S&T BANCORP INC Form 10-K February 29, 2008

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### Form 10-K

x Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007

Commission file number 1-12508

## **S&T BANCORP, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Pennsylvania (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation of organization)

25-1434426 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

800 Philadelphia Street, Indiana, PA
(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code (800) 325-2265

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, Par Value \$2.50 per share

(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes "No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this form 10-K or any amendment to this form 10-K. {"}

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No x

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by nonaffiliates of the registrant as of June 30, 2007:

Common Stock, \$2.50 par value \$760,793,188

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer s classes of common stock as of February 11, 2008:

Common Stock, \$2.50 par value 24,586,486 shares

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the proxy statement for the annual shareholders meeting to be held April 21, 2008 are incorporated by reference into Part III.

	Part I	
Item 1.	Business	3
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	8
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments	9
Item 2.	Properties	10
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	11
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	11
	Part II	
Item 5.	Market for Registrant s Common Equity, Related Shareholder Matters and Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities	11
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data	13
Item 7.	Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	14
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	35
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	38
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosures	71
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	71
Item 9B.	Other Information	71
	Part III	
Item 10.	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	71
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	71
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Shareholder Matters	71
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	72
Item 14.	Principal Accounting Fees and Services	72
	Part IV	
Item 15.	Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules	72
	Signatures	74

#### Part I

#### Item 1. BUSINESS General

S&T Bancorp, Inc. ( S&T ; references to we or us refers to S&T, including on a consolidated basis with our subsidiaries where appropriate) was incorporated on March 17, 1983 under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as a bank holding company and has two wholly owned subsidiaries, S&T Bank and 9th Street Holdings, Inc. S&T owns a one-half interest in Commonwealth Trust Credit Life Insurance Company ( CTCLIC ). S&T is registered as a financial holding company with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended ( BHCA ).

As of December 31, 2007, S&T had approximately \$3.4 billion in total assets, \$337.6 million in total shareholder s equity and \$2.6 billion in total deposits. S&T Bank deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) to the maximum extent provided by law.

S&T Bank is a full service bank with its Main Office at 800 Philadelphia Street, Indiana, Pennsylvania, providing services to its customers through a branch network of 46 offices located in Allegheny, Armstrong, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Indiana, Jefferson and Westmoreland counties of Pennsylvania.

S&T Bank s services include accepting time and demand deposit accounts, originating commercial and consumer loans, providing letters of credit, offering discount brokerage services, personal financial planning, credit card services and insurance products. Management believes that S&T Bank has a relatively stable deposit base and no material amount of deposits is obtained from a single depositor or group of depositors (including federal, state and local governments). S&T Bank has not experienced significant fluctuations in deposits.

Total wealth management assets under management were approximately \$1.3 billion at December 31, 2007. Wealth management services include services as executor and trustee under wills and deeds, as guardian and custodian of employee benefits and other trusts and brokerage services.

S&T Bank has four wholly owned subsidiaries, S&T Insurance Group, LLC, S&T Bancholdings, Inc., S&T Professional Resources Group, LLC and Stewart Capital Advisors, LLC. In May 2002, S&T Professional Resources Group, LLC was formed to market software developed by S&T Bank. In August 2002, S&T Bancholdings, Inc. was formed as an investment holding company. In August 2002, S&T Bank acquired Evergreen Insurance Associates, Inc., a multi-line insurance agency with a client base in Pennsylvania, Maryland and West Virginia. Evergreen Insurance Associates, Inc. was merged into Evergreen Acquisition, LLC, with a resulting name change to Evergreen Insurance Associates, LLC (Evergreen), a wholly owned subsidiary of S&T Insurance Group, LLC. Evergreen provides insurance programs structured to the individual needs of its customers, and offers a full line of commercial property and casualty insurance, group life and health coverage, employee benefit solutions as well as personal insurance. Stewart Capital Advisors, LLC, formed in August 2005, is a registered investment advisor that manages private investment accounts for individuals and institutions and advises the Stewart Capital Mutual Funds.

