BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS INC Form 10-Q August 06, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10 Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014.

__ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____.

Commission File Number: 1 10560

BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas	74 2211011
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(State or other jurisdiction	(I.R.S. Employer
of incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
3000 Technology Drive	77515
Angleton, Texas	(Zip Code)
(Address of principal executive offices)	

(979) 849 6550

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $[\sqrt{]}$ No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [$\sqrt{}$] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b–2 of the Act.

Large accelerated filer $[]$	Accelerated filer []
Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b–2 of the Act). Yes [] No $[\sqrt{}]$

As of August 5, 2014, there were 53,868,228 Common Shares of Benchmark Electronics, Inc., par value \$0.10 per share, outstanding.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Item 1.</u>	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	1
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	1
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income	2
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive	3
	Income	
	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
<u>Item 2.</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial	22
	Condition and	
	Results of Operations	
<u>Item 3.</u>	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market	29
	Risk	
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	31
PART II—OTHER INFORM	IATION	

<u>Item 1.</u>	Legal Proceedings	32
<u>Item 1A.</u>	Risk Factors	32
<u>Item 2.</u>	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of	32
	Proceeds	
<u>Item 6.</u>	<u>Exhibits</u>	33
<u>SIGNATURES</u>		34

Page

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

					December
				June 30,	 31,
(in thousands, exce	ept par valu	ıe)		2014	2013
				(unaudited)	
Assets					
Current ass	sets:				
C	Cash and ca	sh equivalents		\$ 401,869	\$ 345,555
A	Accounts re	ceivable, net o	f allowance for doubtful		
		accounts of \$2	92 and \$338, respectively	499,479	559,763
Iı	nventories,	net		421,216	396,699
Р	repaid exp	enses and othe	r assets	33,134	26,283
Iı	ncome taxe	es receivable		2,631	3,231
Ľ	Deferred ind	come taxes		6,902	11,302
			Total current assets	1,365,231	1,342,833
Long-term	investmen	its		9,710	9,921
			of accumulated		
		• •	depreciation of \$357,502 and		
			\$346,500 respectively	190,686	185,319
Goodwill,	net			45,970	44,691
Deferred in	ncome taxe	es		32,042	33,856
Other, net				37,838	40,751
				\$ 1,681,477	\$ 1,657,371
		s' Equity			
C	Current inst	allments of cap	bital lease obligations	\$ 628	\$ 582
A	Accounts pa	ayable		298,762	320,953
II	ncome taxe	es payable		5,553	9,570
A	Accrued lia	bilities		72,731	67,272
			Total current liabilities	377,674	398,377
Capital lea	g-term investments erty, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$357,502 and \$346,500 respectively dwill, net erred income taxes er, net nd Shareholders' Equity ent liabilities: Current installments of capital lease obligations Accounts payable Income taxes payable Accrued liabilities		nt installments	9,194	9,521
Other long	-term liabi	lities		21,680	20,369
Deferred in	ncome taxe	s	2,071	2,071	
Shareholde	ers' equity:				
			value; 5,000 shares		

Common shares, \$0.10 par value; 145,000 shares		
authorized; issued – 54,070 and 53,936, respectively		
outstanding – 53,959 and 53,825, respectively	5,396	5,383
Additional paid-in capital	653,853	644,594
Retained earnings	621,377	586,422
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(9,496)	(9,094)
Less treasury shares, at cost; 111 shares	(272)	(272)
Total shareholders' equity	1,270,858	1,227,033
Commitments and contingencies		
	\$ 1,681,477	\$ 1,657,371

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)

	Tl	hree Months	Ende	Six Months Ended								
		June 30,				June						
(in thousands, except per share data)		2014		2013		2014		2013				
Sales	\$	716,868	\$	607,522	\$	1,356,212	\$	1,149,966				
Cost of sales		659,117		563,155		1,247,338		1,068,765				
Gross profit		57,751		44,367		108,874		81,201				
Selling, general and administrative expenses		28,700		23,311		56,853		45,710				
Restructuring charges and integration												
and acquisition-related costs		1,907		5,667		4,016		6,109				
Asset impairment charge and other		-		2,606		-		2,606				
Thailand flood related items, net of insurance	ce	-		-		(1,571)		-				
Income from operations		27,144		12,783		49,576		26,776				
Interest expense		(473)		(463)		(949)		(922)				
Interest income		668		291		1,183		705				
Other income (expense)		99		(501)		125		(185)				
Income before income taxes		27,438		12,110		49,935		26,374				
Income tax expense		5,288		3,653		8,660		6,430				
Net income	\$	22,150	\$	8,457	\$	41,275	\$	19,944				
Earnings per share:												
Basic	\$	0.41	\$	0.16	\$	0.77	\$	0.37				
Diluted	\$	0.41	\$	0.16	\$	0.76	\$	0.36				
Weighted-average number of shares outstan	ding:											
Basic		53,826		54,207		53,738		54,500				
Diluted		54,405		54,500		54,394		54,897				

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

	Three Me	onths Ended	Six Months Ended			
	Ju	ne 30,	Jui	ne 30,		
(in thousands)	2014	2013	2014		2013	
Net income	\$ 22,150	\$ 8,457	\$ 41,275	\$	19,944	
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(206)	(371)	(233)		(1,009)	
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments,						
net of tax	(145)	284	(154)		276	
Other	(7)	-	(15)		1	
Other comprehensive loss	(358)	(87)	(402)		(732)	
Comprehensive income	\$ 21,792	\$ 8,370	\$ 40,873	\$	19,212	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)

· · · ·	- T	1	1 1			1	-	1	-	1		r –	1
										Accumulated			
		Comm	non	Sł	hares	Additional				Other			Total
		Shares			Par	Paid-in		Retained		Comprehensive	Treasury		Shareholders
(in thousands)		Outstandir	ng		Value	Capital		Earnings		Loss	Shares		Equity
Balances, December													
31, 2013		53,825		\$	5,383	\$ 644,594	\$	586,422	\$	(9,094)	\$ (272)	\$	1,227,033
Stock-based													
compensation													
expense		-			-	4,217		-		-	-		4,217
Shares repurchased													
and retired		(509)			(51)	(5,524)		(6,320)		-	-		(11,895)
Stock options													
exercised		567			56	10,712		-		-	-		10,768
Issuance of restricted													
shares, net of													
forfeitures		89			9	(9)		-		-	-		-
Restricted shares													
withheld for taxes		(13)			(1)	(308)		-		-	-		(309)
Excess tax benefit of													
stock-based													
compensation		-			-	171		-		-	-		171
Comprehensive													
income		-			-	-		41,275		(402)	-		40,873
Balances, June 30,													
2014		53,959		\$	5,396	\$ 653,853	\$	621,377	\$	(9,496)	\$ (272)	\$	1,270,858

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

		Six Month		ed
		June	30,	
(in thousands)		2014	_	2013
Cash flows from operating	activities:			
Net income		\$ 41,275	\$	19,944
	oncile net income to net cash provided by		_	
operating a			_	
	Depreciation	19,841	_	17,554
	Amortization	2,358		2,021
	Deferred income taxes	6,674		4,338
	(Gain) loss on the sale of property, plant and equipment	541		(1,226)
	Asset impairments	-		3,854
	Thailand flood insurance recovery	(550)		-
	Stock-based compensation expense	3,680		3,420
	Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation	(538)		(184)
Changes in operatir	ng assets and liabilities, net of effects from			
business ad	equisition:			
	Accounts receivable	60,259		5,238
	Inventories	(24,738)		(12,150)
	Prepaid expenses and other assets	(5,673)		5,578
	Accounts payable	(21,060)		20,254
	Accrued liabilities	6,805		(3,597)
	Income taxes	(3,180)		(3,826)
	Net cash provided by operations	85,694		61,218
Cash flows from investing				,
	s and redemptions of investments	57		25
	ty, plant and equipment	(29,442)		(11,870)
	ale of property, plant and equipment	202		1,660
Additions to purcha		(855)		(1,441)
	n, net of cash acquired	750		(19,270)
	perty insurance proceeds	550		-
Other		359		-
	Net cash used in investing activities	(28,379)		(30,896)
Cash flows from financing	activities:			
Proceeds from stoc	k options exercised	10,768		5,767
Excess tax benefit f	rom stock-based compensation	538		184
Principal payments	on capital lease obligations	(281)		(240)

Share repurchases		(11,895)	(21,247)
Net cash used in financing activities		(870)	(15,536)
Effect of exchange rate changes		(131)	(463)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		56,314	14,323
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		345,555	384,579
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	401,869	\$ 398,902

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(amounts in thousands, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

(unaudited)

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

Benchmark Electronics, Inc. (the Company) is a Texas corporation that provides worldwide integrated manufacturing services. The Company provides services to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) of computers and related products for business enterprises, medical devices, industrial control equipment, which includes equipment for the aerospace and defense industry, testing and instrumentation products and telecommunication equipment. The Company has manufacturing operations located in the Americas, Asia and Europe.

