

OFFICEMAX INC
Form 424B3
November 08, 2011
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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3)
Registration No. 333-162866

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To prospectus dated March 23, 2011)

2,771,909 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK, \$2.50 PAR VALUE

**OFFICEMAX
INCORPORATED**

This prospectus supplement supplements the prospectus dated March 23, 2011, relating to the resale of 2,771,909 shares of our common stock to allow our master trust (the Selling Stockholder), which is the funding vehicle for the Company's six tax-qualified employee pension benefit plans (the Plans), to resell, from time to time, shares of our common stock that we contributed as a voluntary, excess contribution to the Selling Stockholder. Since the date that we contributed such shares to the Selling Stockholder, the Selling Stockholder has sold 5,559,813 of the 8,331,722 shares contributed to the Selling Stockholder, and the 2,771,909 shares specified above represents the number of shares remaining to be sold. This prospectus supplement should be read in conjunction with the prospectus dated March 23, 2011, including any supplements thereto, which is to be delivered with this prospectus supplement, and this prospectus supplement is qualified by reference to the prospectus and any supplements thereto, except to the extent that the information in this prospectus supplement supersedes the information contained in the prospectus and any supplements thereto. This prospectus supplement is not complete without, and may not be delivered or utilized except in connection with, the prospectus, including any supplements thereto.

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

Current Reports on Form 8-K

On October 28, 2011, we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) a Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 24, 2011. The text of such Form 10-Q is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

On November 4, 2011, we filed with the SEC a Current Report on Form 8-K. The text of such Form 8-K is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2.

On November 7, 2011, we filed with the SEC a Current Report on Form 8-K. The text of such Form 8-K is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.3.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus supplement is November 8, 2011.

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 24, 2011

or

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 1-5057

OFFICEMAX INCORPORATED

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

263 Shuman Boulevard

Naperville, Illinois
(Address of principal executive offices)

82-0100960
(I.R.S Employer

Identification No.)

60563
(Zip Code)

(630) 438-7800

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Shares Outstanding as of October 26, 2011
Common Stock, \$2.50 par value	86,123,472

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Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****OfficeMax Incorporated and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Operations****(thousands, except per-share amounts)**

	Three Months Ended	
	September 24, 2011	September 25, 2010
	(unaudited)	
Sales	\$ 1,774,767	\$ 1,813,366
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs	1,315,106	1,342,944
Gross profit	459,661	470,422
Operating expenses		
Operating, selling and general and administrative expenses	418,365	429,498
Operating income	41,296	40,924
Interest expense	(17,827)	(18,444)
Interest income	10,984	10,646
Other income (expense), net	173	(23)
Pre-tax income	34,626	33,103
Income tax expense	(11,167)	(11,678)
Net income attributable to OfficeMax and noncontrolling interest	23,459	21,425
Joint venture results attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1,426)	(886)
Net income attributable to OfficeMax	22,033	20,539
Preferred dividends	(515)	(573)
Net income available to OfficeMax common shareholders	\$ 21,518	\$ 19,966
Net income per common share		
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.23
Diluted	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.23

See accompanying notes to quarterly consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**OfficeMax Incorporated and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Operations****(thousands, except per-share amounts)**

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 24, 2011	September 25, 2010
	(unaudited)	
Sales	\$ 5,285,384	\$ 5,383,794
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs	3,926,148	3,980,171
Gross profit	1,359,236	1,403,623
Operating expenses		
Operating, selling and general and administrative expenses	1,271,391	1,273,886
Other operating expenses, net	13,916	11,348
Operating income	73,929	118,389
Interest expense	(54,721)	(55,132)
Interest income	32,913	31,850
Other income (expense), net	307	(57)
Pre-tax income	52,428	95,050
Income tax expense	(17,837)	(34,374)
Net income attributable to OfficeMax and noncontrolling interest	34,591	60,676
Joint venture results attributable to noncontrolling interest	(3,113)	(2,249)
Net income attributable to OfficeMax	31,478	58,427
Preferred dividends	(1,614)	(1,921)
Net income available to OfficeMax common shareholders	\$ 29,864	\$ 56,506
Net income per common share		
Basic	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.67
Diluted	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.65

See accompanying notes to quarterly consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**OfficeMax Incorporated and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(thousands)

	September 24, 2011 (unaudited)	December 25, 2010
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 485,426	\$ 462,326
Receivables, net	568,055	546,885
Inventories	765,353	846,463
Deferred income taxes and receivables	74,085	99,613
Other current assets	58,077	58,999
Total current assets	1,950,996	2,014,286
Property and equipment:		
Land and land improvements	40,248	41,317
Buildings and improvements	487,539	487,160
Machinery and equipment	770,321	818,081
Total property and equipment	1,298,108	1,346,558
Accumulated depreciation	(924,341)	(949,269)
Net property and equipment	373,767	397,289
Intangible assets, net	81,700	83,231
Investment in Boise Cascade Holdings, L.L.C.	175,000	175,000
Timber notes receivable	899,250	899,250
Deferred income taxes	290,468	284,529
Other non-current assets	231,800	225,344
Total assets	\$ 4,002,981	\$ 4,078,929

See accompanying notes to quarterly consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**OfficeMax Incorporated and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(thousands, except share and per-share amounts)

