Cole Credit Property Trust II Inc Form 10-Q May 15, 2012 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 000-51963

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of

20-1676382 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification Number)

2325 East Camelback Road, Suite 1100

Phoenix, Arizona, 85016 (Address of principal executive offices; zip code)

(602) 778-8700 (Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer x (Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

As of May 14, 2012, there were 209,622,273 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01, of Cole Credit Property Trust II, Inc. outstanding.

Signatures

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

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PART I

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited interim financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2012 have been prepared by Cole Credit Property Trust II, Inc. (the Company, we, us or our) pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) regarding interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for complete financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. The financial statements herein should also be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results expected for the full year. The information furnished in our accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited balance sheets and condensed consolidated unaudited statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders equity, and cash flows reflects all adjustments that are, in our opinion, necessary for a fair presentation of the aforementioned financial statements. Such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

Forward-looking statements that were true at the time made may ultimately prove to be incorrect or false. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which reflect our management s view only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We make no representation or warranty (expressed or implied) about the accuracy of any such forward-looking statements contained in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results. The forward-looking statements should be read in light of the risk factors identified in the Item 1A Risk Factors section of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Ma	arch 31, 2012	Dece	mber 31, 2011
ASSETS				
Investment in real estate assets:				
Land	\$	863,257	\$	863,257
Buildings and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of \$253,900 and \$238,688,				
respectively		1,945,603		1,959,922
Real estate assets under direct financing leases, less unearned income of \$12,870 and \$13,342,				
respectively		35,741		35,999
Acquired intangible lease assets, less accumulated amortization of \$136,624 and \$128,544,		217.622		
respectively		315,633		323,298
Total investment in real estate assets, net		3,160,234		3,182,476
Investment in mortgage notes receivable, net		75,946		76,745
		2 22 (100		2 2 2 2 2 2 4
Total investment in real estate and mortgage assets, net		3,236,180		3,259,221
Cash and cash equivalents		29,396		53,205
Restricted cash		9,777		11,811
Investment in unconsolidated joint venture		21,617		22,334
Rents and tenant receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$352 and \$547,		58,674		57.402
respectively				57,403
Prepaid expenses and other assets Deferred financing costs, less accumulated amortization of \$19,256 and \$17,751, respectively		3,296 20,843		3,739
Deferred financing costs, less accumulated amortization of \$19,250 and \$17,751, respectively		20,843		22,609
Total assets	\$	3,379,783	\$	3,430,322
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Notes payable and line of credit	\$	1,745,757	\$	1,767,591
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		16,146		16,100
Due to affiliates		1,660		1,069
Acquired below market lease intangibles, less accumulated amortization of \$45,626 and				
\$42,880, respectively		127,934		130,680
Distributions payable		11,127		11,157
Deferred rental income, derivative and other liabilities		13,380		17,530
Total liabilities		1,916,004		1,944,127
Commitments and contingencies				
Redeemable common stock		14,584		14,482
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 240,000,000 shares authorized, 210,164,068 and 210,151,692				
shares issued and outstanding, respectively		2,102		2,101
Capital in excess of par value		1,883,098		1,882,971
Accumulated distributions in excess of earnings		(432,662)		(409,801)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,343)		(3,558)

Total stockholders equity	1,449,195	1,471,713
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 3,379,783 \$	3,430,322

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	,	Three Months E 2012	rch 31, 2011	
Revenues:				
Rental and other property income	\$	65,004	\$	60,983
Tenant reimbursement income		4,524		4,787
Earned income from direct financing leases		472		486
Interest income on mortgage notes receivable		1,565		1,621
Interest income on marketable securities				1,938
Total revenue		71,565		69,815
Expenses:				
General and administrative expenses		2,228		2,002
Property operating expenses		5,765		5,812
Property and asset management expenses		4,661		4,356
Acquisition related expenses		17		362
Depreciation Penace expenses		15,212		14,657
Amortization		6,982		7,397
Amortization		0,962		1,391
Total operating expenses		34,865		34,586
Operating income		36,700		35,229
Other income (expense):		120		160
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures and other income		128		168
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(07.005)		7,859
Interest expense		(27,025)		(26,521)
Total other expense		(26,897)		(18,494)
Net income	\$	9,803	\$	16,735
Weighted aggregation of common phase outstanding				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: Basic	21	0,176,186	209	9,271,540
		, , , , , , ,		, , ,
Diluted	21	0,177,282	209	9,271,540
Net income per common share:				
Basic and diluted	\$	0.05	\$	0.08
Distributions declared per common share:	ф	0.16	¢.	0.15
Basic and diluted	\$	0.16	\$	0.15

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands)

	Thr	ee Months I 2012	Ended 1	March 31, 2011
Net Income	\$	9,803	\$	16,735
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized loss on marketable securities				(1,713)
Reclassification of previous unrealized gain on marketable securities into net income				(7,748)
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps		215		258
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		215		(9,203)
Comprehensive income	\$	10,018	\$	7,532

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(in thousands, except share amounts)

	Common S	Stock	Capital in	Accumulated Distributions	Accumulated Other	Total
	Number of Shares	Par Value	Excess of Par Value	in Excess of Earnings	Comprehensive Loss	Stockholders Equity
Balance, January 1, 2012	210,151,692	\$ 2,101	\$ 1,882,971	\$ (409,801)	\$ (3,558)	\$ 1,471,713
Issuance of common stock	1,559,836	16	14,568			14,584
Distributions to investors				(32,664)		(32,664)
Redemptions of common stock	(1,547,460)	(15)	(14,339)			(14,354)
Changes in redeemable common stock			(102)			(102)
Comprehensive income				9,803	215	10,018
Balance, March 31, 2012	210,164,068	\$ 2,102	\$ 1,883,098	\$ (432,662)	\$ (3,343)	\$ 1,449,195

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	Th	ree Months E 2012	nded	March 31, 2011
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$	9,803	\$	16,735
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		15,212		14,657
Amortization of intangible lease assets and below market lease intangibles, net		5,334		6,045
Amortization of deferred financing costs		1,766		1,679
Amortization of premiums on mortgage notes receivable		179		173
Accretion of discount on marketable securities				(684)
Amortization of fair value adjustments of mortgage notes payable assumed		470		478
Bad debt expense		57		18
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures		(121)		(153)
Return on investment from unconsolidated joint ventures		121		226
Gain on sale of marketable securities				(7,859)
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Rents and tenant receivables		(1,328)		(1,457)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		443		981
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		46		(392)
Due to affiliates, deferred rental income and other liabilities		(3,344)		(4,379)
Net cash provided by operating activities		28,638		26,068
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment in real estate and related assets and other capital expenditures Proceeds from sale of marketable securities Principal repayments from mortgage notes receivable and real estate assets under direct financing leases Return of investment from unconsolidated joint ventures		(1,308) 878 717		(22,765) 20,206 809 1,011
Payment of property escrow deposits		/1/		(1,150)
Change in restricted cash		2,034		997
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		2,321		(892)
Cash flows from financing activities:		(1.4.25.4)		(11.002)
Redemptions of common stock		(14,354)		(11,903)
Distributions to investors		(18,110)		(17,351)
Proceeds from notes payable, line of credit and repurchase agreement		37,000		37,189
Repayment of notes payable, line of credit and repurchase agreement Deferred financing costs paid		(59,304)		(44,265) (409)
Net cash used in financing activities		(54,768)		(36,739)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(23,809)		(11,563)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		53,205		45,791
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	29,396	\$	34,228

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2012

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Cole Credit Property Trust II, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation formed on September 29, 2004, that has elected to be taxed, and currently qualifies, as a real estate investment trust (REIT) for federal income tax purposes. Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Cole Operating Partnership II, LP (Cole OP II), a Delaware limited partnership. The Company is the sole general partner of and owns a 99.99% partnership interest in Cole OP II. Cole REIT Advisors II, LLC (Cole Advisors II), the advisor to the Company, is the sole limited partner and owner of an insignificant noncontrolling partnership interest of less than 0.01% of Cole OP II.

As of March 31, 2012, the Company owned 753 properties comprising 21.2 million rentable square feet of single and multi-tenant retail and commercial space located in 45 states and the U.S. Virgin Islands. As of March 31, 2012, the rentable space at these properties was 96% leased. As of March 31, 2012, the Company also owned 69 mortgage notes receivable secured by 43 restaurant properties and 26 single-tenant retail properties, each of which is subject to a net lease. Through an unconsolidated joint venture, the Company also had a non-controlling majority interest in a 386,000 square foot multi-tenant retail building in Independence, Missouri as of March 31, 2012.

The Company ceased offering shares of common stock in its initial primary offering (the Initial Offering) on May 22, 2007, and ceased offering shares of common stock in its follow-on offering (the Follow-on Offering) on January 2, 2009. The Company continues to issue shares of common stock under its distribution reinvestment plan (the DRIP Offering), and collectively with the Initial Offering and the Follow-on Offering, the Offerings). As of March 31, 2012, the Company had issued approximately 226.6 million shares of common stock in its Offerings for aggregate gross proceeds of \$2.2 billion (including proceeds from the issuance of shares pursuant to the DRIP Offering of \$218.8 million), before share redemptions of \$149.1 million. As of March 31, 2012, the Company had incurred an aggregate of \$188.3 million in offering costs, selling commissions, and dealer manager fees in the Offerings.

