PITNEY BOWES INC /DE/ Form 10-O August 05, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

b QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010

 Ω R

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to ___

Commission file number: 1-3579

PITNEY BOWES INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

06-0495050 **Delaware** (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1 Elmcroft Road, Stamford, Connecticut (Address of principal executive offices)

06926-0700

(Zip Code)

(203) 356-5000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

> No o Yes b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

0

No þ

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock as of July 30, 2010.

Class Outstanding

Common Stock, \$1 par value per share 206,693,115 shares

PITNEY BOWES INC. INDEX

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1: Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

		s Ended June 0,	Six Months E	nded June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Revenue:					
Equipment sales	\$ 230,235	\$ 257,196	\$ 470,171	\$ 489,021	
Supplies	77,054	81,973	162,331	170,002	
Software	86,151	87,380	169,280	167,106	
Rentals	150,141	156,151	305,578	324,281	
Financing	156,604	174,508	319,379	357,306	
Support services	175,298	179,246	355,332	353,593	
Business services	421,754	442,008	863,399	896,737	
Total revenue	1,297,237	1,378,462	2,645,470	2,758,046	
Costs and expenses:	102 007	120.754	200 200	224.010	
Cost of equipment sales Cost of supplies	102,997 24,173	120,754 21,369	209,399	224,818 44,710	
Cost of software	19,282	21,570	49,538 39,873	44,710	
Cost of software	34,310	38,013	71,381	73,864	
Financing interest expense	21,821	25,438	43,759	49,890	
Cost of support services	111,695	120,239	226,301	237,586	
Cost of support services Cost of business services	337,652	345,483	668,124	698,527	
Selling, general and administrative	426,352	431,088	869,649	881,479	
Research and development	38,168	46,622	79,033	93,571	
Restructuring charges and asset impairments	48,512	-	69,234	-	
Other interest expense	29,204	29,553	56,862	57,304	
Interest income	(696)	(933)	(1,458)	(2,485)	
	(0,0)	(520)	(1,123)	(2, 100)	
Total costs and expenses	1,193,470	1,199,196	2,381,695	2,400,331	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	103,767	179,266	263,775	357,715	
Provision for income taxes	35,177	62,535	108,422	134,684	
Income from continuing operations	68,590	116,731	155,353	223,031	
(Loss) gain from discontinued operations, net of income tax	(2,666)	5,102	(5,796)	7,725	
Net income before attribution of noncontrolling interests	65,924	121,833	149,557	230,756	
Less: Preferred stock dividends of subsidiaries attributable to	0097 2 4	121,033	17,001	230,730	
noncontrolling interests	4,543	4,571	9,137	9,092	
Pitney Bowes Inc. net income	\$ 61,381	\$ 117,262	\$ 140,420	\$ 221,664	

Amounts attributable to Pitney Bowes Inc. common stockholders:								
Income from continuing operations	\$	64,047	\$	112,160	\$	146,216	\$	213,939
(Loss) gain from discontinued operations		(2,666)		5,102		(5,796)		7,725
Pitney Bowes Inc. net income	\$	61,381	\$	117,262	\$	140,420	\$	221,664
·		,		,		,		,
Basic earnings per share of common stock attributable to Pitney Bowes								
Inc. common stockholders (1):								
Continuing operations	\$	0.31	\$	0.54	\$	0.70	\$	1.04
Discontinued operations		(0.01)		0.02		(0.03)		0.04
Net income	\$	0.30	\$	0.57	\$	0.68	\$	1.07
	·		·		·			
Diluted earnings per share of common stock attributable to Pitney								
Bowes Inc. common stockholders (1):								
Continuing operations	\$	0.31	\$	0.54	\$	0.70	\$	1.03
Discontinued operations		(0.01)		0.02		(0.03)		0.04
Net income	\$	0.30	\$	0.57	\$	0.68	\$	1.07
			·		·			
Dividends declared per share of common stock	\$	0.365	\$	0.36	\$	0.73	\$	0.72
F	-		-		7		7	-

⁽¹⁾ The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals above due to rounding.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Jui	ne 30, 2010	Dece	mber 31, 2009
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	459,451	\$	412,737
Short-term investments		21,839		14,682
Accounts receivables, gross		744,584		859,633
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivables		(34,565)		(42,781)
Accounts receivables, net		710,019		816,852
Finance receivables		1,375,195		1,417,708
Allowance for credit losses		(46,195)		(46,790)
Finance receivables, net		1,329,000		1,370,918
Inventories		182,974		156,502
Current income taxes		146,859		101,248
Other current assets and prepayments		99,856		98,297
Total current assets		2,949,998		2,971,236
Property, plant and equipment, net		463,993		514,904
Rental property and equipment, net		322,110		360,207
Finance receivables		1,249,327		1,380,810
Allowance for credit losses		(22,921)		(25,368)
Finance receivables, net		1,226,406		1,355,442
Investment in leveraged leases		232,820		233,359
Goodwill		2,211,544		2,286,904
Intangible assets, net		280,829		316,417
Non-current income taxes		107,963		108,260
Other assets		481,404		387,182
Total assets	\$	8,277,067	\$	8,533,911
LIABILITIES, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIT Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,661,401	\$	1,748,254
Current income taxes	·	139,593		144,385
Notes payable and current portion of long-term obligations		149,082		226,022
Advance billings		465,972		447,786
Total current liabilities		2,416,048		2,566,447
Deferred taxes on income		320,100		310,274
Tax uncertainties and other income tax liabilities		541,332		525,253
Long-term debt		4,233,469		4,213,640
Other non-current liabilities		590,429		625,079
Total liabilities		8,101,378		8,240,693

Noncontrolling interests (Preferred stockholders equity in subsidiaries)		296,370		296,370
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 17)				
Stockholders deficit:				
Cumulative preferred stock, \$50 par value, 4% convertible		4		4
Cumulative preference stock, no par value, \$2.12 convertible		824		868
Common stock, \$1 par value (480,000,000 shares authorized; 323,337,912 shares issued)		323,338		323,338
Additional paid-in capital		244,662		256,133
Retained earnings		4,280,409		4,291,393
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(583,181)		(459,792)
Treasury stock, at cost (115,394,201 and 116,140,084 shares, respectively)		(4,386,737)		(4,415,096)
Total Pitney Bowes Inc. stockholders deficit		(120,681)		(3,152)
Toma Timey Bones me, stockholders dener		(120,001)		(5,152)
Total lightilities, noncontrolling interests and stockholders, deficit	\$	8,277,067	\$	8.533.911
Total liabilities, noncontrolling interests and stockholders deficit	Þ	0,4//,00/	Ф	0,333,911

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited; in thousands)