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company without an audit pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). The financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments that in the opinion of management are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10 K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the 2013 10-K).

Management of the Company has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Stock-Based Compensation

The Benchmark Electronics, Inc. 2000 Stock Awards Plan (the 2000 Plan) authorized, and the Benchmark Electronics, Inc. 2010 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (as amended, the 2010 Plan) authorizes the Company, upon approval of the compensation committee of the Board of Directors, to grant a variety of awards, including stock options, restricted shares, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, performance compensation awards, phantom stock awards and deferred share units, or any combination thereof, to any director, officer, employee or consultant (including any prospective director, officer, employee or consultant) of the Company. Stock options are granted to employees with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's common shares on the date of grant, generally vest over a four-year period from the date of grant and have a term of ten years. Restricted shares and restricted stock units granted to employee by the Company. The 2000 Plan expired in February 2010, and no additional grants can be made under that plan. The 2010 Plan was approved by the Company's shareholders in May 2010.

Members of the Board of Directors who are not employees of the Company hold awards under the Benchmark Electronics, Inc. 2002 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the 2002 Plan) and the 2010 Plan. Stock options were granted pursuant to the 2002 Plan upon the occurrence of the non-employee director's election or re-election to the Board of Directors. All awards under the 2002 Plan were fully vested upon the date of grant and have a term of ten years. The 2002 Plan was approved by the Company's shareholders in May 2002 and expired in February 2012. No additional grants may be made under the 2002 Plan. Non-employee directors currently receive equity awards under the 2010 Plan. Since 2011, awards under the 2010 Plan to non-employee directors have been in the form of restricted stock units, which vest in equal quarterly installments over a one-year period, starting from the grant date.

As of June 30, 2014, 4.3 million additional common shares were available for issuance under the

Company's 2010 Plan.

All share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values. The total compensation cost recognized for stock-based awards was \$2.2 million and \$3.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and \$1.9 million and \$3.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The total income tax benefit recognized in the income statement for stock-based awards was \$1.0 million and \$1.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The compensation expense for stock-based awards includes an estimate for forfeitures and is recognized over the vesting period of the awards using the straight-line method. Cash flows from the tax benefits resulting from tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized for stock-based awards (excess tax benefits) are classified as cash flows from financing activities. Awards of restricted shares, restricted stock units, performance-based restricted stock units and phantom stock are valued at the closing market price of the Company's common shares on the date of grant. For performance-based restricted stock units, compensation expense is based on the probability that the performance goals will be achieved, which is monitored by management throughout the requisite service period. If it becomes probable, based on the Company's expectation of performance during the measurement period, that more or less than the previous estimate of the awarded shares will vest, an adjustment to stock-based compensation expense is recognized as a change in accounting estimate.

As of June 30, 2014, the unrecognized compensation cost and remaining weighted-average amortization related to stock-based awards were as follows:

							Perfor	rmance-	
							ba	ased	
					Res	tricted	Res	tricted	
		Stock	Res	tricted	S	Stock		tock	
(in thousands)		Options	SI	Shares		Inits	Ur	its ⁽¹⁾	
Unrecognized compensation cost	\$	5,648	\$	1,470	\$	7,732	\$	2,573	
Remaining weighted-average									
amortization period	ortization period 2.1 years			1.4 years		3.0 years		2.1 years	

	Three Mo	onths Ended	Six M	Ionths Ended		
	Jur	ne 30,	June 30,			
(in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Options granted	65	-	378	348		
Expected term of options	8.1 years	N/A	7.0 years	7.4 years		
Expected volatility	39%	N/A	39%	42%		
Risk-free interest rate	2.479%	N/A	2.081%	1.396%		
Dividend yield	zero	N/A	zero	zero		

The weighted-average assumptions used to value the options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, were as follows:

The expected term of the options represents the estimated period of time until exercise and is based on historical experience, giving consideration to the contractual terms, vesting schedules and expectations of future plan participant behavior. Separate groups of plan participants that have similar historical exercise behavior are considered separately for valuation purposes. Expected stock price volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's common shares. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury zero-coupon rates in effect at the time of grant with an equivalent remaining term. The dividend yield reflects that the Company has not paid any cash dividends since inception and does not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

The weighted-average fair value per option granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$10.74 and \$9.91, respectively. The total cash received as a result of stock option exercises for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was approximately \$10.8 million and \$5.8 million, respectively. The tax benefit realized as a result of stock option exercises and the vesting of other share-based awards during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$2.3 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the total intrinsic value of stock options exercised was \$2.7 million and \$1.4 million, respectively.

The Company awarded performance-based restricted stock units to employees during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. The number of performance-based restricted stock units that will ultimately be earned will not be determined until the end of the corresponding performance periods and may vary from as low as zero to as high as three times the target number depending on the level of achievement of certain performance goals. The level of achievement of these goals is based upon the audited financial results of the Company for the last full calendar year within the performance period. The performance goals consist of certain levels of achievement using the following financial metrics: revenue growth, operating income margin expansion, and return on invested capital. If the performance goals are not met based on the Company's financial results, the applicable performance-based restricted stock units will not vest and will be forfeited. Shares subject to forfeited performance-based restricted stock units will be available for issuance under the 2010 Plan.

The following table summarizes	the activities relating t	to the Co	mpany's stock o	ptions:	
				Weighted-	
			Weighted-	Average	
			Average	Remaining	Aggregate
	Number of		Exercise	Contractual	Intrinsic
(in thousands, except per share data)	Options		Price	Term (Years)	Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2013	3,084	\$	19.79		
Granted	378	\$	22.94		
Exercised	(567)	\$	18.98		
Forfeited or expired	(37)	\$	19.75		
Outstanding as of June 30, 2014	2,858	\$	20.36	5.00	\$ 15,200
Exercisable as of June 30, 2014	2,026	\$	20.68	3.21	\$ 10,308
The aggregate intrinsic value in t	he table above is before	re incom	e taxes and is ca	lculated as the	
difference between the exercise p					
price as of the last business day c					
exercise prices that were below the	he closing price.				

