ACACIA RESEARCH CORP Form 10-Q November 07, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

or

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

0 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

TO

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM

Commission File Number: 0-26068

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 500 Newport Center Drive, Newport Beach, California 92660 (Address of principal executive offices; Zip Code)

(949) 480-8300 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act: Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

95-4405754 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of November 4, 2013, 49,926,750 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value, were issued and outstanding.

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PART I--FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and per share information) (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$118,303		\$221,804	
Short-term investments	166,998		89,475	
Accounts receivable	16,812		9,843	
Deferred income tax	19,974		1,014	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,414		2,427	
Total current assets	329,501		324,563	
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	778		339	
Patents, net of accumulated amortization	296,272		313,529	
Goodwill	30,149		30,149	
Other assets	1,016		137	
	\$657,716		\$668,717	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses / costs	\$16,310		\$9,485	
Accrued patent acquisition costs	\$,750		φ <i>)</i> , 1 05	
Royalties and contingent legal fees payable	8,313		12,508	
Total current liabilities	33,373		21,993	
	55,575		21,775	
Deferred income taxes	17,748		27,831	
Other liabilities	1,322		415	
Total liabilities	52,443		50,239	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5) Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no				
shares issued or outstanding Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized;				
49,922,626 and 49,160,844 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	50		49	
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,129,408 shares as of September 30, 2013 and December		`		,
31, 2012	(26,731)	(26,731	,
Additional paid-in capital	653,326		644,982	
Accumulated comprehensive loss	(783)	(1,166)
Accumulated deficit	(28,733)	(5,632)
Total Acacia Research Corporation stockholders' equity	597,129		611,502	

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Noncontrolling interests in operating subsidiaries	8,144	6,976
Total stockholders' equity	605,273	618,478
	\$657,716	\$668,717

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except share and per share information) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months September 3	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenues	\$15,520	\$34,939	\$115,491	\$184,463
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenues:				
Inventor royalties	2,353	5,032	26,444	22,199
Contingent legal fees	2,547	8,833	21,603	19,188
Litigation and licensing expenses - patents	10,870	5,973	30,436	14,622
Amortization of patents	12,615	10,412	36,923	20,931
Marketing, general and administrative expenses (including non-cash stock compensation expense of \$9,386 and \$20,812 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, and \$6,285 and	¹ 18,235	11,914	45,270	37,548
\$17,375 for the three and nine months ended September	•			
30, 2012, respectively)				
Research, consulting and other expenses - business development	730	1,139	2,480	4,222
Other	3,506		3,506	
Total operating costs and expenses	50,856	43,303	166,662	118,710
Operating income (loss)	(35,336) (8,364) (51,171) 65,753
Other income (loss):				
Interest income	554	121	1,393	277
Write off of investment		(45) —	(45)
Net gain (loss) on investments	(274) (117) 577	(115)
Total other income (loss)	280	(41) 1,970	117
Income (loss) before benefit from (provision for) incom taxes) (8,405) (49,201) 65,870
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	19,570	1,938	25,348	(16,303)
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests in				,
operating subsidiaries	(15,486) (6,467) (23,853) 49,567
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in operating subsidiaries	^s (225) (152) 752	63
Net income (loss) attributable to Acacia Research Corporation	\$(15,711) \$(6,619) \$(23,101) \$49,630
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders basic) \$(6,619) \$(23,458) \$47,989
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders diluted	\$(15,904) \$(6,619) \$(23,458) \$48,000
Basic income (loss) per common share	\$(0.33) \$(0.14) \$(0.49) \$1.02

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Diluted income (loss) per common share	\$(0.33)	\$(0.14)	\$(0.49)	\$1.02
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic Weighted average number of shares outstanding - diluted			48,332,878 48,641,374		48,068,038 48,288,937		46,886,820 47,239,135

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mont September 3 2013				Nine Month September 2 2013		
Net income (loss) attributable to Acacia Research Corporation Other comprehensive income (loss):	\$(15,711)	\$(6,619)	\$(23,101)	\$49,630
Unrealized gain (loss) on short-term investments, net of income tax benefit (expense) of \$0 and \$0 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, and \$323 and (\$9) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively	149		(588)	(194)	2,000
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in net income	ⁿ (274)	173		577		212
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(15,836)	(7,034)	(22,718)	51,842
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_				_
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Acacia Research Corporation	\$(15,836)	\$(7,034)	\$(22,718)	\$51,842

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months I September 30,		ed	
	2013		2012	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests in operating subsidiaries Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests in operating subsidiaries to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$(23,853)	\$49,567	
Depreciation and amortization Non-cash stock compensation	37,085 20,812		21,034 17,375	
Excess tax (benefits) expense from stock-based compensation Change in valuation allowance on deferred taxes	358		(7,554 (10,237)
Other	(22)	490	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(6.0.60			
Accounts receivable	(6,969)	(13,720)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(5,866)	(1,485)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses / costs	6,874		10,244	
Royalties and contingent legal fees payable	(4,195)	(2,030)
Deferred taxes, net	(29,043)	6,546	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(4,819)	70,230	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment	(579)	(200)
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(232,809)	(305,007)
Maturities and sales of available-for-sale investments	155,669		169,016	
Purchase of ADAPTIX, Inc., net of cash acquired	—		(150,000)
Patent acquisition costs paid	(10,416)	(64,960)
Net cash used in investing activities	(88,135)	(351,151)
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from sale of common stock, net of issuance costs			218,983	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests in operating subsidiary			(312)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(12,392)		,
Contributions from noncontrolling interests in operating subsidiary	1,920	,	3,840	
Repurchased restricted common stock	(18)		
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(358	Ś	7,554	
Proceeds from exercises of stock options	301	,	274	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(10,547)	230,339	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(103,501)	(50,582)

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Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	221,804	314,733			
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$118,303	\$264,151			
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing activities: Patent acquisition costs included in accrued patent acquisition costs	\$9,750	\$8,000			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.					

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Description of Business. As used herein, "Acacia" and the "Company" refer to Acacia Research Corporation and/or its wholly and majority-owned and controlled operating subsidiaries. All intellectual property acquisition, development, licensing and enforcement activities are conducted solely by certain of Acacia's wholly and majority-owned and controlled operating subsidiaries.

Acacia's operating subsidiaries generate revenues and related cash flows from the granting of intellectual property rights for the use of, or pertaining to, patented technologies that such operating subsidiaries own or control. Acacia's operating subsidiaries assist patent owners with the prosecution and development of their patent portfolios, the protection of their patented technologies from unauthorized use, the generation of revenue from users of their patented technologies and, if necessary, the enforcement against unauthorized users of their patented technologies. Acacia's operating subsidiaries own or control the rights to multiple patent portfolios, which include U.S. patents and certain foreign counterparts, covering technologies used in a wide variety of industries.