Six Months Ended June 30,

	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income before attribution of noncontrolling interests	\$ 149,557	\$ 230,756
Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net of tax	45,397	_
Restructuring payments	(66,755)	(49,110)
Payments for settlement of derivative instruments	` <i>_</i>	(20,281)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		, , ,
Depreciation and amortization	156,831	175,240
Stock-based compensation	10,785	11,632
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, excluding effects of acquisitions:	ŕ	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables	95,043	99,037
(Increase) decrease in finance receivables	125,642	165,142
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(31,848)	(4,738)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid, deferred expense and other assets	(4,638)	(20,652)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(64,096)	(167,582)
Increase (decrease) in current and non-current income taxes	(6,448)	16,449
Increase (decrease) in advance billings	10,912	42,891
Increase (decrease) in other operating capital, net	3,420	4,603
Net cash provided by operating activities	423,802	483,387
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Short-term and other investments	(83,904)	(506)
Capital expenditures	(58,639)	(90,190)
Net investment in external financing	(2,641)	(356)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(10,350)	-
Reserve account deposits	19,467	1,532
Net cash used in investing activities	(136,067)	(89,520)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Decrease in notes payable, net	(77,335)	(476,085)
Proceeds from long-term obligations	-	297,513
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	5,455	5,100
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(151,406)	(148,623)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	(9,137)	(9,092)
Net cash used in financing activities	(232,423)	(331,187)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(8,598)	5,911
Effect of exchange rate changes on easil and easil equivalents	(0,570)	5,911
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	46,714	68,591
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	412,737	376,671
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 459,451	\$ 445,262

Cash interest paid	\$	94,868	\$ 99,103
Cash income taxes paid, net	\$	138,226	\$ 119,132
	See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements		

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

1. Basis of Presentation

The terms we, us, and our are used in this report to refer collectively to Pitney Bowes Inc. and its subsidiaries.

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Pitney Bowes Inc. have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In addition, the December 31, 2009 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary to present fairly our financial position at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 and our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or the year ending December 31, 2010.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2009 Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-K.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

2. Nature of Operations

We are the largest provider of mail processing equipment and integrated mail solutions in the world. We offer a full suite of equipment, supplies, software and services for end-to-end mailstream solutions which enable our customers to optimize the flow of physical and electronic mail, documents and packages across their operations. We conduct our business activities in seven reporting segments within two business groups: Small & Medium Business Solutions and Enterprise Business Solutions. See Note 6 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for details of our reporting segments and a description of their activities.

3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Revenue Recognition

In September 2009, new guidance was introduced addressing the accounting for revenue arrangements with multiple elements and certain revenue arrangements that include software. This will allow companies to allocate consideration in a multiple element arrangement in a way that better reflects the economics of the transaction and will result in the elimination of the residual method. In addition, tangible products that have software components that are essential to the functionality of the tangible product will be scoped out of the software revenue guidance. The new guidance may also result in more expansive disclosures. The new guidance will be effective on January 1, 2011. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

4. Discontinued Operations

The following table shows selected financial information included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively:

	Tì	nree Months I	Ended J	une 30,	Si	x Months E	nded Ju	ine 30,
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Pre-tax income Tax provision	\$	754 (3,420)	\$	10,851 (5,749)	\$	754 (6,550)	\$	20,624 (12,899)
(Loss) gain from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$	(2,666)	\$	5,102	\$	(5,796)	\$	7,725

The net loss for the three and six months months ended June 30, 2010 primarily relates to the accrual of interest on uncertain tax positions. The net gain for the three months ended June 30, 2009 relates to \$10.9 million of pre-tax income (\$6.7 million net of tax) representing the release of reserves related to the expiration of an indemnity agreement associated with our former Capital Services business.

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

The net gain for the six months ended June 30, 2009 includes the indemnity settlement as discussed and \$9.8 million pre-tax income (\$6.0 million net of tax) for a bankruptcy settlement, which was partially offset by the accrual of interest on uncertain tax positions. We received a bankruptcy settlement for unsecured claims pertaining to the leasing of certain aircraft. These leasing transactions were originally executed by our former Capital Services business. At the time of the Capital Services sale, we retained the rights to the bankruptcy claims. Since these claims were attributable to our former Capital Services business, we recorded the gain on this settlement in discontinued operations.

5. Earnings per Share

A reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

		2010				2009		
	Income	Weighted Average Shares		Per Share	Income	Weighted Average Shares		Per nare
Pitney Bowes Inc. net income	\$ 61,381				\$ 117,262			
Less:								
Preferred stock dividends	- (1.0)				- (10)			
Preference stock dividends	(16)				(19)			
Basic earnings per share	\$ 61,365	207,517	\$	0.30	\$ 117,243	206,539	\$	0.57
	·							
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Data for basic earnings per share	\$ 61,365	207,517			\$ 117,243	206,539		
Preferred stock	·	2			-	3		
Preference stock	16	509			19	594		
Stock options and stock purchase plans	-	28			-	-		
Other stock plans	-	3			-	2		
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 61,381	208,059	\$	0.30	\$ 117,262	207,138	\$	0.57
Basic earnings per share of common stock a	ttributable to			Per			F	Per
Pitney Bowes Inc. common stockholders:				hare				nare
,								
Continuing operations			\$	0.31			\$	0.54
Discontinued operations			Ψ	(0.01)			Ψ	0.02
				(***-)				
Net income			\$	0.30			\$	0.57
Diluted earnings per share of common stock	attributable to			Per			F	Per
Pitney Bowes Inc. common stockholders:				hare				nare
j = 5es me. common secondoles.							51	
Continuing operations			\$	0.31			\$	0.54
Discontinued operations			φ	(0.01)			φ	0.02
Discontinued operations				(0.01)				0.02
Net income			\$	0.30			\$	0.57

Note: The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals above due to rounding.

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

A reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

		2010				2009		
	Income	Weighted Average Shares		Per hare	Income	Weighted Average Shares		er are
Pitney Bowes Inc. net income	\$ 140,420				\$ 221,664			
Less:								
Preferred stock dividends	-				-			
Preference stock dividends	(33)				(38)			
Basic earnings per share	\$ 140,387	207,412	\$	0.68	\$ 221,626	206,400	\$	1.07
Effect of dilutive securities: Data for basic earnings per share	\$ 140,387	207,412			\$ 221,626	206,400		
Preferred stock	-	2			-	3		
Preference stock	33	518			38	595		
Stock options and stock purchase plans	-	25			-	-		
Other stock plans	-	14			-	4		
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 140,420	207,971	\$	0.68	\$ 221,664	207,002	\$	1.07
Basic earnings per share of common stock a	attributable to			Per			P	er
Pitney Bowes Inc. common stockholders:				hare				are
•								
Continuing operations			\$	0.70			\$	1.04
Discontinued operations				(0.03)				0.04
•								
Net income			\$	0.68			\$	1.07
Diluted earnings per share of common stock	attributable to			Per			P	er
Pitney Bowes Inc. common stockholders:	t and found to			hare				are
z mas zowes me. common stockholders.			J				51.	
Continuing operations			\$	0.70			\$	1.03
Discontinued operations			Ψ	(0.03)			Ψ	0.04
				(0.00)				0.01
Net income			\$	0.68			\$	1.07

Note: The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals above due to rounding.

The computation of diluted earnings per share as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 did not include the effects of 15.3 million and 18.2 million stock options, respectively, because their exercise prices were greater than the corresponding market value per share of our common stock.

