

INPHI Corp  
Form 10-Q  
August 08, 2017  
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**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

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**Form 10-Q**

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(Mark  
One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017**

**Or**  
**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**Commission file number 001-34942**

**Inphi Corporation**

*(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)*

**Delaware** **77-0557980**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer  
of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

**2953 Bunker Hill Lane, Suite 300,**

**Santa Clara, California 95054**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code:(408) 217-7300**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company	Emerging growth company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)				

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

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The total number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, as of August 3, 2017 was 42,283,512.

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**INPHI CORPORATION**

**QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. *Financial Statements***  
**INPHI CORPORATION****UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)**

	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>December 31, 2016</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 162,290	\$ 144,867
Investments in marketable securities	218,636	249,476
Accounts receivable, net	63,253	49,999
Inventories	34,456	32,039
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	24,076	23,139
Total current assets	502,711	499,520
Property and equipment, net	55,356	44,471
Goodwill	104,441	105,077
Identifiable intangible assets, net	300,588	327,063
Deferred tax charge	—	1,384
Other assets, net	11,868	13,080
Total assets	\$974,964	\$ 990,595
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$21,014	\$ 14,039
Deferred revenue	5,776	3,630
Accrued employee expenses	13,528	16,588
Other accrued expenses	7,259	7,277
Other current liabilities	22,234	24,736
Total current liabilities	69,811	66,270
Convertible debt	408,825	396,857
Other long-term liabilities	55,678	64,944
Total liabilities	534,314	528,071

## Commitments and contingencies (Note 16)

## Stockholders' equity:

Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 42,268,003 and 41,303,353 issued and outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively	42	41
Additional paid-in capital	465,286	459,928
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(25,481 )	1,976
Accumulated other comprehensive income	803	579
Total stockholders' equity	440,650	462,524
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$974,964	\$ 990,595

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**INPHI CORPORATION****UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)****(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)**

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Revenue	\$84,423	\$60,524	\$178,007	\$114,615
Cost of revenue	36,588	19,275	76,659	36,396
Gross profit	47,835	41,249	101,348	78,219
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	39,437	27,321	79,725	51,308
Sales and marketing	10,539	5,809	21,480	11,594
General and administrative	5,798	4,120	12,593	9,077
Total operating expenses	55,774	37,250	113,798	71,979
Income (loss) from operations	(7,939	) 3,999	(12,450	) 6,240
Interest expense	(7,377	) (3,171	) (14,542	) (6,303
Other income, net	720	418	1,575	887
Income (loss) before income taxes from continuing operations	(14,596	) 1,246	(25,417	) 824
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	371	303	823	(29
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(14,967	) 943	(26,240	) 853
Discontinued operations:				
Loss from discontinued operations	—	(566	) —	(85
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	—	(154	) —	17
Net loss from discontinued operations	—	(412	) —	(102
Net income (loss)	\$(14,967	) \$531	\$(26,240	) \$751
Earnings per share:				
Basic				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$(0.36	) \$0.02	\$(0.63	) \$0.02
Net loss from discontinued operations	—	(0.01	) —	—

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Basic earnings per share	\$ (0.36	) \$ 0.01	\$ (0.63	) \$ 0.02
Diluted				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (0.36	) \$ 0.02	\$ (0.63	) \$ 0.02
Net loss from discontinued operations	—	(0.01	) —	—
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.36	) \$ 0.01	\$ (0.63	) \$ 0.02
Weighted-average shares used in computing earnings per share:				
Basic	42,137,084	40,412,319	41,855,510	40,085,260
Diluted	42,137,084	43,838,488	41,855,510	43,680,317

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.



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**INPHI CORPORATION**

**UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

**(in thousands)**

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Net income (loss)	\$(14,967)	\$531	\$(26,240)	\$751
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Available for sale investments:				
Change in unrealized gain, net of tax	(2 )	87	224	313
Realized gain reclassified into earnings, net of tax	—	(5 )	—	(5 )
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(14,969)	\$613	\$(26,016)	\$1,059

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**INPHI CORPORATION****UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(in thousands)**

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$(26,240 )	\$751
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	38,807	14,952
Stock-based compensation	20,475	14,732
Deferred income taxes and deferred tax charge	18	59
Accretion of convertible debt and amortization of debt issuance costs	11,968	5,027
Amortization of premium on marketable securities	724	675
Other noncash items	(52 )	(6 )
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(12,714 )	(8,617 )
Inventories	(2,417 )	348
Prepaid expenses and other assets	402	(991 )
Income tax payable/receivable	468	(40 )
Accounts payable	4,450	1,512
Accrued expenses	(3,674 )	(2,512 )
Deferred revenue	2,146	(780 )
Other liabilities	(4,727 )	(410 )
Net cash provided by operating activities	29,634	24,700
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	(18,309 )	(11,755 )
Purchases of marketable securities	(105,439)	(171,704)
Sales of marketable securities	35,270	1,785
Maturities of marketable securities	102,230	31,715
Payment of debt related to purchase of intangible assets	(9,544 )	—
Remaining payment related to acquisition of business	(1,800 )	—
Purchase of cost- method investment in private company	—	(2,000 )
Other investing activity	100	—
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	2,508	(151,959)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,485	2,607

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Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan	2,814	3,150
Payment of capital lease obligations	(421 )	—
Repayment of long-term loan	180	—
Convertible bonds issuance costs paid	—	(353 )
Minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units	(18,777 )	(13,550 )
Long-term loan	—	(725 )
Net cash used in financing activities	(14,719 )	(8,871 )
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	17,423	(136,130)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	144,867	283,044
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$162,290	\$146,914
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Income taxes paid	\$332	\$183
Interest paid	2,300	1,243
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Intangible assets financed with debt	2,433	—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**Inphi Corporation**

**Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

**1. Organization and Basis of Presentation**

Inphi Corporation (the “Company”), a Delaware corporation, was incorporated in November 2000. The Company is a fabless provider of high-speed analog and mixed signal semiconductor solutions for the communications and datacenter markets. The Company’s semiconductor solutions are designed to address bandwidth bottlenecks in networks, maximize throughput and minimize latency in computing environments and enable the rollout of next generation communications and datacenter infrastructures. In addition, the semiconductor solutions provide a vital high-speed interface between analog signals and digital information in high-performance systems such as telecommunications transport systems, enterprise networking equipment and datacenters.

On August 4, 2016, the Company completed the sale of its memory product business to Rambus Inc. (Rambus) for \$90,000. The Company’s condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes for prior period has been retrospectively reclassified to present the results of operations of memory product business as discontinued operations.

On December 12, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of ClariPhy Communications Inc. (ClariPhy) for \$303,661 in cash. The revenue and expenses of ClariPhy are included in the consolidated statement of income from December 12, 2016.

The interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”), for interim financial information and with the instructions to Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), Form 10-Q and Article 10 of SEC Regulation S-X. They do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. Therefore, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016, included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 1, 2017.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, they contain all normal recurring accruals and adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary to state fairly the Company's consolidated financial position at June 30, 2017, and its consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for future quarters or the full year.