In January 2012, a wholly owned operating subsidiary of Acacia acquired ADAPTIX, Inc., a Delaware Corporation ("ADAPTIX"), a pioneer in the development of 4G technologies for wireless systems, for cash consideration of \$160 million, as described at Note 7 to these consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Presentation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Acacia and its wholly and majority-owned and controlled subsidiaries. Material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Noncontrolling interests in Acacia's majority-owned and controlled operating subsidiaries ("noncontrolling interests") are separately presented as a component of stockholders' equity in the consolidated statements of financial position for the applicable periods presented. Consolidated net income (loss) is adjusted to include the net (income) loss attributed to noncontrolling interests in the consolidated statements of operations. Refer to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for total noncontrolling interests, net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests and contributions from and distributions to noncontrolling interests, for the applicable periods presented.

A wholly owned subsidiary of Acacia is the general partner of the Acacia Intellectual Property Fund, L.P. (the "Acacia IP Fund"), which was formed in August 2010. The Acacia IP Fund is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the periods presented, as Acacia's wholly owned subsidiary, as the majority owner and general partner, has the ability to control the operations and activities of the Acacia IP Fund.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in annual financial statements have been omitted or condensed in accordance with quarterly reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2012, as reported by Acacia in its Annual Report on Form 10-K. The year-end consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The consolidated financial statements of Acacia include all adjustments of a normal recurring nature which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of Acacia's consolidated financial position as of

September 30, 2013, and results of its operations and its cash flows for the interim periods presented. The consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year.

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenue Recognition. Revenue is recognized when (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) all obligations have been substantially performed pursuant to the terms of the arrangement, (iii) amounts are fixed or determinable, and (iv) the collectibility of amounts is reasonably assured.

In general, revenue arrangements provide for the payment of contractually determined fees in consideration for the grant of certain intellectual property rights for patented technologies owned or controlled by Acacia's operating subsidiaries. These rights typically include some combination of the following: (i) the grant of a non-exclusive, retroactive and future license to manufacture and/or sell products covered by patented technologies owned or controlled by Acacia's operating subsidiaries, (ii) a covenant-not-to-sue, (iii) the release of the licensee from certain claims, and (iv) the dismissal of any pending litigation. The intellectual property rights granted may be perpetual in nature, extending until the expiration of the related patents, or can be granted for a defined, relatively short period of time, with the licensee possessing the right to renew the agreement at the end of each contractual term for an additional minimum upfront payment. Pursuant to the terms of these agreements, Acacia's operating subsidiaries have no further obligation with respect to the grant of the non-exclusive retroactive and future licenses, covenants-not-to-sue, releases, and other deliverables, including no express or implied obligation on Acacia's operating subsidiaries' part to maintain or upgrade the technology, or provide future support or services. Generally, the agreements provide for the grant of the licenses, covenants-not-to-sue, releases, and other significant deliverables upon execution of the agreement, or upon receipt of the minimum upfront payment for term agreement renewals. As such, the earnings process is complete and revenue is recognized upon the execution of the agreement, when collectibility is reasonably assured, or upon receipt of the minimum upfront fee for term agreement renewals, and when all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Cost of Revenues. Cost of revenues include the costs and expenses incurred in connection with Acacia's patent licensing and enforcement activities, including inventor royalties paid to original patent owners, contingent legal fees paid to external patent counsel, other patent-related legal expenses paid to external patent counsel, licensing and enforcement related research, consulting and other expenses paid to third parties and the amortization of patent-related acquisition costs. These costs are included under the caption "Cost of revenues" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Inventor Royalties and Contingent Legal Expenses. Inventor royalties are expensed in the consolidated statements of operations in the period that the related revenues are recognized. In certain instances, pursuant to the terms of the underlying inventor agreements, costs paid by Acacia's operating subsidiaries to acquire patents are recoverable from future net revenues. Patent acquisition costs that are recoverable from future net revenues are amortized over the estimated economic useful life of the related patents, or as the prepaid royalties are earned by the inventor, as appropriate, and the related expense is included in amortization expense in the consolidated statements of operations. Any unamortized patent acquisition costs recovered from net revenues are expensed in the period recovered, and included in amortization expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

Contingent legal fees are expensed in the consolidated statements of operations in the period that the related revenues are recognized. In instances where there are no recoveries from potential infringers, no contingent legal fees are paid; however, Acacia's operating subsidiaries may be liable for certain out of pocket legal costs incurred pursuant to the underlying legal services agreement. Legal fees advanced by contingent law firms that are required to be paid in the event that no license recoveries are obtained are expensed as incurred and included in liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Acacia believes that, of the significant accounting policies described herein, the accounting policies associated with revenue recognition, stock-based compensation expense, impairment of marketable securities and intangible assets, the determination of the economic useful life of amortizable intangible assets, income taxes and valuation allowances against net deferred tax assets and the application of the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations, require its most difficult, subjective or complex judgments.

Concentrations. Three licensees individually accounted for 34%, 31% and 19% of revenues recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2013, and two licensees accounted for 43% and 17% of revenues recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Five licensees individually accounted for 30%, 13%, 10%, 10% and 10% of revenues recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2012 and four licensees accounted for 29%, 20%, 11% and 10% of

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

revenues recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Four licensees individually represented approximately 32%, 27%, 18% and 16% of accounts receivable at September 30, 2013. Three licensees individually represented approximately 34%, 30%, and 25% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2012. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, 54% and 26%, respectively, of revenues were attributable to licensees domiciled in foreign jurisdictions. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, 12% and 45%, respectively, of revenues were attributable to licensees domiciled in foreign jurisdictions.

Stock-Based Compensation. The compensation cost for all stock-based awards is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense, on a straight-line basis, over the employee's requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity award) which is generally two to four years. The fair value of restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards is determined by the product of the number of shares or units granted and the grant date market price of the underlying common stock. Stock-based compensation expense is recorded only for those awards expected to vest using an estimated forfeiture rate.

Fair Value Measurements. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles define fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or the exit price that would be paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date, and also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available. The three-level hierarchy of valuation techniques established to measure fair value is defined as follows:

Level 1 - Observable Inputs: Quoted prices in active markets for identical investments;

Level 2 - Pricing Models with Significant Observable Inputs: Other significant observable inputs,

including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.; and

Level 3 - Unobservable Inputs: Significant unobservable inputs, including the entity's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments.

Whenever possible, the Company is required to use observable market inputs (Level 1 - quoted market prices) when measuring fair value.