The Company s stock is not currently listed on a national securities exchange. The Company may seek to list its common stock for trading on a national securities exchange only if a majority of its independent directors believes listing would be in the best interest of its stockholders. The Company disclosed in its prospectus a targeted liquidity event by May 22, 2017 and in the event it does not obtain listing prior to such date, its charter requires that it either (1) seek stockholder approval of an extension or elimination of this listing deadline; or (2) seek stockholder approval to adopt a plan of liquidation. If neither proposal is approved, the Company may continue to operate as before. On June 28, 2011, the Company disclosed that its sponsor, Cole Real Estate Investments, is actively exploring options to successfully exit the Company s portfolio. The potential exit strategies the Company is evaluating include, but are not limited to, a sale of the Company or all or a portion of its portfolio, a merger or other business combination, or a listing of the Company s stock on a national securities exchange. The targeted liquidity date has not yet occurred, and the Company has not finalized a plan for, or had, a liquidity event.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC, including the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X, and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the statements for the interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for these interim periods are not necessarily indicative of full year results. The information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the Company s audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, and related notes thereto set forth in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

The accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company is required to continually evaluate its variable interest entity (VIE) relationships and consolidate investments in these entities when it is determined to be the primary beneficiary of their operations. A VIE is broadly defined as an entity where either (1) the equity investors as a group, if any, lack the power through voting or similar rights to direct the activities of an entity that most significantly impact the

entity s economic performance or (2) the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance that entity s activities without additional subordinated financial support.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

A variable interest holder is considered to be the primary beneficiary of a VIE if it has the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impact the entity seconomic performance and has the obligation to absorb losses of, or the right to receive benefits from, the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company qualitatively assesses whether it is or is not the primary beneficiary of a VIE. Consideration of various factors include, but are not limited to, the Company sability to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity seconomic performance, its form of ownership interest, its representation on the entity seconomic body, the size and seniority of its investment, its ability and the rights of other investors to participate in policy making decisions and to replace the manager of and/or liquidate the entity.

The Company continually evaluates the need to consolidate its joint venture based on standards set forth in GAAP. In determining whether the Company has a controlling interest in its joint venture and the requirement to consolidate the accounts of that entity, management considers factors such as ownership interest, power to make decisions and contractual and substantive participating rights of the partners/members as well as whether the entity is a VIE for which the Company is the primary beneficiary.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Valuation of Real Estate and Related Assets

The Company continually monitors events and changes in circumstances that could indicate that the carrying amounts of its real estate and related assets may not be recoverable. Impairment indicators that the Company considers include, but are not limited to, bankruptcy or other credit concerns of a property s major tenant, such as a history of late payments, rental concessions, and other factors, a significant decrease in a property s revenues due to lease terminations, vacancies, co-tenancy clauses, reduced lease rates or other circumstances. When indicators of potential impairment are present, the Company assesses the recoverability of the assets by determining whether the carrying value of the assets will be recovered through the undiscounted future cash flows expected from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition. In the event that such expected undiscounted future cash flows do not exceed the carrying value, the Company will adjust the real estate and related assets to their respective fair values and recognize an impairment loss. Generally fair value is determined using a discounted cash flow analysis and recent comparable sales transactions.

The Company continually monitors certain properties for which it has identified impairment indicators. As of March 31, 2012, the Company had seven properties with an aggregate book value of \$53.5 million for which it had assessed the recoverability of the carrying values. For each of these properties, the undiscounted future cash flows expected as a result of the use of the real estate and related assets and the eventual disposition of the assets continued to exceed their carrying value as of March 31, 2012. Should the conditions related to any of these, or any of the Company s other properties change, the underlying assumptions used to determine the expected undiscounted future cash flows may change and adversely affect the recoverability of the respective real estate and related assets carrying value. No impairment losses were recorded during each of the three months ended March 31, 2012 or 2011.

When developing estimates of future cash flows, the Company makes assumptions such as future market rental income amounts subsequent to the expiration of current lease agreements, property operating expenses, terminal capitalization and discount rates, the number of months needed to re-lease the property, required tenant improvements and the number of years the property will be held for investment. The use of alternative assumptions in estimating future cash flows could result in a different assessment of the property s future cash flows and a different conclusion regarding the existence of an impairment, the extent of such loss, if any, as well as the fair value of the real estate and related assets.

When a real estate asset is identified as held for sale, the Company will cease depreciation and amortization of the assets and estimate the fair value, net of selling costs. If, in management s opinion, the fair value, net of selling costs, is less than the carrying value of the asset, an adjustment to the carrying value would be recorded to reflect the estimated fair value of the property, net of selling costs. There were no

properties identified as held for sale as of March 31, 2012 or December 31, 2011.

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of March 31, 2012, the Company had cash on deposit, including restricted cash, in four financial institutions, all of which had deposits in excess of federally insured limits totaling \$12.2 million; however, the Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company limits significant cash on deposit to accounts held by financial institutions with high credit standing; therefore, the Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its cash deposits.

Investment in Unconsolidated Joint Venture

Investment in unconsolidated joint venture as of March 31, 2012 consisted of the Company s non-controlling majority interest in a joint venture that owns a multi-tenant property in Independence, Missouri. Consolidation of this investment is not required as the entity does not qualify as a VIE and does not meet the requirements for consolidation, as defined by GAAP. Both the Company and the joint venture partner must approve decisions about the joint venture s activities that significantly influence the economic performance of the joint venture. As of March 31, 2012, the aggregate carrying value of assets held within the unconsolidated joint venture was \$58.6 million and the face value of the non-recourse mortgage note payable was \$34.0 million. As of December 31, 2011, the aggregate carrying value of assets held within the unconsolidated joint ventures was \$59.3 million and the face value of the non-recourse mortgage notes payable was \$34.1 million.

The Company accounts for its unconsolidated joint venture using the equity method of accounting. The equity method of accounting requires investments to be initially recorded at cost and subsequently adjusted for the Company s share of equity in the joint venture s earnings and distributions. The Company evaluates the carrying amount of its investments for impairment which requires the unconsolidated joint venture to be evaluated for potential impairment if the carrying amount of the investment exceeds its estimated fair value. An impairment charge is recorded when an impairment is deemed to be other than temporary. To determine whether impairment is other-than-temporary, the Company considers whether it has the ability and intent to hold the investment until the carrying value is fully recovered. The evaluation of an investment in a joint venture for potential impairment requires the Company s management to exercise significant judgment and to make certain assumptions. The use of different judgments and assumptions could result in different conclusions. No impairment losses were recorded related to the unconsolidated joint ventures for the three months ended March 31, 2012 or 2011. The Company recognizes gains on the sale of interests in joint ventures to the extent the economic substance of the transaction is a sale.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the U.S. Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-05, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income* (ASU 2011-05). ASU 2011-05 requires the presentation of comprehensive income in either (1) a continuous statement of comprehensive income or (2) two separate but consecutive statements. ASU 2011-05 became effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2012, and its provisions were applied to the condensed consolidated unaudited statements of operations and comprehensive income.

NOTE 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. GAAP emphasizes that fair value is intended to be a market-based measurement, as opposed to a transaction-specific measurement.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Depending on the nature of the asset or liability, various techniques and assumptions can be used to estimate the fair value. Assets and liabilities are measured using inputs from three levels of the fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date. An active market is defined as a market in which transactions for the assets or liabilities occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

Level 2 Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active (markets with few transactions), inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (i.e. interest rates, yield curves, etc.), and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).

Level 3 Unobservable inputs, only used to the extent that observable inputs are not available, reflect the Company s assumptions about the pricing of an asset or liability.

The following describes the methods the Company uses to estimate the fair value of the Company s financial assets and liabilities:

Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, rents and tenant receivables, and accounts payable and accrued expenses The Company considers the carrying values of these financial assets and liabilities to approximate fair value because of the short period of time between their origination and their expected realization.

Mortgage notes receivable The fair value is estimated by discounting the expected cash flows on the notes at rates at which management believes similar loans would be made as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011. The estimated fair value of these notes was \$86.0 million and \$85.3 million as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, as compared to the carrying value of \$75.9 million and \$76.7 million as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The fair value of the Company s mortgage notes receivable is estimated using Level 2 inputs.

Notes payable and line of credit The fair value is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on estimated borrowing rates available to the Company as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011. The estimated fair value of the notes payable and line of credit was \$1.8 billion as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, as compared to the carrying value of \$1.7 billion and \$1.8 billion, as of as March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The fair value of the Company s notes payable and line of credit is estimated using Level 2 inputs.

Derivative Instruments The Company s derivative instruments represent interest rate swaps. All derivative instruments are carried at fair value and are valued using Level 2 inputs. The fair value of these instruments is determined using interest rate market pricing models. The Company includes the impact of credit valuation adjustments on derivative instruments measured at fair value.

Considerable judgment is necessary to develop estimated fair values of financial instruments. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize, or be liable for, on disposition of the financial instruments.