On February 8, 2010, we made our annual stock compensation grant which consisted of approximately 1.7 million stock options and 0.8 million restricted stock units.

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

6. Segment Information

We conduct our business activities in seven reporting segments within two business groups, Small & Medium Business Solutions and Enterprise Business Solutions, based on the customers they primarily serve. The principal products and services of each of our reporting segments are as follows:

Small & Medium Business Solutions:

<u>U.S. Mailing</u>: Includes the U.S. revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation, shipping equipment and software; supplies; support and other professional services; and payment solutions.

<u>International Mailing</u>: Includes the non-U.S. revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation, shipping equipment and software; supplies; support and other professional services; and payment solutions.

Enterprise Business Solutions:

<u>Production Mail</u>: Includes the worldwide revenue and related expenses from the sale, financing, support and other professional services of our high-speed, production mail systems and sorting equipment.

<u>Software</u>: Includes the worldwide revenue and related expenses from the sale and support services of non-equipment-based mailing, customer communication and location intelligence software.

<u>Management Services</u>: Includes worldwide facilities management services; secure mail services; reprographic, document management services; secure document destruction; and litigation support and eDiscovery services.

Mail Services: Includes presort mail services and cross-border mail services.

Marketing Services: Includes direct marketing services for targeted customers.

Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT), a non-GAAP measure, is useful to management in demonstrating the operational profitability of the segments by excluding interest and taxes, which are generally managed across the entire company on a consolidated basis. EBIT is determined by deducting from revenue the related costs and expenses attributable to the segment. Segment EBIT also excludes general corporate expenses, restructuring charges and asset impairments.

As a result of certain organizational changes made during the third quarter of 2009, we have reclassified certain 2009 amounts to conform to the revised presentation. The amounts reclassified did not have a material impact on our segment disclosures.

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Revenue and EBIT by business segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months E	nded June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Revenue:					
U.S. Mailing	\$ 467,636	\$ 510,324	\$ 944,677	\$ 1,026,341	
International Mailing	215,814	217,900	451,117	455,212	
Small & Medium Business Solutions	683,450	728,224	1,395,794	1,481,553	
Production Mail	120,395	130,137	245,171	239,566	
Software	80,960	82,823	160,333	158,198	
Management Services	248,809	263,763	503,425	530,265	
Mail Services (3)	126,155	138,598	271,257	279,849	
Marketing Services	37,468	34,917	69,490	68,615	
Enterprise Business Solutions	613,787	650,238	1,249,676	1,276,493	
Total revenue	\$ 1,297,237	\$ 1,378,462	\$ 2,645,470	\$ 2,758,046	
	Three Months I	Ended June 30,	Six Months E	nded June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
EBIT: (1)	2010	2009	2010	2009	
EBIT: (1) U.S. Mailing	2010 \$ 166,913	2009 \$ 192,538	2010 \$ 338,050	2009	
U.S. Mailing	\$ 166,913	\$ 192,538	\$ 338,050	\$ 383,166	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software Management Services	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808 22,181	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219 16,140	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140 42,273	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823 29,777	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software Management Services Mail Services (3)	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808 22,181 5,354	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219 16,140 21,723	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140 42,273 29,674	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823 29,777 40,298	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software Management Services Mail Services (3) Marketing Services Enterprise Business Solutions Total EBIT	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808 22,181 5,354 7,337	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219 16,140 21,723 5,653	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140 42,273 29,674 11,859	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823 29,777 40,298 9,875	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software Management Services Mail Services (3) Marketing Services Enterprise Business Solutions Total EBIT Unallocated amounts:	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808 22,181 5,354 7,337 49,634	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219 16,140 21,723 5,653 59,148	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140 42,273 29,674 11,859 113,814 518,402	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823 29,777 40,298 9,875 103,253	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software Management Services Mail Services (3) Marketing Services Enterprise Business Solutions Total EBIT Unallocated amounts: Interest, net (2)	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808 22,181 5,354 7,337 49,634 246,104 (50,329)	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219 16,140 21,723 5,653 59,148 278,755 (54,058)	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140 42,273 29,674 11,859 113,814 518,402 (99,163)	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823 29,777 40,298 9,875 103,253 544,427 (104,709)	
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Small & Medium Business Solutions Production Mail Software Management Services Mail Services (3) Marketing Services Enterprise Business Solutions Total EBIT Unallocated amounts:	\$ 166,913 29,557 196,470 8,954 5,808 22,181 5,354 7,337 49,634	\$ 192,538 27,069 219,607 10,413 5,219 16,140 21,723 5,653 59,148	\$ 338,050 66,538 404,588 19,868 10,140 42,273 29,674 11,859 113,814 518,402	\$ 383,166 58,008 441,174 15,480 7,823 29,777 40,298 9,875 103,253	

Income from continuing operations before income taxes

\$ 103,767

\$ 179,266

\$ 263,775

\$ 357,715

- (1) Earnings before interest and taxes excludes general corporate expenses, restructuring charges and asset impairments.
- (2) Interest, net includes financing interest expense, other interest expense and interest income.
- (3) The Mail Services segment includes a one-time out of period adjustment primarily to correct rates used previously to estimate earned but unbilled revenue for the periods 2007 through first quarter 2010. The aggregate adjustment for this period reduced second quarter revenue and EBIT by approximately \$21 million and \$16 million respectively, but the impact of this adjustment was not material on any individual quarter or year during these periods and is not material to anticipated 2010 results.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

7. Inventories

Inventories are composed of the following:

	J	une 30, 2010	Dec	2009
Raw materials and work in process	\$	47,046	\$	36,331
Supplies and service parts		70,372		69,506
Finished products		65,556		50,665
Total	\$	182,974	\$	156,502
8. Fixed Assets				
	J	une 30, 2010	Dec	cember 31, 2009
Property, plant and equipment				,
Property, plant and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	2010	\$	2009
	\$	2010 1,792,683	\$	2009 1,820,797
Accumulated depreciation	\$ (2010 1,792,683 1,328,690)	\$	2009 1,820,797 1,305,893)
Accumulated depreciation	\$ (2010 1,792,683 1,328,690)	\$	2009 1,820,797 1,305,893)
Accumulated depreciation Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ (2010 1,792,683 1,328,690) 463,993	\$ (\$	2009 1,820,797 1,305,893) 514,904

Depreciation expense was \$61.1 million and \$69.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Depreciation expense was \$124.4 million and \$139.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. A pre-tax restructuring charge of \$1.4 million for asset impairments was recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2010 in the restructuring charges and asset impairments line of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

322,110

360,207

9. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Rental property and equipment, net

Intangible assets are composed of the following:

		June 30, 2010	30, 2010 December 31, 2009				
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	
Customer relationships	\$ 412,470	\$ (205,627)	\$ 206,843	\$ 428,888	\$ (197,497)	\$ 231,391	
Supplier relationships	29,000	(14,742)	14,258	29,000	(13,292)	15,708	
Software & technology	157,184	(106,613)	50,571	164,211	(103,388)	60,823	
Trademarks & trade names	34,049	(27,777)	6,272	35,855	(27,898)	7,957	

Non-compete agreements	10,788	(7,903)	2,885	7,753	(7,215)	538
Total intangible assets	\$ 643,491	\$ (362,662)	\$ 280,829	\$ 665,707	\$ (349,290)	\$ 316,417

Amortization expense for intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$16.0 million and \$18.2 million. Amortization expense for intangible assets for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$32.4 million and \$35.6 million, respectively. In 2010, we recorded impairment charges of \$4.7 million and included these charges in the restructuring charges and asset impairments line of the Consolidated Statements of Income. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

During the second quarter of 2010 we completed a small acquisition with an anticipated total purchase price of \$11.5 million. This included \$10.9 million of identified intangible assets with a weighted average amortization period of 9 years.