Investments in Marketable Securities. Investments in securities with original maturities of greater than three months and less than one year and other investments representing amounts that are available for current operations are classified as short-term investments, unless there are indications that such investments may not be readily sold in the short term. The fair values of these investments approximate their carrying values. At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, all of Acacia's short term investments were classified as available-for-sale, which are reported at fair value on a recurring basis using significant observable inputs (Level 1), with related unrealized gains and losses in the value of such securities recorded as a separate component of comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity until realized. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are recorded based on the specific identification method. Interest on all securities is included in interest income.

Short-term marketable securities for the periods presented were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2013						
		Gross	Gross				
Security Type	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair Value			
		Gains	Losses				
U.S. government fixed income securities ⁽¹⁾	\$167,788	\$60	\$(850) \$166,998			
Total short-term investments	\$167,788	\$60	\$(850) \$166,998			
⁽¹⁾ Maturity dates ranging from 2013 to 2014.							

December 31, 2012

		Gross	Gross	
Security Type	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair Value
		Gains	Losses	
U.S. government fixed income securities	\$87,394	\$20	\$(411) \$87,003
Equity securities of certain technology companie	es 3,254		(782) 2,472
Total short-term investments	\$90,648	\$20	\$(1,193) \$89,475

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Impairment of Marketable Securities. Acacia evaluates its investments in marketable securities for potential impairment, employing a systematic methodology on a quarterly basis that considers available quantitative and qualitative evidence. If the cost or carrying value of an investment exceeds its estimated fair value, the Company evaluates, among other factors, general market conditions, credit quality of instrument issuers, the duration and extent to which the fair value is less than cost, and the Company's intent and ability to hold, or plans or ability to sell. Fair value is estimated based on publicly available market information or other estimates determined by management. Investments are considered to be impaired when a decline in fair value is estimated to be other-than-temporary. Acacia reviews impairments associated with its investments in marketable securities and determines the classification of any impairment as temporary or other-than-temporary. An impairment is deemed other-than-temporary unless (a) Acacia has the ability and intent to hold an investment for a period of time sufficient for recovery of its carrying amount and (b) positive evidence indicating that the investment's carrying amount is recoverable within a reasonable period of time outweighs any evidence to the contrary. All available evidence, both positive and negative, is considered to determine whether, based on the weight of such evidence, the carrying amount of the investment is recoverable within a reasonable period of time. For investments classified as available-for-sale, unrealized losses that are other-than-temporary are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations.

Patents. Patents includes the cost of patents or patent rights (hereinafter, collectively "patents"), acquired from third-parties or acquired in connection with business combinations. Patent acquisition costs are amortized utilizing the straight-line method over their remaining economic useful lives, ranging from one to eight years.

Goodwill. Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level (operating segment or one level below an operating segment) on an annual basis (December 31 for Acacia) and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. Acacia considers its market capitalization and the carrying value of its assets and liabilities, including goodwill, when performing its goodwill impairment test. When conducting its annual goodwill impairment assessment, the Company initially performs a qualitative evaluation of whether it is more likely than not that goodwill is impaired. If it is determined by a qualitative evaluation that it is more likely than not that goodwill is impaired, the Company then applies a two-step impairment test. The two-step impairment test first compares the fair value of the Company's reporting unit to its carrying or book value. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, goodwill is not impaired and the Company determines the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill and if the carrying value of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, then an impairment loss equal to the difference is recorded in the consolidated statement of operations.

Acacia uses the management approach, which designates the internal organization that is used by management for making operating decisions and assessing performance as the basis of Acacia's reportable segments. Acacia's intellectual property licensing and enforcement business constitutes its single reportable segment.

Income Taxes. Income taxes are accounted for using an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in Acacia's consolidated financial statements or consolidated tax returns. A valuation allowance is established to reduce deferred tax assets if all, or some portion, of such assets will more than likely not be realized.

The provision for income taxes for interim periods is determined using an estimate of Acacia's annual effective tax rate, adjusted for discrete items, if any, that are taken into account in the relevant period. Each quarter, Acacia updates the estimate of the annual effective tax rate, and if the estimated tax rate changes, a cumulative adjustment is made.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, Acacia's effective tax rate was approximately 52%, mainly comprised of U.S. federal and state incomes taxes, foreign withholding taxes and nondeductible permanent expenses. Acacia's effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, including the impact of discrete items, was 25%. Discrete items were primarily comprised of the benefit associated with the release of valuation allowance resulting from the acquisition of ADAPTIX, as described below. The tax provisions for the periods presented provides for the utilization (subject to certain limitations, if applicable) of the foreign taxes withheld as a credit against income tax expense calculated for financial statement purposes.

The deduction related to the exercise and vesting of equity-based incentive awards is available to offset taxable income (loss), if any, on Acacia's future consolidated tax returns. Accordingly, the noncash tax expense calculated without the benefit (expense) related to the exercise and vesting of equity-based incentive awards totaling \$(358,000) and \$7,554,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, was reflected in additional paid-in capital, not taxes payable.

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Release of Valuation Allowance. As of December 31, 2011, the Company maintained a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets. The net deferred tax liability resulting from the acquisition of ADAPTIX created an additional source of income to utilize against Acacia's existing consolidated net deferred tax assets. Under the acquisition method of accounting, the impact on the acquiring company's deferred tax assets is recorded outside of acquisition accounting. In addition, the Company estimated that certain other deferred tax assets related to foreign tax credits and other state related deferreds, totaling approximately \$1,900,000, were more likely than not realizable in future periods. Accordingly, the valuation allowance on the majority of Acacia's net deferred tax assets was released, resulting in an income tax benefit of approximately \$10,237,000, recorded as a credit to income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Refer to Note 7 to these consolidated financial statements.

Tax expense included foreign withholding taxes withheld by the applicable foreign tax authority on revenue agreements executed with third party licensees domiciled in certain foreign jurisdictions totaling \$875,000 and \$4,605,000, for the three and nine months months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, and \$0 and \$11,890,000, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively.

Revision of Prior Period Earnings (Loss) Per Share - Two-Class Method. In connection with the preparation of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company determined that its basic and diluted net income (loss) per share calculations should have been prepared using the "two-class method." Under the two-class method, securities that participate in dividends are considered "participating securities." The Company's unvested restricted shares outstanding are considered "participating securities" because they include non-forfeitable rights to dividends.

Pursuant to guidance set forth in Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 99, "Materiality," the Company concluded that the errors were not material to any of its prior period financial statements. Although the errors were immaterial to prior periods, the prior period financial statements presented herein were revised, in accordance with SAB No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements." Refer to Note 3 for additional information.

3. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The Company computes net income attributable to common stockholders using the two-class method required for capital structures that include participating securities. Under the two-class method, securities that participate in non-forfeitable dividends, such as the Company's outstanding unvested restricted stock, are considered "participating securities."