	September 24, 2011 (unaudited)	December 25, 2010
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of debt	\$ 39,195	\$ 4,560
Accounts payable	627,453	686,106
Income tax payable	1,365	11,055
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities:		
Compensation and benefits	103,329	145,911
Other	227,035	196,842
Total current liabilities	998,377	1,044,474
Long-term debt, less current portion	230,849	270,435
Non-recourse debt	1,470,000	1,470,000
Other long-term items:		
Compensation and benefits obligations	237,112	250,756
Deferred gain on sale of assets	179,757	179,757
Other long-term liabilities	194,618	213,496
Noncontrolling interest in joint venture	34,632	49,246
Shareholders equity:		
Preferred stock no par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; Series D ESOP: \$0.01 stated value; 650,311 and 686,696 shares outstanding	29,264	30,901
Common stock \$2.50 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 86,089,903 and 85,057,710 shares outstanding	215,224	212,644
Additional paid-in capital	1,011,793	986,579
Accumulated deficit	(504,262)	(533,606)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(94,383)	(95,753)
Total OfficeMax shareholders equity	657,636	600,765
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 4,002,981	\$ 4,078,929

See accompanying notes to quarterly consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**OfficeMax Incorporated and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(thousands)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 24, 2011	September 25, 2010
	(unaudited)	
Cash provided by operations:		
Net income attributable to OfficeMax and noncontrolling interest	\$ 34,591	\$ 60,676
Non-cash items in net income:		
Earnings on investment in Boise Cascade Holdings L.L.C.	(5,830)	(5,391)
Depreciation and amortization	63,759	76,586
Pension and other postretirement benefits expense	6,227	3,688
Other	13,070	8,747
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(14,707)	4,002
Inventories	77,249	48,227
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(76,980)	(50,850)
Current and deferred income taxes	5,749	28,433
Other	(24,385)	(18,140)
Cash provided by operations	78,743	155,978
Cash used for investment:		
Expenditures for property and equipment	(41,549)	(50,153)
Proceeds from sales of assets, net	169	1,607
Cash used for investment	(41,380)	(48,546)
Cash used for financing:		
Cash dividends paid preferred stock	(2,224)	(2,575)
Borrowings of short-term debt, net	20	(626)
Payments of long-term debt	(5,154)	(2,715)
Purchase of Series D preferred stock	(1,624)	(3,595)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,949	1,832
Payments related to other share-based compensation	(4,404)	
Other	157	7
Cash used for financing	(11,280)	(7,672)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(2,983)	1,606
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	23,100	101,366
Balance at beginning of the period	462,326	486,570
Balance at end of the period	\$ 485,426	\$ 587,936

See accompanying notes to quarterly consolidated financial statements

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Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

Nature of Operations

OfficeMax Incorporated (OfficeMax, the Company or we) is a leader in both business-to-business and retail office products distribution. The Company provides office supplies and paper, print and document services, technology products and solutions and furniture to large, medium and small businesses, government offices and consumers. OfficeMax customers are served by approximately 30,000 associates through direct sales, catalogs, the Internet and a network of retail stores throughout the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and Mexico.

The accompanying quarterly consolidated financial statements include the accounts of OfficeMax and all majority-owned subsidiaries, except our 88%-owned subsidiary that formerly owned assets in Cuba that were confiscated by the Cuban government in the 1960s, which is accounted for as an investment due to various asset restrictions. We also consolidate the variable interest entities in which the Company is the primary beneficiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These financial statements are for the thirteen-week and thirty-nine-week periods ended on September 24, 2011 (also referred to as the third quarter of 2011 or the three months ended September 24, 2011 and the first nine months of 2011 or the nine months ended September 24, 2011, respectively) and the thirteen-week and thirty-nine-week periods ended on September 25, 2010 (also referred to as the third quarter of 2010 or the three months ended September 25, 2010 and first nine months of 2010 or the nine months ended September 25, 2010, respectively). The Company's fiscal year ends on the last Saturday in December. Due primarily to statutory reporting requirements, the Company's international businesses maintain December 31 year-ends and end their quarters on the last calendar day of the month, with our majority-owned joint venture in Mexico reporting one month in arrears. Fiscal year 2010 included 52 weeks for all reportable segments and businesses. Fiscal year 2011 will include 53 weeks for our U.S. businesses.

The Company manages its business using three reportable segments: OfficeMax, Contract (Contract segment or Contract); OfficeMax, Retail (Retail segment or Retail); and Corporate and Other. Management reviews the performance of the Company based on these segments. We present information pertaining to our segments in Note 10, Segment Information .

The Company has prepared the quarterly consolidated financial statements included herein pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). Some information and note disclosures, which would normally be included in comprehensive annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. These quarterly consolidated financial statements should be read together with the consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 25, 2010.

The quarterly consolidated financial statements included herein have not been audited by an independent registered public accounting firm but, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments necessary to present fairly the results for the periods indicated. Except as disclosed within these Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), the adjustments made were of a normal, recurring nature. Quarterly results are not necessarily indicative of results which may be expected for a full year.

Recently Issued or Newly Adopted Accounting Standards

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued guidance which establishes disclosure requirements for other comprehensive income. The guidance requires the reporting of components of other comprehensive income and components of net income together as components of total comprehensive income, and is effective for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The guidance requires retrospective

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

application and earlier application is permitted. The Company anticipates that adoption of this guidance will affect the presentation of certain elements of the Company's financial statements, but these changes in presentation will not have a material impact on our financial statements.

2. Facility Closure Reserves

We conduct regular reviews of our real estate portfolio to identify underperforming facilities and close those facilities that are no longer strategically or economically beneficial. We record a liability for the cost associated with a facility closure at its fair value in the period in which the liability is incurred, primarily the location's cease-use date. Upon closure, unrecoverable costs are included in facility closure reserves and include provisions for the present value of future lease obligations, less contractual or estimated sublease income. Accretion expense is recognized over the life of the required payments. These charges are recorded in other operating expenses, net on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

During the first nine months of 2011, the Company recorded facility closure charges of \$5.6 million in its Retail segment associated with closing six underperforming domestic stores prior to the end of their lease terms, of which \$5.4 million was related to the lease liability and \$0.2 million was related to asset impairments. None of these charges were recorded in the third quarter of 2011.