## **2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance on "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." The new revenue recognition guidance provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The guidance requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The new guidance was initially effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. The new guidance permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. In July 2015, the FASB voted to defer the effective date of the new revenue recognition standard by one year. The guidance may be adopted as early as January 1, 2017, the effective date of the original guidance. In March 2016, the FASB issued guidance in the assessment of whether an entity is a principal or an agent in the new revenue standard (gross versus net revenue presentation). In April 2016, the FASB issued guidance which amends the revenue guidance on identifying performance obligations and accounting for licenses of intellectual property. The guidance changed the previous proposals on renewals of right-of-use licenses and contractual restrictions. The guidance has the same effective date and transition requirements as the new revenue standard. The Company selected the cumulative effect transition method. Under the new guidance, the Company is likely to recognize revenue on sales to distributors upon shipment and transfer of control (known as "sell-in" revenue recognition), rather than deferring recognition until distributors report that they have sold the products to their customers (known as "sell-through" revenue recognition). The Company is currently evaluating other effects that the new revenue standards might have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In July 2015, the FASB issued guidance applying to inventory measured using any other method other than last-in, last-out method. Under this guidance inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. The guidance is applied prospectively and is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

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**Inphi Corporation**

**Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

In January 2016, the FASB issued guidance that requires equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. However, an entity may choose to measure equity investments that do not have readily determinable fair values at cost minus impairment, if any, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer. The guidance simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment. When a qualitative assessment indicates that impairment exists, an entity is required to measure the investment at fair value. The guidance eliminates the requirement for public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet, and requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes. The guidance also requires an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. Separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset (that is, securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements is required under this guidance. The guidance further clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity's other deferred tax assets. The guidance is applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption and is effective for the Company in its first quarter of fiscal 2018. Early adoption is permitted only if certain criteria is met. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance that requires companies that lease assets (lessees) to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by the leases with lease terms of more than 12 months. This guidance is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued guidance that eliminate the requirement that when an investment qualifies for use of the equity method as a result of an increase in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence, an investor must adjust the investment, results of operations, and retained earnings retroactively on a step-by-step basis as if the equity method had been in effect during all previous periods that the investment had been held. The guidance require that the equity method investor add the cost of acquiring the additional interest in the investee to the current basis of the investor's previously held interest and adopt the equity method of accounting as of the date the investment becomes

qualified for equity method accounting. Therefore, upon qualifying for the equity method of accounting, no retroactive adjustment of the investment is required. The guidance also requires that an entity that has an available-for-sale equity security that becomes qualified for the equity method of accounting recognize through earnings the unrealized holding gain or loss in accumulated other comprehensive income at the date the investment becomes qualified for use of the equity method. The guidance is effective for the Company beginning after January 1, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2016, the FASB issued guidance related to the classification of certain transactions on the statement of cash flows. The guidance will be effective for calendar year-end public companies in 2018, however early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued guidance which amends the financial reporting for the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers other than inventory. The guidance requires an entity to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset (with the exception of inventory) when the transfer occurs. The guidance will be effective for calendar year-end public companies in 2018, however early adoption is permitted. The Company early adopted this standard and the effect of adoption is discussed in Note 11 of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance on classifying the definition of a business. This guidance clarifies the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. This guidance will be effective for calendar year-end public companies in 2018. Early adoption is permitted for transactions for which the acquisition date occurs before the effective date of the guidance only when the transaction has not been reported in financial statements that have been issued.

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**Inphi Corporation**

**Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance to simplify the measurement of goodwill by eliminating the Step 2 impairment test. Step 2 measures a goodwill impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of a reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. The new guidance requires an entity to compare the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. Additionally, an entity should consider income tax effects from any tax deductible goodwill on the carrying amount of the reporting unit when measuring the goodwill impairment loss, if applicable. The new guidance becomes effective for goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, though early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued guidance to clarify when to account for a change to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award as a modification. Under the guidance, modification accounting is required only if the fair value, the vesting conditions, or the classification of the award changes as a result of the change in terms or condition. The guidance will be effective for calendar year-end beginning after December 15, 2017 with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

**3. Discontinued Operations**

As discussed in Note 1, on August 4, 2016, the Company completed the sale of its memory product business to Rambus. The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes for prior period has been retrospectively reclassified to present the results of operations of memory product business as discontinued operations.

The results of discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

<b>Three</b>	<b>Six</b>
<b>Months</b>	<b>Months</b>
<b>Ended</b>	<b>Ended</b>



	<b>June 30, 2016</b>	<b>June 30, 2016</b>
Revenue	\$ 9,766	\$ 22,206
Cost of revenue	(5,053 )	(12,204 )
Operating expenses	(5,279 )	(10,263 )
Other income	—	176
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	154	(17 )
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$ (412 )	\$ (102 )

The results of discontinued operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 included the following:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	<b>Six Months Ended</b>
	<b>June 30, 2016</b>	<b>June 30, 2016</b>
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 459	\$ 958
Stock-based compensation expense	1,056	2,010
Property and equipment expenditures	794	2,198

#### 4. Investments

The following table summarizes the investments by investment category:

	<b>June 30, 2017</b>		<b>December 31, 2016</b>	
	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>
Available-for-sale securities:				
U.S. treasury securities	\$1,000	\$999	\$3,999	\$4,000
Municipal bonds	46,617	46,611	45,289	45,171
Corporate notes/bonds	104,398	104,392	112,330	112,205
Variable rate demand notes	37,665	37,665	58,930	58,930
Commercial paper	23,506	23,506	23,945	23,947
Asset backed securities	5,464	5,463	5,221	5,223
Total investments	\$218,650	\$218,636	\$249,714	\$249,476

Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had 67 investments that were in an unrealized loss position. The gross unrealized losses on these investments at June 30, 2017 of \$115 were determined to be temporary in nature. The Company reviews the investments to identify and evaluate investments that have an indication of possible other-than-temporary impairment. Factors considered in determining whether a loss is other-than-temporary include the length of time and extent to which fair value has been less than the cost basis, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the investee, and the intent and ability to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value.

The contractual maturities of available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2017 are presented in the following table:

	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>
Due in one year or less	\$126,307	\$126,271
Due between one and five years	54,678	54,700
Due after five years	37,665	37,665
	<b>\$218,650</b>	<b>\$218,636</b>

**5. Inventories**

Inventories consist of the following:

	<b>June 30,  2017</b>	<b>December 31,  2016</b>
Raw materials	\$13,616	\$ 1,648
Work in process	17,172	15,999
Finished goods	3,668	14,392

\$34,456 \$ 32,039

Finished goods include \$866 and \$805 of inventories held by distributors as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

## 6. Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	<b>June 30,</b>	<b>December</b>
	<b>2017</b>	<b>31,</b>
		<b>2016</b>
Laboratory and production equipment	\$81,064	\$ 64,402
Office, software and computer equipment	27,375	25,248
Furniture and fixtures	1,546	1,396
Leasehold improvements	7,269	6,707
	117,254	97,753
Less accumulated depreciation	(61,898 )	(53,282 )
	\$55,356	\$ 44,471

Depreciation and amortization expense of property and equipment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$5,028 and \$9,899, respectively. Depreciation and amortization expense of property and equipment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$4,086 and \$7,638, respectively.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, computer software costs included in property and equipment were \$6,930 and \$6,453, respectively. Amortization expense of capitalized computer software costs was \$262 and \$539 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Amortization expense of capitalized computer software costs was \$299 and \$586 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively.

Property and equipment not yet paid as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were \$6,744 and \$4,221, respectively.

The Company leases certain equipment under capital lease agreements. Assets held under capital leases are included in property and equipment above. Gross amount and accumulated depreciation of assets under capital lease as of June 30, 2017 was \$3,639 and \$466, respectively. Gross amount and accumulated depreciation of assets under capital lease as of December 31, 2016 was \$3,698 and \$36, respectively.

Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

The minimum lease payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

2017 (remaining)	\$474
2018	772
2019	590
2020	418
2021	126
Total minimum lease payments	2,380
Less: Amount representing interest	371

Minimum lease payments, net of interest \$2,009

**7. Identifiable Intangible Assets**

The following table presents details of identifiable intangible assets:

	<b>June 30, 2017</b>			<b>December 31, 2016</b>		
	<b>Gross</b>	<b>Accumulated</b>	<b>Net</b>	<b>Gross</b>	<b>Accumulated</b>	<b>Net</b>
		<b>Amortization</b>			<b>Amortization</b>	
Developed technology	\$ 138,020	\$ 41,078	\$96,942	\$ 138,020	\$ 26,579	\$111,441
Customer relationships	70,540	7,091	63,449	70,540	2,227	68,313
Trade name	2,310	657	1,653	2,310	426	1,884
Patents	1,579	645	934	1,579	552	1,027
Software	49,827	9,557	40,270	47,394	336	47,058
In-process research and development	97,340	—	97,340	97,340	—	97,340
	\$359,616	\$ 59,028	\$300,588	\$357,183	\$ 30,120	\$327,063

During the three and six months ended June, 2017, the Company recorded a measurement period adjustment of \$636. This resulted in a decrease of \$636 in goodwill, increase in accounts receivable of \$540 and decrease of \$96 in deferred tax liability and income tax payable.

The following table presents amortization of intangible assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Cost of goods sold	\$7,249	\$2,875	\$14,499	\$5,750
Research and development	4,515	—	9,221	—
Sales and marketing	2,432	204	4,864	408
General and administrative	163	99	324	198
	\$14,359	\$3,178	\$28,908	\$6,356

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**Inphi Corporation**

**Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

Based on the amount of intangible assets subject to amortization at June 30, 2017, the expected amortization expense for each of the next five fiscal years and thereafter is as follows:

2017 (remaining)	\$28,993
2018	55,731
2019	51,318
2020	23,051
2021	19,873
Thereafter	24,282
	\$203,248

The weighted-average amortization periods remaining by intangible asset category are as follows (in years):

Developed technology	3.8
Customer relationship	6.5
Trade name	3.9
Patents	10.3
Software	2.3

**8. Product Warranty Obligation**

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the product warranty liability was \$110. There was no movement in product warranty liability during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

**9. Convertible debt**

In December 2015, the Company issued \$230,000 of 1.125% convertible senior notes due 2020 (Convertible Notes 2015). The Convertible Notes 2015 will mature December 1, 2020, unless earlier converted or repurchased. Interest on the Convertible Notes is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2016. The initial conversion rate is 24.8988 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of Convertible Notes 2015, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$40.16 per share. The total interest expense recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$3,360, which consists of \$645 of contractual interest expense, \$2,490 of amortization of debt discount and \$225 of amortization of debt issuance costs. The total interest expense recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$6,632, which consists of \$1,285 of contractual interest expense, \$4,905 of amortization of debt discount and \$442 of amortization of debt issuance costs. The total interest expense recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$3,171, which consists of \$521 of contractual interest expense, \$2,432 of amortization of debt discount and \$218 of amortization of debt issuance costs. The total interest expense recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$6,303, which consists of \$1,276 of contractual interest expense, \$4,613 of amortization of debt discount and \$414 of amortization of debt issuance costs.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes 2015, the Company entered into capped call transactions (Capped Call 2015) in private transactions. Under the Capped Call 2015, the Company purchased capped call options that in aggregate relate to 100% of the total number of shares of the Company's common stock underlying the Convertible Notes 2015, with a strike price equal to the conversion price of the Convertible Notes 2015 and with a cap price equal to \$52.06 per share.

In September 2016, the Company issued \$287,500 of 0.75% convertible senior notes due 2021 (Convertible Notes 2016, and together with the Convertible Notes 2015, the Convertible Notes). The Convertible Notes 2016 will mature September 1, 2021, unless earlier converted or repurchased. Interest on the Convertible Notes 2016 is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on March 1, 2017. The initial conversion rate is 17.7508 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of Convertible Notes 2016, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$56.34 per share. The total interest expense recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$3,892, which consists of \$533 of contractual interest expense, \$3,104 of amortization of debt discount and \$255 of amortization of debt issuance costs. The total interest expense recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$7,686, which consists of \$1,065 of contractual interest expense, \$6,120 of amortization of debt discount and \$501 of amortization of debt issuance costs.



Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes 2016, the Company entered into capped call transactions (Capped Call 2016) in private transactions. Under the Capped Call 2016, the Company purchased capped call options that in aggregate relate to 100% of the total number of shares of the Company's common stock underlying the Convertible Notes 2016, with a strike price approximately equal to the conversion price of the Convertible Notes 2016 and with a cap price equal to approximately \$73.03 per share.

**10. Other liabilities**

Other current liabilities consist of the following:

	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>December 31, 2016</b>
Obligations under capital lease	\$718	\$ 797
Intangible asset liability	16,978	14,688
Others	4,538	9,251
	<b>\$22,234</b>	<b>\$ 24,736</b>

Other long-term liabilities consist of the following:

	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>December 31, 2016</b>
Deferred rent	\$1,331	\$ 1,067
Income tax payable	1,820	1,554
Obligations under capital lease	1,291	1,633
Intangible asset liability	23,250	32,651
Deferred tax liabilities	27,127	27,371

Others	859	668
	\$55,678	\$ 64,944

## 11. Income Taxes

The Company normally determines its interim provision using an estimated single annual effective tax rate for all tax jurisdictions. ASC 740 provides that when an entity operates in a jurisdiction that has generated ordinary losses on a year-to-date basis or on the basis of the results anticipated for the full fiscal year and no benefit can be recognized on those losses, a separate effective tax rate should be computed and applied to ordinary income (or loss) in that jurisdiction. The Company incurred pretax loss during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 from its U.S. operations and will not recognize tax benefit of the losses due to full valuation allowance established against deferred tax assets. Thus, a separate effective tax rate was applied to losses from the U.S. jurisdiction to compute the Company's interim tax provision. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company determined its interim provision using an estimated single annual effective tax rate for all tax jurisdictions.

The Company recorded an income tax provision of \$371 and \$823 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The effective tax rate for both three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was (3%). The difference between the effective tax rates and the 34% federal statutory rate was primarily due to change in valuation allowance, foreign income taxes provided at lower rates, geographic mix in expected operating results, unrecognized tax benefits, recognition of federal and state research and development credits and windfall tax benefits from stock-based compensation.

The Company recorded an income tax provision (benefit) from continuing operations of \$303 and (\$29) in the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was 24% and (4%), respectively. The difference between the effective tax rates and the 34% federal statutory rate was primarily due to the change in valuation allowance, foreign income taxes provided at lower rates, geographic mix in operating results, unrecognized tax benefits, recognition of federal and state research and development credits and windfall tax benefits from stock-based compensation from early adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2016-09.

Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

As discussed in Note 2, the Company early adopted ASU 2016-16, Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory at the beginning of 2017. As a result of the adoption, the Company wrote off the unamortized deferred tax charge balance to retained earnings. At the same time, the Company recorded deferred tax asset on the difference between tax basis and financial reporting carrying value in the consolidated financial statements related to the intercompany transfer of an asset in prior years. The effect of the adoption resulted to a charge of \$1,217 on the beginning balance of retained earnings.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the gross amount of the Company's unrecognized tax benefits increased by approximately \$1,080 and \$3,057, respectively primarily as a result of tax positions taken during the current year. Substantially all of the unrecognized tax benefits as of June 30, 2017, if recognized, would affect the Company's effective tax rate. The Company believes that in the next twelve months, it is reasonably possible that the gross unrecognized tax benefit may decrease by approximately \$122 due to the expiration of statute of limitations on certain foreign income taxes.

The Company does not provide for U.S. income taxes on undistributed earnings of its controlled foreign corporations that are intended to be invested indefinitely outside the United States.

**12. Earnings Per Share**

The following shows the reconciliation of weighted average shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Weighted-average common stock—basic	42,137,084	40,412,319	41,855,510	40,085,260
Effect of potentially dilutive securities:				
Add options to purchase common stock	—	1,324,796	—	1,327,237

Add unvested restricted stock unit	—	2,101,373	—	2,234,865
Add employee stock purchase plan	—	—	—	32,955
Weighted-average common stock—diluted	42,137,084	43,838,488	41,855,510	43,680,317

The following securities were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as inclusion would have been anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2017	2016	June 30, 2017	2016
Common stock options	1,436,718	—	1,504,466	—
Unvested restricted stock unit	2,591,673	939,346	3,365,095	479,679
Convertible debts	10,830,038	5,727,092	10,830,038	5,727,092
	14,858,429	6,666,438	15,699,599	6,206,771

### 13. Stock-Based Compensation

In June 2010, the Board of Directors (the “Board”) approved the Company’s 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2010 Plan”), which became effective in November 2010. The 2010 Plan provides for the grants of restricted stock, stock appreciation rights and stock unit awards to employees, non-employee directors, advisors and consultants. The Compensation Committee administers the 2010 Plan, including the determination of the recipient of an award, the number of shares subject to each award, whether an option is to be classified as an incentive stock option or nonstatutory option, and the terms and conditions of each award, including the exercise and purchase prices and the vesting or duration of the award. Options granted under the 2010 Plan are exercisable only upon vesting. At June 30, 2017, 4,414,376 shares of common stock have been reserved for future grants under the 2010 Plan.

Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)*****Stock Option Awards***

The Company did not grant any stock options during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

The following table summarizes information regarding options outstanding:

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>	<b>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life</b>	<b>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</b>
<b>Outstanding at December 31, 2016</b>	1,647,845	\$ 10.86	4.28	\$ 55,636
Exercised	(216,602 )	6.68		
<b>Outstanding at June 30, 2017</b>	1,431,243	\$ 11.49	3.84	\$ 32,648
<b>Vested and exercisable at June 30, 2017</b>	1,431,243	\$ 11.49	3.84	\$ 32,648

The intrinsic value of options outstanding, exercisable and vested and expected to vest is calculated based on the difference between the exercise price and the fair value of the Company's common stock as of the respective balance sheet dates.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$8,635 and \$6,855, respectively. The intrinsic value of exercised options is calculated based on the difference between the exercise price and the fair value of the Company's common stock as of the exercise date. Cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$1,485 and \$2,607, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

***Restricted Stock Units***

The Company granted restricted stock units (“RSUs”) to members of the Board and employees. Most of the Company’s outstanding RSUs vest over four years with vesting contingent upon continuous service. The Company estimates the fair value of RSUs using the market price of the common stock on the date of the grant. The fair value of these awards is amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

The following table summarizes information regarding outstanding restricted stock units:

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share</b>
<b>Outstanding at December 31, 2016</b>	4,448,630	\$ 27.29
Granted	1,226,987	43.11
Vested	(1,102,681)	19.61
Canceled	(139,463 )	32.39
<b>Outstanding at June 30, 2017</b>	4,433,473	\$ 33.41
<b>Expected to vest at June 30, 2017</b>	4,357,049	

The RSUs include performance-based stock units subject to achievement of pre-established revenue goal and earnings per share on non-GAAP basis. Once the goals are met, the performance-based stock units are subject to four years of vesting from the original grant date, contingent upon continuous service. The total performance-based units that vested for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was 92,255. As of June 30, 2017, the total performance-based units outstanding was 345,601.

***Employee Stock Purchase Plan***

In December 2011, the Company adopted the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (“ESPP”). Participants purchase the Company's stock using payroll deductions, which may not exceed 15% of their total cash compensation. Pursuant to the terms of the ESPP, the "look-back" period for the stock purchase price is six months. Offering and purchase periods will begin on February 10 and August 10 of each year. Participants will be granted the right to purchase common stock at a price per share that is 85% of the lesser of the fair market value of the Company's common stock at the beginning or the end of each six-month period.



Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

The ESPP imposes certain limitations upon an employee's right to acquire common stock, including the following: (i) no employee shall be granted a right to participate if such employee immediately after the election to purchase common stock, would own stock possessing 5% or more of the total combined voting power or value of all classes of stock of the Company, and (ii) no employee may be granted rights to purchase more than \$25 fair value of common stock for each calendar year. The maximum aggregate number of shares of common stock available for purchase under the ESPP is 1,750,000 shares. The total common stock issued under the ESPP during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was 78,348 and 164,696, respectively.

The fair value of the ESPP is estimated at the start of offering period using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Risk-free interest rate	0.65 %	0.45 %
Expected life (in years)	0.50	0.50
Dividend yield	—	—
Expected volatility	38 %	55 %
Estimated fair value	\$12.58	\$7.26

***Stock-Based Compensation Expense***

Stock-based compensation expense is included in the Company's results of operations as follows:

<b>Three Months Ended</b>	<b>Six Months Ended</b>
<b>June 30,</b>	<b>June 30,</b>



	2017	2016	2017	2016
<b>Operating expenses</b>				
Cost of goods sold	\$537	\$426	\$1,098	\$761
Research and development	7,274	4,684	13,189	8,398
Sales and marketing	2,119	952	3,801	1,728
General and administrative	1,315	662	2,387	1,835
Discontinued operations	—	1,056	—	2,010
	\$11,245	\$7,780	\$20,475	\$14,732

Total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options, restricted stock units and awards at June 30, 2017, prior to the consideration of expected forfeitures, is approximately \$125,378 and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.11 years.

#### 14. Fair Value Measurements

The guidance on fair value measurements requires fair value measurements to be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

*Level 1:* Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

*Level 2:* Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs which are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, or

*Level 3:* Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported by little or no market activity).

The Company measures its investments in marketable securities at fair value using the market approach, which uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. The Company has cash equivalents, which consist of money market funds valued using the amortized cost method, in accordance with Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, which approximates fair value.

Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

The Company determines the amount of transfers between Levels 1 and 2 or transfers into or out of Level 3 by using the end-of-period fair value. The Company had no transfers among the fair value hierarchy during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

The following table presents information about assets required to be carried at fair value on a recurring basis:

<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash equivalents:			
Money market funds	\$1,088	\$80	\$1,008
Municipal bonds	2,001	—	2,001
Commercial paper	48,659	—	48,659
Investment in marketable securities:			
U.S. treasury securities	999	999	—
Municipal bonds	46,611	—	46,611
Corporate notes/bonds	104,392	—	104,392
Variable rate demand notes	37,665	—	37,665
Asset backed securities	5,463	—	5,463
Commercial paper	23,506	—	23,506
	\$270,384	\$1,079	\$269,305
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Convertible Notes	\$537,335	\$—	\$537,335

<b>December 31, 2016</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash equivalents:			
Money market funds	\$17,267	\$10,110	\$7,157
Investment in marketable securities:			
U.S. treasury securities	4,000	4,000	—

Municipal bonds	45,171	—	45,171
Corporate notes/bonds	112,205	—	112,205
Variable rate demand notes	58,930	—	58,930
Asset backed securities	5,223	—	5,223
Commercial paper	23,947	—	23,947
	\$266,743	\$14,110	\$252,633

**Liabilities**

Convertible Notes	\$616,831	\$—	\$616,831
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The Convertible Notes are carried on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at their original issuance value including accreted interest, net of unamortized debt discount and issuance cost. The Convertible Notes are not marked to fair value at the end of each reporting period. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the fair value of Convertible Notes was determined on the basis of market prices observable for similar instruments and is considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

**15. Segment and Geographic Information**

The Company operates in one reportable segment. The Company's Chief Executive Officer, who is considered to be the chief operating decision maker, manages the Company's operations as a whole and reviews consolidated financial information for purposes of evaluating financial performance and allocating resources. Revenue by region is classified based on the locations to which the product is transported, which may differ from the customer's principal offices.

Table of Contents**Inphi Corporation****Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

The following table sets forth the Company's revenue by geographic region:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
China	\$22,835	\$19,947	\$60,555	\$40,514
United States	18,834	6,495	31,043	14,467
Singapore	10,221	4	14,522	10
Thailand	9,885	10,974	23,738	16,652
Japan	9,960	8,717	20,654	15,842
Other	12,688	14,387	27,495	27,130
	\$84,423	\$60,524	\$178,007	\$114,615

As of June 30, 2017, \$8,152 of long-lived tangible assets are located outside the United States, of which \$5,131 are located in Taiwan. As of December 31, 2016, \$6,567 of long-lived tangible assets are located outside the United States, of which \$5,068 are located in Taiwan.

**16. Commitments and Contingencies****Leases**

The Company leases its facility under noncancelable lease agreements expiring in various years through 2026. The Company also licenses certain software used in its research and development activities under a term license subscription and maintenance arrangement.

As of June 30, 2017, future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases having initial terms in excess of one year are as follows:

2017 (remaining)	\$3,501
2018	5,650
2019	5,513
2020	2,655
2021	1,789
Thereafter	4,896
	\$24,004

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, lease operating expense was \$1,744 and \$3,366, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, lease operating expense was \$3,811 and \$6,094, respectively.

### **Noncancelable Purchase Obligations**

The Company depends upon third party subcontractors to manufacture its wafers. These subcontractor relationships typically allow for the cancellation of outstanding purchase orders, but require payment of all expenses incurred through the date of cancellation. As of June 30, 2017, the total value of open purchase orders for wafers was approximately \$6,062. As of June 30, 2017, the company has a commitment to pay \$171 for software licenses and \$264 for mask costs.

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**Inphi Corporation**

**Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(Dollars in thousands except share and per share amounts)**

**Legal Proceedings**

*Netlist, Inc. v. Inphi Corporation, Case No. 09-cv-6900 (C.D. Cal.)*

On September 22, 2009, Netlist filed suit in the United States District Court, Central District of California, or the Court, asserting that the Company infringes U.S. Patent No. 7,532,537. Netlist filed an amended complaint on December 22, 2009, further asserting that the Company infringes U.S. Patent Nos. 7,619,912 and 7,636,274, collectively with U.S. Patent No. 7,532,537, the patents-in-suit, and seeking both unspecified monetary damages to be determined and an injunction to prevent further infringement. These infringement claims allege that the iMB™ and certain other memory module components infringe the patents-in-suit. The Company answered the amended complaint on February 11, 2010 and asserted that the Company does not infringe the patents-in-suit and that the patents-in-suit are invalid. In 2010, the Company filed *inter partes* requests for reexamination with the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the “USPTO”), asserting that the patents-in-suit are invalid. As a result of the proceedings at the USPTO, the Court has stayed the litigation, with the parties advising the Court on status every 120 days.

As to the proceedings at the USPTO, reexamination has been ordered for all of the patents that were alleged to infringe, and at present, the USPTO has determined that almost all of the originally filed claims are not valid, with certain amended claims being determined patentable. The Reexamination Certificate for U.S. Patent No. 7,532,537 was issued on August 2, 2016 based upon amended claims, and the parties continue to assert their respective positions with respect to the reexamination proceedings for U.S. Patent Nos. 7,619,912 and 7,636,274.

While the Company intends to defend the foregoing USPTO proceedings and lawsuit vigorously, the USPTO proceedings and litigation, whether or not determined in the Company’s favor or settled, could be costly and time-consuming and could divert management’s attention and resources, which could adversely affect the Company’s business.

Based on the nature of USPTO proceedings and litigation, the Company is currently unable to predict the final outcome of this lawsuit and therefore, cannot determine the likelihood of loss nor estimate a range of possible loss. However, because of the nature and inherent uncertainties of litigation, should the outcome of these actions be

unfavorable, the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

## **Indemnifications**

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may provide indemnifications of varying scope and terms to customers, vendors, lessors, investors, directors, officers, employees and other parties with respect to certain matters, including, but not limited to, losses arising out of the Company's breach of such agreements, services to be provided by the Company, or from intellectual property infringement claims made by third-parties. These indemnifications may survive termination of the underlying agreement and the maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification provisions may not be subject to maximum loss clauses. The Company has not incurred material costs to defend lawsuits or settle claims related to these indemnifications. Accordingly, the Company has no liabilities recorded for these agreements as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

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**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

*The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes to those statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and this report contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this report, the terms "may," "might," "will," "objective," "intend," "should," "could," "can," "would," "expect," "predict," "potential," "plan," or the negative of these terms, and similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements include statements regarding our anticipated trends and challenges in our business and the markets in which we operate, including the market for 25G to 600G high-speed analog semiconductor solutions, demand for our current products, our plans for future products and anticipated features and benefits thereof, expansion of our product offerings and enhancements of existing products, anticipated benefits of our acquisition of ClariPhy and divestiture of our memory product business, critical accounting policies and estimates, our expectations regarding our expenses and revenue, sources of revenue, our tax benefits, the benefits of our products and services, our technological capabilities and expertise, timing of the development of our products, our liquidity position and sufficiency thereof, including our anticipated cash needs and uses of cash, our operating and capital expenditures and requirements and our needs for additional financing and potential consequences thereof, repatriation of cash balances from our foreign subsidiaries, our contractual obligations, our anticipated growth and growth strategies, our ability to retain and attract customers, particularly in light of our dependence on a limited number of customers for a substantial portion of our revenue, competition, interest rate sensitivity, adequacy of our disclosure controls, our legal proceedings and warranty claims. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these or any other forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those risks discussed below, as well as factors affecting our results of operations, our ability to manage our growth, our ability to sustain or increase profitability, demand for our solutions, the effect of declines in average selling prices for our products, our ability to compete, our ability to rapidly develop new technology and introduce new products, our ability to safeguard our intellectual property, our ability to qualify for tax holidays and incentives, trends in the semiconductor industry and fluctuations in general economic conditions, and the risks set forth throughout this Report, including the risks set forth under Part II, "Item 1A, Risk Factors". Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations and reflect management's opinions only as of the date hereof. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Report. We expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.*

*All references to "Inphi," "we," "us" or "our" mean Inphi Corporation.*



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## Overview

### *Our Company*

We are a fabless provider of high-speed analog and mixed signal semiconductor solutions for the communications and datacenter markets. Our analog and mixed signal semiconductor solutions provide high signal integrity at leading-edge data speeds while reducing system power consumption. Our semiconductor solutions are designed to address bandwidth bottlenecks in networks, maximize throughput and minimize latency in computing environments and enable the rollout of next generation communications and datacenter infrastructures. Our solutions provide a vital high-speed interface between analog signals and digital information in high-performance systems such as telecommunications transport systems, enterprise networking equipment and datacenters. We provide 25G to 600G high-speed analog semiconductor solutions for the communications market.

