

INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA INC /FL
Form 10-Q
January 10, 2014

FORM 10-Q
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

ý QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period From _____ to _____

Commission File Number 0-20979

INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

Florida

59-0712746

(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or
Organization)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

7100 Grade Lane, PO Box 32428

Louisville, Kentucky 40232

(Address of principal executive offices)

(502) 368-1661

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Check whether the registrant (1) has filed all Reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

(Check one): Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No ý

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of January 9, 2014:
7,069,267.

INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1: CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	September 30, 2013 (Unaudited) (in thousands)	December 31, 2012
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,457	\$1,926
Income tax receivable	1,790	1,437
Accounts receivable – trade (after allowance for doubtful accounts of \$100.0 thousand in 2013 and 2012)	11,621	13,344
Inventories	14,933	16,529
Deferred income taxes	350	276
Prepaid expenses	148	330
Employee loans	4	5
Total current assets	30,303	33,847
Net property and equipment	22,388	24,210
Other assets		
Intangible assets, net	3,604	4,275
Deferred income taxes	1,535	870
Deposits	184	121
Total other assets	5,323	5,266
Total assets	\$58,014	\$63,323

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
CONTINUED

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2012
	(in thousands, except par value and share information)	
Current liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$22,302	\$1,687
Accounts payable	6,279	6,408
Interest rate swap liability	89	250
Redeemable securities	500	—
Deposit from related party	500	—
Other current liabilities	508	374
Total current liabilities	30,178	8,719
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term debt	—	23,369
Total long-term liabilities	—	23,369
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock, \$0.0033 par value: 20,000,000 and 10,000,000 shares authorized in 2013 and 2012, respectively; 7,192,479 shares issued in 2013 and 2012; 7,069,267 and 6,944,267 shares outstanding in 2013 and 2012, respectively	24	24
Additional paid-in capital	18,149	18,281
Retained earnings	9,893	13,437
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(53)	(150)
Treasury stock at cost, 123,212 and 248,212 shares in 2013 and 2012, respectively	(177)	(357)
Total shareholders' equity	27,836	31,235
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$58,014	\$63,323

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
 THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 AND 2012
 (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)
 (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Revenue from services	\$1,396	\$1,379	\$3,708	\$3,686
Revenue from product sales	31,915	44,350	104,484	153,573
Total revenue	33,311	45,729	108,192	157,259
Cost of goods sold for services	1,314	1,196	3,498	3,333
Cost of goods sold for product sales	30,745	42,558	100,054	147,088
Inventory adjustment for lower of cost or market	1,900	—	1,900	—
Total cost of goods sold	33,959	43,754	105,452	150,421
Provision for employee terminations and severances	—	—	—	228
Other selling, general and administrative expenses	2,318	2,528	7,464	7,971
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	2,318	2,528	7,464	8,199
Loss before other income (expense)	(2,966	) (553	) (4,724	) (1,361
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	(568	) (550	) (1,636	) (1,603
Interest income	—	3	2	8
(Loss) gain on sale of assets	(3	) —	35	35
Gain on lawsuit settlement	—	—	625	—
Other income, net	—	—	9	—
Total other expense	(571	) (547	) (965	) (1,560
Loss before income taxes	(3,537	) (1,100	) (5,689	) (2,921
Income tax benefit	(1,346	) (214	) (2,145	) (804
Net loss	\$(2,191	) \$(886	) \$(3,544	) \$(2,117
Basic loss per share	\$(0.31	) \$(0.13	) \$(0.50	) \$(0.30
Diluted loss per share	\$(0.31	) \$(0.13	) \$(0.50	) \$(0.30
Weighted shares outstanding:				
Basic	7,069	6,944	7,028	6,943
Diluted	7,069	6,944	7,028	6,943

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
 THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 AND 2012
 (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Net loss	\$ (2,191	) \$ (886	) \$ (3,544	) \$ (2,117
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized income on derivative instruments, net of tax	26	41	97	102
Comprehensive loss	\$ (2,165) \$ (845) \$ (3,447) \$ (2,015

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

(UNAUDITED)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock		Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				Shares	Cost	
	(in thousands, except share information)							
Balance as of December 31, 2012	7,192,479	\$24	\$18,281	\$13,437	\$(150)	(248,212)	\$(357)	\$31,235
Unrealized income on derivative instruments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	97	—	—	97
Stock options	—	—	48	—	—	—	—	48
Redeemable securities issued to Blue Equity, LLC	—	—	(180)	—	—	125,000	180	—
Net loss	—	—	—	(3,544)	—	—	—	(3,544)
Balance as of September 30, 2013	7,192,479	\$24	\$18,149	\$9,893	\$(53)	(123,212)	\$(177)	\$27,836

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 AND 2012
 (UNAUDITED)

	2013		2012	
	(in thousands)			
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net loss	\$(3,544	)	\$(2,117)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	3,041		3,330	
Inventory write-down	1,900		—	
Stock expense - bonuses and options	48		120	
Deferred income taxes	(803	)	(1,261)
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(35	)	(35)
Gain on lawsuit settlement	(625)	—	
Change in assets and liability				
Receivables	1,723		7,284	
Net investment in sales-type leases	—		40	
Inventories	(304	)	(1,112)
Income tax receivable	(353	)	2,879	
Other assets	78		(192)
Accounts payable	(40	)	(2,881)
Other current liabilities	134		79	
Net cash from operating activities	1,220		6,134	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	117		36	
Proceeds from lawsuit to cancel intangible asset	770		—	
Purchases of property and equipment	(822	)	(1,589)
Deposit from related party	500		—	
Payments from related party	—		34	
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	565		(1,519)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from sale of redeemable securities	500		—	
Payments on long-term debt	(2,754	)	(5,347)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,254	)	(5,347)
Net decrease in cash	(469	)	(732)
Cash at beginning of year	1,926		2,267	
Cash at end of period	\$1,457		\$1,535	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for interest	\$1,237		\$1,398	
Tax refunds received	1,007		2,729	
Cash paid for taxes	10		308	
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:				
(Decrease) increase in equipment accrual	\$(89	)	\$31	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

