Super Micro Computer, Inc.

Form 4

February 13, 2015

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Check this box if no longer

subject to Section 16. Form 4 or

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF **SECURITIES** 

Form 5 obligations may continue. See Instruction

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

1(b).

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person \*

Black Laura A.

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading

Symbol

Super Micro Computer, Inc. [SMCI]

X Director

Officer (give title

Issuer

below)

(Check all applicable)

10% Owner

Other (specify

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to

**OMB** 

Number:

Expires:

response...

Estimated average

burden hours per

**OMB APPROVAL** 

3235-0287

January 31,

2005

0.5

(Last)

(First)

(Middle)

(Zip)

3. Date of Earliest Transaction

(Month/Day/Year)

3000 SAND HILL ROAD, BLDG. 1, 02/11/2015

**SUITE 240** 

(City)

Security

(Instr. 3)

4. If Amendment, Date Original (Street)

(Month/Day/Year)

Filed(Month/Day/Year)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check

Applicable Line)

\_X\_ Form filed by One Reporting Person Form filed by More than One Reporting

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

MENLO PARK, CA 94025

1.Title of 2. Transaction Date 2A. Deemed

(State)

(Month/Day/Year)

3. 4. Securities Execution Date, if

TransactionAcquired (A) or Code Disposed of (D) (Instr. 8) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)

5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following

6. Ownership 7. Nature of Form: Direct Indirect (D) or Indirect Beneficial (I) Ownership (Instr. 4) (Instr. 4)

(A) or Code V Amount (D) Price Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

Persons who respond to the collection of SEC 1474 information contained in this form are not (9-02)required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

#### Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of 3. Transaction Date 3A. Deemed Derivative Conversion (Month/Day/Year) Execution Date, if Security or Exercise any

5. Number 6. Date Exercisable and Transaction of Derivative Expiration Date Code Securities (Month/Day/Year)

7. Title and Amount of 8. l Underlying Securities De (Instr. 3 and 4) Sec

(In

(Instr. 3)	Price of Derivative Security	()	Month/Day/Year)	(Instr.	8)	Acquire (A) or Dispose (D) (Instr. 3 and 5)	d of				
				Code	V	(A)	(D)	Date Exercisable	Expiration Date	Title	Amount or Number of Shares
Stock Option (right to buy)	\$ 39.19	02/11/2015		A		7,500		<u>(1)</u>	02/11/2025	Common Stock	7,500

Deletionships

# **Reporting Owners**

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Keiationships					
Fr 9	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other		
Black Laura A. 3000 SAND HILL ROAD, BLDG. 1, SUITE 240 MENLO PARK, CA 94025	X					

# **Signatures**

Howard Hideshima, 02/13/2015 Attorney-In-Fact

\*\*Signature of Reporting Person

# **Explanation of Responses:**

- If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- Subject to the Reporting Person's continued service to the Issuer, the option will vest and become exercisable upon the first to occur: (i) the first anniversary of the date of grant or (ii) immediately prior to the Issuers' annual meeting of stockholders.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. pt solid #000000 ;height:15.00pt;font-family:Times New Roman; font-size:9pt; text-align:right; "nowrap="nowrap">

27.3%

\$

(3,908)

\$

Reporting Owners 2 (792)

\$

3,116

#### 393.4%

Three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

General and administrative expenses for Corporate Other consist primarily of legal and accounting fees, corporate travel expenses, corporate payroll, the amortization of stock-based compensation and other expenses not directly related to any of our individual properties. General and administrative expenses increased by \$0.1 million, or 5.0%, and \$0.5 million, or 10.3%, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 primarily due to higher payroll costs.

#### Non-Operating Income (Expense)

Non-operating income (expense) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

	For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,			
			\$	%				
Amounts in thousands	2014	2013	Change	Change	2014	2013	\$ Change	% Change
Gain on business combination	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	100.0%	\$ 0	\$ 2,074	\$ (2,074)	(100.0%)
Interest Income	11	7	4	57.1%	72	18	54	300.0%
Interest Expense	(707)	(206)	501	243.2%	(2,090)	(550)	1,540	280.0%
Gain on Foreign Currency								
Transactions & Other	200	66	134	203.0%	375	234	141	60.3%
Non-Operating Income								
(Expense)	\$ (496)	\$ (133)	\$ (363)	272.9%	\$ (1,643)	\$ 1,776	\$ (3,419)	(192.5%)

#### Gain on business combination

We recognized a gain of \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 because of measuring at fair value our 33.3% equity interest in CPL held prior to the acquisition date.

