AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ Form 10-Q May 07, 2013 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Commission File No. 001- 34280

# **American National Insurance Company**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas 74-0484030 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

**One Moody Plaza** 

Galveston, Texas 77550-7999 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(409) 763-4661

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, a accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). " Yes x No

As of May 1, 2013, there were 26,893,412 shares of the registrant s voting common stock, \$1.00 par value per share, outstanding.

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

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## PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for share and per share data)

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS		
Fixed maturity, bonds held-to-maturity, at amortized cost		
(Fair Value \$9,860,707 and \$9,840,751)	\$ 9,061,438	\$ 9,009,282
Fixed maturity, bonds available-for-sale, at fair value		
(Amortized cost \$4,418,001 and \$4,316,467)	4,769,136	4,665,576
Equity securities, at fair value		
(Cost \$720,022 and \$688,579)	1,208,788	1,075,439
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,170,510	3,143,011
Policy loans	393,710	395,333
Investment real estate, net of accumulated depreciation of \$224,999 and \$223,462	513,400	511,233
Short-term investments	233,101	313,086
Other invested assets	147,203	125,104
Total investments	19,497,286	19,238,064
Cash and cash equivalents	113,179	303,008
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	264,550	248,425
Accrued investment income	208,733	207,314
Reinsurance recoverables	407,297	418,743
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	53,092	56,826
Premiums due and other receivables	287,050	283,446
Deferred policy acquisition costs	1,234,235	1,247,675
Property and equipment, net	90,349	92,695
Current tax receivable	5,248	14,578
Other assets	151,170	154,911
Separate account assets	888,388	841,389
Total assets	\$ 23,200,577	\$ 23,107,074
LIABILITIES		
Future policy benefits		
Life	\$ 2,639,925	\$ 2,650,822
Annuity	827,777	811,192
Accident and health	68,112	69,962
Policyholders account balances	11,453,825	11,555,201
Policy and contract claims	1,362,469	1,340,366
Unearned premium reserve	752,479	757,532
Other policyholder funds	296,337	288,391
Liability for retirement benefits	268,110	265,317
Current portion of long-term notes payable	52,627	50,884
Long-term notes payable	112,500	112,500
Deferred tax liabilities, net	135,427	92,150

Other liabilities	395,329	432,041
Separate account liabilities	888,388	841,389
Total liabilities	19,253,305	19,267,747
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, Authorized 50,000,000		
Issued 30,832,449 and 30,832,449,		
Outstanding 26,893,412 and 26,836,664 shares	30,832	30,832
Additional paid-in capital	2,702	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	307,754	242,010
Retained earnings	3,692,541	3,653,280
Treasury stock, at cost	(97,465)	(98,286)
Total American National Insurance Company stockholders equity	3,936,364	3,827,836
Noncontrolling interest	10,908	11,491
Total stockholders equity	3,947,272	3,839,327
	, ,	
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 23,200,577	\$ 23,107,074

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for share and per share data)

	Three months endo			arch 31, 2012
PREMIUMS AND OTHER REVENUE				
Premiums				
Life	\$	68,655	\$	66,451
Annuity		32,696		28,412
Accident and health		52,729		57,054
Property and casualty		265,689		273,169
Other policy revenues		49,998		48,047
Net investment income		251,366		255,696
Realized investment gains (losses)		18,538		9,808
Other-than-temporary impairments		(1,587)		(2,837)
Other income		6,961		6,875
Total premiums and other revenues		745,045		742,675
BENEFITS, LOSSES AND EXPENSES				
Policyholder benefits				
Life		81,502		83,823
Annuity		40,695		39,245
Claims incurred				
Accident and health		38,968		44,675
Property and casualty		189,594		187,552
Interest credited to policyholders account balances		111,106		124,864
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies		85,123		95,514
Other operating expenses		124,575		101,993
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs		11,334		1,638
Total benefits, losses and expenses		682,897		679,304
Income (loss) before federal income tax and equity in earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates		62,148		63,371
Less: Provision (benefit) for federal income taxes				
Current		4,964		7,287
Deferred		6,353		9,696
Total provision (benefit) for federal income taxes		11,317		16,983
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates, net of tax		8,577		(1,881)
Net income (loss)		59,408		44,507
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest, net of tax		(563)		(709)
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company	\$	59,971	\$	45,216
Amounts available to American National Insurance Company common stockholders				
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$	2.24	\$	1.70

Diluted	2.23	1.69
Weighted average common shares outstanding	26,763,896	26,565,164
Weighted average common shares outstanding and dilutive potential common shares	26,887,151	26,758,955

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

#### AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Th	ree months en	nded	March 31, 2012
Net income (loss)	\$	59,408	\$	44,507
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on securities		62,719		76,531
Foreign currency transaction and translation adjustments		149		152
Defined benefit plan adjustment		2,876		2,668
Other comprehensive income (loss)		65,744		79,351
Total comprehensive income (loss)		125,152		123,858
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest		(563)		(709)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company	\$	125,715	\$	124,567

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for per share data)

	Three months ended March 2013 2012		/	
Common Stock				
Balance at beginning and end of the period	\$	30,832	\$	30,832
Additional Paid-In Capital				
Balance as of January 1,				
Reissuance of treasury shares		2,920		(203)
Income tax effect from restricted stock arrangement		79		(534)
Amortization of restricted stock		(297)		2,163
Balance at end of period		2,702		1,426
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)				
Balance as of January 1,		242,010		159,403
Other comprehensive income (loss)		65,744		79,351
Balance at end of the period		307,754		238,754
Retained Earnings				
Balance as of January 1,	3	3,653,280	3	3,545,546
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company		59,971		45,216

Cash dividends to common stockholders (\$0.77 per share)	(20,710)	(20,667)
Balance at end of the period	3,692,541	3,570,095
Through Charle		
Treasury Stock	(00.206)	(00, 400)
Balance as of January 1,	(98,286)	(98,490)
Reissuance of treasury shares	821	203
Balance at end of the period	(97,465)	(98,287)
Noncontrolling Interest		
Balance as of January 1,	11,491	12,947
Contributions	11,171	45
Distributions	(21)	(7)
Gain (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest	(563)	(709)
Balance at end of the period	10,908	12,276
Total Stockholders Equity	\$ 3,947,272	\$ 3,755,096

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Three months end 2013	ded March 31, 2012
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	\$ 59,408	\$ 44,507
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities		
Realized investment (gains) losses	(18,538)	(9,808)
Other-than-temporary impairments	1,587	2,837
Accretion (amortization) of discounts, premiums and loan origination fees	389	1,890
Net capitalized interest on policy loans and mortgage loans	(7,633)	(7,358)
Depreciation	8,452	8,854
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	111,106	124,864
Charges to policyholders account balances	(49,998)	(48,047)
Deferred federal income tax (benefit) expense	6,353	9,696
Deferral of policy acquisition costs	(91,539)	(98,346)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	102,873	99,984
Equity in (earnings) losses of unconsolidated affiliates	(8,577)	1,881
Distributions from equity method investments	9,760	2,087
Changes in:		
Policyholder liabilities	23,743	8,686
Reinsurance recoverables	11,446	24,836
Premiums due and other receivables	(3,604)	(8,907)
Accrued investment income	(1,419)	(3,078)
Current tax receivable/payable	9,330	12,383
Liability for retirement benefits	2,793	372
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	3,734	1,437
Other, net	(52,038)	(52,670)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	117,628	116,100
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale/maturity/prepayment of		
Bonds held-to-maturity	448,034	402,772
Bonds available for sale	211,884	114,739
Equity securities	31,099	20,548
Investment real estate	8,597	
Mortgage loans	111,110	43,174
Policy loans	16,718	16,788
Other invested assets	12,263	10,817
Disposals of property and equipment	1,613	
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates	11,664	4,328
Payment for the purchase/origination of		
Bonds held-to-maturity	(505,265)	(469,511)
Bonds available for sale	(307,986)	(185,775)
Equity securities	(55,442)	
Investment real estate	(10,426)	(7,188)
Mortgage loans	(136,576)	(96,355)
Policy loans	(5,967)	(10,336)
Other invested assets	(11,709)	(10,524)

Change in short-term investments 79,985 117,117 Other, net 903 137  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (125,992) (67,479)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (125,992) (67,479)
EINANCING A CENTURES
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FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Policyholders account deposits 219,078 290,831
Policyholders account withdrawals (381,556) (319,047)
Change in notes payable 1,743 (1,023)
Dividends to stockholders (20,710) (20,667)
Proceeds from (payments to) noncontrolling interest (20) 38
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (181,465) (49,868)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (189,829) (1,247)
Beginning of the year 303,008 102,114
End of year \$ 113,179 \$ 100,867

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

American National Insurance Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively American National) offer a broad spectrum of insurance products, including individual and group life insurance, health insurance, annuities, and property and casualty insurance. Through non-insurance subsidiaries, American National invests in stocks and real estate. Business is conducted in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam and American Samoa. The majority of revenues are generated by the insurance business. Various distribution systems are utilized, including multiple-line exclusive agents, independent agents, third-party marketing organizations, career agents, and direct sales to the public.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are reported in U.S. currency. American National consolidates all entities that are wholly-owned and those in which American National owns less than 100% but controls, as well as any variable interest entities in which American National is the primary beneficiary. All material intercompany transactions with consolidated entities have been eliminated. Investments in unconsolidated affiliates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

The interim consolidated financial statements and notes herein are unaudited and reflect all adjustments which management considers necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated statements of financial position, operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in stockholders equity, and cash flows for the interim periods.

These interim consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in American National s Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012. The consolidated results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported consolidated financial statement balances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 3. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Adoption of New Accounting Standards The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued the following accounting guidance relevant to American National including technical amendments and corrections to make the codification easier to understand and fair value measurement easier to apply. Each became effective for American National on January 1, 2013, and unless stated otherwise did not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued amended guidance for derecognition of an in substance real estate subsidiary. The amendment clarifies that when a reporting entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary that is in substance real estate because of a default on the subsidiary s nonrecourse debt secured by the real estate, the reporting entity should apply the guidance for real estate sales when evaluating the subsidiary for deconsolidation.