INDUSTRIAL SERVICES OF AMERICA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. The Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as produced by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") is the sole source of authoritative GAAP for non-governmental entities. The information furnished includes all adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly our financial position as of September 30, 2013 and the results of our operations and changes in our cash flows for the periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. Results of operations for the period ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year. Additional information, including the audited December 31, 2012 consolidated financial statements and the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, is included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Liquidity and Going Concern

As discussed in Note 7 - "Long Term Debt and Notes Payable to Bank," the majority of the Company's debt is with Fifth Third Bank (the "Bank") and virtually all of the debt with the Bank is scheduled to mature in April 2014, which requires current classification in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2013. Further, the Company is not in compliance with all of the debt covenants of this indebtedness as measured at September 30, 2013. This condition allows the Bank, if it chooses, to call the debt due immediately. In prior reporting periods, where relevant, the Company has obtained from the Bank a waiver of non-compliance with applicable loan covenants. For the June 30 and September 30, 2013 measurement periods, a waiver of non-compliance was not obtained as the Company has been in the active process of restructuring its debt. This debt restructuring process has included the Bank as well as other banks. Management expects any restructuring extending the maturity of the Company's revolving line of credit beyond 2014 and, if with the current lender, would include a waiver of past non-compliance with loan covenants.

It is management's plan to complete this debt restructuring as soon as practicable. However, there can be no assurance this debt restructuring can be completed to management's satisfaction, timely or at all. The inability to complete this debt restructuring in a satisfactory manner could have a material, adverse impact on the Company. Further, if the Bank were to call the debt due immediately, it would have a material, adverse impact on the Company.

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The going concern basis of presentation assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to satisfactorily restructure its debt. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of the carrying amounts of assets or the amount and classification of liabilities that might result if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

Estimates

In preparing the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X, management must make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported for assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as affecting the disclosures provided. Examples of estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts, estimates associated with annual intangible impairment tests, estimates of deferred income tax assets and

liabilities, estimates of inventory balances, and estimates of stock option values. The Company also uses estimates when assessing fair values of assets and liabilities acquired in business acquisitions as well as any fair value and any related impairment charges related to the carrying value of inventory and machinery and equipment, and other long-lived assets. Despite the Company's intention to establish accurate estimates and use reasonable assumptions, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Reclassifications

We have reclassified certain income statement items within the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the prior year in order to be comparable with the current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported income.

Fair Value

We carry certain of our financial assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. These financial assets and liabilities are composed of cash and cash equivalents and derivative instruments. Long-term debt is carried at cost, and the fair value is disclosed herein. In addition, we measure certain assets, such as intangibles and other long-lived assets, at fair value on a non-recurring basis to evaluate those assets for potential impairment. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In accordance with applicable accounting standards, we categorize our financial assets and liabilities into the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities with values based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market. Examples of level 1 financial instruments include active exchange-traded securities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities with values based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Examples of level 2 financial instruments include commercial paper purchased from the State Street-administered asset-backed commercial paper conduits, various types of interest-rate and commodity-based derivative instruments, and various types of fixed-income investment securities. Pricing models are utilized to estimate fair value for certain financial assets and liabilities categorized in level 2.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities with values based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable in the market and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect management's judgment about the assumptions that a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability, and are based on the best available information, some of which is internally developed. Examples of level 3 financial instruments include certain corporate debt with little or no market activity and a resulting lack of price transparency. When determining the fair value measurements for financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis, we consider the principal or most advantageous market in which we would transact and consider assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability. When possible, we look to active and observable markets to price identical assets or liabilities. When identical assets and liabilities are not traded in active markets, we look to market observable data for similar assets and liabilities. Nevertheless, certain assets and liabilities are not actively traded in observable markets, and we use alternative valuation techniques to derive fair value measurements. We use the fair value methodology outlined in the related accounting standard to value the assets and liabilities for cash, debt and derivatives. All of our cash is defined as Level 1 and all our debt and derivative contracts are defined as Level 2. In accordance with this guidance, the following table represents our fair value hierarchy for Level 1 and Level 2 financial instruments at September 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Fair Value at Reporting Date Using		Total
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	
Assets:	Level 1	Level 2	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,457	\$—	\$1,457
Liabilities:			
Long-term debt	\$—	\$(22,302)	\$(22,302)
Derivative contract - interest rate swap	—	(89)	(89)

We have had no transfers in or out of Levels 1 or 2 fair value measurements, and no activity in Level 3 fair value measurements for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 or 2012.

Factoring fees and certain banking expenses

We have included factoring fees and certain banking expenses relating to our loans and loan restructuring within interest expense. The factoring fees totaled \$106.0 thousand and \$183.5 thousand for the periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The loan fee amortization expense relating to our loans and loan restructuring totaled \$365.8 thousand and \$178.7 thousand for the periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Subsequent Events

We have evaluated the period from September 30, 2013 through the date the financial statements herein were issued for subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements and we identified the following events:

Credit facilities with The Bank of Kentucky, Inc.:

On October 15, 2013, WESSCO, LLC ("WESSCO"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, signed two promissory notes (collectively, the "KY Bank Notes") in favor of The Bank of Kentucky, Inc. ("KY Bank"), one in the amount of \$3.0 million (the "Term Note") and one in the amount of \$1.0 million (the "Line of Credit Note"). The Company used the proceeds from the Term Note to pay Fifth Third Bank (the "Bank") \$3.0 million against the Company's loan from that bank (the "Fifth Third Loan"). WESSCO expects to use the Line of Credit Note to purchase additional equipment. The Company is a guarantor of the KY Bank Notes. The Company also signed a \$3.0 million demand promissory note in favor of WESSCO in exchange for the proceeds of the Term Note. See Note 7 - "Long Term Debt and Notes Payable to Bank" for additional details relating to these notes.

Purchase of Company shares by Harry Kletter from Blue Equity, LLC and passing of Mr. Kletter:

On November 1, 2013, Harry Kletter, the founder and largest shareholder of the Company, purchased 125.0 thousand shares of the Company's Common Stock from an affiliate of Blue Equity, LLC ("Blue Equity") in lieu of the Company's redemption of the shares, as contemplated in the Management Services Agreement by and between the Company and Blue Equity entered into on April 1, 2013 (the "Management Agreement"). The purchase price was equal to \$4.00 per share, or \$500.0 thousand in the aggregate. See Note 2 - "Management Services Agreement with Blue Equity, LLC" for additional details relating to the Management Agreement and Mr. Kletter's purchase of Company shares.