A detailed discussion of our business may be found in Part I, Item 1, “Business,” of our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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*Quarterly Update*

As discussed in more detail below, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we delivered the following financial performance:

- Revenue increased by \$23.9 million, or 39.5%, to \$84.4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017. In the six months ended June 30, 2017, total revenues increased by \$63.4 million, or 55.3%, to \$178.0 million.
- Gross profit as a percentage of revenue decreased to 56.7% from 68.2% in the three months ended June 30, 2017. In the six months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit as a percentage of revenue decreased to 56.9% from 68.2%.

Total operating expenses from continuing operations increased by \$18.5 million, or 49.7%, to \$55.8 million in the
- three months ended June 30, 2017. In the six months ended June 30, 2017, total operating expenses increased by \$41.8 million, or 58.1%, to \$113.8 million.
- Loss from operations increased by \$11.9 million to \$7.9 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017. In the six months ended June 30, 2017, loss from continuing operations increased by \$18.7 million to \$12.4 million.
- Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations decreased to (\$0.36) from \$0.02 in the three months ended June 30, 2017. In the six months ended June 30, 2017, diluted earnings per share decreased to (\$0.63) from \$0.02.

The increase in our revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was primarily a result of the increase in consumption of our dual linear transimpedance amplifiers (TIA), quad linear driver products, ColorZ™, and ClariPhy products.

The decrease in gross margin was due to amortization of inventory fair value step-up of acquired inventories and amortization of acquired intangibles related to the ClariPhy acquisition and change in product mix for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

Total operating expenses increased due primarily to an increase in headcount and stock-based compensation expense. Our expenses primarily consist of personnel costs, which include compensation, benefits, payroll related taxes and stock-based compensation. From July 2016 to June 2017, our headcount increased by 63 new employees, primarily in the engineering department. In addition, the acquisition of ClariPhy added 152 employees. We expect expenses to

continue to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to invest resources to develop more products and to support the growth of our business. Our diluted earnings per share from continuing operations decreased primarily due to increases in operating expenses and interest expense from convertible debts, partially offset by an increase in revenues.

Our cash and cash equivalents were \$162.3 million at June 30, 2017, compared with \$144.9 million at December 31, 2016. Cash provided by operating activities was \$29.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$24.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016. Cash provided by investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$2.5 million primarily due to sales and maturities of marketable securities totaling \$137.5 million, partially offset by purchases of marketable securities of \$105.4 million, purchases of property and equipment of \$18.3 million, remaining payment to shareholders of ClariPhy of \$1.8 million, and payment of debt related to purchase of intangible assets of \$9.5 million. Cash used in financing activities was \$14.7 million primarily due to minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees of \$18.8 million, partially offset by proceeds from employee stock purchase plan and exercise of stock options of \$4.3 million.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of net revenue and expenses in the reporting period. We regularly evaluate our estimates and assumptions related to allowances for doubtful accounts, warranty reserves, inventory reserves, stock-based compensation expense, goodwill and intangible assets valuation, deferred income tax asset valuation allowances, uncertain tax positions, litigation, other loss contingencies and business combinations. We base our estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the recording of revenue, costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by us may differ materially and adversely from our estimates. To the extent there are material differences between our estimates and the actual results, our future results of operations will be affected. For a description of our critical accounting policies and estimates, please refer to the “Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates” section of our Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. There have been no material changes in any of our critical accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2017. We early adopted Accounting Standards Update 2016-16, Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory. The effect of adoption is discussed in Note 11 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth a summary of our statement of operations as a percentage of each line item to the revenue:

	<b>Three Months</b>		<b>Six Months</b>	
	<b>Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Revenue	100 %	100%	100 %	100%
Cost of revenue	43	32	43	32
Gross profit	57	68	57	68
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	47	44	45	45
Sales and marketing	12	10	12	10
General and administrative	7	7	7	8
Total operating expenses	66	61	64	63
Income (loss) from operations	(9 )	7	(7 )	5
Interest expense	(9 )	(5 )	(8 )	(5 )
Other income	—	—	—	1
Income (loss) before income taxes from continuing operations	(18 )	2	(15 )	1
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	—	—	—	—
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(18 )	2	(15 )	1
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(1 )	—	—
Net income (loss)	(18%)	1 %	(15%)	1 %

***Comparison of Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016******Revenue***

<b>Three Months</b>	<b>Change</b>	
<b>Ended June 30,</b>		
<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>%</b>

**Amount****(dollars in thousands)**

Revenue \$84,423 \$60,524 \$23,899 39%

**Six Months Ended  
June 30,****Change****2017****2016****Amount****%****(dollars in thousands)**

Revenue \$178,007 \$114,615 \$63,392 55%

Revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 increased compared to corresponding 2016 periods mainly due to an increase in the number of units sold, partially offset by a decrease in average selling price. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the number of units sold increased by 95% and 67%, respectively. The increase in number of units sold was attributable to sales of dual linear TIA, quad linear drivers, legacy and transport products from the Cortina acquisition, ColorZ™ and ClariPhy products. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, average selling price decreased by 28% and 7%, respectively. The decrease in average selling price was due to product mix, mainly from increased sales of lower priced products such as legacy and transport products.

***Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit*****Three Months  
Ended June 30,****Change****2017****2016****Amount****%****(dollars in thousands)**

Cost of revenue \$36,588 \$19,275 \$17,313 90 %

Gross profit \$47,835 \$41,249 \$6,586 16 %

Gross profit as a percentage of revenue 57 % 68 % — (11 %)

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	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
Cost of revenue	\$76,659	\$36,396	\$40,263	111 %
Gross profit	\$101,348	\$78,219	\$23,129	30 %
Gross profit as a percentage of revenue	57 %	68 %	—	(11 %)

Cost of revenue and gross profit for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, increased compared to the corresponding 2016 periods primarily due to an increase in revenue from sales of our dual linear TIA, ColorZ™, and ClariPhy products, which generated higher margins. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue decreased for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, due to product mix, amortization of inventory fair value step-up related to acquired ClariPhy inventories of \$3.7 million and \$9.0 million sold during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively and amortization of acquired ClariPhy intangibles of \$4.4 million and \$8.7 million for three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

***Research and Development***

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
Research and development	\$39,437	\$27,321	\$12,116	44 %

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
Research and development	\$79,725	\$51,308	\$28,417	55 %

Research and development expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 increased compared to the corresponding 2016 periods primarily due to an increase in research and development headcount, salaries and equity awards, which resulted in a \$7.8 million and \$14.9 million increase in personnel costs and stock-based compensation expense, respectively. In addition, CAD software tool license expense increased \$2.4 million and \$5.0 million during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively due to an increase in headcount and engineering activities. Testing, laboratory supplies, and pre-production engineering mask cost increased by \$1.2 and \$2.0 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Depreciation, consulting and allocated expenses increased by \$3.4 million and \$6.9 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, due to an increase in equipment and research and development activities. These increases were partially offset by higher reimbursement from customers related to research and development of \$3.0 million and \$1.0 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The increase in research and development expense was primarily driven by the acquisition of ClariPhy and our strategy to continue to expand our product offerings and enhance our existing product offerings.