In December 2011, the FASB issued guidance that amends the disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities. The new guidance requires an entity to disclose both gross and net information about offsetting and related arrangements. Subsequently, in January 2013, the FASB issued amendments to clarify the scope of this guidance covering only those derivatives accounted for in accordance with the derivatives and hedging guidance of the Codification that are either offsets in accordance with the right of setoff conditions, the balance sheet netting criteria or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement.

In February 2013, the FASB issued amended guidance on presentation of accumulated other comprehensive income ( AOCI ). The amendments require an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of AOCI by component. In addition, an entity is required to present, either on the face of the statement of operations or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of AOCI by the respective line items of net income but only if the amount reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts.

**Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards** The FASB issued the following significant accounting guidance relevant to American National. Each will become effective for American National on January 1, 2014 and unless stated otherwise, is not expected to have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

In July 2011, the FASB issued guidance to address questions about how health insurers should recognize and classify fees mandated by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act in their income statements. The guidance specifies that the liability for the fee should be recorded in full once the entity provides qualifying health insurance in the applicable calendar year. The corresponding deferred cost is then amortized to expense using a straight-line method of allocation unless another method better allocates the fee over the calendar year that it is payable.

In February 2013, the FASB issued amended guidance for the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of the guidance is fixed at the reporting date, except for obligations addressed within existing guidance under US GAAP.

#### 4. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

The cost or amortized cost and estimated fair value of investments in securities are shown below (in thousands):

		March 31, 2013				
	<b>a</b> .	Gross	Gross			
	Cost or Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized (Losses)	Estimated Fair Value		
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity	Amortized Cost	Gams	(Losses)	varue		
U.S. treasury and government	\$ 3,582	\$ 50	\$	\$ 3,632		
U.S. states and political subdivisions	381,081	40,615	(5)	421,691		
Foreign governments	29,078	4,155		33,233		
Corporate debt securities	8,119,293	722,278	(9,096)	8,832,475		
Residential mortgage-backed securities	488,346	38,823	(971)	526,198		
Collateralized debt securities	2,378	294		2,672		
Other debt securities	37,680	3,126		40,806		
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,061,438	809,341	(10,072)	9,860,707		
·	, ,	,		, ,		
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale						
U.S. treasury and government	21,881	1,110	(1)	22,990		
U.S. states and political subdivisions	582,361	43,642	(766)	625,237		
Foreign governments	5,000	2,307	, ,	7,307		
Corporate debt securities	3,683,441	297,833	(11,124)	3,970,150		
Residential mortgage-backed securities	77,301	4,464	(192)	81,573		
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	20,934	11,074	, ,	32,008		
Collateralized debt securities	17,037	1,431	(18)	18,450		
Other debt securities	10,046	1,375	, í	11,421		
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,418,001	363,236	(12,101)	4,769,136		
	., . 10,001	202,200	(12,101)	.,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Equity securities						
Common stock	692,332	482,712	(6,553)	1,168,491		
Preferred stock	27,690	12,607	(0,555)	40,297		
1 ICICITED STOCK	27,000	12,007		70,297		

Total equity securities	720,022	495,319	(6,553)	1,208,788
Total investments in securities	\$ 14,199,461	\$ 1,667,896	\$ (28,726)	\$ 15,838,631

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		December 31, 2012 Gross Gross			
	Cost or Unrealized		Unrealized	Estimated Fair	
	Amortized Cost	Gains	(Losses)	Value	
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity	Φ 2.502	Φ (0	Φ.	<b>.</b>	
U.S. treasury and government	\$ 3,593	\$ 69	\$	\$ 3,662	
U.S. states and political subdivisions	393,541	40,161	(7)	433,695	
Foreign governments	29,071	4,367	(6 E00)	33,438	
Corporate debt securities	7,993,167	748,773	(6,782)	8,735,158	
Residential mortgage-backed securities	549,384	42,313	(1,195)	590,502	
Collateralized debt securities	2,500	321		2,821	
Other debt securities	38,026	3,449		41,475	
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,009,282	839,453	(7,984)	9,840,751	
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale					
U.S. treasury and government	19,649	1,156		20,805	
U.S. states and political subdivisions	570,751	44,792	(105)	615,438	
Foreign governments	5,000	2,344		7,344	
Corporate debt securities	3,582,913	303,908	(14,188)	3,872,633	
Residential mortgage-backed securities	89,486	5,165	(266)	94,385	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	20,933	3,509		24,442	
Collateralized debt securities	17,676	1,448	(33)	19,091	
Other debt securities	10,059	1,379		11,438	
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,316,467	363,701	(14,592)	4,665,576	
Equity securities					
Common stock	660,889	383,634	(6,739)	1,037,784	
Preferred stock	27,690	9,995	(30)	37,655	
Total equity securities	688,579	393,629	(6,769)	1,075,439	
Total investments in securities	\$ 14,014,328	\$ 1,596,783	\$ (29,345)	\$ 15,581,766	

Actual maturities differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, which are not due at a single maturity, have been allocated to their respective categories based on the year of final contractual maturity. The amortized cost and estimated fair value, by contractual maturity of fixed maturity securities are shown below (in thousands):

	March 31, 2013				
	Bonds Hele	d-to-Maturity	Bonds Available-for-Sale		
	Amortized Estimated Fair		Amortized Estimated Fair Amortized		
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,024,759	\$ 1,045,015	\$ 505,946	\$ 519,855	
Due after one year through five years	2,540,829	2,808,251	1,437,138	1,569,414	
Due after five years through ten years	4,891,100	5,354,001	2,064,558	2,238,286	
Due after ten years	598,900	648,428	405,359	436,756	
Without single maturity date	5,850	5,012	5,000	4,825	
Total	\$ 9,061,438	\$ 9,860,707	\$ 4,418,001	\$ 4,769,136	

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All gains and losses for securities sold throughout the year were determined using specific identification of the securities sold. Proceeds from the sales of these securities, with the realized gains and losses, are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months end	Three months ended March 31,			
	2013	2012			
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	\$ 76,857	\$ 32,673			
Gross realized gains	10,738	11,080			
Gross realized losses	(522)	(159)			

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, bonds with a carrying value of \$13,492,000 were transferred from held-to-maturity to available-for-sale after a significant deterioration in the issuer s creditworthiness became evident. An unrealized loss of \$263,000 was established at the time of the transfer. There were no transfers during the same period in 2012.

## Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities

The components of the change in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities are shown below (in thousands):

	Three mon Marc	
	2013	2012
Bonds available-for-sale	\$ 2,026	\$ 35,635
Equity securities	101,906	105,679
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities during the year	103,932	141,314
Adjustments for:		
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(2,106)	(17,505)
Participating policyholders interest	(5,091)	(5,852)
Deferred federal income tax benefit (expense)	(34,016)	(41,426)
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	\$ 62.719	\$ 76,531

Gross unrealized losses on investment securities and the fair value of the related securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are shown below (in thousands):

	Less than	12 months		31, 2013 as or more	Te	otal
	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity						
U.S. states and political subdivisions	\$ (5)	\$ 3,193	\$	\$ 80	\$ (5)	\$ 3,273
Corporate debt securities	(6,985)	566,983	(2,111)	46,872	(9,096)	613,855
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(296)	21,744	(675)	23,957	(971)	45,701
Total bonds held-to-maturity	(7,286)	591,920	(2,786)	70,909	(10,072)	662,829
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale						
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and						
agencies	(1)	5,624			(1)	5,624
U.S. states and political subdivisions	(766)	47,655			(766)	47,655
Corporate debt securities	(2,083)	228,313	(9,041)	70,342	(11,124)	298,655

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Residential mortgage-backed securities	(1)	110	(191)	7,787	(192)	7,897
Collateralized debt securities	(3)	286	(15)	723	(18)	1,009
Total bonds available-for-sale	(2,854)	281,988	(9,247)	78,852	(12,101)	360,840
Equity securities						
Common stock	(6,553)	46,918			(6,553)	46,918
Total equity securities	(6,553)	46,918			(6,553)	46,918
Total investments in securities	\$ (16,693)	\$ 920,826	\$ (12,033)	\$ 149,761	\$ (28,726)	\$ 1,070,587

	Less than	12 months	December	,	То	tal
	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity	, ,		, ,		Ì	
U.S. states and political subdivisions	\$ (6)	\$ 914	\$ (1)	\$ 80	\$ (7)	\$ 994
Corporate debt securities	(4,394)	319,434	(2,388)	39,632	(6,782)	359,066
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(147)	13,824	(1,048)	24,666	(1,195)	38,490
Total bonds held-to-maturity	(4,547)	334,172	(3,437)	64,378	(7,984)	398,550
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale U.S. states and political subdivisions	(105)	6,523			(105)	6,523
Corporate debt securities	(2,077)	242,261	(12,111)	70,187	(14,188)	312,448
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(34)	1,527	(232)	8,029	(266)	9,556
Collateralized debt securities	(8)	527	(25)	911	(33)	1,438
Total bonds available-for-sale	(2,224)	250,838	(12,368)	79,127	(14,592)	329,965
Equity securities		(4.002		ĺ	(6.720)	(4.002
Common stock	(6,739)	64,003			(6,739)	64,003
Preferred stock	(30)	30			(30)	30
Total equity securities	(6,769)	64,033			(6,769)	64,033
Total investments in securities	\$ (13,540)	\$ 649,043	\$ (15,805)	\$ 143,505	\$ (29,345)	\$ 792,548

As of March 31, 2013, the securities with unrealized losses were not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired, including those with the duration of the unrealized losses exceeding one year. American National has the ability and intent to hold those securities until a market price recovery or maturity. Further, it is not more-likely-than-not that American National will be required to sell them prior to recovery, and recovery is expected in a reasonable period of time. It is possible the investee s financial circumstances may be different in the future, which may lead to a different impairment conclusion in future periods.