On January 6, 2014, the Company announced Mr. Kletter's passing. Mr. Kletter was 86 years old.

Retirement of and Consulting Agreement with James K. Wiseman:

On October 29, 2013, James K. Wiseman notified the Company of his intent to retire as the Company's Vice President and General Manager of Recycling and resign from all other positions he holds with the Company and its subsidiaries. Orson Oliver, Interim Chief Executive Officer, became responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Company. Because of Mr. Wiseman's experience with the Company and in the scrap metal industry, on November 1, 2013, the Company and Mr. Wiseman entered into a Consulting Agreement (the "Consulting Agreement") pursuant to which Mr. Wiseman will provide consulting services to the Company with respect to that industry. See Note 4 - "Related Party Transactions" for additional details relating to this agreement.

Management Services Agreement with Algar, Inc. and appointment of Sean Garber as President:

On December 2, 2013, the Company and Algar, Inc. ("Algar") entered into a Management Services Agreement (the "Algar Management Agreement"). Under the Algar Management Agreement, Algar will provide the Company with day-to-day senior executive level services. Algar will also provide business, financial, and organizational strategy and consulting services, as the Company's board of directors may reasonably request from time to time.

On December 2, 2013, in connection with the Algar Management Agreement, the Company's board of directors appointed Sean Garber as President. Mr. Garber replaces Orson Oliver who had been serving as interim President. Mr. Oliver will continue to serve as the Company's Chairman and interim Chief Executive Officer.

See Note 3 - "Management Services Agreement with Algar, Inc." for additional details relating to the Algar Management Agreement and Mr. Garber's appointment as President.

Management decision to discontinue blending stainless steel:

Due to the continued decline in market-dependent variables, including prices of stainless steel materials, management determined the Company would discontinue production of stainless steel blends, a subset of the stainless steel market, in the fourth quarter of 2013. With this change in strategy, the Company will record an impairment loss for the remaining value of the intangible assets related to the stainless steel blend business in that quarter of \$3,489 thousand. See Note 6 - "Intangible Assets" for additional details relating to the discontinuation of blending stainless materials and the write off of the intangible assets.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

As of September 30, 2013, there are no recently issued accounting standards not yet adopted that would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-2, Comprehensive Income: Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. This update requires that the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income be reported on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles to be reclassified in its entirety in the same reporting period to net income. For reclassifications involving other amounts, cross references would be required to other disclosures provided under generally accepted accounting principles on such items. This update is effective prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012 and interim periods within those years. No reclassification events occurred in the quarter or nine month period ended September 30, 2013. The effect on the Company would be immaterial due to insignificant amounts involved.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-11, Presentation of Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carry forward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carry forward Exists, an amendment to FASB ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes. This update clarifies that an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carry forward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carry forward if such settlement is required or expected in the event the uncertain tax position is disallowed. In situations where a net operating loss carry forward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carry forward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction or the tax law of the jurisdiction does not require, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. This ASU is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. Retrospective application is permitted. The Company will comply with the presentation requirements of this ASU for the quarter ending March 31, 2014. The Company does not expect the impact of adopting this ASU to be material to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows as we do not currently have any uncertain tax positions that were unrecognized.

NOTE 2 - MANAGEMENT SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH BLUE EQUITY, LLC

On April 1, 2013, the Company and Blue Equity, LLC ("Blue Equity") entered into the Management Services Agreement (the "Management Agreement") under which Blue Equity was to provide the Company with day-to-day senior executive level supervisory services. Blue Equity was also to provide business, financial, and organizational strategy and consulting services, as the Company's Board of Directors reasonably requested from time to time. At the time the parties entered into the Management Agreement, the Company (i) issued 125.0 thousand shares of its Common Stock to Blue Equity at a per share purchase price of \$4.00, and (ii) granted options to purchase 1.5 million shares of its Common Stock to Blue Equity at an exercise price per share of \$5.00, subject to shareholder approval. The Management Agreement provided for a 12-month term beginning April 1, 2013, subject to earlier termination upon mutual agreement or upon circumstances set forth in the agreement, including the shareholders' failure to approve the issuance of the stock options.

At the annual meeting of shareholders on July 16, 2013, the Company's shareholders voted against approval of the options to purchase 1.5 million shares. In accordance with the Management Agreement, the options terminated on that same date. On July 22, 2013, following the failure of the Company's shareholders to approve the option grant, Blue Equity delivered a letter to the Company stating that it was terminating the Management Agreement, effective July 31, 2013. Blue Equity also demanded payment of a monthly management fee of \$85.0 thousand along with reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses through July 31, 2013. In its letter of July 22, 2013, Blue Equity also stated

it was exercising its put right "effective immediately following" midnight on July 31, 2013, which would cause the Company to redeem the 125.0 thousand shares of Common Stock for \$4.00 per share, the price at which Blue Equity purchased those shares.

On November 1, 2013, Harry Kletter, the Company's largest shareholder, purchased the 125.0 thousand shares of the Company's Common Stock from an affiliate of Blue Equity in lieu of the Company's redemption of the shares. The purchase price was equal to \$4.00 per share, or \$500.0 thousand in the aggregate. As part of the transaction, Blue Equity released the Company from any further obligations in connection with the put right. The closing price per share of the Company's Common Stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on October 31, 2013, was \$2.31. For the period ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded a current liability entitled "Redeemable Securities" of \$500.0 thousand for these shares. During the fourth quarter of 2013, the Company will remove the current liability entitled "Redeemable Securities" and record an increase to additional paid-in-capital of \$500.0 thousand.

NOTE 3 - MANAGEMENT SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH ALGAR, INC.

On December 2, 2013, the Company and Algar, Inc. (“Algar”) entered into a Management Services Agreement (the “Algar Management Agreement”). Under the Algar Management Agreement, Algar will provide the Company with day-to-day senior executive level services. Algar will also provide business, financial, and organizational strategy and consulting services, as the Company’s board of directors may reasonably request from time to time.