In July 2010, we announced our planned acquisition of Portrait Software PLC (Portrait) which we expect to complete in the third quarter. Portrait provides software to enhance existing customer relationship management systems, enabling clients to achieve improved customer retention and profitability.

The estimated future amortization expense related to intangible assets is as follows:

	Amount
Remaining for year ended December 31, 2010	\$ 33,000
Year ended December 31, 2011	58,000
Year ended December 31, 2012	52,000
Year ended December 31, 2013	42,000
Year ended December 31, 2014	34,000
Thereafter	61,829
Total	\$ 280,829

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by business segment for the six months ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Balance at Acquired December 31, during 2009 the period		Other (1)	Balance at June 30, 2010	
U.S. Mailing	\$ 218,567	\$ -	\$ (75)	\$ 218,492	
International Mailing	342,549	-	(44,542)	298,007	
Small & Medium Business Solutions	561,116	=	(44,617)	516,499	
	127.266		(5.7(2)	121 (04	
Production Mail	137,366	-	(5,762)	131,604	
Software	633,938	-	(9,669)	624,269	
Management Services	500,055	-	(14,827)	485,228	
Mail Services	259,632	-	(485)	259,147	
Marketing Services	194,797	-	-	194,797	
Enterprise Business Solutions	1,725,788	-	(30,743)	1,695,045	
Total	\$ 2,286,904	\$ -	\$ (75,360)	\$ 2,211,544	

(1) Other is primarily foreign currency translation adjustments.

10. Long-term Debt

On September 15, 2009, we repaid the 8.55% notes with a \$150 million face value at their maturity. The repayment of these notes was funded through cash generated from operations and issuance of commercial paper.

On June 29, 2009, we entered into an interest rate swap for an aggregate notional amount of \$100 million to effectively convert our interest payments on a portion of the \$400 million, 4.625% fixed rate notes due in 2012, into variable interest rates. The variable rates payable are based on one month LIBOR plus 249 basis points. In July 2009, we entered into three additional interest rate swaps for an aggregate notional amount of \$300 million to effectively convert our interest payments on the remainder of the \$400 million, 4.625% fixed rate notes due in 2012, into variable interest rates. The variable rates payable are based on one month LIBOR plus 248 basis points for \$100 million notional amount and one month LIBOR plus 250 basis points for \$200 million notional amount.

On March 2, 2009, we issued \$300 million of 10-year fixed-rate notes with a coupon rate of 6.25%. The interest is paid semi-annually beginning September 15, 2009. The notes mature on March 15, 2019. We simultaneously unwound four forward starting swap

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PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

agreements (forward swaps) used to hedge the interest rate risk associated with the forecasted issuance of the fixed-rate debt. The unwind of the derivatives resulted in a loss (and cash payment) of \$20.3 million which was recorded to other comprehensive income, net of tax, and will be amortized to net interest expense over the 10-year term of the notes. The proceeds from these notes were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of commercial paper.

11. Noncontrolling Interests (Preferred Stockholders Equity in Subsidiaries)

At January 1, 2009, Pitney Bowes International Holdings, Inc. (PBIH), a subsidiary of the Company, had 3,750,000 shares outstanding or \$375 million of variable term voting preferred stock owned by certain outside institutional investors. These preferred shares were entitled as a group to 25% of the combined voting power of all classes of capital stock of PBIH. All outstanding common stock of PBIH, representing the remaining 75% of the combined voting power of all classes of capital stock, was owned directly or indirectly by Pitney Bowes Inc. The preferred stock, \$.01 par value, was entitled to cumulative dividends at rates set at auction. The weighted average dividend rate was 4.8% for the variable term voting preferred stock for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

During 2009, PBIH issued 300,000 shares, or \$300 million, of perpetual voting preferred stock to certain outside institutional investors. These preferred shares are entitled as a group to 25% of the combined voting power of all classes of capital stock of PBIH. All outstanding common stock of PBIH, representing the remaining 75% of the combined voting power of all classes of capital stock, is owned directly or indirectly by Pitney Bowes Inc. The preferred stock is entitled to cumulative dividends at a rate of 6.125% for a period of 7 years after which it becomes callable and, if it remains outstanding, will yield a dividend that increases by 150% every six months thereafter.

During 2009, PBIH redeemed \$375 million of its existing variable term voting preferred stock. The redemption was funded by a combination of the issuance of the \$300 million perpetual voting preferred stock, cash flows from operations and the issuance of commercial paper.

Preferred dividends are reported in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income as Preferred stock dividends of subsidiaries attributable to noncontrolling interests. Preferred dividends totaled \$4.5 million and \$4.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Preferred dividends totaled \$9.1 million for both six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. No dividends were in arrears at June 30, 2010 or December 31, 2009.

A rollforward of noncontrolling interests is as follows:

Beginning balance at January 1, 2009		\$ 374,165
Movements:		
Share issuances (1)		296,370
Share redemptions		(374,165)
•		
Ending balance at December 31, 2009 and June 30, 2010		\$ 296,370
(1) Net of issuance costs of \$3.6 million.		
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PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

12. Comprehensive (Loss) / Income

Comprehensive (loss) / income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Three Months 30,	-	Six Months Ended June 30			
	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Pitney Bowes Inc. net income Other comprehensive income, net of tax:	\$ 61,381	\$ 117,262	\$ 140,420	\$ 221,664		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(110,043)	107,164	(143,385)	47,734		
Net unrealized gain on derivatives	1,181	164	1,501	6,514		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investment securities	1,938	(151)	2,082	(230)		
Amortization of pension and postretirement costs	6,975	4,157	14,000	8,752		
Comprehensive (loss) / income	\$ (38,568)	\$ 228,596	\$ 14,618	\$ 284,434		

13. Restructuring Charges and Asset Impairments

We recorded pre-tax restructuring charges and asset impairments of \$69.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

2009 Program

In 2009, we announced that we were undertaking a series of initiatives that are designed to transform and enhance the way we operate as a global company. In order to enhance our responsiveness to changing market conditions, we are executing a strategic transformation program designed to create improved processes and systems to further enable us to invest in future growth in areas such as our global customer interactions and product development processes. This program is expected to continue into 2012 and will result in the reduction of up to 10 percent of the positions in the company. We expect the total pre-tax cost of this program will be in the range of \$250 million to \$350 million primarily related to severance and benefit costs incurred in connection with such workforce reductions. Most of the total pre-tax costs will be cash-related charges. Currently, we are targeting annualized benefits by 2012, net of system and related investments, in the range of at least \$150 million to \$200 million on a pre-tax basis. These costs and the related benefits will be recognized as different actions are approved and implemented.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$69.2 million, of which \$38.6 million related to severance and benefit costs, \$24.6 million related to other exit costs and \$1.4 million related to asset impairments associated with this program. The cumulative charges for this program from inception to June 30, 2010 were \$136.5 million. As of June 30, 2010, approximately 1,300 employee terminations have occurred under this program. The majority of the liability at June 30, 2010 is expected to be paid during the next twelve months from cash generated from operations.