#### **Credit Risk Management**

The bond portfolio distributed by credit quality rating, using both S&P and Moody s ratings, is shown below:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
AAA	5.1%	5.5%
AA	10.9	10.6
A	40.3	38.2
BBB	39.6	41.4
BB and below	4.1	4.3
Total	100.0%	100.0%

American National s equity securities by market sector distribution are shown below:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Consumer goods	20.3%	20.3%
Financials	18.4	18.9

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Information technology	15.1	16.9
Energy and utilities	16.6	15.8
Healthcare	13.1	12.7
Industrials	8.8	9.1
Other	7.7	6.3

Total 100.0% 100.0%

#### 5. MORTGAGE LOANS

Generally, commercial mortgage loans are secured by first liens on income-producing real estate. American National attempts to maintain a diversified portfolio by considering the property-type and property location of the underlying mortgage collateral. Mortgage loans by property-type and geographic distribution are as follows:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Office	31.5%	34.9%
Industrial	25.9	24.0
Retail	18.4	17.7
Hotel and motel	13.3	13.9
Other	10.9	9.5
Total	100.0%	100.0%
	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
West South Central	23.2%	23.2%
South Atlantic	22.3	23.0
		23.0
East North Central	18.3	18.2
East North Central Pacific		
	18.3	18.2
Pacific	18.3 13.8	18.2 13.3
Pacific East South Central	18.3 13.8 6.9	18.2 13.3 7.1

There were no loans sold or foreclosed and no significant non-cash transactions occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2013 or 2012.

#### **Credit Quality**

Commercial mortgage loan balances placed on nonaccrual status are shown below (in thousands):

	March 31, 2013	ember 31, 2012
Commercial mortgages-Retail	\$ 13,354	\$ 13,354

The credit quality of the mortgage loan portfolio is assessed by evaluating the credit risk of each borrower. A loan is classified as performing or non-performing based on whether all of the contractual terms of the loan have been met.

The age analysis of past due commercial mortgage loans is shown below (in thousands):

		Mar	rch 31, 2013		
30-59 Days					
Past	60-89 Days	<b>Greater Than</b>	<b>Total Past</b>		Total
Due	Past Due	90 Days	Due	Current	Mortgage Loans

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Commercial mortgages										
Office	\$	\$	6,438	\$		\$	6,438	\$	996,432	\$ 1,002,870
Industrial									823,459	823,459
Retail	1,054				13,354		14,408		573,835	588,243
Other									767,662	767,662
Total	\$ 1,054	\$	( 120	\$	12 254	ø	20.946	ø.	2 171 200	2 192 224
Total	\$ 1,05 <b>4</b>	Þ	6,438	Þ	13,354	Ф	20,846	φ.	3,161,388	3,182,234
Allowance for loan losses										11,724
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance										\$ 3,170,510

December 31, 2012

	30-59 Day Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater Th 90 Days		Current	Moi	Total rtgage Loans
Commercial mortgages							
Office	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,100,407	\$	1,100,407
Industrial					755,198		755,198
Retail			13,35	13,354	547,472		560,826
Other					738,592		738,592
Total	\$	\$	\$ 13,35	54 \$ 13,354	\$ 3,141,669		3,155,023
Allowance for loan losses							12,012

#### Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance

3,143,011

Total mortgage loans are net of unamortized discounts of \$3,872,000 and \$4,346,000 and unamortized origination fees of \$13,568,000 and \$14,076,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. No unearned income is included in these amounts.

#### **Allowance for Credit Losses**

Loans not evaluated individually for collectibility are segregated by collateral property-type and location and allowance factors are applied. These factors are developed annually, and reviewed quarterly based on our historical loss experience adjusted for the expected trend in the rate of foreclosure losses. Allowance factors are higher for loans of certain property types and in certain regions based on loss experience or a blended historical loss factor.

The allowance for credit losses and unpaid principal balance in commercial mortgage loans are shown below (in thousands):

	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment		Individually Evaluated for Impairment			Total
Allowance for credit losses						
December 31, 2012	\$	11,519	\$	493	\$	12,012
Change in allowance		(288)				(288)
March 31, 2013	\$	11,231	\$	493	\$	11,724
Recorded Investment						
March 31, 2013	\$	3,090,343	\$	109,331	\$ 3	,199,674
December 31, 2012	\$	3,063,908	\$	109,537	\$ 3	,173,445

 $Loans\ individually\ evaluated\ for\ impairment\ with\ and\ without\ an\ allowance\ are\ shown\ below\ (in\ thousands):$ 

		,	led March 31, 201	13		
			Un	paid	Average	Interest
	Rec	orded	Principal Balance		Principal Recorded	
	Inve	stment			Investment	Recognized
With an allowance recorded						
Retail (related allowance of \$493)	\$	493	\$	493	\$	\$

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Without an allowance recorded				
Office	\$ 36,433	\$ 36,433	\$ 36,489	\$ 613
Retail	17,180	17,180	17,180	283
Other	55,225	55,225	55,272	924
Total without an allowance recorded	\$ 108,838	\$ 108,838	\$ 108,941	\$ 1,820

	Recorded Investment	Year ended De Unpaid Principal Balance	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized
With an allowance recorded				
Retail (related allowance of \$493)	\$ 493	\$ 493	\$	\$
Without an allowance recorded				
Office	\$ 36,544	\$ 36,544	\$ 36,710	\$ 2,452
Retail	17,180	17,180	17,329	1,129
Other	55,320	55,320	55,551	3,758
Total without an allowance recorded	\$ 109,044	\$ 109,044	\$ 109,590	\$ 7,339

#### **Troubled Debt Restructurings**

A small portion of the mortgage loan portfolio for which American National has granted concessions related to the borrowers—ability to pay the loans is classified as troubled debt restructurings. Concessions are generally one of, or a combination of, a delay in payment of principal or interest, a reduction of the contractual interest rate or an extension of the maturity date. American National considers the amount, timing and extent of concessions in determining any impairment or changes in the specific allowance for loan losses recorded in connection with a troubled debt restructuring. The carrying value after specific allowance, before and after modification in a troubled debt restructuring, may not change significantly, or may increase if the expected recovery is higher than the pre-modification recovery assessment. There were no mortgage loans that have been modified in troubled debt restructurings during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

#### 6. INVESTMENT REAL ESTATE

Investment real estate by property-type and geographic distribution are as follows:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Shopping centers	41.1%	41.0%
Office buildings	22.0	21.9
Industrial	17.4	18.1
Other	19.5	19.0
Total	100.0%	100.0%

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
West South Central	60.3%	60.8%
South Atlantic	11.2	11.2
East North Central	10.7	10.3
Mountain	6.0	6.2
East South Central	5.3	5.3
Other	6.5	6.2
Total	100.0%	100.0%

American National and its wholly-owned subsidiaries regularly invest in real estate partnerships and joint ventures. American National participates in the design of these entities with the sponsor, but in most cases, its involvement is limited to financing. Through analysis performed by American National, some of these partnerships and joint ventures have been determined to be variable interest entities (VIEs). In certain instances, in addition to an economic interest in the entity, American National holds the power to direct the most significant activities of the entity and is deemed the primary beneficiary or consolidator of the entity. The assets of the consolidated VIEs are restricted and must be used first to settle the liabilities of the VIE. Creditors or beneficial interest holders of these VIEs have no recourse to the general credit of American National, as American National s obligation is limited to the amount of its committed investment. American National has not provided

financial or other support to the VIEs in the form of liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments to third parties that may affect the fair value or risk of its variable interest in the VIEs in 2013 or 2012.

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The assets and liabilities relating to VIEs which are consolidated in American National s financial statements are as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2013		Decem	ber 31, 2012	
Investment real estate	\$	162,818	\$	162,502	
Short-term investments		674		969	
Cash and cash equivalents		3,936		3,671	
Accrued investment income		2,035		2,641	
Other receivables		12,509		11,709	
Other assets		6,744		6,487	
Total assets of consolidated VIEs	\$	188,716	\$	187,979	
Notes payable	\$	165,127	\$	163,384	
Other liabilities		8,475		6,647	
Total liabilities of consolidated VIEs	\$	173,602	\$	170,031	

The total notes payable in the consolidated statements of financial position pertain to the borrowings of American National Insurance Company s consolidated VIEs. The liability of American National Insurance Company on notes payable of the consolidated VIEs is limited to the amount of its direct or indirect investment in the respective ventures, which totaled \$17,991,000 and \$18,063,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The average interest rate on the current portion of the notes payable was 4.0% during 2013. The total long-term portion of notes payable consists of three notes with the following interest rates: 4.0%, adjusted LIBOR plus 1.0% and adjusted LIBOR plus 2.5%. Of the long-term notes payable, \$12,500,000 will mature in 2016, with the remainder maturing beyond 5 years.

For other VIEs in which American National is a partner, it is not the primary beneficiary and these entities were not consolidated, as the major decisions that most significantly impact the economic activities of the VIE require unanimous consent of all partners. The following table presents the carrying amount and maximum exposure to loss relating to unconsolidated VIEs (in thousands):

	March :	March 31, 2013		er 31, 2012
		Maximum		Maximum
	Carrying	Exposure	Carrying	Exposure
	Amount	to Loss	Amount	to Loss
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 103,053	\$ 103,053	\$ 81,548	\$ 81,548

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#### 7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

American National purchases over-the-counter equity-indexed options as economic hedges against fluctuations in the equity markets to which equity-indexed products are exposed. Equity-indexed contracts include a fixed host universal-life or annuity contract and an equity-indexed embedded derivative. The detail of derivative instruments is shown below (in thousands):

<b>Derivatives Not Designated</b>	Location in the						
as Hedging Instruments	Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	ı I	March 31, 20	13	De	cember 31, 2	2012
		Number			Number		
		of	Notional	Estimated	of	Notional	Estimated
		Instruments	Amounts	Fair Value	Instruments	Amounts	Fair Value
Equity-indexed options	Other invested assets	355	\$851,300	\$ 105,254	356	\$ 846,900	\$ 82,625
Equity-indexed embedded							
derivative	Future policy benefits	25,481	734,400	(93,988)	22,941	722,500	(75.032)

		Gains (Lo	sses) Recognized	d in Incon	ne on Derivativ	ve:
<b>Derivatives Not Designated</b>	Location in the	Three months ended March 31,				
as Hedging Instruments	Consolidated Statements of Operations		2013		2012	
Equity-indexed options	Net investment income	\$	24,340	\$	19,647	
Equity-indexed embedded	Interest credited to policyholders					
derivative	account balances		(20,647)		(18,457)	

## 8. NET INVESTMENT INCOME AND REALIZED INVESTMENT GAINS (LOSSES)

Net investment income, before federal income taxes, is shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2013		2012
Bonds	\$	163,433	\$	172,279
Equity securities		6,815		6,245
Mortgage loans		51,785		49,758
Real estate		(1,421)		(215)
Options		24,340		19,647
Other invested assets		6,414		7,982
Total	\$	251,366	\$	255,696

