

SAIC, Inc.  
Form 10-Q/A  
September 03, 2008

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q/A

(Amendment No. 1)

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2008

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 001-33072

SAIC, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

20-3562868  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

10260 Campus Point Drive, San Diego, California  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(858) 826-6000

92121  
(Zip Code)

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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and

former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of May 16, 2008, the registrant had 184,018,432 shares of common stock, \$.0001 par value per share, issued and outstanding, and 223,056,008 shares of Class A preferred stock, \$.0001 par value per share, issued and outstanding.

### Explanatory Note

SAIC, Inc. (Company) is filing this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2008 to reflect the restatement of its condensed consolidated financial statements as of April 30, 2008 and for the quarterly periods ended April 30, 2008 and 2007. The Company has also filed an Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008 to reflect the restatement of its consolidated financial statements as of January 31, 2008 and 2007 and for the years ended January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006. Certain misstatements in the Company's previously issued consolidated financial statements resulted from a recently identified transcription error that was initially made in the determination of income taxes owed from the March 2005 sale of the Company's subsidiary, Telcordia Technologies, Inc. (Telcordia). These misstatements relate to accounting for the sale of Telcordia, which is presented as part of discontinued operations in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2005 and for all subsequent quarterly and annual periods. The error that caused these misstatements was not identified by the Company's procedures and controls existing when the error was made in 2005. Additionally, certain business segment information has been restated to correct an error that resulted in certain Government segment business activity being reported in the Commercial segment. Refer to Note 2 of the notes to condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 for a complete description and quantification of the restatement. The restatement did not impact the disclosure in Item 4. Controls and Procedures in the Company's original Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2008.

This Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A does not include any significant updates of previously filed information except as required to reflect the effects of the restatement. This amendment includes changes to Items 1 and 2 of Part I of the original filing to reflect the restatement. In addition, pursuant to the rules of the SEC, Item 6 of Part II of the original filing has been amended to contain the currently dated certifications from the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as required by Sections 302 and 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. The certifications of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are attached to this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A as Exhibits 31.1, 31.2, 32.1, and 32.2. Other than the foregoing items, no other items are amended or included in this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A. The foregoing items have not been updated to reflect other events occurring after the date of the original filing or to modify or update those disclosures affected by subsequent events. Therefore, this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A should be read in conjunction with the original Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2008 previously filed on June 4, 2008 and with reports filed with the SEC subsequent to April 30, 2008.

Except for the foregoing amended information, this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A continues to speak as of the date of the original filing, and the Company has not updated the disclosure contained herein to reflect events that occurred at a later date. Other events occurring after the date of the original filing or other disclosures necessary to reflect subsequent events have been or will be addressed in reports filed with the SEC that address financial reporting periods subsequent to the quarter ended April 30, 2008.

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**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION**


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**Item 1. Financial Statements.****SAIC, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME****(UNAUDITED)**

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
	As Restated	
	(see Note 2)	
	(in millions, except per share amounts)	
	<b>\$ 2,369</b>	\$ 2,011
Revenues		
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of revenues	<b>2,053</b>	1,746
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<b>143</b>	129
Operating income	<b>173</b>	136
Non-operating income (expense):		
Interest income	<b>8</b>	14
Interest expense	<b>(19)</b>	(22)
Minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries		(2)
Other income, net	<b>8</b>	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	<b>170</b>	126
Provision for income taxes	<b>66</b>	51
Income from continuing operations	<b>104</b>	75
Discontinued operations (Note 1):		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries and income taxes (including a net loss on sales of \$2 million and a net gain on sales of \$9 million for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively)	<b>(2)</b>	13
Minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries		(1)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	<b>(1)</b>	6
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	<b>(1)</b>	6
Net income	<b>\$ 103</b>	\$ 81
Earnings per share:		
Basic:		
Income from continuing operations	<b>\$ .26</b>	\$ .19
Income from discontinued operations		.01
	<b>\$ .26</b>	\$ .20
Diluted:		
Income from continuing operations	<b>\$ .25</b>	\$ .18
Income from discontinued operations		.01
	<b>\$ .25</b>	\$ .19
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	<b>402</b>	404

Diluted

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

413

418

## SAIC, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(UNAUDITED)

	April 30, 2008 As Restated	January 31, 2008
	(see Note 2)	
	(in millions)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 662	\$ 1,096
Receivables, net	1,927	1,886
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets	289	255
Total current assets	2,878	3,237
Property, plant and equipment (less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$310 million and \$297 million at April 30, 2008 and January 31, 2008, respectively)	390	393
Intangible assets, net	121	102
Goodwill	1,180	1,077
Deferred income taxes	73	71
Other assets	107	101
	<b>\$ 4,749</b>	<b>\$ 4,981</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,138	\$ 1,111
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	465	562
Income taxes payable	87	64
Notes payable and long-term debt, current portion	30	130
Total current liabilities	1,720	1,867
Notes payable and long-term debt, net of current portion	1,098	1,098
Other long-term liabilities	152	148
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value, 1.5 billion shares authorized, 225 million and 234 million shares issued and outstanding at April 30, 2008 and January 31, 2008, respectively		
Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 2 billion shares authorized, 184 million and 179 million shares issued and outstanding at April 30, 2008 and January 31, 2008, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	1,802	1,804
Retained earnings		87
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(23)	(23)
Total stockholders' equity	1,779	1,868
	<b>\$ 4,749</b>	<b>\$ 4,981</b>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

## SAIC, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

## AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

	Shares		Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other		Comprehensive income
	Common stock	Preferred stock			Comprehensive loss As Restated (see Note 2) (in millions)	Total	
Balance at February 1, 2008	179	234	\$ 1,804	\$ 87	\$ (23)	\$ 1,868	
Net income				103		103	\$ 103
Issuances of stock		14	99			99	
Repurchases of stock	(13)	(5)	(147)	(190)		(337)	
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	18	(18)					
Income tax benefit from employee stock transactions			27			27	
Stock-based compensation			19			19	
Balance at April 30, 2008	<b>184</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>\$ 1,802</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ (23)</b>	<b>\$ 1,779</b>	<b>\$ 103</b>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

## SAIC, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
	As Restated	
	(see Note 2) (in millions)	
Cash flows from operations:		
Net income	\$ 103	\$ 81
(Income) loss from discontinued operations	1	(6)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	23	17
Stock-based compensation	19	23
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(27)	(27)
Other non-cash items	(6)	2
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents, excluding effects of acquisitions and divestitures, resulting from changes in:		
Receivables	(37)	(26)
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets	(34)	1
Deferred income taxes	(1)	
Other assets	(4)	(2)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	18	(115)
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	(94)	(108)
Income taxes payable	47	27
Other long-term liabilities	5	4
Total cash flows provided by (used in) operations	13	(129)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment	(12)	(12)
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired of \$1 million in 2008	(135)	
Payments for businesses acquired in previous years	(2)	
Other	8	5
Total cash flows used in investing activities	(141)	(7)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments on notes payable and long-term debt	(102)	(1)
Sales of stock and exercise of stock options	28	35
Repurchases of stock	(259)	(94)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	27	27
Other		1
Total cash flows used in financing activities	(306)	(32)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations	(434)	(168)
Cash flows of discontinued operations:		
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations	2	(5)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations	(2)	3
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		(2)
Total decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(434)	(170)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period continuing operations	1,096	1,109
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period discontinued operations		4

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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,096	1,113
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period continuing operations	\$ 662	\$ 943

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SAIC, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

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**Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

***Nature of Operations and Basis of Presentation***

SAIC, Inc. is a provider of scientific, engineering, systems integration and technical services and solutions to all branches of the U.S. military, agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense, the intelligence community, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security and other U.S. Governmental civil agencies, state and local government agencies, foreign governments and customers in selected commercial markets.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of SAIC, Inc. and all majority-owned and 100%-owned subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Company). All intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company recognized revenues of \$5 million on sales to certain unconsolidated affiliates during each of the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007.

The accompanying financial information has been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Estimates have been prepared by management on the basis of the most current and best available information and actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of management, the financial information as of April 30, 2008 and for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 reflects all adjustments, which include normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation thereof. Operating results for the three months ended April 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2009, or any future period.

***Discontinued Operations***

On July 13, 2007, the Company completed a reorganization transaction involving AMSEC LLC. Before this transaction was completed, AMSEC LLC was jointly owned 55% by the Company and 45% by another party, and AMSEC LLC's results were reported as a consolidated majority-owned subsidiary of the Company within the Government segment. The reorganization transaction resulted in the disposition of the Company's 55% interest in AMSEC LLC, in exchange for the acquisition by the Company of certain divisions and subsidiaries of AMSEC LLC. The Company no longer owns any interest in AMSEC LLC. The Company applied purchase accounting to the AMSEC LLC divisions and subsidiaries that were acquired and recorded the divested portion of the business as a sale at fair value. The parties have a mutual indemnification arrangement for pre-transaction events.