The Algar Management Agreement gives Algar the right to appoint the Company’s President and one additional executive officer of the Company. The Company is required to reimburse Algar on a monthly basis for its pre-approved expenses, as defined in the Algar Management Agreement, including expenses associated with the salaries of its executive appointees and employees. The Algar Management Agreement also provides that the Company’s board of directors will increase to up to seven members, giving Algar the right, subject to certain limitations, to cause the appointment of up to three members, one of whom will serve as Vice Chairman. Under the Algar Management Agreement, Algar will be paid a bonus in an amount equal to 10.0% of any year-over-year increase in the Company’s pre-tax income during the term, excluding any one-time, extraordinary or non-recurring income or expense items. The term of the Algar Management Agreement is effective December 1, 2013 and extends through December 31, 2016, subject to earlier termination upon mutual agreement or upon circumstances set forth in the agreement.

Subject to shareholder approval and restrictions on exercisability set forth in a Stock Option Agreement entered into on December 2, 2013 between the Company and Algar (the “Stock Option Agreement”), the Company granted Algar an option to purchase a total of 1.5 million shares of Company common stock at an exercise price per share of \$5.00. The first 375.0 thousand options vested and became exercisable on December 31, 2013. The second 375.0 thousand options vest and become exercisable only if and after the market price of our Common Stock reaches \$6.00 per share or Company revenue following an acquisition increases by \$30.0 million. The third 375.0 thousand options vest and become exercisable only if and after the market price of our Common Stock reaches \$8.00 per share or Company revenue following an acquisition increases by \$90.0 million. The fourth 375.0 thousand options vest and become exercisable only if and after the market price of our Common Stock reaches \$9.00 per share or Company revenue following an acquisition increases by \$120.0 million.

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Stock Option Agreement, including ratification of the issuance of the options by the Company’s shareholders at a special meeting, the options shall become exercisable on December 1, 2013; provided, however, the options shall become immediately exercisable for all 1.5 million option shares upon the first to occur of any of the following: (i) the termination of Algar's services under the Algar Management Agreement by the Company without cause; (ii) the termination of Algar's services under the Algar Management Agreement by Algar for good reason; or (iii) upon the occurrence of a change in control (with such vesting and expiration timed to give Algar the right to exercise the options immediately before the expiration triggered by the change in control). All rights of Algar will terminate with respect to the options and Algar will have no further rights under the Stock Option Agreement if (A) the Company's shareholders fail to ratify the issuance of the options to Algar at the Company's special meeting, (B) Algar's Services under the Algar Management Agreement are terminated by the Company for cause, by Algar without Good Reason, or the Algar Management Agreement is terminated automatically pursuant to Section 8(f) thereof.

The options shall expire and be of no further force or effect on the earlier of (i) the closing of a change of control transaction, (ii) immediately upon termination of Algar's services under the Management Services Agreement by the Company for cause or by Algar without good reason, (iii) immediately if the issuance of the options is not ratified by the Company's shareholders at a special meeting, (iv) upon the expiration of the term of the Algar Management Agreement, or (v) three years after the date of the Stock Option Agreement.

Sean Garber, Algar's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, formerly served as the Company's President from 1997 to 2000. Mr. Garber is also Algar's largest shareholder. Algar is located in Louisville, Kentucky and specializes in the procurement and sale of new and used auto parts as well as automotive and metal recycling.

In connection with the Algar Management Agreement, Mr. Garber and Orson Oliver, the Company's interim Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the board of directors, have received an Irrevocable Proxy from each of Harry Kletter, K & R, LLC and the Harry Kletter Family Limited Partnership (collectively, "Kletter"), which provides Mr. Oliver and Mr. Garber joint voting authority over the shares owned by Kletter, approximately 25.7% of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock. Messrs. Oliver and Garber have entered into a separate agreement in which, among other things, they agree to vote their proxies in favor of matters approved by the Company's board of directors.

Under the Algar Management Agreement, the Company and Algar have agreed to use their best efforts to effect a business combination between them as soon as is reasonably practicable.

On December 2, 2013, in connection with the Algar Management Agreement, the Company's board of directors appointed Sean Garber as President. Mr. Garber replaces Mr. Oliver who had been serving as interim President. Mr. Oliver will continue to serve as the Company's Chairman and interim Chief Executive Officer.

Under the Algar Management Agreement, the Company will reimburse Algar for the portion of Mr. Garber's salary that is attributable to Algar's services under the Algar Management Agreement in an amount not to exceed \$20.8 thousand per month, or \$250.0 thousand per year. The Company expects Algar to appoint Mr. Garber to the Company's board of directors during the first quarter of 2014; Mr. Garber is expected to be appointed Vice Chairman at that time.

Mr. Garber, age 47, has served as Algar's Chief Executive Officer since 2005.

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the operating leases and consulting services noted below, the following related party transactions occurred during or subsequent to the third quarter of 2013:

Deposit on Seymour Property

On September 13, 2013, K & R, LLC ("K & R") made a \$500.0 thousand refundable, non-interest bearing deposit with the Company related to K & R's potential purchase of a piece of the Company's real property located at 1565 East 4th Street in Seymour, Indiana. The parties continue to negotiate the terms of the potential transaction. The Company was permitted and has used the deposited funds for general corporate purposes. If the parties are unable to agree to the terms of a transaction, the Company is obligated to refund the deposit to K & R. For the period ended September 30, 2013, this deposit is recorded as a current liability entitled "Deposit from related party" for \$500.0 thousand.

K & R is wholly-owned by Kletter Holding, LLC which as of September 30, 2013 was wholly-owned by Harry Kletter, our former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. As of September 30, 2013, Mr. Kletter beneficially owned approximately 1.8 million shares, or 25.9%, of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock.

The Company also leases certain real property and equipment from K & R as discussed in Note 9 - "Lease Commitments," and receives certain consulting services from K & R.

Retirement of and Consulting Agreement with James K. Wiseman

On October 29, 2013, James K. Wiseman notified the Company of his intent to retire as the Company's Vice President and General Manager of Recycling and resign from all other positions he holds with the Company and its subsidiaries.