#### **Pending Acquisition**

On December 17, 2007, S&T announced that it would acquire IBT Bancorp, Inc., of Irwin, Pennsylvania ( IBT ), in a stock and cash transaction valued at approximately \$171 million as of that date. The transaction is an in-market transaction that will expand S&T s existing footprint in the Westmoreland and Allegheny counties of Pennsylvania. The combined company will have over \$4.1 billion in assets and increase its market share from 5 percent to approximately 12 percent in Westmoreland County. IBT shareholders will receive either \$31.00 cash or between 0.93 and 0.97 of a fraction of a share of S&T common stock for each of their shares of IBT common stock, with the precise fraction of a share based upon the average high and low sale price for S&T common stock for a twenty trading day period preceding the date of the meeting of IBT shareholders at which the merger will be considered.

#### **Employees**

As of December 31, 2007, S&T and its subsidiaries had 806 full-time equivalent employees. S&T provides a variety of employment benefits and considers its relationship with its employees to be good.

#### Access to United States Securities and Exchange Commission Filings

All reports filed electronically by S&T with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and our annual proxy statements, as well as any amendments to those reports, are accessible at no cost on our website at www.stbancorp.com. These filings are also accessible on the SEC s website at www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any material S&T files with the SEC at the SEC s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. S&T s Corporate Governance Guidelines; the charters of the Audit Committee, the Compensation and Benefits Committee, and the Nominating and Governance Committee; and the Code of Business Conduct & Ethics are also available on S&T s website.

#### **Supervision and Regulation**

#### General

S&T and S&T Bank are each extensively regulated under federal and state law. The following describes certain aspects of such regulation and does not purport to be a complete description of all regulations that affect S&T or all aspects of such regulations.

To the extent statutory or regulatory provisions are described, the description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the particular statutory or regulatory provisions. Proposals to change the laws and regulations governing the banking industry are frequently raised in Congress, in state legislatures and before the various bank regulatory agencies. The likelihood and timing of any changes and the impact such changes might have on S&T or S&T Bank is impossible to determine with any certainty.

Any change in applicable laws or regulations, or in the way such laws or regulations are interpreted by regulatory agencies or courts, may have a material impact on our business, operations and earnings.

#### S&T

S&T is a bank holding company subject to regulation under the BHCA, and the examination and reporting requirements of the Federal Reserve System (the Federal Reserve Board ). Under the BHCA, a bank holding company may not directly or indirectly acquire ownership or control of more than five percent of the voting shares or substantially all of the assets of any additional bank, or merge or consolidate with another bank holding company, without the prior approval of the Federal Reserve Board. As noted, on December 17, 2007, S&T announced that it would acquire IBT. Consummation of the transaction is subject to receipt by S&T of required regulatory approvals. S&T has applied for or is in the process of applying for such approvals.

In addition, S&T has received such approvals from the Federal Reserve Board for the following passive ownership positions:

		% of Outstanding Shares
Name of Entity	% Approved	Owned by S&T
Allegheny Valley Bancorp, Inc.	24.9%	14.8%
CBT Financial Corp.	9.9%	5.4%
IBT Bancorp, Inc.	9.9%	8.1%

S&T elected to become a financial holding company under the BHCA in 2001 and thereby engage in a broader range of financial and other activities than are permissible for traditional bank holding companies. In order to qualify and maintain its status as a financial holding company, the depository institutions controlled by S&T must remain well capitalized and well managed (as defined in federal law), and have at least a satisfactory Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) rating. S&T and S&T Bank currently satisfy these criteria. No regulatory approval is required for a financial holding company to acquire a company, other than a bank or savings association, engaged in activities that are financial in nature or incidental to activities that are financial in nature, as determined by the Federal Reserve Board. The BHCA identifies several activities as financial in nature including, among others, securities underwriting, dealing and market making; sponsoring mutual funds and investment companies; insurance underwriting and sales agency; investment advisory activities; merchant banking activities; and activities that the Federal Reserve Board has determined to be closely related to banking or a proper incident thereto. Banks also may engage, subject to limitations on investment, in activities that are financial in nature, other than insurance underwriting, insurance company portfolio investment, real estate development and real estate investment, through a financial subsidiary of the bank, if the bank is well capitalized, well managed and has at least a satisfactory CRA rating.