#### Interest income

Interest income is directly related to interest earned on our cash reserves and interest earned on a \$0.5 million loan in connection with a proposed casino project in Southeast Asia that we decided not to pursue following our diligence investigation. The loan was paid in full in July 2014.

#### Interest expense

The increase in interest expense of \$0.5 million and \$1.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 was due to interest expense paid on CDR's debt.

#### **Taxes**

Our pre-tax income by jurisdiction is summarized in the table below:

Amounts in thousands	For the nin	ne months otember 30,	. 2014	For the nine months ended September 30, 2013				
	Income			Income				
	Pre-tax tax			tax				
	income	expense	Effective	Pre-tax	expense	Effective		
	(loss)	(benefit)	tax rate	income	(benefit)	tax rate		
Canada	\$ 2,434	\$ 943	38.7%	\$ 3,771	\$ 831	22.0%		
United States	(1,157)	56	(4.8%)	592	0	0.0%		
Mauritius*	140	12	8.6%	271	8	3.0%		
Austria	81	1	1.2%	301	(1)	(0.3%)		
Poland	(1,121)	(226)	20.2%	2,340	(153)	(6.5%)		
Total	\$ 377	\$ 786	208.5%	\$ 7,275	\$ 685	9.4%		

<sup>\*</sup>Ship-based casinos

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we recognized income tax expense of \$0.8 million on pre-tax income of \$0.4 million, representing an effective income tax benefit rate of 208.5% compared to an income tax expense of \$0.7 million on pre-tax income of \$7.3 million, representing an effective income tax rate of 9.4% for the same period in 2013.

The increase in the effective tax rate compared to the same period in 2013 is primarily the result of a pre-tax loss in the United States and lower pre-tax income in Austria and Poland for the third quarter of 2014. Since the Company maintains a full valuation allowance on all of its U.S. and Austrian deferred tax assets, income tax expense is recorded relative to the jurisdictions that recognize book earnings. In addition, the movement of exchange rates for intercompany loans denominated in U.S. dollars further impacts the Company's effective income tax rate. Therefore, the Company's overall effective income tax rate can be significantly impacted by foreign currency gains or losses.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Flows

Our business is capital intensive, and we rely heavily on the ability of our casinos to generate operating cash flow. We use the cash flows that we generate to maintain operations, fund reinvestment in existing properties for both refurbishment and expansion projects, repay third party debt, and pursue additional growth via new development and acquisition opportunities. When necessary and available, we supplement the cash flows generated by our operations with either cash on hand or funds provided by bank borrowings or other debt or equity financing activities.

### Credit Agreement – Bank of Montreal

In May 2012, the Company, through its Canadian subsidiaries, entered into the CAD 28.0 million credit agreement with the Bank of Montreal. On August 15, 2014, the Company, through its Canadian subsidiaries, entered into an amended and restated BMO Credit Agreement that increased the principal amount of the loan to CAD 39.1 million. As of September 30, 2014, the Company had borrowed CAD 17.5 million, of which the outstanding balance was CAD 15.5 million (\$13.8 million based on the exchange rate in effect on September 30, 2014) and the Company had approximately CAD 21.6 million (\$19.3 million based on the exchange rate in effect on September 30, 2014) available for borrowing under the BMO Credit Agreement. The outstanding borrowings cannot be re-borrowed once they are repaid. The Company has used borrowings under the BMO Credit Agreement primarily to repay the Company's mortgage loan related to the Edmonton property, pay for the additional 33.3% investment in CPL and pay for development costs related to the REC project. The Company can also use the loan proceeds to pursue the development or acquisition of new gaming opportunities and for general corporate purposes. Borrowings bear interest at fixed rates or at BMO's floating rate plus a margin. Any funds that are not drawn down under the BMO Credit Agreement are subject to standby fees ranging from 0.50% to 0.75% payable quarterly in arrears. The BMO Credit Agreement has a term of five years through August 2019 and is guaranteed by the Company. The shares of the Company's subsidiaries in Edmonton and Calgary and the Company's 15% interest in CDR are pledged as collateral for the BMO Credit Agreement. The BMO Credit Agreement contains a number of financial covenants applicable to the Canadian subsidiaries, in addition to covenants restricting their incurrence of additional debt. The Company was in compliance with all covenants of the BMO Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2014.