Additional asset impairments, unrelated to restructuring, were also recorded in 2010 and relate to intangible assets of \$4.7 million.

Pre-tax restructuring reserves at June 30, 2010 for the restructuring actions taken in connection with the 2009 program are composed of the following:

	Balance at December 31, 2009	Expenses	Cash payments	Non-cash charges	Balance at June 30, 2010
Severance and benefit costs	\$ 45,895	\$ 38,568	\$ (30,990)	\$ -	\$ 53,473

Other exit costs Asset impairments	6,807	24,598 6,068	(22,616)	(6,068)	8,789 -
Total	\$ 52,702	\$ 69,234	\$ (53,606)	\$ (6,068)	\$ 62,262
	14				

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

2007 Program

We announced a program in November 2007 to lower our cost structure, accelerate efforts to improve operational efficiencies, and transition our product line. The program included charges primarily associated with older equipment that we had stopped selling upon transition to the new generation of fully digital, networked, and remotely-downloadable equipment.

The cumulative charges for this program from inception to June 30, 2010 were \$445.7 million. As of June 30, 2010, approximately 3,000 employee terminations have occurred under this program. The majority of the liability at June 30, 2010 is expected to be paid during the next six months from cash generated from operations.

Pre-tax restructuring reserves at June 30, 2010 for the restructuring program announced in November 2007 are composed of the following:

	Balance at December 31, 2009	Expei	nses	Cash payments	Non- chai		Balance at June 30, 2010
Severance and benefit costs	\$ 27,897	\$	-	\$ (11,276)	\$	-	\$ 16,621
Other exit costs	8,027		-	(1,873)		-	6,154
Total	\$ 35,924	\$	-	\$ (13,149)	\$	-	\$ 22,775

14. Pensions and Other Benefit Programs

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	United States					Foreign				
	Th	ree Months l	Ended	June 30,	Three Months Ended June 30					
		2010		2009		2010		2009		
Service cost	\$	5,825	\$	4,916	\$	1,719	\$	2,887		
Interest cost		22,253		23,262		6,699		7,748		
Expected return on plan assets		(30,513)		(29,861)		(7,032)		(9,748)		
Amortization of transition credit		-		-		(2)		32		
Amortization of prior service (credit) cost		(657)		(678)		70		170		
Amortization of net loss		8,046		6,159		2,458		1,055		
Settlement		559		-		-		-		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	5,513	\$	3,798	\$	3,912	\$	2,144		
	15									

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

The components of net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

		United	s	Foreign				
	Si	x Months E	nded ,	June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2010 2009		2010		2009		
Service cost	\$	11,542	\$	12,256	\$	3,494	\$	5,578
Interest cost		45,049		47,486		13,628		15,479
Expected return on plan assets		(61,548)		(60,012)		(14,270)		(19,502)
Amortization of transition (credit) cost		-		-		(4)		64
Amortization of prior service (credit) cost		(1,289)		(1,274)		139		340
Amortization of net loss		16,118		13,186		5,001		2,114
Settlement/curtailment		3,440		_		-		-
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	13,312	\$	11,642	\$	7,988	\$	4,073

As we previously disclosed in our Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2009, we expect to contribute up to \$20 million to each of our U.S. and foreign pension plans during 2010. We will reassess our funding alternatives as the year progresses. At June 30, 2010, \$15.7 million and \$5.1 million of contributions have been made to the U.S. and foreign pension plans, respectively.

Nonpension Postretirement Benefit Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for nonpension postretirement benefit plans for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June			
	2010		2009		2010		2009		
Service cost	\$	932	\$	1,010	\$	1,862	\$	1,812	
Interest cost		3,514		3,728		6,912		7,290	
Amortization of prior service credit		(627)		(620)		(1,255)		(1,240)	
Amortization of net loss		1,734		1,122		3,397		2,068	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	5,553	\$	5,240	\$	10,916	\$	9,930	

For the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, we made \$5.8 million and \$5.5 million of contributions representing benefit payments, respectively. Contributions for benefit payments were \$13.2 million and \$13.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

15. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was 33.9% and 34.9%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was 41.1% and 37.7%, respectively. The year-to-date 2010 rate was increased by \$9.1 million of tax charges related to the write-off of deferred tax assets as a result of the recent health care reform legislation in the U.S. This legislation, signed in March 2010, includes a provision eliminating the tax deduction for retiree health care costs to the extent of federal subsidies received by companies that provide retiree prescription drug benefits equivalent to Medicare Part D coverage. The tax rates for 2010 and 2009 included \$9.1 million and \$12.0 million, respectively, of tax charges related to the write-off of deferred tax assets associated with the expiration of out-of-the-money vested stock options and the vesting of restricted stock units previously granted to our employees. These write-offs of deferred

tax assets will not require us to pay any taxes. The 2010 rate also includes benefits and charges associated with previously unrecognized deferred taxes on outside basis differences and unremitted earnings.

We regularly assess the likelihood of tax adjustments in each of the tax jurisdictions in which we have operations and account for the related financial statement implications. Tax reserves have been established which we believe to be appropriate given the possibility

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PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

of tax adjustments. Determining the appropriate level of tax reserves requires us to exercise judgment regarding the uncertain application of tax law. The amount of reserves is adjusted when information becomes available or when an event occurs indicating a change in the reserve is appropriate. Future changes in tax reserve requirements could have a material impact on our results of operations.

We are continually under examination by tax authorities in the United States, other countries and local jurisdictions in which we have operations. The years under examination vary by jurisdiction. The current IRS exam of tax years 2001-2004 is estimated to be completed within the next two years and the examination of years 2005-2008 has commenced. In connection with the 2001-2004 exam, we have received notices of proposed adjustments to our filed returns. Tax reserves have been established which we believe to be appropriate given the possibility of tax adjustments. We are also disputing a formal request from the IRS in the form of a civil summons to provide certain Company workpapers. We believe that certain documents being sought should not be produced because they are privileged. A variety of post-1999 tax years remain subject to examination by other tax authorities, including the U.K., Canada, France, Germany and various U.S. states. Tax reserves have been established which we believe to be appropriate given the possibility of tax adjustments. However, the resolution of such matters could have a material impact on our results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

During 2010, an analysis of prior year non-US income tax returns indicated that lease rental income associated with certain leveraged lease transactions was not properly captured. A tax expense of \$3.3 million related to the periods 2007 through 2009 was recorded in the provision for income taxes in the second quarter of 2010. A \$14.4 million adjustment, primarily related to the same issue, was made to opening retained earnings to establish the related tax liabilities for earlier years. The impact of the adjustments was not material to any previously reported period.