Realized investment gains (losses), before federal income taxes, are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			arch 31,
		2013		2012
Bonds	\$	3,223	\$	3,810
Equity securities		8,683		7,355
Mortgage loans		288		(1,089)
Real estate		6,383		(252)
Other invested assets		(39)		(16)

Total \$ 18,538 \$ 9,808

The OTTI losses are shown below (in thousands):

	Three month	ns ended March 31,
	2013	2012
Equity securities	\$ (1,587)	\$ (2,837)

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#### 9. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	March	31, 2013	<b>December 31, 2012</b>		
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	
Financial assets					
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity	\$ 9,061,438	\$ 9,860,707	\$ 9,009,282	\$ 9,840,751	
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale	4,769,136	4,769,136	4,665,576	4,665,576	
Equity securities	1,208,788	1,208,788	1,075,439	1,075,439	
Equity-indexed options	105,254	105,254	82,625	82,625	
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,170,510	3,426,043	3,143,011	3,441,645	
Policy loans	393,710	393,710	395,333	395,333	
Short-term investments	233,101	233,101	313,086	313,086	
Separate account assets	888,388	888,388	841,389	841,389	
Total financial assets	\$ 19,830,325	\$ 20,885,127	\$ 19,525,741	\$ 20,655,844	
Financial liabilities					
Investment contracts	\$ 9,782,653	\$ 9,782,653	\$ 9,987,431	\$ 9,987,431	
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts	93,988	93,988	75,032	75,032	
Notes payable	165,127	165,127	163,384	163,384	
Separate account liabilities	888,388	888,388	841,389	841,389	
Total financial liabilities	\$ 10,930,156	\$ 10,930,156	\$ 11,067,236	\$ 11,067,236	

#### Summary

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability. A fair value hierarchy is used to determine fair value based on a hypothetical transaction at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant. American National has evaluated the types of securities in its investment portfolio to determine an appropriate hierarchy level based upon trading activity and the observability of market inputs. The classification of assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. The input levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities other than quoted prices in Level 1; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Unobservable inputs reflect American National s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose values are determined using pricing models and third-party evaluation, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

**Fixed Maturity Securities and Equity Options** American National utilizes a pricing service to estimate fair value measurements. The estimates of fair value for most fixed maturity securities, including municipal bonds, provided by the pricing service are disclosed as Level 2

measurements as the estimates are based on observable market information rather than market quotes.

The pricing service utilizes market quotations for fixed maturity securities that have quoted prices in active markets. Since fixed maturity securities generally do not trade on a daily basis, the pricing service prepares estimates of fair value measurements for these securities using its proprietary pricing applications, which include available relevant market information, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. Additionally, an option adjusted spread model is used to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios.

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The pricing service evaluates each asset class based on relevant market information, relevant credit information, perceived market movements and sector news. The market inputs utilized in the pricing evaluation, listed in the approximate order of priority, include: benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, reference data, and economic events. The extent of the use of each market input depends on the asset class and the market conditions. Depending on the security, the priority of the use of inputs may change or some market inputs may not be relevant. For some securities, additional inputs may be necessary.

American National has reviewed the inputs and methodology used and the techniques applied by the pricing service to produce quotes that represent the fair value of a specific security. The review confirms the service is utilizing information from observable transactions or a technique that represents a market participant s assumptions. American National does not adjust quotes received from the pricing service. The pricing service utilized by American National has indicated that they will only produce an estimate of fair value if there is objectively verifiable information available.

American National holds a small amount of private placement debt and fixed maturity securities that have characteristics that make them unsuitable for matrix pricing. For these securities, a quote from an independent broker (typically a market maker) is obtained. Due to the disclaimers on the quotes that indicate that the price is indicative only, American National includes these fair value estimates in Level 3.

The pricing of certain commercial mortgage-backed securities use discounted cash flow models and these securities are classified as Level 3 measurements. These models include significant non-observable inputs including an internally determined credit rating of the security and an externally provided credit spread. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the modeled discount rate ranges from 5.9% to 6.0%.

For securities priced using a quote from an independent broker, such as the equity options and certain fixed maturity securities, American National uses a market-based fair value analysis to validate the reasonableness of prices received from an independent broker. Price variances above a certain threshold are analyzed further to determine if any pricing issue exists. This analysis is generally performed on a weekly basis, but no less frequently than on a monthly basis.

**Equity Securities** For publicly-traded equity securities, prices are received from a nationally recognized pricing service that are based on observable market transactions and these securities are classified as Level 1 measurements. For certain preferred stock, current market quotes in active markets are unavailable. In these instances, an estimate of fair value is received from the pricing service. The service utilizes similar methodologies to price preferred stocks as it does for fixed maturity securities. These estimates are disclosed as Level 2 measurements. American National tests the accuracy of the information provided by reference to other services regularly.

**Mortgage Loans** The fair value of mortgage loans is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses on a loan by loan basis by applying a discount rate to expected cash flows from future installment and balloon payments. The discount rate takes into account general market trends and specific credit risk trends for the individual loan. Factors used to arrive at the discount rate include inputs from spreads based on U.S. Treasury notes and the loan s credit rating, region, property type, lien number, payment type and current status.

**Embedded Derivative** The embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts is measured at fair value and is recalculated each reporting period using equity option pricing models. To validate the assumptions used to price the embedded derivative liability, American National measures and compares embedded derivative returns against the returns of equity options held to hedge the liability cash flows.

The significant unobservable input used to calculate the fair value of the embedded derivatives is equity option implied volatility. This volatility assumption is the range of implied volatilities that American National has determined market participants would use to price equity options that match the current derivative characteristics of our in-force equity-indexed contracts. Implied volatility can vary by term and strike price. An increase in implied volatility will result in an increase in the value of the equity-indexed embedded derivatives, all other things being equal. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the implied volatility used to estimate embedded derivative value ranges from 10.8% to 29.6% and 15.9% to 30.1%, respectively.

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Other Financial Instruments Other financial instruments classified as level 3 measurements, as there is little or no market activity, are as follows:

Policy loans The carrying value of policy loans is the outstanding balance plus any accrued interest. Due to the collateralized nature of policy loans, unpredictable timing of repayments and the fact that it cannot be separated from the policy contract and it is settled at outstanding value, American National believes that the carrying value of policy loans approximates fair value.

Investment contracts liability The carrying value of investment contracts liability is equivalent to the accrued account balance. The accrued account balance consists of deposits, net of withdrawals, plus or minus interest credited, fees and charges assessed and other adjustments. American National believes that the carrying value of investment contracts liability approximates fair value because the majority of these contracts interest rates reset to current rates offered at anniversary.

Notes payable Notes payable are carried at outstanding principal balance. The carrying value of the notes payable approximates fair value because the underlying interest rates approximate market rates at the balance sheet date.

#### **Quantitative Disclosures**

The quantitative disclosures regarding fair value hierarchy measurements of the financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurement as of March 31, 2013			
	Total Estimated	i		
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and government	\$ 3,632	\$	\$ 3,632	\$
U.S. states and political subdivisions	421,691		421,691	
Foreign governments	33,233		33,233	
Corporate debt securities	8,832,475		8,754,161	78,314
Residential mortgage-backed securities	526,198		525,143	1,055
Collateralized debt securities	2,672			2,672
Other debt securities	40,806		40,806	
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,860,707		9,778,666	82,041
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and government	22,990		22,990	
U.S. states and political subdivisions	625,237		622,712	2,525
Foreign governments	7,307		7,307	
Corporate debt securities	3,970,150		3,899,707	70,443
Residential mortgage-backed securities	81,573		79,117	2,456
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	32,008			32,008
Collateralized debt securities	18,450		16,519	1,931
Other debt securities	11,421		11,421	
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,769,136		4,659,773	109,363
Equity securities				
Common stock	1,168,491	1,168,491		
Preferred stock	40,297	40,297		
Total equity securities	1,208,788	1,208,788		
Options	105,254			105,254
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Mortgage loans on real estate	3,426,043		3,426,043	
Policy loans	393,710			393,710
Short-term investments	233,101		233,101	
Separate account assets	888,388		888,388	
Total financial assets	\$ 20,885,127	\$ 1,208,788	\$ 18,985,971	\$ 690,368
Financial liabilities				
Investment contracts	\$ 9,782,653	\$	\$	\$ 9,782,653
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts	93,988			93,988
Notes payable	165,127			165,127
Separate account liabilities	888,388		888,388	
Total financial liabilities	\$ 10,930,156	\$	\$ 888,388	\$ 10,041,768

	Fair	Value	Measu	rement :	as of I	<b>December</b>	31,	2012
Total								

	Total Estimated			
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and government	\$ 3,662	\$	\$ 3,662	\$
U.S. states and political subdivisions	433,695		433,695	
Foreign governments	33,438		33,438	
Corporate debt securities	8,735,158		8,662,164	72,994
Residential mortgage-backed securities	590,502		589,441	1,061
Collateralized debt securities	2,821			2,821
Other debt securities	41,475		41,475	
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,840,751		9,763,875	76,876
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and government	20,805		20,805	
U.S. states and political subdivisions	615,438		612,913	2,525
Foreign governments	7,344		7,344	,
Corporate debt securities	3,872,633		3,796,949	75,684
Residential mortgage-backed securities	94,385		91,938	2,447
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	24,442		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	24,442
Collateralized debt securities	19,091		17,156	1,935
Other debt securities	11,438		11,438	1,500
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,665,576		4,558,543	107,033
Equity securities				
Common stock	1,037,784	1,037,784		
Preferred stock	37,655	37,652		3
Total equity securities	1,075,439	1,075,436		3
Options	82,625			82,625
Mortgage loans on real estate	3,441,645		3,441,645	
Policy loans	395,333			395,333
Short-term investments	313,086		313,086	
Separate account assets	841,389		841,389	
Total financial assets	\$ 20,655,844	\$ 1,075,436	\$ 18,918,538	\$ 661,870
Financial liabilities				
Investment contracts	\$ 9,987,431	\$	\$	\$ 9,987,431
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts	75,032			75,032
Notes payable	163,384			163,384
Separate account liabilities	841,389		841,389	
Total financial liabilities	\$ 11,067,236	\$	\$ 841,389	\$ 10,225,847

For financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the period, a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances is shown below at estimated fair value (in thousands):