In accordance with the fair value hierarchy described above, the following table shows the fair value of the Company s financial liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	nce as of h 31, 2012	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Liabilities:					
Interest rate swaps	\$ 3,343	\$	\$	3,343	\$

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

In accordance with the fair value hierarchy described above, the following table shows the fair value of the Company s financial liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	nce as of per 31, 2011	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Observ	cant Other vable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Liabilities:					
Interest rate swaps	\$ 3,558	\$	\$	3,558	\$

The following table shows a reconciliation of the change in fair value of the Company s financial assets and liabilities with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands):

	Three month	Three months ended March 2012		
			2011	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	\$	81,995	
Total gains or losses				
Realized gain included in earnings			(7,748)	
Unrealized loss included in other comprehensive income			(1,713)	
Purchases, issuances, settlements, sales and accretion				
Purchases				
Issuances				
Settlements				
Sales			(12,347)	
Accretion of discount included in earnings			684	
Balance at end of period	\$	\$	60,871	

NOTE 4 INVESTMENT IN DIRECT FINANCING LEASES

The components of investment in direct financing leases as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were as follows (in thousands):

	Marc	ch 31, 2012	Decemb	er 31, 2011
Minimum lease payments receivable	\$	20,757	\$	21,487
Estimated residual value of leased assets		27,854		27,854
Unearned income		(12,870)		(13,342)
Total	\$	35,741	\$	35,999

NOTE 5 REAL ESTATE ACQUISITIONS

2012 Property Acquisitions

The Company made no property acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

2011 Property Acquisitions

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company acquired a 100% interest in two commercial properties for an aggregate purchase price of \$8.7 million (the 2011 Acquisitions). The Company purchased the 2011 Acquisitions with a combination of proceeds from the DRIP Offering, cash flows from operations and net proceeds from borrowings. The Company allocated the purchase price of the 2011 Acquisitions to the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The following table summarizes the purchase price allocation (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011		
Land	\$	2,225	
Building and improvements		5,058	
Acquired in-place leases		1,289	
Acquired above-market leases		98	
Total purchase price	\$	8,670	

The Company recorded revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011 of \$85,000 and a net loss of \$213,000 related to the 2011 Acquisitions. In addition, the Company expensed \$362,000 of acquisition costs for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

2011 Other Investment in Real Estate

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company paid a tenant improvement allowance of \$12.0 million for an expansion and improvements to an existing property, including the conversion of an existing warehouse into office space and the construction of a parking area, for which the Company will receive additional rents. Such costs were capitalized to buildings and improvements and will be depreciated over their estimated useful life.

NOTE 6 INVESTMENT IN MORTGAGE NOTES RECEIVABLE

As of March 31, 2012, the Company owned 69 mortgage notes receivable, which were secured by 43 restaurant properties and 26 single-tenant retail properties (each, a Mortgage Note , and collectively, the Mortgage Notes). As of March 31, 2012, the Mortgage Notes balance of \$75.9 million consisted of the face amount of the Mortgage Notes of \$70.0 million, a \$6.9 million premium, \$2.0 million of acquisition costs, and was net of accumulated amortization of premium and acquisition costs of \$3.0 million. As of December 31, 2011, the Mortgage Notes balance of \$76.7 million consisted of the face amount of the Mortgage Notes of \$70.6 million, a \$6.9 million premium, \$2.0 million of acquisition costs, and was net of accumulated amortization of premium and acquisition costs of \$2.8 million. The premium and acquisition costs are amortized into interest income over the term of each Mortgage Note using the effective interest rate method. The Mortgage Notes mature on various dates from August 1, 2020 to January 1, 2021. Interest and principal are due each month at interest rates ranging from 8.60% to 10.47% per annum with a weighted average interest rate of 9.89%. There were no amounts past due as of March 31, 2012.

The Company evaluates the collectability of both interest and principal on each Mortgage Note to determine whether it is collectible, primarily through the evaluation of credit quality indicators, such as underlying collateral and payment history. No impairment losses were recorded related to the Mortgage Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2012 or 2011. In addition, no allowances for uncollectability were recorded related to the Mortgage Notes as of March 31, 2012 or December 31, 2011.

NOTE 7 MARKETABLE SECURITIES

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company sold two of its investments in commercial mortgage backed securities (CMBS) for \$20.2 million, and realized a gain on the sale of \$7.9 million. Realized gains and losses from the sale of available-for-sale securities are determined on a specific identification basis. The Company had no investments in CMBS as of March 31, 2012.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

NOTE 8 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

In the normal course of business, the Company uses certain types of derivative instruments for the purpose of managing or hedging its interest rate risks. The table below summarizes the notional amount and fair value of the Company s derivative instruments (in thousands):

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments	Balance Sheet Location	Notional Amount	Interest Rate	Effective Date	Maturity Date		e of Liability December 31, 2011
Interest Rate Swap	Deferred rental income,						
	derivative and other liabilities	\$ 31,875	6.2%	11/4/2008	10/31/2012	\$ (634)	\$ (869)
Interest Rate Swap	Deferred rental income,						
	derivative and other liabilities	14,847	6.2%	6/12/2009	6/11/2012	(79)	(172)
Interest Rate Swap	Deferred rental income,						
	derivative and other liabilities	7,070	5.8%	2/20/2009	3/1/2016	(481)	(497)
Interest Rate Swap	Deferred rental income,						
•	derivative and other liabilities	30,000	6.0%	11/24/2009	10/16/2012	(236)	(310)
Interest Rate Swap	Deferred rental income,						
•	derivative and other liabilities	111,111	4.9%(1)	2/28/2011	11/30/2013	(1,673)	(1,558)
Interest Rate Swap	Deferred rental income		· í				
•	derivative and other liabilities	38,250	3.5%	9/26/2011	9/26/2014	(240)	(152)
		,				,	,
		\$ 233,153				\$ (3,343)	\$ (3,558)

Accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative instrument depends on the intended use and the designation of the derivative instrument. The change in fair value of the effective portion of the derivative instrument that is designated as a hedge is recorded in other comprehensive income. The Company designated the interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges, to hedge the variability of the anticipated cash flows on its variable rate notes payable. The changes in fair value for derivative instruments that are not designated as a hedge or that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria of GAAP, are recorded as a gain or loss in earnings.

⁽¹⁾ The interest rate consists of the underlying index swapped to a fixed rate and the applicable interest rate spread.

Additional disclosures related to the fair value of the Company s derivative instruments are included in Note 3 to these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements. The notional amount under the agreements is an indication of the extent of the Company s involvement in each instrument, but does not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks.

COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

The following table summarizes the unrealized gains on the Company s derivative instruments and hedging activities (in thousands):

	Amount of Gain Reco	Amount of Gain Recognized in Othe			
	Comprehensiv	Comprehensive Income			
Derivatives in Cash Flow	Three Months End	Three Months Ended March 31,			
Hedging Relationships	2012	2011			
Interest Rate Swaps (1)	\$ 215	\$	258		

(1) There were no portions of the change in the fair value of the interest rate swap agreements that were considered ineffective during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011. No previously effective portion of gains or losses that were recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income during the term of the hedging relationship was reclassified into earnings during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision whereby, if the Company defaults on certain of its unsecured indebtedness, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations resulting in an acceleration of payment. In addition, the Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by its derivative counterparties. The Company believes it mitigates its credit risk by entering into agreements with credit-worthy counterparties. The Company records counterparty credit risk valuation adjustments on its interest rate swap derivatives in order to properly reflect the credit quality of the counterparty. In addition, the Company s fair value of interest rate swap derivative liabilities is adjusted to reflect the impact of the Company s credit quality. As of March 31, 2012 there have been no termination events or events of default related to the interest rate swaps.

NOTE 9 NOTES PAYABLE, LINE OF CREDIT AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENT

As of March 31, 2012, the Company had \$1.7 billion of debt outstanding, consisting of (1) \$1.5 billion in fixed rate mortgage loans (the Rate Debt), (2) \$4.3 million in variable rate mortgage loans (the Variable Rate Debt) and (3) \$286.1 million outstanding under a senior unsecured line of credit entered into on December 17, 2010 (the Credit Facility). The aggregate balance of gross real estate assets, net of gross intangible lease liabilities, securing the Fixed Rate Debt and the Variable Rate Debt, was \$2.5 billion as of March 31, 2012. Additionally, the aggregate balance of gross real estate assets that are part of the Credit Facility s unencumbered borrowing base was \$632.6 million. The combined weighted average interest rate was 5.58% and the weighted average years to maturity was 4.06 years as of March 31, 2012.

The Credit Facility and certain notes payable contain customary affirmative, negative and financial covenants, including requirements for minimum net worth and debt service coverage ratios, in addition to limits on the Company s overall leverage ratios and Variable Rate Debt. Based on the Company s analysis and review of its results of operations and financial condition as of March 31, 2012, the Company believes it was in compliance with the covenants of the Credit Facility and such notes payable.

Notes Payable

The Fixed Rate Debt has annual interest rates ranging from 3.52% to 7.22%, with a weighted average annual interest rate of 5.85%, and various maturity dates ranging from June 2012 through August 2031. The Variable Rate Debt has an annual interest rate of LIBOR plus 275 basis points, and matures in September 2014. The notes payable are secured by properties in the portfolio and their related tenant leases, as well as other real estate related assets on which the debt was placed. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company repaid \$15.3 million of fixed rate debt, including monthly principal payments on amortizing loans.

