

GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC
Form 10-K
September 13, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K
ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Commission File Number 000-22839

GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.
(exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

45 Oser Avenue,
Hauppauge, NY

(Address of principal executive offices)

11-3225567
(I.R.S. EMPLOYER
Identification No.)
11788
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (631) 231-9800

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$.001 par value	Nasdaq Global Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

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Indicate by a check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes
No

Based on the closing sale price on the Nasdaq Global Market on December 31, 2006, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, the aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value per share (the "Common Stock") held by non-affiliates of the registrant on such date was approximately \$132.2 million. For purposes of this calculation, only executives and directors are deemed to be affiliates of the registrant.

As of September 10, 2007, there were 19,477,045 shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The Proxy Statement of Globecomm Systems Inc. relative to the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on November 15, 2007, is incorporated by reference into Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

PART I

Item 1. Business

Overview

Globecomm Systems Inc., or Globecomm, was incorporated in Delaware in August 1994. Globecomm is a leading provider of satellite-based communications infrastructure solutions and services on a global basis. Our services are provided by our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Globecomm Network Services Corp. ("GNSC"), and Globecomm Services Maryland LLC ("GSM").

Our goal is to provide our customers with a comprehensive suite of design, engineering, installation and integration solutions, managed network services and lifecycle support services, by employing our expertise in emerging satellite-based communication technologies. By offering both infrastructure solutions and services, we provide our customers with a complete end-to-end solution for their satellite-based communications requirements. We believe our integrated approach of combining in-house design and engineering expertise with world-class teleport and network operating centers is a competitive advantage and enables us to meet our customers' needs in a timely and cost-effective manner.

Infrastructure Solutions

Our infrastructure solutions consist of the design, engineering, integration and installation of ground segment systems and networks, which are deployed in communications networks that include a satellite component. We combine our expert engineering and design capabilities with state-of-the-art technologies and products to provide solutions for building and maintaining satellite earth stations, uplink centers, broadcast centers and Internet Protocol-based (IP) communication networks. In the case of complex IP-based networks, our infrastructure solutions support a wide range of network applications and facilitate “quadruple play” services, comprised of video, data, voice and wireless communications.

A key component of our infrastructure solutions is our product line of pre-engineered fixed and mobile/transportable satellite terminals and network management systems, which are marketed under the Summit™ and Explorer™ brands. These products utilize highly integrated electronics to assure high reliability and rapid response and to provide ease of operation in a low cost, small and lightweight format. Our network management software, which is marketed under the AxxSys® brand, is designed for management and control of third-party satellite and terrestrial-based network equipment and can be configured to communicate with serial or discrete monitors and control interfaces offered by major third-party vendors.

Services

Our services business consists of managed network services and lifecycle support services for a broad variety of communications applications. Both of these services can be offered as part of our infrastructure solutions or on a stand-alone basis and are typically provided under multi-year contracts.

Our managed network services include content distribution, Internet and data, very small aperture terminal (VSAT) multi-mode, and IP telephony services, and can be offered on either a standardized or customized basis to best meet our customers’ needs. Our managed network services leverage our world class infrastructure, including our teleports, 24/7 Network Operations Centers (NOCs) and data centers located in Hauppauge, New York and Laurel, Maryland. These facilities have Department of Defense (DoD) facility clearance and have multiple connections to the public switched telephone network (PSTN), multiple redundant fiber rings and emergency backup power systems.

Our life cycle support services include installation, network monitoring, help desk maintenance and professional engineering services. We leverage these services by utilizing our facilities infrastructure, engineering personnel and network of skilled technicians. We have maintenance partners in over 40 countries that provide us access to skilled technicians who can cover most areas of the world.

Solutions

Our solutions and services fit within the following categories: pre-engineered systems; systems design and integration services; managed network services; and life cycle support services.

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Our Pre-Engineered Systems

Our pre-engineered systems product line includes a line of a fixed satellite terminal products under the Summit™ brand, and mobile/transportable satellite terminal products under the Explorer™ brand. Summit satellite terminals have antenna apertures from sub meter to 21 meter in diameter using pre-engineered building blocks that assure high

reliability and rapid response. Explorer satellite terminals have antenna apertures from sub meter to 3 meter in diameter using highly integrated electronics in order to provide ease of operation, low cost, light weight and small size. Our pre-engineered systems also include a line of AxxSys network management systems designed for management and control of satellite-terrestrial networks and include flexible interface devices that can be configured to communicate with satellite communications equipment and networking equipment from various manufacturers. The following details our products in this category.

Summit™ Modular Building Block Earth Station MBB 2001.® This satellite terminal provides point-to-point high-capacity data links and hubs for satellite networks. Generally, all electronics are housed in an indoor equipment enclosure.

Summit™ Commercial Terminal CTF 2001.® This family of satellite terminals encompasses a range of general purpose, medium-capacity satellite terminals, and is principally used by corporate, common carrier and government networks. Generally, all radio frequency electronics are housed in weatherproof enclosures mounted on the antenna. The satellite modem is housed in an indoor equipment enclosure.

Summit™ Compact Earth Station CES 2001.® We designed this family of digital satellite terminals to be used principally to provide limited capacity to areas with limited or no telecommunications infrastructure. These satellite terminals integrate radio frequency and satellite modem components into one antenna mounted package.

Auto-Explorer Fly-Away Satellite Terminals. We designed this family of fly-away satellite terminals for ease of operation by non-satellite personnel by incorporating automatic satellite acquisition technology. These satellite terminals include an integrated electronics package designed to incorporate the radio frequency, monitor and control and satellite modem components into an outdoor mounted package. This family of satellite terminals is designed for use in military tactical environments and is tested and qualified for the appropriate military environmental standards.

Explorer MIL-COTS HMMWV Transportable Satellite Terminals. We designed this family of militarized transportable satellite terminals primarily for United States and international government customers. This transportable system group is comprised of transportable earth stations designed to be quickly deployed and operated anywhere in the world in military tactical environments. The latest model is a HMMWV (High-Mobility Multipurpose Wheeled Vehicle) mounted satellite terminal that incorporates the latest commercial off the shelf, or COTS, satellite equipment technology that meet the stringent requirements of military tactical operations. Our pre-engineered systems also include a line of network management systems designed for management and control of satellite terrestrial networks including equipment and systems from various manufacturers by providing flexible interface devices that can be configured to communicate with any serial or discrete monitor and control interface.

AxxSys® Network Management Systems. We designed this family of computer-based network management systems to monitor and control satellite communication equipment and satellite terminal networks. AxxSys-based network management systems provide status reporting locally or remotely and provide the ability to manage distributed satellite communications networks on a global basis. We introduced AxxSys Orion in fiscal 2007 which monitors and controls all of the terrestrial elements of a satellite communications network. This includes the ability to manage other network elements such as routers, microwave, fiber and wireless subsystems. Deployed over an industry-standard IP network, it is capable of monitoring and controlling from dozens to thousands of devices. We are currently focusing on continuing the developing of AxxSys network management systems. Network management systems are key to simplifying operations and maintenance of satellite-based networks and, therefore, add value to the systems and networks we integrate.

SpyGlass Carrier Monitoring Systems.® We designed this family of computer-based carrier monitoring tools for service providers who need to monitor and manage their transmissions to ensure service

reliability and availability. Our SpyGlass® family of carrier monitoring tools integrates with the AxxSys network management system to provide ease of operation.

Our Systems Design and Integration Services

We design, integrate, install, test and commission facilities and complex networks to meet the needs of our customers. Our custom systems design and integration services are largely focused on requirements for satellite earth stations, uplink centers, broadcast centers and next generation IP based networks. This segment of our business is based on our core engineering expertise in satellite earth stations and network design, broadcast engineering, Internet protocol network engineering and network management system design.

Our Managed Network Services

We tailor our managed network services to meet our customers' needs by offering standardized services for various communication applications. Our standardized services may be sold separately or may be used as building blocks as a part of a custom-engineered solution. We use our expertise in satellite communications, Internet protocol, communications networks and information technology in designing our custom-engineered solutions. Our managed network service offerings include Content distribution, Internet and data, IP telephony and VSAT multi-mode solutions.