The following table summarizes the activities related to	the Company's restricted share	es:	
		Weighted	1-
		Average	;
	Number of	Grant Dat	te
(in thousands, except per share data)	Shares	Fair Value	le
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December			
31, 2013	194	\$ 16	5.56
Vested	(76)	\$ 16	5.87
Forfeited	(7)	\$ 16	5.89
Non-vested shares outstanding as of June 30,			
2014	111	\$ 16	5.34

The following table summarizes the activities related	l to the Company's time-based restri	icted	
stock units:			
			Weighted-
			Average
	Number of		Grant Date
(in thousands, except per share data)	Units		Fair Value
Non-vested units outstanding as of December 31,			
2013	303	\$	17.48

Granted	246	\$ 22.92
Vested	(95)	\$ 17.57
Forfeited	(14)	\$ 20.14
Non-vested units outstanding as of June 30, 2014	440	\$ 20.41

The following table summarizes the activities related t	to the Company's performance-ba	ased
restricted stock units:		
		Weighted-
		Average
	Number of	Grant Date
(in thousands, except per share data)	Units	Fair Value
Non-vested units outstanding as of December		
31, 2013	215	\$ 16.78
Granted ⁽¹⁾	88	\$ 22.92
Forfeited	(29)	\$ 18.52
Non-vested units outstanding as of June 30, 2014	274	\$ 18.56
⁽¹⁾ Represents target number of units that can vest based performance goals.	on the achievement of the	

Note 3 – Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of shares outstanding adjusted for the incremental shares attributed to outstanding stock equivalents during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. Stock equivalents include common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and other equity instruments, and are computed using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the exercise price of a share, the amount of compensation cost, if any, for future service that the Company has not yet recognized, and the amount of estimated tax benefits that would be recorded in paid-in-capital, if any, when the share is exercised are assumed to be used to repurchase shares in the current period.

The following table sets forth the calculation	of basic	c and dilu	ted ear	rnin	gs per share	•			
		Three M	lonths	End	led		Six Mo	nths Ende	ed
		Ju	ine 30,	,			Ju	ne 30,	
(in thousands, except per share data)		2014			2013		2014		2013
Net income	\$	22,150		\$	8,457	\$	41,275	\$	19,944
Denominator for basic earnings per share									
weighted-average number of common									
shares outstanding during the period		53,826			54,207		53,738		54,500
Incremental common shares attributable to									
exercise of outstanding dilutive options		443			205		461		213
Incremental common shares attributable									
to outstanding restricted shares and									
restricted stock units		136			88		195		184
Denominator for diluted earnings per share		54,405			54,500		54,394		54,897
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.41		\$	0.16	\$	0.77	\$	0.37
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.41		\$	0.16	\$		\$	0.36

Options to purchase 0.7 million and 0.7 million common shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. Options to purchase 3.2 million common shares for both the three and six month periods June 30, 2013 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

Note 4 – Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The changes in goodwill allocated to the Company's reportable segments were as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2014:

(in thousands)	Americas	Asia	Total
Goodwill at December 31, 2013	\$ 6,641	\$ 38,050	\$ 44,691
Purchase accounting adjustments	1,227	52	1,279
Goodwill at June 30, 2014	\$ 7,868	\$ 38,102	\$ 45,970

The purchase accounting adjustments are based on management's estimates resulting from review of information obtained after the acquisition date that relates to facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date. See note 16 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

Other assets consist primarily of acquired identifiable intangible assets, capitalized purchased software costs and assets held for sale. Other intangible assets as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Gross		Net
	Carrying	Accumulated	Carrying
(in thousands)	Amount	Amortization	Amount
Customer relationships	\$ 33,336	\$ (14,555)	\$ 18,781
Technology licenses	11,300	(9,023)	2,277
Other	868	(178)	690
Other intangible assets, June 30, 2014	\$ 45,504	\$ (23,756)	\$ 21,748
	Gross		Net
	Carrying	Accumulated	Carrying
(in thousands)	Amount	Amortization	Amount
Customer relationships	\$ 33,348	\$ (12,900)	\$ 20,448
Technology licenses	11,300	(8,999)	2,301
Other	868	(166)	702
Other intangible assets, December 31, 2013	\$ 45,516	\$ (22,065)	\$ 23,451

Customer relationships are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of ten years. Technology licenses are amortized over their estimated useful lives in proportion to the economic benefits consumed. Amortization of other intangible assets for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$1.7 million and \$1.3 million, respectively.

The estimated future amortization expense of other intangible assets for each of the next five years is as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,	Amount
2014 (remaining six months)	\$ 2,087
2015	4,123
2016	4,094
2017	1,923
2018	1,574

Note 5 – Borrowing Facilities

Under the terms of a credit agreement (the Credit Agreement), the Company has a \$200 million five-year revolving credit facility for general corporate purposes with a maturity date of July 30, 2017. The Credit Agreement includes an accordion feature under which total commitments under the facility may be increased by an additional \$100 million, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions and lender approval.

Interest on outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement is payable quarterly, at the Company's option, at either LIBOR plus 1.75% to 2.75% or a prime rate plus 0.75% to 1.75%, based upon the Company's leverage ratio as specified in the Credit Agreement. A commitment fee of 0.30% to 0.40% per annum (based upon the Company's liquidity ratio as specified in the Credit Agreement) on the unused portion of the revolving credit line is payable quarterly in arrears. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement, \$1.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, in outstanding letters of credit and \$198.8 million and \$199.2 million, respectively, was available for future borrowings.

The Credit Agreement is secured by the Company's domestic inventory and accounts receivable, 100% of the stock of the Company's domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the voting capital stock of each direct foreign subsidiary and substantially all other tangible and intangible assets of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries. The Credit Agreement contains customary financial covenants as to debt leverage and fixed charges, and restricts our ability to incur additional debt, pay dividends, repurchase shares, sell assets and merge or consolidate with other persons. As of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all such covenants and restrictions.

The Company's Thailand subsidiary has a multi-purpose credit facility with Kasikornbank Public Company Limited (the Thai Credit Facility) that provides for 350 million Thai baht working capital availability. The Thai Credit Facility is secured by land and buildings in Thailand owned by the Company's Thailand subsidiary. Availability of funds under the Thai Credit Facility is reviewed annually and is currently accessible through October 2014. As of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company's Thailand subsidiary had no working capital borrowings outstanding.

Note 6 – Inventories			
Inventory costs are summarized as for	lows:		
		June 30,	December 31,
(in thousands)		2014	2013
Raw materials	\$	275,566	\$ 245,455
Work in process		98,061	84,710
Finished goods		47,589	66,534
	\$	421,216	\$ 396,699

Note 7 – Income Taxes Income tax expense (benefit) consists o	of the following:				
		Si	x Months Ended	1	
			June 30,		
(in thousands)		2014			2013
Federal – Current	\$	361		\$	(748)
Foreign – Current		1,330			2,749
State – Current		295			91
Deferred		6,674			4,338
	\$	8,660		\$	6,430

In 2014, income tax expense differs from the amount computed by applying the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate to income before income tax primarily due to the mix of taxable income by taxing jurisdiction, the impact of tax incentives and tax holidays in foreign locations, and state income taxes (net of federal benefit).

The Company considers earnings from foreign subsidiaries to be indefinitely reinvested and, accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal and state income taxes has been made for these earnings. Upon distribution of foreign subsidiary earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, such distributed earnings would be reportable for U.S. income tax purposes (subject to adjustment for foreign tax credits). Determination of the amount of any unrecognized deferred tax liability on these undistributed earnings is not practicable.

The Company has been granted certain tax incentives, including tax holidays, for its subsidiaries in China, Malaysia and Thailand that will expire at various dates, unless extended or otherwise renegotiated, through 2015 in China and Malaysia and 2026 in Thailand, and are subject to certain conditions with which the Company expects to comply. The Company's Chinese subsidiary had a tax incentive that expired at the end of 2012. During the first quarter of 2014, this tax incentive was extended until 2015 and was retroactively applied to the 2013 calendar year. The tax adjustment for the retroactive income tax incentive for 2013 totaling \$1.2 million was recorded as of March 31, 2014. The net impact of all of these tax incentives was to lower income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 by approximately \$6.5 million (approximately \$0.12 per diluted share) and \$2.4 million (approximately \$0.04 per diluted share), respectively, as follows:

	Six Months Ended							
	June	30,						
(in thousands)	2014		2013					
China	\$ 1,876	\$	-					
Malaysia	1,214		550					
Thailand	3,362		1,816					
	\$ 6,452	\$	2,366					

As of June 30, 2014, the total amount of the reserve for uncertain tax benefits including interest and penalties was \$21.3 million. The reserve is classified as a current or long-term liability in the consolidated balance sheet based on the Company's expectation of when the items will be settled. The amount of accrued potential interest and penalties, respectively, on unrecognized tax benefits included in the reserve as of June 30, 2014, was \$1.6 million and \$1.6 million. No material changes affected the reserve during the six months ended June 30, 2014. The Company's Thailand subsidiary has filed for a refund of \$8.0 million of previously paid income taxes applicable to the years 2004 and 2005, which is included in other assets. The Thai tax authorities conducted an initial examination of the applicable refund filings, and in 2011, the Company recorded a reserve for uncertain benefits of \$7.1 million against this refund claim. In 2012, the Company received official notification that the tax authorities had rejected its refund claim. The Company has appealed the rejected claim and is awaiting the tax authorities' decision.