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	Investment Securities	Equity- Indexed Options	Embedded Derivative Liability
Beginning balance, 2012	\$ 99,918	\$ 65,188	\$ (63,275)
Total realized and unrealized investment gains/losses			
Included in other comprehensive income	3,678		
Net fair value change included in realized gains/losses	(17)		
Net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income		17,798	
Net change included in interest credited			(18,457)
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities			
Purchases	18	4,341	
Sales	(2,502)		
Settlements or maturities	(178)	(2,621)	
Premiums less benefits			3,078
Ending balance March 31, 2012	\$ 100,917	\$ 84,706	\$ (78,654)

	Investment Securities	Equity- Indexed Options	Embedded Derivative Liability
Beginning balance, 2013	\$ 183,912	\$ 82,625	\$ (75,032)
Total realized and unrealized investment gains/losses			
Included in other comprehensive income	9,188		
Net fair value change included in realized gains/losses	203		
Net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income		22,466	
Net change included in interest credited			(20,647)
Net capitalized interest			
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities			
Purchases	1,975	3,290	
Sales	(3,874)		
Settlements or maturities		(3,127)	
Premiums less benefits			1,691
Ending balance March 31, 2013	\$ 191,404	\$ 105,254	\$ (93,988)

Within the net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income were an unrealized gain of \$21,580,000 and \$17,399,000 relating to assets still held at March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value hierarchies. The transfers into Level 3 were the result of existing securities no longer being priced by the third-party pricing service at the end of the period. American National s valuation of these securities involves judgment regarding assumptions market participants would use including quotes from independent brokers. The transfers out of Level 3 were securities being priced by a third-party service at the end of the period, using inputs that are observable or derived from market data, which resulted in classification of these assets as Level 2.

# 10. DEFERRED POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS

Deferred policy acquisition costs and premiums are shown below (in thousands):

	Life	Annuity	Accident & Health	Property & Casualty	Total
Beginning balance 2013	\$ 653,416	\$ 406,540	\$ 49,206	\$ 138,513	\$ 1,247,675
Additions	25,908	13,229	2,575	49,827	91,539
Amortization	(19,959)	(22,652)	(4,124)	(56,138)	(102,873)
Effect of change in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	(2,314)	208			(2,106)
Net change	3,635	(9,215)	(1,549)	(6,311)	(13,440)
Ending balance at March 31, 2013	657,051	397,325	47,657	132,202	1,234,235

Commissions comprise the majority of the additions to deferred policy acquisition costs for each year.

## 11. LIABILITY FOR UNPAID CLAIMS AND CLAIM ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

The liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses ( CAE ) for accident and health, and property and casualty insurance is included in the Policy and contract claims in the consolidated statements of financial position and represents the amount estimated for claims that have been reported but not settled and claims incurred but not reported ( IBNR ). Liability for unpaid claims and CAE are estimated based upon American National s historical experience and actuarial assumptions that consider the effects of current developments, anticipated trends and risk management programs, reduced for anticipated salvage and subrogation. The effects of the changes are included in the consolidated results of operations in the period in which the changes occur.

Activities in the liability for unpaid claims and CAE ( claims ) are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31 2013 2012		
Unpaid claims balance, beginning	\$ 1,168,047	\$ 1,180,259	
Less reinsurance recoverables	256,885	235,174	
Net beginning balance	911,162	945,085	
Incurred related to			
Current	254,035	258,886	
Prior years	(23,037)	(25,720)	
Total incurred claims	230,998	233,166	
Paid claims related to			
Current	92,894	100,383	
Prior years	133,698	138,587	
Total paid claims	226,592	238,970	
Net balance	915,568	939,281	
Plus reinsurance recoverables	240,844	232,251	
Unpaid claims balance, ending	\$ 1,156,412	\$ 1,171,532	

The net and gross reserve calculations have shown favorable development for the last several years as a result of favorable loss emergence compared to what was implied by the loss development patterns used in the original estimation of losses in prior years. Estimates for ultimate incurred claims and CAE attributable to insured events of prior years decreased by approximately \$23,037,000 during the first three months of 2013 and \$25,720,000 during the same period in 2012.

## 12. FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of the effective tax rate to the statutory federal tax rate is shown below (in thousands, except percentages):

	Thre	Three months ended March 31,				
	2013	2013				
	Amount R		Amount	Rate		
Income tax expense on pre-tax income	\$ 21,752	35.0%	\$ 22,180	35.0%		
Tax-exempt investment income	(1,623)	(2.6)	(1,905)	(3.0)		
Dividend exclusion	(1,471)	(2.4)	(1,469)	(2.3)		
Miscellaneous tax credits, net	(1,961)	(3.2)	(2,111)	(3.3)		

Total	\$ 11,317	18.2%	\$ 16,983	26.8%
Other Items, liet	(3,380)	(6.0)	200	0.4
Other items, net	(5,380)	(8.6)	288	0.4

There were no federal income tax payments or refunds during the three months ended March 31, 2013. American National received net refunds of \$6,425,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

The tax effects of temporary differences that gave rise to the deferred tax assets and liabilities are shown below (in thousands):

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		
Investments, principally due to impairment losses	\$ 69,131	\$ 70,103
Investment in real estate and other invested assets principally due to		
investment valuation allowances	7,583	7,259
Policyholder funds, principally due to policy reserve discount	228,822	229,429
Policyholder funds, principally due to unearned premium reserve	31,689	30,337
Participating policyholders surplus	37,858	37,014
Pension	95,860	94,847
Commissions and other expenses	7,791	7,889
Tax carryforwards	13,421	23,041
Other assets		3,343
Gross deferred tax assets	492,155	503,262
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		
Available-for-sale securities, principally due to net unrealized gains	(293,527)	(257,290)
Investment in bonds, principally due to accrual of discount on bonds	(8,964)	(9,415)
Deferred policy acquisition costs, due to difference between GAAP and	(0,2 0 1)	(,,,,,,,
tax amortization methods	(323,280)	(327,245)
Property, plant and equipment, principally due to difference between	(,,	(, -,
GAAP and tax depreciation methods	(1,083)	(1,462)
Other Liabilities	(728)	` ` `
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(627,582)	(595,412)
Total net deferred tax liability	<b>\$</b> (135,427)	\$ (92,150)

Management believes that a sufficient level of taxable income will be achieved over time to utilize the deferred tax assets in the consolidated federal tax return; therefore, no valuation allowance was recorded as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. However, if not utilized beforehand, approximately \$13,421,000 in ordinary loss tax carryforwards will expire at the end of tax year 2033.

The statute of limitations for the examination of federal income tax returns by the IRS for years 2006 to 2011 either has been extended or has not expired. In the opinion of management, all prior year deficiencies have been paid or adequate provisions have been made for any tax deficiencies that may be upheld. No provision for penalties was established, and no interest expense was incurred for 2013 or 2012, relating to uncertain tax positions. Management does not believe that there are any uncertain tax benefits that could be recognized within the next twelve months that would decrease American National s effective tax rate.

## 13. COMPONENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The components of and changes in the accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ( AOCI ), and the related tax effects, are shown below (in thousands):

	Net	Defined		
	Unrealized	Benefit	Foreign	
	Gains/(Losses)	Pension Plan	Currency	
	on Securities	Adjustments	Adjustments	AOCI
Beginning balance 2012	\$ 274,837	\$ (115,485)	\$ 51	\$ 159,403

Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period					
(net of tax expense \$52,330)	97	184			97,184
Unrealized adjustment to DAC (net of tax benefit \$5,901)	(11	604)			(11,604)
Unrealized (gains) losses on investments attributable to					
participating policyholders interest (net of tax benefit					
\$2,048)	(3	804)			(3,804)
Foreign currency adjustment (net of tax expense \$82)				152	152
Amounts reclassified from AOCI (net of tax benefit \$2,955					
and expense \$1,437)	(5	245)	2,668		(2,577)
Ending balance at March 31, 2012	\$ 351	368	\$ (112,817)	\$ 203	\$ 238,754

	Gai	Net nrealized ns/(Losses) Securities	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Adjustments	Cui	reign rrency stments	AOCI
Beginning balance 2013	\$	370,842	\$ (129,003)	\$	171	\$ 242,010
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period						
(net of tax expense \$39,671)		73,674				73,674
Unrealized adjustment to DAC (net of tax benefit \$439)		(1,667)				(1,667)
Unrealized (gains) losses on investments attributable to participating policyholders interest (net of tax benefit						
\$1,782)		(3,309)				(3,309)
Foreign currency adjustment (net of tax expense \$80)					149	149
Amounts reclassified from AOCI (net of tax benefit \$3,434 and expense \$1,549)		(5,979)	2,876			(3,103)
Ending balance at March 31, 2013	\$	433,561	\$ (126,127)	\$	320	\$ 307,754

## 14. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY AND NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

American National has one class of common stock with a par value of \$1.00 per share and 50,000,000 authorized shares. The amounts outstanding at the dates indicated are shown below:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Common stock		
Shares issued	30,832,449	30,832,449
Treasury shares	(3,939,037)	(3,995,785)
Outstanding shares	26,893,412	26,836,664
Restricted shares	(195,334)	(185,334)
Unrestricted outstanding shares	26,698,078	26,651,330

## Stock-based compensation

American National has one stock-based compensation plan, which allows for grants of Non-Qualified Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR), Restricted Stock (RS) Awards, Restricted Stock Units (RSU), Performance Awards, Incentive Awards or any combination thereof. This plan is administered by the American National Board Compensation Committee. The Board Compensation Committee makes incentive awards under this plan to our executives after meeting established performance objectives. All awards are subject to review and approval by the committee and the Board of Directors, both at the time of setting applicable performance objectives and at the same time of payment of the awards. The number of shares available for grants under the plan cannot exceed 2,900,000 shares, and no more than 200,000 shares may be granted to any one individual in any calendar year. Grants are made to certain officers and directors as compensation and to align their interests with those of other shareholders.