Line of Credit

The Credit Facility provides for up to \$350.0 million of unsecured borrowings and allows the Company to borrow up to \$238.9 million in revolving loans (the Revolving Loans) and \$111.1 million in a term loan (the Term Loan). The Credit Facility matures on December 17, 2013.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company borrowed \$37.0 million and repaid \$44.0 million under the Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2012, the Company had \$111.1 million outstanding under the Term Loan and an additional \$175.0 million in Revolving Loans. Additionally, the Company has established a letter of credit in the amount of \$476,000 from the Credit Facility lenders to support an escrow agreement relating to a certain property with that property s lender. This letter of credit reduces the amount of borrowings available under the Credit Facility. The Company executed an interest rate swap agreement on February 24, 2011, which fixed LIBOR for amounts outstanding under the Term Loan to 1.44%. The all-in rate for the Term Loan includes a spread of 275 to 400 basis points, as determined by the leverage ratio of the Company, which was equal to a spread of 350 basis points as of March 31, 2012. Revolving Loans outstanding as of March 31, 2012 bore interest at 3.74%.

Repurchase Agreement

Prior to the sale of the Company s investment in CMBS, the CMBS were pledged as collateral to a bank under a repurchase agreement (the Repurchase Agreement), which provided secured borrowings. As of March 31, 2012, there were no amounts outstanding or available under the Repurchase Agreement. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company borrowed \$8.1 million under the Repurchase Agreement and repaid \$17.7 million under the Repurchase Agreement, of which \$14.2 million was in connection with the sale of the Company s investment in two CMBS.

NOTE 10 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES

Supplemental cash flow disclosures for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 are as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			,
Constructed D'edition of New Contraction of D'environ Author		2012		2011
Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities				
Distributions declared and unpaid	\$	11,127	\$	11,116
Common stock issued through the DRIP Offering	\$	14,584	\$	14,884
Net unrealized loss on marketable securities	\$		\$	(1,713)
Reclassification of unrealized gain on marketable securities into net income	\$		\$	7,748
Net unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	\$	215	\$	258
Accrued capital expenditures	\$		\$	684
Accrued deferred financing costs	\$		\$	25
Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures:				
Interest paid	\$	24,868	\$	24,243

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may become subject to litigation or claims. The Company is not aware of any pending legal proceedings of which the outcome is reasonably possible to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

Environmental Matters

In connection with the ownership and operation of real estate, the Company potentially may be liable for costs and damages related to environmental matters. The Company owns certain properties that are subject to environmental remediation. In each case, the seller of the property, the tenant of the property and/or another third party has been identified as the responsible party for environmental remediation costs

related to the respective property. Additionally, in connection with the purchase of certain of the properties, the respective sellers and/or tenants have indemnified the Company against future remediation costs. In addition, the Company carries environmental liability insurance on its properties that provides limited coverage for remediation liability and pollution liability for third-party bodily injury and property damage claims. The Company does not believe that the environmental matters identified at such properties is reasonably possible to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial condition or liquidity, nor is it aware of any environmental matters at other properties which it believes is reasonably possible to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

NOTE 12 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has incurred commissions, fees and expenses payable to Cole Advisors II and its affiliates in connection with the Offerings, and has incurred and will continue to incur commissions, fees and expenses in connection with the acquisition, management and sale of the assets of the Company.

DRIP Offering

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company did not pay any amounts to Cole Advisors II for selling commissions, dealer manager fees, or other organization and offering expense reimbursements incurred in connection with the DRIP Offering.

Acquisitions and Operations

Cole Advisors II or its affiliates receive acquisition and advisory fees of up to 2.0% of the contract purchase price of each asset for the acquisition, development or construction of properties, and are reimbursed for acquisition expenses incurred in the process of acquiring properties, so long as the total acquisition fees and expenses relating to the transaction do not exceed 4.0% of the contract purchase price.

The Company paid, and expects to continue to pay, Cole Advisors II an annualized asset management fee of 0.25% of the aggregate asset value of the Company s aggregate invested assets, as reasonably estimated by the Company s board of directors. The Company also reimburses certain costs and expenses incurred by Cole Advisors II in providing asset management services.

The Company paid, and expects to continue to pay, Cole Realty Advisors, Inc. (Cole Realty Advisors), its property manager, which is an affiliate of its advisor, up to (1) 2.0% of gross revenues received from the Company s single tenant properties and (2) 4.0% of gross revenues received from the Company s multi-tenant properties, plus leasing commissions at prevailing market rates; provided however, that the aggregate of all property management and leasing fees paid to affiliates plus all payments to third parties do not exceed the amount that other nonaffiliated management and leasing companies generally charge for similar services in the same geographic location. Cole Realty Advisors may subcontract certain of its duties for a fee that may be less than the fee provided for in the property management agreement. The Company also reimburses Cole Realty Advisors costs of managing and leasing the properties.

The Company will reimburse Cole Advisors II for all expenses it paid or incurred in connection with the services provided to the Company, subject to the limitation that the Company will not reimburse Cole Advisors II for any amount by which its operating expenses (including the asset management fee) at the end of the four preceding fiscal quarters exceeds the greater of (1) 2% of average invested assets, or (2) 25% of net income other than any additions to reserves for depreciation, bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves and excluding any gain from the sale of assets for that period, unless the Company s independent directors find that a higher level of expense is justified for that year based on unusual and non-recurring factors. The Company will not reimburse Cole Advisors II for personnel costs in connection with services for which Cole Advisors II receives acquisition fees and real estate commissions.

If Cole Advisors II provides services in connection with the origination or refinancing of any debt financing obtained by the Company that is used to acquire properties or to make other permitted investments, or that is assumed, directly or indirectly, in connection with the acquisition of properties, the Company will pay Cole Advisors II or its affiliates a financing coordination fee equal to 1% of the amount available under such financing; provided however, that Cole Advisors II or its affiliates shall not be entitled to a financing coordination fee in connection with the refinancing of any loan secured by any particular property that was previously subject to a refinancing in which Cole Advisors II or its affiliates received such a fee. Financing coordination fees payable from loan proceeds from permanent financing are paid to Cole Advisors II or its affiliates as the Company acquires and/or assumes such permanent financing.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

The Company incurred the following fees and expense reimbursements for services provided by Cole Advisors II or its affiliates (in thousands):

	Thi	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2012		2011	
Acquisitions and Operations:					
Acquisition and advisory fees and expenses	\$	12	\$	413	
Asset management fees and expenses	\$	2,293	\$	2,158	
Property management and leasing fees and expenses	\$	2,303	\$	2,103	
Operating expenses	\$	455	\$	433	
Financing coordination fees	\$		\$	111	

Liquidation/Listing

If Cole Advisors II or its affiliates provides a substantial amount of services, as determined by the Company s independent directors, in connection with the sale of one or more properties, including those held indirectly through joint ventures, the Company will pay Cole Advisors II up to one-half of the brokerage commission paid, but in no event to exceed an amount equal to 2% of the sales price of each property sold. In no event will the combined real estate commission paid to Cole Advisors II, its affiliates and unaffiliated third parties exceed 6% of the contract sales price.

If the Company s portfolio is liquidated, after investors have received a return of their net capital contributions and an 8% annual cumulative, non-compounded return, then Cole Advisors II is entitled to receive 10% of the remaining net sale proceeds.

If the Company s common stock is listed on a national securities exchange, a fee equal to 10% of the amount by which the market value of the Company s outstanding stock plus all distributions paid by the Company prior to listing, exceeds the sum of the total amount of capital raised from investors and the amount of cash flow necessary to generate an 8% annual cumulative, non-compounded return to investors will be paid to Cole Advisors II.

If the advisory agreement with Cole Advisors II is terminated, other than termination by the Company because of a material breach of the advisory agreement by Cole Advisors II, a performance fee of 10% of the amount, if any, by which (1) the appraised asset value at the time of such termination plus total distributions paid to stockholders through the termination date exceeds (2) the aggregate capital contribution contributed by investors less distributions from sale proceeds plus payment to investors of an 8% annual, cumulative, non-compounded return on capital. No subordinated performance fee will be paid to the extent that the Company has already paid or become obligated to pay Cole Advisors II a subordinated participation in net sale proceeds or the Subordinated Incentive Listing Fee.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, and 2011, no commissions or fees were incurred for services provided by Cole Advisors II and its affiliates related to the services described above.

Due to Affiliates

As of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, \$1.7 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, had been incurred, primarily for asset management fees and expenses and general and administrative expenses, by Cole Advisors II and its affiliates, but had not yet been reimbursed by the Company and were included in due to affiliates on the condensed consolidated unaudited balance sheets.

NOTE 13 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Under various agreements, the Company has engaged or will engage Cole Advisors II and its affiliates to provide certain services that are essential to the Company, including asset management services, supervision of the management and leasing of properties owned by the Company, asset acquisition and disposition decisions, the sale of shares of the Company s common stock available for issuance, as well as other administrative responsibilities for the Company, including accounting services and investor relations. As a result of these relationships, the Company is dependent upon Cole Advisors II and its affiliates. In the event that these companies are unable to provide the Company with these services, the Company would be required to find alternative providers of these services.