Globally, telecommunications networks are moving rapidly toward Internet protocol-based networks and services based on the lower cost of implementation and the flexibility these networks offer. Satellite-based communications complement this trend as many of the regions in the world lack the "next generation" terrestrial networks required to accommodate the rapid and reliable transmission of the vast amounts of information underlying the growth in traffic. We are a network service provider that offers "next generation" network services to communication service providers, commercial enterprises, broadcasters and other media and content providers and governments and government related entities around the world. We combine satellite and terrestrial communications networks to provide customers high-speed access services to the United States Internet backbone, their corporate headquarters or government offices, as well as the public switched telephone network. We are a licensed international voice carrier and have bilateral agreements with a number of international telecommunication operators for the origination and termination of voice traffic. We currently have customers for which we are providing such network services in the United States, Europe, South America, Africa, the Middle East, and Asia.

Content Distribution. We offer a complete end-to-end solution for master control and uplinking services. This service offering provides point to multipoint content delivery of multimedia content supporting applications such as United States cable headend distribution via satellite, satellite-based program acquisition and storage and playout to support the launch of new service offerings by IPTV providers. We also operate a direct to home platform which offers niche broadcasters and BTV (Business Television) customers a flexible and cost-effective means to extend their reach. Our teleport facilities, fiber connectivity and twenty-four hour per day by seven-day per week network operations center allow us to provide ad hoc video services on a wide range of satellites.

Internet and Data. We offer point to point and point to multipoint Internet and data connectivity for service providers, broadcast, government and enterprise customers. Solutions include two way satellite connectivity as well as one-way satellite connectivity with terrestrial return. Shared and Committed Information Rate services are available and all services are offered with encryption options. Our Internet access services, marketed under the Access-PlusSM brand name, provide high-speed access to the United States Internet backbone. As part of this offering we provide the

necessary satellite transmission services, terrestrial transit and routing services, earth stations and installation services.

IP Telephony. We are a licensed operator that provides voice termination services around the world. Our voice services allow for economical voice termination and origination services. We own and operate on Cisco-based gateway architectures for ubiquitous voice services. Our offering provides backbone connectivity services for service providers in order to connect public switched telephone networks to

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international long distance carriers through a VoIP-based satellite link. This allows service providers overseas to contract with us to act as their gateway to a large number of international carriers. We also offer hosted soft switching services for telephony providers in order to allow them to provide cellular coverage in locations otherwise not economical to connect using traditional terrestrial means. This allows telephony providers overseas to expand GSM or CDMA networks economically, or to initiate service in new service areas with a minimal capital outlay. In the United States, we provide outsourced hosted soft switch services to rural telecommunication companies that allow them to take advantage of a shared platform. We currently have a patent pending for this hosted soft switch service.

VSAT Multi-mode. We have developed a variety of very small aperture terminals, or VSAT, solutions involving the provisioning of both standard and customized two-way VSAT services for Internet access, voice services, and terrestrial network backup services. We have extended our VSAT offerings with the successful launch of a new hub in Dubai, UAE. In addition, through our acquisition of the GlobalSat business, we now have a hub in Maryland and a strategic partnership with a teleport in Poland. These, coupled with our VSAT hub at our Long Island International Teleport, provides us with global VSAT coverage. The VSAT solution service line typically involves custom network design for specific customer applications. The scope of these services range widely, and the network can be serviced out of any or our teleports, or other teleports or uplinks as appropriate.

Our Life Cycle Support Services

Our life cycle support services include installation, network monitoring, help desk, maintenance and professional engineering services. We are able to offer these life cycle support services by leveraging our facilities infrastructure, including our teleports, our network operations centers and our data centers, as well as our personnel and network of skilled technicians. We have maintenance partners in over 40 countries that provide us access to skilled technicians who can cover most areas of the world. We provide these services on either a stand-alone basis, or bundled with infrastructure solutions. Recently, we began providing multi-year life cycle support services for a U.S.-wide satellite network, which we implemented for a major government agency, under a sub-contract from Harris Corporation.

Network Monitoring and Help Desk. This offering provides twenty-four hour per day by seven-day per week monitoring of satellite and terrestrial network systems and networks. Status and alarm monitoring coupled with our help desk services provides our customers with the ability to outsource monitoring of their networks. We provide customers with network trouble shooting and problem resolution support with escalation to technical resources on duty for problems requiring detailed technical knowledge of equipment, systems and/or networking. We utilize a remedy-based trouble ticket system to track problems through conclusion. Customized reports are issued by our help desk to meet our customers' demand.

Installation and Maintenance. We offer installation and maintenance services of satellite and terrestrial infrastructure at customer locations anywhere in the world. We have an established worldwide network of field technicians to

provide on-site services for customer networks. These technicians enable us to provide cost-effective quick-response services for installation and required maintenance.

Professional Engineering. We provide engineering support to support hands-on activity for co-located equipment and engineering and design support for proposal creation and network architecture design. We also provide professional engineering services for customers who need our engineering specialists and program managers to complement their internal staff.

Solution Offerings

We have created customizable solution offerings based on our core satellite ground segment systems and our network capabilities and managed network services to serve our customers. These customizable solution offerings include:

Managed Satellite-Terrestrial Network Services. These solutions allow customers to outsource entire satellite-terrestrial based communication networks to us. We are capable of providing a “one stop shopping” solution including licensing, facilities construction and operation and maintenance anywhere in the world.

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SkyborneSM Next Generation Video Broadcasts. We provide video broadcast services to large enterprises in the United States as well as to content owners. Our value proposition includes the ability to evolve to “next generation” Internet protocol-based video broadcast services and high quality customer account management. We provide field services for the installation and maintenance of VSAT terminals and related facilities at customer locations anywhere in the world. We have created next generation solutions to allow our customers to evolve their networks to interactive distance learning, merchandizing, corporate communications and video on demand services.

SatCellSM Hybrid Satellite/ Cellular Hosted Switch. We introduced this solution to allow the sharing of the investment in the mobile switch infrastructure and network operations expenses among many service provider customers. This solution is being offered from our Long Island International Teleport to customers in North and South America, Africa, Europe and the Middle East. We also implement base station infrastructure for our service provider customers and operate and maintain the associated cellular switching center on an outsourced basis.

SatCellSM VoIP Packet Voice (“Clear Packet”). This solution provides VoIP via satellite that provides toll quality (i.e., carrier class) voice services for locations where terrestrial fiber is not available or where it does not meet customer cost or quality requirements. We call these “Clear Packet” voice solutions because we connect at the customer’s end to a toll quality local switched voice infrastructure and we connect at our end (i.e., United States termination/origination point) to toll quality public switched infrastructure from United States carriers.

Disaster Recovery/Business Restoral. We offer call center restoral solutions as a subcontractor to Agility Recovery Solutions in the United States. This provides Agility’s customers protection against communication and facility outages. Once an emergency is declared, we restore their communications services within 48 hours. We provide the satellite-terrestrial network behind Agility’s offerings and in other cases provide disaster recovery solutions directly to end customers.

Satellite-Based Terrestrial Restoral. This solution restores communications when terrestrial-based services are interrupted. It is well suited for customers with multiple locations that currently have two terrestrial providers, one

primary and one backup service. In this scenario, customers are finding that the terrestrial backup service is subject to failure at the same time the primary service fails. We have developed an Internet protocol satellite network solution to backup frame relay and other terrestrial services. This solution automatically routes traffic through the satellite backup network if the terrestrial service fails at any location in the customer's network.

Hosted Direct to Home Broadcast Center. We have developed solutions that provide all the functionality required for new service providers to enter the direct to home television and Internet service business with a minimal capital investment. Our facilities at the Long Island International Teleport include television program acquisition (i.e., satellite downlink acquisition, as well as terrestrial program acquisition), program coding, program multiplexing and transmission, subscriber management and conditional access as required to provide such services.

Next Generation Satellite-Based Networks. We have developed a variety of complex "next generation" satellite-based networks for both countrywide intercity communications via satellite and terrestrial means and for lower density rural communications VSAT networks. For example, in Afghanistan we have built a complex communication network to interconnect all the provincial capitals for voice, data and Internet. In addition, we are in the process of connecting over 300 small towns and villages around the country to provide VSAT service for voice and data. These complex "next generation" networks use Internet protocol-based network systems and equipment to provide flexibility in service creation and the ability to leverage a common communications infrastructure as the platform for all services. These projects include the engineering, integration and deployment of complete turn-key solutions comprised of Internet protocol-based microwave, cellular, broadband wireless, satellite and fiber optic networks along with international gateway access. We also provide ongoing operations and maintenance of these networks, Internet services and international voice origination and terminations services.

