FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. Form 10-Q August 07, 2015 Table of Contents

#### **UNITED STATES**

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 001-36586

FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

**001-36586** (Commission

27-0775699 (IRS Employer

incorporation)

file number)
2500 Weston Road, Suite 300

**Identification Number**)

Weston, Florida 33331

(Address of principal executive offices)

(954) 984-3313

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of accelerated filer , large accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large accelerated filer "

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer x

Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) "Yes x No

As of July 31, 2015, the registrant had 37,457,737 shares of Class A Common Stock and 4,129,662 shares of Class B Non-voting Common Stock outstanding.

# FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC.

# **FORM 10-Q**

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## FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

# (Unaudited)

# (Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets:		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 32,161	\$ 25,397
Interest-earning deposits in other banks	109,125	81,688
Investment securities:		
Available for sale securities, at fair value	1,430,149	1,359,098
Federal Home Loan Bank and other bank stock, at cost	70,505	66,891
Total investment securities	1,500,654	1,425,989
Loans held for sale	4,782	707
Loans:		
New loans	3,807,547	3,103,417
Acquired loans (\$0 and \$273,366 covered by FDIC loss share, respectively)	720,175	826,173
Allowance for loan losses	(27,046)	(22,880)
Loans, net	4,500,676	3,906,710
·	, ,	, ,
FDIC loss share indemnification asset		63,168
Due from FDIC		1,735
Premises and equipment, net	37,641	38,962
Other real estate owned (\$0 and \$25,130 of foreclosed property covered by FDIC		
loss share, respectively)	42,654	74,527
Goodwill and other intangible assets	87,884	88,615
Deferred tax assets, net (including valuation allowance of \$9,126 and \$9,151,		
respectively)	76,720	47,441
Bank-owned life insurance	140,830	139,829
Other assets	74,071	62,860
Total assets	\$ 6,607,198	\$ 5,957,628
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity		
Liabilities:		
Deposits:		
Transaction accounts:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 621,845	\$ 593,025
Interest-bearing	2,586,491	2,308,657

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Total transaction accounts	3,208,336	2,901,682
Time deposits	1,257,751	1,076,853
Total deposits	4,466,087	3,978,535
Borrowings (including FHLB advances of \$1,093,100 and \$983,686, respectively)	1,232,893	1,067,981
Other liabilities	50,739	59,459
Total liabilities	5,749,719	5,105,975
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Stockholders Equity:		
Class A common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 100 million shares authorized;		
37,806,869, 35,396,962 issued and 36,849,557, 34,469,650 outstanding	37	36
Class B common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 50 million shares authorized;		
4,765,774, 7,132,180 issued and 4,573,642, 6,940,048 outstanding	6	7
Additional paid-in capital	839,265	834,538
Retained earnings	37,646	35,144
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	78	679
Treasury stock, at cost; 957,312, 927,312 Class A and 192,132, 192,132 Class B common shares	(19,553)	(18,751)
Total stockholders equity	857,479	851,653
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$6,607,198	\$ 5,957,628

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

		<b>Three Months Ended</b>						
		_	June 30,			x Months E	nded .	
Interest income:		2015		2014		2015		2014
Interest income.  Interest and fees on loans	\$	44,202	\$	37,833	\$	87,508	\$	72,685
Interest and dividends on investment	Ψ	77,202	Ψ	37,033	Ψ	07,500	Ψ	72,003
securities		13,169		10,566		25,279		20,564
Other interest income		40		53		73		121
Total interest income		57,411		48,452		112,860		93,370
Interest expense:								
Interest on deposits		5,991		5,833		11,576		11,142
Interest on borrowings		1,246		1,466		2,226		2,730
Total interest expense		7,237		7,299		13,802		13,872
Net interest income		50,174		41,153		99,058		79,498
Provision for loan losses		2,470		3,236		3,819		4,326
Net interest income after provision for loan								
losses		47,704		37,917		95,239		75,172
Noninterest income:								
Service charges and fees		778		707		1,535		1,445
Loan and other fees		1,906		2,569		4,403		3,285
Bank-owned life insurance income		1,097		1,038		2,194		1,856
FDIC loss share indemnification loss		_,_,		(5,247)		(65,529)		(10,239)
Income from resolution of acquired assets		2,898		1,692		6,270		2,729
Gain (loss) on sales of other real estate								
owned		5,605		(359)		7,170		72
Gain (loss) on investment securities		761		4,448		1,768		6,943
Other noninterest income		1,107		1,842		2,252		3,147
Total noninterest income		14,152		6,690		(39,937)		9,238
Noninterest expense:								
Salaries and employee benefits		17,856		13,411		34,431		29,831

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Occupancy and equipment expenses		3,806		3,777		7,083		7,210
Loan and other real estate related expenses		1,425		3,338		3,501		7,099
Professional services		1,189		1,352		2,595		3,184
Data processing and network		2,801		2,357		5,519		5,567
Regulatory assessments and insurance		2,092		1,920		4,211		3,694
Amortization of intangibles		407		443		831		859
Other operating expenses		2,471		4,146		4,526		7,766
Total noninterest expense		32,047		30,744		62,697		65,210
Income (loss) before income tax expense								
(benefit)		29,809		13,863		(7,395)		19,200
Income tax expense (benefit)		10,433		4,697		(9,897)		6,506
-								
Net income (loss)	\$	19,376	\$	9,166	\$	2,502	\$	12,694
Earnings (loss) per share:								
Basic	\$	0.47	\$	0.26	\$	0.06	\$	0.35
Diluted	\$	0.45	\$	0.26	\$	0.06	\$	0.35
		31.15	-		,			
Weighted average shares outstanding:	_							
Basic		1,428,588		,892,154		,425,240		,892,154
Diluted	43	3,106,131	35	,896,207	42	2,752,814	35	,896,257

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Thre	e Months <b>E</b>	Ende	d June 30	Six ]	Months E	nded	l June 30,
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Net income (loss)	\$	19,376	\$	9,166	\$	2,502	\$	12,694
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Unrealized net holding gains (losses) on investment								
securities available for sale, net of taxes of \$6,121,								
\$(4,894), \$(501) and \$(7,606), respectively		(9,747)		7,791		799		12,109
Reclassification adjustment for realized (gains) losses on								
investment securities available for sale included in net								
income, net of taxes of \$456, \$1,148, \$879, and \$1,480,								
respectively		(727)		(1,830)		(1,400)		(2,357)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(10,474)		5,961		(601)		9,752
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	8,902	\$	15,127	\$	1,901	\$	22,446

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)

	Commor Shares Out		Common Stock Issued				Accumulated Other		
		8			Additional Paid in		Comprehensiv		ive Total Stockholders
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class E	Capital	(Deficit)	Treasury Stock	(Loss)	Equity
Balance as of							+ ==		<b></b>
January 1, 2014	28,065,002	7,827,152	\$ 29	\$ 8	\$723,631	\$ 12,772	\$ (18,751)	\$ (1,575)	\$716,114
Net income (loss)						12,694			12,694
Exchange of B									
shares to A	69,400	(60, 400	`						
shares Stock-based	68,499	(68,499	)						
compensation					888				888
Other									
comprehensive									
income (loss)								9,752	9,752
Dolongo og of									
Balance as of June 30, 2014	28,133,501	7,758,653	\$ 29	\$ 8	\$ 724,519	\$ 25 466	\$ (18,751)	\$ 8 177	\$ 739,448
June 30, 2014	20,133,301	7,730,033	Ψ Δ )	ψυ	Ψ 124,317	Ψ 23,400	Φ (10,751)	Φ 0,177	Ψ 132,++0
Balance as of									
January 1, 2015	34,469,650	6,940,048	\$ 36	\$ 7	\$834,538	\$ 35,144	\$ (18,751)	\$ 679	\$ 851,653
Net income									
(loss)						2,502			2,502
Exchange of B shares to A									
shares	2,366,406	(2,366,406	) 1	(1)					
Stock-based	, ,		,						
compensation,									
RSU and warrant									
expense					3,874				3,874
Treasury stock purchase	(30,000)						(802)		(802)
Exercise of stock	(30,000)						(002)		(002)
options	43,501				873				873
Other					(20)				(20)

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Other comprehensive income (loss)

(601) (601)

Balance as of June 30, 2015 36,849,557 4,573,642 \$ 37 \$ 6 \$ 839,265 \$ 37,646 \$ (19,553) \$ 78 \$857,479

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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## FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# (Unaudited)

# (Dollars in thousands)

		Months En	June 30, 2014
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$	2,502	\$ 12,694
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Provision for loan losses		3,819	4,326
Amortization of intangible assets		831	859
Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment		1,940	1,871
Amortization of discount on loans		(1,833)	(1,629)
Net amortization (accretion) of premium (discount) on investment securities		1,094	1,113
Net amortization (accretion) of premium (discount) on time deposits		(258)	(837)
Net amortization (accretion) on FHLB advances and other borrowings		(1,292)	(554)
Impairment of other real estate owned		173	732
FDIC loss share indemnification loss		65,529	10,239
(Gain) loss on investment securities		(1,768)	(6,943)
(Gain) loss on sale of loans			(562)
(Gain) loss on sale of other real estate owned		(7,170)	(72)
(Gain) loss on sale of premises and equipment		112	18
Deferred tax expense		(30,386)	
Stock-based compensation and warrant expense		3,442	888
Increase in cash surrender value of BOLI		(2,194)	(1,856)
Net change in operating assets and liabilities:			
Net change in loans held for sale		(4,075)	(1,492)
Collection from FDIC on loss share indemnification asset			5,597
Settlement of FDIC loss share agreement		(14,815)	
Net change in other assets		(3,021)	(8,669)
Net change in other liabilities		(5,741)	6,971
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		6,889	22,694
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Purchase of investment securities available for sale	(	(462,125)	(840,453)
Sales of investment securities available for sale		318,927	515,359
Paydown and maturities of investment securities held to maturity			372
Paydown and maturities of investment securities available for sale		76,680	87,104
Purchase of FHLB and other bank stock		(36,852)	(39,785)

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33,238

19,644

Sales of FHLB and other bank stock

build of The und other built stock	22,230	17,011
Net cash paid in acquisition		(14,073)
Net change in loans	(369,060)	(419,417)
Purchase of loans	(241,727)	(72,504)
Proceeds from sale of loans		23,329
Purchase of bank-owned life insurance		(40,000)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	53,705	20,988
Purchase of premises and equipment	(731)	(443)
Proceeds from life insurance	1,193	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(626,752)	(759,879)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Net change in deposits	487,810	301,594
Net change in FHLB advances and other borrowings	109,414	328,485
Net change in repurchase agreements	56,790	(1,166)
Repurchase of stock	(802)	
Exercise of stock options	873	
Other financing costs	(21)	(335)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	654,064	628,578
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	34,201	(108,607)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	107,085	239,217
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 141,286	\$ 130,610
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Interest paid	\$ 13,768	\$ 13,191
Income taxes paid	4,786	5,816
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Transfer of loans to other real estate owned	\$ 14,835	\$ 12,869
Fair value of assets acquired		957,324
Goodwill recorded		47,355
Liabilities assumed		962,194
Securities purchased not settled	5,020	41,601
Securities sold not settled	430	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

#### FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, they do not include all information and notes to the consolidated financial statements necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for FCB Financial Holdings, Inc. (the Company) previously filed with the SEC in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year or any other interim period.

## Nature of Operations

FCB Financial Holdings, Inc., formerly known as Bond Street Holdings, Inc., is a national bank holding company with one wholly-owned national bank subsidiary, Florida Community Bank, N.A. (Florida Community Bank or the Bank), headquartered in Weston, Florida, offering a comprehensive range of traditional banking products and services to individual and corporate customers through 48 banking centers located in Florida at June 30, 2015.

## Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiary, the Bank, and the Bank s subsidiaries, which consist of a group of real estate holding companies. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### Use of Estimates

The Company s financial reporting and accounting policies conform to U.S. GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Material estimates subject to significant change include the allowance for loan losses, valuation of and accounting for loans covered by loss sharing arrangements with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the related loss share receivable, valuation of and accounting for acquired loans, the carrying value of OREO, the fair value of financial instruments, the valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets, contingent consideration liabilities, acquisition-related fair value computations, stock-based compensation and deferred taxes.

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## Reclassifications

In certain instances, amounts reported in prior periods consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on previously reported net income or total stockholders equity.

For the 2014 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, the Company reclassified \$41.6 million to investing activities from operating activities related to the settlement of investment securities and \$14.7 million to operating activities from investing activities related to accretion income on acquired loans. In addition, the Company reclassified cash collections of \$5.6 million from the FDIC on loss share indemnification assets from investing activities to operating activities.

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#### Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists to provide guidance on the financial statement presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists thereby reducing diversity in practice. The amendments in this update became effective for the first quarter ended March 31, 2015. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

# Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards affecting public companies. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to use the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act until the earlier of the date we (i) are no longer an emerging growth company or (ii) affirmatively and irrevocably opt out of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B).

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-02, Amendments to the Consolidated Analysis (ASC 810, Consolidation) which amends the consolidation requirements of ASC 810 by reducing the number of consolidation models. The guidance places more emphasis on risk of loss when determining a controlling financial interest; reduces the frequency of the application of related-party guidance when determining a controlling financial interest and changes the consolidation requirements of limited partnerships. For public entities, this guidance is effective for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, including emerging growth companies, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. A reporting entity may apply the amendments in this ASU using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption or may apply the amendments retrospectively. The Company is currently evaluating this guidance to determine the impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows but does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-01, Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items (ASC 225-20, Extraordinary and Unusual Items) which eliminates the concept of extraordinary items. The amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015 for all entities. Under the ASU, extraordinary items will no longer be segregated from the results of ordinary operations and presented separately on the consolidated financial statements. The amendments may be applied prospectively or retrospectively to all prior periods. Early adoption is permitted provided that the guidance is applied from the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The Company does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

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## **NOTE 2. INVESTMENT SECURITIES**

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and approximate fair values of securities available for sale are as follows:

	Amortized	Unrea	Fair		
June 30, 2015	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	
		(Dollars in	thousands)		
Available for sale:					
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored					
enterprises obligations	\$ 5,306	\$ 98	\$	\$ 5,404	
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored					
enterprises mortgage-backed securities	375,061	3,743	522	378,282	
State and municipal obligations	2,040	190		2,230	
Asset-backed securities	456,912	2,438	1,612	457,738	
Corporate bonds and other debt securities	419,553	2,786	5,078	417,261	
Preferred stock and other equity securities	171,150	343	2,259	169,234	
Total available for sale	\$ 1,430,022	\$ 9,598	\$9,471	\$ 1,430,149	

	Amortized	Unre	Unrealized			
December 31, 2014	Cost	Gains	Losses	Valu	ue	
		(Dollars in	thousands)			
Available for sale:						
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises						
obligations	\$ 6,078	\$ 18	\$	\$ 6	5,096	
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises						
mortgage-backed securities	497,384	5,172	904	501	1,652	
State and municipal obligations	2,039	238		2	2,277	
Asset-backed securities	482,969	1,424	6,192	478	3,201	
Corporate bonds and other debt securities	256,155	3,024	496	258	3,683	
Preferred stock and other equity securities	113,367	261	1,439	112	2,189	
Total available for sale	\$1,357,992	\$10,137	\$9,031	\$ 1,359	9,098	

As part of the Company s liquidity management strategy, the Company pledges loans and securities to secure borrowings from the FHLB. The Company also pledges securities to collateralize public deposits. The carrying value of all pledged securities totaled \$761.8 million and \$685.3 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities available for sale, by contractual maturity, are as follows:

June 30, 2015	Amortized Cost (Dollars in	Fair Value thousands)
Available for sale:		
Due in one year or less	\$	\$
Due after one year through five years	81,627	81,677
Due after five years through ten years	73,077	72,375
Due after ten years	266,889	265,439
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises obligations, mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed		
securities	837,279	841,424
Preferred stock and other equity securities	171,150	169,234
Total available for sale	\$ 1,430,022	\$ 1,430,149

For purposes of the maturity table, U.S Government agencies and sponsored enterprises obligations, agency mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities, the principal of which are repaid periodically, are presented as a single amount. The expected lives of these securities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay the underlying loans with or without prepayment penalties.

The following tables present the estimated fair values and gross unrealized losses on investment securities available for sale, aggregated by investment category and length of time individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of the periods presented:

	Less than	Total					
June 30, 2015	Fair Value	 ealized Loss	Fair Value (Dollars in	realized Loss isands)	Fair Value		realized Loss
Available for sale:							
U.S. Government agencies and							
sponsored enterprises obligations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
U.S. Government agencies and							
sponsored enterprises mortgage-backed							
securities	37,102	292	14,510	230	51,612		522
State and municipal obligations							
Asset-backed securities	106,790	396	87,596	1,216	194,386		1,612
Corporate bonds and other debt							
securities	269,281	5,078			269,281		5,078
Preferred stock and other equity							
securities	126,072	2,044	9,788	215	135,860		2,259
Total available for sale	\$ 539,245	\$ 7,810	\$111,894	\$ 1,661	\$ 651,139	\$	9,471

	Less than 12 Months 12 Months or More						Total			
December 31, 2014	Fair Value		ealized Loss		Fair Value ollars in		realized Loss usands)	Fair Value		realized Loss
Available for sale:										
U.S. Government agencies and										
sponsored enterprises obligations	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	
U.S. Government agencies and										
sponsored enterprises mortgage-backed										
securities	71,539		330		43,090		574	114,629		904
State and municipal obligations										
Asset-backed securities	337,123		5,143		31,898		1,049	369,021		6,192
Corporate bonds and other debt										
securities	78,487		496					78,487		496
Preferred stock and other equity										
securities	53,064		737		10,606		702	63,670		1,439
Total available for sale	\$ 540,213	\$	6,706	\$	85,594	\$	2,325	\$625,807	\$	9,031

At June 30, 2015, the Company s security portfolio consisted of 287 securities, of which 118 securities were in an unrealized loss position. A total of 92 were in an unrealized loss position for less than 12 months. The unrealized losses for these securities resulted primarily from changes in interest rates. All securities available for sale at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were investment grade based on ratings from recognized rating agencies.

The Company monitors its investment securities for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI). Impairment is evaluated on an individual security basis considering numerous factors, with the relative significance varying by situation. The Company has evaluated the nature of unrealized losses in the investment securities portfolio to determine if OTTI exists. The unrealized losses relate to changes in market interest rates and specific market conditions that do not represent credit-related impairments. Furthermore, the Company does not intend to sell nor is it more likely than not that it will be required to sell these investments before the recovery of their amortized cost basis. Management has completed an assessment of each security in an unrealized loss position for credit impairment, including securities with existing characteristics that are covered under the Volcker Rule, and has determined that no individual security was other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2015. The following describes the basis under which the Company has evaluated OTTI:

U.S. Government Agencies and Sponsored Enterprises Obligations and Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS):

The unrealized losses associated with U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises obligations and agency MBS are primarily driven by changes in interest rates. These securities have either an explicit or implicit U.S. government guarantee.

Corporate Bonds and Asset Backed Securities:

Securities were generally underwritten in accordance with the Company s investment standards prior to the decision to purchase, without relying on a bond issuer s guarantee in making the investment decision. These investments are investment grade and will continue to be monitored as part of the Company s ongoing impairment analysis, but are expected to perform in accordance with their terms.