If S&T Bank ceases to be well capitalized or well managed, S&T will not be in compliance with the requirements of the BHCA regarding financial holding companies. If a financial holding company is notified by the Federal Reserve Bank of such a change in the ratings of any of its subsidiary banks, it must take certain corrective actions within specified time frames. Furthermore, if S&T Bank were to receive a CRA rating of less than satisfactory, then S&T would be prohibited from engaging in new activities or acquiring companies other than bank holding companies, banks or savings associations until the rating is raised to satisfactory or better.

S&T is presently engaged in nonbanking activities through the following six entities: 9th Street Holdings, Inc., S&T Bancholdings, Inc., CTCLIC, S&T Insurance Group, LLC, S&T Professional Resources Group, LLC and Stewart Capital Advisors, LLC. 9th Street Holdings, Inc. was formed in June 1988 and S&T Bancholdings, Inc. was formed in August 2002 to hold and manage a group of investments previously owned by S&T Bank and to give S&T additional latitude to purchase other investments. CTCLIC, which is a joint venture with another financial institution, acts as a reinsurer of credit life, accident and health insurance policies sold by S&T Bank and the other institution. S&T Insurance Group, LLC distributes high-quality life insurance and long-term disability income insurance products. During 2002, S&T Insurance Group, LLC expanded into the property and casualty insurance business with the acquisition of Evergreen Insurance Associates, LLC. S&T Professional Resources Group, LLC markets software developed by S&T Bank. Stewart Capital Advisors, LLC, formed in August 2005, is a registered investment advisor that manages private investment accounts for individuals and institutions and advises the Stewart Capital Mutual Funds. S&T also is subject to the supervision and regulation of the Pennsylvania Department of Banking (PADB).

#### S&T Bank

As a state-chartered, commercial bank, the deposits of which are insured by the FDIC, S&T Bank is subject to the supervision and regulation of the PADB and the FDIC. S&T Bank also is subject to various requirements and restrictions under federal and state law, including requirements to maintain reserves against deposits, restrictions on the types, amount and terms and conditions of loans that may be granted, and limits on the type of other activities in which S&T Bank may engage and the investments it may make.

S&T Bank also is subject to federal laws that limit the amount of transactions between itself and S&T or S&T s nonbank subsidiaries. Under these provisions, transactions by a bank with its parent company or any nonbank affiliate generally are limited to 10 percent of the bank subsidiary s capital and surplus or 20 percent in the aggregate. Further, loans and extensions of credit generally are required to be secured by eligible collateral in specified amounts. Federal law also imposes similar restrictions on transactions between a bank and its financial subsidiaries. A bank, such as S&T Bank, is prohibited from purchasing any low quality asset from an affiliate. S&T Bank is in compliance with these provisions.

#### **Insurance of Accounts; Depositor Preference**

The deposits of S&T Bank are insured up to applicable limits per insured depositor by the FDIC. As an FDIC-insured bank, S&T Bank also is subject to FDIC insurance assessments. As a result of the Federal Deposit Insurance Reform Act of 2005, the FDIC adopted a revised risk-based assessment system to determine assessment rates to be paid by member institutions such as S&T Bank. Under this revised assessment system, risk is defined and measured using an institution supervisory ratings with certain other risk measures, including certain financial ratios. The annual rates for 2008 for institutions in risk category I range from 5 to 7 basis points, the rate for institutions in risk category II is 28 basis points. These rates may be offset by a one time assessment credit held by an institution, based on the assessment base of that institution as of December 31, 1996, and in the future by dividends that may be declared by the FDIC if the deposit reserve ratio increases above a certain amount. The FDIC may raise or lower these assessment rates based on various factors to achieve a reserve ratio, which the FDIC currently has set at 1.25 percent of insured deposits.

In addition to deposit insurance fund assessments, the FDIC assesses all insured deposits a special assessment to fund the repayment of debt obligations of the Financing Corporation (FICO). FICO is a government-sponsored entity that was formed to borrow the money necessary to carry out the closing and ultimate disposition of failed thrift institutions by the Resolution Trust Corporation. At December 31, 2007, the annualized rate established by the FDIC for the FICO assessment was 1.14 basis points per \$100 of insured deposits.

Under federal law, deposits and certain claims for administrative expenses and employee compensation against insured depository institutions are afforded a priority over other general unsecured claims against such an institution, including federal funds and letters of credit, in the liquidation or other resolution of such an institution by any receiver appointed by regulatory authorities. Such priority creditors would include the FDIC.