Supervisory, Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) and Surveillance Networks. We offer SCADA and surveillance infrastructure and service solutions to monitor critical infrastructure or to provide

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security for facilities and personnel. These satellite-based solutions leverage low cost Internet protocol VSAT technology to monitor oil/gas pipelines, electrical power generation and distribution facilities and other critical infrastructure spread over large geographic areas, or to provide surveillance capability using sophisticated video cameras with capability for 360 degree viewing remotely. We provide monitoring services for critical infrastructure for our customers who want to outsource these services or need us to back up their own monitoring center.

Our solutions continue to evolve based on changes in markets and technology. These solution sets position us to leverage the value in our offerings by providing one-stop shopping solutions including communications infrastructure, network services and related back office services, as required.

Sales and Marketing

We market our products and services to communications service providers, government and government related entities (U.S. and foreign), commercial enterprises, broadcasters and other media and content providers. We have structured our sales and marketing approach to respond effectively to the opportunities in these markets, as well as to the traditional ground segment systems and networks market. Our marketing activities are organized regionally, as well as on an industry-specific basis. We use both direct and indirect sales channels to market our services and products. We also focus on industry-specific markets, including government, broadcast and commercial enterprises.

Our corporate sales offices sell and market our products and services in the United States and internationally. We have corporate sales offices in Washington D.C. to service the U.S. Government, in Dubai, United Arab Emirates to service the Middle East and East Asia, in Hong Kong to service the Asia Pacific region, China and India, and in Afghanistan. The corporate sales offices work with the regional business teams, the GNSC service team and the GSM service team to prepare proposals and negotiate contracts.

Our regional business teams, located in Hauppauge, New York, and our GSM team located in Laurel, Maryland sell and market our products and services in concert with the corporate sales offices. These business teams are responsible for orders in the regions and/or markets to which they are assigned, as well as for the delivery of our products and services and for account management of our existing customers. Currently, we have business teams responsible for the Americas, the Asia Pacific region, and the Eastern Atlantic Region (Africa, the Middle East and Europe). We also have a business team dedicated to the government marketplace, as well as GSM which is focused largely on the U.S. government marketplace. In addition, we have expert teams who are focused on leveraging our know-how in Internet protocol networking, broadcast technology, pre-engineered systems, network management systems and network services to provide added value to our products, services and solutions.

These business and expert teams work together with the corporate sales offices to identify, develop and maintain customer relationships through local sales representatives, sales executives and account managers. Together, they develop close and continuing relationships with our customers. Our local sales representatives in these regions provide a local presence and identify prospective customers for our sales executives. Our account managers may also function as project engineers for network integration and service initiation programs for their accounts. As of June 30, 2007, we employed 41 persons with sales and marketing responsibility, of which 16 were full-time sales executives and 25 had dual engineering and sales and marketing responsibilities. We believe this account management focus provides continuity and loyalty between our customers and us. We also believe that our approach fosters long-term relationships that lead to follow-on work and referrals to new customers. These accounts also provide us with a market for the new products and services that we develop. In addition, we obtain sales leads through referrals from industry suppliers.

We use direct mailings, print advertising to targeted markets and trade publications to enhance awareness and acquire leads for our direct and indirect sales teams. We create brand awareness by participating in industry trade shows sponsored by organizations like the International Telecommunications Union, the National Association of Broadcasters, Armed Forces Communications and Electronics Association, Communication Media Management Association and other industry associations. We also provide marketing information on our web site and conduct joint marketing programs with sales representatives in various regions to reach new customers.

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Recent Acquisition

On May 2, 2007, we acquired the GlobalSat division of Lyman Bros., Inc. GlobalSat is a global provider of satellite-based telecommunications services headquartered in Laurel, Maryland. The acquisition of GlobalSat significantly increases our recurring revenue base, particularly in the government marketplace. It also increases our U.S. Government-cleared staff from approximately 30 to approximately 100, provides us with a second DoD-cleared facility comprised of a teleport, NOC and data center and strengthens our management team. We believe that the acquisition will accelerate our penetration of the government marketplace, significantly increase our services revenue and expand our margins.

The GlobalSat business operates in the services segment of our business under the name of Globecomm Services Maryland LLC (“GSM”), which is our wholly-owned subsidiary. We acquired the GlobalSat business for a purchase price of \$18.5 million in cash. The purchase price was funded in part through a five-year \$16.0 million acquisition term loan.

Customers

We have established a diversified base of customers in a variety of industries. Our customers include communications service providers, government and government related entities (U.S. and foreign), commercial enterprises, broadcasters and other media and content providers. We typically rely upon a small number of customers for a large portion of our revenues. We derived 17% and 11% of our revenues in the year ended June 30, 2007 from the Department of State’s Diplomatic Telecommunications Systems — Program Office and another U.S. Government agency. We expect that in the near term a significant portion of our revenues will continue to be derived from a limited number of customers (the identity of whom may vary from year to year) as we seek to expand our business and customer base. In addition, we anticipate that continuing deregulation worldwide will result in the formation of a significant number of new competitive service providers over the next few years, who are potential customers.

Backlog

At June 30, 2007, our backlog was approximately \$141.2 million compared to approximately \$90.9 million at June 30, 2006. The backlog at June 30, 2007 includes a five-year \$26.2 million program. We anticipate generating revenue from this program over five years beginning in July 2007. We record an order in backlog when we receive a firm contract or purchase order, which identifies product quantities, sales price, service dates and delivery dates. Backlog represents the amount of unrecorded revenue on undelivered orders and services to be provided and a percentage of revenues from sales of products that have been shipped where installation has not been completed and final acceptance has not been received from the customer. Our backlog at any given time is not necessarily indicative of future period revenues. A substantial portion of our backlog is comprised of large orders, the cancellation of any of which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results. For example, at June 30, 2007, \$64.4 million, or approximately 45.6%, of our backlog represented contracts with three customers. We cannot assure you that these contracts or any others in our backlog will not be cancelled or revised. See the section entitled “Risk Factors.”

Communications Infrastructure

We built and own the teleport facility located at our headquarters in Hauppauge, New York. In addition, through our acquisition of the GlobalSat business, we now own a teleport facility at our GSM facility in Laurel, Maryland. We are a member of the World Teleport Association (WTA). Our teleports are designed to meet stringent requirements for high-speed data communications. The teleports are used to transmit and receive signals from satellites positioned to serve customers in Latin America, the United States, Canada, Europe, the Middle East and Africa. Our teleports use redundant critical systems and uninterruptible power supplies with back-up power generation.

We also lease teleport services in Los Angeles and Hong Kong to transmit and receive signals from satellites positioned to serve customers in the Pacific Rim region, and our GSM subsidiary leases teleport services in Poland to transmit and receive signals from satellites positioned over Eastern Europe. Connection to the United States Internet backbone in Los Angeles is achieved through leased fiber optic circuits.

We lease transponder capacity to meet the bandwidth needs of our customers. We have multiple, redundant, high-capacity fiber connections to provide reliable Internet data, voice and data traffic to locations in New York City where it interconnects with telecommunications service providers and the United States Internet backbone.

We have built and staff network operations centers, or NOCs, to manage customer circuits at both our Hauppauge, New York, and Laurel, Maryland facilities. The NOCs operate twenty-four hours per day, seven days per week to monitor customer circuits, respond to customer inquiries and initiate new services. Customers can purchase or lease from us, as a part of their service, the equipment needed at the customers' locations to transmit and receive the satellite signals. We also offer installation and maintenance services for this equipment.