In applying the two-class method, (i) basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (less any dividends paid on participating securities) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and participating securities outstanding for the period and (ii) diluted earnings per share may include the additional effect of other securities, if dilutive, in which case the dilutive effect of such securities is calculated by applying the two-class method and the treasury stock method to the assumed exercise or vesting of potentially dilutive common shares. The method yielding the more dilutive result is ultimately reported for the applicable period. Potentially dilutive common stock equivalents primarily consist of employee stock options, and restricted stock units for calculations utilizing the two-class method, and also include unvested restricted stock, when utilizing the treasury method.

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The following table presents the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding used in the calculation of basic and diluted income per share:

			Nine Month September 3					
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Numerator:								
Basic								
Net income (loss)	\$(15,711)	\$(6,619)	\$(23,101)	\$49,630	
Undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities			—		—		(1,641)
Total dividends declared / paid	(6,243)			(12,392)		
Dividends attributable to common stockholders	6,050				12,035			
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders - basic	\$(15,904)	\$(6,619)	\$(23,458)	\$47,989	
Diluted								
Net income (loss)	\$(15,711)	\$(6,619)	\$(23,101)	\$49,630	
Undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities							(1,630)
Total dividends declared / paid	(6,243)			(12,392)		
Dividends attributable to common stockholders	6,050				12,035			
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders - diluted	\$(15,904)	\$(6,619)	\$(23,458)	\$48,000	
Denominator:								
Weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders – basic	48,330,149		48,332,878		48,068,038		46,886,820	
Effect of potentially dilutive securities:								
Common stock options and restricted stock units	199,956		308,496		220,899		352,315	
Weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders – diluted	48,530,105		48,641,374		48,288,937		47,239,135	
Basic net income (loss) per common share	\$(0.33)	\$(0.14)	\$(0.49)	\$1.02	
Diluted net income (loss) per common share	\$(0.33)	\$(0.14)	\$(0.49)	\$1.02	

Anti-dilutive equity-based incentive awards excluded from the computation of diluted income (loss) per share were immaterial for the applicable periods presented.

Revision of Prior Period Earnings (Loss) Per Share - Two-Class Method. In connection with the preparation of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company determined that its basic and diluted net income (loss) per share calculations should have been prepared using the "two-class method." Previously, basic earnings (loss) per share was computed based upon the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, excluding unvested restricted stock, and diluted income (loss) per share was computed based upon the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, including the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents outstanding during the periods, determined by applying the treasury stock method to the assumed

exercise of outstanding employee stock options, and the assumed vesting of outstanding unvested restricted stock and restricted stock units.

Pursuant to the guidance set forth in SAB No. 99, "Materiality," the Company concluded that the errors were not material to any of its prior period financial statements. Although the errors were immaterial to prior periods, the prior period financial statements presented herein were revised. The impact of the revision to the comparable prior period earnings (loss) per share calculations using the two-class method were as follows:

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012
Numerator:			
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders – basic and diluted - As Reported	\$(6,619)	\$49,630
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders – basic - As Adjusted	\$(6,619)	\$47,989
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders – diluted - As Adjusted	\$(6,619)	\$48,000
Denominator:			
Weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders – basic - As Reported	48,332,878		46,886,820
Weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders – basic - As Adjusted	48,332,878		46,886,820
Weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders – diluted - As Reported	48,332,878		47,795,819
Weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders – diluted - As Adjusted	48,641,374		47,239,135
Basic net income (loss) per common share - As Reported	\$(0.14)	\$1.06
Basic net income (loss) per common share - As Adjusted	\$(0.14)	\$1.02
Diluted net income (loss) per common share - As Reported	\$(0.14)	\$1.04
Diluted net income (loss) per common share - As Adjusted	\$(0.14)	\$1.02

4. GOODWILL AND OTHER IDENTIFIABLE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Acacia's only identifiable intangible assets at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are patents and patent rights. Patent-related accumulated amortization totaled \$103,273,000 and \$69,850,000 as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Acacia's patents and patent rights have remaining estimated economic useful lives ranging from one to eight years. The weighted-average remaining estimated economic useful life of Acacia's patents and patent rights is approximately seven years. The following table presents the scheduled annual aggregate amortization expense as of September 30, 2013 (in thousands):

Remainder of 2013	\$11,980
2014	47,335
2015	46,219
2016	43,486
2017	42,474
Thereafter	104,778
Total	\$296,272

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, Acacia paid patent and patent rights acquisition costs totaling \$10,416,000 and \$64,960,000 (excluding the acquisition of ADAPTIX), respectively. The patents and patent rights acquired have estimated economic useful lives of approximately one to ten years. Included in net additions to capitalized patent costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are accrued future patent acquisition costs totaling

ACACIA RESEARCH CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

\$9,750,000 and \$8,000,000, respectively. Accrued future patent acquisition costs are amortized over the estimated economic useful life of the related patents acquired.

Refer to Note 7 to these consolidated financial statements for additions to patents and goodwill in connection with Acacia's acquisition of ADAPTIX and the related application of the acquisition method of accounting.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, certain operating subsidiaries recovered up-front patent portfolio acquisition costs from applicable net licensing proceeds prior to the scheduled amortization of such up-front patent portfolio acquisition costs, resulting in the acceleration of amortization expense for the applicable patent related assets. Accelerated amortization expense related to the recovery of up-front patent acquisition costs totaled \$0 and \$593,000, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, and \$152,000 and \$534,000, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, pursuant to the terms of the respective inventor agreements, certain Acacia operating subsidiaries elected to terminate their rights to patent portfolios, resulting in the acceleration of amortization expense for the patent-related assets totaling \$1,630,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and \$3,023,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Patent Enforcement and Other Litigation

Acacia is subject to claims, counterclaims and legal actions that arise in the ordinary course of business. Management believes that the ultimate liability with respect to these claims and legal actions, if any, will not have a material effect on Acacia's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Certain of Acacia's operating subsidiaries are often required to engage in litigation to enforce their patents and patent rights. In connection with any of Acacia's operating subsidiaries' patent enforcement actions, it is possible that a defendant may request and/or a court may rule that an operating subsidiary has violated statutory authority, regulatory authority, federal rules, local court rules, or governing standards relating to the substantive or procedural aspects of such enforcement actions. In such event, a court may issue monetary sanctions against Acacia or its operating subsidiaries or award attorney's fees and/or expenses to a defendant(s), which could be material.

6. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

In February 2012, Acacia raised gross proceeds of \$225,000,000 through the sale of 6,122,000 shares of Acacia's common stock at a price of \$36.75 per share in a private placement offering with certain institutional accredited investors. Net proceeds, net of placement agent fees and estimated offering expenses, totaled approximately \$218,983,000. The net proceeds will continue to be used to finance future acquisitions of patents, other patent licensing vehicles and companies with patent assets, and for working capital and general corporate purposes.

On April 23, 2013, Acacia announced that its Board of Directors approved the adoption of a cash dividend policy that calls for the payment of an expected total annual cash dividend of \$0.50 per common share, payable in the amount of \$0.125 per share per quarter. Under the policy, the Company has paid two quarterly cash dividends totaling \$12,392,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Future cash dividends are expected to be paid on a quarterly basis and will be at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors.

7. ACQUISITION

On January 12, 2012 (the "Acquisition Date"), pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of November 22, 2011 (the "Merger Agreement") among Acacia Research Group LLC ("ARG"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Acacia, Apollo Patent Corp., a newly-formed, wholly-owned subsidiary of ARG ("Merger Sub"), ADAPTIX, a Delaware corporation, and Baker Communications Fund II (QP), L.P. solely in its capacity as shareholder representative, ARG completed its acquisition of ADAPTIX, which held no material assets other than its portfolio of patents and \$10 million in cash, through a merger of Merger Sub with and into ADAPTIX, with ADAPTIX as the surviving corporation (the "Merger"). Upon completion of the Merger, the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub ceased and ADAPTIX became a wholly-owned subsidiary of ARG.

ADAPTIX, a pioneer in the development of 4G technologies for wireless systems, is an award-winning technology company long recognized in the industry as one of the first developers of cutting edge 4G wireless systems. With patents filed as early as 2000, ADAPTIX's research and development efforts have resulted in one of the most significant intellectual property portfolios focused on 4G technologies. With its rapidly growing portfolio of 230 issued and pending patents in 13 countries, ADAPTIX's innovations extend across a broad range of 4G technologies including OFDMA and MIMO.

The Merger was accounted for in accordance with the acquisition method of accounting under FASB ASC Topic 805, "Business Combinations" ("Topic 805"). Topic 805 requires, among other things, that identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their fair values as of the Acquisition Date. Under the acquisition method of accounting, the purchase consideration is allocated to the assets acquired, including tangible assets, patents and other identifiable intangible assets and liabilities assumed, based on their estimated fair market values on the date of acquisition. Any excess purchase price after the initial allocation to identifiable net tangible and identifiable intangible assets is assigned to goodwill. Amounts attributable to patents are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful life of the underlying patents.

The total consideration paid by ARG in connection with the Merger was approximately \$160 million in cash. Based on the total purchase consideration and the estimate of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed by ARG as of the Acquisition Date, the purchase price allocation was as follows (\$ amounts in thousands):

		Amortization Period	Annual Amortization
Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed:			
Fair value of net tangible assets acquired	\$10,000		
Intangible assets acquired - patents	150,000	10 years	\$15,000
Goodwill	30,149		
Net deferred income tax liability	(30,149)	
Total	\$160,000		

Amounts attributable to the patents acquired are being amortized using the straight-line method over an estimated weighted average economic useful life of the underlying patents, which is estimated to be approximately 10 years. Goodwill is calculated as the residual after recording the identifiable net assets acquired and associated net deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Management is responsible for determining the fair value of the tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Acquisition Date. Management considered a number of factors, including reference to an analysis under Topic 805 solely for the purpose of allocating the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The analysis included a discounted cash flow which estimated future net cash flows resulting from the licensing and enforcement of the patent portfolio based on information as of the date of acquisition, considering assumptions and estimates related to potential infringers of the patents, applicable industries, usage of the underlying patented technologies, estimated license fee revenues, contingent legal fee arrangements, other estimated costs, tax implications and other factors. A discount rate consistent with the risks associated with achieving the estimated net cash flows was used to estimate the present value of estimated net cash flows.

The Merger was treated for tax purposes as a nontaxable transaction and as such, the historical tax bases of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities, net operating losses, and other tax attributes of ADAPTIX were carried over. As a result, no new tax goodwill was created in connection with the Merger as there was no step-up to fair value of the underlying tax bases of the acquired net assets. Acquisition accounting includes the establishment of a net deferred tax

asset or liability resulting from book tax basis differences related to assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the date of acquisition. Acquisition date deferred tax assets primarily relate to certain net operating loss carryforwards of ADAPTIX. Acquisition date deferred tax liabilities relate to specifically identified non-goodwill intangibles acquired. The estimated net deferred tax liability was determined as follows (amounts in thousands, except percent values):

	Book Basis	Tax Basis	Difference	
Intangible assets acquired - patents	\$150,000	\$—	\$(150,000)
Estimated acquired deferred tax assets (including net operating loss carryforwards) - ADAPTIX	_	63,860	63,860	
Net deferred tax liability - pretax			(86,140)
Estimated tax rate			35	%
Estimated net deferred tax liability			\$(30,149)

Proforma adjustments and operating results for ADAPTIX for the period from January 1, 2012 to January 12, 2012, the date of acquisition, were not material.

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 17, 2013, Acacia announced that its Board of Directors approved a third quarterly cash dividend payable in the amount of \$0.125 per share per quarter. The quarterly cash dividend will be paid on November 29, 2013 to shareholders of record at close of business on November 1, 2013. Future cash dividends are expected to be paid on a quarterly basis and will be at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors.

9. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2013, the FASB issued a new accounting standard addressing when unrecognized tax benefits should be presented as reductions to deferred tax assets for net operating loss carryforwards in the financial statements. This standard is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. Early adoption and retrospective application is permitted. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this adoption on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2013, the FASB issued a new accounting standard addressing the accounting for the cumulative translation adjustment when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business within a foreign entity. This standard is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements - Adopted Effective January 1, 2013.