#### Casinos Poland

As of September 30, 2014, CPL had debt totaling \$7.4 million. The debt includes two credit agreements, one credit facility and 12 capital lease agreements.

The first credit agreement is with mBank (formerly known as BRE Bank). Under this credit agreement, CPL entered into the 3 year term loan in November 2013 at an interest rate of Warsaw Interbank Offered Rate ("WIBOR") plus 1.75%. Proceeds from the loan were used to repay the balance of the Bank Pocztowy loan related to the CPL properties, invest in slot equipment and relocate the Company's Poznan, Poland casino. As of September 30, 2014, the amount outstanding on the term loan was \$3.1 million. CPL has no further borrowing availability under the loan, and the loan matures in November 2016. The mBank credit agreement contains a number of financial covenants applicable to CPL, in addition to covenants restricting incurrence of additional debt by CPL. CPL was in compliance with all covenants of this mBank agreement as of September 30, 2014.

The second credit agreement is also with mBank. Under this credit agreement, CPL entered into the 3 year term loan on September 15, 2014 at an interest rate of WIBOR plus 1.70%. Proceeds from the loan were used to repay balances outstanding under a prior credit agreement with mBank that matured in September 2014 and to finance current operations. As of September 30, 2014, the amount outstanding was \$0.9 million. CPL has no further borrowing availability under the loan and the loan matures in September 2017. The mBank credit agreement contains a number of financial covenants applicable to CPL, in addition to covenants restricting incurrence of additional debt. CPL was

in compliance with all covenants of this mBank agreement as of September 30, 2014.

The credit facility is a short-term line of credit used to finance current operations. The line of credit is with BPH Bank, is a short-term revolving credit facility with an interest rate of WIBOR plus 1.85%. The credit facility terminates on February 13, 2016. As of September 30, 2014, the amount outstanding was \$3.2 million and CPL has approximately \$0.1 million available under the facility. The BPH Bank facility contains a number of financial covenants applicable to CPL, in addition to covenants restricting incurrence of additional debt by CPL. CPL was in compliance with all covenants of the BPH Bank line of credit as of September 30, 2014.

CPL's remaining debt consists of 12 capital lease agreements for various vehicles. As of September 30, 2014, the amount outstanding was \$0.1 million.

In addition, under Polish gaming law, CPL is required to maintain PLN 4.8 million in the form of deposits or bank guarantees for payment of casino jackpots and gaming tax obligations. mBank has issued guarantees to CPL for this purpose totaling PLN 4.8 million (\$1.5 million based on the exchange rate in effect as of September 30, 2014). The mBank guarantees terminate on October 31, 2019. As of September 30, 2014, CPL also maintained \$0.4 million in deposits for this purpose.

#### Century Downs Racetrack and Casino

Prior to the Company's acquisition, CDR purchased various plots of land on which the REC project will be constructed. CDR sold a portion of this land consisting of 71.99 acres to Rosebridge and leased back 51.99 acres of the land. The Company began accounting for the lease using the financing method as of the date of acquisition. Under the financing method, the Company accounts for the land subject to lease as an asset and the lease payments as interest on a financing obligation. As of September 30, 2014, the outstanding balance on the financing obligation was \$17.4 million and the implicit interest rate was 10.0%.

