NAVISTAR INTERNATIONAL CORP Form 10-O September 09, 2005

#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** 

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2005

OR

#### TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from

(X)

()

Commission file number 1-9618

## NAVISTAR INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

> 4201 Winfield Road, P.O. Box 1488 Warrenville, Illinois 60555

(Address of principal executive offices, Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 753-5000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\underline{X}$  No \_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule12b-2 of the Act.) Yes  $\underline{X}$  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule12b-2 of the Act.) Yes \_\_\_\_ No X

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED

36-3359573

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

То

#### IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_\_

## APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

As of August 31, 2005, the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock was 70,106,556.

# NAVISTAR INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

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# **PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

#### **ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### STATEMENT OF

**INCOME** (Unaudited) Millions of dollars, except per share data

	Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries									
	1	Three Months Ended Nine J July 31					e Months Ended July 31			
		2005	7	2004		2005	7	2004		
				* As estated				* As estated		
Sales and revenues										
Sales of manufactured										
products	\$	2,923	\$	2,294	\$	8,318	\$	6,456		
Finance revenue		60		55		180		182		
Other income		11		-		24		9		
					_					
Total sales and revenues		2,994		2,349		8,522		6,647		
Costs and expenses										
Cost of products and										
services sold		2,474		1,953		7,149		5,582		
Restructuring and other										
non-recurring charges		-		(5)		-		(1)		
Postretirement benefits										
expense		59		43		178		162		
Engineering and research		0.1						101		
expense		91		66		254		181		
Selling, general and		010		174		<b>50</b> 4		470		
administrative expense		210		174		584		473		
Interest expense		51 12		31 5		126 26		96 20		
Other expense		12		5	_	20		20		
Total costs and expenses		2,897		2,267		8,317		6,513		
Income before income										
taxes		97		82		205		134		

Income tax expense		33		32		70		46
Net income	\$	64	\$	50	\$	135	\$	88
<b>Earnings per share</b> Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.91 0.83	\$ \$	0.72 0.66	\$ \$	1.93 1.78	\$ \$	1.27 1.19
Average shares outstanding (millions) Basic Diluted		70.1 79.9		69.9 80.0		70.1 80.1		69.6 80.2

See Notes to Financial Statements.

\* See Note Q to the Financial Statements.

# **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION** (Unaudited) Millions of dollars

	Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries								
		uly 31 2005		ober 31 2004	July 31 2004				
						* As			
ASSETS Current assets					K	estated			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	593	\$	605	\$	478			
Marketable securities	Ψ	719	Ψ	182	Ψ	6			
Receivables, net		962		1,215		850			
Inventories		1,064		790		856			
Deferred tax asset, net		169		207		152			
Other assets		224		168		183			
Total current assets		3,731		3,167		2,525			
Marketable securities		523		73		424			
Finance and other receivables, net		1,108		1,222		878			
Property and equipment, net		1,533		1,444		1,405			
Investments and other assets		516		374		327			
Prepaid and intangible pension									
assets		90		73		70			
Deferred tax asset, net		1,266		1,239		1,290			
	¢		¢	7 500	۴	6.010			
Total assets	\$	8,767	\$	7,592	\$	6,919			
			_						
LIABILITIES AND									
SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY									
Liabilities									
Current liabilities									
Notes payable and current									
maturities of long-term debt	\$	1,170	\$	823	\$	271			
Accounts payable, principally	Ψ	1,170	Ψ	025	Ψ	271			
trade		1,383		1,462		1,161			
Other liabilities		996		965		844			
Total current liabilities		3,549		3,250		2,276			
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Debt: Manufacturing operations	1,359	1,258	1,268
Financial services			
operations	1,361	787	1,253
Postretirement benefits liability	1,426	1,382	1,391
Other liabilities	384	384	364
Total liabilities	8,079	7,061	6,552
		7,001	
Commitments and contingencies			
Shareowners' equity			
Series D convertible junior			
preference stock	4	4	4
Common stock and additional paid			
in capital			
(75.3 million shares issued)	2,078	2,096	2,087
Retained earnings (deficit)	(470)	(604)	(762)
Accumulated other comprehensive			
loss	(756)	(789)	(782)
Common stock held in treasury, at			
cost			
(5.2 million, 5.3 million and 5.5			
million shares held)	(168)	(176)	(180)
Total shareowners' equity	688	531	367
Total Sharoowners' equity			
Total liabilities and shareowners' equity	\$ 8,767	\$ 7,592	\$ 6,919
cyuity	φ 0,707	ψ 1,372	φ 0,919

See Notes to Financial Statements.

\* See Note Q to the Financial Statements.

# **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW** (Unaudited) Millions of dollars

	Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries						
		2005	20	04			
			* As R	estated			
Cash flow from operating activities							
Net income	\$	135	\$	88			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to							
cash provided by (used in) operating							
activities:		1(0		140			
Depreciation and amortization		168		149			
Deferred income taxes		20		18			
Postretirement benefits funding less than		45		(172)			
(in excess of) expense Gains on sales of receivables		45 (14)		(173) (26)			
Other, net		(14)		(20)			
Change in operating assets and		(20)		(0))			
liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions:							
Receivables		79		(45)			
Inventories		(246)		(240)			
Prepaid and other current assets		(34)		(30)			
Accounts payable		(50)		51			
Other liabilities		3		61			
Cash provided by (used in) operating							
activities		86		(236)			
Cash flow from investment programs							
Purchases of retail notes and lease							
receivables		(1,240)		(1,192)			
Collections/sales of retail notes and							
lease receivables		1,537		1,360			
Purchases of marketable securities		(1,676)		(235)			
Sales or maturities of marketable							
securities		688		401			
Capital expenditures		(107)		(103)			
Property and equipment leased to others		21		4			
Acquisitions and investment in							
affiliates		(229)		(1)			

Other investment programs	 (83)	 (16)
Cash provided by (used in)		
investment programs	(1,089)	218
Cash flow from financing activities		
Issuance of debt	1,029	165
Principal payments on debt	(111)	(194)
Net increase in notes and debt		
outstanding under bank revolving credit		
facility and commercial paper		
programs	80	56
Premium on call options, net	-	(22)
Other financing activities	(7)	24
Cash provided by financing activities	991	29
Cash and cash equivalents		
Increase (decrease) during the period	(12)	11
At beginning of the period	605	467
Cash and cash equivalents at end of		
the period	\$ 593	\$ 478
Supplemental cash flow information		
Interest paid	\$ 122	\$ 113
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$ 18	\$ 16

See Notes to Financial Statements.

\* See Note Q to the Financial Statements.

## Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note A. Summary of Accounting Policies

Navistar International Corporation (NIC) is a holding company whose principal operating subsidiary is International Truck and Engine Corporation (International). As used hereafter, "company" or "Navistar" refers to Navistar International Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries. Navistar operates in three principal industry segments: truck, engine (collectively called "manufacturing operations"), and financial services. The consolidated financial statements include the results of the company's manufacturing operations, majority owned dealers and its wholly owned financial services subsidiaries. The effects of transactions between the manufacturing, dealer and financial services operations have been eliminated to arrive at the consolidated totals.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies described in the 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K and should be read in conjunction with the disclosures therein.