Because of Mr. Wiseman's experience with the Company and in the scrap metal industry, on November 1, 2013, the Company and Mr. Wiseman entered into a Consulting Agreement (the "Consulting Agreement") pursuant to which Mr. Wiseman provides consulting services to the Company with respect to that industry with a monthly consulting fee of \$10.0 thousand.

The Consulting Agreement may not be terminated by either party until after October 31, 2014 after which time either party may terminate the Consulting Agreement by giving 30 days prior written notice of termination to the other party. During the consulting period, the Company will pay premiums for Mr. Wiseman's COBRA coverage to the extent of the amount of coverage premiums paid by the Company immediately before Mr. Wiseman's termination of employment.

In connection with the Consulting Agreement, Mr. Wiseman granted the Company a release of its obligations to pay any salary and welfare plan benefits under his Executive Employment Agreement. The Company granted Mr.

Wiseman a release of his non-competition obligations under that agreement, but the Consulting Agreement provides that Mr. Wiseman may not solicit Company employees to leave the Company during the consulting period and for two years thereafter.

NOTE 5 – INVENTORIES

Our inventories primarily consist of ferrous and non-ferrous, including stainless steel, scrap metals, and are valued at the lower of average purchased cost or market based on the specific scrap commodity. Quantities of inventories are determined based on our inventory systems and are subject to periodic physical verification using estimation techniques including observation, weighing and other industry methods. We recognize inventory impairment and related adjustments when the market value, based upon current market pricing, falls below recorded value or when the estimated volume is less than the recorded volume of the inventory. We record the loss in cost of goods sold in the period during which we identified the loss.

We make certain assumptions regarding demand and net realizable value in order to assess that inventory is properly recorded at the lower of cost or market. We base our assumptions on historical experience, current market conditions and current replacement costs. If the anticipated future selling prices of scrap metal and finished steel products should decline, we would re-assess the recorded net realizable value of our inventory and make any adjustments we feel necessary in order to reduce the value of our inventory (and increase cost of goods sold) to the lower of cost or market.

In the third quarter of 2013, a continuing reduction in market demand and prices for stainless steel occurred, which led to a reduction in stainless steel sales volumes and average stainless steel selling prices, resulting in ISA recording a net realizable value ("NRV") inventory write-down of \$1.9 million at September 30, 2013. We believe that given the current drop in market prices for nickel, a key commodity used in stainless steel blends, which is a subset of the stainless steel market, future stainless steel selling prices will continue to remain below prices that prevailed in prior periods. Due to the high level of uncertainty regarding the economic environment and stainless steel market, management does not expect the sales volumes of these blends to increase going forward; thus, in the fourth quarter of 2013, management determined to discontinue the production of stainless steel blends. See Note 6 - "Intangible Assets" for additional information regarding this decision. As a result of reduced market prices and management's determination to discontinue the production of stainless steel blends, a lower of cost or market assessment was performed for our nickel content inventories. The assessment embodied the assumption of immediate sale of these blends in their current state.

Some commodities are in saleable condition at acquisition. We purchase these commodities in small amounts until we have a truckload of material available for shipment. Some commodities are not in saleable condition at acquisition. These commodities must be shredded, torched, or baled. We do not have work-in-process inventory that needs to be manufactured to become finished goods. We include processing costs in inventory for all commodities.

Inventory also includes all types of industrial waste handling equipment and machinery held for resale such as compactors, balers, and containers, which are valued based on cost. Replacement parts for internal equipment is included in inventory and depreciated over a one-year life. These parts are generally used by us within this one-year period as these parts wear out quickly due to the high-volume and intensity of the shredder function. Other inventory includes fuel and baling wire.

Inventories as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consist of the following:

	September 30, 2013				December 31, 2012			
	Raw Materials (in thousands)	Finished Goods	Processing Costs	Total (unaudited)	Raw Materials	Finished Goods	Processing Costs	Total
Stainless steel, ferrous and non-ferrous materials	\$10,940	\$1,197	\$1,162	\$13,299	\$12,519	\$1,412	\$963	\$14,894
Waste equipment	—	60	—	60	—	57	—	57
machinery	—	40	—	40	—	36	—	36
Other	—	40	—	40	—	36	—	36
Total inventories for sale	10,940	1,297	1,162	13,399	12,519	1,505	963	14,987
Replacement parts	1,534	—	—	1,534	1,542	—	—	1,542
Total inventories	\$12,474	\$1,297	\$1,162	\$14,933	\$14,061	\$1,505	\$963	\$16,529

NOTE 6 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Purchased intangible assets are initially recorded at cost and finite life intangible assets are amortized over their useful economic lives on a straight line basis. Intangible assets having indefinite lives and intangible assets that are not yet ready for use are not amortized and are reviewed annually for impairment as required by FASB's ASC. The Company has no intangible assets having indefinite lives.

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We have the following intangible assets as of September 30, 2013:

	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Amortizable intangible assets	(in thousands)		
Venture Metals, LLC trade name	\$730	\$(474)	) \$256
Non-compete agreements	310	(202)	) 108
Venture Metals, LLC customer list	4,800	(1,560)	) 3,240
Total intangible assets	\$5,840	\$(2,236)	) \$3,604

We amortize the trade name and non-compete agreements using a method that reflects the pattern in which the economic benefits are consumed or otherwise used over a 5-year life as stated in the agreements. We amortize the customer list on a straight-line basis over a 10-year life as estimated by management. We incurred amortization expense related to these assets of \$526.3 thousand and \$562.5 thousand for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Pursuant to a legal settlement, we canceled \$144.7 thousand of our non-compete agreements balance effective February 28, 2013. A gain of \$625.3 thousand was recorded as a result of this settlement.

Due to the continued decline in market-dependent variables, including prices of stainless steel materials, management determined the Company should discontinue production of stainless steel blends in the fourth quarter of 2013. With this change in strategy, the Company will record an impairment loss of approximately \$3.5 million for the remaining value of the intangible assets related to the stainless steel blend business in that quarter. These assets are included in the Recycling segment.