In February 2013, the FASB issued a new accounting standard requiring an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP") to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income in the same reporting period, an entity is required to cross-reference other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. This pronouncement is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2012, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that will require the Company to disclose information about offsetting and related arrangements to enable users of its financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on its financial position. The new guidance is effective for the Company's interim period ending March 31, 2013. The disclosures required are to be applied retrospectively for all comparative periods presented. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is not a complete description of our business or the risks associated with an investment in our common stock. We urge you to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us in this report and in our other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2013.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and concern matters that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Reference is made in particular to the description of our plans and objectives for future operations, assumptions underlying such plans and objectives, and other forward-looking statements set forth under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Such statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expect," "plan," "believe," "estimate," "ant "intend," "predict," "potential," "continue" or similar terms, variations of such terms or the negative of such terms, although not all forward-looking statements contain these terms. Such statements are based on management's current expectations and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Such statements address future events and conditions concerning intellectual property acquisition and development, licensing and enforcement activities, capital expenditures, earnings, litigation, regulatory matters, markets for our services, liquidity and capital resources and accounting matters. Actual results in each case could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements by reason of factors such as our ability to acquire new technologies and patents, future global economic conditions, changes in demand for our services, legislative, regulatory and competitive developments in markets in which we and our subsidiaries operate, results of litigation and other circumstances affecting anticipated revenues and costs. We expressly disclaim any intent, obligation or undertaking to update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein to conform such statements to actual results or to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us, which attempt to advise interested parties of the risks, uncertainties, and other factors that affect our business, including without limitation the disclosures made under the captions "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Financial Statements" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and disclosures made under the captions "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Risk Factors" and "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

General

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, "we," "us" and "our" refer to Acacia Research Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and/or its wholly and majority-owned and controlled operating subsidiaries. All intellectual property acquisition, development, licensing and enforcement activities are conducted solely by certain of Acacia Research Corporation's wholly and majority-owned and controlled operating subsidiaries. Our operating subsidiaries generate revenues and related cash flows from the granting of intellectual property rights for the use of, or pertaining to, patented technologies that our operating subsidiaries own or control.

We merge our legal and technology expertise to continually uncover patent assets and bring needed proficiency to patent licensing. Our professionals actively seek to identify high-quality but undervalued patent portfolios in a variety of industries. We are an intermediary in the patent marketplace partnering with inventors and patent owners to unlock the financial value in their patented inventions.

Our partnership with patent owners is the cornerstone of our corporate strategy. We partner with the patent-disenfranchised, including individual inventors, universities, and large multi-national corporations in the technology, medical technology, energy, and industrial sectors. We assume all responsibility for operational expenses and share net licensing revenue with our patent partners on a pre-arranged and negotiated basis. We also provide capital to the patent owner as an advance against future licensing revenue. We bridge the gap between invention and production, facilitating efficiency and bringing monetary liquidity to otherwise illiquid patent assets.

We have established a proven track record of licensing success with over 1,300 license agreements executed to date across 162 of our licensing and enforcement programs.

We were originally incorporated in California in January 1993 and reincorporated in Delaware in December 1999.

Executive Summary

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we reported revenues of \$15.5 million from 24 new revenue agreements covering 24 different licensing programs, including 5 licensing programs generating initial revenues in the quarter. Cash and investments totaled \$285.3 million as of September 30, 2013 as compared to \$311.3 million as of December 31, 2012.

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we acquired control of 6 new patent portfolios and invested \$7.9 million (including \$3.8 million in future payments accrued as of September 30, 2013) in patent portfolio related up-front advances to patent owners with whom we have partnered for the licensing of their patented technologies.

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we partnered with patent owners with respect to patents relating to fluorescent microscopy technology with relevance in the life sciences industry, patents relating to professional and social media networking technology applicable to features of product and service offerings in the social networking industry, patents relating to post market sales data, multiple coordinated viewing devices and progressive deletion, patents relating to intelligent beverage dispensing technology used in the beverage industry, patents relating to power managed security system technology, and patents relating to semiconductor testing technology used by semiconductor designers to test wafers.

We continue to identify and explore numerous opportunities for partnering with companies in the technology, energy, medical technology and other sectors for the licensing of their patented technologies, and are also expanding our activity in international markets, both of which we expect will expand and diversify our future revenue generating opportunities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 we have expanded our management team with key hires of experienced intellectual property acquisition and licensing executives from industry that we expect will facilitate our continued development of these growth areas.

Operating activities during the periods presented included the following:

	Three Months September 30,	Ended	Nine Months E September 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenues (in thousands)	\$15,520	\$34,939	\$115,491	\$184,463	
New agreements executed	24	33	96	111	
Licensing and enforcement programs generating revenues	24	31	47	57	
Licensing and enforcement programs with initial revenues	5	9	19	22	
New patent portfolios	6	13	22	45	
Cumulative number of licensing and enforcement programs generating revenues - inception to date	162	134	162	134	

Our revenues historically have fluctuated quarterly, and can vary significantly, based on a number of factors including the following:

the dollar amount of agreements executed each period, which can be driven by the nature and characteristics of the technology or technologies being licensed and the magnitude of infringement associated with a specific licensee; the specific terms and conditions of agreements executed each period including the nature and characteristics of rights granted, and the periods of infringement or term of use contemplated by the respective payments;

fluctuations in the total number of agreements executed each period, which can be impacted by the periodic status of ongoing negotiations with prospective licensees and the relative complexity, scope, valuation, volume of matters and other factors associated with the respective negotiations;

the timing, results and uncertainties associated with patent filings and other enforcement proceedings relating to our intellectual property rights;

the relative maturity of licensing programs during the applicable periods; and other external factors.

On a consolidated basis, as of September 30, 2013, 162 of our licensing programs had begun generating revenues, up from 143 as of December 31, 2012, and 134 as of September 30, 2012. Although revenues from one or more of our patents or patent portfolios may be significant in a specific reporting period, we believe that none of our individual patents or patent portfolios is individually significant to our licensing and enforcement business as a whole.

We measure and assess the performance and growth of the patent licensing and enforcement businesses conducted by our operating subsidiaries based on consolidated revenues recognized across all of our technology licensing and enforcement programs on a trailing twelve-month basis. Trailing twelve-month revenues for the periods presented were as follows (in thousands):

Revenues	% Change		
September 30, 2013 \$181,755 (10	%		
June 30, 2013 201,174 (12	%		
March 31, 2013 228,548 (9	%		
December 31, 2012 250,727 22	%		
September 30, 2012 205,258 —	%		

Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 included fees from the following technology licensing and enforcement programs:

- 3G & 4G Wireless Handsets technology⁽¹⁾
- Audio Communications Fraud Detection technology
- Automotive Safety, Navigation and Diagnostics technology
- •Broadband Communications technology⁽¹⁾
- •Business Process Modeling technology
- •Camera Support technology
- •Catheter Ablation technology⁽¹⁾
- Computer Architecture and Power Management technology
- Core Fiber Optic Network Architectures technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Digital Imaging technology⁽¹⁾
- Digital Signal Processing Architecture technology
- •DMT technology
- Domain Name Redirection technology
- Dynamic Transmissions technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Electronic spreadsheet, data analysis and software development technology⁽¹⁾
- Facilities Operation Management System technology
- Gas Modulation Control Systems technology⁽¹⁾
- Greeting Card technology⁽¹⁾
- Improved Memory Manufacturing technology
- Information Portal Software technology
- Information Storage, Searching & Retrieval technology