SAR, RS and RSU information for the periods indicated is shown below:

SAR		R	S Shares	1	RS Units		
	Weighted-		Weighted-		Weighted-		
	Average		Average		Average		
	Grant		Grant		Grant		
Shares	Date Fair Value	Shares	Date Fair Value	Units	Date Fair Value		

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Outstanding at December 31, 2012	108,951	\$ 111.31	185,334	\$ 109.13	127,059	\$ 75.06
Granted			10,000	80.05	71,084	80.05
Exercised	(200)	66.76			(74,580)	77.03
Forfeited	(134)	66.76			(99)	77.20
Expired	(4,600)	111.95				
Outstanding at March 31, 2013	104,017	\$ 111.42	195,334	\$ 107.64	123,464	\$ 76.74

	SAR	RS Shares	RS Units
Weighted-average contractual remaining life	2.6 years	4.8 years	2.4 years
Weighted-average exercise price	\$ 111.42	\$ 107.64	\$ 76.74
Exercisable shares	88,292	N/A	
Weighted-average exercise price Exercisable shares	\$ 111.27	N/A	N/A

The SARs give the holder the right to cash compensation based on the difference between the price of a share of stock on the grant date and the price on the exercise date. The SARs vest at a rate of 20% per year for five years and expire five years after vesting. The fair value of the SARs was \$34,000 and \$3,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Compensation expense was recorded totaling \$32,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, and a credit to compensation expense was recorded totaling \$2,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Effective December 31, 2012, the settlement provision within outstanding RSU awards was modified to allow the recipient of the awards to settle the vested RSUs in either cash or American National s common stock. This change in the settlement provision is expected to apply to all future issuance of RSU awards. Prior to the modification, vested RSUs were converted to American National s common stock on a one-for-one basis. This modification changes the award classification from equity to liability award. At the date of modification, American National recorded a liability of \$7,974,000 with a corresponding reduction in additional paid-in capital. The liability will be remeasured and adjusted for changes in the fair value each reporting period through the vesting date. The fair value of the liability was \$4,579,000 and \$7,974,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. RSUs generally vest after a three-year graded vesting requirement. Certain awards vest over a shorter period as a result of retirement provisions. Compensation expense of \$5,563,000 and \$1,493,000 was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The modification, which was applied consistently to all participants added an incremental cost of \$1,408,000.

RS Awards entitle the participant to full dividend and voting rights. Each award has the value of one share of restricted stock and vests 10 years from the grant date. Unvested shares are restricted as to disposition, and are subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period. The restrictions on these awards lapse after 10 years, and these awards feature a graded vesting schedule in the case of the retirement of an award holder. Restricted stock for 350,334 shares has been granted at an exercise price of zero, of which 195,334 shares are unvested. The compensation expense recorded was \$505,000 and \$670,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

## Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (losses) per share were calculated using a weighted-average number of shares outstanding. The Restricted Stock awards and units resulted in diluted earnings per share as follows (in thousands, except share-related data):

	Three months ended March 31,			ch 31,
		2013		2012
Weighted average shares outstanding	26	,763,896	26	,565,164
Incremental shares from RS awards and RSUs		123,255		193,791
Total shares for diluted calculations	26	,887,151	26	,758,955
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance				
Company	\$	59,971	\$	45,216
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	2.24	\$	1.70
Diluted earnings (loss) per share		2.23		1.69

## Dividends

American National Insurance Company s payment of dividends to stockholders is restricted by statutory regulations. The restrictions require life insurance companies to maintain minimum amounts of capital and surplus, and in the absence of special approval, limit the payment of dividends to the greater of statutory net gain from operations on an annual, non-cumulative basis, or 10% of statutory surplus. Additionally, insurance companies are not permitted to distribute the excess of stockholders equity, as determined on a GAAP basis, over that determined on a statutory basis. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, American National Insurance Company s statutory capital and surplus was \$2,376,889,000 and \$2,260,268,000, respectively.

Similar restrictions on amounts that can transfer in the form of dividends, loans, or advances to the parent company apply to American National s insurance subsidiaries. Net assets of insurance subsidiaries were approximately \$1,557,463,000 and \$1,535,082,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

## **Noncontrolling interests**

American National County Mutual Insurance Company ( County Mutual ) is a mutual insurance company that is owned by its policyholders. American National has a management agreement that effectively gives it complete control of County Mutual. As a result, County Mutual is included in the consolidated financial statements of American National. Policyholder interests in the financial position of County Mutual are reflected as noncontrolling interest of \$6,750,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

American National Insurance Company and its subsidiaries exercise significant control or ownership of various joint ventures, resulting in their consolidation into American National s consolidated financial statements. The interests of the joint ventures other partners are shown as noncontrolling interests, of \$4,158,000 and \$4,741,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

#### 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management organizes the business into five operating segments:

Life markets whole, term, universal, indexed and variable life insurance on a national basis primarily through career and multiple-line agents, as well as through independent agents and direct marketing channels.

Annuity offers fixed, indexed, and variable annuity products. These products are primarily sold through independent agents, brokers, and financial institutions, along with multiple-line and career agents.

Health primary lines of business are Medicare Supplement, stop loss, other supplemental health products and credit disability insurance. Health products are typically distributed through independent agents and managing general underwriters.

Property and Casualty writes personal, commercial and credit-related property insurance. These products are primarily sold through multiple-line agents and independent agents.

Corporate and Other consists of net investment income on the investments not allocated to the insurance segments and the operations of non-insurance lines of business.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in Note 2. All income and expense amounts specifically attributable to policy transactions are recorded directly to the appropriate operating segment. Income and expenses not specifically attributable to policy transactions are allocated to each segment as follows:

Recurring income from bonds and mortgage loans is allocated based on the assets allocated to each line of business at the average yield available from these assets.

Net investment income from all other assets is allocated to the insurance segments in accordance with the amount of equity allocated to each segment, with the remainder recorded in the Corporate and Other business segment.

Expenses are allocated based upon various factors, including premium and commission ratios within the respective operating segments.

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The following summarizes results of operations by operating segments (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31, 2013 2012			,
Income (loss) from continuing operations before federal income taxes, and				
equity in earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates				
Life	\$	6,004	\$	7,556
Annuity		27,334		23,734
Health		(686)		(1,452)
Property and casualty		12,909		24,560
Corporate and other		16,587		8,973
Total	\$	62,148	\$	63,371

## 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Commitments

American National had aggregate commitments at March 31, 2013, to purchase, expand or improve real estate, to fund fixed interest into mortgage loans, and to purchase other invested assets of \$269,983,000, of which \$206,225,000 is expected to be funded in 2013. The remaining \$63,758,000 will be funded in 2014 and beyond.

In September 2012, American National renewed an existing \$100,000,000 short-term variable rate borrowing facility containing a \$55,000,000 sub-feature for the issuance of letters of credit. Borrowings under the facility are at the discretion of the lender and would be used only for funding working capital requirements. The combination of borrowings and outstanding letters of credit cannot exceed \$100,000,000 at any time. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the outstanding letters of credit were \$33,495,000 and \$33,696,000, respectively, and there were no borrowings on this facility to meet liquidity requirements. This facility expires on September 30, 2013. American National expects it will be renewed on substantially equivalent terms upon expiration.

## Guarantees

American National has guaranteed bank loans for customers of a third-party marketing operation. The bank loans are used to fund premium payments on life insurance policies issued by American National. The loans are secured by the cash values of the life insurance policies. If the customer were to default on the bank loan, American National would be obligated to pay off the loans. As the cash values of the life insurance policies always equal or exceed the balance of the loans, management does not foresee any loss on these guarantees. The total amount of the guarantees outstanding as of March 31, 2013, was approximately \$206,376,000, while the total cash values of the related life insurance policies was approximately \$211,857,000.

## Litigation

American National and certain subsidiaries, in common with the insurance industry in general, are defendants in various lawsuits concerning alleged breaches of contracts, various employment matters, allegedly deceptive insurance sales and marketing practices, and miscellaneous other causes of action arising in the ordinary course of operations. Certain of these lawsuits include claims for compensatory and punitive damages. We provide accruals for these items to the extent we deem the losses probable and reasonably estimable. After reviewing these matters with legal counsel, based upon information presently available, management is of the opinion that the ultimate resultant liability, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on American National s consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations; however, assessing the eventual outcome of litigation necessarily involves forward-looking speculation as to judgments to be made by judges, juries and appellate courts in the future. Such speculation warrants caution, as the frequency of large damage awards, which bear little or no relation to the economic damages incurred by plaintiffs in some jurisdictions, continues to create the potential for an unpredictable judgment in any given lawsuit. These lawsuits are in various stages of development, and future facts and circumstances could result in management s changing its conclusions. It is possible that, if the defenses in these lawsuits are not successful, and the judgments are greater than management can anticipate, the resulting liability could have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations. With respect to the existing litigation, management currently believes that the possibility of a material judgment adverse to American National is remote and no estimate of range can be made for loss contingencies that are at least reasonably possible but not accrued.

#### 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

American National has entered into recurring transactions and agreements with certain related parties. These include mortgage loans, management contracts, agency commission contracts, marketing agreements, accident and health insurance contracts and legal services. The impact on the consolidated financial statements of the significant related party transactions for the periods indicated is shown below (in thousands):

		Dollar Amount	of Transactions	Amount due to/(from	) American National
		Three months	ended March 31,	March 31,	December 31,
Related Party	Financial Statement Line Impacted	2013	2012	2013	2012
Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation	Mortgage loan on real estate	\$ 280	\$ 260	\$ 8,610	\$ 8,890
Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation	Net investment income	159	179	52	54
Greer, Herz and Adams, LLP	Other operating costs and expenses	2,131	1,958	(429)	(268)

Mortgage Loans to Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation (Gal-Tex): American National held a first mortgage loan issued to Gal-Tex collateralized by hotel property in San Antonio, Texas. This loan was originated in 1999, has a current interest rate of 7.30%, and has a final maturity date of April 1, 2019. This loan is current as to principal and interest payments.

Transactions with Greer, Herz & Adams, L.L.P.: Irwin M. Herz, Jr. is an American National advisory director and a Partner with Greer, Herz Adams, L.L.P., which serves as American National s General Counsel.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Set forth on the following pages is management  $\,s$  discussion and analysis ( MD&A ) of financial condition and results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 of American National Insurance Company and its subsidiaries (referred to in this document as  $\,we$ , our, us, or the Company). This information should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements included in Item 1, Financial Statements (unaudited), of this Form 10-Q.

## **Forward-Looking Statements**

This document contains forward-looking statements that reflect our estimates and assumptions related to business, economic, competitive and legislative developments. Forward-looking statements generally are indicated by words such as expects, intends, anticipates, plans, believes, estimates, will or words of similar meaning and include, without limitation, statements regarding the outlook of our business and expected financial performance. Forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of future performance and involve various risks and uncertainties.