In the opinion of management, these interim financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flow for the periods presented. In the current quarter, the company recorded charges of \$14 million related to a foundry operation, including \$11 million to correct the location's inventory balances based upon physical counts conducted during the third quarter. This inventory adjustment was charged to the current period because the company was not able to determine the prior period to which the adjustment may have related. For the nine month period, the inventory charge described above combined with the correction of certain other accounting errors (\$7 million) and other adjustments related to changes in estimates (\$15 million) for this location totaled approximately \$33 million. The errors primarily involved capitalized costs that should have been expensed in the prior periods in which they occurred.

Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. Certain 2004 and 2005 amounts have been reclassified to conform with the presentation used in the 2005 financial statements in this report.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure," encourage, but do not require, companies to record compensation cost for stock-based employee compensation plans at fair value. The company has chosen to continue to account for stock-based compensation in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations. Accordingly, no compensation cost has been recognized for fixed stock options because the exercise prices of the stock options equal the market value of the company's common stock at the date of grant. The following table illustrates the effect on the company's net income and earnings per share if the company had applied the fair value recognition provision of SFAS No. 123 in accordance with the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 148.

	Th	ree Mor July		nded	Nine Mon Jul	 Ended
Millions of dollars, except per share data	20	005	2	004	2005	 2004
Net income, as reported Add: Interest expense on 2.5%	\$	64 2	\$	50 3	\$ 135	\$ 88

senior convertible and 4.75% subordinated exchangeable debt for dilutive purposes (net of tax)

Adjusted net income available to common shareholders plus assumed conversions665314295Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards net of related tax effects(2)(3)(8)(10)Pro forma net income\$64\$50\$134\$85Earnings per share: Basic - as reported\$0.91\$0.72\$1.93\$1.27Basic - pro forma\$0.88\$0.68\$1.81\$1.13		 			 <u> </u>	 
employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards net of related tax effects(2)(3)(8)(10)Pro forma net income\$64\$50\$134\$85Earnings per share: Basic - as reported\$0.91\$0.72\$1.93\$1.27	to common shareholders plus	66		53	142	95
Pro forma net income       \$ 64       \$ 50       \$ 134       \$ 85         Earnings per share:       Basic - as reported       \$ 0.91       \$ 0.72       \$ 1.93       \$ 1.27	employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all					
Earnings per share: Basic - as reported \$ 0.91 \$ 0.72 \$ 1.93 \$ 1.27	effects	(2)		(3)	(8)	(10)
Earnings per share: Basic - as reported \$ 0.91 \$ 0.72 \$ 1.93 \$ 1.27		 			 	 
Basic - as reported         \$ 0.91         \$ 0.72         \$ 1.93         \$ 1.27	Pro forma net income	\$ 64	\$	50	\$ 134	\$ 85
Basic - as reported         \$ 0.91         \$ 0.72         \$ 1.93         \$ 1.27			_			
Basic - as reported         \$ 0.91         \$ 0.72         \$ 1.93         \$ 1.27						
1	Earnings per share:					
Basic - pro forma         \$         0.88         \$         0.68         \$         1.13	Basic - as reported	\$ 0.91	\$	0.72	\$ 1.93	\$ 1.27
	Basic - pro forma	\$ 0.88	\$	0.68	\$ 1.81	\$ 1.13
Diluted - as reported         \$         0.83         \$         0.66         \$         1.78         \$         1.19	Diluted - as reported	\$ 0.83	\$	0.66	\$ 1.78	\$ 1.19
Diluted - pro forma         \$         0.80         \$         0.62         \$         1.06	Diluted - pro forma	\$ 0.80	\$	0.62	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.06

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note B. New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment." This Statement generally requires the recognition of the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments. This cost is based on the grant date fair value of the equity award and will be recognized over the period during which the employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award. The effective date for the company is the beginning of the first fiscal quarter of 2006. The company is still evaluating its share-based payment programs and the related impact this Statement may have on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In November 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, "Inventory Costs," to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted material. The Statement clarifies that abnormal inventory costs should be recognized in the period in which they occur. This Statement is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The company will adopt this Statement in fiscal 2006 but has not yet determined the effect, if any, this Statement may have on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, "Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets," to amend Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 29, "Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions" (APB No. 29). The Statement eliminates the exception from fair value measurement for nonmonetary exchanges of similar products in APB No. 29 and replaces it with an exception for exchanges that do not have commercial substance. This Statement will be applied prospectively for nonmonetary asset exchanges occurring in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The company does not expect this statement will have a material impact on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In December 2004, the FASB issued two FASB Staff Positions (FSPs) that provide accounting guidance on how companies should account for the effects of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (the Act) that was signed into law on October 22, 2004. The Act could affect how companies report their deferred income tax balances. The first FSP is FSP FAS 109-1 (FSP 109-1); the second is FSP FAS 109-2 (FSP 109-2). In FSP 109-1, the FASB concludes that the tax relief (special tax deduction for domestic manufacturing) from the Act should be accounted for as a "special deduction" instead of a tax rate reduction. The company continues to evaluate the impact, if any, this FSP may have on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. FSP 109-2 gives a company additional time to evaluate the effects of the Act on any plan for reinvestment or repatriation of foreign earnings for purposes of applying SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." However, the company must provide certain disclosures if it chooses to utilize the additional time granted by the FASB. The company has completed its evaluation and does not intend to repatriate foreign earnings.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations." This Interpretation addresses diverse accounting practices that developed with respect to the timing of liability recognition for legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset when the timing and (or) method of settlement of the obligation are conditional on a future event. FIN No. 47 concludes that an entity is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation when incurred if the liability's fair value can be reasonably estimated. This Interpretation is effective no later than the end of fiscal years ending after December 15, 2005. The company does not have any such asset retirement obligations at this time. The company expects that this Interpretation will have no impact on the company's results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections," to replace Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes" and SFAS No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." This Statement provides guidance on the accounting for and reporting of accounting changes and error corrections. It also establishes the required methods by which entities should include accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. Early adoption is permitted for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after the date this Statement was issued. The company intends to adopt this Statement for fiscal 2006.

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note C. Business Combinations

In April 2005, the company acquired MWM Motores Diesel Ltda (MWM), a Brazilian entity. MWM produces a broad line of medium and high-speed diesel engines in the 50 to 310 horsepower range for use in pick-ups, trucks, vans, light and semi-heavy trucks, as well as agricultural, marine and electric generator applications. The acquisition was effective April 1, 2005, therefore, the company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the operating results of MWM as of that date. For the three months ended July 31, 2005, MWM contributed \$7 million in profit. The Administrative Council for Economic Defense (CADE), the Brazilian antitrust regulatory authority, must review and approve the acquisition, and that review is still pending. Only minimal synergies can be achieved prior to CADE approval and CADE may require divestiture of assets or impose other conditions on the acquisition. This uncertainty inhibits the company from completing certain aspects of the purchase accounting associated with the acquisition of MWM. Once CADE finalizes its review, management will evaluate its engine operations within Brazil, decide how to best utilize its resources to meet the needs of its customers and complete the accounting associated with the acquisition.