### *Sales and Marketing*

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
Sales and marketing	\$10,539	\$5,809	\$4,730	81 %

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
Sales and marketing	\$21,480	\$11,594	\$9,886	85 %

Sales and marketing expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 increased compared to the corresponding 2016 periods primarily due to an increase in personnel costs, including stock-based compensation expense of \$2.3 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, due in part to the addition of ClariPhy employees and to support increasing sales activities from new products. In addition, amortization of intangible assets related to the ClariPhy acquisition was \$2.2 million and 4.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

Table of Contents*General and Administrative*

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
General and administrative	\$5,798	\$4,120	\$1,678	41 %

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
General and administrative	\$12,593	\$9,077	\$3,516	39 %

General and administrative expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 increased compared to the corresponding 2016 periods due to salaries and stock-based compensation of \$1.0 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, which resulted from a mix of salary increases and new hires. In addition, professional and consulting fees increased by \$0.3 million and \$1.3 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, in relation to the acquisition of ClariPhy.

*Provision (benefit) for Income Taxes*

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>			
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$371	\$303	\$68	22 %

**Six Months    Change  
Ended**



**June 30,**  
**2017   2016   Amount**  
**%**

**(dollars in thousands)**

Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$823	\$(29)	\$852	N/M
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We normally determine our interim provision using an estimated single annual effective tax rate for all tax jurisdictions. ASC 740 provides that when an entity operates in a jurisdiction that has generated ordinary losses on a year-to-date basis or on the basis of the results anticipated for the full fiscal year and no benefit can be recognized on those losses, a separate effective tax rate should be computed and applied to ordinary income (or loss) in that jurisdiction. We incurred pretax loss during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 from our U.S. operations and will not recognize tax benefit of the losses due to full valuation allowance established against deferred tax assets. Thus, a separate effective tax rate was applied to losses from the U.S. jurisdiction to compute the Company's interim tax provision. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we determined our interim provision using an estimated single annual effective tax rate for all tax jurisdictions.

The income tax provision of \$371 and \$823 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, reflects an effective tax rate of (3%). The effective tax rate for both three and six months ended June 30, 2017 differs from the statutory rate of 34% primarily due to the change in valuation allowance, foreign income taxes provided at lower rates, geographic mix in expected operating results, unrecognized tax benefits, recognition of federal and state research and development credits and windfall tax benefits from stock-based compensation.

The income tax provision (benefit) from continuing operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 reflects an effective tax rate of 24% and (4%), respectively. The effective tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 differs from the statutory rate of 34% primarily due to the change in valuation allowance, foreign income taxes provided at lower rates, geographic mix in operating results, unrecognized tax benefits, recognition of federal and state research and development credits and windfall tax benefits from stock-based compensation from early adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2016-09.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2017, we had cash, cash equivalents and investments in marketable securities of \$380.9 million. Our primary uses of cash are to fund operating expenses, purchase inventory and acquire property and equipment. Cash used to fund operating expenses is impacted by the timing of when we pay these expenses, as reflected in the changes in our outstanding accounts payable and accrued expenses. Our primary sources of cash are cash receipts on accounts receivable from our revenue. In 2015 and 2016, we issued convertible debts, which resulted in an increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments in marketable securities. Aside from the growth in amounts billed to our customers, net cash collections of accounts receivable are impacted by the efficiency of our cash collections process, which can vary from period to period, depending on the payment cycles of our major customers.



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The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods indicated:

	<b>Six Months</b>	
	<b>Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$29,634	\$24,700
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	2,508	(151,959)
Net cash used in financing activities	(14,719)	(8,871)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$17,423	\$(136,130)

***Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities***

Net cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017 primarily reflected depreciation and amortization of \$38.8 million, stock-based compensation expense of \$20.5 million, accretion of convertible debt of \$12.0 million, and increases in accounts payable of \$4.5 million and deferred revenue of \$2.1 million, partially offset by a net loss of \$26.2 million, increases in accounts receivable of \$12.7 million and inventories of \$2.4 million, and decreases in accrued expenses of \$3.7 million and other liabilities of \$4.7 million. Our accounts payable increased due to increased production volume. Our deferred revenue increased due to higher inventory in the distributors and receipts from customers. Our accounts receivable increased due to higher product shipments to customers and longer payment terms of some customers. Inventories increased due to driver products. Our accrued expenses and other liabilities decreased mainly due to the timing of payments.

Net cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 primarily reflected depreciation and amortization of \$15.0 million, stock-based compensation expense of \$14.7 million, accretion of convertible debt of \$5.0 million, and increase in accounts payable of \$1.5 million, partially offset by increases in accounts receivable of \$8.6 million and prepaid expenses and other assets of \$1.0 million and decrease in accrued expenses of \$2.5 million. Our accounts payable increased due to increased production volumes. Our accounts receivable increased due to higher product shipments to customers. Our accrued expenses decreased due to the timing of payment of employee related expenses. Our prepaid expenses and other assets increased due to additional subscriptions.

***Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities***

Net cash provided by investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017 primarily consisted of cash used to purchase property and equipment of \$18.3 million, purchases of marketable securities of \$105.4 million, remaining payment to shareholders of ClariPhy of \$1.8 million, and payment of debt related to purchase of intangible assets of \$9.5 million, partially offset by sales and maturities of marketable securities of \$137.5 million.

Net cash used in investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 primarily consisted of cash used to purchase property and equipment of \$11.8 million, purchases of marketable securities of \$171.7 million, and cost method investment of \$2.0 million, partially offset by sales and maturities of marketable securities of \$33.5 million.

### ***Net Cash Used in Financing Activities***

Net cash used in financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017 primarily consisted of minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units of \$18.8 million, partially offset by proceeds from the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan of \$4.3 million.

Net cash used in financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 primarily consisted of minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units of \$13.6 million, payment of costs related to debt issuance of \$0.4 million and loan to supplier of \$0.7 million, partially offset by proceeds from the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan of \$5.8 million.

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***Operating and Capital Expenditure Requirements***

Our principal source of liquidity as of June 30, 2017 consisted of \$380.9 million of cash, cash equivalents and investments in marketable securities, of which \$93.4 million is held by our foreign subsidiaries. Based on our current operating plan, we believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents from operations will be sufficient to finance our operational cash needs through at least the next 12 months. In the future, we expect our operating and capital expenditures to increase as we increase headcount, expand our business activities and grow our end customer base which will result in higher needs for working capital. Our ability to generate cash from operations is also subject to substantial risks described in Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors. If any of these risks occur, we may be unable to generate or sustain positive cash flow from operating activities. We would then be required to use existing cash and cash equivalents to support our working capital and other cash requirements. If additional funds are required to support our working capital requirements, acquisitions or other purposes, we may seek to raise funds through debt financing or from other sources. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of equity or convertible debt securities, the percentage ownership of our stockholders could be significantly diluted, and these newly-issued securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing stockholders. If we raise additional funds by obtaining loans from third parties, the terms of those financing arrangements may include negative covenants or other restrictions on our business that could impair our operating flexibility, and would also require us to incur interest expense. We can provide no assurance that additional financing will be available at all or, if available, that we would be able to obtain additional financing on terms favorable to us.