During the first nine months of 2010, the Company recorded facility closure charges of \$14.4 million in its Retail segment associated with closing eight underperforming domestic stores prior to the end of their lease terms, of which \$13.0 million was related to the lease liability and other costs and \$1.4 million was related to asset impairments and other items. None of these charges were recorded in the third quarter of 2010.

Facility closure reserve account activity during the first nine months of 2011 was as follows:

	(thousands)
Balance at December 25, 2010	\$ 61,673
Charges related to stores closed in 2011	5,406
Transfer of deferred rent balance	928
Changes to estimated costs included in income	(1)
Cash payments	(16,643)
Accretion	2,393
 Balance at September 24, 2011	 \$ 53,756

Reserve balances were classified in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows:

	September 24, 2011 (thousands)
Other accrued liabilities	\$ 11,939
Other long-term liabilities	41,817
 Total	 \$ 53,756

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

The components of the facilities closure reserve consisted of the following:

	September 24, 2011
	(thousands)
Estimated future lease obligations	\$ 109,222
Less: anticipated sublease income	(55,466)
Total	\$ 53,756

In addition, we were the lessee of a legacy building materials manufacturing facility near Elma, Washington until the fourth quarter of 2010. During 2006, we ceased operations at the facility, fully impaired the assets and recorded a reserve for the related lease payments and other contract termination and closure costs. This reserve balance was not included in the facilities closure reserve described above. During the second quarter of 2010, the Company signed an agreement with the lessor to terminate the lease and recorded income of \$3.9 million to adjust the associated reserve. During the fourth quarter of 2010, we sold the facility's equipment and recorded a final adjustment of \$5.5 million to reduce the reserve balance. This income was reported in other operating expenses, net in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

3. Severance and Other Charges

The first nine months of 2011 included severance charges recorded in the second quarter of \$8.3 million (\$8.0 million in Contract and \$0.3 million in Retail) related to reorganizations in Canada (\$3.6 million), Australia (\$1.4 million) and the U.S. sales and supply chain organizations (\$3.3 million). The first nine months of 2010 included a severance charge recorded in the first quarter in our Contract segment of \$0.8 million related to a reorganization of our U.S. Contract customer service centers. These charges were included in other operating expenses, net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of September 24, 2011, \$5.0 million of severance charges remain to be paid and are included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

4. Timber Notes/Non-Recourse Debt

In October 2004, we sold our timberland assets in exchange for \$15 million in cash plus credit-enhanced timber installment notes in the amount of \$1,635 million (the Installment Notes). The Installment Notes were issued by single-member limited liability companies formed by affiliates of Boise Cascade, L.L.C. (the Note Issuers). The Installment Notes are 15-year non-amortizing obligations and were issued in two equal \$817.5 million tranches bearing interest at 5.11% and 4.98%, respectively. In order to support the issuance of the Installment Notes, the Note Issuers transferred a total of \$1,635 million in cash to Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. (Lehman) and Wachovia Corporation (Wachovia) (which was later purchased by Wells Fargo & Company) (\$817.5 million to each of Lehman and Wachovia). Lehman and Wachovia issued collateral notes (the Collateral Notes) to the Note Issuers. Concurrently with the issuance of the Installment and Collateral Notes, Lehman and Wachovia guaranteed the respective Installment Notes and the Note Issuers pledged the Collateral Notes as security for the performance of the Installment Note obligations. The Installment Notes are reported as timber notes receivable in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

In December 2004, we completed a securitization transaction in which the Company's interests in the Installment Notes and related guarantees were transferred to wholly-owned bankruptcy remote subsidiaries. The subsidiaries pledged the Installment Notes and related guarantees and issued securitized notes (the Securitization Notes) in the amount of \$1,470 million (\$735 million through the structure supported by the Lehman guaranty and \$735 million through the structure supported by the Wachovia guaranty). As a result of

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

these transactions, we received \$1,470 million in cash. Recourse on the Securitization Notes is limited to the proceeds of the applicable pledged Installment Notes and underlying Lehman or Wachovia guaranty, and therefore there is no recourse against OfficeMax. The Securitization Notes are 15-year non-amortizing and were issued in two equal \$735 million tranches paying interest of 5.54% and 5.42%, respectively. The Securitization Notes are reported as non-recourse debt in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

On September 15, 2008, Lehman, the guarantor of half of the Installment Notes and the Securitization Notes, filed a petition in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York seeking relief under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. Lehman's bankruptcy filing constituted an event of default under the \$817.5 million Installment Note guaranteed by Lehman (the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note).