As of September 30, 2013, we expect amortization expense and impairment loss for these assets for the remainder of the year and thereafter to be as follows:

Year	Balance -				
	Beginning of Year (in thousands)	Cancellation of Intangible Asset	Amortization	Impairment Loss	Balance - End of Year
2013	\$4,275	\$(145)	\$(641)	\$(3,489)	\$—
Thereafter	—	—	—	—	—

NOTE 7 – LONG TERM DEBT AND NOTES PAYABLE TO BANK

The majority of the Company's debt is with Fifth Third Bank (the "Bank") and virtually all of the debt with the Bank is scheduled to mature in April 2014, which requires current classification in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2013. Further, the Company is not in compliance with all of the debt covenants of this indebtedness as measured at September 30, 2013. This condition allows the Bank, if it chooses, to call the debt due immediately. In prior reporting periods, where relevant, the Company has obtained from the Bank a waiver of non-compliance with applicable loan covenants. For the June 30 and September 30, 2013 measurement periods, a waiver of non-compliance was not obtained as the Company has been in the active process of restructuring its debt. This debt restructuring process has included the Company's existing bank as well as other banks. Management expects any restructuring with the Bank would include extending the maturity of the Company's revolving line of credit beyond 2014 and embody a waiver of any past non-compliance with loan covenants.

On October 15, 2013, WESSCO, LLC ("WESSCO"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, signed two promissory notes (collectively, the "KY Bank Notes") in favor of The Bank of Kentucky, Inc. ("KY Bank"), one in the amount of \$3.0 million (the "Term Note") and one in the amount of \$1.0 million (the "Line of Credit Note"). The Company used the proceeds from the Term Note to pay the Bank \$3.0 million against the Company's loan from that bank (the "Fifth Third Loan"). WESSCO expects to use the Line of Credit Note to purchase additional equipment. The Company is a guarantor of the KY Bank Notes. The Company also signed a \$3.0 million demand promissory note

(the “Company Note”) in favor of WESSCO in exchange for the proceeds of the Term Note.

In connection with these transactions, WESSCO executed a Reaffirmation of Guaranty and Surety (the “Fifth Third Security Document”), through which it guarantees the Fifth Third Loan and grants Fifth Third Bank a security interest in its assets.

As security for the KY Bank Notes, WESSCO provided KY Bank a first priority security interest in all of its assets, including the Company Note, pursuant to a Security Agreement (the "Security Agreement"). The KY Bank Notes impose a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio Covenant on WESSCO under which: (i) the sum of (a) WESSCO's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, rent, and interest expense, less distributions and (b) unfunded capital expenditures, divided by (ii) the sum of (x) the current portion of long term debt due for the period, (y) interest expense and (z) rent expense is required to be at least 1.15 to 1 at all times. KY Bank will test this ratio annually. The Security Agreement also contains other customary covenants.

The interest rate on the KY Bank Notes and the Company Note is equal to the one month LIBOR plus three and one-half percent (3.50%) adjusted automatically on the first day of each month during the term of the KY Bank Notes, which have a final maturity date of October 14, 2019. In the event of a default, the interest rate under the KY Bank Notes (but not the Company Note) will increase by five percent (5.00%). Events of default under the KY Bank Notes include (a) the failure to pay (i) any installment of principal or interest payable pursuant to the Term Note or the Line of Credit Note on the date when due, or (ii) any other amount payable to KY Bank under the KY Bank Notes, the Security Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents within five (5) days after the date when any such payment is due in accordance with the terms thereof; (b) the occurrence of any default under the Fifth Third Security Document; (c) the occurrence of any default under any of the documents evidencing or securing any other loan made to WESSCO or the Company (except that if there is an event of default under the documents evidencing the Fifth Third Loan, it will not constitute an event of default under the KY Bank Notes if Fifth Third Bank and the Company enter into a forbearance agreement within sixty (60) days of that event of default); and (d) the occurrence of any other "Event of Default" under the Security Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents. The only event of default under the Company Note is the failure of the Company to pay all funds due to WESSCO on demand.

The principal under the Term Note is payable in sixty (60) monthly installments as follows: \$45.3 thousand for the first year, \$47.5 thousand for the second year, \$49.9 thousand for the third year, \$52.4 thousand for the fourth year, and \$54.4 thousand for the eleven months of the final year. Interest will be calculated as noted above and paid each month. The first payment commenced November 1, 2013, and the final unpaid principal amount of \$60.0 thousand, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, charges, fees, or other advances, if any, is to be paid on November 1, 2018. With respect to the Line of Credit Note, WESSCO may request advances up to \$1.0 million for twelve (12) months after the effective date of the Line of Credit Note (the "Draw Period"). Advances are limited to eighty percent (80%) of the purchase price for equipment. Advances made to WESSCO that have been repaid may be re-borrowed during the Draw Period. During the Draw Period, interest-only payments in the amount of all accrued and unpaid interest on the principal balance of the Line of Credit Note must be made monthly. The total of all advances, less any repayments, through the end of the Draw Period, will equal the principal balance of the Line of Credit Note, and no further advances may be made after the Draw Period. At the conclusion of the Draw Period, the principal and interest is payable in sixty (60) monthly installments commencing on the first day of the month immediately following the end of the Draw Period. Any unpaid principal amount due, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, charges, fees, or other advances, if any, must be paid by October 14, 2019.

WESSCO cannot make demand for payment of the Company Note before December 31, 2016. In connection with these transactions, WESSCO paid loan fees totaling \$20.0 thousand and other customary fees.

On April 1, 2013, Industrial Services of America, Inc. and its subsidiary, ISA Indiana, Inc. (the "Companies"), entered into a Sixth Amendment to Credit Agreement (the "Sixth Amendment") with the Bank which amended the July 30, 2010 Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), including the First Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of April 14, 2011 (the "First Amendment"), the Second Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of November 16, 2011 (the "Second Amendment"), the Third Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of March 2, 2012 (the "Third Amendment"), the Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of August 13, 2012 (the "Fourth Amendment"), and the Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of November 14, 2012 (the "Fifth Amendment") as follows.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, as amended, the Bank has provided the Companies with a revolving credit facility and a term loan as described below. The Sixth Amendment extended the maturity date of both the revolving credit facility and the term loan from October 31, 2013 to April 30, 2014. The Sixth Amendment also provided a waiver of the ratio of debt to adjusted EBITDA for the preceding twelve months (the "Senior Leverage Ratio") and the ratio of adjusted EBITDA for the preceding twelve months to aggregate cash payments of interest expense and scheduled payment of principal in the preceding twelve months (the "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio") covenant defaults for the quarter ended December 31, 2012. The Sixth Amendment eliminated the Senior Leverage Ratio for the remaining term of the loan. The Sixth Amendment reduced our covenant to maintain the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio to 0.6 to 1.0 for the quarter ended March 31, 2013. This ratio was calculated using a trailing three-month basis for that quarter. Beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio requirement returned to 1.20 to 1.0 and will be tested on a trailing 12-month basis as of each quarter end date. The Sixth Amendment increased our interest rate on both the revolving credit facility and term loan by 1.75% and 1.50%, respectively, to equal the one month LIBOR plus five hundred basis points (5.00%) per annum, adjusted monthly on the first day of each month. For the quarter ended March 31, 2013, the Sixth Amendment required that the sum of the Companies' cash balances plus the amount of unused revolving line of credit availability under the borrowing base equal or exceed \$3.0 million in the