The Company and its subsidiaries in Brazil, China, Ireland, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Romania, Singapore, Thailand and the United States remain open to examination by the various local taxing authorities, in total or in part, for fiscal years 2004 to 2013.

The Company is subject to examination by tax authorities for varying periods in various U.S. and foreign tax jurisdictions. In the second quarter of 2014, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) initiated a federal income tax audit of the calendar year 2011 for the Company and its U.S. subsidiaries. During the course of such examinations, disputes may occur as to matters of fact and/or law. Also, in most tax jurisdictions, the passage of time without examination will result in the expiration of applicable statutes of limitations thereby precluding the taxing authority from conducting an examination of the tax period(s) for which such statute of limitation has expired. The Company believes that it has adequately provided for its tax liabilities.

Note 8 – Segment and Geographic Information

The Company has manufacturing facilities in the United States, Mexico, Asia and Europe to serve its customers. The Company is operated and managed geographically, and management evaluates performance and allocates the Company's resources on a geographic basis. Intersegment sales are generally recorded at prices that approximate arm's length transactions. Operating segments' measure of profitability is based on income from operations. The accounting policies for the reportable operating segments are the same as for the Company taken as a whole. The Company has three reportable operating segments: the Americas, Asia and Europe. Information about operating segments was as follows:

	Three Mor	nths E	Ended	Six Months Ended					
	June	e 30,			June	30,			
(in thousands)	2014		2013		2014		2013		
Net sales:									
Americas	\$ 440,869	\$	357,987	\$	852,370	\$	658,826		
Asia	268,609		235,616		507,394		461,676		
Europe	36,522		38,062		70,683		74,760		
Elimination of intersegment sales	(29,132)		(24,143)		(74,235)		(45,296)		
	\$ 716,868	\$	607,522	\$	1,356,212	\$	1,149,966		
Depreciation and amortization:									
Americas	\$ 5,229	\$	4,114	\$	9,949	\$	7,979		
Asia	4,224		4,301		8,411		8,579		
Europe	744		669		1,478		1,321		
Corporate	1,204		865		2,361		1,696		
	\$ 11,401	\$	9,949	\$	22,199	\$	19,575		
Income from operations:									
Americas	\$ 19,527	\$	9,389	\$	35,086	\$	19,307		
Asia	18,102		9,073		36,322		20,116		
Europe	1,466		3,826		2,246		5,631		
Corporate and intersegment									
eliminations	(11,951)		(9,505)		(24,078)		(18,278)		
	\$ 27,144	\$	12,783	\$	49,576	\$	26,776		
Capital expenditures:									
Americas	\$ 12,891	\$	2,984	\$	23,368	\$	7,096		
Asia	724		1,451		3,706		3,082		
Europe	1,549		643		2,568		1,500		
Corporate	517		1,313		655		1,633		
	\$ 15,681	\$	6,391	\$	30,297	\$	13,311		
				J	June 30,	Dec	ember 31,		

				2014	2013
Total assets:					
	Americas			\$ 716,696	\$ 702,378
	Asia			692,778	658,668
	Europe			218,606	255,644
	Corporate and other			53,397	40,681
				\$ 1,681,477	\$ 1,657,371

Geographic net sales information re	eflects the	destination c	of the pr	roduct shipp	ed. Loi	ng-lived				
assets information is based upon th	e physical	location of t	he asse	t.						
		Three Mon	ths End	led	Six Months Ended					
		June	30,			June	30,			
(in thousands)		2014		2013		2014		2013		
Geographic net sales:										
United States	\$	522,135	\$	418,259	\$	984,406	\$	804,796		
Asia		96,975		119,882		184,441		205,972		
Europe		68,574		51,215		136,851		110,181		
Other Foreign		29,184		18,166		50,514		29,017		
	\$	716,868	\$	607,522	\$	1,356,212	\$	1,149,966		
					Ju	une 30,	December 31			
						2014		2013		
Long-lived assets:										
United States					\$	95,126	\$	96,287		
Asia						92,866		98,816		
Europe						10,520		10,333		
Other						30,012		20,634		
					\$	228,524	\$	226,070		

Note 9 – Supplemental Cash Flow and	l Non	-Cash Inf	orma	tion									
The following information concerns sup	pleme	ental disclo	osures	of cas	sh payme	ents.							
	Three Months Ended							Six Months Ended					
	June 30,						June 30,						
(in thousands)		2014			2013			2014			2013		
Income taxes paid, net	\$	4,390		\$	964		\$	5,093		\$	5,652		
Interest paid		424			414			866			838		

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company recognized a non-cash asset impairment charge of \$3.8 million related to its facility in Tianjin, China that is being held for sale based on market activity. Also during the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company disposed of a non-manufacturing facility in Thailand for \$1.6 million resulting in a gain of \$1.2 million.

Note 10 – Contingencies

The Company is involved in various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Note 11 – Impact of Recently Enacted Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a new standard that will supersede most of the existing revenue recognition requirements in current U.S. GAAP and require entities to recognize revenue at an amount reflecting the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The new standard also requires significantly expanded disclosures regarding the qualitative and quantitative information of an entity's nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. The new standard is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method, with early application not permitted. For the Company, the new standard will be effective January 1, 2017, and the Company is currently evaluating the impact the pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures and has not yet selected a transition method. As the new standard will supersede all existing revenue guidance affecting the

Company under U.S. GAAP, it could impact revenue and cost recognition on contracts across all its business segments, in addition to its business processes and information technology systems. As a result, the Company's evaluation of the effect of the new standard will likely extend over several future periods.

The Company has determined that no other recently issued accounting standards will have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows, or apply to its operations.

Note 12 – Restructuring Charges

The Company has undertaken initiatives to restructure its business operations with the intention of improving utilization and realizing cost savings in the future. These initiatives have included changing the number and location of production facilities, largely to align capacity and infrastructure with current and anticipated customer demand. This alignment includes transferring programs from higher cost geographies to lower cost geographies. The process of restructuring entails, among other activities, moving production between facilities, reducing staff levels, realigning our business processes and reorganizing our management.

The Company recognized restructuring charges during 2014, 2013 and 2012 primarily related to the closure of facilities, capacity reduction and reductions in workforce in certain facilities across various regions. These charges were recorded pursuant to plans developed and approved by management.

The following table summarizes the 2014 activity in the accrued restructuring balances related to the various restructuring activities initiated prior to June 30, 2014:

	Balance as of				Foreign	Balance as of
	December 31,	Restructuring	Cash	Non-Cash	Exchange	June 30,
(in thousands)	2013	Charges	Payment	 Activity	Adjustments	2014
2014 Restructuring:						
Severance	\$ -	\$ 181	\$ (181)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	181	(181)	-	-	-
2013 Restructuring:						
Severance	120	87	(179)	-	3	31
Other exit costs	833	(87)	(292)	(237)	21	238
	953	-	(471)	(237)	 24	269
2012 Restructuring:						
Severance	34	7	(41)	-	-	-
Other exit costs	104	(7)	(31)	-	(9)	57

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	138	-	(72)	-	(9)	57
Total	\$ 1,091 \$	181 \$	(724) \$	(237) \$	15 \$	326
		17				

Note 13 – Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. A three-tier fair value hierarchy of inputs is employed to determine fair value measurements. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Level 2 inputs are observable prices that are not quoted on active exchanges, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs employed for measuring the fair value of assets or liabilities. This hierarchy requires the Company to use observable market data, when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs when determining fair value.