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COLE CREDIT PROPERTY TRUST II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 31, 2012

NOTE 14 INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has a stock option plan, the Independent Director's Stock Option Plan (the IDSOP), which authorizes the grant of non-qualified stock options to the Company's independent directors, subject to the discretion of the board of directors and the applicable limitations of the IDSOP. The term of the IDSOP is ten years, at which time any outstanding options will be forfeited. The exercise price for the options granted under the IDSOP was \$9.15 per share for 2005 and 2006, and \$9.10 per share for 2007, 2008 and 2009. The Company does not intend to continue to grant options under the IDSOP; however, the exercise price for any future options granted under the IDSOP will be at least 100% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock as of the date the option is granted. As of March 31, 2012, the Company had granted options to purchase 50,000 shares under the IDSOP and options to purchase 45,000 shares at a weighted average exercise price of \$9.12 per share remained outstanding with a weighted average contractual remaining life of five years. No shares were granted or exercised pursuant to the IDSOP for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011. A total of 1,000,000 shares have been authorized and reserved for issuance under the IDSOP.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company did not record any stock-based compensation charges, as all stock-based compensation charges related to unvested share-based compensation awards granted under the IDSOP had previously been recognized. Stock-based compensation expense is based on awards ultimately expected to vest and reduced for estimated forfeitures. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The Company s calculations assume no forfeitures.

Note 15 Subsequent Events

Issuance of shares of common stock through DRIP

As of May 14, 2012, the Company had raised \$2.3 billion of gross proceeds through the issuance of approximately 227.6 million shares of its common stock in the Offerings (including shares issued pursuant to the DRIP). Shares issued subsequent to March 31, 2012 were issued pursuant to the DRIP Offering.

Redemption of Shares of Common Stock

Subsequent to March 31, 2012, the Company redeemed approximately 1.6 million shares for \$14.5 million at an average price per share of \$9.29.

Notes Payable and Line of Credit

Subsequent to March 31, 2012, the Company borrowed \$21.0 million and repaid \$10.0 million under the Credit Facility. As of May 14, 2012, the Company had \$297.1 million outstanding under the Credit Facility and \$52.4 million available for borrowing.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements, the notes thereto, and the other unaudited financial data included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following discussion should also be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements, and the notes thereto, and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. The terms we, us, our and the Company refer to Cole Credit Property Trust II, Inc. and unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used herein shall have the same meanings as set forth in our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements and the notes thereto.

Forward-Looking Statements

Except for historical information, this section contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including discussion and analysis of our financial condition and our subsidiaries, our anticipated capital expenditures, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to our stockholders in the future and other matters. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts but are the intent, belief or current expectations of our management based on their knowledge and understanding of our business and industry. Words such as may, will, anticipates, expects, intends, plans, believes, seeks, estimates, should variations and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All statements not based on historical fact are forward looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond our control, are difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. A full discussion of our risk factors may be found under Part I Item 1A Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Forward-looking statements that were true at the time made may ultimately prove to be incorrect or false. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which reflect our management s view only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, among others, changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs that may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, rent relief, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration or termination of existing leases, and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flows. The forward-looking statements should be read in light of the risk factors identified in the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Management s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On a regular basis, we evaluate these estimates. These estimates are based on management s historical industry experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Overview

We were formed on September 29, 2004 to acquire and operate commercial real estate primarily consisting of freestanding, single-tenant, retail properties net leased to investment grade and other creditworthy tenants located throughout the United States. We commenced our principal operations on September 23, 2005, when we issued the initial 486,000 shares of our common stock in our Initial Offering. We have no paid employees and are externally advised and managed by Cole Advisors II, our advisor. We currently qualify, and intend to continue to elect to qualify, as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

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Our operating results and cash flows are primarily influenced by rental income from our commercial properties and interest expense on our property indebtedness. Rental and other property income accounted for 91% and 87% of total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As 96% of our rentable square feet was under lease as of March 31, 2012, with a weighted average remaining lease term of 10.5 years, we believe our exposure to changes in commercial rental rates on our portfolio is substantially mitigated, except for vacancies caused by tenant bankruptcies or other factors. Our advisor regularly monitors the creditworthiness of our tenants by reviewing the tenant s financial results, credit rating agency reports (if any) on the tenant or guarantor, the operating history of the property with such tenant, the tenant s market share and track record within its industry segment, the general health and outlook of the tenant s industry segment, and other information for changes and possible trends. If our advisor identifies significant changes or trends that may adversely affect the creditworthiness of a tenant, it will gather a more in-depth knowledge of the tenant s financial condition and, if necessary, attempt to mitigate the tenant s credit risk by evaluating the possible sale of the property, or identifying a possible replacement tenant should the current tenant fail to perform on the lease.

As of March 31, 2012, the debt leverage ratio of our consolidated real estate assets, which is the ratio of debt to total gross real estate and related assets, net of gross intangible lease liabilities, was 50%, with 10% of the debt, or \$179.3 million, including \$175.0 million in Revolving Loans outstanding under the Credit Facility, subject to variable interest rates. Should we acquire additional commercial real estate, we will be subject to changes in real estate prices and changes in interest rates on any refinancings or new indebtedness used to acquire the properties. We may manage our risk of changes in real estate prices on future property acquisitions, if any, by entering into purchase agreements and loan commitments simultaneously so that our operating yield is determinable at the time we enter into a purchase agreement, by contracting with developers for future delivery of properties, or by entering into sale-leaseback transactions. We manage our interest rate risk by monitoring the interest rate environment in connection with our future property acquisitions, if any, or upcoming debt maturities to determine the appropriate financing or refinancing terms, which may include fixed rate loans, variable rate loans or interest rate hedges. If we are unable to acquire suitable properties or obtain suitable financing terms for future acquisitions or refinancing, our results of operations may be adversely affected.

Recent Market Conditions and Portfolio Strategies

Beginning in late 2007, domestic and international financial markets experienced significant disruptions that were brought about in large part by challenges in the world-wide banking system. These disruptions severely impacted the availability of credit and contributed to rising costs associated with obtaining credit. Since 2010, the volume of mortgage lending for commercial real estate has been increasing and lending terms have improved and they continue to improve; however, such lending activity continues to be significantly less than previous levels. Although lending market conditions have improved, certain factors continue to negatively affect the lending environment, including the sovereign credit issues of certain countries in the European Union. We have experienced, and may continue to experience, more stringent lending criteria, which may affect our ability to finance certain property acquisitions or refinance our debt at maturity. For properties for which we are able to obtain financing, the interest rates and other terms on such loans may be unacceptable. Additionally, if we are able to refinance our existing debt as it matures, it may be at lower leverage levels or at rates and terms which are less favorable than our existing debt or, if we elect to extend the maturity dates of the mortgage notes in accordance with any hyper-amortization provisions, the interest rates charged to us will be higher, each of which may adversely affect our results of operations and the distribution rate we are able to pay to our investors. We have managed, and expect to continue to manage, the current mortgage lending environment by utilizing borrowings on our Credit Facility, and considering alternative lending sources, including the securitization of debt, utilizing fixed rate loans, short-term variable rate loans, assuming existing mortgage loans in connection with property acquisitions, or entering into interest rate lock or swap agreements, or any combination of the foregoing.

The economic downturn led to high unemployment rates and a decline in consumer spending. These economic trends have adversely impacted the retail and real estate markets by causing higher tenant vacancies, declining rental rates and declining property values. In 2011 and the first quarter of 2012, the economy improved and continues to show signs of recovery. Additionally, the real estate markets have experienced an improvement in property values, occupancy and rental rates; however, in many markets property values, occupancy and rental rates continue to be below those previously experienced before the economic downturn. As of March 31, 2012, 96% of our rentable square feet was under lease. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, our percentage of rentable square feet under lease remained stable. However, if the recent improvements in economic conditions do not continue, we may experience additional vacancies or be required to reduce rental rates on occupied space. Our advisor is actively seeking to lease all of our vacant space, however, as many retailers and other tenants have been delaying or eliminating their store expansion plans, the amount of time required to re-lease a property has increased.

As a result of these improvements in market conditions, we have begun evaluating potential strategies to exit our portfolio. Potential exit strategies we are evaluating include, but are not limited to, a sale of the Company or all or a portion of its portfolio, a merger or other business combination, or a listing of the Company s stock on a national securities exchange.

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Results of Operations

Our results of operations are influenced by the timing of acquisitions and the operating performance of our real estate investments. The following table shows the property statistics of our consolidated real estate assets as of March 31, 2012 and 2011:

	septemberse 30,	septemberse 30,
	March	n 31,
	2012	2011
Number of commercial properties	753	727
Approximate rentable square feet (1)	21.2 million	20.7 million
Percentage of rentable square feet leased	96%	95%

(1) Including square feet of the buildings on land that are subject to ground leases.

The following table summarizes our consolidated real estate investment activity during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011:

	september 30, Three Months Ended 2012	september 30, March 31, 2011
Commercial properties acquired		2
Approximate purchase price of acquired properties	\$	8.7 million
Approximate rentable square feet		26,000

Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

Revenue. Revenue increased \$1.8 million, or 3%, to \$71.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$69.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our revenue consisted primarily of rental and other property income from net leased commercial properties, which accounted for 91% and 87% of total revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Rental and other property income increased \$4.0 million, or 7%, to \$65.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$61.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase was primarily due to the acquisition of 26 properties subsequent to March 31, 2011 combined with additional revenue from the expansion and improvements to an existing property as discussed in Note 5 to our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We also pay certain operating expenses subject to reimbursement by the tenant. Tenant reimbursement income remained relatively constant decreasing \$263,000, or 5%, to \$4.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$4.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Earned income from direct financing leases remained relatively constant, decreasing \$14,000, or 3%, to \$472,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$486,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. We owned 13 properties accounted for as direct financing leases for each of the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

Interest income on mortgage notes receivable remained relatively constant at \$1.6 million, decreasing \$56,000, or 3%, for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011, as we recorded interest income on mortgages receivable on 69 amortizing mortgage notes receivable during each of the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011. We expect interest income to decrease in future periods as the proportion of principal payments received increases.