The operating results of AMSEC LLC (other than the divisions and subsidiaries that the Company acquired in the reorganization transaction) have been reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented. The operating results prior to sale for the periods noted were as follows:

Three Months Ended  
April 30  
2008 2007

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	(in millions)	
Revenues	\$	\$ 57
Costs and expenses		
Cost of revenues		51
Selling, general and administrative expenses		2
Income before minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries and income taxes	\$	\$ 4

In addition to the operating results of the divested portion of AMSEC LLC, the Company's results of discontinued operations for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 included gains and losses on sales for certain tax and litigation matters related to Telcordia Technologies, Inc. (Telcordia) (Note 9) and the divested portion of AMSEC LLC.

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

**Supplementary Cash Flow Information**

The non-cash investing and financing activities for the periods noted were as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30 2008	2007
	(in millions)	
Stock exchanged upon exercise of stock options	\$ 68	\$ 85
Stock issued for settlement of accrued employee benefits	\$ 3	\$ 4
Increase in accrued share repurchases	\$ 10	\$ 2
Fair value of assets acquired in acquisitions	\$ 138	\$
Cash paid in acquisitions, net of cash acquired of \$1 million	(135)	
Accrued acquisition payments	(2)	
Liabilities assumed in acquisitions	\$ 1	\$

**Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 157 Fair Value Measurements. SFAS No. 157 establishes a single authoritative definition of fair value, sets out a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 on February 1, 2008. Subsequent to the issuance of SFAS No. 157, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 157-1 and No. FAS 157-2, which exclude the lease classification measurements under SFAS No. 13 Accounting for Leases from the scope of SFAS No. 157 and delayed the effective date on SFAS No. 157 for all non-recurring fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities until February 1, 2009. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not impact the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159 The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115). SFAS No. 159 permits companies to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value to improve financial reporting by providing companies with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting. Most of the provisions in SFAS No. 159 are elective. The Company adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 159 on February 1, 2008, but did not adopt the elective provisions of this statement. The adoption of SFAS No. 159 did not impact the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

**Note 2 Restatement**

The Company has restated its consolidated financial statements as of January 31, 2008 and 2007 and for the years ended January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 and these condensed consolidated financial statements as of April 30, 2008 and for the quarterly periods ended April 30, 2008 and 2007. Certain misstatements in the Company's previously issued consolidated financial statements resulted from a recently identified transcription error that was initially made in the determination of income taxes owed from the March 2005 sale of the Company's subsidiary, Telcordia. These misstatements relate to accounting for the sale of Telcordia, which is presented as part of discontinued operations in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2005 and for all subsequent quarterly and annual periods. This error was discovered during the quarterly period ended July 31, 2008, by Company personnel following an inquiry made during a routine Internal Revenue Service audit of the Company's 2005 and 2006 federal income tax returns.

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The principal effects of the error related to the calculation of the gain on the sale of Telcordia on the Company's consolidated financial statements are as follows:

An overstatement of federal deferred tax assets and an associated understatement of provision for federal income taxes from discontinued operations in the amount of \$25 million as of and for the year ended January 31, 2005. The error caused the overstated amount of a federal deferred tax asset for the excess of tax basis of the Company's investment in Telcordia over financial reporting basis to be recorded for the year ended January 31, 2005, after an acquisition agreement for the sale of Telcordia had been signed in fiscal 2005 and before the closing of the sale in fiscal 2006.

An understatement of the provision for state income taxes from discontinued operations in the amount of \$2 million for the year ended January 31, 2006. The error caused an understated amount of state tax expense to be recorded for the year ended January 31, 2006, upon completion of the sale of Telcordia in fiscal 2006.



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Income from discontinued operations	5		1	6
Net income	80		1	81
Earnings per share:				
Basic:				
Income from continuing operations	\$ .19	\$		\$ .19
Income from discontinued operations	.01			.01
	\$ .20	\$		\$ .20
Diluted:				
Income from continuing operations	\$ .18	\$		\$ .18
Income from discontinued operations	.01			.01
	\$ .19	\$		\$ .19



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	Common stock	Preferred stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Other stockholders equity	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Comprehensive Income
					(in millions)		
Repurchases of stock - as previously reported	(13)	(5)	\$ (149)	\$ (188)			\$ (337)
Adjustment			2	(2)			
Repurchases of stock - as restated	(13)	(5)	\$ (147)	\$ (190)			\$ (337)

**Business Segment Information**

The Company has also restated its business segment information (Note 8) to correct an error that resulted in certain Government segment business activity being reported in its Commercial segment. This error resulted in an overstatement of Commercial segment revenues and an understatement of Government segment revenues of \$13 million and \$8 million for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Additionally, Commercial segment operating income was overstated and Government segment operating income was understated by \$1 million for the three months ended April 30, 2008. Commercial segment operating income was understated and Government segment operating income was overstated by \$1 million for the three months ended April 30, 2007.

This Note should be read in conjunction with Note 2 "Restatement" in the notes to the Company's consolidated financial statements included in Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008, which provides further information on the nature and impact of the restatement.

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

**Note 3 Stockholders Equity and Earnings per Share (EPS):**

The Company has shares of Class A preferred stock and common stock issued and outstanding. Shares of common stock contain the same economic rights as shares of Class A preferred stock; however, holders of Class A preferred stock are entitled to 10 votes per share while holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share.

Basic EPS is computed by dividing income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding. Stock awards are included in the computation of basic EPS only after the shares become vested. Included in the number of shares of Class A preferred stock issued and outstanding as of April 30, 2008 and 2007 were 13 million shares and 11 million shares, respectively, which were unvested and therefore excluded from the computation of basic EPS. Diluted EPS is computed similar to basic EPS, except the weighted average number of shares outstanding is increased to include the dilutive effect of stock options, unvested stock and other stock-based awards granted under stock-based compensation plans that were outstanding during the periods.

A reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted EPS is as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
	(in millions)	
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	402	404
Dilutive common share equivalents:		
Stock options	8	12
Unvested stock awards and other stock-based awards	3	2
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	413	418
Antidilutive stock options excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	12	7

There were no adjustments to income from continuing operations and income from discontinued operations in calculating basic and diluted EPS for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007.

**Note 4 Stock-Based Compensation:**

*Total Stock-Based Compensation.* Total stock-based compensation expense for the periods noted was as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
	(in millions)	
Stock options	\$ 6	\$ 7
Vesting stock awards	13	12
Employee stock purchase plan (ESPP) discount		4
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 19	\$ 23

*Stock Options.* Stock options granted during the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 have a vesting period of four years, except for stock options granted to the Company's outside directors during the three months ended April 30, 2008, which have a

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vesting period of one year. All stock options granted during the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 have a term of five years from the date of grant. The fair value of options granted during the periods noted was determined using the following weighted average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
Expected term (in years)	3.9	3.9
Expected volatility	26.1%	26.9%
Risk-free interest rate	2.3%	4.5%
Dividend yield	0%	0%

The weighted average grant-date fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model was \$4.49 and \$4.99, respectively.

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Stock option activity for the three months ended April 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Shares of stock under options (in millions)	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual term (in years)	Aggregate intrinsic value (in millions) \$
Outstanding at January 31, 2008	53.5	\$ 13.41	2.1	\$ 294
Options granted	5.9	18.73		
Options forfeited or expired	(1.4)	11.55		
Options exercised	(7.9)	10.57		65
Outstanding at April 30, 2008	<b>50.1</b>	<b>14.54</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>224</b>
Exercisable at April 30, 2008	<b>25.0</b>	<b>13.15</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>146</b>

*Stock Awards.* Vesting stock award activity for the three months ended April 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Shares of stock under stock awards (in millions)	Weighted average grant-date fair value \$
Unvested at January 31, 2008	10.2	\$ 18.62
Awards granted	4.7	18.73
Awards forfeited	(0.2)	18.42
Awards vested	(1.7)	18.84
Unvested at April 30, 2008	<b>13.0</b>	<b>18.64</b>

The aggregate fair value of vesting stock awards that vested during the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$32 million and \$22 million, respectively.

*ESPP.* Effective January 1, 2008, the Company reduced the discount on the ESPP to 5% thereby resulting in the ESPP being non-compensatory.

**Note 5 Acquisitions:**

On April 18, 2008, the Company completed an acquisition in the Government segment, which was not considered a material business combination, for a preliminary purchase price of \$138 million in cash. The acquired business designs and produces laser-based systems and products for military training and testing. The preliminary purchase price allocations related to this acquisition resulted in identifiable intangible assets of \$26 million and goodwill of \$104 million. The Company has not yet obtained all of the information required to complete the purchase price allocations related to this acquisition and certain prior year acquisitions. The final purchase price allocations will be completed once the information identified by the Company has been received.

Subsequent to April 30, 2008, the Company completed an acquisition in the Government segment, which was not considered a material business combination. The acquired business provides services in language translation, interpretation and training, and

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other consulting services to federal, state and local governments and commercial customers.