Preferred Stock and Other Equity Investments:

The unrealized losses associated with preferred stock and other equity investments in large U.S. financial institutions are primarily driven by changes in interest rates. These securities were generally underwritten in accordance with the Company s investment standards prior to the decision to purchase. These investments are investment grade and will continue to be monitored as part of the Company s ongoing impairment analysis, but are expected to perform in accordance with their terms.

Gross realized gains and losses on the sale of securities available for sale are shown below. The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method.

	Three Months	Ended June	SOx Months E	nded	June 30,
	2015	2014	2015		2014
		(Dollars	in thousands)		
Gross realized gains	\$ 849	\$ 5,203	\$ 1,961	\$	7,897
Gross realized losses	(844)	(824)	(913)		(1,012)

Net realized gains (losses)	\$	5	\$4,379	\$	1 048	\$	6.885
recticalized gains (1055es)	Ψ		$\psi$ 1,577	Ψ	1,010	Ψ	0,005

#### **NOTE 3. LOANS, NET**

The Company s loan portfolio consists of new and acquired loans. The Company classifies originated loans and purchased loans not acquired through business combinations as New loans. The Company classifies loans acquired through business combinations as acquired loans. The acquired loan portfolio is segmented into Covered Loans , loans subject to loss sharing with the FDIC, and Non-Covered Loans , acquired loans without loss share reimbursement. Additionally, the New loan portfolio is classified as Non-Covered Loans . A portion of the acquired loan portfolio, both Covered and Non-Covered Loans, exhibited evidence of deterioration in credit quality since origination, and are accounted for under ASC 310-30. The remaining portfolio of acquired loans consists of loans that were not considered ASC 310-30 loans at acquisition and are classified as Non-ASC 310-30 loans.

On March 4, 2015, the Bank entered into an agreement with the FDIC to terminate all loss sharing agreements which were entered into in 2010 and 2011 in conjunction with the Bank s acquisition of substantially all of the assets (covered assets) and assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of six failed banks in FDIC-assisted acquisitions. Under the early termination, all rights and obligations of the Bank and the FDIC under the loss share agreements, including the clawback provisions, have been eliminated.

The following tables summarize the Company s loans by portfolio segment as of the periods presented, net of deferred fees, costs, and premium and discount:

	Covere ASC	d Loans Non-ASC	No ASC	oans		
June 30, 2015	310-30 Loans	310-30 Loans	310-30 Loans (Dollars	310-30 Loans in thousands)	New Loans (1)	Total
Real estate loans:						
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$ 286,337	\$ 62,473	\$ 942,424	\$1,291,234
Owner-occupied commercial real						
estate				19,860	400,438	420,298
1-4 single family residential			76,849	86,754	1,248,625	1,412,228
Construction, land and development			55,453	8,610	349,659	413,722
Home equity loans and lines of credit				52,971	22,798	75,769
Total real estate loans	\$	\$	\$418,639	\$ 230,668	\$ 2,963,944	\$3,613,251
Other loans:						
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	\$ 58,045	\$ 9,654	\$ 837,270	\$ 904,969
Consumer			2,524	645	6,333	9,502
Total other loans			60,569	10,299	843,603	914,471
Total loans held in portfolio	\$	\$	\$ 479,208	\$ 240,967	\$ 3,807,547	\$ 4,527,722
Allowance for loan losses						(27,046)
Loans held in portfolio, net						\$4,500,676
	Covere	d Loans	No	on-Covered L	oans	

	Covere	d Loans	No	oans		
	ASC	Non-ASC	ASC	Non-ASC		
	310-30	310-30	310-30	310-30	New	
December 31, 2014	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans (1)	Total
			(Dollars	in thousands)		
Real estate loans:						
Commercial real estate	\$ 155,050	\$ 6,202	\$ 181,885	\$ 63,944	\$ 853,074	\$ 1,260,155

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Owner-occupied commercial real						
estate		2,411		12,431	281,703	296,545
1-4 single family residential	34,297	7,286	52,011	94,993	922,657	1,111,244
Construction, land and development	19,903		46,797	9,729	232,601	309,030
Home equity loans and lines of						
credit		10,785		43,919	11,826	66,530
Total real estate loans	\$ 209,250	\$ 26,684	\$ 280,693	\$ 225,016	\$ 2,301,861	\$ 3,043,504
Other loans:						
Commercial and industrial	\$ 32,531	\$ 4,308	\$ 34,967	\$ 9,240	\$ 795,000	\$ 876,046
Consumer	557	36	2,246	645	6,556	10,040
Total other loans	33,088	4,344	37,213	9,885	801,556	886,086
Total loans held in portfolio	\$ 242,338	\$ 31,028	\$317,906	\$ 234,901	\$3,103,417	\$3,929,590
_						
Allowance for loan losses						(22,880)
Loans held in portfolio, net						\$3,906,710

<sup>(1)</sup> Balance includes \$(5.6) million and \$3.6 million of deferred fees, costs, and premium and discount as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the unpaid principal balances (UPB) of ASC 310-30 loans were \$620.0 million and \$725.9 million, respectively. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had pledged loans as collateral for FHLB advances of \$1.83 billion and \$1.63 billion, respectively. The recorded investments of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings are in process as of June 30, 2015 totaled \$10.3 million. The Company held \$438.5 million and \$445.6 million of syndicated national loans as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company purchased approximately \$144.0 million and \$233.6 million, respectively, in residential mortgage loans from third parties. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company purchased approximately \$71.2 million in residential mortgage loans from third parties.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company sold approximately \$11.6 million and \$19.5 million, respectively, in loans to third parties. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company sold approximately \$26.2 million and \$28.9 million, respectively, in loans to third parties.

The accretable discount on ASC 310-30 loan pools represents the amount by which the undiscounted expected cash flows on such pools exceed its carrying value. The increase in expected cash flows for certain ASC 310-30 loan pools resulted in the reclassification of \$9.8 million and \$13.0 million in non-accretable difference to accretable discount during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Changes in accretable discount for ASC 310-30 loans for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Six Montl June	
	2015	2014
	(Dollars in	thousands)
Balance at January 1,	\$ 156,197	\$ 148,501
Additions to accretable discount from GFB acquisition		40,444
Accretion	(23,667)	(31,231)
Reclassifications from non-accretable difference	9,760	13,030
Balance at June 30,	\$ 142,290	\$170,744

#### NOTE 4. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The Company s accounting method for loans and the corresponding allowance for loan losses (ALL) differs depending on whether the loans are New or Acquired. The Company assesses and monitors credit risk and portfolio performance using distinct methodologies for Acquired loans, both ASC 310-30 Loans and Non-ASC 310-30 Loans, and New loans. Within each of these portfolios, the Company further disaggregates the portfolios into the following segments: Commercial real estate, Owner-occupied commercial real estate, 1-4 single family residential, Construction, land and development, Home equity loans and lines of credit, Commercial and industrial and Consumer. The ALL reflects management s estimate of probable credit losses inherent in each of the segments.

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Changes in the ALL by loan class and portfolio segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

			wner-						ome					
(	Commercia		cupied merci	al1-	4 Sinold	ไดทร	struction		quity ns and	Con	nmercia			
	Real		Real				nd and			2011	and	•		
	Estate	E	Estate				elopmen			Inc	dustrial	Con	sumer	Total
					(	(Dol	lars in tl	hou	sands	)				
Balance at April 1, 2015	\$ 9,296	\$	1,252	\$	5,213	\$	2,312	\$	398	\$	5,705	\$	337	\$ 24,513
Provision (credit) for ASC														
310-30 loans	(784)				(63)		(178)				143		115	(767)
Provision for non-ASC														
310-30 loans	848		(7)	)	(7)		(12)		143		(11)		(1)	953
Provision for New loans	383		303		755		633		22		183		5	2,284
Total provision	447		296		685		443		165		315		119	2,470
•														
Charge-offs for ASC 310-30 loans	(109)				(121)						(45)			(275)
Charge-offs for non-ASC	, ,										, ,			, ,
310-30 loans					(63)									(63)
Charge-offs for New loans														
Total charge-offs	(109)				(184)						(45)			(338)
Recoveries for ASC														
310-30 loans	18				30		269				82			399
Recoveries for non-ASC 310-30 loans														
Recoveries for New loans											2			2
Total recoveries	18				30		269				84			401
F 1' ATT 1 1														
Ending ALL balance	2 505				270		702				1 122		207	<b>5</b> 160
ASC 310-30 loans Non-ASC 310-30 loans	2,585 1,375		54		270 335		793 56		432		1,133 41		387	5,168
New loans	5,692		1,494		5,139		2,175		131		4,885		63	2,299 19,579
INCW IUAIIS	3,092		1,494		3,139		2,1/3		131		4,000		03	19,379
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 9,652	\$	1,548	\$	5,744	\$	3,024	\$	563	\$	6,059	\$	456	\$ 27,046

Commercial Owner- 1-4 SingleConstruction, Home CommerciaConsumer Total Real Occupied Family Land and Equity and Estate CommerciaResidentiaDevelopmenLoans and Industrial

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		Real Lines of Estate Credit (Dollars in thousands)												
Balance at April 1, 2014	\$5,088	\$	435	\$	1,587	ДОI \$	1,900		151	\$	5,977	\$	356	\$ 15,494
Durance at 11pm 1, 2014	ψ 5,000	Ψ	133	Ψ	1,507	Ψ	1,700	Ψ	131	Ψ	3,711	Ψ	330	Ψ 13,474
Provision (credit) for ASC														
310-30 loans	191				212		(31)				(539)		(34)	(201)
Provision for non-ASC														
310-30 loans	2		2		(45)				89		16		32	96
Provision for New loans	982		369		702		499		(65)		849		5	3,341
													_	
Total provision	1,175		371		869		468		24		326		3	3,236
Charge-offs for ASC 310-30 loans					(20)		(444)				(22)		(4)	(510)
Charge-offs for non-ASC					(30)		(444)				(32)		(4)	(510)
310-30 loans									(62)				(29)	(91)
Charge-offs for New loans									(02)		(348)		(2))	(348)
charge ons for the wholes											(5.10)			(5.10)
Total charge-offs					(30)		(444)		(62)		(380)		(33)	(949)
					` ,						, , ,		, ,	, , ,
Recoveries for ASC														
310-30 loans	91						11				1			103
Recoveries for non-ASC														
310-30 loans														
Recoveries for New loans														
T-4-1	0.1						1.1				1			102
Total recoveries	91						11				1			103
Ending ALL balance														
ASC 310-30 loans	2,883				207		660				1,359		298	5,407
Non-ASC 310-30 loans	2,003		7		7		000		32		6		3	63
New loans	3,463		799		2,212		1,275		81		4,559		25	12,414
					,		,				,			,
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$6,354	\$	806	\$	2,426	\$	1,935	\$	113	\$	5,924	\$	326	\$ 17,884

Home

## **Table of Contents**

Equity														
		0	wner-				1		ns and	ı				
C	ommerci			1- 4	4 Single(	Cons					ımercia	l		
			_		'amily			-	of		and	-		
					•		lopment				lustrial	Con	sumer	Total
							llars in t							
Balance at January 1,									,					
2015	\$8,206	\$	1,020	\$	4,740	\$	2,456	\$	355	\$	5,745	\$	358	\$22,880
	, ,		,	·	,	·	,				,			, ,
Provision (credit) for ASC														
310-30 loans	(865)				1		(198)				119		157	(786)
Provision (credit) for	,													,
non-ASC 310-30 loans	880		(4)		49		(19)		147		(8)			1,045
Provision (credit) for New														,
loans	1,236		532		1,138		452		61		140		1	3,560
	,				,									•
Total provision	1,251		528		1,188		235		208		251		158	3,819
•														
Charge-offs for ASC														
310-30 loans	(205)				(207)		(56)				(75)		(60)	(603)
Charge-offs for non-ASC														
310-30 loans					(128)									(128)
Charge-offs for New loans					, ,									, ,
C														
Total charge-offs	(205)				(335)		(56)				(75)		(60)	(731)
-														
Recoveries for ASC														
310-30 loans	400				151		389				131			1,071
Recoveries for non-ASC														
310-30 loans														
Recoveries for New loans											7			7
Total recoveries	400				151		389				138			1,078
Ending ALL balance														
ASC 310-30 loans	2,585				270		793				1,133		387	5,168
Non-ASC 310-30 loans	1,375		54		335		56		432		41		6	2,299
New loans	5,692		1,494		5,139		2,175		131		4,885		63	19,579
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 9,652	\$	1,548	\$	5,744	\$	3,024	\$	563	\$	6,059	\$	456	\$ 27,046

Home
Owner- Equity

Commercial Occupied 1-4 Single Construction Loans and Commercial
Real Commercial Family Land and Lines of and
Estate Real EstateResidentia Development Credit Industrial Consumer Total

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						(Do	llars in t	hou	sands)					
Balance at January 1,	<b></b>	ф	276	Φ.	1 112	Φ.	1.010	ф	265	Φ.	6.100	Φ.	15.4	ф 1 4 <b>5</b> 22
2014	\$4,458	\$	376	\$	1,443	\$	1,819	\$	265	\$	6,198	\$	174	\$ 14,733
Provision (credit) for ASC														
310-30 loans	191				152		133				(871)		232	(163)
Provision (credit) for											(0.0)			(200)
non-ASC 310-30 loans	3		2		(45)				(4)		24		32	12
Provision (credit) for New														
loans	1,685		428		906		441		(45)		1,054		8	4,477
Total provision	1,879		430		1,013		574		(49)		207		272	4,326
Charge-offs for ASC 310-30 loans	(7.4)				(20)		(1.245)				(110)		(01)	(1.550)
Charge-offs for non-ASC	(74)				(30)		(1,245)				(110)		(91)	(1,550)
310-30 loans									(103)		(24)		(29)	(156)
Charge-offs for New loans									()		(348)		(->)	(348)
Total charge-offs	(74)				(30)		(1,245)		(103)		(482)		(120)	(2,054)
December for ASC														
Recoveries for ASC 310-30 loans	91						787				1			879
Recoveries for non-ASC	71						707				1			017
310-30 loans														
Recoveries for New loans														
m . 1	0.1						707				-			070
Total recoveries	91						787				1			879
Ending ALL balance														
ASC 310-30 loans	2,883				207		660				1,359		298	5,407
Non-ASC 310-30 loans	8		7		7				32		6		3	63
New loans	3,463		799		2,212		1,275		81		4,559		25	12,414
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$6,354	\$	806	\$	2,426	\$	1,935	\$	113	\$	5,924	\$	326	\$ 17,884

## Credit Quality Indicators

In evaluating credit risk, the Company looks at multiple factors; however, management considers delinquency status to be the most meaningful indicator of the credit quality of 1-4 single family residential, home equity loans and lines of credit and consumer loans. Delinquency statistics are updated at least monthly.

The following tables present an aging analysis of the recorded investment for delinquent loans by portfolio and segment (excluding loans accounted for under ASC 310-30):

June 30, 2015	30 to 59 Days Past Due	Accruing 60 to 89 Days Past Due (Do	90 Days or More Past Due llars in thou	Non- Accrual isands)	Total
New loans:				,	
Real estate loans:					
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Owner-occupied commercial real estate					
1-4 single family residential					
Construction, land and development					
Home equity loans and lines of credit					
Total real estate loans					
Other loans:					
Commercial and industrial				14	14
Consumer					
Total other loans				14	14
Total new loans	\$	\$	\$	\$ 14	\$ 14
Acquired loans:					
Real estate loans:	Ф	ф	ф	ф. 4.0 <i>65</i>	ф. 4.0 <i>6</i> <b>г</b>
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,865	\$ 4,865
Owner-occupied commercial real estate				5	1 (40
1-4 single family residential				1,649	1,649
Construction, land and development	152	200		2.006	2 247
Home equity loans and lines of credit	153	288		2,806	3,247
Total real estate loans	153	288		9,325	9,766
Other loans:					
Commercial and industrial				736	736
Consumer					
Total other loans				736	736
Total acquired loans	\$ 153	\$ 288	\$	\$ 10,061	\$ 10,502

December 31, 2014	30 to 59 Days Past Due	Due	90 Day	re Non- ne Accrual	Total
New loans:					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Owner-occupied commercial real estate					
1-4 single family residential	6,206	72	7	116	7,049
Construction, land and development					
Home equity loans and lines of credit					
Total real estate loans	6,206	72	7	116	7,049
Other loans:					
Commercial and industrial					
Consumer					
Total other loans					
Total new loans	\$6,206	\$ 72	7 \$	\$ 116	\$ 7,049
Acquired Loans:					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,866	\$ 4,866
Owner-occupied commercial real estate				211	211
1-4 single family residential	1,877	8	6	1,766	3,729
Construction, land and development					
Home equity loans and lines of credit	384	45	6	3,005	3,845
Total real estate loans	2,261	54	2	9,848	12,651
	,			,	·
Other loans:					
Commercial and industrial		19	2	1,222	1,414
Consumer	14		=	1,222	14
	1.				
Total other loans	14	19	2	1,222	1,428
					,
Total acquired loans	\$ 2,275	\$ 73	4 \$	\$ 11,070	\$ 14,079

Internal risk ratings are considered the most meaningful indicator of credit quality for Non-ASC 310-30 and New commercial, construction, land and development and commercial real estate loans. Internal risk ratings are updated on a continuous basis. Loans exhibiting potential credit weaknesses that deserve management s close attention and that if left uncorrected may result in deterioration of the repayment capacity of the borrower are categorized as special mention. Loans with well-defined credit weaknesses including payment defaults, declining collateral values, frequent

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overdrafts, operating losses, increasing balance sheet leverage, inadequate cash flow, project cost overruns, unreasonable construction delays, past due real estate taxes or exhausted interest reserves are assigned an internal risk rating of substandard. A loan with a weakness so severe that collection in full is highly questionable or improbable will be assigned an internal risk rating of doubtful.

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The following table summarizes the Company s Non-ASC 310-30 and New loans by key indicators of credit quality. Loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 are excluded from the following analysis because their related allowance is determined by loan pool performance:

June 30, 2015	Pass		Special Mention (Dollars in				Doubtful	
New loans:								
Commercial real estate	\$	942,394	\$		\$	30	\$	
Owner-occupied commercial real estate		400,438						
Construction, land and development		349,659						
Commercial and industrial		837,256				14		
Total new loans	\$ 2,529,747		\$		\$	44	\$	
Acquired loans:								
Commercial real estate	\$	57,126	\$	102	\$	5,245	\$	
Owner-occupied commercial real estate		19,662		96		102		
Construction, land and development		8,610						
Commercial and industrial		6,886		1,718		1,050		
Total acquired loans	\$	92,284	\$	1,916	\$	6,397	\$	
December 31, 2014		Pass	M	pecial ention		standard	Doubtful	
·		Pass	M	_			Doubtful	
New loans:	\$		M (Do	ention	thousa	ands)		
New loans: Commercial real estate	\$	853,044	M	ention			Doubtful \$	
New loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate	\$	853,044 281,703	M (Do	ention	thousa	ands)		
New loans: Commercial real estate	\$	853,044 281,703 232,601	M (Do	ention	thousa	ands)		
New loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate Construction, land and development		853,044 281,703	M (Do	ention	thousa	ands)		
New loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate Construction, land and development Commercial and industrial		853,044 281,703 232,601 795,000	M (Do	ention	thousa \$	ands) 30	\$	
New loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate Construction, land and development Commercial and industrial Total new loans		853,044 281,703 232,601 795,000	M (Do	ention	thousa \$	ands) 30	\$	
New loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate Construction, land and development Commercial and industrial Total new loans Acquired loans:	\$ 2	853,044 281,703 232,601 795,000 2,162,348	M (Do	ention llars in	\$	30 30	\$	
New loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate Construction, land and development Commercial and industrial  Total new loans  Acquired loans: Commercial real estate	\$ 2	853,044 281,703 232,601 795,000 2,162,348	\$ \$	Tention ollars in	\$	30 30 4,866	\$	
New loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate Construction, land and development Commercial and industrial  Total new loans  Acquired loans: Commercial real estate Owner-occupied commercial real estate	\$ 2	853,044 281,703 232,601 795,000 2,162,348 65,173 13,822	\$ \$	Tention ollars in	\$	30 30 4,866	\$	

Internal risk ratings are a key factor in identifying loans to be individually evaluated for impairment and impact management s estimates of loss factors used in determining the amount of the ALL.