We do not plan to repatriate cash balances from foreign subsidiaries to fund our operations in the United States. There may be adverse tax effects upon repatriation of these funds to the United States.

**Contractual Payment Obligations**

Our contractual obligations for 2017 and beyond are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 1, 2017. See note 16 of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for information regarding obligations as of June 30, 2017.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

At June 30, 2017, we had no material off-balance sheet arrangements, other than our facility operating leases.

## **Recent Authoritative Accounting Guidance**

See note 2 of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for information regarding recently issued accounting pronouncements.

## **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

### ***Interest Rate Sensitivity***

We had cash and cash equivalents and investments in marketable securities of \$380.9 million and \$394.3 million at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, which was held for working capital purposes. Our exposure to market interest-rate risk relates primarily to our investment portfolio. We do not use derivative financial instruments to hedge the market risks of our investments. We manage our total portfolio to encompass a diversified pool of investment-grade securities to preserve principal and maintain liquidity. We place our investments with high-quality issuers, money market funds and debt securities. Our investment portfolio as of June 30, 2017 consisted of money market funds, U.S. Treasuries, municipal bonds, variable rate demand notes, corporate bonds, commercial papers and asset backed securities. Investments in both fixed rate and floating rate instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. Fixed rate securities may have their market value adversely impacted due to an increase in interest rates, while floating rate securities may produce less income than expected if interest rates fall. Due in part to these factors, our future investment income may fall short of expectations due to changes in interest rates or if the decline in fair value of our publicly traded debt investments is judged to be other-than-temporary. We may suffer losses in principal if we are forced to sell securities that have declined in market value due to changes in interest rates. However, because any debt securities we hold are classified as available-for-sale, no gains or losses are realized in the income statement due to changes in interest rates unless such securities are sold prior to maturity or unless declines in value are determined to be other-than-temporary. These securities are reported at fair value with the related unrealized gains and losses, net of applicable taxes, included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), reported in a separate component of stockholders' equity. Although, we currently expect that our ability to access or liquidate these investments as needed to support our business activities will continue, we cannot ensure that this will not change.

In a low interest rate environment, as short-term investments mature, reinvestment may occur at less favorable market rates. Given the short-term nature of certain investments, the current interest rate environment may negatively impact our investment income.

As of June 30, 2017, we had outstanding debt of \$517.5 million in the form of Convertible Notes. The fair value of our Convertible Notes is subject to interest rate risk, market risk and other factors due to the convertible feature. The fair value of the Convertible Notes will generally increase as interest rates fall and decrease as interest rates rise. In addition, the fair value of the Convertible Notes will generally increase as our common stock price increases and will generally decrease as our common stock price declines in value. The interest and market value changes affect the fair value of our Convertible Notes but do not impact our financial position, cash flows or results of operations due to the fixed nature of the debt obligation.



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***Foreign Currency Risk***

To date, our international customer and vendor agreements have been denominated almost exclusively in United States dollars. Accordingly, we have limited exposure to foreign currency exchange rates and currently enter into immaterial foreign currency hedging transactions.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

***Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures***

We maintain “disclosure controls and procedures,” as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15-(e) under the Securities Exchange Act 1934, or the Exchange Act, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (our principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (our principal financial officer), as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that such controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Our disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to meet reasonable assurance standards, but management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our Chief Executive Officer (our principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (our principal financial officer) have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

***Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting***



There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. *Legal Proceedings***

The information required by this Item 1 is set forth under Note 16 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Report, and is hereby incorporated by reference herein. For an additional discussion of certain risks associated with legal proceedings, see Item 1A. Risk Factors, below.

### **Item 1A. *Risk Factors***

You should carefully consider the risks described in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, which are incorporated by reference herein, as our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected by any of the risks and uncertainties described therein. There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

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**Item 5. Other Information**

(a) On July 19, 2017, the Board of Directors amended and restated the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan to incorporate previously adopted standalone amendments and to prospectively increase to the value of the automatic, annual restricted stock unit awards granted to the continuing non-employee members of the Board of Directors with at least six months of tenure from \$135,000 to \$175,000. The foregoing is a summary of the terms of the amended and restated 2010 Stock Incentive Plan only, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the terms of the amended and restated 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, which is filed as an exhibit to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

(a) Exhibits.

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of November 1, 2016 by and among the Registrant, Clarice Acquisition Corporation, a Delaware corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, ClariPhy Communications, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Fortis Advisors LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, solely in its capacity as Securityholders' Agent (incorporated by reference to exhibit 2.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 1, 2016).
3(i)	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3(i) of the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 7, 2011).
3(ii)	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 20, 2015).
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 filed with Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-167564).
4.2	Amended and Restated Investors' Rights Agreement dated as of August 12, 2010 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.2 of the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 7, 2011).
10.1+	Amended and Restated Inphi Corporation 2010 Stock Incentive Plan dated as of July 19, 2017.

10.2	Asset Purchase Agreement dated June 29, 2016 by and among Rambus Inc., Bell ID Singapore Ptd Ltd, Inphi Corporation and Inphi International Ptd. Ltd. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2016).
31.1	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
31.2	Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
32.1(1)	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
32.2(1)	Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

+ Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

(1) The material contained in Exhibit 32.1 and Exhibit 32.2 is not deemed "filed" with the SEC and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof and irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INPHI CORPORATION,  
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Ford Tamer  
Ford Tamer  
*Chief Executive Officer*  
*(Duly Authorized and Principal Executive Officer)*

By: /s/ John Edmunds  
John Edmunds  
*Chief Financial Officer*  
*(Duly Authorized and Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)*

August 8, 2017

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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of November 1, 2016 by and among the Registrant, Clarice Acquisition Corporation, a Delaware corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, ClariPhy Communications, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Fortis Advisors LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, solely in its capacity as Securityholders' Agent (incorporated by reference to exhibit 2.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 1, 2016).

3(i) Restated  
Certificate of  
Incorporation of  
the Registrant  
(incorporated by  
reference to  
exhibit 3(i) of the  
Registrant's annual  
report on Form  
10-K filed with  
the SEC on March  
7, 2011).

3(ii) Amended and  
Restated Bylaws  
of the Registrant  
(incorporated by  
reference to  
exhibit 3.1 of the  
Registrant's  
current report on  
Form 8-K filed  
with the SEC on  
October 20,  
2015).

4.1 Specimen  
Common Stock  
Certificate  
(incorporated by  
reference to  
exhibit 4.1 filed  
with Registration  
Statement on  
Form S-1 (File  
No. 333-167564).

4.2 Amended and  
Restated Investors'  
Rights Agreement  
dated as of  
August 12, 2010  
(incorporated by  
reference to  
exhibit 4.2 of the  
Registrant's annual  
report on Form  
10-K filed with  
the SEC on March  
7, 2011).

10.1+	Amended and Restated Inphi Corporation 2010 Stock Incentive Plan dated as of July 19, 2017.
10.2	Asset Purchase Agreement dated June 29, 2016 by and among Rambus Inc., Bell ID Singapore Ptd Ltd, Inphi Corporation and Inphi International Pte. Ltd. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2016).
31.1	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
31.2	Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
32.1(1)	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of

	the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
32.2(1)	Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

+ Indicates management contract  
or compensatory plan

(1) The material contained in Exhibit 32.1 and Exhibit 32.2 is not deemed “filed” with the SEC and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof and irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.