There was no interest income on marketable securities recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$1.9 million recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease was due to the sale of all of our CMBS bonds during the year ended December 31, 2011.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased \$226,000, or 11%, to \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$2.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase was primarily due to an increase in insurance expense for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. This increase was partially offset by lower fees for unused amounts under our Credit Facility due to an increase in the amount outstanding on the line of credit. The primary general and administrative expense items are legal and accounting fees, insurance, state franchise and income taxes, escrow and trustee fees, unused fees on our line of credit, operating expenses reimbursable to our advisor, and other licenses and fees.

Property Operating Expenses. Property operating expenses remained relatively constant at \$5.8 million, decreasing \$47,000, or 1%, for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. The primary property operating expense items are property taxes, repairs and maintenance, insurance and bad debt expense.

Property and Asset Management Expenses. Pursuant to the advisory agreement with our advisor, as amended, we are required to pay to our advisor a monthly asset management fee equal to one-twelfth of 0.25% of the aggregate valuation of our invested assets, as determined by our board of directors. Additionally, we reimburse costs incurred by our advisor in providing asset management services, subject to certain limitations, as set forth in the advisory agreement. Pursuant to the property management agreement with our property manager, which is an affiliate of our advisor, we are required to pay to our property manager a property management fee in an amount up to 2% of gross revenues received from each of our single-tenant properties and up to 4% of gross revenues received from each of our multi-tenant properties, less all payments to third-party management subcontractors. We reimburse Cole Realty Advisors costs of managing and leasing the properties, subject to certain limitations as set forth in the property management agreement.

Property and asset management expenses increased \$305,000, or 7%, to \$4.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Of this amount, property management expenses increased to \$2.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 from \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, and asset management expenses increased to \$2.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, from \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. These increases were primarily due to an increase in property and asset management fees related to 26 new properties acquired subsequent to March 31, 2011, combined with an increase in our asset base related to the board of directors determination of the share value of \$9.35 as of July 27, 2011, compared to the previously determined share value of \$8.05.

Acquisition Related Expenses. Acquisition related expenses decreased \$345,000, or 95%, to \$17,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$362,000 recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2011. During the three months ended March 31, 2012 we made no real estate acquisitions and during the three months ended March 31, 2011 we acquired two properties for \$8.7 million.

Depreciation and Amortization Expenses. Depreciation and amortization expenses remained relatively consistent increasing \$140,000, or 1%, to \$22.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$22.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase was primarily related to depreciation and amortization on 26 new properties acquired subsequent to March 31, 2011.

Equity in Income of Unconsolidated Joint Ventures and Other Income. Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures and other income decreased \$40,000, or 24%, to \$128,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$168,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease was primarily due to the sale of our interest in one of our unconsolidated joint ventures on September 30, 2011.

Gain on Sale of Marketable Securities. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we recorded a gain on sale of marketable securities of \$7.9 million in connection with the sale of two CMBS bonds. No similar transactions occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$504,000, or 2%, to \$27.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$26.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2011, primarily due to an increase of \$32.4 million in the average outstanding debt balance resulting from borrowings incurred to acquire 26 properties subsequent to March 31, 2011.

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Funds From Operations and Modified Funds From Operations

Funds From Operations (FFO) is a non-GAAP financial performance measure defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT) and widely recognized by investors and analysts as one measure of operating performance of a real estate company. FFO excludes items such as real estate depreciation and amortization, real estate impairment charges and gains and losses on the sale of real estate assets. Depreciation and amortization as applied in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, it is management s view, and we believe the view of many industry investors and analysts, that the presentation of operating results for real estate companies by using the historical cost accounting method alone is insufficient. FFO also excludes gains and losses from the sale of real estate, which we believe provides management and investors with a helpful additional measure of the historical performance of our real estate portfolio, as it allows for comparisons, year to year, that reflect the impact on operations from trends in items such as occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs, general and administrative expenses and interest costs. In addition, FFO excludes real estate impairment charges on depreciable real estate, which are required to be expensed in accordance with GAAP. Impairment charges are items that management does not include in its evaluation of the historical operating performance of its real estate investments, as management believes that the impact of these items will be reflected over time through changes in rental income or other related costs. We compute FFO in accordance with NAREIT s definition.

In addition to FFO, we use Modified Funds From Operations (MFFO) as a non-GAAP supplemental financial performance measure to evaluate the operating performance of our real estate portfolio. MFFO, as defined by our company, excludes from FFO acquisition related costs, which are required to be expensed in accordance with GAAP. In evaluating the performance of our portfolio over time, management employs business models and analyses that differentiate the costs to acquire investments from the investments revenues and expenses. Management believes that excluding acquisition costs from MFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with the performance models and analysis used by management, and provides investors a view of the performance of our portfolio over time, including after the Company ceases to acquire properties on a frequent and regular basis. MFFO also allows for a comparison of the performance of our portfolio with other REITs that are not currently engaging in acquisitions, as well as a comparison of our performance with that of other non-traded REITs, as MFFO, or an equivalent measure, is routinely reported by non-traded REITs, and we believe often used by analysts and investors for comparison purposes.

For all of these reasons, we believe FFO and MFFO, in addition to net income and cash flows from operating activities, as defined by GAAP, are helpful supplemental performance measures and useful in understanding the various ways in which our management evaluates the performance of our real estate portfolio over time. However, not all REITs calculate FFO and MFFO the same way, so comparisons with other REITs may not be meaningful. FFO and MFFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income or to cash flows from operating activities, and are not intended to be used as a liquidity measure indicative of cash flow available to fund our cash needs.

MFFO may provide investors with a useful indication of our future performance, particularly after our acquisition stage, and of the sustainability of our current distribution policy. However, because MFFO excludes acquisition expenses, which are an important component in an analysis of the historical performance of a property, MFFO should not be construed as a historic performance measure. Neither the SEC, NAREIT, nor any other regulatory body has evaluated the acceptability of the exclusions contemplated to adjust FFO in order to calculate MFFO and its use as a non-GAAP financial performance measure.

Our calculation of FFO and MFFO, and reconciliation to net income, which is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, is presented in the table below for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands). FFO and MFFO are influenced by the timing of acquisitions and the operating performance of our real estate investments.

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	Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 2011			
NET INCOME	\$	9,803	\$	16,735
Depreciation of real estate assets		15,212		14,657
Amortization of lease related costs		6,982		7,397
Depreciation and amortization of real estate assets in unconsolidated joint ventures		303		550
Funds from operations (FFO)		32,300		39,339
Acquisition related expenses		17		362
Modified funds from operations (MFFO)	\$	32,317	\$	39,701

Set forth below is additional information that may be helpful in assessing our operating results:

In March 2011, we sold two CMBS bonds for \$20.2 million, and realized a gain on the sale of \$7.9 million, of which \$7.7 million had previously been recorded in other comprehensive income. No sales of CMBS bonds occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

In order to recognize rental income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases, we recognized additional rental income by straight-lining rental income of \$2.9 million and \$2.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. In addition, related to our unconsolidated joint ventures, straight-line revenue of \$7,000 and \$8,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, is included in equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures.

Amortization of deferred financing costs and amortization of fair value adjustments of mortgage notes assumed totaled \$2.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. In addition, related to our unconsolidated joint ventures, amortization of deferred financing costs and amortization of fair value adjustments of mortgage notes assumed totaled \$9,000 and \$135,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 respectively, which is included in equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures.

Distributions

Our board of directors authorized a daily distribution, based on 366 days in the calendar year, of \$0.001707848 per share (which equates to 6.25% on an annualized basis calculated at the current rate, assuming a \$10.00 per share purchase price, and an annualized return of approximately 6.68%, based on the most recent estimate of the value of our shares of \$9.35 per share) for stockholders of record as of the close of business on each day of the period, commencing on January 1, 2012 and ending on June 30, 2012.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, we paid distributions of \$32.7 million and \$32.2 million, including \$14.6 million and \$14.9 million, respectively, through the issuance of shares pursuant to our DRIP Offering. Our distributions for the three months ended March 31, 2012 were funded by net cash provided by operating activities of \$28.6 million, or 88%, return of capital from our unconsolidated joint venture and cash received from mortgage notes receivable and real estate assets under direct financing leases of \$1.6 million, or 5%, and a portion of the net proceeds from the sale of marketable securities during the year ended December 31, 2011 of \$2.5 million, or 7%. Our distributions for the three months ended March 31, 2011 were funded by net cash provided by operating activities of \$26.1 million, or 81%, return of capital from unconsolidated joint ventures of \$1.0 million, or 3%, and proceeds from the sale of marketable securities of \$5.1 million, or 16%.