#### Note D. Postretirement Benefits

#### Postretirement Benefits Expense

The company provides postretirement benefits to a substantial portion of its employees. Costs associated with postretirement benefits include pension and postretirement healthcare expenses for employees, retirees and surviving spouses and dependents. In addition, as part of the 1993 restructured healthcare and life insurance plans, profit sharing payments to the Retiree Supplemental Benefit Trust (Trust) are required.

The cost of postretirement benefits is segregated as a separate component on the Statement of Income and is as follows:

	T	hree Moi July	nths E y 31	nded		Ended		
Millions of dollars	2	005	2	2004		2005		2004
Pension expense	\$	17	\$	14	\$	52	\$	52
Other benefits expense		42		32		126		108
Profit sharing provision to Trust		-		(3)	1	-		2
Net postretirement benefits								
expense	\$	59	\$	43	\$	178	\$	162

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#### Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note D. Postretirement Benefits (continued)

Net periodic postretirement benefits expense included on the Statement of Income is composed of the following: **Pension Expense** 

	T	nree Mon July		nded	]	Nine Mon July	 nded
Millions of dollars	2	005	2	2004	2	2005	2004
Service costs for benefits							
earned during the period	\$	6	\$	3	\$	18	\$ 17
Interest on obligation		55		58		166	174
Amortization of cumulative							
losses		15		12		44	37
Amortization of prior service							
cost		2		1		6	4
Other		6		7		19	20
Less expected return on assets		(67)		(67)		(201)	 (200)
Net pension expense	\$	17	\$	14	\$	52	\$ 52

"Other" in the above table includes the expense related to yearly lump-sum payments to retirees required by negotiated labor contracts, expense related to defined contribution plans and other postretirement benefit costs.

	<b>Other Benefits Expense</b>											
		Three Mon July		Ended	Nine Months Ended July 31							
Millions of dollars		2005	2004		2005		2004					
Service costs for benefits												
earned during the period	\$	4	\$	3	\$	13	\$	10				
Interest on obligation		36		34		108		105				
Amortization of cumulative												
losses		15		10		45		31				
Other		-		(1)		-		3				
Less expected return on assets		(13)		(14)		(40)		(41)				
-												
Net other benefits expense	\$	42	\$	32	\$	126	\$	108				
					_							

### Employer Contributions

The company previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2004 that it expected to contribute approximately \$20 million to its pension plans in 2005. Current expectations regarding 2005 pension plan contributions have not changed since that time. As of July 31, 2005, \$15 million of contributions have been made to the company's qualified pension plans.

The company also makes contributions to partially fund retiree healthcare benefits. As of July 31, 2005, \$4 million of contributions have been made to the company's retiree healthcare plans and the company anticipates contributing an additional \$2 million in 2005 for a total contribution of \$6 million.

#### Note E. Income Taxes

The Statement of Income reflects tax expense which primarily reduces the cumulative benefit of NOL carryforwards currently recognized as a deferred tax asset, net of valuation allowances, in the Statement of Financial Condition. Cash payment of income taxes may be required for certain state income, foreign income and withholding and federal alternative minimum taxes. Until the company has utilized its significant NOL carryforwards, the cash payment of United States (U.S.) federal and state income taxes will be minimal.

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note F. Inventories

Inventories are as follows:

Millions of dollars		July 31 2005		October 31 2004		July 31 2004
Finished products	\$	675	\$	505	\$	539
Work in process		57		47		69
Raw materials and supplies		332		238		248
Total inventories	\$	1,064	\$	790	\$	856
			_		_	

#### Note G. Sales of Receivables

Navistar Financial Corporation's (NFC) primary business is to provide wholesale, retail and lease financing for new and used trucks sold by International and International's dealers and, as a result, NFC's finance receivables and leases have significant concentration in the trucking industry. NFC retains as collateral an ownership interest in the equipment associated with leases and a security interest in equipment associated with wholesale notes and retail notes.

The following table summarizes NFC's sale of retail notes and leases for the three months and nine months ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, in millions of dollars.

	Three Months Ended July 31				Nine Months Ended July 31				
	2005		2004		2005		2004		
Sales of retail receivables Gain on sales of retail	\$	385	\$	325	\$	1,559	\$	1,120	
receivables		3		3		14		26	

#### Note H. Debt

In March 2005, the company sold \$400 million in Senior Notes due 2012 (original notes). The original notes were sold in a Rule 144A and Regulation S private unregistered offering and were priced to yield 6.25%. In June 2005, the company offered to exchange these original notes for a like amount of the company's new 6.25%, Series B, Senior Notes due 2012 (exchange notes). The exchange notes were registered under the Securities Act. The terms of the exchange notes issued in the exchange offer are substantially identical to the original notes, except that the transfer restrictions and registration rights provisions relating to the original notes will not apply to the exchange notes. The exchange notes are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the company's principal operating subsidiary,

International Truck and Engine Corporation. The exchange notes are the company's senior unsecured obligation and rank in right of payment behind all of the company's future secured debt and equally in right of payment to all of the company's existing and future senior unsecured debt. The company exchanged in excess of 99.9% of the original notes for the exchange notes when the exchange offer expired on July 27, 2005.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2005, NFC refinanced its \$820 million revolving credit facility which was going to become due in December 2005 with a new \$1,200 million revolving credit facility that becomes due in December 2010. Likewise, one of NFC's related affiliates, Truck Retail Installment Paper Corporation (TRIP), entered into a new revolving retail facility with a capacity of \$500 million that will expire in June 2010, to replace the \$500 million facility that will expire in August 2005.

In July 2005, the company repurchased \$18 million of its 4.75% Subordinated Exchangeable Notes due 2009 and \$7 million of its 9.375% Senior Notes due 2006. The effect of these repurchases on operating income was negligible. The repurchase of the 4.75% Subordinated Exchangeable Notes due 2009 reduced the number of shares included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, beginning in July, by approximately 323,000 shares.

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note I. Restructuring and Other Non-recurring Charges

#### Restructuring Charges

In 2000 and 2002, the company's board of directors approved separate plans to restructure its manufacturing and corporate operations. The company incurred charges for severance and other benefits, curtailment losses, lease terminations, asset and inventory write-downs and other exit costs relating to these plans. The following are the major restructuring, integration and cost reduction initiatives originally included in the 2000 and 2002 Plans of Restructuring (Plans of Restructuring):

- Replacement of steel cab trucks with a new line of High Performance Vehicles (HPV) and a concurrent realignment of the company's truck manufacturing facilities
  - · Launch of the next generation technology diesel engines (NGD)

· Consolidation of corporate operations

- · Realignment of the bus and truck dealership network and termination of various dealerships' contracts
- Closure of certain facilities and operations and exit of certain activities including the Chatham, Ontario heavy truck assembly facility, the Springfield, Ohio body plant and a manufacturing production line within one of the company's plants
  - · Offer of early retirement and voluntary severance programs to certain union represented employees

The Plans of Restructuring originally called for a reduction in workforce of approximately 5,400 employees, primarily in North America, resulting in charges totaling \$169 million. The decision, in 2003, to keep open the Chatham facility along with changes in staffing requirements at other manufacturing facilities lowered the total number of employee reductions to 4,200. The change in expected employee reductions along with an evaluation of the severance reserves related to the HPV and NGD product programs resulted in a net reversal to the previously recorded severance and other benefits reserves totaling \$50 million.