aggregate ("Minimum Liquidity Covenant"). The Sixth Amendment decreased the eligible inventory available for calculating the borrowing base effective April 1, 2013 to 57.5% of eligible inventory up to \$12.5 million, and then to 55.0% of eligible inventory up to \$12.5 million effective June 18, 2013 upon the delivery of the May 31, 2013 borrowing base certificate. In addition, the Companies agreed to perform other customary commitments and paid a fee of \$40.0 thousand to the Bank. All other terms of the Credit Agreement and previous amendments remain in effect.

The Fifth Amendment decreased our maximum revolving commitment by \$5.0 million to \$25.0 million and provided a waiver of the Senior Leverage Ratio and the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio covenant defaults for the quarter ended September 30, 2012.

The Fourth Amendment decreased our maximum revolving commitment by \$10.0 million to \$30.0 million and extended the maturity date of both the revolving credit facility and the term loan from July 31, 2013 to October 31, 2013. The Fourth Amendment also provided a waiver of the Senior Leverage Ratio and Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio covenant defaults for the quarter ended June 30, 2012. The Fourth Amendment also changed our covenant to maintain the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio from not less than 1.20 to 1 to not less than 1.0 to 1 for the third quarter of 2012, and to not less than 1.50 to 1 for the fourth quarter of 2012. The Fourth Amendment also increased the interest rate for both the revolving credit facility and the term loan by fifty basis points (0.50%) to 3.50% and 3.75%, respectively. The Third Amendment redefined the calculation period for the purpose of measuring compliance with our Senior Leverage Ratio and Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio such that each ratio would be calculated quarterly for the period beginning January 1, 2012 through the end of each quarter of 2012. Prior to the Third Amendment, the ratios were calculated on a rolling 12-month basis. The Third Amendment also changed the Senior Leverage Ratio. The Third Amendment also increased the unused line fee by 0.25% to 0.75% and provided a waiver of the Senior Leverage Ratio and Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio covenant defaults for the quarter ended December 31, 2011.

The First Amendment (i) increased the maximum revolving commitment and the maximum amount of eligible inventory advances in the calculation of the borrowing base, (ii) changed the due date of the first excess cash flow payment to April 30, 2012, and (iii) amended certain other provisions of the Credit Agreement and certain of the other loan documents. Under the First Amendment, the Companies were permitted to borrow the lesser of \$45.0 million (the "Maximum Revolving Commitment") or the borrowing base, consisting of the sum of 85% of eligible accounts plus 60% of eligible inventory up to \$18.0 million. The Second Amendment decreased our Maximum Revolving Commitment to \$40.0 million.

Under the original Credit Agreement, we were permitted to borrow via a revolving credit facility the lesser of \$40.0 million or the borrowing base, consisting of the sum of 85% of eligible accounts plus 60% of eligible inventory up to \$17.0 million. Eligible accounts are generally those receivables that are less than ninety days from the invoice date. As security for the revolving credit facility, we provided the Bank a first priority security interest in the accounts receivable from most of our customers and in our inventory. We also cross collateralized the revolving line of credit with an \$8.8 million term loan, entered into to replace several notes payable with another bank. Proceeds of the original revolving credit facility in the amount of \$33.4 million were used to repay the outstanding principal balance of the prior obligations with another bank. We used additional proceeds of the revolving credit facility to pay closing costs and for funding temporary fluctuations in accounts receivable of most of our customers and inventory.

With respect to the revolving credit facility, the interest rate at September 30, 2013 was the one month LIBOR plus five hundred basis points (5.00%) per annum, adjusted monthly on the first day of each month. As of September 30, 2013, the interest rate was 5.25%. We also paid a fee of 0.75% on the unused portion. Under the Sixth Amendment the revolving credit facility expires on April 30, 2014. As of September 30, 2013, the outstanding balance on the revolving line of credit was \$17.5 million.

Beginning with the Sixth Amendment, the original \$8.8 million term loan provides for an interest rate that is equal to the interest rate for the revolving credit facility, and was 5.25% as of September 30, 2013. Principal and interest is payable monthly, originally in 36 consecutive installments, of approximately \$125.0 thousand. The first such payment commenced September 1, 2010 and the final payment of the then-unpaid balance becomes due and payable in full on April 30, 2014. In addition, the term loan agreement provided that we were to make an annual payment equal to 25%

of (i) our adjusted EBITDA, minus (ii) our aggregate cash payments of interest expense and scheduled payments of principal (including any prepayments of the term loan), minus (iii) any non-financed capital expenditures, in each case for the Company's prior fiscal year. Based on 2012 operating results, no annual payment was required in 2013 for the 2012 fiscal year. The next annual payment will be due on April 30, 2014 (or earlier, upon completion of the Companies' financial statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2013). Any such payments will be applied to remaining installments of principal under the term loan in the inverse order of maturity, and to accrued but unpaid interest thereon. As security for the term loan, we provided the Bank a first priority security interest in all equipment other than the rental fleet that we own. As of September 30, 2013, the outstanding balance on the term loan was \$4.3 million.

In addition, we provided a first mortgage on the property at the following locations: 3409 Campground Road, 6709, 7023, 7025, 7101, 7103, 7110, 7124, 7200 and 7210 Grade Lane, Louisville Kentucky, 1565 East Fourth Street, Seymour, Indiana and 1617 State Road 111, New Albany, Indiana. The Company also cross collateralized the term loan with the revolving credit facility and all other existing debt the Company owes to the Bank.