The following table shows the Company s investment in loans disaggregated based on the method of evaluating impairment:

	Lo	oans - I	Recorded In	vestment	<b>Allowance for Credit Loss</b>					
	<b>Individually Collectively</b>			IndividuallyCollectivel			y			
	<b>Evaluated Evaluated</b>		ASC		Evaluated		AS	C 310-		
	for for		310-	for		for		30		
June 30, 2015	Impair	ment I	mpairment	30 Loans	Impairmen	t <b>I</b> m	pairment	Ι	oans	
				(Dollars in	thousands)					
New loans:										
Real estate loans:										
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	942,424	\$	\$	\$	5,692	\$		
Owner-occupied commercial real estate			400,438				1,494			
1-4 single family residential			1,248,625				5,139			
Construction, land and development			349,659				2,175			
Home equity loans and lines of credit			22,798				131			
Total real estate loans	\$	\$	2,963,944	\$	\$	\$	14,631	\$		
Other loans										
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	837,270	\$	\$	\$	4,885	\$		
Consumer	φ	Ф	6,333	Ф	Ф	Ф	63	φ		
Consumer			0,333				03			
Total other loans	\$	\$	843,603	\$	\$	\$	4,948	\$		
Total other roans	φ	Ф	043,003	Ф	Ф	φ	4,940	φ		
Acquired loans:										
Real estate loans:										
Commercial real estate	\$4,7	55 \$		\$ 286,337	\$ 1,028	\$	347	\$	2,585	
Owner-occupied commercial real estate			19,860				54			
1-4 single family residential			86,754	76,849			335		270	
Construction, land and development			8,610	55,453			56		793	
Home equity loans and lines of credit	9	55	52,016		177		255			
Total real estate loans	\$5,7	10 \$	224,958	\$ 418,639	\$ 1,205	\$	1,047	\$	3,648	
Other loans										
Commercial and industrial	\$ 5	52 \$	9,102	\$ 58,045	\$	\$	41	\$	1,133	
Consumer	Ψ	<i>υ</i>	645	2,524		Ψ	6	Ψ	387	
			013	2,527					207	
Total other loans	\$ 5	52 \$	9,747	\$ 60,569	\$	\$	47	\$	1,520	
Total other loans	Ψ 5	<i>32</i> ψ	2,171	Ψ 00,507	Ψ	Ψ	77	Ψ	1,520	

	<b>Loans - Recorded Investment Individually Collectively</b>					Allo Individua	dit Loss			
	<b>Evaluated Evaluated</b>			ASC			-	AS	SC 310-	
D 1 21 2014	for	. T	for	•	310-	for		luated for		30
December 31, 2014	Impairment	iIm	ipairment			impairme thousand		pairment	1	Loans
New loans:				(D	onais in	unousanu	.S)			
Real estate loans:										
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	853,074	\$		\$	\$	4,456	\$	
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	•		281,703	7		<del>-</del>	7	962	-	
1-4 single family residential			922,657					4,001		
Construction, land and development			232,601					1,723		
Home equity loans and lines of credit			11,826					70		
riems equity reams and miss or ereal.			11,020					, 0		
Total real estate loans	\$	\$	2,301,861	\$		\$	\$	11,212	\$	
			, ,			·	·	,	·	
Other loans										
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	795,000	\$		\$	\$	4,738	\$	
Consumer	Ψ	Ψ	6,556	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	62	Ψ	
Consumer			0,550					02		
Total other loans	\$	\$	801,556	\$		\$	\$	4,800	\$	
Total other loans	Ψ	Ψ	001,550	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	
Acquired Loans:										
Real estate loans:										
Commercial real estate	\$4,754	\$	65,392	\$	336,935	\$ 174	\$	321	\$	3,255
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	ψ ¬,75¬	Ψ	14,842	Ψ	330,733	Ψ1/Τ	Ψ	58	Ψ	3,233
1-4 single family residential			102,279		86,308			414		325
Construction, land and development			9,729		66,700			75		658
Home equity loans and lines of credit			54,704		00,700			285		030
Home equity loans and lines of credit			37,707					203		
Total real estate loans	\$4,754	\$	246,946	\$	489,943	\$ 174	\$	1,153	\$	4,238
Total Teal estate Totals	Ψ 1,734	Ψ	210,710	Ψ	107,713	Ψ1/-	Ψ	1,133	Ψ	1,230
Other leans										
Other loans	¢	ф	12 540	ф	67.400	¢	¢	40	ф	050
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	13,548	\$	67,498	\$	\$	49	\$	958
Consumer			681		2,803			6		290
Total other lane	¢	Φ	14 220	φ	70.201	¢	¢	55	Φ	1 240
Total other loans	\$	\$	14,229	\$	70,301	\$	\$	55	\$	1,248

The following tables set forth certain information regarding the Company s impaired loans (excluding loans accounted for under ASC 310-30) that were evaluated for specific reserves:

	Imp	aired Loans Allowance Unpaid	Impaired Loa Allow		
June 30, 2015	Recorded Investment	Principal Balance (Do	Related Allowance Illars in thous		Principal Balance
New loans:					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Owner-occupied commercial real estate					
1-4 single family residential					
Construction, land and development					
Home equity loans and lines of credit					
Total real estate loans	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other loans					
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consumer					
Total other loans	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Acquired loans:					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial real estate	\$4,755	\$ 5,051	\$ 1,028	\$	\$
Owner-occupied commercial real estate					
1-4 single family residential					
Construction, land and development					
Home equity loans and lines of credit	426	494	177	529	548
Total real estate loans	\$ 5,181	\$ 5,545	\$ 1,205	\$ 529	\$ 548
Other loans					
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	\$	\$ 552	\$ 748
Consumer					
Total other loans	\$	\$	\$	\$ 552	\$ 748

	Impaired Loans - With Allowance Unpaid			Impaired Loans - Allowance					
December 31, 2014	Recorded Investment	Pri	ncipal lance	Allo	lated wance in tho	Inv	ecorded estment ls)	Pr	incipal alance
New loans:									
Real estate loans:									
Commercial real estate	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Owner-occupied commercial real estate									
1-4 single family residential									
Construction, land and development									
Home equity loans and lines of credit									
Total real estate loans	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Other loans									
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Consumer									
Total other loans	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Acquired loans:									
Real estate loans:									
Commercial real estate	\$ 354	\$	354	\$	174	\$	4,400	\$	4,595
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	·						,		,
1-4 single family residential									
Construction, land and development									
Home equity loans and lines of credit									
Total real estate loans	\$ 354	\$	354	\$	174	\$	4,400	\$	4,595
Other loans									
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Consumer									
Total other loans	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	

	7 <b>2</b> (	Ended June 3	une 30, 2014		
	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized (Dollars in	Average Recorded Investment thousands)	Interest Income Recognized	
Impaired loans with no related allowance:					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$4,705	\$	
Owner-occupied commercial real estate					
1-4 single family residential					
Construction, land and development					
Home equity loans and lines of credit	529		184		
Total real estate loans	\$ 529	\$	\$ 4,889	\$	
Other loans:					
Commercial and industrial	\$ 556	\$	\$	\$	
Consumer					
Total other loans	\$ 556	\$	\$	\$	
Impaired loans with an allowance:					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial real estate	\$4,825	\$	\$	\$	
Owner-occupied commercial real estate					
1-4 single family residential					
Construction, land and development					
Home equity loans and lines of credit	438				
Total real estate loans	\$ 5,263	\$	\$	\$	
Other loans:					
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Consumer					
Total other loans	\$	\$	\$	\$	

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 2014			
	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized (Dollars in	Average Recorded Investment thousands)	Interest Income Recognized
Impaired loans with no related allowance:				
Real estate loans:				
Commercial real estate	\$	\$	\$4,718	\$
Owner-occupied commercial real estate				
1-4 single family residential				
Construction, land and development				
Home equity loans and lines of credit	529		184	
Total real estate loans	\$ 529	\$	\$4,902	\$
Other loans:				
Commercial and industrial	\$ 540	\$	\$	\$
Consumer				
Total other loans	\$ 540	\$	\$	\$
Impaired loans with an allowance:				
Real estate loans:				
Commercial real estate	\$4,899	\$	\$	\$
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	. ,		·	
1-4 single family residential				
Construction, land and development				
Home equity loans and lines of credit	442			
Total real estate loans	\$ 5,341	\$	\$	\$
Other loans:				
Commercial and industrial	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consumer				
Total other loans	\$	\$	\$	\$

## NOTE 5. COVERED ASSETS AND LOSS SHARING AGREEMENTS

On March 4, 2015, the Bank entered into an agreement with the FDIC to terminate all loss sharing agreements which were entered into in 2010 and 2011 in conjunction with the Bank s acquisition of substantially all of the assets (covered assets) and assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of six failed banks in FDIC-assisted acquisitions. Under the early termination, all rights and obligations of the Bank and the FDIC under the loss share agreements, including the clawback provisions, have been eliminated.

The Bank paid the FDIC \$14.8 million as consideration for the early termination to settle its obligation under the FDIC Clawback Liability. The early termination was recorded in the Bank s financial statements by removing the FDIC Indemnification Asset receivable, the FDIC Clawback liability and recording a one-time, pre-tax loss on termination of \$65.5 million.

The following table summarizes the carrying value of assets covered by the loss sharing agreements:

	June 30, 2015	Dec	cember 31, 2014			
	(Dollar	<b>Dollars in thousand</b>				
Loans, excluding allowance for loan losses	\$	\$	273,366			
OREO			25,130			
Total Covered Assets	\$	\$	298,496			

Subsequent to acquisition, when a provision for loan loss is required for a loan that is covered under a loss sharing agreement, the Company records an increase in the loss share indemnification asset and an increase to noninterest income in the consolidated statements of income based on the applicable loss sharing ratio. Increases in the loss share indemnification asset of \$1.2 million were included in noninterest income for the six months ended June 30, 2014, related to the provision for loan losses on Covered Loans, including both ASC 310-30 and Non-ASC 310-30 loans.

Changes in the loss share indemnification asset for the periods presented were as follows:

	<b>Three Month</b>	s Ended Jur	ıe <b>Si</b> û,	Months E	nded	<b>June 30</b> ,
	2015	2014		2015		2014
		(Dolla	rs in	thousands	)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	\$ 80,605	\$	63,168	\$	87,229
Termination of FDIC loss sharing agreements				(63,168)		
Reimbursable expenses		1,427				3,153
Amortization		(5,406)				(11,405)
Income resulting from impairment and charge-off	of					
covered assets, net		456				1,206
Expense resulting from recoupment and disposition	on of					
covered assets, net		(1,260)				(2,423)
FDIC claims submissions		(969)				(2,907)
Balance at end of period	\$	\$74,853	\$		\$	74,853

The following table summarizes the changes in the clawback liability, included in Other Liabilities, for the periods presented:

	Three Month	s Ended Ju	neS3Q	Months Eı	ıded	June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015			2014	
		(Dollars in thousands)					
Balance at beginning of period	\$	\$ 12,060	\$	13,846	\$	11,753	
Termination of FDIC loss sharing agreements				(13,846)			
Amortization impact		181				357	

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Remeasurement impact	284	415
Balance at end of period	\$ \$ 12,525	\$ \$ 12,525

## **NOTE 6. DERIVATIVES**

The Company is a party to interest rate derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments. These derivatives are interest rate swaps that the Company enters into with customers to allow customers to convert variable rate loans to fixed rates. At the same time the interest rate swap is entered into with the customer, an offsetting interest rate swap is entered into with another financial institution. The changes in the fair value of the swaps offset each other, except for any differences in the credit risk of the counterparties, which is determined by considering the risk rating, probability of default and loss of given default of each counterparty. The Company recorded \$1.1 million and \$1.8 million of customer swap fees in noninterest income in the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively and \$2.8 million and \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

No derivative positions held by the Company as of June 30, 2015 were designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815-10. As of June 30, 2015, the Company has not recorded any credit adjustments related to the credit risk of the counterparties. There was no change in the fair value of derivative assets and derivative liabilities attributable to credit risk included in Noninterest Expense on the statements of income for the three or six months ended June 30, 2015 or 2014.

The following tables summarize the Company s derivatives outstanding included in Other Assets and Other Liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets:

June 30, 2015	Derivati	ive Assets	<b>Derivative Liabiliti</b>		
	Notional	Fair Value	Notional	Fair Value	
		(Dollars in t	thousands)		
Derivatives not designated as hedging					
instruments under ASC 815-10					
Interest rate contracts - pay floating, receive					
fixed	\$ 562,618	\$ 15,387	\$ 27,338	\$ 125	
Interest rate contracts - pay fixed, receive					
floating			589,956	15,262	
Total derivatives	\$ 562,618	\$ 15,387	\$617,294	\$ 15,387	

December 31, 2014	<b>Derivative Assets</b>			<b>Derivative Liabiliti</b>			oilities
	Notional	Fair	· Value	No	otional	Fa	ir Value
		(D	ollars in	thou	sands)		
Derivatives not designated as hedging							
instruments under ASC 815-10							
Interest rate contracts - pay floating, receive							
fixed	\$ 464,890	\$	14,328	\$	8,298	\$	39
Interest rate contracts - pay fixed, receive							
floating				4	73,188		14,289
Total derivatives	\$464,890	\$	14,328	\$4	81,486	\$	14,328

The derivative transactions entered into with a financial institution are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement. The following table summarizes the gross and net fair values of the Company s derivatives outstanding with this counterparty included in Other Liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets:

June 30, 2015	Gross amounts	Gross amounts	Net amounts in the
	of	offset in	consolidated
	recognized	the	balance
	liabilities	consolidated	sheets

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balance sheets (Dollars in thousands)

Offsetting derivative liabilities			
Counterparty A - Interest rate contracts	\$ 15,387	\$ (125)	\$ 15,262
Total	\$ 15,387	\$ (125)	\$ 15,262

December 31, 2014	Gross amounts of recognized liabilities	am off conso bai	ross ounts set in the blidated lance leets	con	amounts in the solidated alance sheets
	(1	Dollars	in thousa	inas)	
Offsetting derivative liabilities					
Counterparty A - Interest rate contracts	\$ 14,328	\$	(39)	\$	14,289
Total	\$ 14,328	\$	(39)	\$	14,289

At June 30, 2015, the Company has pledged investment securities available for sale with a carrying amount of \$23.4 million as collateral for the interest rate swaps in a liability position. The amount of collateral required to be posted by the Company varies based on the settlement value of outstanding swaps.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, substantially all of the floating rate terms within the interest rate swaps held by the Company were indexed to 1-month LIBOR.

The fair value of the derivative assets and liabilities are included in a table in Note 13 Fair Value Measurements, in the line items Derivative assets and Derivative liabilities.

#### **NOTE 7. DEPOSITS**

The following table sets forth the Company s deposits by category:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014			
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 621,845	\$ 593,025			
Interest-bearing demand deposits	288,990	122,380			
Interest-bearing NOW accounts	414,795	374,399			
Savings and money market accounts	1,882,706	1,811,878			
Time deposits	1,257,751	1,076,853			
Total deposits	\$ 4,466,087	\$ 3,978,535			
Time deposits \$100,000 and greater	\$ 833,827	\$ 689,439			
Time deposits greater than \$250,000	289,424	226,895			

The aggregate amount of overdraft demand deposits reclassified to loans was \$836 thousand at June 30, 2015. The aggregate amount of maturities for time deposits for each of the five years as of June 30, 2015 totaled \$799.2 million, \$265.3 million, \$152.9 million, \$34.6 million and \$5.6 million, respectively. The Company holds brokered deposits through an insured deposit sweep program of \$384.5 million and \$338.2 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

## NOTE 8. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Changes in AOCI for the periods indicated are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,										
			20	)15					2014		
	Ве	efore	Τ	ax	]	Net	Be	fore	Tax		Net
	7	Гах	Ef	fect	of	Tax	T	ax	<b>Effect</b>	0	f Tax
				(	Dol	lars in t	hous	ands)			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1	7,178	\$ (6	5,626)	\$1	0,552	\$ 3	3,606	\$ (1,390)	\$	2,216
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment											
securities available for sale:											
Net unrealized holdings gain (loss) arising											
during the period	(1	5,868)	6	5,121	(	9,747)	12	2,685	(4,894)		7,791
Amounts reclassified to (gain) loss on											
investment securities	(	(1,183)		456		(727)	(2	2,978)	1,148		(1,830)
Balance at end of period	\$	127	\$	(49)	\$	78	\$ 13	3,313	\$ (5,136)	\$	8,177
•											

Net of Toy	Before	2014 Tax	<b>T</b> .
	<b>Before</b>	Tox	<b>T.</b> 7
of Tow		1 ax	Net
oi rax	Tax	<b>Effect</b>	of Tax
Dollars in	thousands)		
\$ 679	\$ (2,565)	\$ 990	\$ (1,575)
799	19,715	(7,606)	12,109
(1,400)	(3,837)	1,480	(2,357)
\$ 78	\$ 13,313	\$ (5,136)	\$ 8,177
	\$ 679 799 (1,400)	of Tax Tax (Dollars in thousands) \$ 679 \$ (2,565)  799 19,715 (1,400) (3,837)	of Tax Tax Effect (Dollars in thousands) \$ 679 \$ (2,565) \$ 990  799 19,715 (7,606)  (1,400) (3,837) 1,480

## NOTE 9. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS reflect the effect of common stock equivalents, including stock options and unvested shares, calculated using the treasury stock method. Common stock equivalents are excluded from the computation of diluted EPS in periods in which the effect is anti-dilutive.