Product Design, Assembly and Testing

We assign a project team to each contract into which we enter. Each team is led by a project engineer who is responsible for execution of the project. This includes engineering and design, assembly and testing, installation and customer acceptance. A project may include engineers, integration specialists, buyer-planners and an operations team. Our standard satellite ground segment systems are manufactured using a standard modular production process. Typically, long-term projects require significant customer-specific engineering, drafting and design efforts. Once the system is designed, the integration specialist works with the buyer-planner and the operations team to assure a smooth transfer from the engineering phase to the integration phase. The integration phase consists mainly of integrating the purchased equipment, components and subsystems into a complete functioning system. Assembly, integration and test operations are conducted on both an automated and manual basis.

We provide facilities for complete in-plant testing of all our systems before delivery in order to assure all performance specifications will be met during installation at the customer's site. We employ formal total quality management programs and other training programs, and have been certified by the International Organization of Standards quality certification process for ISO 9001, a standard that enumerates specific requirements an organization must follow in order to assure consistent quality in the supply of products and services. The certification process qualifies us for access to virtually all domestic and international projects, and we believe that this represents a competitive advantage.

Research and Development

We have developed internal research and development resources in Internet protocol networks, content delivery networks, broadcast systems, network management systems and pre-engineered systems. The costs of developing new technologies are funded partially by the investments made by us and partially by development funded by specific customer program requirements. This approach provides us with a cost-effective means to develop new technology, while minimizing our direct research and development expenditures. Furthermore, we believe that our research and development capabilities allow us to offer added value in developing solutions for our customers, while at the same time we maintain the opportunity to develop products through our strategic supplier relationships. Our internal research and development efforts generally focus on the development of products and services not available from other suppliers to the industry. Current efforts are focused on developing a software based distributed core network to support our wireless hosted switch service offering for our service provider customers, enhancements to pre-engineered AxxSys network management systems for all our earth terminal and network customers and pre-engineered Explorer satellite systems for our government customers. For the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005, we have incurred approximately \$1.5 million, \$1.1 million, and \$1.0 million, respectively, in internal research and development expenses.

Competition

In the satellite infrastructure solutions market, we believe that our ability to compete successfully is based primarily on our reputation and the ability to provide a solution that meets the customer's requirements, including competitive pricing, performance, on-time delivery, reliability and customer support.

In the communications services market, we believe that our ability to compete successfully is based primarily on our reputation and providing prompt delivery and initiation of service, competitive pricing, consistent and reliable connections and high-quality customer support.

Our primary competitors in the infrastructure solutions market generally fall into two groups: (1) system integrators like Thales, Data Path and SED Systems and (2) equipment manufacturers who also provide integrated systems, like Andrew Corporation, Viasat, General Dynamics SATCOM Technologies, Alcatel and ND Satcom AG.

In the end-to-end satellite-based enterprise solutions and broadcast services markets, we compete with other satellite communication companies who provide similar services, like Ascent Media, Globecast and Convergent Media Systems. In addition, in managed network services we may compete with other communications services providers like Segovia, and satellite owners like SES Americom and Intelsat. We anticipate that our competitors may develop or acquire services that provide functionality that is similar to that provided by our services and that those services may be offered at significantly lower prices or bundled with other services.

Current and potential participants in the markets in which we compete have established or may establish cooperative relationships among themselves or with third parties. These cooperative relationships may increase the ability of their products and services to address the needs of our current and prospective customers. Accordingly, it is possible that new competitors or alliances among competitors may emerge that will enable them to acquire significant market share rapidly. We believe that increased competition is likely to result in price reductions, reduced gross profit margins and loss of market share, any of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Intellectual Property

We rely heavily on the technological and creative skills of our personnel, new product developments, computer programs and designs, frequent product enhancements, reliable product support and proprietary technological expertise in maintaining our competitive position. We have secured patent protection on some of our products, and have secured trademarks and service marks to protect some of our products and services.

We currently have been granted six patents in the United States, one for remote access to the Internet using satellites, another for satellite communication with automatic frequency control, another for a monitor and control system for satellite communications networks and the like, another for implementing facsimile and data communications using Internet protocols, and two for a dish antenna kit including alignment tool. We have one other patent pending in the United States for a distributed satellite-based cellular network. We currently have one Patent Cooperation Treaty patent application pending for implementing facsimile and data communications using Internet protocols. We also intend to seek additional patents on our technology, if appropriate. We have received trademark registration for Globecomm Systems Inc. in the United States, the European Community, Russia and the People's Republic of China; and for GSI in the United States and Russia. We have also received trademark registrations in the United States for MBB2001, CTF 2001, CES 2001 and AxxSys, which relate to our pre-engineered systems; for SkyBorne, relating to our broadcasting services for the GSI logo; and for various other marks related to our products and services. We have other trademarks and service marks pending and intend to seek registration of other trademarks and service marks in the future.

Government Regulations

Operations and Use of Satellites

We are subject to various federal laws and regulations, which may have negative effects on our business. We operate Federal Communications Commission, or FCC, licensed earth stations in Hauppauge, New York, and Laurel, Maryland, subject to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, or the FCC Act, and the rules and regulations of the FCC. Pursuant to the FCC Act and FCC rules and regulations, we have obtained or applied for, and are required to maintain radio transmission licenses from the FCC

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for both domestic and foreign operations of our earth stations. We have also obtained and maintain authorization issued under Section 214 of the FCC Act to act as a telecommunications carrier, which authorization also extends to GNSC. These licenses should be renewed by the FCC in the normal course as long as we remain in compliance with FCC rules and regulations. However, we cannot guarantee that additional licenses will be granted by the FCC when our existing licenses expire, nor can we assure you that the FCC will not adopt new or modified technical requirements that will require us to incur expenditures to modify or upgrade our equipment as a condition of retaining our licenses.

We are also required to comply with FCC regulations regarding the exposure of humans to radio frequency radiation from our earth stations. These regulations, as well as local land use regulations, restrict our freedom to choose where to locate our earth stations.

The licenses and authorizations held by Globecomm for the licensed earth stations in Hauppauge, New York, extend to GNSC and GNSC currently provides services in accordance with the requirements of the Globecomm licenses and authorizations. GNSC may in the future seek to obtain licenses and/or authorizations to provide services in its own name, however, we cannot guarantee that such additional licenses and authorizations will be granted by the FCC.

The licenses and authorizations for the licensed earth stations in Laurel, Maryland, are currently held by Lyman Bros., Inc., from whom we acquired the GlobalSat business. We, in cooperation with Lyman Bros., Inc., have applied to the FCC for transfer of the licenses to Globecomm. While we anticipate approval of the transfer in the due course of time, we cannot guarantee that such transfer will be granted by the FCC. GSM is authorized under a System Management Agreement to operate the licensed earth stations under the authority of the Lyman Bros., Inc. licenses until April 30, 2008. While we anticipate renewal of the System Management Agreement as required to continue authorized operation of the licensed earth stations, we cannot guarantee that such renewals will be agreed by Lyman Bros., Inc. or allowed by the FCC.

Common Carrier Regulation

We currently provide services to our customers on a private carrier and on a common carrier basis. Our operations as a common carrier require us to comply with the FCC's requirements for common carriers. These requirements include, but are not limited to, providing our rates and service terms, being forbidden from unjust and unreasonable discrimination among customers, notifying the FCC before discontinuing service and complying with FCC equal employment opportunity regulations and reporting requirements.

We do not currently provide telecommunications services between points in the same state and so are exempt from state regulation of our services. However, we could become subject to state telecommunications regulations if we do provide intrastate telecommunications services.

Foreign Ownership

The FCC Act and FCC regulations impose restrictions on foreign ownership of our earth stations. These requirements generally forbid more than 20% ownership or control of an FCC licensee by non-United States citizens and more than 25% ownership of a licensee's parent by non-United States citizens. The FCC may authorize foreign ownership in the licensee's parent in excess of these percentages. Under current policies, the FCC has granted these authorizations where the applicant does not control monopoly or bottleneck facilities and the foreign owners are citizens of countries that are members of the World Trade Organization or provide equivalent competitive opportunities to United States citizens.

We may, in the future, be required to seek FCC approval if foreign ownership of our stock exceeds the thresholds mentioned above. Failure to comply with these policies could result in an order to divest the offending foreign ownership, fines, denial of license renewal and/or license revocation proceedings against the licensee by the FCC. We have no knowledge of any present foreign ownership which would result in a violation of the FCC rules and regulations.