**Note 6 Goodwill and Intangible Assets:**

Intangible assets, including those arising from preliminary purchase price allocations, consisted of the following:

	April 30, 2008			January 31, 2008		
	Gross		Net	Gross		Net
	carrying	Accumulated	carrying	carrying	Accumulated	carrying
	value	amortization	value	value	amortization	value
	(in millions)					
Amortizable intangible assets:						
Customer relationships	\$ 119	\$ 43	\$ 76	\$ 103	\$ 38	\$ 65
Software and technology	64	24	40	54	22	32
Other	5	4	1	5	4	1
Total amortizable intangible assets	188	71	117	162	64	98
Non-amortizable intangible assets:						
Tradenames	4		4	4		4
Total intangible assets	\$ 192	\$ 71	\$ 121	\$ 166	\$ 64	\$ 102

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Amortization expense related to amortizable intangible assets was \$7 million and \$6 million for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The estimated annual amortization expense related to amortizable intangible assets as of April 30, 2008 is as follows (in millions):

Fiscal Year Ending January 31	
2009 (remainder of the fiscal year)	\$ 24
2010	27
2011	20
2012	15
2013	13
2014 and thereafter	18
	\$ 117

Actual amortization expense in future periods could differ from these estimates as a result of acquisitions, divestitures, impairments, adjustments to preliminary allocations of purchase price and other factors. There were no goodwill or intangible asset impairment losses during the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007.

**Note 7 Comprehensive Income and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss:**

Comprehensive income for the periods noted was as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30 2008	2007 As Restated
Net income	\$ 103	\$ 81
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments		1
Total comprehensive income	\$ 103	\$ 82

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss were as follows:

	April 30, 2008	January 31, 2008
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ 3	\$ 3
Unrealized net loss on derivative instruments	(7)	(7)

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Unrealized loss on defined benefit plan

(19)	(19)
<b>\$ (23)</b>	\$ (23)

As of April 30, 2008, \$1 million of the unrealized net loss on derivative instruments will be amortized and recognized as interest expense during the next 12 months.

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

**Note 8 Business Segment Information:**

As discussed in Note 2, the Company has restated its business segment information to correct an error that resulted in certain Government segment business activity being reported in the Commercial segment. The following summarizes interim business segment information with prior year amounts adjusted for discontinued operations and for consistency with the current year's presentation:

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30 2008	2007
	As Restated	
	(see Note 2) (in millions)	
Revenues:		
Government segment	\$ 2,251	\$ 1,891
Commercial segment	118	120
Total revenues	\$ 2,369	\$ 2,011
Operating income (loss):		
Government segment	\$ 175	\$ 134
Commercial segment	3	6
Corporate and Other segment	(5)	(4)
Total operating income	\$ 173	\$ 136

As described in more detail in Note 17 of the notes to consolidated financial statements in Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008, certain corporate expenses are reflected in the Government and Commercial segments based on agreed-upon allocations to the segments or as required by U.S. Government Cost Accounting Standards. To the extent not allocated, corporate expenses are retained in the Corporate and Other segment.

**Note 9 Commitments and Contingencies:****Telkom South Africa**

The Company's former Telcordia subsidiary instituted arbitration proceedings before the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC), against Telkom South Africa in March 2001 as a result of a contract dispute. Telcordia seeks to recover damages for breach of contract, plus interest at a rate of 15.5%. Telkom South Africa counterclaimed, seeking substantial damages from Telcordia. On September 27, 2002, the arbitrator found that Telkom South Africa repudiated the contract and dismissed Telkom South Africa's counterclaims against Telcordia. The damages to be recovered by Telcordia will be determined in the second phase of the arbitration. Although Telkom South Africa challenged the arbitrator's partial award in Telcordia's favor in the South African court system, the arbitrator's decision was ultimately upheld.

The second phase of the arbitration to determine the damages to be recovered by Telcordia has now commenced. Telcordia submitted its statement of claim and related document production on March 30, 2007, which seeks damages in excess of \$200 million plus interest and legal fees and costs. As a result of a preliminary hearing with the arbitrator, Telkom South Africa paid Telcordia \$9 million of uncontested damages relating to one aspect of the dispute. In July 2007, the arbitrator ruled that Telcordia is

entitled to 15.5% simple interest per year on awarded damages. Due to the scope and complexity of the disputed technical issues, the arbitrator appointed a third party expert to provide an independent opinion. At a hearing on April 28-29, 2008, the arbitrator determined the technical issues that the independent technical expert would be tasked to analyze. As a result of this development and the number of other disputed issues, the damage phase of the arbitration is unlikely to be completed until after January 31, 2009. Pursuant to the definitive stock purchase agreement for the sale of Telcordia, the Company is entitled to receive all of the proceeds, net of the tax liability incurred by Telcordia, from any judgment or settlement.

Due to the complex nature of the legal and factual issues involved in the dispute, the damages that Telcordia will ultimately be awarded in the second phase of arbitration, and therefore the amounts the Company will be entitled to receive, net of applicable taxes, are not presently determinable. The Company does not have any assets or liabilities recorded related to this contract and the related legal proceedings as of April 30, 2008.

***Firm-Fixed-Price Contract with the Greek Government***

***Original Contract.*** In May 2003, the Company entered into a euro-denominated firm-fixed-price contract (the Greek contract) with the Hellenic Republic of Greece (the Customer) to provide a Command, Control, Communications, Coordination and

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SAIC, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

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Integration (C4I) System (the System), to support the 2004 Athens Summer Olympic Games (the Olympics), and to serve as the security system for the Customer's public order departments following completion of the Olympics. The System is comprised of 29 subsystems, organized into three major functional areas: the Command Decision Support System (CDSS), the Communication and Information System and the Command Center Systems. Under the Greek contract, the System was to be completed, tested, and accepted by September 1, 2004, at a price of approximately \$199 million. The Greek contract also requires the Company to provide five years of System support and maintenance for approximately \$16 million and ten years of TETRA radio network services for approximately \$132 million. The Greek contract contains an unpriced option for an additional five years of TETRA network services.

The Customer took delivery of the System for use and operation during the Olympics beginning in August 2004, and continues to use significant portions of the System. In November 2004, the Company delivered a revised version of the CDSS portion of the System to the Customer. Beginning in December 2004 and continuing through April 2005, the Customer performed subsystems acceptance testing on each of the subsystems comprising the System based on test procedures that had not been mutually agreed upon by the parties. The Customer identified numerous omissions and deviations in its test reports. The Company believes that certain of these omissions and deviations were valid, while others were not.

*Modification of Contract.* On March 29, 2007, the Company and the Customer executed a modification to the Greek contract which establishes specific requirements, contract terms, and a payment schedule under which the various subsystems can be completed and provides for, among other things, the following:

acceptance of 20 specific subsystems of the 29 subsystems comprising the System within 70 days of the execution of the modification

payment of \$34 million within 30 days of the Company submitting invoices for certain work already performed on both the system development portion and service portion of the Greek contract

reduction of the advance payment and performance bonds maintained by the Company in favor of the Customer by at least \$123 million which represents the value of the 20 subsystems required to be accepted within 70 days of the execution of the modification

credit for past warranty, maintenance and TETRA services

a revised test and acceptance process for the remaining subsystems being re-delivered during 2008

provision of subsystem maintenance for a period of up to 5 years following subsystem acceptance

In connection with the acceptance of 20 of the 29 subsystems referred to above, the Greek contract modification provides a framework for the parties to determine the price reduction for omissions and deviations relating to those subsystems. An agreement of the parties limits the total price reduction for these subsystems to a maximum of \$12 million. On September 11, 2007, the Greek contract was further modified to provide for an extension of the system development portion of the Greek contract to October 2008, as previously agreed.

*Performance of Modified Contract.* Subsequent to the modification of the Greek contract on March 29, 2007, the following developments have occurred:

18 of the 20 subsystems to have been accepted within 70 days of March 29, 2007 have been fully and finally accepted by the Customer. A subcontractor, in consultation with the Company and the Customer, has chosen to remediate omissions and deviations in the remaining two subsystems it delivered, in an effort to minimize or eliminate the price reduction associated with them. Remediation and re-testing of these two subsystems are ongoing. The contract authorizes such remediation as long as it is completed before the System acceptance testing to be conducted in fiscal year 2009.

The Customer has paid substantially all of the \$34 million related to services previously performed required to be paid within 30 days of the Company submitting its invoices.

The Company has an informal agreement with the Customer to resolve the omissions and deviations on these 18 subsystems for a total price reduction of \$6 million which has not yet been finalized through a contract modification.

The Customer has reduced the advance payment, performance and offset bonds requirement by \$154 million.

The Company and its subcontractors are performing work under the terms of the modified Greek contract and modified subcontracts, including the requirement to deliver a modified CDSS.

The parent corporation of the Company's principal subcontractor has been subject to a number of investigations focusing on alleged improper payments to government officials and political parties in a number of countries, including

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SAIC, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Greece. The Company's subcontractor previously represented to the Company that it did not make improper payments in connection with the Greek contract. However, more recently, the subcontractor indicated that its board of directors has initiated a comprehensive, independent investigation to determine if improper payments were made by the subcontractor to obtain business worldwide, including in connection with the Greek contract. The Company has taken a number of actions to confirm the accuracy of its subcontractor's representations. If the subcontractor's representations are ultimately determined to be false and improper payments were in fact made in connection with the Greek contract, the legal compliance and political issues that this would raise could impact the Company's subcontractor's ability to perform the subcontract and the Company's ability to perform the Greek contract. This could have a material adverse affect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

*Financial Status and Contingencies of the Greek Contract.* The Company has recorded \$124 million of losses under the Greek contract as of April 30, 2008. No profits or losses were recorded during the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007. The \$124 million loss reflected the Company's estimated total cost to complete the System under the original Greek contract and assumed the Greek contract value was limited to the cash received to date.