A curtailment loss of \$157 million was recorded in 2002 relating to the company's postretirement plans. This loss was the result of an early retirement program for represented employees at the company's Springfield and Indianapolis plants and the planned closure of the Chatham facility. Subsequently, the decision to keep open the Chatham facility, the offer of an early retirement and voluntary severance program to certain employees at the Chatham facility, and the completion of the sign-up period for the early retirement window program offered to certain eligible, long serviced UAW employees, resulted in a net reduction of \$3 million to the previously recorded curtailment loss. The curtailment liability has been classified as a postretirement benefits liability on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Lease termination charges include estimated lease costs, net of probable sublease income, under long-term non-cancelable lease agreements. These charges primarily relate to the lease at the company's previous corporate office in Chicago, Illinois, which expires in 2010.

Dealer termination costs include the termination of certain dealer contracts in connection with the realignment of the company's bus distribution network. Other exit costs include contractually obligated exit and closure costs associated with facility closures and an accrual for the loss on sale of Harco National Insurance Company. As of July 31, 2005, \$54 million of the total net charge of \$66 million has been incurred.

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Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note I. Restructuring and Other Non-recurring Charges (continued)

#### Other Non-Recurring Charges

In October 2002, Ford Motor Company (Ford) advised the company that its current business case for a V-6 diesel engine in the specified vehicles was not viable and discontinued its program for the use of these engines. Accordingly, the company recorded charges of \$170 million for the write-off of deferred pre-production costs, the write-down of fixed assets that were abandoned, lease obligations under non-cancelable operating leases, and accruals for amounts contractually owed to suppliers. In 2003, the company recorded an adjustment of \$11 million for additional amounts contractually owed to suppliers related to the V-6 diesel engine program. In April 2003, the company reached a comprehensive agreement with Ford concerning the termination of its V-6 diesel engine program. The terms of the agreement include compensation to neutralize certain current and future V-6 diesel engine program related costs not accrued for as part of the 2002 non-recurring charge, resolution of ongoing pricing related to the company's V-8 diesel engine program and a release by the parties of all of their obligations under the V-6 diesel engines through 2012. The agreement with Ford does not have a material net impact on the Statement of Financial Condition or the Statement of Income for the periods covered in this report.

#### Summary

Through July 31, 2005, the company has recorded cumulative charges of \$818 million relating to the Plans of Restructuring and other non-recurring charges.

The remaining components of the company's Plans of Restructuring and other non-recurring charges are shown in the following table.

Millions of dollars	Octo	ance ber 31 )04	 ount urred	Balance July 31 2005		
Lease terminations	\$	21	\$ (4) \$	\$ 17		
Dealer terminations and other charges		12	-	12		
Other non-recurring charges		64	(7)	57		
Total	\$	97	\$ (11)	\$ 86		

The remaining liability of \$86 million is expected to be funded from existing cash balances and internally generated cash flows from operations. The total cash outlay for the remainder of 2005 is expected to be \$4 million with the remaining obligation of \$82 million, primarily related to non-recurring charges and long-term non-cancelable lease agreements, to be settled in 2006 and beyond.

The company is in the process of completing certain aspects of the Plans of Restructuring and will continue to evaluate the remaining restructuring reserves as the plans are executed. As a result, there may be additional

adjustments to the reserves noted above. Since the company-wide restructuring plans are an aggregation of many individual components requiring judgments and estimates, actual costs have differed from estimated amounts.

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Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note J. Financial Instruments

The company uses derivative financial instruments as part of its overall interest rate and foreign currency risk management strategy.

The financial services operations manage exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by limiting the amount of fixed rate assets funded with variable rate debt. This is accomplished by selling fixed rate receivables on a fixed rate basis and by utilizing derivative financial instruments. These derivative financial instruments may include interest rate swaps, interest rate caps and forward contracts. The fair value of these instruments is estimated based on quoted market prices and is subject to market risk as the instruments may become less valuable due to changes in market conditions or interest rates. NFC manages exposure to counter-party credit risk by entering into derivative financial instruments with major financial institutions that can be expected to fully perform under the terms of such agreements. NFC does not require collateral or other security to support derivative financial instruments with credit risk.

NFC's counter-party credit exposure is limited to the positive fair value of contracts at the reporting date. As of July 31, 2005, NFC's derivative financial instruments had a positive net fair value. Notional amounts of derivative financial instruments do not represent exposure to credit loss.

At July 31, 2005, the notional amounts and fair values of the company's derivative financial instruments are presented in the following table, in millions of dollars. The fair values of all these derivative financial instruments are recorded in other assets or other liabilities on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Inception Date	Maturity Date	Derivative Type	Notional Amount	F	air Value
October 2003 - April 2005	April 2008 - September 2009	Interest rate swaps*	\$ 16	\$	-
July 2001 - June 2004	April 2006 - June 2011	Interest rate swaps	929		1
October 2000 - September 2001	October 2009 - November 2012	Interest rate caps	2,065		-

\*Accounted for as non-hedging instruments.

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#### Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note K. Guarantees

The company and its subsidiaries occasionally provide guarantees that could obligate them to make future payments if the primary entity fails to perform under its contractual obligations. The company has not recorded a liability for these guarantees. The company has no recourse as guarantor in case of default.

International provides a full and unconditional guarantee on the \$400 million 9.375% Senior Notes due 2006, the \$250 million 7.5% Senior Notes due 2011, the \$400 million 6.25% Senior Notes due 2012 and the \$190 million 2.5% Senior Convertible Notes due 2007. NIC also provides a guarantee on the \$19 million 9.95% Senior Notes due 2011. As of July 31, 2005, the outstanding balance on the 9.95% Senior Notes and the 9.375% Senior Notes was \$13 million and \$393 million, respectively.

NIC and International are obligated under certain agreements with public and private lenders of NFC to maintain the subsidiary's income before interest expense and income taxes at not less than 125% of its total interest expense. No income maintenance payments were required for the nine months ended July 31, 2005.

NIC guarantees lines of credit made available to its Mexican finance subsidiaries by third parties and NFC. NFC guarantees the borrowings of the Mexican finance subsidiaries. The following table summarizes the borrowings as of July 31, 2005, in millions of dollars.

Entity	-	Amount of Guaranty	. <u>-</u>	Outstanding Balance	Maturity dates extend to
NIC	\$	393	(1)\$	5 99	2010
NFC		145		127	2010
NIC and NFC		100		10	2010

(1) Included in this amount is \$260 million of un-drawn guarantees. Pursuant to an intercompany guarantee made by NIC in favor of NFC, NIC has agreed to guarantee, either directly to third party banks or indirectly through NFC, an un-drawn amount of \$260 million.

The company also guarantees many of the operating leases of its operating subsidiaries. The leases have various expiration dates that extend through June 2014. The remaining maximum obligation under these leases as of July 31, 2005, totaled approximately \$495 million.

The company and International also guarantee real estate operating leases of International and of the subsidiaries of the company. The leases have various maturity dates extending through 2019. As of July 31, 2005, the total remaining obligation under these leases is approximately \$43 million.