Share Redemptions

Our share redemption program provides that we will redeem shares of our common stock from requesting stockholders, subject to the terms and conditions of the share redemption program. On November 10, 2009, our board of directors voted to temporarily suspend our share redemption program other than for requests made upon the death of a stockholder. Effective August 1, 2010, our board of directors reinstated our share redemption program and adopted several amendments to the program. In particular, during any calendar year, we will not redeem in excess of 3% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year and the cash available for redemption is limited to the

proceeds from the sale of shares pursuant to our DRIP Offering. In addition, we will redeem shares on a quarterly basis, at the rate of approximately one-fourth of 3% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year (including shares requested for redemption upon the death of a stockholder). Funding for redemptions for each quarter will be limited to the net proceeds we receive from the sale of shares, during such quarter, from our DRIP Offering.

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Pursuant to the share redemption program, as amended, the redemption price per share is dependent on the length of time the shares are held and the most recently disclosed Estimated Share Value. As of March 31, 2012, the Estimated Share Value was \$9.35 per share, as determined by the board of directors on July 27, 2011. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, we received valid redemption requests pursuant to the share redemption program, as amended, relating to approximately 4.2 million shares, including those requests unfulfilled and resubmitted from a previous period, and requests relating to approximately 1.6 million shares were redeemed for \$14.5 million at an average price of \$9.29 per share subsequent to March 31, 2012. The remaining redemption requests relating to approximately 2.6 million shares went unfulfilled, including those requests unfulfilled and resubmitted from a previous period. Requests for redemptions that are not fulfilled in a period may be resubmitted by stockholders in a subsequent period. Unfulfilled requests for redemptions are not carried over automatically to subsequent redemption periods. A valid redemption request is one that complies with the applicable requirements and guidelines of our share redemption program, as amended, and set forth in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 18, 2011. We have funded and intend to continue funding share redemptions with proceeds from our DRIP Offering.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Our principal demands for funds are for the payment of principal and interest on our outstanding indebtedness, operating and property maintenance expenses and distributions to and redemptions by our stockholders. We may also acquire additional real estate and real estate related investments. Generally, cash needs for payments of interest, operating and property maintenance expenses and distributions to stockholders will be generated from cash flows from operations from our real estate assets. The sources of our operating cash flows are primarily driven by the rental income received from leased properties, interest income earned on mortgage notes receivable and on our cash balances and by distributions from our unconsolidated joint venture. We expect to utilize the available cash from issuance of shares under the DRIP Offering, available borrowings on our Credit Facility and possible additional financings and refinancings to repay our outstanding indebtedness and complete possible future property acquisitions.

As of March 31, 2012, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$29.4 million and available borrowings of \$63.4 million under our Credit Facility. Additionally, as of March 31, 2012, we had unencumbered properties with a gross book value of \$975.0 million, including \$632.6 million of assets that are part of the Credit Facility s unencumbered borrowing base (the Borrowing Base Assets) that may be used as collateral to secure additional financing in future periods or as additional collateral to facilitate the refinancing of current mortgage debt as it becomes due, subject to certain covenants and leverage and borrow base restrictions related to our Credit Facility; however, the use of any Borrowing Base Assets as collateral would reduce the available borrowings under our Credit Facility.

Short-term Liquidity and Capital Resources

We expect to meet our short-term liquidity requirements through available cash, cash provided by property operations and borrowings from our Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2012, we had a total of \$120.9 million of Fixed Rate Debt maturing within the next 12 months. Of the \$120.9 million of debt maturing in the next 12 months, \$77.0 million contains extension options. In addition, \$29.9 million of the \$120.9 million includes hyper-amortization provisions that would allow us to extend the maturity date by 25 years and would require us to apply 100% of the rents received from the properties securing the debt to pay interest due on the loans, reserves, if any, and principal reductions until such balance is paid in full through the extended maturity dates, all of which will adversely affect our available cash for distributions should we exercise these options. If we are unable to extend, finance, or refinance the amounts maturing of \$120.9 million, we expect to pay down any remaining amounts through a combination of the use of available cash, cash provided by property operations, available borrowings on our Credit Facility, under which \$63.4 million was available as of March 31, 2012, borrowings on our unencumbered properties, proceeds from our DRIP Offering, and/or the strategic sale of real estate and related assets. In addition, we may elect to extend the maturity dates of the mortgage notes in accordance with the hyper-amortization provisions, if available. If we are able to refinance our existing debt as it matures it may be at rates and terms that are less favorable than our existing debt or, if we elect to extend the maturity dates of the mortgage notes in accordance with the hyper-amortization provisions, the interest rates charged to us will be higher than each respective current interest rate, each of which may adversely affect our results of operations and the distributions we are able to pay to our investors. The Credit Facility and certain notes payable contain customary affirmative, negative and financial covenants, including requirements for minimum net worth, debt service coverage ratios and leverage ratios, in addition to variable rate debt and investment restrictions. These covenants may limit our ability to incur additional debt and the amount of available borrowings on our Credit Facility.

Long-term Liquidity and Capital Resources

We expect to meet our long-term liquidity requirements through proceeds from secured or unsecured financings from banks and other lenders, borrowing on our Credit Facility, available cash from issuance of shares under the DRIP Offering, the selective and strategic sale of properties and net cash flows from operations. We expect that our primary uses of capital will be for property and other asset acquisitions and the payment of tenant improvements, operating expenses, including debt service payments on any outstanding indebtedness, and distributions and redemptions to our stockholders.

We expect that substantially all cash flows from operations will be used to pay distributions to our stockholders after certain capital expenditures, including tenant improvements and leasing commissions, are paid at the properties; however, we may use other sources to fund distributions as necessary, including the proceeds from the DRIP Offering, cash advanced to us by our advisor, borrowing on our Credit Facility and/or borrowings in anticipation of future cash flow. To the extent that cash flows from operations are lower due to lower than expected returns on the properties or we elect to retain cash flows from operations to make additional real estate investments or reduce our outstanding debt, distributions paid to our stockholders may be lower.

We expect that substantially all net cash resulting from the DRIP Offering or debt financing will be used to fund acquisitions, for certain capital expenditures identified at acquisition, for repayments of outstanding debt, or for any distributions to stockholders in excess of cash flows from operations and redemption of shares from our stockholders.

As of March 31, 2012, we had received and accepted subscriptions for approximately 226.6 million shares of common stock in the Offerings for gross proceeds of \$2.2 billion. As of March 31, 2012, we had redeemed a total of approximately 16.5 million shares of common stock for a cost of \$149.2 million. Redemption requests relating to approximately 2.6 million shares that were received during the three months ended March 31, 2012 went unfulfilled.

As of March 31, 2012, we had \$1.7 billion of debt outstanding, consisting of (1) \$1.5 billion of Fixed Rate Debt, which includes \$122.0 million of variable rate debt swapped to fixed rates, (2) \$4.3 million of Variable Rate Debt and (3) \$286.1 million outstanding under the Credit Facility, which includes \$111.1 million swapped to a fixed rate. The Fixed Rate Debt has annual interest rates ranging from 3.52% to 7.22%, with a weighted average annual interest rate of 5.85%, and various maturity dates ranging from June 2012 through August 2031. The Variable Rate Debt has an annual interest rate of LIBOR plus 275 basis points, and matures in September 2014. As of March 31, 2012, the interest rate in effect for Revolving Loans under the Credit Facility was 3.74% and the Term Loan was fixed at a rate of 4.94% per annum based on our overall leverage levels. The ratio of debt to total gross real estate and related assets net of gross intangible lease liabilities, as of March 31, 2012, was 50% and the weighted average years to maturity was 4.1 years. Our contractual obligations as of March 31, 2012 were as follows (in thousands):

	Payments due by period (1) (2) (3)					
		Less Than 1			Mo	re Than 5
	Total	Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years		Years
Principal payments fixed rate debt ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 1,465,205	\$ 120,856	\$ 52,929	\$ 598,530	\$	692,890
Interest payments fixed rate debt ⁽⁵⁾	383,051	83,022	155,863	119,890		24,276
Principal payments variable rate debt	4,250		4,250			
Interest payments variable rate debt ⁽⁶⁾	318	128	190			
Principal payments credit facility	286,111		286,111			
Interest payments credit facility ⁽⁵⁾ (7)	21,021	12,237	8,784			
Total	\$ 2,159,956	\$ 216,243	\$ 508,127	\$ 718,420	\$	717,166

(3)

⁽¹⁾ The table does not include amounts due to our advisor or its affiliates pursuant to our advisory agreement because such amounts are not fixed and determinable.

⁽²⁾ Principal paydown amounts are included in payments due by period.

- The table above does not include loan amounts associated with the unconsolidated joint venture, with a face amount totaling \$34.0 million which matures in October 2012, as this loan is non-recourse to us.
- (4) Principal payment amounts reflect actual payments based on face amount of notes payable. As of March 31, 2012, the fair value adjustment, net of amortization, of mortgage notes assumed was \$9.8 million.
- (5) As of March 31, 2012, we had \$233.2 million of Variable Rate Debt and Credit Facility borrowings fixed through the use of interest rate swaps. We used the fixed rates under the swap agreement to calculate the debt payment obligations in future periods.

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- (6) A rate of 2.99% was used to calculate the variable debt payment obligations in future periods. This was the rate effective as of March 31, 2012
- (7) Payment obligations for the Term Loan and Revolving Loans outstanding under the Credit Facility calculated based on interest rates of 4.94% and 3.74%, respectively, in effect as of March 31, 2012.