The carrying amounts of cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accrued liabilities, accounts payable and capital lease obligations approximate fair value. As of June 30, 2014, \$11.3 million (par value) of long-term investments were recorded at fair value. The long-term investments consist of auction rate securities, primarily secured by guaranteed student loans backed by a U.S. government agency, and are classified as available-for-sale. The contractual maturity of these securities exceeds ten years.

These long-term investments were valued using Level 3 inputs as of June 30, 2014 since the assets were subject to valuation using significant unobservable inputs. The Company estimated the fair value of each security with the assistance of an independent valuation firm using a discounted cash flow model to calculate the present value of projected cash flows based on a number of inputs and assumptions, including the security structure and terms, the current market conditions and the related impact on the expected weighted-average life, interest rate estimates and default risk of the securities.

As of June 30, 2014, the Company had recorded an unrealized loss of \$1.6 million on the long-term investments based upon this valuation. This unrealized loss reduced the fair value of the Company's auction rate securities as of June 30, 2014 to \$9.7 million. These investments have been in an unrealized loss position for greater than 12 months. The Company determined that there was no credit loss associated with its auction rate securities as of June 30, 2014 as shown by the cash flows expected to be received over the remaining life of the securities.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of the Company's auction rate securities classified as long-term investments measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs):

(in thousands)	2014		2013
Balance as of January 1	\$ 9,921	\$	10,324
Net unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive loss	(154)		276
Sales of investments at par value	(57)		(25)

Balance as of June 30	\$ 9,710	\$	10,575
Unrealized losses still held as of June 30	\$ 1,587	\$	1,575

The cumulative unrealized loss is included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' equity in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. As of June 30, 2014, there were no long-term investments measured at fair value using Level 1 or Level 2 inputs. All income generated from these investments is recorded as interest income.

Note 14 – Thailand Flood Related Items

The Company's facilities in Ayudhaya, Thailand were flooded and remained closed from October 13, 2011

to December 20, 2011. As a result of the flooding and temporary closing of these facilities, the Company incurred property losses and flood related costs during 2012 and 2011, which were partially offset by insurance recoveries. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, Thailand flood related items resulted in a gain of \$1.6 million of insurance proceeds. The recovery process with the insurance carriers was completed in the first quarter of 2014.

As a result of the flooding, the Company has been unable to renew or otherwise obtain adequate cost-effective flood insurance to cover assets at its facilities in Thailand. The Company continues to monitor the insurance market in Thailand. In the event the Company experiences a significant uninsured loss in Thailand or elsewhere, it could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Note 15 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component are as follows:

	Foreign	Unrealized			
	currency	loss on			
	translation	investments,			
(in thousands)	adjustments	net of tax	Other		Total
Balances, December 31, 2013	\$ (8,090)	\$ (1,433)	\$ 429	• •	\$ (9,094)
Other comprehensive loss before					
reclassifications	(233)	(154)	-		(387)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated					
other comprehensive loss	-	-	(15)		(15)
Net current period other comprehensive loss	(233)	(154)	(15)		(402)
Balances, June 30, 2014	\$ (8,323)	\$ (1,587)	\$ 414		\$ (9,496)

Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss during the six months ended June 30, 2014 affected selling, general and administrative expenses.

Note 16 – Acquisitions

On June 3, 2013, the Company acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Suntron Corporation (Suntron), an electronics manufacturing services (EMS) company headquartered in Phoenix, Arizona (the Suntron Acquisition) for \$18.5 million in cash, as adjusted in accordance with the acquisition agreement. The Suntron Acquisition added two manufacturing facilities: Tijuana, Mexico and Phoenix, Arizona. The Suntron Acquisition strengthened the Company's capabilities and global reach to better serve customers in the aerospace and defense industries.

The allocation of the Suntron Acquisition net purchase price resulted in no goodwill. The final allocation of the purchase price, which the Company completed in June 2014, reflects a \$0.8 million purchase price adjustment received during the quarter ended June 30, 2014.

The purchase price paid for Suntron has been allocated as follows (in thousands):

Purchase price paid	\$ 18,582
Cash acquired	(62)
Purchase price, net of cash received	\$ 18,520
Integration and acquisition-related costs for the six months ended June 30, 2014	\$ 30
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Cash	\$ 62
Accounts receivable	11,561
Inventories	14,570
Other current assets	1,072
Property, plant and equipment	1,437
Other assets	255
Deferred income taxes	3,893
Current liabilities	(13,987)
Other long-term liabilities	(281)
Total identifiable net assets	\$ 18,582

On October 2, 2013, the Company acquired all of the outstanding common stock of CTS Electronics Manufacturing Solutions, Inc. and CTS Electronics Corporation (Thailand) Ltd., the full-service EMS segment of CTS Corporation (CTS), for \$75 million (the CTS Acquisition). The acquired business had five locations (four in North America and one in Asia). The CTS Acquisition expanded the Company's portfolio of customers in non-traditional and highly regulated markets and strengthened the depth and scope of the Company's new product express capabilities on the West Coast.

Based on management's estimates resulting from reviews of information obtained after the acquisition date that relates to facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date, the purchase price allocation was adjusted resulting in additional goodwill during the six months ended June 30, 2014. See Note 4 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information. The final allocation of the CTS Acquisition net purchase price resulted in \$8.1 million of goodwill. The purchase price paid for CTS has been allocated as follows (in thousands):

Purchase price paid	\$ 75,982
Cash acquired	(981)
Purchase price, net of cash received	\$ 75,001
Integration and acquisition-related costs for the six months ended June 30, 2014	\$ 3,805
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Cash	\$ 981
Accounts receivable	32,480
Inventories	40,494
Other current assets	1,472
Property, plant and equipment	15,175
Goodwill	8,058
Customer relationships intangible	15,500
Other assets	129
Deferred income taxes	(1,620)
Current liabilities	(36,687)
Total identifiable net assets	\$ 75,982

The following summary pro forma condensed consolidated financial information reflects the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions as if they had occurred on January 1, 2012 for purposes of the 2013 statement of income. This summary pro forma information is not necessarily representative of what the Company's results of operations would have been had these acquisitions in fact occurred on January 1, 2012 and is not intended to project the Company's results of operations for any future period.

Pro forma condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended June 30, 2013 (in thousands) (unaudited):

Net sales		\$ 1,279,427
Net income		\$ 10,466

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References in this report to "the Company," "Benchmark," "we," or "us" mean Benchmark Electronics, Inc. together with its subsidiaries. The following discussion and analysis contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). These forward-looking statements are identified as any statement that does not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They use words such as "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "plan," "projection," "forecast," "strategy," "position," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "may," "will" or the negative of those terms or other variations of ther comparable terminology. In particular, statements, express or implied, concerning future operating results or the ability to generate sales, income or cash flow are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. They involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those discussed under Part II, Item 1A of this report. The future results of our operations may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. Many of the factors that will determine these results are beyond our ability to control or predict. Undue reliance should not be placed on any forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes may vary materially from those indicated.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes and our 2013 10-K.