- Location Based Services technology
- Memory Circuit and Packaging technology⁽¹⁾
- Messaging technology
- Mobile Computer Synchronization technology
- Mobile Enhancement Solutions technology
- NOR Flash technology
- Online Auction Guarantees technology
- Online Gaming technology
- Online newsletters with links technology
- Optical Networking technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Power Management within Integrated Circuits technology
- Prescription Lens technology⁽¹⁾
- Reflective and Radiant Barrier Insulation technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Semiconductor Memory and Process technology⁽¹⁾
- Semiconductor Packaging technology⁽¹⁾
- Surgical Access technology
- Suture Anchors technology
- Telematics technology
- User Programmable Engine Control technology
- Video Analytics for Security technology
- Web Collaboration technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

- Intercarrier SMS technology⁽¹⁾
- •Interstitial and Pop-Up Internet Advertising technology
- Lighting Ballast technology

- Wireless Data Synchronization & Data Transfer technology⁽¹⁾
- Wireless Location Based Services technology⁽¹⁾

- ⁽¹⁾ Initial revenues recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2013.
- ⁽²⁾ Initial revenues recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2013.

Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 included fees from the following technology licensing and enforcement programs:

- •4G Wireless technology⁽¹⁾
- Application Authentication technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Audio Communications Fraud Detection technology
- Bone Graft Harvesting technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Camera Support technology
- Consumer Rewards technology⁽¹⁾
- Data Compression technology
- •DDR SDRAM technology
- Digital Signal Processing Architecture technology
- Disk Array Systems & Storage Area Network technology
- •DMT® technology
- Document Generation technology
- Domain Name Redirection technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Dynamic Random Access Memory technology⁽¹⁾
- Facilities Operation Management System technology
- •Hearing Aid technology⁽¹⁾
- Impact Instrument technology
- Improved Anti-Trap Safety Technology for Vehicles⁽¹⁾
- Improved Lighting technology
- Improved Memory Manufacturing technology⁽¹⁾
- Information Portal Software technology
- Information Storage, Searching and Retrieval technology⁽¹⁾
- Integrated Access technology⁽¹⁾
- Intraluminal Device technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Lighting Ballast technology
- •Location Based Services technology
- Medical Image Manipulation technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Medical Monitoring technology
- MEMS technology

- Messaging technology
- Mobile Computer Synchronization technology
- Network Monitoring technology
- NOR Flash technology
- Online Ad Tracking technology
- Online Auction Guarantee technology
- Online Gaming technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Optical Recording technology
- Optical Switching technology
- Pop-up Internet Advertising technology
- Power Management Within Integrated Circuits technology
- Power-over-Ethernet technology
- Rule Based Monitoring technology
- Semiconductor Memory and Process Patents⁽¹⁾
- Shape Memory Alloys technology
- Software Activation technology⁽¹⁾
- Surgical Access technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Suture Anchors technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Targeted Content Delivery technology
- Telematics technology
- User Programmable Engine Control technology
- Video Delivery and Processing technology⁽¹⁾
- Video Encoding technology
- Videoconferencing technology⁽¹⁾
- Visual Data Evaluation technology
- Voice-Over-IP Technology⁽¹⁾
- Website Crawling technology
- Wireless Monitoring technology⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- ⁽¹⁾ Initial revenues recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2012.
- ⁽²⁾ Initial revenues recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Summary of Results of Operations - Overview For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (In thousands, except percentage change values)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			%	Nine Months Ended September 30,			%				
	2013	,	2012		Change		2013 2012		Change		e	
Revenues	\$15,520		\$34,939		(56)%	\$115,491		\$184,463		(37)%
Operating costs and expenses	50,856		43,303		17	%	166,662		118,710		40	%
Operating income (loss)	(35,336)	(8,364)	322	%	(51,171)	65,753		(178)%
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	19,570		1,938		910	%	25,348		(16,303)	(255)%
Net income (loss) attributable												
to Acacia Research	(15,711)	(6,619)	137	%	(23,101)	49,630		(147)%
Corporation												

Overview - Three months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012

Revenues decreased \$19.4 million, or 56%, to \$15.5 million, as compared to \$34.9 million in the comparable prior year quarter.

Cost of Revenues and Other Operating Expenses:

Inventor royalties and contingent legal fees, on a combined basis, decreased \$9.0 million, or 65%, as compared to the 56% decrease in related revenues for the same periods, due primarily to revenues generated during the three months ended September 30, 2013 having, on average, lower contingent legal fee arrangement obligations, as compared to the revenues generated during the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Litigation and licensing expenses-patents increased \$4.9 million, or 82%, to \$10.9 million, due primarily to an increase in international enforcement and strategic patent portfolio prosecution costs, associated with ongoing and new licensing and enforcement programs commenced since the end of the comparable prior year quarter. We expect patent-related legal expenses to continue to fluctuate period to period in connection with our current and future patent acquisition, development, licensing and enforcement activities.

Amortization of patents increased \$2.2 million, or 21%, to \$12.6 million, due primarily to an increase in quarterly amortization expense related to patent portfolios acquired since September 30, 2012, totaling \$4.4 million. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in accelerated patent amortization related to patent portfolio dispositions totaling \$2.6 million.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased \$6.3 million, or 53%, to \$18.2 million, due primarily to nonrecurring costs and noncash stock compensation charges associated with the board approved retirement package for our former CEO (retired effective 7/31/2013), a net increase in licensing, business development, and engineering personnel since the end of the prior year quarter, an increase in non-recurring personnel severance costs, and a net increase in corporate legal, facilities and general and administrative costs.

Operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 also included a one-time, non-recurring charge related to the resolution of a dispute concerning legal fees associated with a prior matter totaling \$3.5 million.

Effective tax rates were 56% and 23% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The effective rate for the third quarter of 2013 reflects the impact of certain non-deductible permanent items. Discrete items impacting the effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2012 were primarily comprised of \$10.2 million of tax benefits recognized resulting from the release of valuation allowance on the majority of our net deferred tax assets in the first quarter of 2012.

Overview - Nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012

Revenues decreased \$69.0 million, or 37%, to \$115.5 million, as compared to \$184.5 million in the comparable prior year period.

Cost of Revenues and Other Operating Expenses:

Inventor royalties and contingent legal fees, on a combined basis, increased \$6.7 million, or 16%, as compared to the 37% decrease in related revenues for the same periods, due primarily to a higher percentage of revenues generated during the nine months ended September 30, 2012, having no inventor royalty obligations (i.e., patent portfolio owned outright without back-end royalty obligation) or contingent legal fee arrangement obligations (i.e., revenues generated without litigation), as compared to the revenues generated during the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Litigation and licensing expenses-patents increased \$15.8 million, or 108%, to \$30.4 million, due primarily to an increase in international enforcement and strategic patent portfolio prosecution costs, associated with ongoing and new licensing and enforcement programs commenced since the end of the comparable prior year period. We expect patent-related legal expenses to continue to fluctuate period to period in connection with our current and future patent acquisition, development, licensing and enforcement activities.