We are required for accounting purposes to assess the carrying value of assets whenever circumstances indicate that a decline in value may have occurred. In 2008, we evaluated the carrying value of the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note and reduced it to the estimated amount we then expected to collect (\$81.8 million) by recording a non-cash impairment charge of \$735.8 million, pre-tax. The ultimate amount to be realized on the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note depends on the proceeds from the Lehman bankruptcy estate. On June 30, 2011, Lehman filed an amended Disclosure Statement (the Disclosure Statement) on its Chapter 11 plan (the Chapter 11 Plan) with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. The Disclosure Statement provides a range of estimated recoveries for various classes of unsecured creditors of Lehman. Based on the category descriptions, we, together with the indenture trustee for the Securitization Note holders (the Indenture Trustee), argued at a hearing on the Disclosure Statement that our claim should be treated as a class 3 senior unsecured claim (estimated to recover at a rate of approximately 21.1% under the Chapter 11 Plan) rather than falling into any other class of guarantee claims (estimated to recover at a rate of approximately 11%-13% depending on the class under the Chapter 11 Plan). Following negotiation, on October 7, 2011, we entered into a stipulation with Lehman and the Indenture Trustee that categorized our claim as a class 3 senior unsecured claim. Due to this categorization, provisions of the stipulation that make certain funds unavailable to our claim that would otherwise be available to class 3 senior unsecured claimants, the status of the bankruptcy proceedings, and based on information in the Disclosure Statement, it appears that our claim may recover at a potential rate within the range of 17% to 20%. However, uncertainties exist as to the actual recovery that will ultimately be received on the claim. The confirmation of the Chapter 11 Plan is not expected to occur until the next Bankruptcy court hearing, currently scheduled for December 6, 2011; the disposition of our claim and a related claim filed by the Note Issuers must be determined; and the funds available for claimants will depend on the value of the assets Lehman is able to liquidate. Due to these uncertainties and other factors, we have not increased our assumed recovery rate or the carrying value of the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note. Following the confirmation hearing on the Chapter 11 Plan scheduled for December 6, 2011, an initial distribution may be made on our claim as early as March 30, 2012, assuming that all other issues in the claim have been resolved prior to or at the confirmation hearing. Further distributions are expected to occur over a several-year period. Going forward, we intend to adjust the carrying value of the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note as further information regarding our share of the proceeds, if any, from the Lehman bankruptcy estate becomes available. Any proceeds we receive from the bankruptcy will be distributed to the Securitization Note Holders.

Recourse on the Securitization Notes is limited to the proceeds from the applicable pledged Installment Notes and underlying Lehman or Wachovia guaranty. Accordingly, the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note and underlying Lehman guaranty will be transferred to the holders of the Securitization Notes guaranteed by Lehman in order to settle and extinguish that liability. However, under current generally accepted accounting principles, we are required to continue to recognize the liability related to the Securitization Notes guaranteed by Lehman until such time as the liability has been extinguished. This will occur when the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note and the related guaranty are transferred to and accepted by the Securitization Note holders. We expect that

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Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)

this will occur when the assets of Lehman are currently projected to be distributed and the bankruptcy is finalized. Accordingly, we expect to recognize a non-cash gain equal to the difference between the carrying amount of the Securitization Notes guaranteed by Lehman (\$735.0 million at September 24, 2011) and the carrying value of the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note (\$81.8 million at September 24, 2011) in a later period when the liability is legally extinguished. The actual gain to be recognized in the future will be measured based on the carrying amounts of the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note and the Securitization Notes guaranteed by Lehman at the date of settlement.

Any discussion of the Lehman bankruptcy in this document is strictly based on factual observations from the bankruptcy cases and should not be interpreted as constituting legal analysis of or admission as to the ultimate allowances of our claim based on the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note or any Note Issuers' claim based on Collateral Notes, or the interplay thereof.

Through September 24, 2011, we have received all payments due under the Installment Notes guaranteed by Wachovia (the Wachovia Guaranteed Installment Notes), which have consisted only of interest due on the notes, and have made all payments due on the related Securitization Notes guaranteed by Wachovia, again consisting only of interest due. As all amounts due on the Wachovia Guaranteed Installment Notes are current and we have no reason to believe that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the Wachovia Guaranteed Installment Notes, the notes are stated in our Consolidated Balance Sheets at their original principal amount of \$817.5 million. The Installment Notes and Securitization Notes are scheduled to mature in 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Securitization Notes have an initial term that is approximately three months shorter than the Installment Notes.

At the time of the sale of the timberlands in 2004, we generated a tax gain and recognized the related deferred tax liability. The timber installment notes structure allowed the Company to defer the resulting tax liability of \$543 million until 2020, the maturity date for the Installment Notes. Due to the Lehman bankruptcy and note defaults, the recognition of the Lehman portion of the gain will be triggered when the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note is transferred to the Securitization Note holders as payment and/or when the Lehman bankruptcy is resolved. At that time, we expect to reduce the estimated tax payment due by utilizing our available alternative minimum tax credits.

5. Debt

Credit Agreements

On July 12, 2007, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the U.S. Credit Agreement) with a group of banks. The U.S. Credit Agreement permitted the Company to borrow up to a maximum of \$700 million subject to a borrowing base calculation that limited availability to a percentage of eligible accounts receivable plus a percentage of the value of eligible inventory less certain reserves. The U.S. Credit Agreement could be increased (up to a maximum of \$800 million) at the Company's request or reduced from time to time, in each case according to the terms detailed in the U.S. Credit Agreement. Letters of credit, which could be issued under the U.S. Credit Agreement up to a maximum of \$250 million, reduced available borrowing capacity. At the end of the third quarter of 2011, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the U.S. Credit Agreement. On October 7, 2011, the U.S. Credit Agreement, which was scheduled to expire on July 12, 2012, was amended by a new agreement, discussed below.

Borrowings under the U.S. Credit Agreement were subject to interest at rates based on either the prime rate or the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). An additional percentage, which varied depending on the level of average borrowing availability, was added to the applicable borrowing rates under the U.S. Credit Agreement. Fees on letters of credit issued under the U.S. Credit

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

Agreement were charged at a weighted average rate of 0.875% for all periods presented. The Company was also charged an unused line fee of 0.25% for all periods presented on the amount by which the maximum available credit exceeded the average daily outstanding borrowings and letters of credit.