OVERVIEW

We are a worldwide provider of integrated manufacturing services. We provide our services to OEMs of computers and related products for business enterprises, medical devices, industrial control equipment (which includes equipment for the aerospace and defense industry), testing and instrumentation products, and telecommunication equipment. The services that we provide are commonly referred to as electronics manufacturing services or EMS. We offer our customers comprehensive and integrated design and manufacturing services from initial product design to volume production, including direct order fulfillment and post deployment services. Our manufacturing and assembly operations include printed circuit boards and subsystem assembly, box build and systems integration, the process of integrating subsystems and, often, downloading and integrating software, to produce a fully configured product. Our precision technology manufacturing capabilities complement our proven EMS expertise by providing further vertical integration of critical mechanical components. These capabilities include precision machining, advanced metal joining, and functional testing for multiple industries including medical, instrumentation, aerospace and semiconductor capital equipment. We also are able to provide specialized engineering services, including product design, prototyping, and test development. We believe that we have developed strengths in the manufacturing process for large, complex, high-density printed circuit boards as well as the ability to manufacture high and low volume products in lower cost regions such as China, Malaysia, Mexico, Romania and Thailand.

As our customers have continued to expand their globalization strategy, we have continued to make the necessary changes to align our business operations with their demand. In support of our growth, we make acquisitions from time to time that expand our global reach, customer access and product capabilities. We believe that our global manufacturing presence increases our ability to be responsive to our customers' needs by providing accelerated

time-to-market and time-to-volume production of high quality products. These capabilities enable us to build stronger strategic relationships with our customers and to become a more integral part of their operations. Our customers face challenges in planning, procuring and managing their inventories efficiently due to customer demand fluctuations, product design changes, short product life cycles and component price fluctuations. We employ production management systems to manage their procurement and manufacturing processes in an efficient and cost-effective manner so that, where possible,

components arrive on a just-in-time, as-and-when-needed basis. We are a significant purchaser of electronic components and other raw materials, and can capitalize on the economies of scale associated with our relationships with suppliers to negotiate price discounts, obtain components and other raw materials that are in short supply, and return excess components. Our expertise in supply chain management and our relationships with suppliers across the supply chain enable us to reduce our customers' cost of goods sold and inventory exposure.

We recognize revenue from the sale of manufactured products built to customer specifications and excess inventory when title and risk of ownership have passed, the price to the buyer is fixed or determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured, which generally is when the goods are shipped. Revenue from design, development and engineering services is recognized when the services are performed and collectibility is reasonably certain. Such services provided under fixed price contracts are accounted for using the percentage-of-completion method. We generally assume no significant obligations after product shipment as we typically warrant workmanship only. Therefore, our warranty provisions are generally not significant.

Our cost of sales includes the cost of materials, electronic components and other items that comprise the products we manufacture, the cost of labor and manufacturing overhead and adjustments for excess and obsolete inventory. Our procurement of materials for production requires us to commit significant working capital to our operations and to manage the purchasing, receiving, inspection and stocking of materials. Although we bear the risk of fluctuations in the cost of materials and excess scrap, we periodically negotiate cost of materials adjustments with our customers. Our gross margin for any product depends on the sales price, the proportionate mix of the cost of materials in the product and the cost of labor and manufacturing overhead allocated to the product. We typically have the potential to realize higher gross margins on products where the proportionate level of labor and manufacturing overhead costs for that product, we usually achieve increased efficiencies, which result in lower labor and manufacturing overhead costs for that product and higher gross margins. Our operating results are impacted by the level of capacity utilization of our manufacturing facilities. Operating income margins typically improve during periods of high production volume and high capacity utilization. During periods of low production volume, we generally have idle capacity and reduced operating income margins.

Recent Acquisitions

On June 3, 2013, we completed the Suntron Acquisition, which added manufacturing facilities in Tijuana, Mexico and Phoenix, Arizona and strengthened our capabilities and global reach to better serve our customers in the aerospace and defense industries.

On October 2, 2013, we completed the CTS Acquisition, which added five locations (four in North America and one in Asia). It also expanded our portfolio of customers in non-traditional and highly regulated markets and strengthened the depth and scope of our new product express capabilities on the West Coast.

Summary of 2014 Results

Sales for the three months ended June 30, 2014, increased 18% to \$716.9 million compared to \$607.5 million for the same period of 2013. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, sales to customers in our various industry groups fluctuated as follows from 2013:

- computers and related products for business enterprises industry decreased by 16%,
- industrial control equipment industry increased by 21%,
- telecommunication equipment industry increased by 49%,
- medical devices industry increased by 13%, and
- testing and instrumentation products industry increased by 55%.

The overall increase in sales related primarily to increased demand from existing customers, including new programs, new customers and the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions.

Our future sales depend on the success of our customers, some of which operate in businesses associated with rapid technological change and consequent product obsolescence. Developments adverse to our major customers or their products, or the failure of a major customer to pay for components or services, could have an adverse effect on us. A substantial percentage of our sales have been made to a small number of customers, and the loss of a major customer, if not replaced, would adversely affect us. Sales to our ten largest customers represented 51% and 53% of our sales in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Sales to our two largest customers, which individually accounted for greater than 10% of our net sales, represented 22% of our sales during three months ended June 30, 2014. In 2013, our largest customer, the only customer to account for greater than 10% of our net sales, represented 30, 2013.

Our gross profit as a percentage of sales increased to 8.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 from 7.3% in the same period of 2013, primarily due to higher sales volumes, changes in the mix of programs and the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions. We experience fluctuations in gross profit from period to period. Different programs contribute different gross profits depending on factors such as the types of services involved, location of production, size of the program, complexity of the product and level of material costs associated with the various products. Moreover, new programs can contribute relatively less to our gross profit in their early stages when manufacturing volumes are usually lower, resulting in inefficiencies and unabsorbed manufacturing overhead costs. In addition, a number of our new and higher volume programs remain subject to competitive constraints that could exert downward pressure on our margins. During periods of low production volume, we generally experience idle capacity and reduced gross profit.

We have undertaken initiatives to restructure our business operations with the intention of improving utilization and realizing cost savings. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we recognized \$4.0 million of restructuring charges and integration and acquisition-related costs, primarily related to integration costs of the CTS Acquisition.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Management's discussion and analysis is based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our 2013 10-K. See Note 11 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recently enacted accounting principles.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents the percentage relationship that certain items in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income bear to sales for the periods indicated. The financial information and the discussion below should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto in Item 1 of this report.

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Mon	ths Ended	
	June	30,	Jun	ie 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Sales	100.0 %	6 100.0	% 100.0	% 100.0	%
Cost of sales	91.9	92.7	92.0	92.9	
Gross profit	8.1	7.3	8.0	7.1	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4.0	3.8	4.2	4.0	
Restructuring charges and integration					
and acquisition-related costs	0.3	0.9	0.3	0.5	
Asset impairment charge and other	e and other - 0.4 - 0.2				
Thailand flood related items	-	-	(0.1)	-	
Income from operations	3.8	2.1	3.7	2.3	
Other income, net	-	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	
Income before income taxes	3.8	2.0	3.7	2.3	
Income tax expense	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	
Net income	3.1 %	6 1.4	% 3.0	% 1.7	%

Sales

Sales for the second quarter of 2014 were \$716.9 million, an 18% increase from sales of \$607.5 million for the same quarter in 2013. Sales for the first six months of 2014 were \$1.4 billion, an 18% increase from sales of \$1.1 billion for the same period in 2013. The increase in sales resulted primarily from increased demand from existing customers, including new programs, new customers and the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentages of our sales by industry sector.

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six	Months En	nded	
	June 30, June 30,					
	2014	2013	20)14	2013	
Computers and related products for business						
enterprises	21 %	6 29	%	21 %	27	%
Industrial control equipment 29		29		29	29	
Telecommunication equipment	29	23		28	24	
Medical devices	11	12		11	12	
Testing and instrumentation products	10	7		11	8	
	100 %	б 100	%	100 %	100	%

 <u></u>			

Computers and Related Products for Business Enterprises Sales to customers in the computers and related products for business enterprises industry for the second quarter of 2014 decreased 16% to \$147.5 million from \$176.4 million for the same quarter of 2013, and decreased 11% to \$278.4 million during the first six months of 2014 from \$313.7 million in the same period of 2013. The decrease is primarily due to the timing of program transitions as well as lower demand from our customers.