Foreign Regulations

Regulatory schemes in countries in which we may seek to provide our satellite-delivered services may impose impediments on our operations. Some countries in which we operate or intend to operate have

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telecommunications laws and regulations that do not currently contemplate technical advances in telecommunications technology like Internet/intranet transmission by satellite. We cannot assure you that the present regulatory environment in any of those countries will not be changed in a manner which may have a material adverse impact on our business. Either we or our local sales representatives typically must obtain authorization for each country in which we provide our satellite-delivered services. Although we believe that we or our local sales representatives will be able to obtain the requisite licenses and approvals from the countries in which we intend to provide products and services, the regulatory schemes in each country are different, and thus there may be instances of noncompliance of which we are not aware. Although we believe these regulatory schemes will not prevent us from pursuing our business plan, we cannot assure you that our licenses and approvals are or will remain sufficient in the view of foreign regulatory authorities. In addition, we cannot assure you that necessary licenses and approvals will be granted on a timely basis, or at all, in all jurisdictions in which we wish to offer our products and services or that the applicable restrictions will not be unduly burdensome.

Regulation of the Internet

Our Internet operations (other than the operation of a teleport) are not currently subject to direct government regulation in the United States or most other countries, and there are currently few laws or regulations directly applicable to access to or commerce on the Internet. However, due to the increasing popularity and use of the Internet it is possible that a number of laws and regulations may be adopted at the local, national or international levels with

respect to the Internet, covering issues like user privacy and expression, pricing of products and services, taxation, advertising, intellectual property rights, information security or the convergence of traditional communication services with Internet communications.

We anticipate that a substantial portion of our Internet operations will be carried out in countries which may impose greater regulation of the content of information coming into their country than that which is generally applicable in the United States. Examples of this include privacy regulations in Europe and content restrictions in countries, such as the People's Republic of China. To the extent that we provide content as a part of our Internet services, it will be subject to laws regulating content. Moreover, the adoption of laws or regulations may decrease the growth of the Internet, which could in turn decrease the demand for our Internet services, or increase our cost of doing business or otherwise negatively affect our business. In addition, the applicability to the Internet of existing laws governing issues including property ownership, copyrights and other intellectual property issues, taxation, libel and personal privacy is uncertain. The vast majority of these laws were adopted prior to the advent of the Internet and related technologies and, as a result, do not contemplate or address the unique issues of the Internet and related technologies. Changes to these laws intended to address these issues, including some recently proposed changes, could create uncertainty in the marketplace. These changes could reduce demand for our products and services or could increase our cost of doing business as a result of costs of litigation or increased product development costs.

Telecommunications Taxation, Support Requirements and Access Charges

Telecommunications carriers providing domestic services in the United States are required to contribute a portion of their gross revenues for the support of universal telecommunications services, telecommunications relay services for the deaf, and/or other regulatory fees. We are subject to some of these fees and we may be subject to other fees or to new or increased taxes and contribution requirements that could affect our profitability, particularly if we are not able to pass them through to customers for either competitive or regulatory reasons.

Broadband Internet access services provided by telephone companies are currently classified as information services under the Communications Act and therefore not considered a telecommunications service subject to payment of access charges to local telephone companies in the United States. Should this situation change or other charges be imposed, the increased cost to our customers who use telephone-company provided facilities to connect with our satellite facilities could discourage the demand for our services. Likewise, the demand for our services in other countries could be affected by the availability and cost of local telephone or other telecommunications services required to connect with our facilities in those countries.

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Export of Telecommunications Equipment

The sale of our infrastructure solutions services outside the United States is subject to compliance with the regulations of the United States Export Administration and, in certain instances, with International Traffic in Arms regulations. The absence of comparable restrictions on competitors in other countries may adversely affect our competitive position. In addition, in order to ship our products into or implement our services in some countries, these products or services must satisfy the technical requirements of the particular country. If we were unable to comply with these requirements with respect to a significant quantity of our products, our sales in those countries could be restricted, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Employees

As of June 30, 2007, we had 282 full-time employees, including 155 in engineering and program management, 71 in the manufacturing, operations support and network operations, 16 in sales and marketing and 40 in management and administration. Our employees are not covered by any collective bargaining agreements. We believe that our relations with our employees are good.

Financial Information About Geographic Areas

Revenues from foreign sales as a percentage of total revenues for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2007 are set forth in Note 15 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Financial Information About Business Segments

The sales and operating profits of each business segment and the identifiable assets attributable to each business segment for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2007 are set forth in Note 14 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Available information

We maintain an Internet website at www.globecommsystems.com where our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, any amendments to these reports and all other SEC documents are available without charge, as soon as reasonably practicable following the time that they are filed with or furnished to the SEC. Information contained on our website does not constitute a part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Risks Related to Our Business

A limited number of customer contracts account for a significant portion of our revenues, and the inability to replace a key customer contract or the failure of the customer to implement its plans would adversely affect our results of operations, business and financial condition.

We rely on a small number of customer contracts for a large portion of our revenue. Specifically, we have agreements with three customers to provide equipment and services, from which we expect to generate a significant portion of our revenues. We derived 17% and 11% of our revenues in the year ended June 30, 2007 from the Department of State's Diplomatic Telecommunications Systems — Program Office and another U.S. Government agency, respectively. If any key customer is unable to implement its business plan, the market for these customers' services declines, political or military conditions make performance impossible or if all or any of the major customers modifies or terminates its agreement with us, and we are unable to replace these contracts, our results of operations, business and financial condition would be materially harmed.

We derive a substantial portion of our revenues from the government marketplace.

We derive a substantial portion of our revenues from government marketplace. In the year ended June 30, 2007, we derived 68% of our consolidated revenues from the government marketplace. This

business tends to have higher gross margins than other markets of our business. A future reduction in the proportion of our business from government marketplace would negatively impact our results of operations.

We may not realize all of the anticipated benefits of our acquisition of the GlobalSat business.

The success of our recent acquisition of the GlobalSat business depends, in part, on our ability to realize the anticipated synergies, cost savings and growth opportunities from integrating the GlobalSat business with our business, and the failure to realize these anticipated benefits could cause our business to be materially adversely affected.

Our success in realizing these benefits and the timing of this realization depends upon our successful integrations of the operations of the GlobalSat business. The integration of two independent businesses is a complex, costly and time-consuming processes. The difficulties of combining the operations of the businesses include among others:

- retaining key employees;
- bridging possible differences in cultures and management philosophies;
- consolidating corporate and administrative infrastructures and systems;
- coordinating sales and marketing functions;
- preserving our and the GlobalSat business' customer, supplier and other important relationships;
- aligning and executing on new product roadmaps;
- minimizing the diversion of management's attention from ongoing business concerns; and
- coordinating geographically separate organizations.

We acquired the GlobalSat business for \$18.5 million and entered into a five-year \$16 million acquisition term loan. We plan for the future cash flow of the GlobalSat division business to fund the principal and interest payments of the acquisition term loan, unless it is repaid from other financing proceeds. The GlobalSat business is generally dependant upon agreements with three customers to provide equipment and services, from which we expect to generate a significant portion of revenues relating to the GlobalSat business. If any of these three customers modifies or terminates its agreement with GlobalSat, and we are unable to replace these contracts, our results of operations, business and financial condition would be materially harmed.

We cannot assure you that our integration of the GlobalSat business will result in the realization of the full benefits that we anticipate will result from the acquisition. Any inability to integrate successfully, or a delay in integrating, the GlobalSat business could have a material adverse effect on us.

Risks associated with operating in international markets could restrict our ability to expand globally and harm our business and prospects.

We market and sell a substantial portion of our products and services internationally. We anticipate that international sales will continue to account for a significant portion of our total revenues for the foreseeable future with a significant portion of the international revenue coming from developing countries, including countries in areas of conflict like Afghanistan. There are a number of risks inherent in conducting our business internationally, including:

- general political and economic instability in international markets, including the hostilities in Iraq and Afghanistan, could impede our ability to deliver our products and services to customers and harm our results of operations;
- difficulties in collecting accounts receivable could adversely affect our results of operations;
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changes in regulatory requirements could restrict our ability to deliver services to our international customers; including the addition of a country to the list of sanctioned countries under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act or similar legislation;

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- export restrictions, tariffs, licenses and other trade barriers could prevent us from adequately equipping our network facilities;
 - differing technology standards across countries may impede our ability to integrate our products and services across international borders;
 - protectionist laws and business practices favoring local competition may give unequal bargaining leverage to key vendors in countries where competition is scarce, significantly increasing our operating costs;
 - increased expenses associated with marketing services in foreign countries could affect our ability to compete;
 - relying on local subcontractors for installation of our products and services could adversely impact the quality of our products and services;
 - difficulties in staffing and managing foreign operations could affect our ability to compete;
 - complex foreign laws and treaties could affect our ability to compete; and
 - potentially adverse taxes could affect our results of operations.