On September 30, 2009, Grand & Toy Limited, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary in Canada, entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the Canadian Credit Agreement) with a group of banks. The Canadian Credit Agreement permitted Grand & Toy Limited to borrow up to a maximum of C\$60 million subject to a borrowing base calculation that limited availability to a percentage of eligible accounts receivable plus a percentage of the value of eligible inventory less certain reserves. The Canadian Credit Agreement could be increased (up to a maximum of C\$80 million) at Grand & Toy Limited's request or reduced from time to time, in each case according to the terms detailed in the Canadian Credit Agreement. Letters of credit, which could be issued under the Canadian Credit Agreement up to a maximum of C\$10 million, reduced available borrowing capacity under the Canadian Credit Agreement. At the end of the third quarter of 2011, Grand & Toy Limited was in compliance with all covenants under the Canadian Credit Agreement. On October 7, 2011, the Canadian Credit Agreement, which was scheduled to expire on July 12, 2012, was amended by a new agreement, discussed below.

On March 15, 2010, the Company's five wholly-owned subsidiaries based in Australia and New Zealand entered into a Facility Agreement (the Australia/New Zealand Credit Agreement) with a financial institution based in those countries. The Australia/New Zealand Credit Agreement permits the subsidiaries in Australia and New Zealand to borrow up to a maximum of A\$80 million subject to a borrowing base calculation that limits availability to a percentage of eligible accounts receivable plus a percentage of the value of certain owned properties, less certain reserves. At the end of the third quarter of 2011, the subsidiaries in Australia and New Zealand were in compliance with all covenants under the Australia/New Zealand Credit Agreement. The Australia/New Zealand Credit Agreement expires on March 15, 2013.

Availability under the Company's credit agreements at the end of the third quarter of 2011 was as follows:

	U.S. Credit Agreement	Canadian Credit Agreement	Australia/ New Zealand Credit Agreement	Total
	(millions of U.S. dollars)			
Maximum aggregate available borrowing amount	\$ 511.7	\$ 41.3	\$ 56.9	\$ 609.9
Less: Stand-by letters of credit	(52.0)			(52.0)
Amount available for borrowing	\$ 459.7	\$ 41.3	\$ 56.9	\$ 557.9

There were no borrowings under the Company's credit agreements during 2011.

On October 7, 2011, the Company entered into a Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the North American Credit Agreement) with a group of banks. The North American Credit Agreement amended both the U.S. Credit Agreement and the Canadian Credit Agreement and consolidated them into a single credit agreement. The North American Credit Agreement permits the Company to borrow up to a maximum of \$650 million, of which \$50 million (U.S. dollars) is allocated to Grand and Toy Limited and \$600 million is allocated to the Company and its other participating North American subsidiaries, in each case subject to a borrowing base calculation that limits availability to a percentage of eligible trade and credit card receivables plus a percentage of the value of eligible inventory less certain reserves. The North American Credit Agreement may be increased (up to a maximum of \$850 million) at the Company's request and the approval of lenders participating in the increase, or may be reduced from time to time at the Company's request, in each case according to the terms detailed in the North American Credit Agreement. Letters of credit, which may be issued

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

under the North American Credit Agreement up to a maximum of \$250 million, reduce available borrowing capacity. The North American Credit Agreement expires on October 7, 2016.

Borrowings under the North American Credit Agreement will be subject to interest at rates based on either the prime rate, the federal funds rate, LIBOR or the Canadian Dollar Offered Rate. An additional percentage, which varies depending on the level of average borrowing availability, will be added to the applicable rates. Fees on letters of credit issued under the North American Credit Agreement will be charged at rates between 1.25% and 2.25% depending on the type of letter of credit (i.e., stand-by or commercial) and the level of average borrowing availability. The Company will also be charged an unused line fee of between 0.375% and 0.5% on the amount by which the maximum available credit (i.e. \$650 million) exceeds the average daily outstanding borrowings and letters of credit. The unused line fee will be 0.5% until January 1, 2012, and thereafter will vary depending on the average outstanding borrowings and letters of credit.

Availability under the Company's North American Credit Agreement at the end of the third quarter, if the agreement had been in effect at that time, would have been as follows:

	North American Credit Agreement (millions of U.S. dollars)
Maximum aggregate available borrowing amount	\$ 618.6
Less: Stand-by letters of credit	(52.0)
Amount available for borrowing	\$ 566.6

Other

At the end of the first nine months of 2011, Grupo OfficeMax, our 51%-owned joint venture in Mexico, had total outstanding borrowings of \$10.3 million. This included \$6.0 million outstanding under a 60-month installment note due in the first quarter of 2014 and \$4.3 million outstanding under a 54-month installment note due in the third quarter of 2014. Payments on the installment loans are made monthly. Recourse on the Grupo OfficeMax loans is limited to Grupo OfficeMax. The installment loan maturing in the third quarter of 2014 is secured by certain owned property of Grupo OfficeMax. All other Grupo OfficeMax loan facilities are unsecured.

Cash Paid for Interest

Cash payments for interest, net of interest capitalized, were \$38.4 million and \$40.2 million for the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and included interest payments related to the Securitization Notes of \$19.9 million and \$19.9 million for the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively. Cash interest payments made on the Securitization Notes are completely offset by interest payments received on the Installment Notes.

6. Investment in Boise Cascade Holdings, L.L.C.

In connection with the sale of the paper, forest products and timberland assets in 2004, the Company invested \$175 million in affiliates of Boise Cascade, L.L.C. Due to restructurings conducted by those affiliates, our investment is currently in Boise Cascade Holdings, L.L.C. (the Boise Investment), a building products company.