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted EPS:

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	Thre		Ende	d June 30,		Six Mont June		nded
	(D	2015	101169	2014 ands, excep		2015	r cha	2014
	(D	onars in ti	iouse	mus, excep	t SIIa	ire and per	Sila	rc data)
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$	19,376	\$	9,166	\$	2,502	\$	12,694
Weighted average number of common shares - basic		1,428,588	34	5,892,154	<i>1</i> 1	,425,240	34	5,892,154
	7.	1,420,300	5.	0,092,134	41	,423,240	5.	7,092,134
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Employee stock-based compensation awards		1,677,543		4,053	1	,327,574		4,103
Weighted average number of common shares	,							
- diluted	43	3,106,131	35	5,896,207	42	,752,814	35	5,896,257
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.47	\$	0.26	\$	0.06	\$	0.35
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.45	\$	0.26	\$	0.06	\$	0.35
Anti-dilutive warrants, stock options and								
RSUs		560,704	Ò	9,424,582	1	,715,989	Ò	9,386,102

## **NOTE 10. INCOME TAXES**

The Company uses an estimated annual effective tax rate method in computing its interim tax provision. This effective tax rate is based on forecasted annual pre-tax income, permanent tax differences and statutory tax rates.

The effective tax rates for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were 35.0% and 33.9% respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2015 was primarily due to higher levels of pre-tax income, which is subject to the marginal tax rate and changes in permanent tax differences. The tax rate differs from the statutory rate due to the impact of tax benefits related to bank-owned life insurance, dividends received deductions, and certain stock-based compensation awards.

The effective tax rates for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were 133.8% and 33.9% respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 reflects a net tax benefit due to the loss associated with the early termination of the FDIC loss share agreements and a deferred tax asset benefit associated with a revaluation of net unrealized built-in losses related to the Company s acquisition of Great Florida Bank on January 31, 2014.

#### NOTE 11. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

#### 2009 Option Plan

On February 5, 2014, the Company granted 90,000 stock options from the 2009 Option Plan to directors that vest at a rate of 25% per calendar quarter in 2014. The options have an exercise price of \$19.75, the estimated fair value of the Company s stock on the date of grant and an aggregate fair value of \$479 thousand. The options granted to directors expire 10 years from grant date.

On April 29, 2014, the Company granted 150,000 stock options with a three year vesting period from the 2009 Option Plan to employees with a weighted average exercise price of \$19.75, the estimated fair value of the Company s stock on the date of grant, and an aggregate fair value of \$890 thousand. The options granted to employees expire 10 years from grant date.

Option grant activities for the periods indicated are summarized as follows:

	2009 Option Plan					
	Three Mon		Six Month			
	June	30,	June	30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
		(Dollars in t	thousands)			
Outstanding at beginning of period	4,102,667	3,539,334	4,135,250	3,688,500		
Granted		150,000		240,000		
Exercised	(10,168)		(36,835)			
Forfeited	(17,415)		(23,331)	(14,166)		
Expired	(501)	(3,334)	(501)	(228,334)		
Outstanding at end of period	4,074,583	3,686,000	4,074,583	3,686,000		

At June 30, 2015, there were no shares available for award from the 2009 Option Plan and total vested and exercisable shares of 3,323,868 were outstanding.

The total unrecognized compensation cost of \$3.7 million related to the 2009 Option Plan for share awards outstanding at June 30, 2015 will be recognized over a weighted average remaining period of 2.16 years.

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#### 2013 Stock Incentive Plan

For the three months ended June 30, 2015, no awards were granted by the Company from the 2013 Plan. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company granted 129,000 stock options from the 2013 Plan to directors that vest at a rate of 25% per calendar quarter in 2015 and 110,500 stock options to employees that vest at a rate of 33  $\frac{1}{3}$ % on the first, second and third year anniversaries of the grant date ( Three Year Vesting Period ). The options have a weighted average exercise price of \$25.47, based on the fair value of the Company s stock on the date of grant and an aggregate fair value of \$1.8 million. The options granted to directors and employees expire 10 years from grant date.

For the three or six months ended June 30, 2014, no awards were granted by the Company from the 2013 Stock Incentive Plan ( 2013 Plan ).

Option grant activities for the periods indicated are summarized as follows:

	2013 Option Plan					
	Three Months Ended			ths Ended		
	June	30,	June	30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
		(Dollars in t	thousands)			
Outstanding at beginning of period	2,403,334	2,173,000	2,170,500	2,173,000		
Granted			239,500			
Exercised			(6,666)			
Forfeited	(13,334)	(2,500)	(13,334)	(2,500)		
Expired						
Outstanding at end of period	2,390,000	2,170,500	2,390,000	2,170,500		

At June 30, 2015, based on the number of stock options outstanding, there were 103,334 shares available for award from the 2013 Plan and total vested and exercisable shares of 749,062.

The total unrecognized compensation cost of \$2.6 million related to the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan for share awards outstanding at June 30, 2015 will be recognized over a weighted average remaining period of 1.70 years.

#### Executive Incentive Awards

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company approved executive incentive awards. The Executive Incentive Plan grants cash phantom units ( CPUs ), the value of which is determined by the Company s common share price at the end of the award period. The Company recognized compensation expense based on the estimated value of the award at grant date.

## NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company issues off-balance sheet financial instruments in connection with its lending activities and to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to fund loans and lines of credit as well as commercial and standby letters of credit. These commitments expose the Company to varying degrees of credit and market risk which are essentially the same as extending loans to customers. The Company follows the same

credit policies in making commitments as it does for instruments recorded on the Company s consolidated balance sheet. Collateral is obtained based on management s assessment of the customer s credit risk.

The Company s exposure to credit loss is represented by the contractual amount of commitments. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 the Company s reserve for unfunded commitments totaled \$1.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

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Fees collected on off-balance sheet financial instruments represent the fair value of those commitments and are deferred and amortized over their term, which is typically one year or less. Amounts funded under non-cancelable commitments in effect at the date of acquisition are Covered Assets under the loss-sharing agreements, if applicable and if certain conditions are met.

## **Financial Instruments Commitments**

Unfunded commitments are as follows:

	June 30, 2015	Dec	cember 31, 2014			
	(Dollars i	(Dollars in thousands)				
Commitments to fund loans	\$ 428,736	\$	351,369			
Unused lines of credit	251,792		199,880			
Commercial and standby letters of credit	14,158		10,223			
·						
Total	\$ 694,686	\$	561,472			

#### Commitments to fund loans:

Commitments to fund loans are agreements to lend funds to customers as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. To accommodate the financial needs of customers, the Company makes commitments under various terms to lend funds to consumers and businesses. Commitments to fund loans generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Many of these commitments are expected to expire without being funded and, therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future liquidity requirements.

The Company evaluates each customer s creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral required in connection with a commitment to fund is based on management s credit evaluation of the counterparty.

#### Unused lines of credit:

Unfunded commitments under lines of credit include commercial, commercial real estate, home equity and consumer lines of credit to existing customers. Some of these commitments may mature without being fully funded.

## Commercial and standby letters of credit:

Letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Letters of credit are primarily issued to support trade transactions or guarantee arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Company generally holds collateral supporting those commitments if deemed necessary.

## **Other Commitments and Contingencies**

Legal Proceedings

The Company, from time to time, is involved as plaintiff or defendant in various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. While the ultimate outcome of any such proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of management, based upon advice of legal counsel, that no proceedings exist, either individually or in the aggregate, which, if determined adversely to the Company, would have a material effect on the Company s consolidated balance sheet, results of operations or cash flows.

A bank-owned asset in Miami-Dade County was foreclosed in 2012, and later discovered to have been illegally infilled over protected wetlands by the prior owner. The Bank had been working with Miami-Dade County environmental agencies to address the situation, along with Bank environmental attorneys specializing in this area. The subject property was sold during Q1 2015 to a third party purchaser and the Bank has no further legal liability for the asset.

The SEC is investigating the valuation and accounting treatment by Great Florida Bank (GFB), prior to the Great Florida Acquisition by the Company, of an office building acquired by GFB in 2009 and the use of appraisals with respect to such valuation. The Bank is cooperating with the investigation. On the date of acquisition by the Bank, based on the Company s plans and intended use of the acquired office building, the asset was classified as OREO and recorded at fair value, less estimated selling costs. The fair value of the office building was based on a third party real estate appraisal at the date of acquisition. The Company does not believe that the results of the SEC investigation relating to GFB are likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company. The subject property was sold during Q2 2015 to a third party purchaser.

#### NOTE 13. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities and the related fair value hierarchy, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability (observable inputs). When possible, the Company looks to active and observable markets to price identical assets or liabilities. When identical assets and liabilities are not traded in active markets, the Company looks to market observable data for similar assets and liabilities. It is the Company s policy to maximize the use of observable inputs, minimize the use of unobservable inputs, and use unobservable inputs to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available. The need to use unobservable inputs generally results from the lack of market liquidity, resulting in diminished observability of both actual trades and assumptions that would otherwise be available to value these instruments, or the value of the underlying collateral is not market observable. Although third party price indications may be available for an asset or liability, limited trading activity would make it difficult to support the observability of these quotations.

Financial Instruments Carried at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the general classification of each instrument under the valuation hierarchy.

Investment Securities Investment securities available for sale are carried at fair value on a recurring basis. When available, fair value is based on quoted prices for the identical security in an active market and as such, would be classified as Level 1. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, discounted cash flows or matrix pricing models. Investment securities available for sale for which Level 1 valuations are not available are classified as Level 2, and include U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises debt obligations and agency mortgage-backed securities; state and municipal obligations; asset-backed securities; and corporate debt and other securities. Pricing of these securities is generally spread driven.

Observable inputs that may impact the valuation of these securities include benchmark yield curves, credit spreads, reported trades, dealer quotes, bids, issuer spreads, current rating, historical constant prepayment rates, historical voluntary prepayment rates, structural and waterfall features of individual securities, published collateral data, and for certain securities, historical constant default rates and default severities.

Interest Rate Derivatives Interest rate derivatives are reported at estimated fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs and are included in other assets and other liabilities and consist of interest rate swaps where there is no significant deterioration in the counterparties (loan customers) credit risk since origination of the interest rate swap. The Company values its interest rate swap positions using market prices provided by a third party which uses primarily observable market inputs. Interest rate derivatives are further described in Note 6 Derivatives.

For purposes of potential valuation adjustments to our derivative positions, the Company evaluates the credit risk of its counterparties as well as our own credit risk. Accordingly, the Company has considered factors such as the likelihood of default, expected loss given default, net exposures and remaining contractual life, among other things, in determining if any estimated fair value adjustments related to credit risk are required. The Company reviews counterparty exposure quarterly, and when necessary, appropriate adjustments are made to reflect the exposure.

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For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company has not realized any losses due to the counterparty s inability to pay any net uncollateralized position. As of June 30, 2015, there were no interest rate derivatives classified as Level 3.

Contingent consideration issued to the FDIC In conjunction with the 2010 and 2011 acquisitions, the Bank issued contingent consideration to the FDIC in the form of EAAs. The estimated fair value of the EAAs are derived from an estimation of the future fair value of the Company s stock and a range of potential payment liabilities is determined in accordance with the terms of each agreement. Management assigns a probability to each potential payment liability based on its judgment about the likelihood of the event occurring. This expected value is the basis for estimating the fair value of the contingent consideration. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had no remaining EAAs, as the EAAs reached final settlement with the FDIC on September 29, 2014.

Clawback liability The fair value of the FDIC clawback liability is estimated using a discounted cash flow technique based on projected cash flows related to the resolution of Covered Assets and a discount rate using a risk free rate, plus a premium that takes into account the Company s credit risk, resulting in Level 3 classification.

On March 4, 2015, the Bank entered into an agreement with the FDIC to terminate all loss sharing agreements which were entered into in 2010 and 2011 in conjunction with the Bank s acquisition of substantially all of the assets (covered assets) and assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of six failed banks in FDIC-assisted acquisitions. Under the early termination, all rights and obligations of the Bank and the FDIC under the loss share agreements, including the clawback liability, have been eliminated.

The following table presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		June 30, 2015				
	Level 1		evel 2 Dollars in	Level 3 thousands)	)	Total
Assets:						
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises obligations	\$	\$	5,404	\$	\$	5,404
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises						
mortgage-backed securities			378,282			378,282
State and municipal obligations			2,230			2,230
Asset-backed securities			457,738			457,738
Corporate bonds and other debt securities			417,261			417,261
Preferred stocks and other equity securities	2,034		167,200			169,234
Derivative assets - Interest rate contracts			15,387			15,387
Total	\$ 2,034	\$1,	443,502	\$	\$ 1	,445,536
Liabilities:						
Derivative liabilities - Interest rate contracts	\$	\$	15,387	\$	\$	15,387
Clawback liability						·

Total \$ 15,387 \$ 15,387

		<b>December 31, 2014</b>			
	Level 1	Level 2 (Dollars i	Level 3 n thousands)		Total
Assets:					
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored					
enterprises obligations	\$	\$ 6,096	\$	\$	6,096
U.S. Government agencies and sponsored					
enterprises mortgage-backed securities		501,652			501,652
State and municipal obligations		2,277			2,277
Asset-backed securities		478,201			478,201
Corporate bonds and other debt securities		258,683			258,683
Preferred stocks and other equity securities	23,594	88,595			112,189
Derivative assets - Interest rate contracts		14,328			14,328
Total	\$ 23,594	\$1,349,832	\$	\$ 1	,373,426
Liabilities:					
Derivative liabilities - Interest rate contracts	\$	\$ 14,328	\$	\$	14,328
Clawback liability			13,846		13,846
Total	\$	\$ 14,328	\$13,846	\$	28,174

There were no transfers of financial assets between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the six months ended June 30, 2015 or 2014.

The following tables reconcile changes in the fair value of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and classified in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				
	201	5	2014		
	Clawback				
	Liability	<b>EAAs</b>	Liability	<b>EAAs</b>	
	(]	Dollars in	thousands)		
Balance at beginnning of period	\$	\$	\$ 12,060	\$1,362	
Losses (gains) included in other noninterest expenses			465	452	
Termination of FDIC loss sharing agreements					
Balance at end of period	\$	\$	\$ 12,525	\$1,814	

Six Months Ended June 30,
2015 2014

Clawback Clawback
Liability EAAs Liability EAAs
(Dollars in thousands)

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Balance at beginnning of period	\$ 13,846	\$	\$ 11,753	\$1,114
Losses (gains) included in other noninterest expenses			772	700
Termination of FDIC loss sharing agreements	(13,846	<u>5</u> )		
Balance at end of period	\$	\$	\$ 12,525	\$1,814

The inputs used to determine the estimated fair value of loans include market conditions, loan term, underlying collateral characteristics and discount rates. The inputs used to determine the fair value of OREO include market conditions, estimated marketing period or holding period, underlying collateral characteristics and discount rates.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, there was not a change in the methods or significant assumptions used to estimate fair value.

The following table shows significant unobservable inputs used in the non-recurring fair value measurement of level 3 assets and liabilities:

Level 3 Asset	Fair value	Valuation Technique (Dollars in t	Unobservable Inputs housands)	Range
Non-recurring:				
Loans	\$ 4,540,556	Third party appraisals and discounted cash flows	Collateral discounts and discount rates	0% - 100%
Other real estate owned			Collateral discounts and estimated cost to	
	42,654	Third party appraisals	sell	10%

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

The following is a description of the methodologies used to estimate the fair values of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which those measurements are typically classified.

Impaired loans and OREO The carrying amount of collateral dependent impaired loans is typically based on the fair value of the underlying collateral, which may be real estate or other business assets, less estimated costs to sell. The carrying value of OREO is initially measured based on the fair value, less estimated cost to sell, of the real estate acquired in foreclosure and subsequently adjusted to the lower of cost or estimated fair value, less estimated cost to sell. Fair values of real estate collateral are typically based on real estate appraisals which utilize market and income valuation techniques incorporating both observable and unobservable inputs. When current appraisals are not available, the Company may use brokers—price opinions, home price indices, or other available information about changes in real estate market conditions to adjust the latest appraised value available. These adjustments to appraised values may be subjective and involve significant management judgment. The fair value of collateral consisting of other business assets is generally based on appraisals that use market approaches to valuation, incorporating primarily unobservable inputs. Fair value measurements related to collateral dependent impaired loans and OREO are classified within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following tables provide information about certain assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

	June 30, 2015 (Dollars	December 31, 2014 ars in thousands)		
Assets that are still held (classified in Level 3):				
Impaired loans	\$ 6,262	\$	4,754	
Foreclosed real estate	42,654		74,527	

	Three Months I	Ended June	e <b>SO</b> x N	Months En	ded Ju	ıne 30,
	2015	2014		2015	20	014
		(Dollars in thousands)				
Negative valuation adjustments:						
Impaired loans	\$ 1,049	\$	\$	1,049	\$	
Foreclosed real estate	69	287		174		732

Impairment charges resulting from the non-recurring changes in fair value of the underlying collateral of impaired loans are included in the provision for loan losses in the consolidated statement of income. Impairment charges resulting from the non-recurring changes in fair value of OREO are included in other real estate and acquired assets resolution expenses in the consolidated statement of income.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values, as well as the level within the fair value hierarchy, of the Company s financial instruments are as follows:

	Carrying	Fair			
June 30, 2015	Value	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		(Dol	lars in thousa	ınds)	
Financial Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 141,286	\$ 141,286	\$ 141,286	\$	\$
Available for sale securities	1,430,149	1,430,149	2,034	1,428,115	
FHLB and other bank stock	70,505	70,505		70,505	
Loans, net	4,500,676	4,540,556			4,540,556
Loans held for sale	4,782	4,782		4,782	
Loss share indemnification asset					
Due from FDIC					
Bank-owned life insurance	140,830	140,830		140,830	
Derivative assets - Interest rate contracts	15,387	15,387		15,387	
Financial Liabilities:					
Deposits	\$4,466,087	\$4,467,199	\$	\$4,467,199	\$
Advances from the FHLB and other					
borrowings	1,232,893	1,233,205		1,233,205	
Derivative liabilities - Interest rate					
contracts	15,387	15,387		15,387	
Clawback liability					

	Carrying	Fair			
December 31, 2014	Value	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Financial Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 107,085	\$ 107,085	\$ 107,085	\$	\$
Available for sale securities	1,359,098	1,359,098	23,594	1,335,504	
FHLB and other bank stock	66,891	66,891		66,891	
Loans, net	3,906,710	3,959,771			3,959,771
Loans held for sale	707	707		707	
Loss share indemnification asset	63,168	27,976			27,976
Due from FDIC	1,735	1,735		1,735	
Bank-owned life insurance	139,829	139,829		139,829	
Derivative assets - Interest rate contracts	14,328	14,328		14,328	
Financial Liabilities:					
Deposits	\$3,978,535	\$3,977,629	\$	\$3,977,629	\$
Advances from the FHLB and other					
borrowings	1,067,981	1,066,764		1,066,764	
Derivative liabilities - Interest rate					
contracts	14,328	14,328		14,328	
Clawback liability	13,846	13,846			13,846

Certain financial instruments are carried at amounts that approximate fair value due to their short-term nature and generally negligible credit risk. Financial instruments for which fair value approximates the carrying amount at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, include cash and cash equivalents and due from FDIC.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments.

#### FHLB and Other Bank Stock:

FHLB and other bank stock can be liquidated only by redemption by the issuer, as there is no market for these securities. These securities are carried at par, which has historically represented the redemption price and is therefore considered to approximate fair value.

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#### Loans:

Fair values for loans are based on a discounted cash flow methodology that considers various factors, including the type of loan and related collateral, classification status, fixed or variable interest rate, term of loan, whether or not the loan was amortizing and current discount rates. Loans are grouped together according to similar characteristics and are treated in the aggregate when applying various valuation techniques. The discount rates used for loans are based on current market rates for new originations of comparable credit risk and include adjustments for liquidity concerns. The ALL is considered a reasonable estimate of the required adjustment to fair value to reflect the impact of credit risk. This estimate may not represent an exit value as defined in ASC 820.