Moreover, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made, and we undertake no obligation to update them. Certain important factors could cause our actual results to differ, possibly materially, from our expectations or estimates. These factors are described in greater detail in Item IA, Risk Factors, in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 8, 2013, and they include among others:

## **Economic Risk Factors**

difficult conditions in the economy, which may not improve in the near future, and risks related to persistently low, or unpredictable, interest rates;

## **Operational Risk Factors**

differences between actual experience regarding mortality, morbidity, persistency, surrenders and investment returns, and our assumptions for establishing liabilities and reserves or for other purposes;

potential ineffectiveness of our risk management policies and procedures;

changes in our experience related to deferred policy acquisition costs;

failures or limitations of our computer, data security and administration systems;

potential employee error or misconduct, which may result in fraud or adversely affect the execution and administration of our policies and claims;

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#### **Investment and Financial Market Risk Factors**

fluctuations in the markets for fixed maturity securities, equity securities, and commercial real estate, which could adversely affect the valuation of our investment portfolio, our net investment income, our retirement expense, and sales of or fees from certain of our products;

lack of liquidity for certain of our investments;

risk of investment losses and defaults;

## **Catastrophic Event Risk Factors**

natural or man-made catastrophes, pandemic disease, or other events resulting in increased claims activity from catastrophic loss of life or property;

the effects of unanticipated events on our disaster recovery and business continuity planning;

## **Marketplace Risk Factors**

the highly competitive nature of the insurance and annuity business;

potential difficulty in attraction and retention of qualified employees and agents;

the introduction of alternative healthcare solutions, which could impact our Medicare Supplement business;

## Litigation and Regulation Risk Factors

adverse determinations in litigation or regulatory proceedings and our exposure to contingent liabilities, including and in connection with our divestiture or winding down of businesses;

the effects of extensive government regulation;

changes in tax and securities law;

changes in statutory or U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ), practices or policies;

## **Reinsurance and Counterparty Risk Factors**

potential changes in the availability, affordability and adequacy of reinsurance protection;

potential default or failure to perform by the counterparties to our reinsurance arrangements and derivative instruments;

## **Other Risk Factors**

potentially adverse rating agency actions; and

control of our company by a small number of stockholders.

#### Overview

We are a diversified insurance and financial services company, offering a broad spectrum of insurance products. Chartered in 1905, we are headquartered in Galveston, Texas. We operate in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Guam, American Samoa and Puerto Rico.

#### General Trends

There were no material changes to the general trends we are experiencing, as discussed in the MD&A included in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 8, 2013.

## Critical Accounting Estimates

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. In addition to GAAP, insurance companies apply specific SEC regulations when preparing the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from results reported using those estimates and assumptions.

Our accounting policies inherently require the use of judgments relating to a variety of assumptions and estimates, particularly expectations of current and future mortality, morbidity, persistency, expenses, interest rates, and property and casualty loss frequency, severity, claim reporting and settlement patterns. Due to the inherent uncertainty when using the assumptions and estimates, the effect of certain accounting policies under different conditions or assumptions could vary from those reported in the consolidated financial statements.

For a discussion of our critical accounting estimates, see the MD&A in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 8, 2013. There were no material changes in accounting policies since December 31, 2012.

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 3, Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Consolidated Results of Operations**

The following sets forth the consolidated results of operations (in thousands):

		e months en	ded l	March 31, 2012	(	Change
Premiums and other revenues	_					- Inninge
Premiums	\$ 4	19,769	\$	425,086	\$	(5,317)
Other policy revenues		49,998		48,047		1,951
Net investment income	2	51,366		255,696		(4,330)
Realized investment gains (losses), net		16,951		6,971		9,980
Other income		6,961		6,875		86
Total premiums and other revenues	7	45,045		742,675		2,370
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Policyholder benefits	1	22,197		123,068		(871)
Claims incurred	2	28,562		232,227		(3,665)
Interest credited to policyholder s account balances	1	11,106		124,864	(	(13,758)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies		85,123		95,514	(	(10,391)
Other operating expenses	1	24,575		101,993		22,582
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)		11,334		1,638		9,696
Total benefits and expenses	6	82,897		679,304		3,593
Income (loss) before other items and federal income taxes	\$	62,148	\$	63,371	\$	(1.223)

Consolidated earnings were relatively unchanged during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012. The noteworthy fluctuations were:

an increase in operating expenses driven primarily by our life, annuity and corporate and other segments,

a decrease in interest credited to policyholders account balances in our annuity segment, and

an increase in realized investment gains in our corporate and other segment.

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<sup>(1)</sup> A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

## **Results of Operations and Related Information by Segment**

#### Life

Life segment results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	Change
Premiums and other revenues			
Premiums	\$ 68,655	\$ 66,451	\$ 2,204
Other policy revenues	46,358	44,652	1,706
Net investment income	56,949	58,905	(1,956)
Other income	507	750	(243)
Total premiums and other revenues	172,469	170,758	1,711
Benefits, losses and expenses			
Policyholder benefits	81,502	83,823	(2,321)
Interest credited to policyholder s account balances	12,787	14,921	(2,134)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	25,589	21,389	4,200
Other operating expenses	52,536	44,293	8,243
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	(5,949)	(1,224)	(4,725)
Total benefits and expenses	166,465	163,202	3,263
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Income (loss) before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 6,004	\$ 7,556	\$ (1,552)

 A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated

Earnings decreased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due to increased operating expenses, partially offset by increases in premiums and other policy revenues and a decrease in benefits.

#### Premiums and other revenues

Revenues from traditional life insurance products include scheduled premium payments from policyholders on whole life and term life products. The change in these premiums is impacted primarily by policy persistency and new sales during the period. Premiums increased during 2013 compared to 2012 primarily resulting from increased sales of term products, following the introduction of a new portfolio of term products during 2012.

Other policy revenues include mortality charges, earned policy service fees and surrender charges on interest-sensitive life insurance policies. These charges increased during 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due to the growing block of interest-sensitive life policies.

## Benefits, losses and expenses

Benefits decreased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012, primarily as the result of reserve balance decreases outpacing the related increase in benefit payments resulting from our continuation of unclaimed property research within our policies, and the improvement of our process for handling these claims during 2013 compared to 2012.

Commissions increased during 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due to increased sales of our term and equity-indexed universal life products.

Other operating costs and expenses increased during 2013 compared to 2012, as a result of an increase in expenses for share-based compensation under the stock and incentive plan, as well as increases in production bonuses and the growth in our life insurance in-force during 2013.

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The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three months en	Three months ended March 31,			
	2013	2012	Change		
Acquisition cost capitalized	\$ 25,908	\$ 17,676	\$ 8,232		
Amortization of DAC	(19,959)	(16,452)	(3,507)		
Change in DAC (1)	\$ 5,949	\$ 1,224	\$ 4,725		

 A positive amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated

The change in DAC decreased expenses primarily as a result of an increase in acquisition costs capitalized during 2013 compared to 2012, primarily due to an increase in commissions from higher premiums.

## Policy in-force information

The following tables summarize the changes in the Life segment s in-force amounts (in thousands) and number of policies in-force:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Change
Life insurance in-force			Ü
Traditional life	\$ 50,160,120	\$ 48,856,459	\$ 1,303,661
Interest-sensitive life	24,356,420	24,132,101	224,319
Total life insurance in-force	\$ 74,516,540	\$ 72,988,560	\$ 1,527,980
Number of policies in-force			
Traditional life	\$ 2,062,552	\$ 2,122,666	\$ (60,114)
Interest-sensitive life	188,343	185,729	2,614
Total number of policies in-force	\$ 2,250,895	\$ 2,308,395	\$ (57,500)

There was an increase in total life insurance in-force amounts during 2013, while there was a decrease in the total number of policies. The increase in life insurance in-force amounts in our traditional life products is believed to be the result of consumers seeking contract guarantees due to the uncertain economic environment in recent years, while growth in both traditional and interest-sensitive in-force amounts can be attributed to the attractiveness of our new portfolio of products, ease of doing business, and new marketing approaches. The decrease in our policy count during 2013 is attributable to unclaimed property settlements, surrenders and lapses, as well as new business activity generally being comprised of fewer but larger face-value policies.

## Annuity

Annuity segment results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months e		
	2013	2012	Change
Premiums and other revenues			
Premiums	\$ 32,696	\$ 28,412	\$ 4,284
Other policy revenues	3,640	3,395	245
Net investment income	164,045	166,237	(2,192)
Other income	50	41	9
Total premiums and other revenues	200,431	198,085	2,346
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Benefits, losses and expenses			
Policyholder benefits	40,695	39,245	1,450
Interest credited to policyholder s account balances	98,319	109,943	(11,624)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	10,393	13,891	(3,498)
Other operating expenses	14,267	7,755	6,512
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	9,423	3,517	5,906
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Total benefits and expenses	173,097	174,351	(1,254)
•	,	,	
Income (loss) before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 27,334	\$ 23,734	\$ 3,600

Earnings increased in 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due to a decrease in interest credited to policyholders account balances which outpaced the related decrease in net investment income, partially offset by an increase in other operating expenses.

## Premiums and other revenues

Annuity premium and deposit amounts received are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	Change
Fixed deferred annuity	\$ 64,994	\$ 163,247	\$ (98,253)
Single premium immediate annuity	56,753	46,011	10,742
Equity-indexed deferred annuity	37,192	22,498	14,694
Variable deferred annuity	29,166	26,382	2,784
Total premium and deposits	188,105	258,138	(70,033)
Less: Policy deposits	155,409	229,726	(74,317)
Total earned premiums	\$ 32,696	\$ 28,412	\$ 4,284

<sup>(1)</sup> A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

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We monitor account values and changes in those values as a key indicator of performance in our Annuity segment. Changes in account values are mainly the result of net inflows, surrenders, policy fees, interest credited and market value changes. Shown below are the changes in account values (in thousands):

	Three months en	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2013	2012
Fixed deferred and equity-indexed annuity		
Account value, beginning of period	\$ 9,803,197	\$ 9,824,416
Net inflows	58,397	116,636
Surrenders	(272,265)	(190,425)
Fees	(2,362)	(2,196)
Interest credited	96,784	109,283
Account value, end of period	\$ 9,683,751	\$ 9,857,714
Single premium immediate annuity		
Reserve, beginning of period	\$ 1,075,638	\$ 978,722
Net inflows	17,524	10,949
Interest and mortality	9,419	10,470
Reserve, end of period	\$ 1,102,581	\$ 1,000,141
Variable deferred annuity		
Account value, beginning of period	\$ 417,645	\$ 380,129
Net inflows	28,471	24,907
Surrenders	(30,439)	(36,933)
Fees	(1,248)	(1,169)
Change in market value and other	25,224	33,056
Account value, end of period	\$ 439,653	\$ 399,990

Fixed deferred annuity net inflows decreased during 2013 compared to 2012, primarily resulting from our management of these products to lower sales and to mitigate risks associated with investing in the persistently low interest rate environment.