16. Fair Value Measurements

The fair value measurement guidance established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Examples of Level 1 assets include money market securities and U.S. Treasury securities.

<u>Level 2</u> Observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that trade infrequently; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Examples of Level 2 assets and liabilities include derivative contracts whose values are determined using a model with inputs that are observable in the market or can be derived from or corroborated by observable market data, such as mortgage-backed securities, asset backed securities, U.S. agency securities, and corporate notes and bonds.

<u>Level 3</u> Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the asset or liability. These inputs may be derived with internally developed methodologies that result in management s best estimate of fair value.

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

The following tables show, by level within the fair value hierarchy, our financial assets and liabilities that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. As required by the fair value measurements guidance, financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2010 by Level

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Assets:								
Investment securities								
Money market funds / commercial paper	\$	201,089	\$	2,723	\$	-	\$	203,812
Equity securities		-		19,233		-		19,233
Debt securities - U.S. and foreign governments, agencies and								
municipalities		90,705		34,600		-		125,305
Debt securities - corporate		-		22,462		-		22,462
Asset-backed securities		-		753		-		753
Mortgage-backed securities		-		55,923		-		55,923
Derivatives								
Interest rate swaps		-		33,992		-		33,992
Foreign exchange contracts		-		3,891		-		3,891
Total assets	\$	291,794	\$	173,577	\$	-	\$	465,371
Liabilities:								
Derivatives								
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	-	\$	1,557	\$	-	\$	1,557
-								
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	1,557	\$	-	\$	1,557

Recurring Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2009 by Level

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Investment securities				
Money market funds / commercial paper	\$ 225,581	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 225,581
Equity securities	-	21,027	-	21,027
Debt securities - U.S. and foreign governments, agencies and				
municipalities	53,173	28,754	-	81,927
Debt securities - corporate	-	13,305	-	13,305
Asset-backed securities	-	296	-	296
Mortgage-backed securities	-	19,708	-	19,708
Derivatives				
Interest rate swaps	-	13,284	-	13,284
Foreign exchange contracts	-	2,390	-	2,390
-				
Total assets	\$ 278,754	\$ 98,764	\$ -	\$ 377,518

Liabilities:					
Derivatives					
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	-	\$ 3,050	\$ -	\$ 3,050
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ 3,050	\$ -	\$ 3,050
	18				

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Investment Securities

For our investments, we use the market approach for recurring fair value measurements and the valuation techniques use inputs that are observable, or can be corroborated by observable data, in an active marketplace.

The following information relates to our classification into the fair value hierarchy:

Money Market Funds / Commercial Paper: Money market funds typically invest in government securities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper of companies and other highly liquid and low-risk securities. Money market funds are principally used for overnight deposits and are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy when unadjusted quoted prices in active markets are available for these securities or in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy when they are not actively traded on an exchange. Direct investments in commercial paper are not listed on an exchange in an active market and are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Equity Securities: Equity securities are comprised of mutual funds investing in U.S. and foreign common stock. These mutual funds are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as they are not separately listed on an exchange. As a result, the funds are valued using quoted prices for similar assets.

Debt Securities U.S. and Foreign Governments, Agencies and Municipalities: Debt securities valued using active, high volume trades for identical securities are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Valuation adjustments are not applied to these securities. Debt securities valued using quoted market prices for similar securities or benchmarking model derived prices to quoted market prices and trade data for identical or comparable securities are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Debt Securities Corporate: Corporate debt securities are valued using recently executed transactions, market price quotations where observable, or bond spreads. The spread data used are for the same maturity as the security. These securities are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Asset-Backed Securities (ABS) and Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS): These securities are valued based on external pricing indices. When external index pricing is not observable, ABS and MBS are valued based on external price/spread data. If neither pricing method is available, we then utilize broker quotes. We verify that the unadjusted indices or broker quotes are reasonable and that the market is active by comparing prices across multiple (three or more) dealers. When inputs are observable and supported by an active market, asset backed securities and mortgage-backed securities are classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Investment securities are largely composed of investments by The Pitney Bowes Bank (PBB). PBB, our wholly-owned subsidiary, is a Utah-chartered Industrial Loan Company (ILC). The bank s investments at June 30, 2010 were \$279.9 million. We reported these investments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as cash and cash equivalents of \$121.2 million, short-term investments of \$18.0 million and long-term investments, which are presented within other assets, of \$140.7 million. The bank s investments at December 31, 2009 were \$222.4 million. We reported these investments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as cash and cash equivalents of \$151.3 million, short-term investments of \$14.2 million and long-term investments, which are presented within other assets, of \$56.9 million.

We have not experienced any write-offs in our investment portfolio. The majority of our mortgage-backed securities are either guaranteed or supported by the U.S. government. Market events have not caused our money market funds to experience declines in their net asset value below \$1.00 dollar per share or to incur imposed limits on redemptions. We have no investments in inactive markets which would warrant a possible change in our pricing methods or classification within the fair value hierarchy. Further, we have no investments in auction rate securities.

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Derivative Instruments

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to the impact of interest rate changes and foreign currency fluctuations. The company limits these risks by following established risk management policies and procedures, including the use of derivatives. We use derivatives to manage the related cost of debt and to limit the effects of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on financial results. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

As required by the fair value measurements guidance, we have incorporated counterparty risk into the fair value of our derivative assets and our credit risk into the value of our derivative liabilities. We derive credit risk from observable data related to credit default swaps. We have not seen a material change in the creditworthiness of those banks acting as derivative counterparties.

The valuation of our interest rate swaps is based on the income approach using a model with inputs that are observable or that can be derived from or corroborated by observable market data. Our foreign exchange derivatives are measured at fair value using observable market inputs, such as forward rates.

The following is a summary of our derivative fair values at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

			Value			
Designation of Derivatives	Balance Sheet Location June 30, 2010			December 3 2009		
Derivatives designated as hedging						
instruments	Other current assets and prepayments:					
	Foreign exchange contracts	\$	1,233	\$	456	
	Other assets:					
	Interest rate swaps		33,992		13,284	
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:					
	Foreign exchange contracts		445		1,114	
Derivatives not designated as hedging						
instruments	Other current assets and prepayments:					
	Foreign exchange contracts		2,658		1,934	
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:					
	Foreign exchange contracts		1,112		1,936	
	Total Derivative Assets	\$	37,883	\$	15,674	
	Total Derivative Liabilities	\$	1,557	\$	3,050	
	Total Net Derivative Assets	\$	36,326	\$	\$ 12,624	

Interest Rate Swaps

Derivatives designated as fair value hedges include interest rate swaps related to fixed rate debt. Changes in the fair value of both the derivative and item being hedged are recognized in income.