#### Loans Held for Sale:

Fair values of mortgage loans held for sale are based on commitments on hand from investors or prevailing market prices.

## Loss Share Indemnification Asset:

The fair value of the loss share indemnification asset is estimated using a discounted cash flow technique based on projected cash flows related to the resolution of Covered Assets and a discount rate using a risk free rate, plus a premium to take into account the Company s credit risk, that incorporates the uncertainty related to the amounts and timing of the cash flows and other liquidity concerns as well as the counterparties credit risk. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had no remaining loss share indemnification asset, as the Bank entered into an agreement with the FDIC to terminate all loss sharing agreements on March 4, 2015.

#### Due from FDIC:

The due from FDIC represents claims submitted to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for reimbursement for which the Company expects to receive payment within 90 days. Due to their short term nature, the carrying amount of these instruments approximates the estimated fair value. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had no remaining receivable from the FDIC, as the Bank entered into an agreement with the FDIC to terminate all loss sharing agreements on March 4, 2015.

## Bank-owned Life Insurance:

The Company holds life insurance policies on certain officers. The carrying value of these policies approximates fair value as it is based on the cash surrender value adjusted for other charges or amounts due that are probable at settlement.

#### Deposits:

The fair value of demand deposits, savings accounts and money market deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit is estimated using discounted cash flow analysis and using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

#### Advances from the FHLB and Other Borrowings:

The fair value of advances from the FHLB and other borrowings are estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rate at which similar borrowings with similar remaining maturities could be obtained.

## EAAs:

The estimated fair value of EAAs are derived from an estimation of the future fair value of the Company s stock and a range of potential payment liabilities are determined in accordance with the terms of each agreement. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had no remaining EAAs, as the EAAs reached final settlement with the FDIC on September 29, 2014.

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## Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis is intended to assist readers in understanding the financial condition and results of operations of the Company during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2015 and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this report on Form 10-Q and the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed for the year ended December 31, 2014 with the SEC.

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In this report, unless the context suggests otherwise, references to FCB Financial Holdings, the Company, we. our mean the business of FCB Financial Holdings, Inc. (formerly known as Bond Street Holdings, Inc.) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Florida Community Bank, National Association, and its consolidated subsidiaries; and references to the Bank refer to Florida Community Bank, National Association, and its consolidated subsidiaries. References to the Old Failed Banks include Premier American Bank, or Old Premier, Florida Community Bank, or Old FCB, Peninsula Bank, or Old Peninsula, Sunshine State Community Bank, or Old Sunshine, First National Bank of Central Florida, or Old FNBCF, Cortez Community Bank, or Old Cortez, Coastal Bank, or Old Coastal, First Peoples Bank, or Old FPB, in each case, before the acquisition of certain assets and assumption of certain liabilities of each of the Old Failed Banks by the Bank. References to Great Florida Bank, or GFB, refer to such bank before its acquisition by the Bank; Great Florida Bank and the Old Failed Banks are collectively referred to as the Old Banks. References to our Class A Common Stock refer to our Class A voting common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; references to our Class B Common Stock refer to our Class B non-voting common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; and references to our common stock include, collectively, our Class A Common Stock and our Class B Common Stock.

## **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information**

This report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, regarding the financial condition, results of operations, business plans and future performance of the Company. We generally identify forward looking statements by terminology such as outlook, believes, expects, potential, continues, may, will, could, should, seeks, approximately, predicts, plans, the negative version of those words or other comparable words. Any forward-looking statements contained in this report are based on our historical performance, the historical performance of the Old Banks or on our current plans, estimates and expectations. The inclusion of this forward-looking information should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that the future plans, estimates or expectations contemplated by us will be achieved. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties and assumptions relating to our operations, financial results, financial condition, business prospects, growth strategy and liquidity. If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those indicated in these statements. These factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with any other cautionary statements that are included elsewhere in this report. We do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements, including but not limited to, those factors described under Business, Risk Factors and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of Operations included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the SEC.

You should read this report and the documents that we reference in this report and have filed as exhibits to various reports and registration statements that we have filed with the SEC completely and with the understanding that our actual future results, levels of activity, performance and achievements may be different from what we expect and that these difference may be material.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and conform to the accounting and reporting guidelines prescribed by bank regulatory authorities. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The more critical accounting estimates and reporting policies include accounting for the ALL, determining fair value of financial instruments, valuation of goodwill and intangible assets, income taxes and the valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations. Accordingly, the Company's critical accounting estimates are discussed in detail in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. The Company's significant accounting policies and changes in accounting principles and effects of new accounting pronouncements are discussed in detail in Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Additional disclosures regarding the effects of new accounting pronouncements are included in Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies included herein.

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#### **Corporate Profile**

FCB Financial Holdings, Inc. is a bank holding company, headquartered in Weston, Florida, with one wholly-owned national bank subsidiary, Florida Community Bank, National Association. The Bank offers a comprehensive range of traditional banking products and services to individuals, small and medium-sized businesses, some large businesses, and other local organizations and entities through 48 branches in south and central Florida. The Bank targets retail and commercial customers engaged in a wide variety of industries including healthcare and professional services, retail and wholesale trade, tourism, agricultural services, manufacturing, distribution and distribution-related industries, technology, automotive, aviation, food products, building materials, residential housing and commercial real estate.

We are an emerging growth company, as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act, or JOBS Act. As such, we are eligible to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are generally unavailable to other public companies. In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards affecting public companies. We could remain an emerging growth company until the earliest to occur of (a) the last day of the fiscal year in which the fifth anniversary of our initial public offering occurred, (b) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues exceed \$1 billion, (c) the date on which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which will occur at such time as (i) the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter, (ii) we have been required to file annual and quarterly reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Exchange Act, for a period of at least 12 months and (iii) we have filed at least one annual report pursuant to the Exchange Act or (d) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt during the preceding three-year period. We anticipate the Company will no longer remain an emerging growth company as of December 31, 2015 as we expect to be deemed a large accelerated filer.

#### **Primary Factors Used to Evaluate Our Business**

As a financial institution, we manage and evaluate various aspects of both our results of operations and our financial condition. We evaluate the levels and trends of the line items included in our consolidated balance sheets and income statements, as well as various financial ratios that are commonly used in our industry. We analyze these ratios and financial trends against our own historical performance, our budgeted performance and the financial condition and performance of comparable financial institutions in our region and nationally.

#### **Results of Operations**

Our results of operations depend substantially on net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets, consisting primarily of interest income on loans receivable, including accretion income on acquired loans, securities and other short-term investments, and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, consisting primarily of deposits and borrowings. Our results of operations are also dependent upon our generation of noninterest income, consisting of income from banking service fees, interest rate swap services, BOLI and recoveries on acquired assets. Other factors contributing to our results of operations include our provisions for loan losses, gains or losses on securities and income taxes, as well as the level of our noninterest expenses, such as compensation and benefits, occupancy and equipment and other miscellaneous operating expenses.

#### **Net Interest Income**

Net interest income, a significant contributor to our revenues and net income, represents interest income less interest expense. We generate interest income from interest, dividends and fees received on interest-earning assets, including loans and investment securities. We incur interest expense from interest paid on interest-bearing liabilities, including interest-bearing deposits, and borrowings. To evaluate net interest income, we measure and monitor (1) yields on our loans and other interest-earning assets, (2) the costs of our deposits and other funding sources, (3) our net interest spread, (4) our net interest margin and (5) our provision for loan losses. Net interest spread is the difference between rates earned on interest-earning assets and rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest margin is calculated as net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets. Because noninterest-bearing sources of funds, such as noninterest-bearing deposits and stockholders—equity, also fund interest-earning assets, net interest margin includes the benefit of these noninterest-bearing sources.

We also recognize income from the accretable discounts associated with the purchase of interest-earning assets. Our acquisitions in 2010 and 2011 and our January 31, 2014 acquisition of GFB, produce a portion of our interest income from the accretable discounts on acquired loans. This accretion will continue to have an impact on our net interest income as long as loans acquired with evidence of credit deterioration at acquisition represent a meaningful portion of our interest-earning assets.

Changes in market interest rates and the interest rates we earn on interest-earning assets or pay on interest-bearing liabilities, as well as the volume and types of interest-earning assets, interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing liabilities and stockholders—equity, are usually the largest drivers of periodic changes in net interest spread, net interest margin and net interest income. In addition, our interest income includes the accretion of the fair value discounts on our acquired loans, which will also affect our net interest spread, net interest margin and net interest income. We measure net interest income before and after the provision for loan losses required to maintain our ALL at acceptable levels.

## Noninterest Income

Nontherest Income
Our noninterest income includes the following:
Service charges and fees;
Interest rate swap services;
BOLI income;
Accretion income and amortization expense from FDIC loss share indemnification asset and clawback liability;
Reimbursement of expenses on assets covered by loss sharing agreements;

Income from resolution of acquired assets; and

Net gains ar	nd losses fron	n the sale o	f OREO ass	sets and inve	estment sec	urities
Noninterest Expense						

Our noninterest expense includes the following:

Salaries and employee benefits;

Occupancy and equipment expenses;

Other real estate and acquired loan resolution related expenses;

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Professional services;

Data processing and network expense;

Regulatory assessments and insurance; and

Amortization of intangibles

### **Financial Condition**

The primary factors we use to evaluate and manage our financial condition include liquidity, asset quality and capital.

### Liquidity

We manage liquidity based upon factors that include the amount of core deposits as a percentage of total deposits, the level of diversification of our funding sources, the allocation and amount of our deposits among deposit types, the short-term funding sources used to fund assets, the amount of non-deposit funding used to fund assets, the availability of unused funding sources, off-balance sheet obligations, the availability of assets to be readily converted into cash without undue loss, the amount of cash and liquid securities we hold, and the re-pricing characteristics and maturities of our assets when compared to the re-pricing characteristics of our liabilities, the ability to securitize and sell certain pools of assets and other factors.

### Asset Quality

We manage the diversification and quality of our assets based upon factors that include the level, distribution, severity and trend of problem, classified, delinquent, nonaccrual, nonperforming and restructured assets, the adequacy of our ALL, discounts and reserves for unfunded loan commitments, the diversification and quality of loan and investment portfolios, the extent of counterparty risks and credit risk concentrations.

#### Capital

We manage capital based upon factors that include the level and quality of capital and overall financial condition of the Company, the trend and volume of problem assets, the adequacy of discounts and reserves, the level and quality of earnings, the risk exposures in our balance sheet, the levels of Tier 1 (core), risk-based and tangible equity capital, the ratios of Tier 1 (core), risk-based and tangible equity capital to total assets and risk-weighted assets and other factors.

### **Performance Highlights**

Operating and financial highlights for the three months ended June 30, 2015 include the following:

Total net revenue of \$64.3 million, up 34.5% year-over-year

EPS of \$0.45 and Core EPS of \$0.44 on a fully diluted basis

Total loan portfolio grew sequentially at an annualized rate of 39.8%

New loan fundings of \$584.2 million during the quarter

Total deposits grew sequentially at an annualized rate of 22.8%

Demand deposits grew to 20.4% of total deposits during the quarter

ROA of 1.23% and Core ROA of 1.21%

Tangible book value per share was \$18.58

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The reconciliation of certain non-GAAP financial measures, which management believes facilitates the assessment of its banking operations and peer comparability, are included in tabular form under Non-GAAP Financial Measures .

### **Analysis of Results of Operations**

Net income available to common stockholders totaled \$19.4 million, which generated diluted EPS of \$0.45 in the second quarter of 2015. Net income available to common stockholders for the same period of 2014 totaled \$9.2 million, which generated diluted EPS of \$0.26. The Company s results of operations for the second quarter of 2015 produced an annualized return on average assets of 1.23% and an annualized return on average common stockholders equity of 9.09% compared to prior year ratios of 0.69% and 5.02%, respectively.

Net income available to common stockholders totaled \$2.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, which generated diluted EPS of \$0.06. Net income available to common stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$12.7 million, which generated diluted EPS of \$0.35. The decrease in earnings was primarily driven by the one-time, pre-tax charge of \$65.5 million in conjunction with the early termination of the FDIC loss share agreements on March 4, 2015. The Company s results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 produced an annualized return on average assets of 0.08% and an annualized return on average common stockholders equity of 0.59% compared to prior year ratios of 0.51% and 3.52%, respectively.

### **Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin**

Net interest income is the largest component of our income and is affected by the interest rate environment and the volume and composition of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. Our interest-earning assets include loans, interest-bearing deposits in other banks and investment securities. Our interest-bearing liabilities include deposits, FHLB advances and other borrowings.

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The following tables present, for the periods indicated, information about (i) average balances, the total dollar amount of interest income from interest-earning assets and the resultant average yields; (ii) average balances, the total dollar amount of interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities and the resultant average rates; (iii) net interest income; (iv) the interest rate spread; and (v) the net interest margin. Yields have been calculated on a pre-tax basis:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						
		2015			2014		
		Ŧ., ,,		Average	Ŧ., ,,		
	Average	Interest/	Annualized	Balance	Interest/	Annualized	
	Balance (1)	Expense (2)	Yield/Rate(3)	(1)	Expense (2)	Yield/Rate(3)	
_			(Dollars in t	housands)			
Interest-earning assets:							
Interest-earning deposits in other							
banks	\$ 75,166	\$ 40	0.21%	\$ 97,493	\$ 53	0.22%	
New loans	3,476,829	29,257	3.33%	2,087,601	18,475	3.50%	
Acquired loans (4)(5)	730,895	14,945	8.18%	967,986	19,358	8.00%	
Investment securities	1,591,279	13,169	3.27%	1,710,662	10,566	2.44%	
Total interest-earning assets	5,874,169	57,411	3.88%	4,863,742	48,452	3.96%	
Non-earning assets:							
FDIC loss share indemnification							
asset (6)				78,916			
Noninterest-earning assets	450,904			411,602			
T VOIMMOOTO ST CALLINING ASSOCIA	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			.11,002			
Total assets	\$ 6,325,073			\$ 5,354,260			
Interest-bearing liabilities:							
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 212,164	\$ 226	0.43%	\$	\$	0.00%	
Interest-bearing NOW accounts	415,206	349	0.34%	112,752	43	0.15%	
Savings and money market	,			,			
accounts	1,794,967	2,333	0.52%	1,787,574	2,564	0.58%	
Time deposits (7)	1,242,071	3,083	1.00%	1,464,960	3,226	0.88%	
FHLB advances and other	, ,	-,		, - ,	-, -		
borrowings (7)	1,181,419	1,246	0.42%	786,513	1,466	0.74%	
corre wings (r)	1,101,119	1,2 . 3	0276	700,010	1,100	01, 1,0	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	4,845,827	7,237	0.60%	4,151,799	7,299	0.70%	
	1,010,021	,,,	313371	,,,,,,	.,_,,	317 3 72	
Noninterest-bearing liabilities							
and stockholders equity:							
Noninterest-bearing demand							
deposits	576,905			420,188			
Other liabilities	47,213			49,896			
Stockholders equity	855,128			732,377			
equity equity	-022,120			7.52,577			
	\$6,325,073			\$ 5,354,260			

Total liabilities and stockholders equity

Net interest income	\$ 50,174	\$ 41,153
Net interest spread	3.28%	3.26%
Net interest margin	3.43%	3.39%

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		Six Months Ended June 30, 2015					014	
	Average Balance (1)	Iı	nterest/	Annualized Yield/Rate(3) (Dollars in t		I	nterest/	Annualized // ield/Rate(3)
Interest-earning assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76,746	\$	73	0.19%	\$ 111,736	\$	121	0.22%
New loans	3,329,174		55,842	3.34%	1,951,611		34,856	3.55%
Acquired loans (4)(5)	763,551		31,666	8.29%	901,409		37,829	8.39%
Investment securities and other	1,537,879		25,279	3.27%	1,614,663		20,564	2.53%
Total interest-earning assets	5,707,350		112,860	3.94%	4,579,419		93,370	4.06%
Non-earning assets:								
FDIC loss share indemnification								
asset (6)	21,901				82,437			
Noninterest-earning assets	453,561				379,571			
Total assets	\$ 6,182,812				\$ 5,041,427			
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Interest-bearing demand								
deposits	\$ 177,215	\$	358	0.41%	\$	\$		0.00%
Interest-bearing NOW accounts	403,825		685	0.34%	106,148		79	0.15%
Savings and money market								
accounts	1,818,890		4,787	0.53%	1,670,470		4,447	0.54%
Time deposits (7)	1,194,537		5,746	0.97%	1,438,198		6,616	0.93%
FHLB advances and other								
borrowings (7)	1,107,574		2,226	0.40%	668,048		2,730	0.81%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	4,702,041		13,802	0.60%	3,882,864		13,872	0.72%
Noninterest-bearing liabilities and shareholders equity:								
Noninterest-bearing demand								
deposits	573,126				386,777			
Other liabilities	50,586				44,459			
Stockholders equity	857,059				727,327			
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$6,182,812				\$ 5,041,427			
Net interest income		\$	99,058			\$	79,498	
Net interest spread				3.34%				3.34%
Net interest margin				3.50%				3.50%

- (1) Average balances presented are derived from daily average balances.
- (2) Interest income is presented on an actual basis and does not include taxable equivalent adjustments.
- (3) Average rates are presented on an annualized basis.
- (4) Includes loans on nonaccrual status.
- (5) Net of allowance for loan losses.
- (6) Amortization expense of FDIC loss share indemnification asset is not included in net interest income presentation.
- (7) Interest expense includes the impact from premium amortization.

Changes in interest income and interest expense result from changes in average balances (volume) of interest-earning assets and liabilities, as well as changes in average interest rates. The following tables show the effect that these factors had on the interest earned on our interest-earning assets and the interest incurred on our interest-bearing liabilities for the periods indicated. The effect of changes in volume is determined by multiplying the change in volume by the prior period s average rate. Similarly, the effect of rate changes is calculated by multiplying the change in average rate by the previous period s volume. Changes in both volume and rate have been allocated to these two categories based on the proportionate absolute changes in each category. Yields have been calculated on a pre-tax basis.