A portion of the securities received in exchange for the Company's investment carry no voting rights. This investment is accounted for under the cost method as Boise Cascade Holdings, L.L.C. does not maintain separate ownership accounts for its affiliate's members, and the Company does not have the ability to significantly influence its operating and financial policies.

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

The Boise Investment represented a continuing involvement in the operations of the business we sold in 2004. Therefore, approximately \$180 million of gain realized from the sale was deferred. This gain is expected to be recognized in earnings as the Company's investment is reduced.

The non-voting securities of Boise Cascade Holdings, L.L.C. accrue dividends daily at the rate of 8% per annum on the liquidation value plus accumulated dividends. Dividends accumulate semiannually to the extent not paid in cash on the last day of June and December. The Company recognized dividend income on this investment of \$2.0 million and \$1.9 million in the third quarters of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$5.8 million and \$5.4 million in the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively. The dividend receivable was \$36.0 million at September 24, 2011, and was recorded in other non-current assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

7. Financial Instruments, Derivatives and Hedging Activities***Fair Value of Financial Instruments***

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, other assets (non-derivatives), short-term borrowings and trade accounts payable approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's other financial instruments at September 24, 2011 and December 25, 2010. The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

	September 24, 2011			Total	Carrying Amount
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
	Fair Value (thousands)				
Financial assets:					
Timber notes receivable					
Wachovia	\$	\$ 933,483	\$	\$ 933,483	\$ 817,500
Lehman	\$	\$	\$ 81,750	\$ 81,750	\$ 81,750
Financial liabilities:					
Recourse debt	\$ 79,236	\$ 163,467	\$	\$ 242,703	\$ 270,044
Non-recourse debt					
Wachovia	\$	\$ 850,195	\$	\$ 850,195	\$ 735,000
Lehman	\$	\$	\$ 81,750	\$ 81,750	\$ 735,000

	December 25, 2010			Total	Carrying Amount
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
	Fair Value (thousands)				
Financial assets:					
Timber notes receivable					
Wachovia	\$	\$ 888,288	\$	\$ 888,288	\$ 817,500
Lehman	\$	\$	\$ 81,750	\$ 81,750	\$ 81,750
Financial liabilities:					
Recourse debt	\$	\$ 255,519	\$	\$ 255,519	\$ 274,995
Non-recourse debt					
Wachovia	\$	\$ 811,093	\$	\$ 811,093	\$ 735,000
Lehman	\$	\$	\$ 81,750	\$ 81,750	\$ 735,000

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Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)

In establishing a fair value, there is a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The basis of the fair value measurement is categorized in three levels, in order of priority, described as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or financial instruments for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable, thus reflecting assumptions about the market participants.

The carrying amounts shown in the table are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets under the indicated captions. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Timber notes receivable: The fair value of the Wachovia Guaranteed Installment Notes is determined as the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the current interest rate for loans of similar terms with comparable credit risk (Level 2 inputs). The fair value of the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note reflects the estimated future cash flows of the note considering the estimated effects of the Lehman bankruptcy (Level 3 inputs).

Recourse debt: The Company's debt instruments are not widely traded. Recourse debt for which there were trades on the last day of the period (the measurement date) was valued using the unadjusted quoted price from the last trade on the measurement date (Level 1 input). Recourse debt for which there were no transactions on the measurement date was valued based on quoted market prices near the measurement date when available or by discounting the future cash flows of each instrument using rates based on the most recently observable trade or using rates currently offered to the Company for similar debt instruments of comparable maturities (Level 2 inputs).

Non-recourse debt: The fair value of the Securitization Notes supported by Wachovia is estimated by discounting the future cash flows of the instrument at rates currently available to the Company for similar instruments of comparable maturities (Level 2 inputs). The Securitization Notes supported by Lehman is estimated based on the future cash flows of the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note (the proceeds from which are the sole source of payment of this note) in a bankruptcy proceeding (Level 3 inputs).

During the first nine months of 2011, there was no change in assets and liabilities measured at estimated fair value using Level 3 inputs.

Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Changes in foreign currency exchange rates expose the Company to financial market risk. The Company occasionally uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, to manage its exposure associated with commercial transactions and certain liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the currency of the operating unit entering into the underlying transaction. The Company does not enter into derivative instruments for any other purpose. The Company does not speculate using derivative instruments. The fair values of derivative financial instruments were not material at the end of the third quarter of 2011 or at the end of fiscal year 2010.

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)****8. Income Taxes**

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction, and multiple state and foreign jurisdictions. Years prior to 2006 are no longer subject to U.S. Federal income tax examination. The Company is no longer subject to state income tax examinations by tax authorities in its major state jurisdictions for years before 2003, and the Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations prior to 2005 for its major foreign jurisdictions.

As discussed in Note 4, Timber Notes/Non-Recourse Debt, at the time of the sale of the timberlands in 2004, we generated a tax gain and recognized the related deferred tax liability. The timber installment notes structure allowed the Company to defer the resulting tax liability of \$543 million until 2020, the maturity date for the Installment Notes. Due to the Lehman bankruptcy and note defaults, the recognition of the Lehman portion of the gain will be triggered when the Lehman Guaranteed Installment Note is transferred to the Securitization Note holders as payment and/or when the Lehman bankruptcy is resolved. At that time, we expect to reduce the estimated tax payment due by utilizing our available alternative minimum tax credits.