The Greek contract modification resulted in significant changes to the terms and conditions and the deliverables under the Greek contract and clarifies the parties' responsibilities. If the Company completes the work and receives future payments as required under the modified Greek contract, the Company may reverse a portion of the losses previously recognized. However, based on the complex nature of this contractual situation and the difficulties encountered to date, significant uncertainties exist and the Company is unable to reliably estimate the ultimate outcome. Accordingly, the Company has not adjusted and will not adjust the losses on this contract until such time as the Company can reliably estimate the ultimate outcome of the modified contract. Also, as a result of the significant uncertainties that remain on this contract, the Company is utilizing the completed-contract method of accounting for the system development portion of this contract. Examples of these uncertainties include acceptance of the remaining subsystems and the overall system, receipt of the remaining payments, release of the remaining bonds, changes in the political representatives from the Greek government involved with the project and subcontractor performance and legal compliance issues. Accordingly, no additional revenue will be recognized on the development portion of the contract until it is completed. Revenue on the maintenance portion of the contract is recognized as maintenance payments are received from the Customer. Although the Company expects to receive additional payments in accordance with the terms of the modified Greek contract, the Company's accounting as of April 30, 2008 was based on cash received to date. Through April 30, 2008, the Company has recognized revenues of \$157 million, which represents a portion of the \$201 million of cash received to date. No revenues or costs on the maintenance portion of the Greek contract were recognized during the three months ended April 30, 2008.

The Company has \$17 million of accounts receivable (classified as other assets) relating to value added taxes (VAT) that the Company has paid and believes the Company is entitled to recover either as a refund from the taxing authorities or as a payment under the Greek contract upon final billing. The Customer has paid to the Company all amounts owed for VAT to date for the subsystems accepted and services provided. Failure by the Customer to pay any future VAT amounts could result in an additional obligation payable by the Company to the Greek taxing authorities and could increase the Company's total losses on the Greek contract.

In accordance with the terms of the Greek contract, the Company is required to maintain certain advance payment, performance and offset bonds in favor of the Customer. These bonding requirements have been met through the issuance of standby letters of credit. As of April 30, 2008, there were \$116 million in advance payment and performance standby letters of credit and \$7 million in offset bonds outstanding. If the standby letters of credit are called based on a future failure to fulfill the Company's obligations under the Greek contract, the Company may have the right to call some of the \$71 million of bonds provided by the Company's subcontractors in connection with their work under the Greek contract if the performance failure relates to subcontracted work.

If the Company and its subcontractors are unable to perform in accordance with the modified Greek contract, damages or claims by the Customer or subcontractors may be successfully asserted against the Company, the Company's bonds may be called, and the Customer may be able to recover additional contract costs required to fulfill the Company's obligations. This could have a material

adverse affect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

***Nuclear Regulatory Commission***

The U.S. Department of Justice filed a lawsuit against the Company in September 2004 in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia alleging False Claims Act violations and breach of contract by the Company on two contracts that the Company had with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). The complaint alleges that the Company's performance of several subcontracts on separate Department of Energy (DOE) programs, the involvement of a Company employee in an

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SAIC, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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industry trade association and certain other issues created organizational conflicts of interest that were required to be disclosed to the NRC under the terms of the Company's two NRC contracts. The Company disputes that the work performed on the DOE programs and other issues raised by the government created organizational conflicts of interest or impaired the work that the Company performed for the NRC. Discovery in the case was completed in September 2006. In 2007, the Company had filed a motion for summary judgment on a number of issues in the case, which if granted in its entirety would have resulted in the dismissal of the case. In May 2008, the judge ruled on the Company's motion for summary judgment, granting it on certain issues and denying it on others. The judge set the case to go to trial before a jury in July 2008. If the U.S. Department of Justice prevails in the case, the maximum damages for which the Company could be liable are estimated to be between \$5 million and \$8 million. The Company is currently unable to determine the outcome of this matter.

*Other*

The Company is subject to investigations and reviews relating to compliance with various laws and regulations with respect to its role as a contractor to agencies and departments of the U.S. Government and in connection with performing services in countries outside of the United States. Such matters can lead to criminal, civil or administrative proceedings and the Company could be faced with penalties, fines, repayments or compensatory damages. Adverse findings could also have a material adverse effect on the Company because of its reliance on government contracts. Although the Company can give no assurance, based upon management's evaluation of current matters that are subject to U.S. Government investigations of which the Company is aware and based on management's current understanding of the facts, the Company does not believe that the outcome of any such matter would likely have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, cash flows or its ability to conduct business.

U.S. Government agencies routinely review their contractors' performance on contracts, cost structure, pricing practices and compliance with applicable contracting and procurement laws, regulations and standards. Such reviews may result in adjustments to contract costs, and costs found to be improperly allocated must be refunded to customers as required. In addition, the U.S. Government may apply penalties under certain circumstances. All of the Company's indirect contract costs have been agreed upon through fiscal year 2004 and are not subject to further adjustment. The Company has recorded contract revenues subsequent to fiscal year 2004 based upon costs that the Company believes will be approved upon final review. However, the Company does not know the outcome of any future reviews and adjustments and, if future adjustments exceed the Company's estimates, its profitability could be adversely affected.

The Company is subject to routine compliance reviews by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and other taxing authorities. The IRS is currently reviewing fiscal years 2005 and 2006. During the next 12 months, it is reasonably possible that resolution of these reviews by the IRS and other taxing authorities, both domestic and international, could be reached with respect to \$37 million of the Company's unrecognized tax benefits (\$27 million of which relates to discontinued operations), depending on the timing of ongoing examinations, litigation and expiration of statute of limitations, either because the Company's tax positions are sustained on audit or because the Company agrees to their disallowance and pays the related income tax. These unrecognized tax benefits are primarily related to research and development, foreign tax credits and certain recurring deductions customary for the Company's industry. As of April 30, 2008, the Company had liabilities for uncertain tax positions of \$60 million, including \$30 million related to discontinued operations.

The Company has effectively settled with the IRS and certain states for all fiscal years prior to and including fiscal year 2004. While the Company believes it has adequate accruals for uncertain tax positions, the tax authorities may determine that the Company owes taxes in excess of recorded accruals or the recorded accruals may be in excess of the final settlement amounts agreed to by tax authorities.

The Company is subject to periodic audits by state and local governments for taxes other than income taxes. The Company does not believe that the outcome of any other such tax matters would have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial

position, results of operations, cash flows or its ability to conduct business.

As a result of a dispute over the proper interpretation of contract pricing terms, the Company has initiated a lawsuit against a state government customer seeking payment for certain technical services. Although the amount of the claim, based on three unpaid invoices, is only approximately \$40,000, the resolution of the claim is expected to resolve the pricing interpretation dispute and could have significant implications for the contract going forward. While the Company is confident that its interpretation of the pricing terms is correct, if the customer's interpretation prevails, given estimated future tasking over the five year term of the base contract and the two option years, the Company estimates that this could result in an aggregate loss on the contract of approximately \$5 million to \$50 million, with the lower end of the range more likely. The Company is unable to determine the outcome and accordingly, has not recorded a liability for this matter as of April 30, 2008.

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**SAIC, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(UNAUDITED)**

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The Company is also involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal conduct of its business, none of which, in the opinion of the Company's management, based upon current information, will likely have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, cash flows or its ability to conduct business.

**Note 10 Supplemental Guarantor Information:**

SAIC, Inc. (Parent) has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the obligations of Science Applications International Corporation (Subsidiary Issuer) under its \$300 million 5.5% notes, \$550 million 6.25% notes and \$250 million 7.125% notes. The Subsidiary Issuer paid \$100 million to settle its 6.75% notes, which had also been guaranteed by the Parent, at maturity on February 1, 2008.

The Parent loans cash to the Subsidiary Issuer and issues stock, including stock-based compensation awards, to employees of the Subsidiary Issuer. The Subsidiary Issuer is the operating subsidiary of the Parent.

As discussed in Note 2, the Company has restated its consolidated financial statements as of January 31, 2008 and 2007 and for the years ended January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 and these condensed consolidated financial statements as of April 30, 2008 and for the quarterly periods ended April 30, 2008 and 2007. This restatement impacted income from discontinued operations and net income in the Subsidiary Issuer's consolidated income statement for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007, and equity in net income of consolidated subsidiaries in the Parent's income statement and the related income statement elimination entries for the same periods. The effect of the error also impacted the Parent's investment in consolidated subsidiaries as of April 30, 2008 and the related balance sheet elimination entries for the same period. As permitted by SEC rules, the following condensed consolidating financial statement information is provided as an alternative to filing separate financial statements of the Subsidiary Issuer. The condensed consolidating financial statement information should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and notes thereto of which this note is an integral part.