These and other risks could impede our ability to manage our international operations effectively, limit the future growth of our business, increase our costs and require significant management attention.

We derive a substantial portion of our revenues from fixed-price projects, under which we assume greater financial risk if we fail to accurately estimate the costs of the projects.

We derive a substantial portion of our revenues from fixed-price projects. We assume greater financial risks on a fixed-price project than on a time-and-expense based project. If we miscalculate the resources or time we need for these fixed-price projects, the costs of completing these projects may exceed our original estimates, which would negatively impact our financial condition and results of operations.

If GNSC does not continue to execute its business strategy or if the market for its services fails to develop or develops more slowly than we expect, our results of operations will be harmed.

GNSC's future revenues and results of operations are dependent on its execution of its business strategy and development of the market for its current and future services. GNSC has had, and we expect will continue to have, cash requirements, which have decreased and will continue to decrease our cash resources. If GNSC does not efficiently and substantially utilize its transponder space capacity and increase its level of orders, its cash requirements may increase and our results of operations will be harmed. In addition, significant capital expenditures have been required as we have built our content delivery and telephony service offerings. If our content delivery and telephony service offerings are not accepted, or if the market fails to grow, we cannot assure you that we will be able to realize an appropriate return on these capital expenditures.

In the event of a catastrophic loss affecting our operations in Hauppauge, New York or Laurel, Maryland, our results of operations would be harmed.

GNSC's revenues and results of operations are dependant on the infrastructure of the network operations center and the International Teleport at our headquarters in Hauppauge, New York. Similarly, GSM's revenues and results of operations are dependant on the infrastructure of the network operations center and teleport at our Laurel, Maryland facility. A catastrophic event to either of these facilities or to the infrastructure of the surrounding areas would result in significant delays in restoring a majority of the services capabilities. These capabilities permit us to offer an integrated suite of products and services and the incapacity of our communications infrastructure would negatively impact our ability to sell our infrastructure solutions. This would result in the loss of revenues and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our markets are highly competitive and we have many established competitors, and we may lose market share as a result.

The markets in which we operate are highly competitive and this competition could harm our ability to sell our products and services on prices and terms favorable to us. Our primary competitors in the

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infrastructure solutions market generally fall into two groups: (1) system integrators, like Thales, Data Path, and SED Systems, and (2) equipment manufacturers who also provide integrated systems, like General Dynamics SATCOM Technologies, Andrew Corporation, Viasat, Alcatel and ND Satcom AG.

In the end-to-end satellite-based enterprise solutions and broadcast services markets, we compete with other satellite communication companies who provide similar services, like Ascent Media, Globecast, and Convergent Media Systems. In addition, in managed network services we may compete with other communications service providers like Segovia and satellite owners like SES Americom and Intelsat. We anticipate that our competitors may develop or acquire services that provide functionality that is similar to that provided by our services and that those services may be offered at significantly lower prices or bundled with other services. These competitors may have the financial resources to withstand substantial price competition, may be in a better position to endure difficult economic conditions in international markets and may be able to respond more quickly than we can to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements. Moreover, many of our competitors have more extensive customer bases, broader customer relationships and broader industry alliances than we do that they could use to their advantage in competitive situations.

The markets in which we operate have limited barriers to entry, and we expect that we will face additional competition from existing competitors and new market entrants in the future. Moreover, our current and potential competitors have established or may establish strategic relationships among themselves or with third parties to increase the ability of their products and services to address the needs of our current and prospective customers. The potential strategic relationships of existing and new competitors may rapidly acquire significant market share, which would harm our business and financial condition.

If our products and services are not accepted in developing countries with emerging markets, our revenues will be impaired.

We anticipate that a substantial portion of the growth in the demand for our products and services will come from customers in developing countries due to a lack of basic communications infrastructure in these countries. However, we cannot guarantee an increase in the demand for our products and services in developing countries or that customers

in these countries will accept our products and services at all. Our ability to penetrate emerging markets in developing countries is dependent upon various factors including:

- the speed at which communications infrastructure, including terrestrial microwave, coaxial cable and fiber optic communications systems, which compete with satellite-based services, is built;
- the effectiveness of our local resellers and sales representatives in marketing and selling our products and services; and
- the acceptance of our products and services by customers.

If our products and services are not accepted, or the market potential we anticipate does not develop, our revenues will be impaired.

We have had a history of operating losses and negative cash flow. Negative cash flows may occur as we pursue our business plan and our losses may reoccur, which may strain our capital resources.

Although we have been profitable, we had incurred significant net losses in the past and may incur negative cash flows from operations. Our ability to maintain profitability will depend upon our ability to generate significant revenues through new profitable customer contracts and the expansion of our existing products and services. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain new profitable customer contracts or generate significant additional revenues from those contracts or any new products or services that we introduce. In the past, we have incurred significant negative cash flows, which may reoccur if our business plan is not successful. Also, if we are unable to sustain or increase our profits on a quarterly or annual basis in the future or if our business undergoes a period of rapid growth, our operating cash flows may be negatively impacted.

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Since sales of satellite communications equipment are dependent on the growth of communications networks, if market demand for these networks declines, our revenue and profitability are likely to decline.

We derive, and expect to continue to derive, a significant amount of revenues from the sale of satellite infrastructure solutions. If the long-term growth in demand for communications networks does not continue to return from recent depressed levels, the demand for our infrastructure solutions may decline or grow more slowly than we expect. As a result, we may not be able to grow our business, our revenues may decline from current levels and our results of operations may be harmed. The demand for communications networks and the products used in these networks is affected by various factors, many of which are beyond our control. For example, the uncertain general economic conditions have affected the overall rate of capital spending by many of our customers. Also, many companies have found it difficult to raise capital to finish building their communications networks and, therefore, have placed fewer orders. Past economic slowdowns resulted in a softening of demand from our customers. We cannot predict the extent to which demand will increase. Further, increased competition among satellite ground segment systems and network manufacturers has increased pricing pressures.

We depend upon certain key personnel and may not be able to retain these employees. If we lose the services of these individuals or cannot hire additional qualified personnel, our business will be harmed.

Our success also depends to a substantial degree on our ability to attract, motivate and retain highly-qualified

personnel. There is considerable competition for the services of highly-qualified technical and engineering personnel. We may not be able either to retain our current personnel or hire additional qualified personnel if and when needed.

Our future performance depends on the continued service of our key technical, managerial and marketing personnel; in particular, David Hershberg and Kenneth Miller are key to our success based upon their individual knowledge of the markets in which we operate. The employment of any of our key personnel could cease at any time.

Satellites upon which we rely may malfunction or be damaged or lost.

In the delivery of our services, we lease space segment from various satellite transponder vendors. The damage or loss of any of the satellites used by us, or the temporary or permanent malfunction of any of the satellites upon which we rely, would likely result in the interruption of our satellite-based communications services. This interruption could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We depend on our suppliers, some of which are our sole or a limited source of supply, and the loss of these suppliers could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We currently obtain most of our critical components and services from limited sources and generally do not maintain significant inventories or have long-term or exclusive supply contracts with our vendors. We have from time to time experienced delays in receiving products from vendors due to lack of availability, quality control or manufacturing problems, shortages of materials or components or product design difficulties. We may experience delays in the future and replacement services or products may not be available when needed, or at all, or at commercially reasonable rates or prices. If we were to change some of our vendors, we would have to perform additional testing procedures on the service or product supplied by the new vendors, which would prevent or delay the availability of our products and services. Furthermore, our costs could increase significantly if we need to change vendors. If we do not receive timely deliveries of quality products and services, or if there are significant increases in the prices of these products or services, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

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Our network may experience security breaches, which could disrupt our services.