Industrial Control Equipment Sales to customers in the industrial control equipment industry (which includes equipment for the aerospace and defense industry) for the second quarter of 2014 increased 21%

to \$211.5 million from \$175.5 million for the same quarter of 2013, and increased 20% to \$396.9 million during the first six months of 2014 from \$331.0 million in the same period of 2013, primarily as a result of increased demand from existing customers, including new programs, and the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions.

Telecommunication Equipment Sales to customers in the telecommunication equipment industry for the second quarter of 2014 increased 49% to \$205.1 million from \$137.4 million for the same quarter of 2013, and increased 36% to \$374.8 million during the first six months of 2014 from \$276.6 million in the same period of 2013. The increase is primarily due to the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions and increased demand from existing customers, including new programs.

Medical Devices Sales to customers in the medical devices industry for the second quarter of 2014 increased 13% to \$81.0 million from \$71.9 million for the same quarter of 2013, and increased 9% to \$153.9 million during the first six months of 2014 from \$141.3 million in the same period of 2013, primarily as a result of new programs, and, to a lesser extent, the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions.

Testing and Instrumentation Products Sales to customers in the testing and instrumentation products industry for the second quarter of 2014 increased 55% to \$71.8 million from \$46.3 million for the same quarter of 2013, and increased 74% to \$ 152.3 million during the first six months of 2014 from \$87.4 million in the same period of 2013 due to new programs, slight improvement in the semiconductor industry and the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions.

Sales to our ten largest customers represented 51% and 53% of our sales in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Sales to our two largest customers, which individually accounted for greater than 10% of our net sales, represented 21% of our sales during the six months ended June 30, 2014. In 2013, our largest customer, the only customer to account for greater than 10% of our net sales, represented 17% of our sales during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Our international operations are subject to the risks of doing business abroad. See Part I, Item 1A of our 2013 10-K for factors pertaining to our international sales and fluctuations in the exchange rates of foreign currency and for further discussion of potential adverse effects in operating results associated with the risks of doing business abroad. During the first six months of both 2014 and 2013, 52% of our sales were from our international operations.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased 30% to \$57.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 from \$44.4 million in the same quarter of 2013, and increased 34% to \$108.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 from \$81.2 million in the same period of 2013. Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased to 8.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 from 7.3% in the same period of 2013, and increased to 8.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 from 7.1%

in the same period of 2013. These increases are primarily due to higher sales volumes, changes in the mix of programs and the impact of the acquisitions. We experience fluctuations in gross profit from period to period. Different programs contribute different gross profits depending on factors such as the types of services involved, location of production, size of the program, complexity of the product and level of material costs associated with the various products. Moreover, new programs can contribute relatively less to our gross profit in their early stages when manufacturing volumes are usually lower, resulting in inefficiencies and unabsorbed manufacturing overhead costs. In addition, a number of our new and higher volume programs remain subject to competitive constraints that could exert downward pressure on our margins. During periods of low production volume, we generally have idle capacity and reduced gross profit.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 23% to \$28.7 million in the second quarter of 2014 compared to \$23.3 million in the same quarter of 2013, and increased by 24% to \$56.9 million in the first six months of 2014 compared to \$45.7 million in the same period of 2013. These increases were driven primarily by the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions in addition to expenses to support increased volumes. Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of sales, were 4.0% and 3.8%, respectively, for the second quarters of 2014 and 2013, and 4.2% and 4.0%, respectively, for the first six months of 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales related primarily to the impact of the Suntron and CTS Acquisitions.

Restructuring Charges and Integration and Acquisition-Related Costs

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we recognized \$4.0 million of restructuring charges and integration and acquisition-related costs, primarily related to integration costs of the CTS Acquisition. See Note 12 and Note 16 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this report.

Thailand Flood Related Items

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, we received \$1.6 million of insurance proceeds. The recovery process with our insurance carriers is complete. See Note 14 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this report.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense of \$8.7 million represented an effective tax rate of 17.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared with \$6.4 million that represented an effective tax rate of 24.4% for the same period in 2013. We had a tax incentive in China that expired at the end of 2012, but was extended in the first quarter of 2014 until 2015 and retroactively applied to the 2013 calendar year. The tax adjustment for the \$1.2 million retroactive incentive for 2013 was recorded as a discrete tax benefit as of March 31, 2014. In 2013, we recorded a discrete tax benefit of approximately \$0.8 million related to the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (the ATRA) consisting of research and experimentation credits and decreases in U.S. taxable income related to previously taxed foreign transactions. The ATRA retroactively restored the research and experimentation credit and other U.S. income tax benefits for 2012 and extended these provisions through the end of 2013. Excluding these tax items, the effective tax rate would have been 19.8% in 2014 compared to 27.6% in 2013. The decrease in the effective tax rate results primarily from the new tax incentive granted in China for 2014 and higher taxable income in geographies with lower tax rates. We have been granted certain tax incentives, including tax holidays, for our subsidiaries in China, Malaysia and Thailand that will expire at various dates, unless extended or otherwise renegotiated, through 2015 in China and Malaysia, and 2026 in Thailand. See Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this report.

Net Income

We reported net income of \$41.3 million, or diluted earnings per share of \$0.76 for the first six months of 2014, compared with net income of \$19.9 million, or diluted earnings per share of \$0.36 for the same period of 2013. The net increase of \$21.3 million from 2013 was primarily due to the factors discussed above.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We have historically financed our growth and operations through funds generated from operations and proceeds from the sale and maturity of our investments. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$401.9 million at June 30, 2014 and \$345.6 million at December 31, 2013, of which \$326.8 million at June 30, 2014 and \$307.3 million at December 31, 2013 was held outside the U.S. in various foreign subsidiaries. Substantially all of the amounts held outside of the U.S. are intended to be permanently reinvested in foreign operations. Under current tax laws and regulations, if cash and cash equivalents held outside the

U.S. were to be distributed to the U.S. in the form of dividends or otherwise, we would be subject to additional U.S. income taxes and foreign withholding taxes.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$85.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which included \$1.1 million of Thailand flood insurance recoveries. The cash provided by operations during 2014 consisted primarily of \$41.3 million of net income adjusted for \$22.2 million of depreciation and amortization, and a \$60.3 million decrease in accounts receivable offset by a \$24.7 million increase in inventories and a \$21.1 million decrease in accounts payable. The decrease in accounts receivable was primarily driven by the fluctuation of sales from the fourth quarter of 2013 to the second quarter of 2014. Inventories have increased in support of higher business levels in 2014. Working capital was \$987.6 million at June 30, 2014 and \$944.5 million at December 31, 2013.

We are continuing the practice of purchasing components only after customer orders or forecasts are received, which mitigates, but does not eliminate, the risk of loss on inventories. Supplies of electronic components and other materials used in operations are subject to industry-wide shortages. In certain instances, suppliers may allocate available quantities to us. If shortages of these components and other material supplies used in operations occur, vendors may not ship the quantities we need for production and we may be forced to delay shipments, which would increase backorders and therefore impact cash flows.

Cash used in investing activities was \$28.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to purchases of additional property, plant and equipment totaling \$29.4 million. Purchases of additional property, plant and equipment were primarily of machinery and equipment in the Americas.

Cash used in financing activities was \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Share repurchases totaled \$11.9 million, and we received \$10.8 million from the exercise of stock options.

Under the terms of the Credit Agreement, we have a \$200.0 million five-year revolving credit facility to be used for general corporate purposes with a maturity date of July 30, 2017. The Credit Agreement includes an accordion feature under which total commitments under the facility may be increased by an additional \$100 million, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions and lender approval. Interest on outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement is payable quarterly, at our option, at LIBOR plus 1.75% to 2.75% or a prime rate plus 0.75% to 1.75%, based upon our leverage ratio as specified in the Credit Agreement. A commitment fee of 0.30% to 0.40% per annum (based upon our liquidity ratio) on the unused portion of the revolving credit line is payable quarterly in arrears. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had no borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement, \$1.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, in outstanding letters of credit and \$198.8 million and \$199.2 million, respectively, was available for future borrowings.