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A summary of increases and decreases in interest income and interest expense resulting from changes in average balances (volume) and average interest rates are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 Increase (Decrease) Due to Rate					
	Volume (3)	(3)	Total			
	(Dol	lars in thousa	nds)			
Interest-earning assets:						
Interest-earning deposits in other banks	\$ (12)	\$ (1)	\$ (13)			
New loans	16,730	(5,948)	10,782			
Acquired loans (1)	(7,221)	2,808	(4,413)			
Investment securities	(4,397)	7,000	2,603			
Total change in interest income	\$ 5,100	\$ 3,859	\$ 8,959			
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 226	\$	\$ 226			
Interest-bearing NOW accounts	211	95	306			
Savings and money market accounts	72	(303)	(231)			
Time deposits (2)	(1,870)	1,727	(143)			
FHLB advances and other borrowings (2)	2,586	(2,806)	(220)			
Total change in interest expenses	1,225	(1,287)	(62)			
Total change in net interest income	\$ 3,875	\$ 5,146	\$ 9,021			

Six Months Ended June 30, **2015** compared to **2014 Increase (Decrease) Due to** Volume (3) **Rate (3) Total** (Dollars in thousands) Interest-earning assets: Interest-earning deposits in other banks (34)(14)\$ (48)27,086 20,986 New loans (6,100)Acquired loans (1) (5,721)(442)(6.163)Investment securities (2,680)7,395 4,715 Total change in interest income \$ 18,651 839 \$19,490 Interest-bearing liabilities: Interest-bearing demand deposits 358 \$ 358 Interest-bearing NOW accounts 417 189 606 Savings and money market accounts 480 (140)340 Time deposits (2) (1,644)774 (870)FHLB advances and other borrowings (2) 2,830 (3,334)(504)Total change in interest expenses 2,441 (2,511)(70)Total change in net interest income \$ 16,210 \$ 3,350 \$19,560

- (1) Includes loans on nonaccrual status.
- (2) Interest expense includes the impact from premium amortization.
- (3) Variances attributable to both volume and rate are allocated on a consistent basis between rate and volume based on the absolute value of the variances in each category.

Second Quarter 2015 compared to Second Quarter 2014

Net interest income was \$50.2 million for the second quarter of 2015, an increase of 21.9% compared to \$41.2 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in net interest income reflects a \$9.0 million increase in interest income, while interest expense remained flat over the period. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, average earning assets increased by \$1.01 billion, or 20.8%, compared to the same period of the prior year, while average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$694.0 million, or 16.7%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in interest income for the second quarter of 2015 was primarily due to a \$10.8 million increase in interest income on New loans due to growth in the New loan portfolio. The average balance of New loans increased \$1.39 billion, which offset the negative impact of the reduction in the average interest rate on New loans of 17 basis points. Interest income on acquired loans decreased \$4.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the second quarter of 2014, primarily driven by a decrease in the average balance of loans of \$237.1 million due to runoff of the acquired loan portfolio, offset by an increase in the average interest rate on acquired loans of 18 basis points.

Interest expense on deposits increased \$158 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to a \$299.1 million, or 8.9%, increase in the average balance of interest-bearing deposits. The cost of deposits improved to 57 basis points for the period due to the shift from higher

costing time deposits to lower costing demand deposits. The average rate paid on time deposits, including the impact of premium amortization, was 1.00% and 0.88% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Interest expense on FHLB advances and other borrowings totaled \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was primarily due to a 32 basis point decrease in average rate paid on borrowings, partially offset by an increase in the average balance of FHLB advances and other borrowings of \$394.9 million.

The net interest margin for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was 3.43%, an increase of 4 basis points compared to 3.39% for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The average yield on interest-earning assets declined by 8 basis points for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014, while the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities decreased by 10 basis points. The decline in the average yield on interest-earning assets was due primarily to the runoff of higher yielding acquired loan balances, and a reduction in the average interest rate on New loans.

Six Months of 2015 compared to Six Months of 2014

Net interest income was \$99.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of 24.6% compared to \$79.5 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in net interest income reflects a \$19.5 million increase in interest income, while interest expense remained flat over the period. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, average earning assets increased by \$1.13 billion, or 24.6%, compared to the same period of the prior year, while average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$819.2 million, or 21.1%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to a \$21.0 million increase in interest income on New loans due to growth in the New loan portfolio. The average balance of New loans increased \$1.38 billion, which offset the negative impact of the reduction in the average interest rate on New loans of 21 basis points. Interest income on acquired loans decreased \$6.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily driven by a reduction in the average interest rate on acquired loans of 10 basis points and a decrease in the average balance of loans of \$137.9 million due to runoff of the acquired loan portfolio.

Interest expense on deposits increased \$434 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to a \$379.7 million, or 11.8%, increase in the average balance of interest-bearing deposits. The cost of deposits improved to 56 basis points for the period due to the shift from higher costing time deposits to lower costing demand deposits. The average rate paid on time deposits, including the impact of premium amortization, was 0.97% and 0.93% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Interest expense on FHLB advances and other borrowings totaled \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was primarily due to a 41 basis point decrease in average rate paid on borrowings, partially offset by an increase in the average balance of FHLB advances and other borrowings of \$439.5 million.

The net interest margin remained flat at 3.50% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. The average yield on interest-earning assets declined by 12 basis points for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, while the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities decreased by 12 basis points. The decline in the average yield on interest-earning assets was due primarily to the runoff of higher yielding acquired loan balances, and a reduction in the average interest rate on New loans.

#### **Provision for Loan Losses**

Second Quarter 2015 compared to Second Quarter 2014

The provision for loan losses is used to maintain the ALL at a level that, in management s judgment, is appropriate to absorb probable losses inherent in the portfolio at the balance sheet date. The provision for loan losses decreased by \$766 thousand, or 23.7%, to \$2.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014. Provision for loan loss expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 included a \$2.3 million provision related to New loans and a \$186 thousand provision for the acquired loan portfolio.

Net recoveries were \$63 thousand for the second quarter of 2015, in comparison to net charge-offs of \$846 thousand for the same period of 2014. The decrease in net charge-offs was due to resolution of acquired loans. Net recoveries were 0.01% of average loans on an annualized basis for the second quarter of 2015 compared to net charge-offs of 0.11% of average loans for the same period of 2014. There were no New loan portfolio charge-offs in the second quarter of 2015.

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Six Months of 2015 compared to Six Months of 2014

The provision for loan losses decreased by \$507 thousand, or 11.7%, to \$3.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014. Provision for loan loss expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 included a \$3.6 million provision related to New loans and a \$259 thousand provision for the acquired loan portfolio.

Net recoveries were \$347 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2015, in comparison to net charge-offs of \$1.2 million for the same period of 2014. The decrease in net charge-offs was due to resolution of acquired loans. Net recoveries were 0.02% of average loans on an annualized basis for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to net charge-offs of 0.08% of average loans for the same period of 2014. There were no New loan portfolio charge-offs in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Noninterest Income**

The following table presents a summary of noninterest income. For expanded discussion of certain significant noninterest income items, refer to the discussion of each component following the table presented.

	<b>Three Months</b>	Ended June 3	8 <b>6</b> jx Months Ei	nded June 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
		(Dollars i	in thousands)	
Noninterest income:				
Service charges and fees	\$ 778	\$ 707	\$ 1,535	\$ 1,445
Loan and other fees	1,906	2,569	4,403	3,285
Bank-owned life insurance income	1,097	1,038	2,194	1,856
FDIC loss share indemnification loss		(5,247)	(65,529)	(10,239)
Income from resolution of acquired assets	2,898	1,692	6,270	2,729
Gain (loss) on sales of other real estate owned	5,605	(359)	7,170	72
Gain (loss) on investment securities	761	4,448	1,768	6,943
Other noninterest income	1,107	1,842	2,252	3,147
Total noninterest income	\$ 14,152	\$ 6,690	\$ (39,937)	\$ 9,238

Second Quarter 2015 compared to Second Quarter 2014

The Company reported noninterest income of \$14.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$7.5 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase was primarily due to the increase in gains on sale of OREO, early termination of the FDIC loss share agreements, and an increase in income from resolution of acquired assets, partially offset by a decrease in gains on investment securities.

Net gain on sales of OREO increased by \$6.0 million to \$5.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The increase is primarily attributable to improved market conditions.

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, the Company had no FDIC loss share indemnification loss as compared to \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was driven by the early termination of all loss share agreements.

Recoveries recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$2.9 million and were recognized through earnings as received, compared to \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The Company continues to recognize resolution of acquired asset income stemming from its acquired asset portfolio. As a result of the early termination of the FDIC loss share agreements, the Company recognized all recoveries related to what was previously covered assets in its consolidated statement of income as these amounts are no longer shared with the FDIC.

Net gain on investment securities totaled \$761 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$3.7 million, or 82.9%, compared to \$4.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was the result of the lower volume of investment security sales.

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Six Months of 2015 compared to Six Months of 2014

The Company reported noninterest income of \$(39.9) million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 a decrease of \$49.2 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was primarily due to the early termination of the FDIC loss share agreements, and a decrease in gains on investment securities partially offset by an increase in gains on sale of OREO, an increase in income from resolution of acquired assets, and increased loan and other fees income.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company recognized \$65.5 million in FDIC loss share indemnification loss as compared to \$10.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase was due to the one-time, pre-tax charge of \$65.5 million in conjunction with the early termination of all loss share agreements.

Net gain on investment securities totaled \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$5.2 million, or 74.5%, compared to \$6.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was the result of the lower volume of investment security sales.

Net gain on sales of OREO increased by \$7.1 million to \$7.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increase is primarily attributable to improved market conditions.

Recoveries recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$6.3 million and were recognized through earnings as received, compared to \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The Company continues to recognize resolution of acquired asset income stemming from its acquired asset portfolio. As a result of the early termination of the FDIC loss share agreements, the Company recognized all recoveries related to what was previously covered assets in its consolidated statement of income as these amounts are no longer shared with the FDIC.

Loan and other fees totaled \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$1.1 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase was primarily due to an increase in interest rate swap service fees of \$582 thousand and an increase in secondary market fee income of \$659 thousand.

### **Noninterest Expense**

The following table presents the components of noninterest expense for the periods indicated:

	<b>Three Months</b>	<b>Ended June</b>	30x Months En	nded June 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
		(Dollars	in thousands)	
Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 17,856	\$13,411	\$ 34,431	\$ 29,831
Occupancy and equipment expenses	3,806	3,777	7,083	7,210
Loan and other real estate related expenses	1,425	3,338	3,501	7,099
Professional services	1,189	1,352	2,595	3,184
Data processing and network	2,801	2,357	5,519	5,567
Regulatory assessments and insurance	2,092	1,920	4,211	3,694
Amortization of intangibles	407	443	831	859
Other operating expenses	2,471	4,146	4,526	7,766

Total noninterest expense

\$ 32,047

\$ 30,744

\$ 62,697

\$ 65,210

Second Quarter 2015 compared to Second Quarter 2014

The Company reported noninterest expense of \$32.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 an increase of \$1.3 million, or 4.2%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase for the period was primarily due to an increase in salaries and employee benefits of \$4.4 million, offset by decreased loan and other real estate related expenses of \$1.9 million and decreased other operating expenses of \$1.7 million.

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Salaries and employee benefits expenses increased by \$4.4 million, or 33.1%, for the second quarter of 2015 compared to the prior year due to increased accruals for incentive compensation and the addition of eight new bankers in the Miami-Dade and Tampa markets.

OREO and acquired asset resolution expenses decreased by \$1.9 million, or 57.3%, for the second quarter of 2015 compared to the prior year due to less workout activity and decreased volume of the legacy acquired loan and legacy OREO portfolios.

Other operating expenses decreased \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to decreased directors fees of \$624 thousand and a decrease in EAA value changes of \$452 thousand.

Six Months of 2015 compared to Six Months of 2014

The Company reported noninterest expense of \$62.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 a decrease of \$2.5 million, or 3.9%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease for the period was primarily due to decreased loan and other real estate related expenses of \$3.6 million and decreased other operating expenses of \$3.2 million, partially offset by a \$4.6 million increase in salaries and employee benefits expenses.

OREO and acquired asset resolution expenses decreased by \$3.6 million, or 50.7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the prior year due to less workout activity and decreased volume of the legacy acquired loan and legacy OREO portfolios.

Other operating expenses decreased \$3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to decreased directors fees of \$1.9 million and a decrease in EAA value changes of \$700 thousand.

Salaries and employee benefits expenses increased by \$4.6 million, or 15.4%, for the second quarter of 2015 compared to the prior year due to increased accruals for incentive compensation and the addition of eight new bankers in the Miami-Dade and Tampa markets.

#### **Provision for Income Taxes**

Second Quarter 2015 compared to Second Quarter 2014

The income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$10.4 million, an increase of \$5.7 million compared to an income tax expense of \$4.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in income tax expense was primarily due to an increase in income before income taxes of \$15.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was a tax expense of 35.0%, compared to the tax expense rate of 33.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in tax rate is primarily due to higher levels of pre-tax income, which is subject to the marginal tax rate and changes in permanent tax differences.

Six Months of 2015 compared to Six Months of 2014

The income tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$9.9 million, an increase of \$16.4 million compared to an income tax expense of \$6.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in income tax benefit was primarily due to a loss before income taxes of \$7.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was a tax benefit of 133.8%, compared to the tax expense rate of 33.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The change in tax rate primarily reflects the

impact of the one-time, pre-tax charge of 65.5 million in conjunction with the early termination of all loss share agreements.

### **Analysis of Financial Condition**

Total assets were \$6.61 billion at June 30, 2015, an increase of \$649.6 million, or 10.9%, from December 31, 2014. The increase in total assets includes an increase of \$598.1 million in gross loans, of which New loans increased \$704.1 million over the period. Acquired loans decreased by \$106.0 million as a result of the run-off of the acquired loan portfolio through receipt of payments, loan payoffs or resolution through foreclosure and transfers to other real estate owned. The total securities portfolio was \$1.50 billion at June 30, 2015, an increase of \$74.7 million from December 31, 2014. The remaining increase in total assets was mainly due to increases in deferred tax assets of \$29.3 million and other assets of \$11.2 million which were offset by a decrease in the FDIC loss share indemnification asset of \$63.2 million and a decrease in other real estate owned of \$31.9 million.

#### **Investment Securities**

The Company s investment policy has been established by the Board of Directors and dictates that investment decisions will be made based on, among other things, the safety of the investment, liquidity requirements, interest rate risk, potential returns, cash flow targets and consistency with our asset/liability management policy. The Bank s Investment Committee is responsible for making investment security portfolio decisions in accordance with the established policies and in coordination with the Board s Asset/Liability Committee. The Bank s Investment Committee members, and Bank employees under the direction of such committee, have been delegated authority to purchase and sell securities within specified investment policy guidelines. Portfolio performance and activity are reviewed by the Bank s Investment Committee and full Board of Directors on a periodic basis.

The Bank s investment policy provides specific limits on investments depending on a variety of factors, including its asset class, issuer, credit rating, size, maturity, etc. The Bank s current investment strategy includes maintaining a high credit quality, liquid, diversified portfolio invested in fixed and floating rate securities with short- to intermediate-term maturities. The purpose of this approach is to create a safe and sound investment portfolio that minimizes exposure to interest rate and credit risk while providing attractive relative yields given market conditions.

The Company s investment securities portfolio primarily consists of U.S. government agencies and sponsored enterprises obligations and agency mortgage-backed securities, corporate debt, asset-backed securities and preferred stocks.

Total investment securities increased \$74.7 million, or 5.2% compared to December 31, 2014.

No securities were determined to be OTTI as of June 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014. All securities at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were investment grade based on ratings from recognized rating agencies.

As a member institution of the FHLB and the Federal Reserve Bank (FRB), the Bank is required to own capital stock in the FHLB and the FRB. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Bank held approximately \$70.5 million and \$66.9 million, respectively, in FHLB and FRB stock. No market exists for this stock, and the Bank s investment can be liquidated only through repurchase by the FHLB or FRB. Such repurchases have historically been at par value. We monitor our investment in FHLB and FRB stock for impairment through review of recent financial results, dividend payment history and information from credit agencies. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, management did not identify any indicators of impairment of FHLB and FRB stock.

The following table shows contractual maturities and yields on our investment securities available for sale. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Average yields are not presented on a tax equivalent basis.

Maturity as of June 30, 2015

				Maturity a	as c	n June 30,	2013		
	One	One Year After One Year through ter Five Years through							
	or	Less	Five Y	ears		Ten Ye	ears	After Ter	ı Years
	Amortiz	<b>Aderage</b>	Amortized	Average	A	mortized	Average	Amortized	Average
		Yield	Cost	Yield		Cost	Yield	Cost	Yield
					s ir	n thousand	ls)		
Available for sale:				(			-~)		
U.S. Government agencies									
and sponsored enterprises									
obligations	\$		\$		\$	5,306	2.57%	\$	
U.S. Government agencies			Ψ		Ψ	3,300	2.5170	Ψ	
and sponsored enterprises									
•	,		5 611	2.17%		247 102	2.22%	122 259	2.25%
mortgage-backed securities	5		5,611	2.17%		247,192	2.2270	122,258	2.25%
State and municipal								2.040	5.250
obligations								2,040	5.35%
Asset-backed securities			19,376	3.67%		292,736	2.90%	144,800	2.70%
Corporate bonds and other									
debt securities			81,627	3.26%		73,077	3.93%	264,849	4.88%
Preferred stock and other									
equity securities (1)								171,150	5.47%
Total available for sale	\$		\$ 106,614	3.28%	\$	618,311	2.75%	\$705,097	4.12%

(1) Preferred stock securities are all fixed-to-floating rate perpetual preferred stock that are callable through June 2025.

As of June 30, 2015, the effective duration of the Bank s investment portfolio is estimated to be approximately 3.38 years. This estimate is derived using a variety of inputs that are subject to change based on a variety of factors, including but not limited to, changes in interest rates and prepayment speeds.

The average balance of the securities portfolio for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$1.59 billion with an annualized pre-tax yield of 3.27%. The average balance of the securities portfolio for the six months ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$1.54 billion with an annualized pre-tax yield of 3.27%.

Except for securities issued by U.S. government agencies and sponsored enterprise obligations, we did not have any concentrations where the total outstanding balances issued by a single issuer exceeded 10% of our stockholders equity as of June 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014.

### Loans

### Loan concentration

The current concentrations in our loan portfolio may not be indicative of concentrations in our loan portfolio in the future. We plan to maintain a relatively diversified loan portfolio to help reduce the risk inherent in concentration in certain types of collateral.

The following table summarizes the allocation of New Loans, Acquired ASC 310-30 loans and Acquired Non-ASC 310-30 loans as of the dates presented:

	June 3	30, 2015	December	r 31, 2014
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
New loans:		(Dollars in	tnousands)	
Commercial real estate	\$ 942,424	20.8%	\$ 853,074	21.7%
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	400,438	8.8%	281,703	7.2%
1-4 single family residential	1,248,625	27.6%	922,657	23.5%
Construction, land and development	349,659	7.7%	232,601	5.9%
Home equity loans and lines of credit	22,798	0.5%	11,826	0.3%
frome equity roans and rines of credit	22,190	0.5%	11,020	0.3%
Total real estate loans	\$ 2,963,944	65.4%	\$2,301,861	58.6%
Commercial and industrial	837,270	18.6%	795,000	20.2%
Consumer	6,333	0.1%	6,556	0.2%
Consumer	0,333	0.170	0,550	0.270
Total new loans	\$3,807,547	84.1%	\$3,103,417	79.0%
Total new Totalis	Ψ 5,007,547	04.1 //	ψ 5,105,417	15.0%
Acquired ASC 310-30 loans:				
Commercial real estate	286,337	6.3%	\$ 336,935	8.6%
1-4 single family residential	76,849	1.7%	86,308	2.2%
Construction, land and development	55,453	1.2%	66,700	1.7%
•				
Total real estate loans	\$ 418,639	9.2%	\$ 489,943	12.5%
Commercial and industrial	58,045	1.3%	67,498	1.7%
Consumer	2,524	0.1%	2,803	0.1%
Consumer	2,324	0.1%	2,803	0.170
Total acquired ASC 310-30 loans	\$ 479,208	10.6%	\$ 560,244	14.3%
Total dequired Tise 310 30 found	Ψ 179,200	10.070	Ψ 300,211	11.570
Acquired non-ASC 310-30 loans:				
Commercial real estate	62,473	1.4%	\$ 70,146	1.8%
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	19,860	0.4%	14,842	0.4%
1-4 single family residential	86,754	1.9%	102,279	2.6%
Construction, land and development	8,610	0.2%	9,729	0.2%
Home equity loans and lines of credit	52,971	1.2%	54,704	1.4%
1 3	,		,	
Total real estate loans	\$ 230,668	5.1%	\$ 251,700	6.4%
	0.654	0.00	12.540	0.20
Commercial and industrial	9,654	0.2%	13,548	0.3%
Consumer	645	0.0%	681	0.0%
Total acquired non-ASC 310-30 loans	240,967	5.3%	265,929	6.7%

Total loans \$4,527,722 100.0% \$3,929,590 100.0%

Total loans were \$4.53 billion at June 30, 2015, an increase of 15.2% compared to \$3.93 billion at December 31, 2014.