Our charter prohibits us from incurring debt that would cause our borrowings to exceed the greater of 60% of our gross assets, valued at the greater of the aggregate cost (before depreciation and other non-cash reserves) or fair value of all assets owned by us, unless approved by a majority of our independent directors and disclosed to our stockholders in our next quarterly report.

Cash Flow Analysis

Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$2.6 million, or 10%, to \$28.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$26.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase was primarily due to an increase in net income before non-cash adjustments for depreciation, amortization and gain on sale of marketable securities of \$1.5 million, combined with a decrease in the change in due to affiliates, deferred rental income and other liabilities of \$1.0 million and a decrease in the change in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$438,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to March 31, 2011. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in the change in prepaid expenses and other assets of \$538,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to March 31, 2011. See Results of Operations for a more complete discussion of the factors impacting our operating performance.

Investing Activities. Net cash provided by investing activities increased \$3.2 million to \$2.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$892,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase was primarily due to a decrease in cash used in investment in real estate and related assets of \$21.5 million, as there were no real estate acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to the acquisition of two properties for a total purchase price of \$8.7 million, combined with an increase in the additions to real estate assets of \$12.0 million resulting from a build out at one of our properties during the three months ended March 31, 2011. In addition, we paid \$1.2 million in property escrow deposits during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and no such payments were made during the three months ended March 31, 2012. These amounts were partially offset by a decrease in proceeds from sale of marketable securities of \$20.2 million, as no sales occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Financing Activities. Net cash used in financing activities increased \$18.0 million, or 49%, to \$54.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$36.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase in cash used was primarily due to an increase in the repayment of mortgage notes payable, the Credit Facility and our Repurchase Agreement of \$15.0 million, combined with an increase in cash used for the redemptions of common stock of \$2.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Election as a REIT

We are taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. To maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must continue to meet certain requirements relating to our organization, sources of income, nature of assets, distributions of income to our stockholders and recordkeeping. As a REIT, we generally are not subject to federal income tax on taxable income that we distribute to our stockholders so long as we distribute at least 90% of our annual taxable income (computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and excluding net capital gains).

If we fail to maintain our qualification as a REIT for any reason in a taxable year and applicable relief provisions do not apply, we will be subject to tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax, on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We will not be able to deduct distributions paid to our stockholders in any year in which we fail to maintain our qualification as a REIT. We also will be disqualified for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost unless we are entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income and net cash available for distribution to stockholders. However, we believe that we are organized and operate in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. No provision for federal income taxes has been made in our accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements. We are subject to certain state and local taxes related to the operations of properties in certain locations, which have been provided for in our accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our accounting policies have been established to conform to GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to the various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied, thus resulting in a different presentation of the financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses. We consider our critical accounting policies to be the following:

Investment in and Valuation of Real Estate and Related Assets;
Allocation of Purchase Price of Real Estate and Related Assets;
Investment in Direct Financing Leases;
Investment in Mortgage Notes Receivable;
Investment in Marketable Securities;
Investment in Unconsolidated Joint Venture;
Revenue Recognition;
Income Taxes; and

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities.

A complete description of such policies and our considerations is contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, and our critical accounting policies have not changed during the three months ended March 31, 2012. The information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, and related notes thereto.

Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject to certain contingencies and commitments with regard to certain transactions. Refer to Note 11 to our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further explanations.

Related-Party Transactions and Agreements

We have entered into agreements with Cole Advisors II and its affiliates, whereby we have paid, and will continue to pay, certain fees to, or reimburse certain expenses of, Cole Advisors II or its affiliates for acquisition and advisory fees and expenses, financing coordination fees, organization and offering costs, sales commissions, dealer manager fees, asset and property management fees and expenses, leasing fees, real estate commissions and reimbursement of certain operating costs. See Note 12 to our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements

included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a further explanation of the various related-party transactions, agreements and fees.

Subsequent Events

Certain events occurred subsequent to March 31, 2012 through the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Refer to Note 15 to our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further explanation. Such events include:

Issuance of shares of common stock through our DRIP Offering;

Redemption of shares of common stock; and

Notes payable and line of credit.

New Accounting Pronouncements

We adopted new accounting pronouncements during the three months ended March 31, 2012. Refer to Note 2 to our condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further explanation.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we had no material off-balance sheet arrangements that had or are reasonably possible to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity or capital resources.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

In connection with property acquisitions, we have obtained variable rate debt financing to fund certain property acquisitions, and therefore we are exposed to changes in LIBOR and a bank s prime rate. Our objectives in managing interest rate risk will be to limit the impact of interest rate changes on operations and cash flows, and to lower overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives we will borrow primarily at interest rates with the lowest margins available and, in some cases, with the ability to convert variable interest rates to fixed rates. We have entered and expect to continue to enter into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and caps in order to mitigate our interest rate risk on a given financial instrument. We have not entered, and do not intend to enter, into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes. We may enter into rate lock arrangements to lock interest rates on future borrowings.

As of March 31, 2012, \$179.3 million of the \$1.7 billion outstanding on notes payable and the Credit Facility was subject to variable interest rates. Revolving Loans under the Credit Facility bore interest at 3.74%. The remaining variable rate debt bore interest at the one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points. As of March 31, 2012, an increase of 50 basis points in interest rates would result in a change in interest expense of \$900,000 per year, assuming all of our derivatives remain effective hedges.

As of March 31, 2012, we had six interest rate swap agreements outstanding, which mature on various dates from June 2012 through March 2016, with an aggregate notional amount under the swap agreements of \$233.2 million and an aggregate net fair value of (\$3.3) million. The fair value of these interest rate swaps is dependent upon existing market interest rates and swap spreads. As of March 31, 2012, an increase of 50 basis points in interest rates would result in an increase to the fair value of these interest rate swaps of \$1.7 million. These interest rate swaps were designated as hedging instruments.

We do not have any foreign operations and thus we are not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), we, under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures, as of March 31, 2012, were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the rules and forms promulgated under the Exchange Act, and is accumulated and communicated to management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

No change occurred in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d -15(f) of the Exchange Act) in connection with the foregoing evaluations that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2012 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, we may become subject to litigation or claims. We are not aware of any material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to our business.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

As of March 31, 2012, we had accepted subscriptions for 226.6 million shares (including shares sold pursuant to our DRIP Offering and net of redemptions) of common stock in the Offerings, resulting in gross proceeds of \$2.2 billion, out of which we paid \$171.8 million in selling commissions and dealer manager fees, \$70.4 million in acquisition fees, \$23.1 million in finance coordination fees, and \$16.3 million in organization and offering costs to our advisor or its affiliates. We paid no selling commissions, dealer manager fees, acquisition fees, finance coordination fees or organization and offering costs to Cole Capital during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Total net offering proceeds from the Offerings are \$1.9 billion as of March 31, 2012. With the net offering proceeds and indebtedness, we acquired \$3.5 billion in real estate and related assets net of gross intangible lease liabilities. As of May 14, 2012, we had sold an aggregate of approximately 227.6 million shares in our Offerings for gross offering proceeds of \$2.3 billion (including shares sold pursuant to our DRIP Offering). We did not sell any unregistered equity securities during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Our board of directors has adopted a share redemption program that enables our stockholders who hold their shares for more than one year to sell their shares to us in limited circumstances. Under the terms of the share redemption program, during any calendar year, we will redeem shares on a quarterly basis, at the rate of approximately one-fourth of 3% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year (including shares requested for redemption upon the death of a stockholder). Funding for redemptions for each quarter are limited to the net proceeds we receive from the sale of shares, in that quarter, under our DRIP Offering. These limits might prevent us from accommodating all redemption requests made in any fiscal quarter or in any twelve month period. Our board of directors also reserves the right, in its sole discretion at any time, and from time to time, to reject any request for redemption for any reason.

The provisions of the share redemption program in no way limit our ability to repurchase shares from stockholders by any other legally available means for any reason that our board of directors, in its discretion, deems to be in our best interest. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, we redeemed shares as follows:

	Total Number		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be		
	of Shares	Average Price	Announced Plans or	Purchased Under the		
	Redeemed	Paid per Share	Programs	Plans or Programs		
January 2012		\$		(1)		
February 2012	1,547,460	\$ 9.28	1,547,460	(1)		
March 2012		\$		(1)		
Total	1,547,460		1,547,460	(1)		

(1)

A description of the maximum number of shares that may be purchased under our redemption program is included in the narrative preceding this table.

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Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

No events occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2012 that would require a response to this item.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

No events occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2012 that would require a response to this item.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index (following the signatures section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q) are included herewith, or incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Cole Credit Property Trust II, Inc.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Gavin B. Brandon Name: Gavin B. Brandon

Title: Vice President of Accounting

(Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: May 14, 2012

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EXHIBIT INDEX

The following exhibits are included, or incorporated by reference, in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2012 (and are numbered in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K).

Exhibit No. 3.1	Description Fifth Articles of Amendment and Restatement, as corrected (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 333-121094), filed on March 23, 2006).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 333-121094), filed on September 6, 2005).
3.3	Articles of Amendment to Fifth Articles of Amendment and Restatement (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Company s Form S-11 (File No. 333-138444), filed on November 6, 2006).
31.1*	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer of the Company pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer of the Company pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer of the Company pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS***	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

* Filed herewith.

^{**} In accordance with Item 601(b) (32) of Regulation S-K, this Exhibit is not deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. Such certifications will not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

^{***} XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.