The Credit Agreement is secured by our domestic inventory and accounts receivable, 100% of the stock of our domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the voting capital stock of each direct foreign subsidiary and substantially all of our

and our domestic subsidiaries' other tangible and intangible assets. The Credit Agreement contains customary financial covenants as to debt leverage and fixed charges, and restricts our ability to incur additional debt, pay dividends, repurchase shares, sell assets and merge or consolidate with other persons. As of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we were in compliance with all such covenants and restrictions.

Our operations, and the operations of businesses we acquire, are subject to certain foreign, federal, state and local regulatory requirements relating to environmental, waste management, health and safety matters. We believe we operate in substantial compliance with all applicable requirements and we seek to ensure that newly acquired businesses comply or will comply substantially with applicable requirements. To date,

the costs of compliance and workplace and environmental remediation have not been material to us. However, material costs and liabilities may arise from these requirements or from new, modified or more stringent requirements in the future. In addition, our past, current and future operations, and the operations of businesses we have or may acquire, may give rise to claims of exposure by employees or the public, or to other claims or liabilities relating to environmental, waste management or health and safety concerns.

As of June 30, 2014, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$401.9 million and \$198.8 million available for borrowings under the Credit Agreement. During the next twelve months, we believe our capital expenditures will be approximately \$45 million to \$55 million, principally for machinery and equipment to support our ongoing business around the globe.

On June 13, 2012, our Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to \$100 million of our outstanding common shares (the 2012 Repurchase Program). As of June 30, 2014, we had \$35.0 million remaining under the 2012 Repurchase Program. We are under no commitment or obligation to repurchase any particular amount of common shares. Management believes that our existing cash balances and funds generated from operations will be sufficient to permit us to meet our liquidity requirements over the next twelve months. Management further believes that our ongoing cash flows from operations and any borrowings we may incur under our credit facilities will enable us to meet operating cash requirements in future years. Should we desire to consummate significant acquisition opportunities, our capital needs would increase and could possibly result in our need to increase available borrowings under our Credit Agreement or access public or private debt and equity markets. There can be no assurance, however, that we would be successful in raising additional debt or equity on terms that we would consider acceptable.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

We have certain contractual obligations for operating leases that were summarized in a table of Contractual Obligations in our 2013 10-K. There have been no material changes to our contractual obligations, outside of the ordinary course of our business, since December 31, 2013.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of June 30, 2014, we did not have any significant off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our international sales comprise a significant portion of our net sales. We are exposed to risks associated with operating internationally, including:

- Foreign currency exchange risk
- Import and export duties, taxes and regulatory changes;
- Inflationary economies or currencies; and
- Economic and political instability.

Additionally, some of our operations are in developing countries. Certain events, including natural disasters, can impact the infrastructure of a developing country more severely than they would impact the infrastructure of a developed country. A developing country can also take longer to recover from such events, which could lead to delays in our ability to resume full operations.

We do not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. As of June 30, 2014, we did not have any foreign currency hedges. In the future, significant transactions involving our international operations may cause us to consider engaging in hedging transactions to attempt to mitigate our exposure to

fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. These exposures relate primarily to vendor payments and intercompany balances in currencies other than the primary currency generated and used by our foreign operations. Some of our international operations operate in a natural hedge because both operating expenses and a portion of sales are denominated in local currency. Our sales are substantially denominated in U.S. dollars. Our foreign currency cash flows are generated in certain Asian and European countries and Mexico.

We are also exposed to market risk for changes in interest rates, a portion of which relates to our invested cash balances. We do not use derivative financial instruments in our investing activities. We place cash and cash equivalents and investments with various major financial institutions. We protect our invested principal funds by limiting default risk, market risk and reinvestment risk. We mitigate default risk by generally investing in investment grade securities. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding amount in the long-term investment portfolio included \$11.3 million (par value) of auction rate securities with an average annual return of approximately 0.11%.

Item 4 – Controls and Procedures

Our management has evaluated, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon such evaluation, our CEO and CFO have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports filed or submitted by us under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in such reports is appropriately accumulated and communicated to management, including our CEO and CFO, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Our management, including our CEO and CFO, does not expect that our disclosure controls and internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors or mistakes. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, a control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Exhibits 31.1 and 31.2 are the Certifications of the CEO and the CFO, respectively. The Certifications are required in accordance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the Section 302 Certifications). This Item is the information concerning the Evaluation referred to in the Section 302 Certifications, and this information should be read in conjunction with the Section 302 Certifications for a more complete understanding of the topics presented.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There are no material changes to the risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A of our 2013 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) The following table provides information about the Company's repurchases of its equity securities that are registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act during the quarter ended June 30, 2014, at a total cost of \$7.4 million:

	ISSUER PUR	СНА	SES OF EQUIT	Y SECURITIES		
						(d) Maximum
				(c) Total		Number (or
				Number of		Approximate
				Shares		Dollar Value)
				Purchased as		of Shares that
				Part of		May Yet Be
	(a) Total			Publicly		Purchased
	Number of		(b) Average	Announced		Under the
	Shares		Price Paid per	Plans or		Plans or
Period	Purchased ⁽¹⁾		Share ⁽²⁾	Programs		Programs ⁽³⁾
April 1 to 30, 2014	105,000	\$	23.07	105,000	\$	39.9 million
May 1 to 31, 2014	75,000	\$	22.91	75,000	\$	38.2 million
June 1 to 30, 2014	133,735	\$	24.01	133,735	\$	35.0 million
Total	313,735	\$	23.43	313,735		

⁽¹⁾ All share repurchases were made on the open market.

⁽²⁾ Average price paid per share is calculated on a settlement basis and excludes commission.

⁽³⁾ On June 13, 2012, the Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to \$100 million of our outstanding common shares. Share purchases may be made in the open market, in privately negotiated transactions or block transactions, at the discretion of the Company's management and as market conditions warrant. Purchases are funded

from available cash and may be commenced, suspended or discontinued at any time without prior notice. Shares repurchased under the program are retired.

Item 6. Exhibits

3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company dated May 10, 1990 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration Number 33-46316) (the Registration Statement))
3.2	Amendment to the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company adopted by the shareholders of the Company on May 20, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 (Commission file number 1-10560))
3.3	Amendment to the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company approved by the shareholders of the Company on August 13, 2002 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to the Company's Form S-8 (Registration Number 333-103183))
3.4	Amendment to the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company approved by the shareholders of the Company on May 10, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Form 8-K dated October 16, 2006 and filed on October 16, 2006 (Commission file number 1-10560))
3.5	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company dated May 18, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to the Company's Form 8-K dated May 18, 2006 and filed on May 19, 2006 (Commission file number 1-10560))
4.1	Specimen form of certificate evidencing the Common Shares (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Registration Statement)
10.1*	First Amendment to the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated June 9, 2014
31.1*	Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2*	Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1*	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
32.2*	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
101.INS ⁽¹⁾	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH ⁽¹⁾	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL ⁽¹⁾	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB ⁽¹⁾	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE ⁽¹⁾	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF ⁽¹⁾	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

* Filed herewith.

⁽¹⁾ XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Exchange Act, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized on August 6, 2014.

	BENCHMARK ELECTRONICS, INC.
	(Registrant)
	By: <u>/s/ Gayla J. Delly</u>
	Gayla J. Delly
	President and Chief Executive Officer
	(Principal Executive Officer)
	By: <u>/s/ Donald F. Adam</u>
	Donald F. Adam
	Chief Financial Officer
	(Principal Financial Officer)
3	4

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