The company and NFC have issued residual value guarantees in connection with various operating leases. The amount of the guarantees is undeterminable because in some instances, neither the company nor NFC is responsible for the

entire amount of the guaranteed lease residual. The company's and NFC's guarantees are contingent upon the fair value of the leased assets at the end of the lease term. The difference between this fair value and the guaranteed lease residual represents the amount of the company's and NFC's exposure.

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#### Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note K. Guarantees (continued)

As of July 31, 2005, NFC had guaranteed derivative contracts for interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps related to two of the company's Mexican finance subsidiaries. NFC is liable up to the fair market value of these derivative contracts only in cases of default by the two Mexican finance subsidiaries. As of July 31, 2005, there was an outstanding notional balance of \$59 million related to interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps, and the fair market value of the outstanding balance was immaterial.

At July 31, 2005, the company's Canadian operating subsidiary was contingently liable for \$513 million of retail customers' contracts and \$26 million of retail leases that are financed by a third party. The Canadian operating subsidiary is responsible for the residual values of these financing arrangements. These contract amounts approximate the resale market value of the collateral underlying the note liabilities.

In addition, the company entered into various guarantees for purchase commitments, insurance loss reserves, credit guarantees and buyback programs with various expiration dates that total approximately \$87 million. In the ordinary course of business, the company also provides routine indemnifications and other guarantees whose terms range in duration and often are not explicitly defined. The company does not believe these will have a material impact on the results of operations or financial condition of the company.

#### Product Warranty

Provisions for estimated expenses related to product warranty are made at the time products are sold. These estimates are established using historical information about the nature, frequency and average cost of warranty claims. Management actively studies trends of warranty claims and takes action to improve vehicle quality and minimize warranty claims. Management believes that the warranty reserve is appropriate; however, actual claims incurred could differ from the original estimates, requiring adjustments to the reserve.

Changes in the product warranty accrual for the nine months ended July 31, 2005, were as follows:

Balance, beginning of period	\$ 286
Change in liability for warranties issued during the period	171
Change in liability for pre-existing warranties	20
Payments made	(199)
Balance, end of period	\$ 278

Millions of dollars

#### Note L. Legal Proceedings and Environmental Matters

The company and its subsidiaries are subject to various claims arising in the ordinary course of business, and are parties to various legal proceedings that constitute ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business of the company and its subsidiaries. The majority of these claims and proceedings relate to commercial, product liability and warranty

matters. In the opinion of the company's management, the disposition of these proceedings and claims, including those discussed below, after taking into account established reserves and the availability and limits of the company's insurance coverage, will not have a material adverse effect on the business or the financial results of the company.

The company has been named a potentially responsible party (PRP), in conjunction with other parties, in a number of cases arising under an environmental protection law, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, popularly known as the Superfund law. These cases involve sites that allegedly received wastes from current or former company locations. Based on information available to the company which, in most cases, consists of data related to quantities and characteristics of material generated at current or former

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note L. Legal Proceedings and Environmental Matters (continued)

company locations, material allegedly shipped by the company to these disposal sites, as well as cost estimates from PRPs and/or federal or state regulatory agencies for the cleanup of these sites, a reasonable estimate is calculated of the company's share, if any, of the probable costs and is provided for in the financial statements. These obligations are generally recognized no later than completion of the remedial feasibility study and are not discounted to their present value. The company reviews all accruals on a regular basis and believes that, based on these calculations, its share of the potential additional costs for the cleanup of each site will not have a material effect on the company's financial results.

Two sites formerly owned by the company, Wisconsin Steel in Chicago, Illinois and Solar Turbines in San Diego, California, were identified as having soil and groundwater contamination. While investigations and cleanup activities continue at both sites, the company anticipates that all necessary costs to complete the cleanup have been adequately reserved.

In December 2003, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) issued a Notice of Violation to the company in conjunction with the operation of its engine casting facility in Indianapolis, Indiana. Specifically, the US EPA alleged that the company violated applicable environmental regulations by failing to obtain the necessary permit in connection with the construction of certain equipment and complying with the best available control technology for emissions from such equipment. The company is currently in discussions with the US EPA and believes that its discussions will result in capital improvements together with monetary sanctions which will not be material.

Various claims and controversies have arisen between the company and its former fuel system supplier, Caterpillar Inc. (Caterpillar), regarding the ownership and validity of certain patents covering fuel system technology used in the company's new version of diesel engines that were introduced in February 2002. In June 1999, in Federal Court in Peoria, Illinois, Caterpillar sued Sturman Industries, Inc. (Sturman), the company's joint venture partner in developing fuel system technology, alleging that technology invented and patented by Sturman and licensed to the company, belongs to Caterpillar. After a trial, on July 18, 2002, the jury returned a verdict in favor of Caterpillar finding that this technology belongs to Caterpillar under a prior contract between Caterpillar and Sturman. Sturman appealed the adverse judgment, and the jury's verdict was reversed by the appellate court on October 28, 2004 and remanded to the district court for retrial. The company is cooperating with Sturman in this effort. In May 2003, in Federal Court in Columbia, South Carolina, Caterpillar sued the company, its supplier of fuel injectors and joint venture, Siemens Diesel Systems Technology, L.L.C., and Sturman for patent infringement alleging that the Sturman fuel system technology patents and certain Caterpillar patents are infringed in the company's new engines. The company believes that it has meritorious defenses to the claims of infringement of the Sturman patents as well as the Caterpillar patents and will vigorously defend such claims. In January 2002, Caterpillar sued the company in the Circuit Court in Peoria County, Illinois, alleging the company breached the purchase agreement pursuant to which Caterpillar supplied fuel systems for the company's prior version of diesel engines. Caterpillar's claims involve a 1990 agreement to reimburse Caterpillar for costs associated with the delayed launch of the company's V-8 diesel engine program. Reimbursement of the delay costs was made by a surcharge of \$8.08 on each injector purchased and the purchase of certain minimum quantities of spare parts. In 1999, the company concluded that, in accordance with the 1990 agreement, it had fully reimbursed Caterpillar for its delay costs and stopped paying the surcharge and purchasing the minimum quantities of spare parts. Caterpillar is asserting that the surcharge and the spare parts purchase requirements continue throughout the life of the contract and has sued the company to recover these amounts, plus interest. Caterpillar also asserts that the company failed to purchase all of its fuel injector requirements under the contract and, in collusion with Sturman, failed to pursue a future fuel systems supply relationship with Caterpillar. The company believes that it has

meritorious defenses to Caterpillar's claims.

Along with other vehicle manufacturers, the company and certain of its subsidiaries have been subject to an increase in the number of asbestos-related claims in recent years. Management believes that such claims will not have a material adverse affect on the company's financial results. In general these claims relate to illnesses alleged to have resulted from asbestos exposure from component parts found in older vehicles, although some cases relate to the presence of asbestos in company facilities. In these claims the company is not the sole defendant, and the claims name as defendants numerous manufacturers and suppliers of a wide variety of products allegedly containing asbestos. Management has strongly disputed these claims, and it has been the

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Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note L. Legal Proceedings and Environmental Matters (continued)

company's policy to defend against them vigorously. Historically, the actual damages paid out to claimants have not been material to the company's results of operations and financial condition. However, management believes the company and other vehicle manufacturers are being more aggressively targeted, largely as a result of bankruptcies of manufacturers of asbestos and products containing asbestos. It is possible that the number of these claims will continue to grow, and that the costs for resolving asbestos related claims could become significant in the future.