Our New loan portfolio increased by 22.7% to \$3.81 billion as of June 30, 2015, as compared to \$3.10 billion at December 31, 2014. The increase during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to an increase in 1-4 single family residential loans and organic growth in commercial real estate and commercial and industrial loans.

Acquired loans were \$720.2 million at June 30, 2015, a decrease of 12.8% compared to \$826.2 million at December 31, 2014. The decrease during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to the run-off of the acquired loan portfolio through receipt of payments, loan payoffs or resolution through foreclosure and transfers to other real estate owned.

### Asset Quality

The following table sets forth the composition of our nonperforming assets, including nonaccruals loans, accruing loans 90 days or more days past due and foreclosed assets as of the dates indicated:

	2	ine 30, 2015 (Dollars	ember 31, 2014 (sands)
Nonperforming assets (excluding acquired assets)			
Nonaccrual loans:			
Commercial real estate	\$		\$
Owner-occupied commercial real estate			
1-4 single family residential			116
Construction, land and development			
Home equity loans and lines of credit			
Commercial and industrial		14	
Consumer			
Total nonaccrual loans		14	116
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due			
Total nonperforming loans		14	116
Other real estate owned (OREO)			
Other foreclosed property			
Total new nonperforming assets	\$	14	\$ 116
Nonperforming acquired assets			
Nonaccrual loans:			
Commercial real estate	\$	4,865	\$ 4,866
Owner-occupied commercial real estate		5	211
1-4 single family residential		1,649	1,766
Construction, land and development		658	1,595
Home equity loans and lines of credit		2,806	3,005
Commercial and industrial		7,362	7,851
Consumer		322	
Total nonaccrual loans	]	17,667	19,294
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due			
Total nonperforming loans	]	17,667	19,294
Other real estate owned (OREO)	4	42,654	74,527
Other foreclosed property			

Total acquired nonperforming assets	\$ 60,321	\$ 93,821
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 60,335	\$ 93,937

Nonaccrual loans totaled \$17.7 million at June 30, 2015, a decrease of 8.9% from \$19.4 million at December 31, 2014. Nonperforming assets totaled \$60.3 million at June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$33.6 million, or 35.8%, from December 31, 2014.

Our policies related to when loans are placed on nonaccrual status conform to guidelines prescribed by bank regulatory authorities. Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when it is probable that principal or interest is not fully collectible, or generally when principal or interest becomes 90 days past due, whichever occurs first. Certain loans past due 90 days or more may remain on accrual status if management determines that it does not have concern over the collectability of principal and interest because the loan is secured by assets with a value in excess of the amounts owed and is in the process of collection. Loans are removed from nonaccrual status when they become current as to both principal and interest and concern no longer exists as to the collectability of principal and interest.

Loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 that are delinquent and/or on nonaccrual status continue to accrue income provided the respective pool in which those assets reside maintains a discount and recognizes accretion income. The aforementioned loans are characterized as performing loans greater than 90 days past due. If the pool no longer has a discount and accretion income can no longer be recognized, any loan within that pool on nonaccrual status will be classified as nonaccrual for presentation purposes.

Loans are identified for restructuring based on their delinquency status, risk rating downgrade, or at the request of the borrower. Borrowers that are 90 days delinquent and/or have a history of being delinquent, or experience a risk rating downgrade, are contacted to discuss options to bring the loan current, cure credit risk deficiencies, or other potential restructuring options that will reduce the inherent risk and improve collectability of the loan. In some instances, a borrower will initiate a request for loan restructure. The Bank requires borrowers to provide current financial information to establish the need for financial assistance and satisfy applicable prerequisite conditions required by the Bank. The Bank may also require the borrower to enter into a forbearance agreement.

Modification of loan terms may include the following: reduction of the stated interest rate; extension of maturity date or other payment dates; reduction of the face amount or maturity amount of the loan; reduction in accrued interest; forgiveness of past-due interest; or a combination of the above.

The following table sets forth our asset quality ratios for the periods presented:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Asset Quality Ratios		
Asset and Credit Quality Ratios - New Loans		
Nonperforming new loans to new loans receivable	0.00%	0.00%
New loan ALL to total gross new loans	0.51%	0.52%
Asset and Credit Quality Ratios - Acquired Loans		
Nonperforming acquired loans to acquired loans		
receivable	2.45%	2.34%
Covered acquired loans to total gross acquired loans	0.00%	33.09%
Acquired loan ALL to total gross acquired loans	1.04%	0.83%
Asset and Credit Quality Ratios - Total loans		
Nonperforming loans to loans receivable	0.39%	0.49%
Nonperforming assets to total assets	0.91%	1.58%
Covered loans to total gross loans	0.00%	6.96%
ALL to nonperforming assets	44.83%	24.36%
ALL to total gross loans	0.60%	0.58%

### **Analysis of the Allowance for Loan Losses**

The ALL reflects management s estimate of probable credit losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The computation of the ALL includes elements of judgment and subjectivity. As a portion of the Company s loans were acquired in failed bank acquisitions and were purchased at a substantial discount to their original book value, we segregate loans into three buckets when assessing and analyzing the ALL: New loans, Acquired ASC 310-30 loans, Acquired Non-ASC 310-30 loans.

Real estate loans:

The following table presents the allocation of the ALL for the periods presented. The entire amount of the allowance is available to absorb losses occurring in any category of loans.

	June 3	0, 2015 % Loans in each	Decembe	r 31, 2014 % Loans in each
	Amount	category (Dollars in t	Amount thousands)	category
New loans:				
Real estate loans:				
Commercial real estate	\$ 5,692	20.8%	\$ 4,456	21.7%
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	1,494	8.8%	962	7.2%
1-4 single family residential	5,139	27.6%	4,001	23.5%
Construction, land and development	2,175	7.7%	1,723	5.9%
Home equity loans and lines of credit	131	0.5%	70	0.3%
Total real estate loans	14,631	65.4%	11,212	58.6%
Other loans:				
Commercial and industrial	4,885	18.6%	4,738	20.2%
Consumer	63	0.1%	62	0.2%
Total other loans	4,948	18.7%	4,800	20.4%
Total new loans	\$ 19,579	84.1%	\$ 16,012	79.0%
Appring ASC 210 20 loons				
Acquired ASC 310-30 loans: Real estate loans:				
Commercial real estate	\$ 2,585	6.3%	\$ 3,255	8.6%
1-4 single family residential	270	1.7%	325	2.2%
Construction, land and development	793	1.2%	658	1.7%
Total real estate loans	3,648	9.2%	4,238	12.5%
	,		,	
Other loans:				
Commercial and industrial	1,133	1.3%	958	1.7%
Consumer	387	0.1%	290	0.1%
Total other loans	1,520	1.4%	1,248	1.8%
Total Acquired ASC 310-30 loans	\$ 5,168	10.6%	\$ 5,486	14.3%
Acquired Non-ASC 310-30 loans:				

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Commercial real estate	\$ 1,375	1.4%	\$ 495	1.8%
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	54	0.4%	58	0.4%
1-4 single family residential	335	1.9%	414	2.6%
Construction, land and development	56	0.2%	75	0.2%
Home equity loans and lines of credit	432	1.2%	285	1.4%
Total real estate loans	2,252	5.1%	1,327	6.4%
Other loans:				
Commercial and industrial	41	0.2%	49	0.3%
Consumer	6	0.0%	6	0.0%
Total other loans	47	0.2%	55	0.3%
Total Acquired Non-ASC 310-30 loans	\$ 2,299	5.3%	\$ 1,382	6.7%
Total loans	\$ 27,046	100.0%	\$ 22,880	100.0%

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The following tables present information related to the ALL for the periods presented:

		o	wner-						ome quity					
			cupied				struction	_						
	Commercia				Single		Land			Con	nmercia	l		
	Real		Real		Family	D	and		of	T	and	C	~	Total
	Estate	Г	Estate	Ke			elopment llars in th				uustriai	Con	sumer	Total
Balance at April 1, 2015	\$ 9,296	\$	1,252	\$	5,213	\$	2,312		398	\$	5,705	\$	337	\$ 24,513
Provision (credit) for ASC	(704)				(62)		(170)				1.42		115	(7.67)
310-30 loans	(784)				(63)	)	(178)				143		115	(767)
Provision for non-ASC 310-30 loans	848		(7)		(7)		(12)		143		(11)		(1)	953
Provision for New loans	383		(7)		(7) 755		(12) 633		22		(11) 183		(1)	2,284
FIGURION TO THEW TO ALLS	363		303		133		033		22		103		3	2,204
Total provision	447		296		685		443		165		315		119	2,470
Charge-offs for ASC														
310-30 loans	(109)				(121)	)					(45)			(275)
Charge-offs for non-ASC					(60)									(62)
310-30 loans					(63)									(63)
Charge-offs for New loans														
Total charge-offs	(109)				(184)	)					(45)			(338)
- C	, ,										, ,			
Recoveries for ASC 310-3														
loans	18				30		269				82			399
Recoveries for non-ASC														
310-30 loans														
Recoveries for New loans											2			2
Total recoveries	18				30		269				84			401
Total recoveries	10				30		20)				0-1			101
Ending ALL balance														
ASC 310-30 loans	2,585				270		793				1,133		387	5,168
Non-ASC 310-30 loans	1,375		54		335		56		432		41		6	2,299
New loans	5,692		1,494		5,139		2,175		131		4,885		63	19,579
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 9,652	\$	1,548	\$	5,744	\$	3,024	\$	563	\$	6,059	\$	456	\$ 27,046

CommercialOwner- 1-4 Construction, Home CommerciaConsumer Total Real Occupied Single Land Equity and

al Family and Loans and ResidentiaDevelopment Lines

**Loans and Industrial** 

**Estate Commercial Family** 

Real

#### of **Estate Credit** (Dollars in thousands) Balance at April 1, 2014 \$5,088 \$ 435 \$ 1,587 \$ 1,900 \$ 151 \$ 5,977 356 \$ 15,494 Provision (credit) for ASC 310-30 loans 191 212 (539)(31)(34)(201)Provision for non-ASC 310-30 loans 2 2 89 16 32 96 (45)Provision for New loans 982 369 702 499 (65)849 5 3,341 Total provision 371 869 468 24 326 3 3,236 1,175 Charge-offs for ASC 310-30 (30)(32)(510)loans (4444)(4) Charge-offs for non-ASC 310-30 loans (62)(29)(91) Charge-offs for New loans (348)(348)Total charge-offs (949) (30)(4444)(62)(380)(33)Recoveries for ASC 310-30 91 103 loans 11 1 Recoveries for non-ASC 310-30 loans Recoveries for New loans 91 103 Total recoveries 11 Ending ALL balance ASC 310-30 loans 2,883 207 660 1,359 298 5,407 Non-ASC 310-30 loans 7 8 7 32 3 6 63 New loans 3,463 799 2,212 81 4,559 25 1,275 12,414 Balance at June 30, 2014 \$6,354 \$ 806 \$ 2,426 1,935 \$ 113 \$ 5,924 \$ 326 \$17,884

		0	Avvm om						lome					
			wner-		1 1	Con	atuu ati ad		quity	J				
4	Commerci		ccupied		1-4 Single		struction Land	-			nmercial	ı		
`	Real		nnercia Real		Single Family		and	L	of		and	L		
	Estate		Estate		•	Dov	anu elopmen	t C				Con	cumor	Total
	Listate		25tate	IXC			llars in tl				austi iai v	COII	Sumer	Total
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ 8,206	\$	1,020	\$	4,740	\$	2,456		355	\$	5,745	\$	358	\$ 22,880
Provision (credit) for ASC														
310-30 loans	(865)				1		(198)				119		157	(786)
Provision (credit) for														
non-ASC 310-30 loans	880		(4)		49		(19)		147		(8)			1,045
Provision (credit) for New														
loans	1,236		532		1,138		452		61		140		1	3,560
Total provision	1,251		528		1,188		235		208		251		158	3,819
Total provision	1,231		320		1,100		233		200		231		150	3,017
Charge-offs for ASC														
310-30 loans	(205)				(207)		(56)				(75)		(60)	(603)
Charge-offs for non-ASC 310-30 loans					(128)									(128)
Charge-offs for New loans					(120)									(120)
Charge-ons for ivew loans														
Total charge-offs	(205)				(335)		(56)				(75)		(60)	(731)
<i>0</i>	,				,		,							( )
Recoveries for ASC 310-30	0													
loans	400				151		389				131			1,071
Recoveries for non-ASC														
310-30 loans														
Recoveries for New loans											7			7
Total recoveries	400				151		389				138			1,078
Total Total Veries	100				101		207				150			1,070
Ending ALL balance														
ASC 310-30 loans	2,585				270		793				1,133		387	5,168
Non-ASC 310-30 loans	1,375		54		335		56		432		41		6	2,299
New loans	5,692		1,494		5,139		2,175		131		4,885		63	19,579
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 9,652	\$	1,548	\$	5,744	\$	3,024	\$	563	\$	6,059	\$	456	\$ 27,046

CommercialOwner- 1-4 Construction, Home CommerciaConsumer Total
Real Occupied Single Land Equity and
Estate Commercial Family and Loans and Industrial
Real ResidentiaDevelopment Lines
Estate of

# Credit (Dollars in thousands)

				$(\mathbf{D})$	ollars in	thou	ısands	)			
Balance at January 1, 2014	\$4,458	\$ 376	\$ 1,443	\$	1,819	\$	265	\$	6,198	\$ 174	\$ 14,733
Provision (credit) for ASC											
310-30 loans	191		152		133				(871)	232	(163)
Provision (credit) for											
non-ASC 310-30 loans	3	2	(45)				(4)		24	32	12
Provision (credit) for New											
loans	1,685	428	906		441		(45)		1,054	8	4,477
Total provision	1,879	430	1,013		574		(49)		207	272	4,326
-											
Charge-offs for ASC											
310-30 loans	(74)		(30)		(1,245)				(110)	(91)	(1,550)
Charge-offs for non-ASC											
310-30 loans							(103)		(24)	(29)	(156)
Charge-offs for New loans									(348)		(348)
Total charge-offs	(74)		(30)		(1,245)		(103)		(482)	(120)	(2,054)
<u> </u>	` ,		Ì		, , ,				, ,		
Recoveries for ASC 310-30											
loans	91				787				1		879
Recoveries for non-ASC 310-30 loans											
Recoveries for New loans											
Total recoveries	91				787				1		879
Ending ALL balance											
ASC 310-30 loans	2,883		207		660				1,359	298	5,407
Non-ASC 310-30 loans	8	7	7				32		6	3	63
New loans	3,463	799	2,212		1,275		81		4,559	25	12,414
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$6,354	\$ 806	\$ 2,426	\$	1,935	\$	113	\$	5,924	\$ 326	\$17,884

As of June 30, 2015, our New loans have exhibited limited delinquency and credit loss history to establish an observable loss trend. Given this lack of sufficient loss history on the New loan portfolio, general loan loss factors are established based on the following: historical loss factors derived from the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council s quarterly Unified Performance Branch Report for Group 1 banks (assets greater than \$3 billion) using an annualized weighted average eight quarter rolling basis. Historical loss factors are adjusted for qualitative factors including trends in delinquencies and nonaccruals, production trends, average risk ratings and loan-to-value ratios, current industry conditions, general economic conditions, credit concentrations by portfolio and asset categories and portfolio quality. Other adjustments for qualitative factors may be made to the ALL after an assessment of internal and external influences on credit quality and loss severity that are not fully reflected in the historical loss or risk rating data. The Company uses assumptions and methodologies that are relevant to estimating the level of impairment and probable losses in the loan portfolio. To the extent that the data supporting such assumptions has limitations, management s judgment and experience play a role in recording the allowance estimates.

The ALL increased \$4.2 million to \$27.0 million at June 30, 2015 from \$22.9 million at December 31, 2014, primarily due to the increase in New loans of \$704.1 million. The ALL as a percentage of nonperforming assets and the ALL as a percentage of total gross loans was 44.83% and 0.60% as of June 30, 2015, compared to 24.36% and 0.58% at December 31, 2014. The increase in both ratios was the result of the decrease in the acquired loan portfolio, slightly offset by the increase in the allowance on acquired loans. The allowance coverage ratio on New loans remained relatively flat over the same period.

Net loan recoveries for the second quarter of 2015 totaled \$63 thousand, a decrease of 107.4% compared to net loan charge-offs of \$846 thousand for the same period of 2014. Net loan recoveries for the six months ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$347 thousand, a decrease of 129.5% compared to net loan charge-offs of \$1.2 million for the same period of 2014.

#### **FDIC Loss Share Indemnification Asset**

On March 4, 2015, the Bank entered into an agreement with the FDIC to terminate all loss sharing agreements which were entered into in 2010 and 2011 in conjunction with the Bank s acquisition of substantially all of the assets ( Covered Assets ) and assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of six failed banks in FDIC-assisted acquisitions. Under the early termination, all rights and obligations of the Bank and the FDIC under the loss share agreements, including the clawback provisions, have been eliminated.

The Bank paid the FDIC \$14.8 million as consideration for the early termination to settle its obligation under the FDIC Clawback Liability. The early termination was recorded in the Bank s financial statements by removing the FDIC Indemnification Asset receivable, the FDIC Clawback liability and recording a one-time, pre-tax loss on termination of \$65.5 million.