Amortization of patents increased \$16.0 million, or 76%, to \$36.9 million, due primarily to amortization expense related to new patent portfolios acquired since September 30, 2012, totaling \$12.3 million and an increase in scheduled patent amortization for patent portfolios acquired during the prior year period totaling \$5.8 million. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in accelerated patent amortization related to patent portfolio dispositions totaling \$2.0 million.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased \$7.7 million, or 21%, to \$45.3 million, due primarily to nonrecurring costs and noncash stock compensation charges associated with the board approved retirement package for our former CEO (retired effective 7/31/2013), a net increase in licensing, business development, and engineering personnel since the end of the prior year quarter, an increase in non-recurring personnel severance costs, and a net increase in corporate legal, facilities and general and administrative costs.

Our effective tax rate was approximately 52% and 25% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Discrete items impacting the effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 were primarily comprised of \$10.2 million of tax benefits recognized resulting from the release of valuation allowance on the majority of our net deferred tax assets in the first quarter of 2012.

Acquisition of ADAPTIX, Inc.

On January 12, 2012, a wholly-owned operating subsidiary of ours completed its acquisition of ADAPTIX, which held no material assets other than its portfolio of patents and \$10 million in cash, through a merger with and into ADAPTIX, with ADAPTIX as the surviving corporation. Upon completion of the merger, ADAPTIX became a wholly-owned subsidiary of our operating subsidiary. The total consideration paid in connection with the merger was approximately \$160 million, paid in cash.

ADAPTIX, a pioneer in the development of 4G technologies for wireless systems, is an award-winning technology company long recognized in the industry as one of the first developers of cutting edge 4G wireless systems. With patents filed as early as 2000, ADAPTIX's research and development efforts have resulted in one of the world's most

significant intellectual property portfolios focused on 4G technologies. With its rapidly growing portfolio of 230 issued and pending patents in 13 countries, ADAPTIX's innovations extend across a broad range of 4G technologies including OFDMA and MIMO.

Investments in Patent Portfolios

We also measure and assess the performance and growth of the patent licensing and enforcement businesses conducted by our operating subsidiaries based on the number of patent portfolio partnering opportunities closed by our operating subsidiaries on a consolidated basis during the applicable reporting periods. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, certain of our operating subsidiaries continued to execute their business strategy in the area of patent portfolio partnering transactions, partnering with patent owners on 22 patent portfolios, covering a variety of applications, including the following:

In January 2013, obtained a patent relating to core fiber optic network architectures.

In January 2013, obtained rights to a patent portfolio relating to oil and gas production and will share licensing revenue with the patent owner. The portfolio is comprised of 4 U.S. and 27 foreign patents that relate to polymer-based drilling fluids which are widely used in the drilling of oil and gas wells.

In January 2013, acquired patents relating to vascular device technology.

In January 2013, acquired patents relating to oil and gas production. The patents relate to solids separation technology which addresses removal of solids from drilling fluids used in oil and gas wells.

In February 2013, obtained rights to a portfolio of patent assets covering display technologies. The set of patents involved in this transaction relate to certain display technologies used in smartphones, tablets, computers, HDTVs and other devices.

In April 2013, acquired over 40 issued patents relating to microprocessor and memory technology and will share licensing revenue with the patent owner.

In April 2013, acquired the rights to an automotive illumination patent portfolio from Rambus Inc. (Nasdaq: RMBS), the innovative technology solutions company. The portfolio relates to automotive and vehicular illumination applications including headlights, taillights, and internal and external lighting. As part of this transaction, Rambus received an initial upfront payment and is expected to receive subsequent payments.

In June 2013, acquired patents for high speed circuit interconnect and display control technology used in consumer electronics, PCs and mobile devices such as smartphones, tablets, and laptops from a major semiconductor technology company.

In June 2013, acquired patents for content security used in consumer electronics and mobile devices such as smartphones, tablets, and laptops from a major semiconductor technology company.

In June 2013, acquired the rights to a patent portfolio covering ink jet printer and ink jet printing technologies.

In June 2013, acquired the rights to a patent portfolio covering printer and printing technologies.

In June 2013, obtained U.S. and Canadian patents relating to energy efficiency in commercial and residential building markets. The portfolio broadly covers reflective and radiant barrier insulation technology which dramatically improves heating and cooling efficiency.

In August 2013, acquired a patent portfolio relating to semiconductor testing technology.

In August 2013, acquired 13 US and foreign patents and applications on fluorescence microscopy.

In September 2013, acquired a patent portfolio of over 20 U.S. patents and applications relating to post market sales data, multiple coordinated viewing devices and progressive deletion.

In September 2013, obtained a patent portfolio relating to power managed security system technology.

In September 2013, acquired a patent portfolio relating to professional and social media networking technology.

Refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below for information regarding the impact on the consolidated financial statements of upfront advances in connection with patent partnering arrangements entered into during the periods presented.

As of September 30, 2013, certain of our operating subsidiaries had several patent partnering option agreements with third-party patent portfolio owners regarding potential additional patent portfolio partnering opportunities. Future patent portfolio partnering arrangements will continue to expand and diversify our future revenue generating opportunities.

Enforcement Considerations

The pursuit of enforcement actions in connection with our licensing and enforcement programs can involve certain risks and uncertainties, including the following:

Increases in patent-related legal expenses, including, but not limited to, increased costs related to international enforcement and strategic patent portfolio prosecution, increases in costs billed by outside legal counsel for discovery, depositions, economic analyses, damages assessments, expert witnesses and other consultants, case-related audio/video presentations and other litigation support and administrative costs, could increase our operating costs and decrease our net revenue generating opportunities;

Our patented technologies and enforcement actions are complex, and, as a result, we may be required to appeal adverse decisions by trial courts in order to successfully enforce our patents;

New legislation, regulations or rules related to enforcement actions could significantly increase our operating costs and decrease our revenue generating opportunities; and

Courts may rule that our subsidiaries have violated certain statutory, regulatory, federal, local or governing rules or standards by pursuing such enforcement actions, which may expose us and our operating subsidiaries to material liabilities, which could harm our operating results and our financial position.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Preparation of these consolidated statements requires management to make judgments and estimates. Some accounting policies have a significant impact on amounts reported in these consolidated financial statements. A summary of significant accounting policies and a description of accounting policies that are considered critical may be found in the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. Refer to Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements included in this report.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Comparison of the Results of Operations for the Three and