In June 2009, we entered into an interest rate swap for an aggregate notional amount of \$100 million to effectively convert our interest payments on a portion of the \$400 million, 4.625% fixed rate notes due in 2012, into variable interest rates. The variable rates payable are based on one month LIBOR plus 249 basis points. In July 2009, we entered into three additional interest rate swaps for an aggregate notional amount of \$300 million to effectively convert our interest payments on the remainder of the \$400 million, 4.625% fixed rate notes due in 2012, into variable interest rates. The variable rates payable are based on one month LIBOR plus 248 basis points for \$100 million notional amount and one month LIBOR plus 250 basis points for \$200 million notional amount. At June 30, 2010, the fair value of the derivatives was an asset of \$10.1 million. Long-term debt was increased by \$10.1 million at June 30, 2010. At December 31, 2009, the fair value of the derivatives was an asset of \$4.7 million. Long-term debt was increased by \$4.7 million at December 31, 2009.

Data Vales

In March 2008, we entered into two interest rate swaps for an aggregate notional amount of \$250 million to effectively convert the fixed rate of 5.60% on \$250 million of our notes, due 2018, into variable interest rates. The variable rates payable by us are based on

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

six month LIBOR plus 111.5 basis points. At June 30, 2010, the fair value of the derivatives was an asset of \$23.9 million. Long-term debt was increased by \$23.9 million at June 30, 2010. At December 31, 2009, the fair value of the derivatives was an asset of \$8.6 million. Long-term debt was increased by \$8.6 million at December 31, 2009.

The following represents the results of our derivatives in fair value hedging relationships for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

			Gain (Loss) d in Income	Hedged Item Income (Expense) Recognized in Income			
Derivative Instrument	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$ 4,089	\$ 1,716	\$ (8,125)	\$ (3,500)		

The following represents the results of our derivatives in fair value hedging relationships for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

		Derivative Recognize	,		Hedged Item Income (Expense) Recognized in Income			
Derivative Instrument	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income	2010		2009		2010	<i>:</i>	2009
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$ 8,619	\$	3,256	\$	16,250	\$	(7,000)

Foreign Exchange Contracts

We enter into foreign currency exchange contracts arising from the anticipated purchase of inventory between affiliates. These contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. The effective portion of the gain or loss on the cash flow hedges is included in other comprehensive income in the period that the change in fair value occurs and is reclassified to income in the same period that the hedged item is recorded in income. At June 30, 2010, we had 126 outstanding contracts with a notional amount of \$21.3 million associated with these anticipated transactions and a derivative net asset position of \$0.8 million. At December 31, 2009, we had 149 outstanding contracts with a notional amount of \$27.8 million associated with these anticipated transactions and a derivative net liability position of \$0.7 million.

The following represents the results of cash flow hedging relationships for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

		Derivative Recogniz (Effective	ed in C	CI	Location of Derivative Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Income (Effective Portion)				
Derivative Instrument	2	2010		2009	(Effective Portion)	2	2010	2	2009	
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	224	\$	1,238	Revenue	\$	305	\$	(47)	
Foreign exchange contracts		868		(1,477)	Cost of sales		20		(308)	
	\$	1,092	\$	(239)		\$	325	\$	(355)	
				21						

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

The following represents the results of cash flow hedging relationships for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

		Derivative Recognize (Effective l	ed in C	CI	Location of Derivative Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Income (Effective Portion)				
Derivative Instrument		2010		2009	(Effective Portion)	2	2010	2	2009	
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	(220)	\$	574	Revenue	\$	467	\$	(47)	
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	1,357	\$	(1,365)	Cost of sales	\$	(158)	\$	(308)	

(1) For the three months ended June 30, 2010, there were 6 derivatives that were entered into and settled within the quarter. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, there were 8 derivatives that were entered into and settled within each respective quarter. Thus, these amounts were not recorded to AOCI but were recorded directly to income. For the three and six months ended June 30, these derivatives increased revenue by less than \$0.1 million and decreased cost of sales by less than \$0.1 million.

For the three months ended June 30, 2009, there were 9 derivatives that were entered into and settled within the quarter. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, there were 16 derivatives that were entered into and settled within each respective quarter. Thus, these amounts were not recorded to AOCI but were recorded directly to income. For the three months ended June 30, these derivatives increased revenue in the amount of \$0.2 million and reduced cost of sales in the amount of \$0.3 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2009 these derivatives reduced revenue in the amount of \$0.1 million and increased cost of sales in the amount of \$0.3 million.

As of June 30, 2010, \$0.9 million of the \$0.8 million net derivative gain recognized in AOCI will be recognized in income within the next 12 months.

No amount of ineffectiveness was recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for these designated cash flow hedges.

We also enter into foreign exchange contracts to minimize the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on intercompany loans and related interest that are denominated in a foreign currency. The revaluation of the short-term intercompany loans and interest and the mark-to-market on the derivatives are both recorded to income. At June 30, 2010, we had 22 outstanding foreign exchange contracts to buy or sell various currencies with a net asset value of \$1.5 million. The contracts will mature by September 30, 2010. At December 31, 2009, the net liability value of these derivatives was less than \$0.1 million.

The following represents the results of our non-designated derivative instruments for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

			Derivative (,	
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Derivative Gain (Loss)	2	010		2009
Foreign exchange contracts	Selling, general and administrative expense	\$	(336)	\$	(34,872)

The following represents the results of our non-designated derivative instruments for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Derivative Gain (Loss)	2010			2009
Foreign exchange contracts	Selling, general and administrative expense 22	\$	(7,471)	\$	(38,719)

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Credit-Risk-Related Contingent Features

Certain of our derivative instruments contain provisions that would require us to post collateral upon a significant downgrade in our long-term senior unsecured debt ratings. At June 30, 2010, our long-term senior unsecured debt ratings were A / A1. Based on derivative values at June 30, 2010, we would have been required to post \$1.1 million in collateral only if our long-term senior unsecured debt ratings had fallen below BB- / Ba3.

On August 5, 2010, one of our credit rating services revised our long-term senior unsecured debt rating from A to BBB+. As a result, our requirement to post collateral remained unchanged.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The estimated fair value of our financial instruments follows:

	June 30	, 2010	December 31, 2009			
	Carrying value (1)	Fair value	Carrying value (1)	Fair value		
Investment securities	\$ 423,200	\$ 427,488	\$ 360,800	\$ 361,845		
Loans receivable	\$ 449,068	\$ 449,068	\$ 478,191	\$ 478,191		
Derivatives, net	\$ 36,326	\$ 36,326	\$ 12,624	\$ 12,624		
Long-term debt	\$ (4,291,563)	\$ (4,553,871)	\$ (4,271,555)	\$ (4,409,961)		

⁽¹⁾ Carrying value includes accrued interest and deferred fee income, where applicable.