The following tables summarize the activity related to the FDIC loss share indemnification asset for the periods presented:

		onths Ended ine 30,	Six Mont June						
	2015	2014	2015	2014					
		(Dollars in thousands)							
Balance at beginning of period	\$	\$80,605	\$ 63,168	\$ 87,229					
Termination of FDIC loss sharing agreements			(63,168)						
Reimbursable expenses		1,427		3,153					
Amortization		(5,406)		(11,405)					
Income resulting from impairment and charge-off of covered	d								
assets, net		456		1,206					
Expense resulting from recoupment and disposition of									
covered assets, net		(1,260)		(2,423)					
FDIC claims submissions		(969)		(2,907)					
Balance at end of period	\$	\$74,853	\$	\$ 74,853					

The following table summarizes the changes in the clawback liability, included in Other Liabilities, for the periods presented:

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		<b>Three Months Ended</b>				
	Ju	June 30,		2 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
		(Dollars i	n thousands	thousands)		
Balance at beginning of period	\$	\$ 12,060	\$ 13,846	\$11,753		
Termination of FDIC loss sharing agreements			(13,846)			
Amortization impact		181		357		
Remeasurement impact		284		415		
_						
Balance at end of period	\$	\$ 12,525	\$	\$ 12,525		

## Other Real Estate Owned

The following table shows the composition of other real estate owned as of the periods presented:

	June 30, 2015 (Dollars	December 31, 2014 in thousands)		
Commercial real estate	\$ 6,790	\$	22,267	
1-4 single family residential	3,585		12,623	
Construction, land and development	32,279		39,637	
	h 12 67 1			
Total	\$ 42,654	\$	74,527	

The following table summarizes the activity related to other real estate owned for the periods presented:

	Three Months E	Ended June	30Six Months 1	Ended June 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
		(Dollars	in thousands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 75,017	\$ 86,244	\$ 74,527	\$ 34,682
Additions from acquisition		810		55,085
Transfers from loan portfolio	2,168	2,529	14,835	12,869
Impairments	(69)	(287)	(173)	(732)
Sales	(34,462)	(8,308)	(46,535)	(20,916)
Balance at end of period	\$ 42,654	\$80,988	\$ 42,654	\$ 80,988

Total OREO held by the Company was \$42.7 million as of June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$31.9 million from December 31, 2014. The decrease in other real estate owned was due to OREO sales of \$46.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

## **Deposits**

The following table shows the deposit mix as of the periods presented:

	June 30	, 2015	December	31, 2014
	Amount	Percent of Total (Dollars in t	Amount housands)	Percent of Total
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 621,845	13.9%	\$ 593,025	14.9%
Interest-bearing demand deposits	288,990	6.5%	122,380	3.1%
Interest-bearing NOW accounts	414,795	9.3%	374,399	9.4%

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Savings and money market accounts	1,882,706	42.2%	1,811,878	45.5%
Time deposits	1,257,751	28.1%	1,076,853	27.1%
_				
Total deposits	\$4,466,087	100.0%	\$ 3,978,535	100.0%

Deposits at June 30, 2015 totaled \$4.47 billion, an increase of \$487.6 million, or 12.3%, from December 31, 2014. The increase in deposits consisted of a \$306.7 million increase in core deposits and a \$180.9 million increase in time deposits. Core deposits include demand deposits, NOW accounts, savings and money market accounts and represents 71.8% of total deposits at June 30, 2015, a decrease from 72.9% at December 31, 2014.

The increase in core deposits was primarily due to growth in demand deposits due to retail marketing efforts and commercial relationship growth. The average rate paid on deposits for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was 0.57% and 0.56%, respectively. This represents a decrease of 5 and 6 basis points as compared to the average rate paid on deposits of 0.62% and 0.62% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. Continued reductions of high cost acquired time deposits and a higher composition of noninterest-bearing deposits drove the decrease in the cost of deposits. The average rate paid on time deposits for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was 1.00% and 0.97%, respectively. This represents an increase of 12 and 4 basis points compared to the average rate paid on time deposits for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 of 0.88% and 0.93%, respectively.

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The following table shows the remaining maturity of time deposits of \$100,000 and greater as of the period presented:

	June 30, 2015 s in thousands)
Time deposits \$100,000 or greater with remaining	
maturity of:	
Three months or less	63,517
After three months through six months	155,229
After six months through twelve months	318,195
After twelve months	296,886
Total	\$ 833,827

## **Borrowings**

In addition to deposits, we utilize advances from the FHLB and other borrowings, such as securities sold under repurchase agreements, as a supplementary funding source to finance our operations. FHLB advances and other borrowings are secured by stock, qualifying first residential mortgages, commercial real estate loans, home equity loans and investment securities.

Total borrowings consisted of the following as of the periods presented:

	June 30, 2015	De	cember 31, 2014		
	(Dollars in thousands)				
FHLB advances	\$ 1,093,100	\$	983,686		
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	128,856		72,500		
Retail repurchase agreements	6,138		5,704		
Total contractual outstanding	1,228,094		1,061,890		
Fair value adjustment	4,799		6,091		
Total borrowings	\$ 1,232,893	\$	1,067,981		

At June 30, 2015, total borrowings were \$1.23 billion, an increase of \$164.9 million, or 15.4%, from \$1.07 billion at December 31, 2014. The increase in total borrowings was primarily driven by the \$109.4 million increase in FHLB advances and \$56.4 million in securities sold under repurchase agreements to fund new loan growth.

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Short-term borrowings consist of debt with maturities of one year or less and the current portion of long-term debt. The following table is a summary of short-term borrowings for the periods presented:

As of/Fo	or the Three M	onths Endeds	ofÆ3	0,the Six Mo	nths I	Ended June 3
	2015	2014		2015		2014
		(Dollars	in th	ousands)		
Short-Term FHLB advances:						
Maximum outstanding at any						
month-end during the period	\$809,850	\$720,260	\$	809,850	\$	720,260
Balance outstanding at end of period	809,850	570,500		809,850		570,500
Average outstanding during the period	730,656	648,646		684,103		569,544
Average interest rate during the period	0.26%	0.62%		0.25%		0.66%
Average interest rate at the end of the						
period	0.32%	0.58%		0.32%		0.58%
11 11 77 4						

Stockholders Equity

The following table summarizes the changes in our stockholders equity for the periods indicated:

	Three Months I	Ended June :	30Six Months En	nded June 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
		(Dollars i	in thousands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 846,834	\$723,869	\$ 851,653	\$ 716,114
Net income (loss)	19,376	9,166	2,502	12,694
Stock-based compensation, RSU and warrant				
expense	2,363	452	3,874	888
Treasury stock purchase	(802)		(802)	
Exercise of stock options	203		873	
Other	(21)		(20)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(10,474)	5,961	(601)	9,752
Balance at end of period	\$857,479	\$739,448	\$ 857,479	\$ 739,448

For the three months ended June 30, 2015 the Company reported net income of \$19.4 million, an increase of \$10.2 million, compared to net income of \$9.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The Company s results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2015 produced an annualized return on average assets of 1.23% and an annualized return on average common stockholders equity of 9.09% compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 ratios of 0.69% and 5.02%, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015 the Company reported net income of \$2.5 million, a decrease of \$10.2 million, compared to net income of \$12.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The Company s results of operations for the period ended June 30, 2015 produced an annualized return on average assets of 0.08% and an annualized return on average common stockholders equity of 0.59% compared to prior year ratios of 0.51% and 3.52%, respectively. The decreases were primarily due to a net loss incurred for the first quarter of 2015 as a result of the early termination of all loss share agreements on March 4, 2015.

Stockholders equity totaled \$857.5 million as of June 30, 2015, an increase of \$5.8 million from \$851.7 million as of December 31, 2014, primarily driven by net income of \$2.5 million and stock-based compensation expense of \$3.9 million.

## **Capital Resources**

Our Company and Bank are subject to regulatory capital adequacy requirements promulgated by federal bank regulatory agencies. Failure by our Company or Bank to meet minimum capital requirements could result in certain mandatory and discretionary actions by regulators that could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements. The Federal Reserve establishes capital requirements for our Company and the OCC has similar requirements for our Bank. Information presented for June 30, 2015, reflects the Basel III capital requirements that became effective January 1, 2015 for both our Company and Bank. Under these capital requirements and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, our Company and Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of our Company and Bank s assets, liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Our Company s and Bank s capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation require our Company and Bank to maintain certain minimum capital amounts and ratios. Federal bank regulators require our Company and Bank to maintain minimum ratios of core capital to adjusted average assets of 4.0%, common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 4.5%, tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 6.0% and total risk-based capital to risk-weighted assets of 8.0%. At June 30, 2015, our Company and Bank met all the capital adequacy requirements to which they were subject. At June 30, 2015, the Company and Bank were well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be well capitalized, our Company and Bank must maintain minimum leverage, common equity tier 1 risk-based, tier 1 risk-based and total risk-based capital ratios of at least 5.0%, 6.5%, 8.0% and 10.0%, respectively. Management believes that no conditions or events have occurred since June 30, 2015 that would materially adversely change the Company s or Bank s capital classifications. From time to time, we may need to raise additional capital to support our Company s and Bank s further growth and to maintain their well capitalized status.

The Company and Bank s regulatory capital ratios are as follows:

	Minimum Capital Requirement	Minimun to be Well Capitalized	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Capital Ratios (Company)				
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.0%	5.0%	12.3%	12.8%
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio	4.5%	6.5%	14.9%	N/A
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	6.0%	8.0%	14.9%	17.0%
Total risk-based capital ratio	8.0%	10.0%	15.5%	17.6%
Capital Ratios (Bank)				
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.0%	5.0%	10.7%	10.4%
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio	4.5%	6.5%	13.0%	N/A
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	6.0%	8.0%	13.0%	13.9%
Total risk-based capital ratio	8.0%	10.0%	13.5%	14.5%

The Bank and, with respect to certain provisions, the Company, is also subject to an Order of the FDIC, dated January 22, 2010, issued in connection with the FDIC s approval of the Bank s application for federal deposit insurance. The Order requires, among other things, the Bank to maintain capital levels sufficient to be well capitalized under regulatory standards during the remaining period of ownership of the investors (as defined in the Order) subject to the SOP. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we believe the Company and Bank both had capital levels that exceeded the regulatory guidelines for a well capitalized institution.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 12.3%, which provided \$457.0 million of excess capital relative to the minimum requirements to be considered well capitalized. As of June 30, 2015, the Bank had a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 10.7%, which provided \$342.5 million of excess capital relative to the minimum requirements to be considered well capitalized.

Beginning January 1, 2016, Basel III implements a requirement for all banking organizations to maintain a capital conservation buffer above the minimum risk-based capital requirements in order to avoid certain limitations on capital distributions, stock repurchases and discretionary bonus payments to executive officers. The capital conservation buffer will be exclusively composed of common equity tier 1 capital, and it applies to each of the three risk-based capital ratios but not the leverage ratio. On January 1, 2016, our Company and Bank will be expected to comply with the capital conservation buffer requirement, which will increase the three risk-based capital ratios by 0.625% each

year through 2019, at which point, the common equity tier 1 risk-based, tier 1 risk-based and total risk-based capital ratios will be 7.0%, 8.5% and 10.5%, respectively. If the capital conservation buffer were in effect at June 30, 2015, our Company and Bank would exceed the requirements. The capital planning process and position is monitored by the Enterprise Risk Committee.

## Liquidity

Liquidity represents the Company s ability to meet financial commitments through the maturity and sale of existing assets or availability of additional funds. Liquidity risk results from the mismatching of asset and liability cash flows. The Bank s liquidity needs are primarily met by its cash and securities position, growth in deposits, cash flow from amortizing investment and loan portfolios and borrowings from the FHLB. For additional information regarding our operating, investing, and financing cash flows, see Consolidated Financial Statements Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The Bank has access to additional borrowings through secured FHLB advances, unsecured borrowing lines from correspondent banks, and repurchase agreements (secured). In addition, the Bank has an established borrowing line at the Federal Reserve Bank. At June 30, 2015, the Company had additional capacity to borrow from the FHLB of \$499.1 million. Also, at June 30, 2015, the Company has unused credit lines with financial institutions of \$72.5 million.

We believe the Bank s cash and liquidity resources generated by operations and deposit growth will be sufficient to satisfy the Bank s future funding requirements. The Bank s ongoing liquidity position is monitored by the Asset Liability Committee ( ALCO ) and the Enterprise Risk Committee.

As a holding company, we are a corporation separate and apart from our subsidiary, the Bank, and therefore we provide for our own liquidity. Our main sources of funding include equity capital raised in our offerings of equity securities and dividends paid by the Bank, when applicable, and access to capital markets. We believe these sources will be sufficient to fund our capital needs for the foreseeable future. There are regulatory limitations that affect the ability of the Bank to pay dividends to us. See Dividend Policy and Supervision and Regulation Regulatory Limits on Dividends and Distributions in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 previously filed with the SEC. Management believes that such limitations will not impact our ability to meet our ongoing short-term cash obligations.

The Company approved a stock repurchase program under which the Company is authorized to acquire up to \$30 million of its Class A Common Stock. Repurchases under the program may be made through open market or privately negotiated transactions at times and in such amounts as management deems appropriate, subject to market conditions, regulatory requirements and other factors. The program does not obligate the Company to repurchase any particular amount of common stock, and may be suspended or discontinued at any time without notice. Shares repurchased under the program will be made using the Company s own cash resources and are expected to be held as treasury shares.

## **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

In the normal course of business, we enter into various transactions, which, in accordance with GAAP, are not included in our consolidated balance sheets. We enter into these transactions to meet the financing needs of our customers. These transactions include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit, which involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized on the Bank s consolidated balance sheets. We have limited off-balance sheet arrangements that have not had or are not reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, revenues, and expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

We enter into contractual loan commitments to extend credit, normally with fixed expiration dates or termination clauses, at specified rates and for specific purposes. Since a portion of the commitments are expected to expire

without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Substantially all of our commitments to extend credit are contingent upon customers maintaining specific credit standards until the time of loan funding. We decrease our exposure to loss under these commitments by subjecting them to credit approval and monitoring procedures. We assess the credit risk associated with certain commitments to extend credit and establish a liability for probable credit losses.

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Standby letters of credit are written conditional commitments issued by us to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. In the event the customer does not perform in accordance with the terms of the agreement with the third party, we would be required to fund the commitment. The maximum potential amount of future payments we could be required to make is represented by the contractual amount of the commitment. If the commitment is funded, we would be entitled to seek recovery from the customer. Our policies generally require that standby letter of credit arrangements contain security and debt covenants similar to those contained in loan agreements.

The following table summarizes commitments as of the dates presented:

	June 30, 2015 (Dollars i	December 31, 2014 nousands)		
Commitments to fund loans	\$ 428,736	\$ 351,369		
Unused lines of credit	251,792	199,880		
Commercial and standby letters of credit	14,158	10,223		
Total	\$ 694,686	\$ 561,472		

Management believes that we have adequate liquidity to meet all known contractual obligations and unfunded commitments, including loan commitments over the next twelve months.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

The Company views certain non-recurring items, including but not limited to merger related and restructuring charges, gain/(loss) on investment securities and their corresponding tax effect, as core adjustments to net income. Core adjustments for the second quarter of 2015 included \$203 thousand of other operating expenses and \$761 thousand of gain on investment securities.

The following reconciliation provides a more detailed analysis of this non-GAAP financial measure:

# FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures - Core Net Income

(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>									
	J	une 30, 2015	M	arch 31, 2015		2014		ptember 30, 2014		ine 30, 2014
				(De	olla	rs in thousar	nds)			
Net Income (loss)	\$	19,376	\$	(16,874)	\$	13,100	\$	(3,422)	\$	9,166
Pre-tax Adjustments										
Noninterest income										
Less: Gain (loss) on investment										
securities		761		1,007		2,377		2,785		4,448
FDIC loss share indemnification										
loss				(65,529)						
Noninterest expense										
Salaries and employee benefits		(17)		185		1		15,379		
Occupancy and equipment										225
Loan and other real estate related										
expenses										
Professional services		45		245						
Data processing and network fees				2						
Regulatory assessments and										
insurance										
Amortization of intangibles										
Other operating expenses		203		64		(6)		4,895		1,290
Taxes										
Tax Effect of adjustments (1)		186		(30,065)		1,881		(4,254)		1,144
Core Net Income	\$	19,031	\$	18,079	\$	12,599	\$	9,813	\$	7,377
Average assets	\$6	,325,073	\$6	5,038,970	\$	5,953,704	\$	5,738,087	\$ 5,	354,260
ROA (2)		1.23%		-1.13%		0.87%		-0.24%		0.69%
Core ROA (3)		1.21%		1.21%		0.84%		0.68%		0.55%

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax effected at marginal income tax rate of 39% except for non tax deductible and discreet items. Core tax rate of 35% in 2015.

<sup>(2)</sup> Return on assets: Annualized net income / average assets

<sup>(3)</sup> Core return on assets: Annualized core net income / average assets

Tangible book value per share is defined as total stockholders equity reduced by goodwill and other intangible assets divided by total common shares outstanding.

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The following table reconciles this non-GAAP financial measurement of tangible book value per common share to the comparable GAAP financial measurement of book value per common share for the periods presented:

## FCB FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures - Tangible Book Value Per Share

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2015 (De	March 31, 2015 rs in thousan	ecember 31, 2014 except share a	ptember 30, 2014 per share data	June 30, 2014
Total assets	\$ 6,607,198	\$ 6,217,083	\$ 5,957,628	\$ 6,054,944	\$ 5,641,708
Less:					
Goodwill and other					
intangible assets	87,884	88,291	88,615	89,040	89,466
Tangible assets	\$ 6,519,314	\$ 6,128,792	\$ 5,869,013	\$ 5,965,904	\$ 5,552,242
Total stockholders equity	\$ 857,479	\$ 846,834	\$ 851,653	\$ 835,727	\$ 739,448
Less:	·	·	·	·	
Goodwill and other					
intangible assets	87,884	88,291	88,615	89,040	89,466
Tangible stockholders equity	\$ 769,595	\$ 758,543	\$ 763,038	\$ 746,687	\$ 649,982
Shares outstanding	41,423,199	41,443,031	41,409,698	41,409,698	35,892,154
Tangible book value per					
share	\$ 18.58	\$ 18.30	\$ 18.43	\$ 18.03	\$ 18.11
Average assets	\$ 6,325,073	\$ 6,038,970	\$ 5,953,704	\$ 5,738,087	\$ 5,354,260
Average equity	855,128	859,011	844,572	799,167	732,377
Average goodwill and other					
intangible assets	88,091	88,536	88,835	89,276	90,431
Tangible average equity to tangible average assets	12.3%	12.9%	12.9%	12.6%	12.2%
Tangible common equity	12.5/0	12.7/0	12.7/0	12.070	12.2/0
ratio	11.8%	12.4%	13.0%	12.5%	11.7%

Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to management and investors that is supplementary to our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows computed in accordance with GAAP. Disclosure of these non-GAAP financial measures is relevant to understanding the capital position and performance of the Company and provides a meaningful base for comparability to other financial institutions. We acknowledge that our non-GAAP financial measures have a number of limitations. As such, you should not view these disclosures as a substitute for results determined in accordance with GAAP.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk

As described in more detail in Part II, Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, risk management involves the monitoring and evaluation of interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, compliance risk and strategic and/or reputation risk. The Company has not experienced any material change in these risks from December 31, 2014 to June 30, 2015. For additional disclosure of our market risks, see the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 previously filed with the SEC.

# Item 4. Controls and Procedures Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company has evaluated the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )). Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

## Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company s last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company, from time to time, is involved as plaintiff or defendant in various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. While the ultimate outcome of any such proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of management, based upon advice of legal counsel, that no proceedings exist, either individually or in the aggregate, which, if determined adversely to the Company, would have a material effect on the Company s consolidated balance sheet, statements of income or cash flows. See Note 12 Commitments and Contingencies in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors disclosed by the Company in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the SEC.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

# Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

#### Item 5. Other Information

None

# Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase

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# **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FCB Financial Holdings, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: August 7, 2015 /s/ Kent S. Ellert

Kent S. Ellert

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 7, 2015 /s/ Paul D. Burner

Paul D. Burner

**Executive Vice President and Chief** 

Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting

Officer)

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