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$27.3 million at September 30, 2014, and we had working capital (current assets minus current liabilities) of \$5.4 million compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$27.4 million and working capital of \$5.6 million at December 31, 2013. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents is due to \$8.2 million for various capital expenditures, as described further below under investing activities, and a \$0.3 million distribution to non-controlling interests in CDR. These uses of cash were offset by \$2.2 million of cash provided by operating activities and \$6.4 million in proceeds from borrowings net of principal payments.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and \$6.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our cash flows from operations have historically been positive and sufficient to fund ordinary operations. Trends in our operating cash flows tend to follow trends in earnings from operations, excluding non-cash charges. Please refer to the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q and to management's discussion of the results of operations above in this Item 2 for a discussion of earnings from operations.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$8.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 consisted of \$2.6 million to remodel the new Poznan location, make improvements to the Katowice location, convert slot machines from cash to TITO machines and purchase new slot machines for Casinos Poland, \$3.7 million for development costs related to the REC project, \$0.8 million to purchase slot machines, surveillance systems and various gaming equipment for the Mein Schiff 3, Insignia and Nova Star ship based casinos, \$0.4 million to remodel hotel rooms in our Cripple Creek property, \$0.1 million to purchase slot machines for our Central City property, \$0.1 million to replace slot chairs in our Edmonton property, \$0.1 million to remodel the slot bar at our Calgary property and \$0.9 million in cumulative additions at our properties. The capital expenditures were offset by proceeds from the repayment of a \$0.5 million loan made by the Company in connection with the proposed casino project in Southeast Asia that the Company decided not to pursue following its diligence investigation.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$7.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 consisted of \$4.6 million used to acquire CPL, \$0.5 million loaned to pursue the proposed casino project in Southeast Asia, \$0.5 million to install new carpet at the properties in Edmonton, Calgary and Central City, \$0.5 million to purchase slot machines for our properties in Central City, Cripple Creek and for CPL, \$0.3 million to lease vehicles for CPL, \$0.3 million to upgrade our slot monitoring systems at our properties in Central City and Cripple Creek, \$0.2 million to upgrade hotel rooms for our properties in Central City and Cripple Creek and \$0.3 million in cumulative additions at our remaining properties.

Net cash provided by financing activities of \$6.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 consisted of \$6.7 million received from various loan agreements net of principal repayments offset by a \$0.3 million distribution to non-controlling interests in CDR.

Net cash provided by financing activities of \$6.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 consisted of \$6.5 million received from the BMO Credit Agreement and two CPL bank loans net of principal repayments.

#### Common Stock Repurchase Program

Since 2000, we have had a discretionary program to repurchase our outstanding common stock. In November 2009, we increased the amount available to be repurchased to \$15.0 million. We did not repurchase any common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2014. The total amount remaining under the repurchase program was \$14.7 million as of September 30, 2014. The repurchase program has no set expiration or termination date.

Potential Sources of Liquidity, Short-Term Liquidity

Historically, our primary sources of liquidity and capital resources have been cash flow from operations, bank borrowings, sales of existing casino operations and proceeds from the issuance of equity securities.

We expect that the primary source of cash will be from our gaming operations and additional borrowings under the BMO Credit Agreement. In addition to the payment of operating costs, expected uses of cash within one year include capital expenditures for our existing properties, interest and principal payments on outstanding debt and potential new projects or dividends, if declared by the board of directors. If necessary, we may seek to obtain further term loans, mortgages or lines of credit with commercial banks or other debt or equity financings to supplement our working capital and investing requirements.

We believe that our cash at September 30, 2014, as supplemented by cash flows from operations and additional borrowings under the BMO Credit Agreement to fund the REC project, will be sufficient to fund our anticipated operating costs, capital expenditures at existing properties and current debt repayment obligations for at least the next 12 months. We will continue to evaluate our planned capital expenditures at each of our existing locations in light of the operating performance of the facilities at such locations. From time to time we expect to have cash needs for the development or purchase of new properties that exceed our current borrowing capacity and we may be required to seek additional debt, equity or bank financing.