On October 13, 2004, the company received a request from the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to voluntarily produce certain documents and information related to the company's accounting practices with respect to defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefits. The company is fully cooperating with this request. Based on the status of the inquiry, the company is not able to predict the final outcome.

On January 31, 2005, the company announced that it would restate its financial results for fiscal years 2002 and 2003 and the first three quarters of fiscal 2004. The SEC notified the company on February 9, 2005, that it was conducting an informal inquiry into the company's restatement. On March 17, 2005, the company was advised by the SEC that the status of the inquiry had been changed to a formal investigation. The company is fully cooperating with the SEC on this investigation. Based on the status of the investigation, the company is not able to predict the final outcome.

#### Note M. Segment Data

Reportable operating segment data is as follows:

Millions of dollars	]	[ <b>ruck</b>	E	ngine	Financial Services		Total					
	For the quarter ended July 31, 2005											
External revenues Intersegment revenues	\$	2,211	\$	712 181	\$	65 16	\$	2,988 197				
Total revenues	\$	2,211	\$	893	\$	81	\$	3,185				
Segment profit	\$	113	\$	13	\$	26	\$	152				
	_	Fo	r the r	ine month	s ende	d July 31	, 2005	i				
External revenues Intersegment revenues	\$	6,355 -	\$	1,963 515	\$	190 44	\$	8,508 559				
Total revenues	\$	6,355	\$	2,478	\$	234	\$	9,067				

Segment profit	\$	262	\$	9	\$	88	\$	359					
				As of Ju	ıly 31,	, 2005							
Segment assets	\$	2,173	\$	1,564	\$	2,827	\$	6,564					
		For the quarter ended July 31, 2004											
External revenues	\$	1,789	\$	504	\$	56	\$	2,349					
Intersegment revenues		-		159		10		169					
Total revenues	\$	1,789	\$	663	\$	66	\$	2,518					
Segment profit	\$	85	\$	34	\$	26	\$	145					
		Fo	r the r	nine month	is ende	ed July 31	, 2004	Ļ					
External revenues	\$	4,936	\$	1,521	\$	185	\$	6,642					
Intersegment revenues		-		440		29		469					
Total revenues	\$	4,936	\$	1,961	\$	214	\$	7,111					
Segment profit	\$	164	\$	71	\$	86	\$	321					
	_			As of Ju	ly 31,	2004							
Segment assets	\$	1,781	\$	1,091	\$	2,153	\$	5,025					

# Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# Note M. Segment Data (continued)

Reconciliation to the consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and nine months ended July 31 is as follows:

		Three Mon July		Ended	Nine Months Ended July 31				
Millions of dollars		2005		2004		2005		2004	
Segment sales and revenues	\$	3,185	\$	2,518	\$	9,067	\$	7,111	
Other income		6		-		14		5	
Intercompany		(197)		(169)		(559)		(469)	
Consolidated sales and									
revenues	\$	2,994	\$	2,349	\$	8,522	\$	6,647	
revenues	Ψ	2,774	Ψ	2,547	Ψ	0,522	Ψ	0,047	
Segment profit	\$	152	\$	145	\$	359	\$	321	
Restructuring adjustment		-		5		-		1	
Corporate items		(38)		(51)		(109)		(146)	
Manufacturing net interest									
expense		(17)		(17)		(45)		(42)	
							_		
Consolidated pre-tax									
income	\$	97	\$	82	\$	205	\$	134	
Segment assets	\$	6,564	\$	5,025					
Cash and marketable	Φ	0,304	φ	5,025					
securities		634		281					
Deferred taxes		1,435		1,442					
Corporate intangible pension		_,		_,					
assets		1		3					
Other corporate and									
eliminations		133	168						
~		<u> </u>							
Consolidated assets	\$	8,767	\$	6,919					

# Note N. Comprehensive Income

The components of comprehensive income are as follows:

	TI	nree Mon Jul	nths En y 31	ided	Nine Months Ended July 31			
Millions of dollars	2	005	20	004	2005		2004	
Net income Other comprehensive income	\$	64	\$	50 \$	135	\$	88	
(loss)		13		(8)	33		(4)	
Total comprehensive income	\$	77	\$	42 \$	168	\$	84	

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note O. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share was computed as follows:

	,	Three Mor July		Ended	Nine Months Ended July 31			
Millions of dollars, except share and per share data		2005		2004	2005		2004	
Net income Add: Interest expense on 2.5% senior convertible and 4.75%	\$	64	\$	50	\$	135	\$	88
subordinated exchangeable debt for dilutive purposes (net of tax)		2		3		7		7
Net income available to common shareholders plus assumed conversions	\$	66	\$	53	\$	142	\$	95
Average shares outstanding (millions)								
Basic		70.1		69.9		70.1		69.6
Convertible debt		9.5		9.5		9.5		9.5
Stock options		0.3		0.6		0.5		1.1
Diluted		79.9		80.0		80.1		80.2
Earnings per share								
Basic	\$	0.91	\$	0.72	\$	1.93	\$	1.27
Diluted	\$	0.83	\$	0.66	\$	1.78	\$	1.19

Slight changes within the diluted shares outstanding are the result of an increase or decrease in the amount of exercisable employee stock options which are affected by fluctuations in the company's stock price.

#### Note P. Condensed Consolidating Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information

The following tables set forth the condensed consolidating Statements of Financial Condition as of July 31, 2005 and 2004, and the Statements of Income and Cash Flow for the nine months ended July 31, 2005 and 2004. The following

information is included as a result of International's guarantees, exclusive of its subsidiaries, of NIC's indebtedness under its 9.375% Senior Notes due 2006, 2.5% Senior Convertible Notes due 2007, 7.5% Senior Notes due 2011 and 6.25% Senior Notes due 2012. International is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of NIC. None of NIC's other subsidiaries guarantee any of these notes. Each of the guarantees is full and unconditional. Separate financial statements and other disclosures concerning International have not been presented because management believes that such information is not material to investors. NIC includes the consolidated financial results of the parent company only, with all of its wholly owned subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method. International, for purposes of this disclosure only, includes the consolidated financial results of its wholly owned subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method. "Non-Guarantor Companies and Eliminations" includes the consolidated financial results of all other non-guarantor subsidiaries including the elimination entries for all intercompany transactions. All applicable corporate expenses have been allocated appropriately among the guarantor and non-guarantor subsidiaries.

NIC files a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return that includes International and its U.S. subsidiaries. International has a tax allocation agreement (Tax Agreement) with NIC which requires International to compute its separate federal income tax expense based on its adjusted book income. Any resulting tax liability is paid to NIC. In addition, under the Tax Agreement, International is required to pay to NIC any tax payments received from its subsidiaries. The effect of the Tax Agreement is to allow the parent company, rather than International, to utilize U.S. operating income/losses and NIC operating loss carryforwards.

#### Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# Note P. Condensed Consolidating Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information (continued)

Millions of dollars	Ν	NIC	Inte	rnational	Сог	Guaranton npanies and ninations		solidated
CONDENSED CONSOLII MONTHS ENDED JULY 3			EMEN	NT OF IN	COM	IE FOR T	HE N	IINE
Sales and revenues	\$	8	\$	6,402	\$	2,112	\$	8,522
Cost of products and services sold		5		5,964		1,180		7,149
All other operating expenses		(25)		842		351		1,168
Total costs and expenses		(20)		6,806		1,531		8,317
Equity in income (loss) of non-consolidated subsidiaries	_	177	_	464	_	(641)	_	_
Income (loss) before income taxes		205		60		(60)		205
Income tax expense (benefit)		70		61		(61)		70
Net income (loss)	\$	135	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$	135
						_		_

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AS OF JULY 31, 2005

Assets				
Cash and marketable				
securities	\$ 552	\$ 9	\$ 1,274	\$ 1,835
Receivables, net	1	239	1,830	2,070
Inventories	-	486	578	1,064
Property and equipment,				
net	-	719	814	1,533

Investment in affiliates		(2,562)		1,752		810		-
Deferred tax asset and other assets		1,391		238		636		2,265
	_		_		_			
Total assets	\$	(618)	\$	3,443	\$	5,942	\$	8,767
	_				_			
Liabilities and								
shareowners' equity	\$	1 450	¢	12	¢	2 410	¢	2 800
Debt Postretirement benefits	Ф	1,459	\$	13	\$	2,418	\$	3,890
liability		_		1,369		238		1,607
Amounts due to (from)		-		1,509		238		1,007
affiliates		(2,866)		3,692		(826)		_
Other liabilities		101		1,453		1,028		2,582
				-,		-,		_,= =
Total liabilities		(1,306)		6,527		2,858		8,079
		())		- )		,		- ) - · ·
Shareowners' equity								
(deficit)		688		(3,084)		3,084		688
Total liabilities and								
shareowners' equity	\$	(618)	\$	3,443	\$	5,942	\$	8,767
CONDENSED CONSOLID	ATIN	I <u>G STATE</u>	ME	NT OF CA	SH I	FLOW FC	OR TI	<u>HE NINE</u>
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3			EME1	NT OF CA	SH I	FLOW FC	OR T	<u>HE NINE</u>
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>						
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3			EMEI \$	<b>NT OF CA</b> 162	<mark>SH 1</mark> \$	F <b>LOW FC</b> 350	<b>DR T</b> ] \$	<u>HE NINE</u> 86
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>						
<b>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</b> Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>						
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>						
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>						
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>						
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>				350		86
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>						
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable	<u>1, 200</u>	- (426)				350		86 297
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities	<u>1, 200</u>	<u>)5</u>				350 297 (968)		86 297 (988)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures	<u>1, 200</u>	) <u>5</u> (426) - (20) -		162 - (41)		350 297 (968) (66)		86 297 (988) (107)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities	<u>1, 200</u>	- (426)				350 297 (968)		86 297 (988)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures	<u>1, 200</u>	) <u>5</u> (426) - (20) -		162 - (41)		350 297 (968) (66)		86 297 (988) (107)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities	<u>1, 200</u>	) <u>5</u> (426) - (20) -		162 - (41)		350 297 (968) (66)		86 297 (988) (107)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities	<u>1, 200</u>	)5 (426) - (20) - (7)		162 - (41) (216)		350 297 (968) (66) (68)		86 297 (988) (107) (291)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities	<u>1, 200</u>	)5 (426) - (20) - (7)		162 - (41) (216)		350 297 (968) (66) (68)		86 297 (988) (107) (291)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities	<u>1, 200</u>	)5 (426) - (20) - (7)		162 - (41) (216)		350 297 (968) (66) (68)		86 297 (988) (107) (291)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities Cash used in investment programs	<u>1, 200</u>	)5 (426) - (20) - (7)		162 - (41) (216)		350 297 (968) (66) (68)		86 297 (988) (107) (291)
MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net decrease in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities Cash used in investment programs Cash flow from financing	<u>1, 200</u>	)5 (426) - (20) - (7)		162 - (41) (216)		350 297 (968) (66) (68)		86 297 (988) (107) (291)

(repayments) of debt				
Other financing activities	3	79	(89)	(7)
Cash provided by				
financing activities	404	77	510	991
Cash and cash				
equivalents				
Increase (decrease) during				
the period	(49)	(18)	55	(12)
At beginning of the period	406	22	177	605
Cash and cash				
equivalents at end of the				
period	\$ 357	\$ 4	\$ 232	\$ 593

#### Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# Note P. Condensed Consolidating Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information (continued)

					Со	Guarantoi mpanies and		
Millions of dollars	N	IIC	Inte	rnational	Elin	ninations	Con	solidated
CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3			EMEN	NT OF IN	COM	E FOR T	HE N	<u>JINE</u>
Sales and revenues	\$	1	\$	5,132	\$	1,514	\$	6,647
Cost of products and services sold		(31)		4,709		904		5,582
Restructuring and other non-recurring charges		-		(4)		3		(1)
All other operating expenses		(12)		701		243		932
Total costs and expenses		(43)		5,406		1,150		6,513
Equity in income (loss) of non-consolidated subsidiaries		90		258		(348)		-
Income (loss) before income taxes		134		(16)		16		134
Income tax expense (benefit)		46		27		(27)		46
Net income (loss)	\$	88	\$	(43)	\$	43	\$	88

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AS OF JULY 31, 2004

Assets				
Cash and marketable				
securities	\$ 166	\$ 14	\$ 728	\$ 908
Receivables, net	1	138	1,589	1,728
Inventories	-	421	435	856