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

The following tables present condensed consolidating financial information for the Parent and the Subsidiary Issuer.

## SAIC, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2008			Consolidated
	Parent	Subsidiary Issuer	Eliminations As Restated	
			(see Note 2) (in millions)	
Revenues	\$	\$ 2,369	\$	\$ 2,369
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenues		2,053		2,053
Selling, general and administrative expenses		143		143
Operating income		173		173
Non-operating income (expense):				
Interest income	11	8	(11)	8
Interest expense		(30)	11	(19)
Other income, net		8		8
Equity in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	95		(95)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	106	159	(95)	170
Provision for income taxes	3	63		66
Income from continuing operations	103	96	(95)	104
Discontinued operations:				
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes		(2)		(2)
Income tax benefits		1		1
Loss from discontinued operations		(1)		(1)
Net income	\$ 103	\$ 95	\$ (95)	\$ 103

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2007			Consolidated
	Parent	Subsidiary Issuer	Eliminations As Restated	
			(see Note 2) (in millions)	
Revenues	\$	\$ 2,011	\$	\$ 2,011
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenues		1,746		1,746
Selling, general and administrative expenses		129		129
Operating income		136		136
Non-operating income (expense):				
Interest income	15	11	(12)	14
Interest expense		(34)	12	(22)

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Other income, net		(2)		(2)
Equity in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	71		(71)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	86	111	(71)	126
Provision for income taxes	5	46		51
Income from continuing operations	81	65	(71)	75
Discontinued operations:				
Income from discontinued operations before minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries and income taxes		13		13
Minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries		(1)		(1)
Provision for income taxes		6		6
Income from discontinued operations		6		6
Net income	\$ 81	\$ 71	\$ (71)	\$ 81

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

## SAIC, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

	April 30, 2008			
	Parent	Subsidiary Issuer	Eliminations As Restated	Consolidated
			(see Note 2) (in millions)	
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 662	\$	\$ 662
Receivables, net		1,927		1,927
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets		289		289
Total current assets		2,878		2,878
Property, plant and equipment, net		390		390
Intangible assets, net		121		121
Goodwill		1,180		1,180
Deferred income taxes		73		73
Other assets	1,013	107	(1,013)	107
Investment in consolidated subsidiaries	782		(782)	
	<b>\$ 1,795</b>	<b>\$ 4,749</b>	<b>\$ (1,795)</b>	<b>\$ 4,749</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 16	\$ 1,122	\$	\$ 1,138
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		465		465
Income taxes payable		87		87
Notes payable and long-term debt, current portion		30		30
Total current liabilities	16	1,704		1,720
Notes payable and long-term debt, net of current portion		2,111	(1,013)	1,098
Other long-term liabilities		152		152
Total stockholders' equity	1,779	782	(782)	1,779
	<b>\$ 1,795</b>	<b>\$ 4,749</b>	<b>\$ (1,795)</b>	<b>\$ 4,749</b>
	January 31, 2008			
	Parent	Subsidiary Issuer	Eliminations (in millions)	Consolidated
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 1,096	\$	\$ 1,096
Receivables, net		1,886		1,886
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets		255		255
Total current assets		3,237		3,237
Property, plant and equipment, net		393		393

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Intangible assets, net		102		102
Goodwill		1,077		1,077
Deferred income taxes		71		71
Other assets	1,187	101	(1,187)	101
Investment in consolidated subsidiaries	687		(687)	
	\$ 1,874	\$ 4,981	\$ (1,874)	\$ 4,981

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY**

Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 6	\$ 1,105	\$	\$ 1,111
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		562		562
Income taxes payable		64		64
Notes payable and long-term debt, current portion		130		130
Total current liabilities	6	1,861		1,867
Notes payable and long-term debt, net of current portion		2,285	(1,187)	1,098
Other long-term liabilities		148		148
Total stockholders equity	1,868	687	(687)	1,868
	\$ 1,874	\$ 4,981	\$ (1,874)	\$ 4,981

## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

## SAIC, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows

	Parent	Subsidiary Issuer	Eliminations As Restated	Consolidated
			(see Note 2) (in millions)	
Cash flows provided by operations	\$ 10	\$ 3	\$	\$ 13
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment		(12)		(12)
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired of \$1 million		(135)		(135)
Payments for businesses acquired in previous years		(2)		(2)
Other		8		8
Total cash flows used in investing activities		(141)		(141)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments on notes payable and long-term debt		(102)		(102)
Proceeds (payments) on intercompany obligations	(10)	10		
Sales of stock and exercise of stock options		28		28
Repurchases of stock		(259)		(259)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation		27		27
Total cash flows used in financing activities	(10)	(296)		(306)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations		(434)		(434)
Cash flows of discontinued operations:				
Cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations		2		2
Cash used in investing activities of discontinued operations		(2)		(2)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations				
Total decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(434)		(434)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,096		1,096
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$ 662	\$	\$ 662

Non-cash changes in the intercompany obligations between the Parent and Subsidiary Issuer were as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2008 (in millions)
Repurchases of Parent stock by Subsidiary Issuer on behalf of Parent	\$259
Sales or issuances of stock by Parent on behalf of Subsidiary Issuer	\$ 31
Stock-based compensation recognized by Subsidiary Issuer	\$ 19
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation realized by Subsidiary Issuer	\$ 27



## SAIC, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2007			Consolidated
	Parent	Subsidiary Issuer	Eliminations As Restated	
			(see Note 2) (in millions)	
Cash flows provided by (used in) operations	\$ 14	\$ (143)	\$	\$ (129)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment		(12)		(12)
Other		5		5
Total cash flows used in investing activities		(7)		(7)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments on notes payable and long-term debt		(1)		(1)
Proceeds (payments) on intercompany obligations	(928)	928		
Sales of stock and exercise of stock options		35		35
Repurchases of stock	(8)	(86)		(94)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation		27		27
Other		1		1
Total cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	(936)	904		(32)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations	(922)	754		(168)
Cash flows of discontinued operations:				
Cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations		(5)		(5)
Cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations		3		3
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		(2)		(2)
Total increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(922)	752		(170)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period continuing operations	922	187		1,109
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period discontinued operations		4		4
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	922	191		1,113
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$ 943	\$	\$ 943

Non-cash changes in the intercompany obligations between the Parent and Subsidiary Issuer were as follows:

	Three Months Ended
	April 30, 2007 (in millions)
Repurchases of Parent stock by Subsidiary Issuer on behalf of Parent	\$86
Sales or issuances of stock by Parent on behalf of Subsidiary Issuer	\$39
Stock-based compensation recognized by Subsidiary Issuer	\$23
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation realized by Subsidiary Issuer	\$27

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SAIC, INC.

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**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

*The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements, including statements regarding our intent, belief or current expectations with respect to, among other things, trends affecting our financial condition or results of operations and the impact of competition. Such statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Some of these factors include, but are not limited to the risk factors set forth in our original Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008 as filed on March 28, 2008, as may be updated periodically through subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. Due to such uncertainties and risks, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake any obligation to update these factors or to publicly announce the results of any changes to our forward-looking statements due to future events or developments.*

*Unless otherwise noted, references to years are for fiscal years ended January 31. For example, we refer to the fiscal year ended January 31, 2009 as fiscal 2009. We are currently in fiscal 2009.*

**Restatement**

We have restated our previously issued consolidated financial statements as of January 31, 2008 and 2007 and for the years ended January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, and our condensed consolidated financial statements as of April 30, 2008 and for the quarterly periods ended April 30, 2008 and 2007. Certain misstatements in our previously issued consolidated financial statements resulted from a recently identified transcription error that was initially made in the determination of income taxes owed from the March 2005 sale of our subsidiary, Telcordia Technologies, Inc. (Telcordia). These misstatements relate to accounting for the sale of Telcordia, which is presented as part of discontinued operations in our consolidated financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2005 and for all subsequent quarterly and annual periods. The error that caused these misstatements was not identified by our procedures and controls existing when the error was made in 2005. Additionally, certain business segment information has been restated to correct an error that resulted in certain Government segment business activity being reported in the Commercial segment. Refer to Note 2 of the notes to condensed consolidated financial statements for a complete description and quantification of the restatement.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) has not been updated except as required to reflect the results of the restatement. This MD&A continues to speak as of the date of the original filing and has not been updated to reflect other events occurring after the date of the original filing or to modify or update those disclosures affected by subsequent events. Other events occurring after the date of the original filing or other disclosures necessary to reflect subsequent events have been or will be addressed in reports filed with the SEC that address financial reporting periods subsequent to the quarter ended April 30, 2008.

**Overview**

We are a provider of scientific, engineering, systems integration and technical services and solutions to all branches of the U.S. military, agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense, the intelligence community, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security and other U.S. Government civil agencies, state and local government agencies, foreign governments and customers in selected commercial markets. We use the terms Company, we, us, and our to refer to SAIC, Inc. and its majority-owned and 100%-owned subsidiaries.