As of September 24, 2011, the Company had \$21.2 million of total gross unrecognized tax benefits, \$7.1 million of which would affect the Company's effective tax rate if recognized and would result from the effective settlement of tax positions with various tax authorities. The Company does not anticipate the settlement of these items to occur within the next twelve months.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending gross unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

	(thousands)
Balance at December 25, 2010	\$ 20,863
Increase related to prior year tax positions	388
Settlement	(8)
 Balance at September 24, 2011	 \$ 21,243

During the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, the Company made cash payments for income taxes, net of refunds received, as follows:

	2011	2010
	(thousands)	
Cash tax payments, net	\$ 12,087	\$ 5,900

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)****9. Retirement and Benefit Plans****Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Income)**

The following represents the components of net periodic pension and other postretirement benefit costs (income) which are recorded in operating, selling and general and administrative expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations:

	Three Months Ended			
	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	September 24, 2011	September 25, 2010	September 24, 2011	September 25, 2010
	(thousands)			
Service cost	\$ 636	\$ 691	\$ 57	\$ 65
Interest cost	17,544	18,553	253	301
Expected return on plan assets	(19,264)	(20,873)		
Recognized actuarial loss	4,309	3,310	55	56
Amortization of prior service costs			(1,002)	(1,001)
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$ 3,225	\$ 1,681	\$ (637)	\$ (579)

	Nine Months Ended			
	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	September 24, 2011	September 25, 2010	September 24, 2011	September 25, 2010
	(thousands)			
Service cost	\$ 1,909	\$ 2,074	\$ 172	\$ 196
Interest cost	52,632	55,660	761	906
Expected return on plan assets	(59,467)	(62,620)		
Recognized actuarial loss	13,062	9,929	165	168
Amortization of prior service costs and other		379	(3,007)	(3,004)
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$ 8,136	\$ 5,422	\$ (1,909)	\$ (1,734)

Cash Flows

The Company expects to fund the minimum pension contribution requirement for 2011 of approximately \$3.7 million with cash. As of September 24, 2011, \$2.5 million in cash has been contributed.

10. Segment Information

The Company manages its business using three reportable segments: Contract, Retail, and Corporate and Other. Management reviews the performance of the Company based on these segments.

Contract distributes a broad line of items for the office, including office supplies and paper, technology products and solutions, print and document services and office furniture. Contract sells directly to large corporate and government offices, as well as to small and medium-sized offices in the United States, Canada, Australia and New Zealand. This segment markets and sells through field salespeople, outbound telesales, catalogs, the Internet and in some markets, including Canada, Australia and New Zealand, through office products stores. Substantially all products sold by Contract are purchased from third-party manufacturers or industry wholesalers. Contract purchases office papers primarily from

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Boise White Paper, L.L.C., under a paper supply contract. See Note 15, Commitments , for information regarding the paper supply contract.

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

Retail is a retail distributor of office supplies and paper, print and document services, technology products and solutions and office furniture. In addition, this segment contracts with large national retail chains to supply office and school supplies to be sold in their stores. Retail office supply stores feature OfficeMax ImPress, an in-store module devoted to print-for-pay and related services. Retail has operations in the United States, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. The retail segment also operates office products stores in Mexico through a 51%-owned joint venture. Substantially all products sold by Retail are purchased from third-party manufacturers or industry wholesalers. Retail purchases office papers primarily from Boise White Paper, L.L.C., under the paper supply contract described above.

Corporate and Other includes corporate support staff services and certain other legacy expenses as well as the related assets and liabilities. The income and expense related to certain assets and liabilities that are reported in the Corporate and Other segment have been allocated to the Contract and Retail segments.

Management evaluates the segments' performances using segment income (loss) which is based on operating income (loss) after eliminating the effect of certain operating items that are not indicative of our core operations such as severances, facility closures and adjustments, and asset impairments. These certain operating items are reported on the other operating expenses, net line in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following tables contain details of the Company's operations by segment:

	Sales	Segment income (loss) (thousands)	Other operating, income (expense)	Operating income (loss)
Three months ended September 24, 2011				
Contract	\$ 883,300	\$ 23,277	\$	\$ 23,277
Retail	891,467	28,499		28,499
Corporate and Other		(10,480)		(10,480)
Total	\$ 1,774,767	\$ 41,296	\$	\$ 41,296

Three months ended September 25, 2010				
Contract	\$ 877,262	\$ 19,541	\$	\$ 19,541
Retail	936,104	32,399		32,399
Corporate and Other		(11,016)		(11,016)
Total	\$ 1,813,366	\$ 40,924	\$	\$ 40,924

	Sales	Segment income (loss) (thousands)	Other operating, income (expense)	Operating income (loss)
Nine months ended September 24, 2011				
Contract	\$ 2,689,305	\$ 49,707	\$ (8,058)	\$ 41,649
Retail	2,596,079	62,088	(5,858)	56,230
Corporate and Other		(23,950)		(23,950)
Total	\$ 5,285,384	\$ 87,845	\$ (13,916)	\$ 73,929

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Nine months ended September 25, 2010

Contract	\$ 2,720,788	\$ 72,700	\$ (861)	\$ 71,839
Retail	2,663,006	85,049	(14,450)	70,599
Corporate and Other		(28,012)	3,963	(24,049)
Total	\$ 5,383,794	\$ 129,737	\$ (11,348)	\$ 118,389

Interest expense, interest income, and other income (expense), net are not recorded by segments.