Our network infrastructure may be vulnerable to computer viruses, break-ins, denial of service attacks and similar disruptive problems caused by our customers or other Internet users. Computer viruses, break-ins, denial of service attacks or other problems caused by third parties could lead to interruptions, delays or cessation in service to our customers. There currently is no existing technology that provides absolute security. We may face liability to customers for such security breaches. Furthermore, these incidents could deter potential customers and adversely affect existing customer relationships.

If the satellite communications industry fails to continue to develop or new technology makes it obsolete, our business and financial condition will be harmed.

Our business is dependent on the continued success and development of satellite communications technology, which competes with terrestrial communications transport technologies like terrestrial microwave, coaxial cable and fiber optic communications systems. Fiber optic communications systems have penetrated areas in which we have traditionally provided services. If the satellite communications industry fails to continue to develop, or if any

technological development significantly improves the cost or efficiency of competing terrestrial systems relative to satellite systems, then our business and financial condition would be materially harmed.

We may not be able to keep pace with technological changes, which would make our products and services become non-competitive and obsolete.

The telecommunications industry, including satellite-based communications services, is characterized by rapidly changing technologies, frequent new product and service introductions and evolving industry standards. If we are unable, for technological or other reasons, to develop and introduce new products and services or enhancements to existing products and services in a timely manner or in response to changing market conditions or customer requirements, our products and services would become non-competitive and obsolete, which would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We may be unable to raise additional funds to meet our capital requirements in the future.

We believe that our available cash resources will be sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure requirements through at least June 30, 2008. However, our future liquidity and capital requirements are difficult to predict, as they depend on numerous factors, including the success of our existing product and service offerings, as well as competing technological and market developments. We may need to raise additional funds in order to meet additional working capital requirements and to support additional capital expenditures or acquisition of assets or a business. Should this need arise, additional funds may not be available when needed and, even if additional funds are available, we may not find the terms favorable or commercially reasonable. If adequate funds are unavailable, we may be required to delay, scale back or eliminate some of our operating activities, including, without limitation, the timing and extent of our marketing programs, capital expenditures and research and development activities and we may be required to reduce headcount. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, our existing stockholders will own a smaller percentage of our capital stock and new investors may pay less on average for their securities than, and could have rights superior to, existing stockholders.

Unauthorized use of our intellectual property by third parties may damage our business.

We regard our trademarks, trade secrets and other intellectual property as beneficial to our success. Unauthorized use of our intellectual property by third parties may damage our business. We rely on trademark, trade secret and patent protection and contracts, including confidentiality and license agreements with our employees, customers, strategic collaborators, consultants and others, to protect our intellectual property rights. Despite our precautions, it may be possible for third parties to obtain and use our intellectual property without our authorization.

We currently have been granted six patents in the United States, one for remote access to the Internet using satellites, one for satellite communication with automatic frequency control, one for a monitor and

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control system for satellite communications networks and the like, one for implementing facsimile and data communications using Internet protocols and two for a dish antenna kit including alignment tool. We have one other patent pending in the United States for a distributed satellite-based cellular network. We currently have one Patent Cooperation Treaty patent application pending for implementing facsimile and data communications using Internet protocols. We also intend to seek further patents on our technology, if appropriate. We cannot assure you that patents

will be issued for any of our pending or future patent applications or that any claims allowed from such applications will be of sufficient scope, or be issued in all countries where our products and services can be sold, to provide meaningful protection or any commercial advantage to us. Also, our competitors may be able to design around our patents. The laws of some foreign countries in which our products and services are or may be developed, manufactured or sold may not protect our products and services or intellectual property rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States and thus make the possibility of piracy of our technology and products and services more likely.

We have filed applications for trademark registration of Globecomm Systems Inc., Globecomm and GSI in the United States and various other countries, and have been granted registrations for some of these terms in the United States, Europe and Russia. We have various other trademarks and service marks registered or pending for registration in the United States and in other countries and may seek registration of other trademarks and service marks in the future. We cannot assure you that registrations will be granted from any of our pending or future applications, or that any registrations that are granted will prevent others from using similar trademarks in connection with related goods and services.

Defending against intellectual property infringement claims could be time consuming and expensive, and if we are not successful, could cause substantial expenses and disrupt our business.

We cannot be sure that the products, services, technologies and advertising we employ in our business do not or will not infringe valid patents, trademarks, copyrights or other intellectual property rights held by third parties. We may be subject to legal proceedings and claims from time to time relating to the intellectual property of others in the ordinary course of our business. Prosecuting infringers and defending against intellectual property infringement claims could be time consuming and expensive, and regardless of whether we are or are not successful, could cause substantial expenses and disrupt our business. We may incur substantial expenses in defending against these third party claims, regardless of their merit. Successful infringement claims against us may result in substantial monetary liability and/or may materially disrupt the conduct of, or necessitate the cessation of, segments of our business.

Risks Related to the Securities Markets and Ownership of Our Common Stock

Our stock price is volatile.

From July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007, our stock price ranged from a low of \$6.30 per share to a high of \$15.05 per share. The market price of our common stock, like that of the securities of many telecommunications and high technology industry companies, could be subject to significant fluctuations and is likely to remain volatile based on many factors, including the following:

- quarterly variations in operating results;
- announcements of new technology, products or services by us or any of our competitors;
- changes in financial estimates or recommendations by securities analysts;
- general market conditions; or
- domestic and international economic factors unrelated to our performance.

Additionally, numerous factors relating to our business may cause fluctuations or declines in our stock price.

The stock markets in general and the markets for telecommunications stocks in particular have experienced extreme volatility that has often been unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock.

Because our common stock is thinly traded, it may be difficult to sell shares of our common stock into the markets without experiencing significant price volatility.

Our common stock is currently traded on the Nasdaq Global Market. Because of the relatively small number of shares that are traded, it may be difficult for an investor to find a purchaser for shares of our common stock without experiencing significant price volatility. We cannot guarantee that an active trading market will develop, that our common stock will have a higher trading volume than it has historically had or that it will maintain its current market price. This illiquidity could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our stock.

A third party could be prevented from acquiring shares of our stock at a premium to the market price because of our anti-takeover provisions.

Various provisions with respect to votes in the election of directors, special meetings of stockholders, and advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and director nominations of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, by-laws and Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so might be beneficial to our stockholders. In addition, we have a poison pill in place and employment provisions with our senior executives that have change of control provisions that could make an acquisition of us by a third party more difficult.

We have not paid dividends in the past and do not expect to pay dividends in the future, and any return on investment may be limited to the value of our stock.

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. The payment of dividends on our common stock will depend on our future earnings, capital requirements, financial condition, future prospects and other factors as the board of directors might deem relevant. If we do not pay dividends our stock may be less valuable because a return on your investment will only occur if our stock price appreciates.

Risks Related to Government Approvals

We are subject to many government regulations, and failure to comply with them will harm our business.

Operations and Use of Satellites

We are subject to various federal laws and regulations, which may have negative effects on our business. We operate FCC licensed earth stations in Hauppauge, New York, and Laurel, Maryland subject to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (the ‘‘FCC Act’’), and the rules and regulations of FCC. Pursuant to the FCC Act and rules, we have obtained and are required to maintain radio transmission licenses from the FCC for both domestic and foreign operations of our earth stations. We have also obtained and maintain authorization issued under Section 214 of the FCC Act to act as a telecommunications carrier, which authorization also extends to GNSS. These licenses should be renewed by the FCC in the normal course as long as we remain in compliance with FCC rules and regulations. Additionally, we have applied to the FCC, in cooperation with Lyman Bros., Inc., for the transfer of the FCC licenses for our Laurel, Maryland teleport facility. This transfer should be approved by the FCC in the normal course. However, we cannot guarantee that the FCC will grant additional licenses when our existing licenses expire or approve the transfer of the licenses for our Laurel, Maryland facility, nor are we assured that the FCC will not adopt new or modified technical requirements that will require us to incur expenditures to modify or upgrade our equipment

as a condition of retaining our licenses. We are also required to comply with FCC regulations regarding the exposure of humans to radio frequency radiation from our earth stations. These regulations, as well as local land use regulations, restrict our freedom to choose where to locate our earth stations. In addition, prior to a third party acquisition of us, we would need to seek approval from the FCC to transfer the radio transmission licenses we have obtained to the third party upon the consummation of the acquisition. However, we cannot assure you that the FCC will permit the transfer of these licenses. These approvals may make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us.