The fair value of long-term debt is estimated based on quoted dealer prices for the same or similar issues. The carrying value for cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, loans receivable, accounts payable and notes payable approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

17. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, we are routinely defendants in or party to a number of pending and threatened legal actions. These may involve litigation by or against us relating to, among other things, contractual rights under vendor, insurance or other contracts; intellectual property or patent rights; equipment, service, payment or other disputes with customers; or disputes with employees. Some of these actions may be brought as a purported class action on behalf of a purported class of employees, customers or others.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, Imagitas, Inc., was a defendant in ten purported class actions filed in six different states. These lawsuits have been coordinated in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida, In re: Imagitas, Driver s Privacy Protection Act Litigation (Coordinated, May 28, 2007). Each of these lawsuits alleged that the Imagitas DriverSource program violated the federal Drivers Privacy Protection Act (DPPA). Under the DriverSource program, Imagitas entered into contracts with state governments to mail out automobile registration renewal materials along with third party advertisements, without revealing the personal information of any state resident to any advertiser. The DriverSource program assisted the state in performing its governmental function of delivering these mailings and funding the costs of them. The plaintiffs in these actions were seeking statutory damages under the DPPA. On April 9, 2008, the District Court granted Imagitas motion for summary judgment in one of the coordinated cases, Rine, et al. v. Imagitas, Inc. (United States District Court, Middle District of Florida, filed August 1, 2006). On July 30, 2008, the District Court issued a final judgment in the Rine lawsuit and stayed all of the other cases filed against Imagitas pending an appellate decision in Rine. On August 27, 2008, the Rine plaintiffs filed an appeal of the District Court affirmed the District Court decision. On February 22, 2010, the Circuit Court denied the Rine plaintiffs petition for rehearing en banc. The Rine plaintiffs ability to pursue further review of this decision has expired. With respect to the remaining stayed cases, the District Court held a status conference and set forth a briefing schedule for Imagitas to file its motion to dismiss these cases.

We expect to prevail in the lawsuits against Imagitas; however, as litigation is inherently unpredictable, there can be no assurance in this regard. If the plaintiffs do prevail, the results may have a material effect on our financial position, future results of operations or cash flows, including, for example, our ability to offer certain types of goods or services in the future.

On October 28, 2009, the Company and certain of our current and former officers, were named as defendants in <u>NECA-IBEW Health & Welfare Fund v. Pitney Bowes Inc. et al.</u>, a class action lawsuit filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut. The complaint asserts claims under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of those who purchased the common stock of the

PITNEY BOWES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Company during the period between July 30, 2007 and October 29, 2007 alleging that the company, in essence, missed two financial projections. We believe this case is without merit and intend to defend it vigorously.

Product Warranties

We provide product warranties in conjunction with certain product sales, generally for a period of 90 days from the date of installation. Our product warranty liability reflects our best estimate of probable liability for product warranties based on historical claims experience, which has not been significant, and other currently available evidence. Accordingly, our product warranty liability at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, was not material.

Item 2: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) contains statements that are forward-looking. These statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially because of factors discussed in Forward-Looking Statements and elsewhere in this report.

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with Pitney Bowes Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this report and Pitney Bowes Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Forward-Looking Statements

We want to caution readers that any forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in this Form 10-Q may change based on various factors. The future is difficult to predict. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These forward-looking statements are those which talk about our current expectations as to the future and include, but are not limited to, statements about the transformation initiatives, and amounts, timing and results of possible restructuring charges and future earnings or risks. Words such as estimate , target , project , plan , believe , expect , anticipate , intend , and similar expressions may identify such for statements. Some of the factors which could cause future financial performance to differ materially from the expectations as expressed in any forward-looking statement made by or on our behalf include, without limitation:

negative developments in economic conditions, including adverse impacts on customer demand

changes in postal or banking regulations

timely development and acceptance of new products

success in gaining product approval in new markets where regulatory approval is required

successful entry into new markets

mailers utilization of alternative means of communication or competitors products

our success at managing customer credit risk

our success at managing costs associated with our strategy of outsourcing functions and operations not central to our business

changes in interest rates

foreign currency fluctuations

cost, timing and execution of our transformation plans including any potential asset impairments

regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions to consummation and integration of any acquisitions

interrupted use of key information systems

changes in international or national political conditions, including any terrorist attacks

intellectual property infringement claims

impact on mail volume resulting from current concerns over the use of the mail for transmitting harmful biological agents

third-party suppliers ability to provide product components, assemblies or inventories

negative income tax adjustments or other regulatory levies for prior audit years and changes in tax laws or regulations

changes in pension, healthcare and retiree medical costs

Overview

For the second quarter, revenue was \$1.3 billion, a decrease of 6% compared to the prior year. The decrease is due largely to continued weak business conditions.

Pitney Bowes net income was \$61.4 million or \$0.30 per diluted share in the second quarter of 2010 as compared with \$117.3 million or \$0.57 earnings per diluted share in the second quarter of 2009. Pitney Bowes net income in the second quarter of 2010 included a one-time charge of 5 cents per diluted share primarily to correct rates used to estimate unbilled International Mail Services revenue in prior periods, after-tax charges for restructuring charges and asset impairments of 15 cents per diluted share, a tax charge totaling 2 cents per diluted share associated with certain of our leveraged lease transactions and a less than 1 cent charge per diluted share for out-of-the-money stock options that expired during the quarter. Pitney Bowes net income in the second quarter of 2010 also included a 1 cent per diluted share loss associated with discontinued operations.

Despite a decline in revenue for the quarter in six of our seven business segments, EBIT increased in four of our seven business segments when compared to the second quarter of 2009 due to our ongoing productivity investments and cost reduction initiatives. We generated \$118 million of cash flow from operating activities compared to \$207 million for the same period in the prior year. Cash flow from operations was negatively impacted by higher restructuring and tax payments.

See Results of Operations Second Quarter of 2010 Compared to Second Quarter of 2009 for a more detailed discussion of our results of operations.

Outlook

Some economic and business indicators in a broad range of industries continue to be weak. These factors have impacted our financial results and in particular some of our recurring revenue streams, including our relatively high-margin financing, rental, and supplies revenue streams. While we have been successful in reducing our cost structure across the entire business and shifting to a more variable cost structure, these actions have not been enough to offset the impact of lower revenues.

We continue to expect our mix of revenue to change, with a greater percentage of revenue coming from diversified revenue streams associated with fully featured smaller systems and a smaller percentage from larger system sales. We expect that our future results will continue to be impacted by changes in global economic conditions and their impact on mail intensive industries. It is not expected that total mail volumes will rebound to prior peak levels in an economic recovery, and future mail volume trends will continue to be a factor for our businesses.

The global economy and business environment have not stabilized or improved as quickly as we originally anticipated. We noted a deterioration in conditions as the second quarter progressed, particularly among the customers in our Small and Medium Business Solutions segment group. Contrary to previous expectations and based on the current economic outlook, we do not expect the business environment to improve as significantly as we previously expected in the second half of the year.

Results of Operations Second Quarter of 2010 compared to Second Quarter of 2009

Business segment results

The following table shows revenue and earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 by business segment. We use EBIT, a non-GAAP measure, to determine our segment profitability. Refer to the reconciliation of segment amounts to income from continuing operations before income taxes in Note 6 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Prior year results have been reclassified to conform to the current year prese