Our business is focused on solving issues of national and global importance in the areas of Defense, Intelligence, Homeland Security, Logistics and Product Support, Systems Engineering and Integration and Research and Development. We are also focused on expanding our business in the areas of energy, health, environmental, cyber security, and space superiority. Our significant long-term management initiatives include:

achieving internal, or non-acquisition related, annual revenue growth through investments in business development, internal research and new product and technology development, and through increased focus on pursuing more large lead system integrator contract opportunities;

improving our operating income margin by increasing contract fees (by improving internal collaboration, increasing our growth in higher-margin business areas, and improving profitability on material and subcontractor deliverables) and improving our indirect cost structure (through better recovery of our indirect costs, streamlining our overhead infrastructure, and reducing unallowable and unbillable costs);

improving our information technology systems infrastructure and related business processes for greater effectiveness and efficiency across all business functions;

investing in our people, including enhanced training and career development programs, with a focus on retention and recruiting; and

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**SAIC, INC.**

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disciplined deployment of our cash resources and use of our capital structure to enhance growth and shareholder value through strategic acquisitions, share repurchases and other uses as conditions warrant.

Key financial highlights and events, including progress against these initiatives, during the three months ended April 30, 2008 include:

Revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 increased 18% over the same period in the prior year, reflecting an internal revenue growth rate of 14%. We calculate internal revenue growth by comparing our reported revenue for the period to the revenue for the same period in the prior year adjusted to include the revenue of acquired businesses for the comparable period before acquisition. Our internal revenue growth for the three months ended April 30, 2008 was favorably impacted by increased activity on a number of new and continuing programs in our defense, homeland security, logistics and product support and intelligence business areas.

Operating income as a percentage of revenues improved from 6.8% for the three months ended April 30, 2007 to 7.3% for the three months ended April 30, 2008 primarily due to a decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues reflecting management's efforts to control general and administrative spending and improved fee rates on several large programs.

Income from continuing operations increased \$29 million over the same period in the prior year primarily due to increased operating income of \$37 million caused by increased revenues and improved operating margins, and an increase in non-operating income of \$7 million offset by an increase in our provision for income taxes of \$15 million.

Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations increased 39% for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the increase in income from continuing operations.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$434 million during the three months ended April 30, 2008 primarily due to \$259 million paid to repurchase shares of our stock, \$135 million paid related to the acquisition of a business (net of cash acquired of \$1 million), and \$102 million paid to redeem notes payable and long-term debt.

We completed one business acquisition during the three months ended April 30, 2008 for a preliminary purchase price of \$138 million. The acquired business designs and produces laser-based systems and products for military training and testing.

Net bookings (as defined in Key Financial Metrics Bookings and Backlog ) were approximately \$2.5 billion during the three months ended April 30, 2008. Total backlog was \$15.1 billion at April 30, 2008 and increased by approximately \$136 million during the three months ended April 30, 2008.

#### **Reportable Segments**

We have three reportable segments: Government, Commercial, and Corporate and Other. Except with respect to Other Income Statement Items Discontinued Operations and Net Income and Earnings per Share, all amounts in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are presented for our continuing operations only. Prior year amounts appearing in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations have been reclassified

for consistency with the current year's presentation.

*Government Segment.* Through our Government segment, we provide systems engineering, systems integration and advanced technical services and solutions primarily to U.S. federal, state and local government agencies and foreign governments. Within the Government segment, a significant portion of our revenues are derived from contracts with the U.S. Government. The revenues from contracts with the U.S. Government include contracts where we serve as the prime or lead contractor, as well as contracts where we serve as a subcontractor to other parties who are engaged directly with various U.S. Government agencies as the prime contractor. Some revenues in the Government segment are derived from non-government customers for whom the work is performed by a Government segment business unit.

*Commercial Segment.* Through our Commercial segment, we primarily target commercial customers worldwide in select industry markets, which currently include oil and gas, utilities and life sciences. While the Commercial segment provides an array of IT systems integration and advanced technical services, the focused offerings include applications and IT infrastructure management, data lifecycle management, and business transformation services. Our Commercial segment customers often benefit from leveraging our broader governmental experiences, such as geographic information systems, security, and systems engineering.

*Corporate and Other Segment.* Our Corporate and Other segment includes the operations of our internal real estate management subsidiary, various corporate activities, the elimination of intersegment revenues and costs and certain corporate expense items not allocable to our U.S. Government customers referred to as unallowable expenses. Our Corporate and Other segment does not contract with third parties for the purpose of generating revenues. There were no intersegment revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007.

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**SAIC, INC.**


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**Key Financial Metrics****Sources of Revenues**

We recognize revenues under our contracts primarily using the percentage-of-completion method. Under the percentage-of-completion method, revenues are recognized based on progress towards completion, with performance measured by the cost-to-cost method, efforts-expended method or units-of-delivery method, all of which require estimating total costs at completion. The contracting process used for procurement, including indefinite delivery/indefinite quantity (IDIQ), U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) Schedule, and other master agreement contract vehicles, does not determine revenue recognition.

**Bookings and Backlog.** We recorded net bookings worth an estimated \$2.5 billion during the three months ended April 30, 2008. Bookings generally represent the estimated amount of revenue to be earned in the future from funded and unfunded contract awards received during the period, net of any adjustments to backlog amounts. We calculate bookings as the period ending backlog plus the period's revenues less prior period ending backlog and less backlog obtained in acquisitions.

Backlog represents the amount of work under negotiated contracts which has not yet been performed. We segregate our backlog into two categories as follows:

**Funded Backlog.** Government segment funded backlog primarily represents contracts for which funding is appropriated less revenues previously recognized on these contracts. Government segment funded backlog does not include the unfunded portion of contracts where funding is incrementally appropriated or authorized on a quarterly or annual basis by the U.S. Government and other customers, even though the contract may call for performance over a number of years. Commercial segment funded backlog represents the full value on firm contracts, which may cover multiple future years, under which we are obligated to perform, less revenues previously recognized on these contracts.

**Negotiated Unfunded Backlog.** Negotiated unfunded backlog represents estimated amounts of revenue to be earned in the future from (1) negotiated contracts for which funding has not been appropriated or otherwise authorized and (2) unexercised priced contract options. Negotiated unfunded backlog does not include any estimate of future potential task orders expected to be awarded under IDIQ, GSA Schedule, or other master agreement contract vehicles.

The estimated value of our total backlog as of the dates noted was as follows:

	<b>April 30, 2008</b>	January 31, 2008
	As Restated	
	(in millions)	
<b>Government segment:</b>		
Funded backlog	\$ 4,696	\$ 4,322
Negotiated unfunded backlog	9,486	9,719
Total backlog	\$ 14,182	\$ 14,041
<b>Commercial segment:</b>		
Funded backlog	\$ 670	\$ 740
Negotiated unfunded backlog	258	193
Total backlog	\$ 928	\$ 933

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**Total:**

Funded backlog	\$ 5,366	\$ 5,062
Negotiated unfunded backlog	9,744	9,912
Total backlog	\$ 15,110	\$ 14,974

Total backlog may fluctuate from period to period depending on our success rate in winning contracts and the timing of contract awards, renewals, modifications and cancellations.

We expect to recognize a substantial portion of our funded backlog as revenues within the next 12 months. However, the U.S. Government may cancel any contract at any time. In addition, certain contracts in the Commercial segment include provisions that allow the customer to cancel at any time. Most of our contracts have cancellation terms that would permit us to recover all or a portion of our incurred costs and potential fees for work performed.

## SAIC, INC.

*Contract Types.* We generate revenues under the following types of contracts:

Cost-reimbursement contracts which provide for reimbursement of our direct contract costs and allocable indirect costs, plus a fee.

Time-and-materials (T&M) contracts which typically provide for negotiated fixed hourly rates plus reimbursement of other direct costs.

Fixed-price-level-of-effort contracts which are substantially similar to T&M contracts except they require a specified level of effort over a stated period of time.

Firm-fixed-price (FFP) contracts which provide for a fixed price for specified products, systems and/or services. If actual costs vary from planned costs on a FFP contract, we generate more or less than the planned amount of profit and may even incur a loss.

The following table summarizes revenues by contract type as a percentage of total revenues for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
Cost-reimbursement	47%	49%
T&M and fixed-price-level-of-effort	36	35
FFP	17	16
Total	100%	100%

*Revenue Mix.* We generate revenues under our contracts from (1) the efforts of our technical staff, which we refer to as labor-related revenues and (2) the materials provided on a contract and efforts of our subcontractors, which we refer to as material and subcontractor (M&S) revenues. M&S revenues are generated primarily from large, multi-year systems integration contracts and contracts in our logistics and product support business area as well as through sales of our proprietary products, such as our border, port and mobile security products. While our border, port and mobile security products provide higher margins, in most cases, M&S revenues have lower margins than our labor-related revenues. The following table presents changes in labor-related revenues and M&S revenues for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30		
	2008	Percent change	2007
	(dollars in millions)		
Labor-related revenues	\$ 1,444	11%	\$ 1,305
<i>As a percentage of revenues</i>	61%		65%
M&S revenues	925	31	706
<i>As a percentage of revenues</i>	39%		35%

The increase in labor-related revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared with the same period in the prior year is primarily due to increases in labor rates and increases in the number of direct personnel, including the addition of employees of three businesses acquired since the three months ended April 30, 2007. At April 30, 2008, we had approximately 43,800 full-time and part-time employees as compared to 41,600 at April 30, 2007. The increase in M&S revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared with the same period in the prior year was primarily due to a number of factors, including increased activity as a prime contractor on large systems integration programs involving subcontracted efforts, such as our global positioning system and North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) programs, growth in our logistics and product support business area from several new and continuing programs, and the timing and volume of material deliveries under continuing programs primarily with U.S. Department of Defense customers.

