutional investors and other parties, including treasury departments of commercial enterprises, which as an ancillary activity regularly trade or invest in securities, hereafter "Professional Investors") situated in The Netherlands; or (2) are established, domiciled or have their residence (collectively, "are resident") outside the Netherlands; provided that (A) the offer, the applicable prospectus supplement and pricing supplement and each announcement of the offer states that the offer is and will only be made to persons or entities who are professional investors situated in The Netherlands or who are not resident in The Netherlands, (B) the offer, the prospectus, the applicable prospectus supplement and pricing supplement and each announcement of the offer comply with the laws and regulations of any state where persons to whom the offer is made are resident and (C) a statement by us that those laws and regulations are complied with is submitted to the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (STICHTING AUTORITEIT FINANCIËLE MARKTEN; the "AFM") before the offer is made and is included in the applicable prospectus supplement and pricing supplement and each such announcement. **24 LEGAL MATTERS** Davis Polk & Wardwell will pass upon the validity of the offered securities with respect to United States Federal and New York law. Clifford Chance Limited Liability Partnership will pass upon the validity of the offered securities with respect to Dutch law. Davis Polk & Wardwell has in the past represented Holding and its affiliates, including us, and continues to represent Holding and its affiliates on a regular basis and in a variety of matters. **25 EXPERTS** The consolidated financial statements and the related financial statement schedules of Holding incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2005 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of Ernst & Young, independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of the firm as experts in accounting and auditing. **26 BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR CONSIDERATIONS** A fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan subject to the Employment Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), including entities such as collective investment funds, partnerships and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans (collectively, "ERISA Plans") should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA in the context of the ERISA Plans' particular circumstances before authorizing an investment in the debt securities. Among other factors, the fiduciary should consider whether the investment would satisfy the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA and would be consistent with the documents and instruments governing the ERISA Plan. Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit ERISA Plans, as well as individual retirement accounts and Keogh plans subject to Section 4975 of the Code (together with ERISA Plans, "Plans"), from engaging in certain transactions involving the "plan assets" with persons who are "parties in interest" under ERISA or "disqualified persons" under the Code ("Parties in Interest") with respect to such Plans. As a result of our business, we and/or certain of our affiliates are each a Party in Interest with respect to many Plans. Where we are a Party in Interest with respect to a Plan (either directly or by reason of ownership of our subsidiaries), the purchase and holding of the debt securities by or on behalf of the Plan would be a prohibited transaction under Section 406(a)(1) of ERISA and Section 4975(c)(1) of the Code, unless exemptive relief were available under an applicable administrative exemption (as described below). Accordingly, the debt securities may not be purchased or held by any Plan, any entity whose underlying assets include "plan assets" by reason of any Plan's investment in the entity (a "Plan Asset Entity") or any person investing "plan assets" of any Plan, unless such purchaser or holder is eligible for the exemptive relief available under Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption ("PTCE") 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14 issued by the U.S. Department of Labor or the service provider exemption provided by new Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code. Unless the applicable

prospectus supplement explicitly provides otherwise, each purchaser or holder of the debt securities or any interest therein will be deemed to have represented by its purchase of the debt securities that (a) its purchase and holding of the debt securities is not made on behalf of or with "plan assets" of any Plan or (b) its purchase and holding of the debt securities will not result in a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code. Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans (as defined in Section 3(32) of ERISA), certain church plans (as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA) and non-U.S. plans (as described in Section 4(b)(4) of ERISA) are not subject to these "prohibited transaction" rules of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, but may be subject to similar rules under other applicable laws or documents ("Similar Laws").

Accordingly, each purchaser or holder of the debt securities shall be required to represent (and deemed to constitute a representation) that such purchase and holding is not prohibited under applicable Similar Laws. Due to the complexity of the applicable rules, it is particularly important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing the debt securities on behalf of or with "plan assets" of any Plan consult with their counsel regarding the relevant provisions of ERISA, the Code or any Similar Laws and the availability of exemptive relief under PTCE 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14 or the service provider exemption under Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code. Each purchaser and holder of the debt securities has exclusive responsibility for ensuring that its purchase and holding of the debt securities does not violate the fiduciary or prohibited transaction rules of ERISA, the Code or any Similar Laws. The sale of any debt securities to any Plan is in no respect a representation by us or any of our affiliates or representatives that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by Plans generally or any particular Plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for Plans generally or any particular Plan. 27