An equity-indexed annuity allows a policyholder to participate in equity returns while also having certain downside protection from the guaranteed minimum returns defined in the product. Net inflows for this product increased during 2013 compared to 2012 primarily attributed to the attractiveness of this product compared to fixed annuities in the persistently low interest rate environment.

Single premium immediate annuity (SPIA) net inflows increased during 2013 compared to 2012, driven primarily by customers entering the market for guaranteed monthly payouts on a portion of their retirement dollars.

Net investment income decreased during 2013 compared to 2012, due to a decrease in investment yields and the decrease in account values of fixed deferred annuities, partially offset by a \$4.4 million increase in realized gains from equity options used to hedge risk relating to equity-indexed annuities.

## Benefits, losses and expenses

Policyholder benefits consist of annuity payments and reserve increases for SPIA contracts. Benefits are highly correlated to the sales volume of SPIA contracts and increased for 2013 compared to 2012.

Commissions decreased for 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due to reduced fixed deferred annuity production as well as decreases in commission rates on certain annuities.

The 2012 expense benefitted from a reduction in accrued expenses relating to final resolution of certain litigation being recorded as interest credited rather than operating expense. Excluding this reduction, the operating expense remained relatively level when comparing 2013 to 2012.

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The change in DAC represents acquisition costs capitalized less the amortization of existing DAC, which is calculated in proportion to gross profits. The following shows the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three mon	Three months ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	Change	
Acquisition cost capitalized	\$ 13,229	\$ 17,570	\$ (4,341)	
Amortization of DAC	(22,65)	2) (21,087)	(1,565)	
Change in DAC (1)	\$ (9,42)	<b>\$</b> (3,517)	\$ (5,906)	

The change in DAC increased expenses primarily as DAC associated with surrenders was amortized, and the lower sales of new deferred annuity contracts resulted in less commissions being paid and deferred.

An important measure of the Annuity segment is amortization of DAC as a percentage of gross profits. The amortization of DAC as a percentage of gross profits for the quarter ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was 37.1%, and 43.1%, respectively. The decrease in the ratio during 2013 was primarily driven by increased interest spreads.

#### **Options and Derivatives**

Shown below is the analysis of the impact to net investment income of the option return, along with the impact to interest credited of the equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative (in thousands):

	Three months	Three months ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	Change	
Net investment income				
Without option return	\$ 140,178	\$ 146,736	\$ (6,558)	
Option return	23,867	19,501	4,366	
Interest credited to policy account balances				
Without embedded derivative	77,900	91,458	(13,558)	
Equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative	20,419	18,485	1,934	

Net investment income without option return decreased during 2013 primarily due to a decrease in account values of fixed deferred annuities. Interest credited to policyholders—account balances without embedded derivative return decreased during 2013 due to a decrease in crediting rates and certain non-recurring expenses relating to settled litigation benefitting contract holders—being charged to interest credited during 2012. Without this charge, the decrease would have amounted to \$7.6 million from 2012, consistent with the decrease in net investment income without option return.

The option return, as well as the related equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative return, increased during 2013 compared to 2012 primarily as a result of a larger number of options held during 2013. Excluding this impact, option returns correlate to the 10.0% and 12.0% return of the S&P 500 Index during the quarters ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

<sup>(1)</sup> A positive amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

#### Health

Health segment results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31, 2013 2012			C	hange	
Premiums and other revenues		2013		2012	CI	nange
Premiums	\$	52,729	\$	57,054	\$ (	4,325)
Net investment income		2,865		2,974		(109)
Other income		4,206		3,826		380
		,		ŕ		
Total premiums and other revenues		59,800		63,854	(	(4,054)
•		,		,		
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Claims incurred		38,968		44,675	(	(5,707)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies		6,572		6,259		313
Other operating expenses		13,397		11,818		1,579
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)		1,549		2,554	(	1,005)
change in deterror poney arquisition costs		1,5 17		2,551	,	1,000)
Total benefits and expenses		60,486		65,306	(	(4,820)
10mi benenia mu expenses		00,400		02,500		,020)
Income (loss) before other items and federal income taxes	\$	(686)	\$	(1,452)	\$	766

Results during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 improved compared to the same period in 2012, driven primarily by a decrease in claims incurred, partially offset by a decrease in premiums.

## Premiums and other revenues

Health earned premiums for the periods indicated are as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

		Three months ended March 31,			
	2	2013		)12	
	dollars	percentage	dollars	percentage	
Medicare Supplement	\$ 23,460	44.5%	\$ 23,515	41.2%	
Medical expense	8,219	15.6	10,045	17.6	
Group health	8,067	15.3	10,837	19.0	
MGU	4,687	8.9	4,225	7.4	
Credit accident and health	3,992	7.6	4,530	7.9	
All other	4,304	8.2	3,902	6.8	
m	4	10000	<b>* </b>	100.00	
Total	\$ 52,729	100.0%	\$ 57,054	100.0%	

Earned premiums decreased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, primarily resulting from the run-off of our closed block of medical expense insurance plans, which will continue decreasing. In addition, group health premiums, which are calculated as a percentage of claims, decreased proportionally with the decrease in claims.

Our in-force certificates or policies as of the dates indicated are as follows:

A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

		Three months ended March 31,			
	20	2013		12	
	number	percentage	number	percentage	
Medicare Supplement	40,306	6.4%	41,545	6.9%	
Medical expense	5,409	0.9	7,490	1.3	
Group health	19,801	3.2	20,082	3.3	
MGU	214,337	34.2	165,738	27.6	
Credit accident and health	243,156	38.8	257,255	42.8	
All other	103,533	16.5	108,815	18.1	
Total	626,542	100.0%	600,925	100.0%	

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Our total in-force policies increased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. Increases in the MGU line were partially offset by decreases in the credit accident and health and other lines. The MGU line increased due to increased production by existing MGU s, and the addition of new MGUs.

## Benefits, losses and expenses

Claims incurred decreased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012 primarily as the result of the continued decline in the closed medical expense block and a decrease in group claim submissions.

Other operating expenses increased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012 due primarily to an accrual on the MGU line for an anticipated payment to a state insurance guaranty pool.

## Change in Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Th	Three months ended March 31,				
		2013		2012		nange
Acquisition cost capitalized	\$	2,575	\$	2,532	\$	43
Amortization of DAC		(4,124)		(5,086)		962
Change in DAC (1)	\$	(1,549)	\$	(2,554)	\$ 1	1,005

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

The change in DAC had a smaller impact on expenses during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 due to reduced amortization on the declining aggregate health block of business.

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## **Property and Casualty**

Property and Casualty results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months en 2013	Change	
Premiums and other revenues			
Net premiums written	\$ 268,217	\$ 281,249	\$ (13,032)
Net premiums earned	\$ 265,689	\$ 273,169	\$ (7,480)
Net investment income	16,300	17,699	(1,399)
Other income	253	1,709	(1,456)
Total premiums and other revenues	282,242	292,577	(10,335)
Benefits, losses and expenses			
Claims incurred	189,594	187,552	2,042
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	42,547	53,975	(11,428)
Other operating expenses	30,881	29,699	1,182
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	6,311	(3,209)	9,520
Total benefits and expenses	269,333	268,017	1,316
Income (loss) before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 12,909	\$ 24,560	\$ (11,651)
Loss ratio	71.4%	68.7%	2.7
Underwriting expense ratio	30.0	29.5	0.5
Combined ratio	101.4%	98.2%	3.2
Impact of catastrophe events on combined ratio	8.1	4.7	3.4
Combined ratio without impact of catastrophe events	93.3%	93.5%	(0.2)
Gross catastrophe losses	\$ 26,797	\$ 13,970	\$ 12,827
Net catastrophe losses	21,688	13,237	8,451

A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

Earnings declined during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due to an increase in claims incurred associated with catastrophe events.

## Premiums and other revenues

Net premiums written decreased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012 resulting from changes in credit-related property products, which resulted in both lower premium and lower commissions. Net premiums earned decreased due primarily to decreases in our personal auto line. Personal and Commercial product net written premiums were virtually flat overall due to a combination of fewer policies-in-force being offset by rating actions intended to match rates with underlying risks.

## Benefits, losses and expenses

Claims incurred increased during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 compared to 2012 as a result of an increase in catastrophe losses. In the first quarter of 2013 there were four catastrophe events with net losses of \$21.7 million, compared to \$13.3 million from six events during the same period in 2012. The combined ratio, excluding net catastrophe impact, remained relatively flat during 2013 compared to 2012.

Commissions decreased during 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due to a shift from commission to non-commission credit-related property products, which also have lower premiums.

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The change in DAC during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 increased total expenses compared to 2012. The higher expense is attributable to capitalized costs on credit-related property products written in prior years being amortized while newer credit-related property products sold with lower revenue and without commissions resulted in lower cost being capitalized in the current period. We regularly review the recoverability of DAC, and if the actual emergence of future profitability were to be substantially lower than estimated, we would accelerate DAC amortization to account for any recoverability issues or premium deficiency. We have not historically experienced these issues with our DAC balances.

#### **Products**

Our Property and Casualty segment consists of: (i) Personal, which we market primarily to individuals, represent 59.6% of net premiums written, (ii) Commercial, which focus primarily on agricultural and other commercial markets, represent 32.5% of net premiums written, and (iii) Credit-related property insurance products, which are marketed to and through financial institutions and retailers represent 7.9% of net premiums written.

#### Personal Products

Personal products results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months e	Three months ended March 31,			
	2013	2012	Change		
Net premiums written					
Auto	\$ 103,607	\$ 108,339	\$ (4,732)		
Homeowner	46,711	45,262	1,449		
Other Personal	9,505				