#### ***Cost of Revenues and Operating Expenses***

***Cost of Revenues.*** Cost of revenues includes direct labor and related fringe benefits, overhead, and direct expenses incurred to complete contracts and task orders, such as subcontract labor and materials. Overhead consists of indirect costs relating to rent/facilities, administration, depreciation, management information systems expenses, travel and other expenses.

***Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.*** Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses are primarily for corporate administrative functions, such as management, legal, finance and accounting, contracts and administration, human resources and certain information technology expenses. SG&A also includes bid and proposal and internal research and development expenses.

## SAIC, INC.

## Results of Operations

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30		
	2008	Percent change As Restated (dollars in millions)	2007
Revenues	\$ 2,369	18%	\$ 2,011
Cost of revenues	2,053	18	1,746
Selling, general and administrative expenses	143	11	129
Operating income	173	27	136
<i>As a percentage of revenues</i>	7.3%		6.8%
Non-operating expense, net	(3)		(10)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	170	35	126
Provision for income taxes	66	29	51
Income from continuing operations	104	39	75
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(1)		6
Net income	\$ 103	27	\$ 81

**Revenues.** Our revenues increased \$358 million, or 18% during the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to growth in revenues in our Government segment, including growth related to the acquisition of businesses. Internal, or non-acquisition, related growth was 14% for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. We calculate internal revenue growth by comparing our reported revenue for the period to the revenue for the same period in the prior year adjusted to include the revenue of acquired businesses for the comparable period before acquisition. Revenue growth related to acquisition of businesses was 4% for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year.

The following table summarizes changes in segment revenues for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30		
	2008	Percent change As Restated (dollars in millions)	2007
Government segment revenues	\$ 2,251	19%	\$ 1,891
<i>As a percentage of total revenues</i>	95%		94%
Commercial segment revenues	118	(2)	120
<i>As a percentage of total revenues</i>	5%		6%

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Total revenues	<u>\$ 2,369</u>	18	<u>\$ 2,011</u>
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Government segment revenues increased \$360 million, or 19%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Internal, or non-acquisition, related growth was 15% for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Internal revenue growth in the Government segment for the three months ended April 30, 2008 was attributable to continued growth across a number of our business areas, most notably our defense, logistics and product support, homeland security and intelligence business areas. Growth in our defense business area was led by increased volume in Command, Control and Communications programs with the U.S. Navy and Marine Corps customers, including integration of communication systems on mine resistant ambush protected (MRAP) vehicles. Our logistics and products support business area experienced growth from new programs, including a logistics support services contract for deployed MRAP vehicles as well as our contract to provide inventory management and logistics support services for ground tires to the U.S. military deployed worldwide. Increases in revenues in our homeland security business area were driven by increased sales of homeland security preparedness products and support as well as work performed on new programs with various U.S. Department of Homeland Security agencies. The increase in the intelligence business area is primarily due to work performed on new programs and higher levels of activity on existing geospatial programs, including the global positioning system program, and classified programs. Revenue growth related to acquisitions of businesses in the Government segment was 4% for the three months ended April 30, 2008 primarily due to our acquisition of a consulting, engineering, and architectural design company during our fiscal quarter ended October 31, 2007.

Commercial segment revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 remained relatively consistent as compared to the same period in the prior year.

## SAIC, INC.

*Cost of Revenues.* The following table summarizes changes in segment cost of revenues for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30		
	2008	Percent change As Restated	2007
	(dollars in millions)		
Government segment cost of revenues	\$ 1,966	19%	\$ 1,657
<i>As a percentage of related revenues</i>	<b>87.3%</b>		87.6%
Commercial segment cost of revenues	92	(2)	94
<i>As a percentage of related revenues</i>	<b>78.0%</b>		78.3%
Corporate and Other segment cost of revenues	(5)		(5)
Total cost of revenues	<b>\$ 2,053</b>	18	\$ 1,746
<i>As a percentage of revenues</i>	<b>86.7%</b>		86.8%

Government segment cost of revenues decreased as a percentage of related revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to improvements in overhead costs as a percentage of revenues and improved fee rates on several large programs. These improvements were partially offset by an increase in M&S revenues as a percentage of total revenues from certain contracts that generally have lower margins as compared to labor-related revenues.

Commercial segment cost of revenues as a percentage of related revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 remained relatively consistent as compared to the same period in the prior year.

Corporate and Other segment cost of revenues for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 represents the elimination of intersegment rent expense charged to our Government and Commercial segments on company-owned properties.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.* The following table summarizes changes in SG&A expense by type of activity for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30		
	2008	Percent change	2007
	(dollars in millions)		
General and administrative	\$ 103	12%	\$ 92
<i>As a percentage of total revenues</i>	<b>4.3%</b>		4.6%
Bid and proposal	33	22	27
<i>As a percentage of total revenues</i>	<b>1.4%</b>		1.3%
Internal research and development	7	(30)	10
<i>As a percentage of total revenues</i>	<b>.3%</b>		.5%
Total SG&A	<b>\$ 143</b>	11	\$ 129
<i>As a percentage of total revenues</i>	<b>6.0%</b>		6.4%

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Total SG&A increased \$14 million, or 11%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. As a percentage of revenues, SG&A for the three months ended April 30, 2008 decreased as compared with the same period in the prior year, largely reflecting an increase in revenues as well as management's efforts to control general and administrative spending.

General and administrative expenses increased \$11 million, or 12%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to increased professional services spending, growth in our operations, and increased depreciation and amortization expense resulting from businesses acquired since April 30, 2007. The increase in professional services spending includes activities associated with efforts to improve our information technology systems infrastructure and related business processes to provide greater effectiveness and efficiency across all business functions. Internal research and development expenses decreased \$3 million, or 30%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year due to the timing of internal research and development activities as well as the availability of related personnel. Bid and proposal (B&P) expenses increased \$6 million, or 22%, primarily due to a significant increase in B&P activities in pursuit of an increased number of larger contracts for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The level of B&P activities fluctuates depending on the timing of bidding opportunities.

## SAIC, INC.

The following table summarizes changes in SG&A expense by segment for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30		
	2008	Percent change As Restated	2007
	(dollars in millions)		
Government segment SG&A	<b>\$ 110</b>	10%	\$ 100
<i>As a percentage of related revenues</i>	<b>4.9%</b>		5.3%
Commercial segment SG&A	<b>23</b>	15	20
<i>As a percentage of related revenues</i>	<b>19.5%</b>		16.7%
Corporate and Other segment SG&A	<b>10</b>	11	9
	<hr/>		<hr/>
Total SG&A	<b>\$ 143</b>	11	\$ 129
	<hr/>		<hr/>
<i>As a percentage of revenues</i>	<b>6.0%</b>		6.4%

Government segment SG&A increased \$10 million, or 10%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to businesses acquired since April 30, 2007, increased professional services and B&P spending offset by decreases in internal research and development spending.

Commercial segment SG&A expenses increased \$3 million, or 15%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to a business acquired since April 30, 2007 and increased labor rates.

Corporate and Other segment SG&A expenses represent corporate costs that are unallowable under U.S. Government Cost Accounting Standards and the net effect of various items related to operating business units that are excluded from the evaluation of a business unit's operating performance in the Government or Commercial segments. Corporate and Other segment SG&A remained relatively consistent for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year.

*Operating Income.* The following table summarizes changes in segment operating income for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30		
	2008	Percent change As Restated	2007
	(dollars in millions)		
Government segment operating income	<b>\$ 175</b>	31%	\$ 134
<i>As a percentage of related revenues</i>	<b>7.8%</b>		7.1%
Commercial segment operating income	<b>3</b>	(50)	6
<i>As a percentage of related revenues</i>	<b>2.5%</b>		5.0%
Corporate and Other segment operating loss	<b>(5)</b>	(25)	(4)
	<hr/>		<hr/>
Total operating income	<b>\$ 173</b>	27	\$ 136
	<hr/>		<hr/>
<i>As a percentage of revenues</i>	<b>7.3%</b>		6.8%

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Total operating income increased \$37 million, or 27%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to increased Government segment operating income.

Government segment operating income increased \$41 million, or 31%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to a decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues reflecting management's efforts to control general and administrative spending and improved fee rates on several large programs.

Commercial segment operating income for the three months ended April 30, 2008 decreased by \$3 million or 50% as compared to the same period in the prior year due to an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Corporate and Other segment operating loss remained relatively consistent for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year.

*Interest Income.* Interest income decreased by \$6 million, or 43%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year due to declines in the amount of cash and cash equivalents and interest rates paid on those cash and cash equivalents.