**ENFORCEMENT OF CIVIL LIABILITIES** We and Holding are organized under the laws of The Netherlands and the members of our and Holding's Supervisory Board, with two exceptions, and our and Holding's Managing Board are residents of The Netherlands or other countries outside the United States. Although we and some of our affiliates, including LaSalle Bank, have substantial assets in the United States, substantially all of our and Holding's assets and the assets of the members of the respective Supervisory Boards and Managing Boards are located outside the United States. As a result, it may not be possible for investors to effect service of process within the United States upon us, Holding or these persons or to enforce against us, Holding or these persons judgments of U.S. courts predicated upon the civil liability provisions of U.S. securities laws. The United States and The Netherlands do not currently have a treaty providing for reciprocal recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters. Therefore, a final judgment for the payment of money rendered by any federal or state court in the United States based on civil liability, whether or not predicated solely upon U.S. federal securities laws, would not be enforceable in The Netherlands. However, if the party in whose favor such judgment is rendered brings a new suit in a competent court in The Netherlands, that party may submit to a Dutch court the final judgment which has been rendered in the United States, in which case the Dutch court may give such effect to this judgment as it deems appropriate. If the Dutch court finds that the jurisdiction of the federal or state court in the United States has been based on grounds that are internationally acceptable and that the final judgment concerned results from proceedings compatible with Dutch concepts of due process, to the extent that the Dutch court is of the opinion that reasonableness and fairness so require, the Dutch court would, in principle, under current practice, recognize the final judgment that has been rendered in the United States and generally grant the same claim without relitigation on the merits, unless the consequences of the recognition of such judgment contravene public policy in The Netherlands or conflicts with an existing Dutch judgment. 28 -----

**YOU SHOULD RELY ONLY ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED OR INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT, THE PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT AND THE PROSPECTUS. WE HAVE NOT AUTHORIZED ANYONE ELSE TO PROVIDE YOU WITH DIFFERENT OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. WE ARE OFFERING TO SELL THESE SECURITIES AND SEEKING OFFERS TO BUY THESE SECURITIES ONLY IN JURISDICTIONS WHERE OFFERS AND SALES ARE PERMITTED. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT OR THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT AND PROSPECTUS, NOR ANY SALE MADE HEREUNDER AND THEREUNDER SHALL, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE AFFAIRS OF ABN AMRO BANK N.V.**

OR ABN AMRO HOLDING N.V. SINCE THE DATE HEREOF OR THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED OR INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE HEREIN IS CORRECT AS OF ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE OF SUCH INFORMATION.

----- TABLE OF CONTENTS PRICING

SUPPLEMENT PAGE ---- Summary of Pricing Supplement.....	PS-3 Risk Factors.....
PS-8 Hypothetical Sensitivity Analysis of Total Return of the Securities at Maturity.....	PS-12
Incorporation of Documents by Reference.....	PS-14 Public Information Regarding the Underlying Shares.....
PS-15 Description of Securities.....	PS-17 Use of Proceeds.....
PS-26 Taxation.....	PS-26 Plan of Distribution.....
PS-27 PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT PAGE ---- About This Prospectus Supplement.....	S-1 Risk Factors.....
S-2 Description of Notes.....	S-4 Taxation in the Netherlands.....
S-24 United States Federal Taxation.....	S-25 Plan of Distribution.....
S-34 Legal Matters.....	S-36
PROSPECTUS PAGE ---- About This Prospectus.....	1 Where You Can Find Additional Information... 2 Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Statements.....
3 Consolidated Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges.....	4 ABN AMRO Bank N.V. ....
5 ABN AMRO Holding N.V. ....	6 Use of Proceeds.....
7 Description of Debt Securities.....	8 Forms of Securities.....
19 The Depositary.....	20 Plan of Distribution.....
22 Legal Matters.....	25 Experts.....
26 Benefit Plan Investor Considerations.....	27 Enforcement of Civil Liabilities.....
28	

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ABN AMRO BANK N.V. \$4,800,000 FULLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED BY ABN AMRO HOLDING N.V. 14.25% (ANNUALIZED) KNOCK-IN REVERSE EXCHANGEABLE SECURITIES DUE NOVEMBER 28, 2008 LINKED TO COMMON STOCK OF WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC. PRICING SUPPLEMENT (TO PROSPECTUS DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2006 AND PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2006) ABN AMRO INCORPORATED

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