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Foreign Regulations

Regulatory schemes in countries in which we may seek to provide our satellite-delivered services may impose impediments on our operations. Some countries in which we intend to operate have telecommunications laws and regulations that do not currently contemplate technical advances in telecommunications technology like Internet/intranet transmission by satellite. We cannot assure you that the present regulatory environment in any of those countries will not be changed in a manner that may have a material adverse impact on our business. Either we or our local partners typically must obtain authorization from each country in which we provide our satellite-delivered services. The regulatory schemes in each country are different, and thus there may be instances of noncompliance of which we are not aware. We cannot assure you that our licenses and approvals are or will remain sufficient in the view of foreign regulatory authorities, or that necessary licenses and approvals will be granted on a timely basis in all jurisdictions in which we wish to offer our products and services or that restrictions applicable thereto will not be unduly burdensome.

Regulation of the Internet

Due to the increasing popularity and use of the Internet, it is possible that a number of laws and regulations may be adopted at the local, national or international levels with respect to the Internet, covering issues including user privacy and expression, pricing of products and services, taxation, advertising, intellectual property rights, information security or the convergence of traditional communication services with Internet communications. It is anticipated that a substantial portion of our Internet operations will be carried out in countries that may impose greater regulation of the content of information coming into the country than that which is generally applicable in the United States, including but not limited to privacy regulations in numerous European countries and content restrictions in countries such as the People's Republic of China. To the extent that we provide content as a part of our Internet services, it will be subject to laws regulating content. Moreover, the adoption of laws or regulations may decrease the growth of the Internet, which could in turn decrease the demand for our Internet services or increase our cost of doing business or in some other manner have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition. In addition, the applicability of existing laws governing issues including property ownership, copyrights and other intellectual property issues, taxation, libel, court jurisdiction and personal privacy to the Internet is uncertain. The vast majority of these laws were adopted prior to the advent of the Internet and related technologies and, as a result, the laws do not contemplate or address the unique issues of the Internet and related technologies. Changes to these laws intended to address these issues, including some recently proposed changes, could create uncertainty in the marketplace which could reduce demand for our products and services, could increase our cost of doing business as a result of costs of litigation or increased product development costs, or could in some other manner have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Telecommunications Taxation, Support Requirements, and Access Charges

Telecommunications carriers providing domestic services in the United States are required to contribute a portion of their gross revenues for the support of universal telecommunications services, telecommunications relay services for the deaf, and/or other regulatory fees. We are subject to some of these fees, and we may be subject to other fees or new or increased taxes and contribution requirements that could affect our profitability, particularly if we are not able to pass them through to customers for either competitive or regulatory reasons.

Internet services are currently exempt from charges that long distance telephone companies pay for access to the networks of local telephone companies in the United States. Efforts have been made from time to time, and may be made again in the future, to eliminate this exemption. If these access charges are imposed on telephone lines used to reach Internet service providers and/or if flat rate telephone services for Internet access are eliminated or curtailed, the cost to customers who access our satellite facilities using telephone company-provided facilities could increase to an extent that could discourage the demand for our services. Likewise, the demand for our services in other countries may be affected by the availability and cost of local telephone or other telecommunications facilities to reach our facilities.

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Export of Telecommunications Equipment

The sale of our infrastructure solutions outside the United States is subject to compliance with the regulations of the United States Export Administration and, in certain circumstances, with International Traffic in Arms regulations. The absence of comparable restrictions on competitors in other countries may adversely affect our competitive position. In addition, in order to ship our products into and implement our services in some countries, the products must satisfy the technical requirements of that particular country. If we were unable to comply with such requirements with respect to a significant quantity of our products, our sales in those countries could be restricted, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Foreign Ownership

We may, in the future, be required to seek FCC or other government approval if foreign ownership of our stock exceeds certain specified criteria. Failure to comply with these policies could result in an order to divest the offending foreign ownership, fines, denial of license renewal and/or license revocation proceedings against the licensee by the FCC, or denial of certain contracts from other United States Government Agencies.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff comments.

None.

Item 2. Properties

We own a facility containing approximately 122,000 square feet of space on approximately seven acres located at 45 Oser Avenue, Hauppauge, New York. This facility houses our principal offices, teleport facility and production facilities, as well as the offices and network operations center of GNSC. We also own a facility containing approximately 20,000 square feet of space on approximately 3 acres located in Laurel, Maryland, which houses the teleport facility, teleport and network operations center of GSM. We lease warehouse space in Hauppauge, New York and rent office space in Laurel, Maryland, Washington D.C., the United Kingdom, United Arab Emirates, Hong Kong

and Afghanistan.

Item 3. Legal proceedings

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

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PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant’s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol “GCOM.” The fiscal 2007 and 2006 high and low sales prices are as follows:

	High	Low
2007		
Quarter ended September 30, 2006	\$ 8.91	\$ 6.30
Quarter ended December 31, 2006	9.70	8.02
Quarter ended March 31, 2007	11.63	8.85
Quarter ended June 30, 2007	15.05	10.17
2006		
Quarter ended September 30, 2005	8.44	5.77
Quarter ended December 31, 2005	8.35	5.89
Quarter ended March 31, 2006	7.98	5.88
Quarter ended June 30, 2006	8.15	6.38

At September 10, 2007, there were approximately 5,000 stockholders of record of our common stock, as shown in the records of our transfer agent.

At the close of the Nasdaq Global Market on September 10, 2007, our market price per share was \$14.22.

As of June 30, 2007, we had not declared or paid dividends on our common stock since inception and we do not expect to pay dividends in the foreseeable future.

The table below sets forth securities we have authorized for issuance under our equity compensation plans.

Equity Compensation Plan Information as of June 30, 2007

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plan approved by security holders	1,863,340	\$ 8.32	738,800

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

Our selected consolidated financial data as of and for each of the five years in the period ended June 30, 2007 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements. EBITDA represents net income (loss) before interest income, interest expense, provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization expense, gain on sale of investment, gain on sale of available-for-sale securities and gain on liquidation of foreign subsidiary. EBITDA does not represent cash flows defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and does not necessarily indicate that our cash flows are sufficient to fund all of our cash needs. We disclose EBITDA since it is a financial measure commonly used in our industry. EBITDA is not meant to be considered a substitute or replacement for net income (loss) as prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. EBITDA may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. We record an order in backlog

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when we receive a firm contract or purchase order, which identifies product quantities, sales price, service dates and delivery dates. Backlog represents the amount of unrecorded revenue on undelivered orders and services to be provided and a percentage of revenues from sales of products that have been shipped where installation has not been completed and final acceptance has not been received from the customer. Our backlog at any given time is not necessarily indicative of future period revenues.

Selected Financial Data

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Years Ended June 30,				
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Statements of Operations Data:					
Revenues from infrastructure solutions	\$ 114,612	\$ 97,967	\$ 90,656	\$ 73,305	\$ 40,125
Revenues from services	36,133	28,069	18,928	13,931	13,903
Total revenues	150,745	126,036	109,584	87,236	54,028

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Costs and operating expenses:					
Costs from infrastructure solutions	92,197	81,410	75,357	63,282	39,447
Costs from services	29,052	23,605	15,527	12,992	17,796
Selling and marketing	8,376	7,029	5,821	4,808	6,042
Research and development	1,451	1,052	1,021	1,328	800
General and administrative	12,297	9,589	7,596	6,529	9,423
Total costs and operating expenses	143,373	122,685	105,322	88,939	73,508
Income (loss) from operations	7,372	3,351	4,262	(1,703)	(19,480)
Other income (expense):					
Interest income	1,370	965	444	271	422
Interest expense	(205)	—	—	—	(539)
Gain on liquidation of foreign subsidiary	—	264	—	—	—
Gain on sale of available-for-sale securities	—	—	132	91	—
Gain on sale of investment	—	—	40	—	—
Income (loss) before income taxes					