In addition, we expect our U.S. domestic cash resources will be sufficient to fund our U.S. operating activities and cash commitments for investing and financing activities. While we currently do not have an intent nor foresee a need to repatriate funds, we could require more capital in the U.S. than is generated by our U.S. operations for operations, capital expenditures or significant discretionary activities such as acquisitions or businesses and share repurchases. If so, we could elect to repatriate earnings from foreign jurisdictions or raise capital in the U.S. through debt or equity issuances, which could have adverse tax consequences, as we have not accrued taxes for un-repatriated earnings of our foreign subsidiaries. We estimate that approximately \$22.9 million of our total \$27.3 million in cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2014 is held by our foreign subsidiaries and is not available to fund U.S. operations unless repatriated. The determination of the additional deferred taxes that would be provided for undistributed earnings has not been determined because the hypothetical calculation is not practicable.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

We had no significant changes in our exposure to market risks from that previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures – Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officers and principal financial/accounting officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, for the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our principal executive officers and principal financial/accounting officer have concluded that as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting –There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2014 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

On May 14, 2013, the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) issued an updated version of its Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013 Framework). Originally issued in 1992 (1992 Framework), the framework helps organizations design, implement and evaluate the effectiveness of internal control concepts and simplify their use and application. The 1992 Framework remains available during the transition period, which extends to December 15, 2014, after which time COSO will consider it as superseded by the 2013 Framework. As of September 30, 2014, we continued to utilize the 1992 Framework during the transition to the 2013 Framework by the end of 2014.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

In March 2000, our board of directors approved a discretionary program to repurchase up to \$5.0 million of our outstanding common stock. In November 2009, our board of directors approved an increase of the amount available to be repurchased under the program to \$15.0 million. The repurchase program has no set expiration or termination date and had approximately \$14.7 million remaining as of September 30, 2014. There were no repurchases of common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2014.

#### Item 5. Other Information

On August 22, 2014, the Company announced that it had initiated delisting of the Austrian Depositary Certificates ("ADCs") of the Company from the Vienna Stock Exchange effective September 30, 2014 due to consistently low trading volume on that exchange. On August 25, 2014 the Vienna Stock Exchange approved the delisting of the ADCs. On September 30, 2014, the ADCs of the Company traded on the Vienna Stock Exchange were automatically converted into the corresponding number of shares of the Company's common stock tradable on the NASDAQ Capital Market. The NASDAQ Capital Market, where the Company's common stock has been listed since 1994, remains as the exclusive stock exchange for the Company.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of Century Casinos, Inc. is hereby incorporated by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement in respect of the 1994 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.
- Amended and Restated Bylaws of Century Casinos, Inc., is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 11.14 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002.
- Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 15, 2014, by and among Century Resorts Alberta Inc., Century Casino Calgary Inc. and the Bank of Montreal, is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8A to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 19, 2014.
- Termination Agreement, dated August 22, 2014, by and among Century Casinos, Inc., UniCredit Bank Austria AG and Oesterreichische Kontrollbank Aktiengesellschaft, is hereby incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11A to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 26, 2014.
- 31.1\* Certification of Erwin Haitzmann, Co Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 31.2\* Certification of Peter Hoetzinger, President and Co Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 31.3\* Certification of Margaret Stapleton, Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 32.1\*\* Certification of Erwin Haitzmann, Co Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 32.2\*\* Certification of Peter Hoetzinger, President and Co Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 32.3\*\* Certification of Margaret Stapleton, Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- \* Filed herewith.
- \*\* Furnished herewith.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CENTURY CASINOS, INC.

/s/ Margaret Stapleton

Margaret Stapleton

Principal Financial/Accounting Officer

Date: November 14, 2014

# CENTURY CASINOS, INC.

# INDEX TO EXHIBITS

F-1.31.34	Demonst
Exhibit	Document
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3.1	Proxy Statement for the 1994 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.
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3.2	11.14 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2002.
10.1	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 15, 2014, by and among Century Resorts
10.1	Alberta Inc., Century Casino Calgary Inc. and the Bank of Montreal, is hereby incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.8A to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 19, 2014.
10.2	Termination Agreement, dated August 22, 2014, by and among Century Casinos, Inc., UniCredit Bank
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	Exhibit 10.11A to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 26, 2014.
31.1*	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002,
31.1	Co Chief Executive Officer.
31.2*	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002,
01.2	Co Chief Executive Officer and President.
31.3*	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002,
	Principal Financial Officer.
32.1**	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002,
	Co Chief Executive Officer.
32.2**	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002,
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	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
* Filed he	rewith.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Furnished herewith.