In our original Credit Agreement, we agreed to certain covenants, including (i) maintenance of the Senior Leverage Ratio of not more than 3.50 to 1 (or, if measured as of December 31 of any fiscal year, 4.0 to 1), (ii) maintenance of the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of not less than 1.20 to 1, and (iii) a limitation on capital expenditures of \$4.0 million in any fiscal year. Pursuant to the Third Amendment, the Senior Leverage Ratio increased to 4.25 to 1 for the period ended March 31, 2012. The Senior Leverage Ratio decreased to 3.50 to 1 for the period ended June 30, 2012. Pursuant to the Fourth Amendment, the Senior Leverage Ratio increased to 4.75 to 1 for the period ended September 30, 2012 and decreased to 3.25 to 1 for the period ended December 31, 2012. The Senior Leverage Ratio was eliminated after December 31, 2012 by the Sixth Amendment. In 2012, the Senior Leverage Ratio was, in each quarter, calculated using a measurement period beginning January 1, 2012 and ending at the end of the quarterly measurement period. The Sixth Amendment reduced the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio requirements and added the Minimum Liquidity Covenant for the first quarter of 2013, as noted above. The limitation on capital expenditures remains the same.

As of September 30, 2013, we were not in compliance with the Fixed Charge Coverage ratio for the quarter. As of September 30, 2013, our ratio of adjusted EBITDA to aggregate cash payments of interest expense and scheduled principal payments was (0.03) and our capital expenditures totaled \$822.1 thousand. As of September 30, 2013, we had \$1.3 million available under our existing credit facilities.

On April 12, 2011, we entered into a Loan and Security Agreement with the Bank pursuant to which the Bank agreed to provide us with a Promissory Note (the "April Note") in the amount of \$226.9 thousand for the purpose of purchasing operating equipment. The interest rate is 5.68%. Principal and interest is payable in 48 equal monthly installments of \$5.3 thousand, each due on the 20th day of each calendar month. Payment commenced on the 20th day of May, 2011, and the entire unpaid principal amount, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, charges, fees or other advances, if any, comes due on or before April 20, 2015. Due to our non-compliance with a debt covenant in the Credit Agreement with the Bank, the Bank may choose to accelerate the maturity of the April Note and call this debt immediately. As security for the Note, we granted the Bank a first priority security interest in the equipment purchased with the proceeds of the April Note. As of September 30, 2013, the outstanding balance of this loan was \$89.9 thousand.

On August 9, 2011, we entered into a Loan and Security Agreement with the Bank pursuant to which the Bank agreed to loan us funds pursuant to a Promissory Note (the "August Note") in the amount of \$115.0 thousand for the purpose of purchasing operating equipment. The interest rate is 5.95%. Principal and interest is payable in 48 equal monthly installments of \$2.7 thousand. The first such payment commenced on September 12, 2011, and the entire unpaid principal amount, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, charges, fees or other advances, if any, becomes due no later than August 12, 2015. Due to our non-compliance with a debt covenant in the Credit Agreement with the Bank, the Bank may choose to accelerate the maturity of the August Note and call this debt immediately. As security for the August Note, we granted the Bank a first priority security interest in the equipment purchased with the proceeds of the Note. As of September 30, 2013, the outstanding balance of this loan was \$58.5 thousand.

On October 19, 2010, we entered into a Promissory Note (the "October Note") with the Bank in the amount of \$1.3 million for the purpose of purchasing equipment. The interest rate is equal to 5.20%. Principal and interest is payable monthly in 48 consecutive equal installments of \$30.5 thousand with the first such payment commencing November 15, 2010, and the final unpaid principal amount due, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, charges, fees, or other advances, if any, to be paid on October 15, 2014. Due to our non-compliance with a debt covenant in the Credit Agreement with the Bank, the Bank may choose to accelerate the maturity of the October Note and call this debt immediately. As security for the October Note, we provided the Bank a first priority security interest in the equipment purchased with the proceeds. As of September 30, 2013, the outstanding balance on the October Note was \$384.9

thousand.

We originally entered into three interest rate swap agreements swapping variable rates based on LIBOR for fixed rates. The first swap agreement covers approximately \$3.8 million in debt, commenced April 7, 2009, and matures on April 7, 2014. The second swap agreement commenced on October 15, 2008, and no longer covers any debt balance as it matured on May 7, 2013. The third swap agreement covered approximately \$358.1 thousand in debt, commenced October 22, 2008, and matured on October 22, 2013. The two remaining swap agreements as of September 30, 2013 fixed our interest rate at approximately 5.9%. At September 30, 2013, we recorded the estimated fair value of the liability related to the two swaps at approximately \$88.9 thousand. We entered into the swap agreements for the purpose of hedging the interest rate market risk for the respective notional and forecasted amounts. We maintain a cash account on deposit with BB&T which serves as collateral for the swap agreements. As of September 30, 2013, the balance in this account was \$132.7 thousand.

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Our long term debt as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

	2013 (Unaudited) (in thousands)	2012
Revolving credit facility of \$25.0 million in 2013 and 2012 with Fifth Third Bank. See above description for additional details.	\$ 17,459	\$ 18,450
Note payable to Fifth Third Bank in the original amount of \$8.8 million secured by rental fleet equipment, shredder system assets, and a crane. See above description for additional details.	4,310	5,755
Note payable to Fifth Third Bank in the original amount of \$1.3 million secured by equipment purchased with proceeds. See above description for additional details.	385	638
Loan and Security Agreement payable to Fifth Third Bank in the original amount of \$226.9 thousand secured by the equipment purchased with proceeds. See above description for additional details.	90	133
Note payable to Fifth Third Bank in the original amount of \$115.0 thousand secured by the equipment purchased with proceeds. See above description for additional details.	58	80
	22,302	25,056
Less current maturities	22,302	1,687
	\$—	\$23,369

Because the Company is out of compliance with a bank loan covenant, all debt is recorded as currently due. The annual maturities of long term debt (in thousands) for the next twelve-month period and thereafter as of September 30, 2013 are as follows:

2014	\$ 22,302
Thereafter	—
Total	