Dronarty and aquinmont								
Property and equipment,								
net		-		761		644		1,405
Investment in affiliates		(2,741)		989		1,752		-
Deferred tax asset and other		1.460		011		240		2.022
assets		1,462		211		349		2,022
Total assets	\$	(1,112)	\$	2,534	\$	5,497	\$	6,919
	Ψ	(1,112)	Ψ	2,334	Ψ	5,77	Ψ	0,717
Liabilities and								
shareowners' equity								
Debt	\$	1,058	\$	15	\$	1,719	\$	2,792
Postretirement benefits								
liability		-		1,348		208		1,556
Amounts due to (from)								
affiliates		(2,633)		3,063		(430)		-
Other liabilities		96		1,326		782		2,204
Total liabilities		(1, 470)		5 750		2 270		6.550
Total liabilities		(1,479)		5,752		2,279		6,552
Shareowners' equity								
(deficit)		367		(3,218)		3,218		367
				(=,===)				
Total liabilities and								
Total hadilities and								
shareowners' equity	\$	(1,112)	\$	2,534	\$	5,497	\$	6,919
	\$	(1,112)	\$	2,534	\$	5,497	\$	6,919
shareowners' equity			-		-	·	-	
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u>	ATIN	IG STATE	-		-	·	-	
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u>	ATIN	IG STATE	-		-	·	-	
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u> Cash provided by (used	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	LOW FO	<u>R TI</u>	<u>HE NINE</u>
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u>	ATIN	IG STATE	-		-	·	-	
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u> Cash provided by (used	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	LOW FO	<u>R TI</u>	<u>HE NINE</u>
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u> Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	LOW FO	<u>R TI</u>	<u>HE NINE</u>
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u> Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	LOW FO	<u>R TI</u>	<u>HE NINE</u>
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u> Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	LOW FO	<u>R TI</u>	<u>HE NINE</u>
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u> Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	LOW FO	<u>R TI</u>	<u>HE NINE</u>
shareowners' equity <u>CONDENSED CONSOLID</u> <u>MONTHS ENDED JULY 3</u> Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	LOW FO	<u>R TI</u>	<u>HE NINE</u>
shareowners' equity CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net increase in marketable	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE 14 (275)	MEN	NT OF CA	SH F	58 168	<u>R TI</u>	HE NINE (236) 168
shareowners' equity CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net increase in marketable securities	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE )4	MEN	<u>NT OF CA</u> (19) -	SH F	<b>ELOW FO</b> 58 168 144	<u>R TI</u>	HE NINE (236) 168 166
shareowners' equity CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net increase in marketable securities Capital expenditures	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE 14 (275)	MEN	(19)	SH F	<b>ELOW FO</b> 58 168 144 (31)	<u>R TI</u>	HE NINE (236) 168 166 (103)
shareowners' equity CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net increase in marketable securities	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE 14 (275)	MEN	<u>NT OF CA</u> (19) -	SH F	<b>ELOW FO</b> 58 168 144	<u>R TI</u>	HE NINE (236) 168 166
shareowners' equity CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net increase in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE 14 (275)	MEN	(19)	SH F	<b>ELOW FO</b> 58 168 144 (31)	<u>R TI</u>	HE NINE (236) 168 166 (103)
shareowners' equity CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net increase in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities Cash provided by (used	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE 04 (275) - 22 - -	MEN	(19) (72) (72)	SH F	58 58 168 144 (31) (68)	<u>R TI</u>	HE NINE (236) 168 166 (103) (13)
shareowners' equity CONDENSED CONSOLID MONTHS ENDED JULY 3 Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flow from investment programs Purchases, net of collections, of finance receivables Net increase in marketable securities Capital expenditures Other investing activities	<u>ATIN</u> 1, 20(	NG STATE 14 (275)	MEN	(19)	SH F	<b>ELOW FO</b> 58 168 144 (31)	<u>R TI</u>	HE NINE (236) 168 166 (103)

Cash flow from financing

activities				
Net borrowing (repayment)				
of debt	218	(2)	(211)	5
Other financing activities	 (17)	 31	10	 24
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	201	29	(201)	29
Cash and cash equivalents				
Increase (decrease) during the period	(52)	(7)	70	11
At beginning of the period	 218	 21	228	 467
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$ 166	\$ 14	\$ 298	\$ 478
-				

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note Q: Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

In December 2004, NFC determined that it would restate its consolidated financial statements for the first three quarters of fiscal 2004 and the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003 and 2002 due to certain misapplications of GAAP. The primary area where it was determined that GAAP was incorrectly applied was in the accounting for retail note securitizations. As a result of NFC's restatement, the company concluded that it was necessary to restate its financial statements for the same periods. In the course of preparing the restatement of its consolidated financial statements, the company determined that it was appropriate to make other adjustments as well. These adjustments were primarily related to trade payables at the company's Mexican truck assembly facility, accruals relating to employee plans and the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003 and 2002 adjustments were recorded to properly reflect stock option exercises satisfied using treasury stock at average cost, as opposed to fair market value. This adjustment resulted in a reclassification between common stock held in treasury and retained earnings (deficit) on the Statement of Financial Condition but had no effect on total shareowners' equity.

The significant effects of the restatements on the consolidated financial statements for the three months and nine months ended July 31, 2004, primarily due to the consolidation of majority owned truck dealerships and the accounting for retail note securitizations at NFC, are included below. The amounts shown below have minor differences to the unaudited Selected Quarterly Financial Data disclosed in Note 22 to the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. The changes represent timing within the quarters and do not change year-end amounts.

Navistar International Corporation

	and Consolidated Subsidiaries									
STATEMENT OF INCOME	]	Three Months Ended July 31, 2004				Nine Months Ended July 31, 2004				
Millions of dollars	As Previously Reported		As Restated		As Previously Reported [1]		As Restated			
Sales and revenues										
Sales of manufactured	¢	0 201	ሰ	2 20 4	¢	( )()	ሰ			
products	\$	2,301	\$	2,294	\$	6,362	\$	6,456		
Finance revenue		59		55		179 9		182 9		
Other income		-		-		9		9		
Total sales and revenues		2,360		2,349		6,550		6,647		
Costs and expenses										
Cost of products and										
services sold		1,984		1,953		5,563		5,582		

Restructuring and other								
non-recurring charges		(5)		(5)		(1)		(1)
Postretirement benefits								
expense		46		43		165		162
Engineering and research								
expense		66		66		181		181
Selling, general and								
administrative expense		151		174		405		473
Interest expense		29		31		90		96
Other expense		4		5		20		20
<u>r</u>								
Total costs and expenses		2,275		2,267		6,423		6,513
Total costs and expenses		2,213		2,207		0,123		0,010
Income before income								
taxes		85		82		127		134
		29		32		39		46
Income tax expense		29		54		39		40
	¢	5(	¢	50	¢	00	¢	00
Net income	\$	56	\$	50	\$	88	\$	88
Earnings per share								
Basic	\$	0.80	\$	0.72	\$	1.27	\$	1.27
Diluted	\$	0.73	\$	0.66	\$	1.19	\$	1.19
Average shares outstanding (millions)								
Basic		69.9		69.9		69.6		69.6
Diluted		80.0		80.0		80.2		80.2

[1] In addition to the adjustments noted above, pre-third quarter results were adjusted to reflect the retroactive impact of adopting FSP 106-2, Accounting and Disclosure Requirements Related to the Medicare and Prescription Drug Act of 2003, in the third quarter of fiscal 2004.

Navistar International Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# Note Q: Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements (continued)

	and	Navistar Ir Corpo Consolidat	oration			
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	As of July 31, 2004					
Aillions of dollars		reviously ported	As Restated			
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	473	\$	478		
Marketable securities		6		6		
Receivables, net		749		850		
Inventories		787		856		
Deferred tax asset, net		152		152		
Other assets		186		183		
Total current assets		2,353		2,525		
Total current assets		2,333		2,323		
Marketable securities		424		424		
Finance and other receivables, net		878		878		
Property and equipment, net		1,333		1,405		
Investments and other assets		348		327		
Prepaid and intangible pension assets		70		527 70		
Deferred tax asset, net		1,466		1,290		
Total assets	\$	6,872	\$	6,919		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY						
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt	\$	259	\$	271		
Accounts payable, principally trade	Ŧ	1,134	Ŧ	1,161		
Other liabilities		856		844		
Total current liabilities		2,249		2,276		

Debt: Manufacturing operations	1,071	1,268
Financial services operations	1,253	1,253
Postretirement benefits liability	1,391	1,391
Other liabilities	517	364
	·	
Total liabilities	6,481	6,552
	·	
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareowners' equity		
Series D convertible junior preference stock	4	4
Common stock and additional paid in capital (75.3 million		
shares issued)	2,087	2,087
Retained earnings (deficit)	(770)	(762)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(784)	(782)
Common stock held in treasury, at cost (5.5 million shares		
held)	(146)	(180)