## SAIC, INC.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense reflects interest on our outstanding debt securities and notes payable. Interest expense declined by \$3 million, or 14%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year due to the scheduled payment of \$100 million to settle the 6.75% notes at maturity on February 1, 2008.

**Other Income, Net.** The components of other income, net for the periods noted were as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
	(in millions)	
Net gain on sale of investments	\$ 3	\$
Equity interest in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	3	
Other	2	
Total other income, net	\$ 8	\$

There were no impairment losses on investments for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007. The carrying value of our cost and equity method investments as of April 30, 2008 was \$50 million.

**Provision for Income Taxes.** The provision for income taxes as a percentage of income from continuing operations before income taxes was 38.8% for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to 40.5% for the same period in the prior year. The lower effective tax rate for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year is primarily due to the reduction in non-deductible expense for income taxes due to changes to the employee stock purchase plan (ESPP) discount effective January 1, 2008.

**Income from Continuing Operations.** Income from continuing operations increased \$29 million, or 39%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008, as compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase in income from continuing operations is primarily a result of an increase in operating income of \$37 million caused by increased revenues and improved operating margins, and an \$8 million increase in other income, net caused by increased equity interest in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates and gains on sales of investments offset by an increase in the provision for income taxes of \$15 million and a \$6 million decrease in interest income for the three months ended April 30, 2008.

**Earnings per Share (EPS) from Continuing Operations.** Diluted EPS from continuing operations increased \$.07 per share, or 39%, as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to a \$29 million, or 39%, increase in income from continuing operations.

**Discontinued Operations.** On July 13, 2007, we completed a reorganization transaction resulting in the disposition of our 55% interest in our consolidated majority-owned subsidiary, AMSEC LLC, in exchange for our acquisition of certain divisions and subsidiaries of AMSEC LLC. The results of operations of AMSEC LLC (other than the divisions and subsidiaries that we acquired in the reorganization transaction) have been reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented. The operating results prior to sale for the periods noted were as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
	(in millions)	
Revenues	\$	\$ 57
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of revenues		51

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Selling, general and administrative expenses			2
Income before minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries and income taxes	\$	\$	4

In addition to the operating results of the divested portion of AMSEC LLC, our results of discontinued operations for the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007 included gains and losses on sales for certain tax and litigation matters related to Telcordia Technologies, Inc. and the divested portion of AMSEC LLC.

*Net Income and EPS.* Net income increased \$22 million, or 27%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase reflects a \$29 million increase in income from continuing operations and a \$7 million decrease in income from discontinued operations. Diluted EPS increased \$.06 per share, or 32%, for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to an increase in net income of \$22 million for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year.

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**SAIC, INC.**


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**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We anticipate our principal source of liquidity for the next 12 months and beyond will be cash flows from operations. We may also borrow under our revolving credit facility. We anticipate our principal uses of cash will be for operating expenses, capital expenditures, working capital requirements, acquisitions, stock repurchases, and funding of pension obligations. We anticipate that our operating cash flows, existing cash and cash equivalents and borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash requirements for at least the next 12 months.

**Cash Flows**

The following table summarizes cash flow information for the periods noted:

	Three Months Ended April 30 2008	2007
	(in millions)	
Total cash flows provided by (used in) operations	\$ 13	\$ (129)
Total cash flows used in investing activities	(141)	(7)
Total cash flows used in financing activities	(306)	(32)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		(2)
<b>Total decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>\$ (434)</b>	<b>\$ (170)</b>

**Cash Provided by (Used in) Operations.** The \$142 million increase in cash flows from operations for the three months ended April 30, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year was primarily due to an increase in the relative amount of payables outstanding and a decrease in cash paid for income taxes offset by an increase in inventories primarily related to increased activity in our logistics and products support business area.

**Cash Used in Investing Activities.** We used \$141 million of cash in support of investing activities during the three months ended April 30, 2008, including \$135 million to acquire a business and \$12 million to purchase property, plant and equipment. We used \$7 million of cash in support of investing activities during the three months ended April 30, 2007, including \$12 million to purchase property, plant and equipment.

**Cash Used in Financing Activities.** We used \$306 million of cash in support of financing activities during the three months ended April 30, 2008, including \$259 million to repurchase shares of our stock, \$102 million to redeem notes payable and long-term debt offset by \$28 million in proceeds from the sale of stock under our ESPP and the exercise of stock options and \$27 million in excess tax benefits associated with stock-based compensation. We used cash in support of financing activities of \$32 million during the three months ended April 30, 2007, including \$94 million to repurchase shares of our stock, offset by \$35 million in proceeds from the sale of stock under our ESPP and the exercise of stock options and \$27 million in excess tax benefits associated with stock-based compensation.

**Stock Repurchase Program**

In December 2006, our board of directors authorized a stock repurchase program under which we could repurchase up to 40 million shares of our common stock. In March 2008, our board authorized the repurchase of an additional number of shares to bring the shares authorized to be repurchased under the program back to 40 million shares. Stock repurchases under this program may be made on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions with third parties. Whether repurchases are made and the timing and actual number of shares repurchased depends on a variety of factors including price, other market conditions and

regulatory requirements. As of April 30, 2008, there were 31 million shares remaining authorized for repurchase under this program.

***Underfunded Pension Obligation***

We sponsor a defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees of our United Kingdom subsidiary that perform services on a specific customer contract. As of January 31, 2008, the pension plan had an underfunded projected benefit obligation of \$21 million, which we expect to fund over future years. A dispute exists with the customer over the timeframe in which this underfunded pension obligation is required to be funded under terms of the customer contract and applicable pension regulations. The resolution of this dispute may result in an acceleration of both the funding and expense recognition of the unrecognized actuarial loss.

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**SAIC, INC.**


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**Outstanding Indebtedness**

*Notes Payable and Long-term Debt.* Our outstanding notes payable and long-term debt consisted of the following:

	April 30, 2008	January 31, 2008
	(in millions)	
6.25% notes due fiscal 2013	\$ 549	\$ 549
5.5% notes due fiscal 2034	296	296
7.125% notes due fiscal 2033	248	248
6.75% notes due fiscal 2009		100
Other notes payable	35	35
	<b>1,128</b>	1,228
Less current portion	<b>30</b>	130
Total	<b>\$ 1,098</b>	\$ 1,098

We paid \$100 million to settle the 6.75% notes at maturity on February 1, 2008.

All of the notes described above contain customary restrictive covenants, including, among other things, restrictions on our ability to create liens and enter into sale and leaseback transactions. We were in compliance with such covenants as of April 30, 2008. For additional information on our notes payable and long-term debt, see Note 8 of the notes to consolidated financial statements in Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008.

*Credit Facility.* We have a revolving credit facility providing for \$750 million in unsecured borrowing capacity at interest rates determined, at our option, based on either LIBOR plus a margin or a defined base rate through fiscal 2013. As of April 30, 2008, \$744 million of the revolving credit facility was available, due to \$6 million of outstanding standby letters of credit issued in connection with our contract with the Greek government. The terms of the standby letters of credit require them to remain outstanding until the customer formally accepts the system pursuant to the contract. See Note 9 of the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

The facility contains various customary restrictive covenants, including financial covenants. As of April 30, 2008, we were in compliance with all covenants under the credit facility.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have outstanding performance guarantees and cross-indemnity agreements in connection with certain of our unconsolidated joint venture investments as described in Note 19 of the notes to consolidated financial statements in Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008. These off-balance sheet arrangements have not had, and management does not believe it is likely that they will in the future have, a material effect on our liquidity, capital resources, operations or financial condition.

**Commitments and Contingencies**

We are subject to a number of reviews, investigations, claims, lawsuits and other uncertainties related to our business. See Note 9 of the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for a discussion of these items.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Management evaluates these estimates and assumptions on an on-going basis. Our estimates and assumptions have been prepared on the basis of the most current reasonably available information. The results of these estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

We have several critical accounting policies, which were described in Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2008, that are both important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, subjective and complex judgments. Typically, the circumstances that make these judgments complex and difficult have to do with making estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. There were no significant changes to our critical accounting policies during the three months ended April 30, 2008.

**SAIC, INC.**

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**Effects of Inflation**

Approximately 50% of our revenues are derived from cost-reimbursement type contracts, which are generally completed within one year. Bids for longer-term FFP and T&M contracts typically include sufficient provisions for labor and other cost escalations to cover anticipated cost increases over the period of performance. Consequently, revenues and costs have generally both increased commensurate with the general economy. As a result, net income as a percentage of total revenues has not been significantly impacted by inflation.

**SAIC, INC.**

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**PART II**

**OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 6. Exhibits.**

- 10.1 Registrant's 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended May 30, 2008). Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's original Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2008 as filed June 4, 2008 with the SEC.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

**SAIC, INC.**

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**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: September 2, 2008

SAIC, Inc.

/s/ MARK W. SOPP

**Mark W. Sopp**

**Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer and**

**as a duly authorized officer**

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SAIC, INC.

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Exhibit Index

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
10.1	Registrant's 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended May 30, 2008). Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's original Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2008 as filed June 4, 2008 with the SEC.
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