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)****11. Share-Based Compensation**

The Company sponsors several share-based compensation plans. The Company recognizes compensation expense from all share-based payment transactions with employees in the consolidated financial statements based on grant date fair value. Pre-tax compensation expense related to the Company's share-based plans was \$3.6 million and \$2.5 million for the third quarters of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$12.3 million and \$8.4 million for the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively. Compensation expense is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of grants. The total income tax benefit recognized in the consolidated statement of operations for share-based compensation arrangements was \$1.4 million and \$1.0 million for the third quarters of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$4.8 million and \$3.3 million for the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units

The Company recognizes compensation expense related to restricted stock and Restricted Stock Unit (RSU) awards over the vesting periods based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant dates. The Company calculates the grant date fair value of the RSU awards by multiplying the number of RSU awards by the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. If these awards contain performance criteria, the grant date fair value is estimated assuming performance at target, and management periodically reviews actual performance against the criteria and adjusts compensation expense accordingly. Pre-tax compensation expense related to restricted stock and RSU awards was \$0.5 million and \$1.7 million for the third quarters of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$3.7 million and \$5.1 million for the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively. The remaining compensation expense to be recognized related to outstanding restricted stock and RSUs, net of estimated forfeitures, is approximately \$3.2 million. The remaining compensation expense will be recognized through the second quarter of 2014.

A summary of restricted stock and RSU activity for the first nine months of 2011 is presented in the following table:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Nonvested, December 25, 2010	2,111,135	\$ 13.89
Granted	608,204	12.65
Vested	(964,913)	15.73
Forfeited	(135,652)	12.62
Nonvested, September 24, 2011	1,618,774	\$ 12.43

Stock Options

The Company's stock options are issued at an exercise price equal to fair market value of the Company's common stock on the grant date and typically expire within seven years of the grant date. Stock options granted under the OfficeMax Incentive and Performance Plan generally vest over a three year period. The grant date fair value used to calculate compensation expense related to stock option awards is based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Pre-tax compensation expense related to stock option awards was \$3.1 million and \$0.8 million for the third quarters of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$8.6 million and \$3.3 million for the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively. The remaining compensation expense to be recognized related to outstanding stock options net of estimated forfeitures is approximately \$11.2 million. The majority of the remaining compensation expense will be recognized through the second quarter of 2014.

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)**

A summary of stock option activity for the first nine months of 2011 is presented in the following table:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Balance at December 25, 2010	4,313,290	\$ 16.52
Options granted	1,227,280	14.84
Options exercised	(405,988)	4.80
Options forfeited and expired	(309,356)	16.41
Balance at September 24, 2011	4,825,226	\$ 17.09
Exercisable at September 24, 2011	1,800,815	
Per-share weighted average fair value of options granted (Black-Scholes)	\$ 7.86	

The following table provides summarized information about stock options outstanding at September 24, 2011:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$2.50 \$3.00	11,171		\$ 2.50	11,171	\$ 2.50
\$4.00 \$7.00	1,095,759	4.8	5.04	506,227	4.72
\$10.00 \$16.00	862,996	5.5	14.15	264,317	14.51
\$16.00 \$17.00	861,200	6.4	16.86		
\$18.00 \$19.00	975,000	6.1	18.15		
\$24.00 \$37.00	1,019,100	1.2	31.88	1,019,100	31.88

At September 24, 2011, the aggregate intrinsic value was \$0.1 million for outstanding stock options and \$0.1 million for exercisable stock options. The aggregate intrinsic value represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (i.e., the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the third quarter of 2011 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money stock options at the end of the quarter).

During the first nine months of 2011, the Company granted stock options for 1,227,280 shares of our common stock and estimated the fair value of each stock option award on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 2.00%, expected life of 4.5 years and expected stock price volatility of 64.89%. The risk-free interest rate assumptions are based on the applicable Treasury bill rates over the stock options' expected lives; the expected life assumptions are based on the time period stock options are expected to be outstanding based on historical experience; and the expected stock price volatility assumptions are based on the historical and implied volatility of the Company's common stock.

Table of Contents**Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)****12. Shareholders' Equity and Noncontrolling Interest**

The following table reflects changes in shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interest for the first nine months of 2011.

	Shareholders Equity	Noncontrolling Interest
	(thousands)	
Balance at December 25, 2010	\$ 600,765	\$ 49,246
Comprehensive income:		
Net income attributable to OfficeMax and noncontrolling interest	31,478	3,113
Other comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(8,964)	53
Amortization of unrecognized retirement and benefit costs, net of tax	9,070	
Unrealized hedge gain adjustment, net of tax	1,272	
Comprehensive income attributable to OfficeMax and noncontrolling interest	32,856	3,166
Preferred stock dividends	(2,126)	
Stock-based compensation	12,317	
Noncontrolling interest fair value adjustment	17,763	(17,763)
Other	(3,939)	(17)
Balance at September 24, 2011	\$ 657,636	\$ 34,632

In accordance with an amended and restated joint venture agreement, the minority owner of Grupo OfficeMax, our joint-venture in Mexico, can elect to require OfficeMax to purchase the minority owner's 49% interest in the joint venture if certain earnings targets are achieved. Earnings targets are calculated quarterly on a rolling four-quarter basis. Accordingly, the targets may be achieved in one quarter but not in the next. If the earnings targets are achieved and the minority owner elects to require OfficeMax to purchase the minority owner's interest, the purchase price is based on the joint venture's earnings and the current market multiples of similar companies. At the end of the third quarter of 2011, Grupo OfficeMax met the earnings targets and the estimated purchase price was \$28.5 million. The decrease in the estimated purchase price from the second quarter is attributable to lower market multiples for similar companies as of the measurement date. As the estimated purchase price was less than the carrying value of the noncontrolling interest as of the end of the third quarter, the Company reduced the noncontrolling interest to the carrying value, with the offset recorded to additional paid-in capital. There is no impairment relating to the assets of the joint venture as the estimated future cash flows support the overall carrying value of its assets.

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Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Continued)

13. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) includes the following:

**Three Months
Ended** &nb