#### Capital

The Federal Reserve Board and the FDIC have issued substantially similar risk-based and leverage capital guidelines applicable to banking organizations they supervise. Under the risk-based capital requirements, both S&T and S&T Bank generally are required to maintain a minimum ratio of total capital to risk-weighted assets (including certain off-balance sheet activities, such as standby letters of credit) of 8.00 percent. At least half of the total capital must be composed of common equity, retained earnings and qualifying perpetual preferred stock, less certain intangibles ( Tier 1 capital ). The remainder may consist of certain subordinated debt, certain hybrid capital instruments and other qualifying preferred stock, and a limited amount of the loan loss allowance ( Tier 2 capital and, together with Tier 1 capital, Total capital ). At December 31, 2007, S&T s Tier 1 and Total capital ratios were 9.50 percent and 11.64 percent, respectively, and the ratios of Tier 1 capital and Total capital to total risk-adjusted assets for S&T Bank were 8.68 percent and 10.72 percent, respectively.

In addition, each of the federal bank regulatory agencies has established minimum leverage capital ratio requirements for banking organizations. These requirements provide for a minimum leverage ratio of Tier 1 capital to adjusted average quarterly assets equal to 3.00 percent for bank and bank holding companies that meet certain specified criteria, including that they have the highest regulatory rating and are not experiencing significant growth or expansion. All other banks and bank holding companies generally are required to maintain a leverage ratio of at least 100 to 200 basis points above the stated minimum. At December 31, 2007, S&T s leverage ratio was 8.57 percent, and S&T Bank s leverage ratio was 7.82 percent.

Both the Federal Reserve Board and the FDIC s risk-based capital standards explicitly identify concentrations of credit risk and the risk arising from non-traditional activities, as well as an institution s ability to manage these risks, as important factors to be taken into account by the agency in assessing an institution s overall capital adequacy. The capital guidelines also provide that an institution s exposure to a decline in the economic value of its capital due to changes in interest rates be considered by the agency as a factor in evaluating a bank s capital adequacy. The Federal Reserve Board also has issued additional capital guidelines for certain bank holding companies that engage in trading activities. S&T does not believe that consideration of these additional factors will affect the regulators assessment of S&T or S&T Bank s capital position.

#### Payment of Dividends

S&T is a legal entity separate and distinct from its banking and other subsidiaries. A substantial portion of S&T s revenues consists of dividend payments it receives from S&T Bank. S&T Bank, in turn, is subject to state laws and regulations that limit the amount of dividends it can pay to S&T. In addition, both S&T and S&T Bank are subject to various general regulatory policies relating to the payment of dividends, including requirements to maintain adequate capital above regulatory minimums. The Federal Reserve Board has indicated that banking organizations should generally pay dividends only if (1) the organization s net income available to common shareholders over the past year has been sufficient to fund fully the dividends and (2) the prospective rate of earnings retention appears consistent with the organization s capital needs, asset quality and overall financial condition. S&T does not expect that any of these laws, regulations or policies will materially influence S&T or S&T Bank s ability to pay dividends. During the year ended December 31, 2007, S&T Bank paid \$45.2 million in cash dividends to S&T.

#### Other Safety and Soundness Regulations

There are a number of obligations and restrictions imposed on bank holding companies such as S&T and its depository institution subsidiary by federal law and regulatory policy that are designed to reduce potential loss exposure to the depositors of such depository institutions and to the FDIC insurance funds in the event the depository institution becomes in danger of default or in default. Under current federal law for example, the federal banking agencies possess broad powers to take prompt corrective action to resolve problems of insured depository institutions. The extent of these powers depends upon whether the institution in question is well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized, or critically undercapitalized, as defined by the law. Under regulations established by the federal banking agencies, a well capitalized institution must have a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 6.00 percent, a Total capital ratio of at least 10.00 percent and a leverage ratio of at least 5.00 percent, a Total capital ratio of at least 4.00 percent, a Total capital ratio of at least 4.00 percent, a Total capital ratio of at least 4.00 percent, a Total capital ratio of at least 4.00 percent, or 3.00 percent in some cases. As of December 31, 2007, S&T Bank was classified as well capitalized. The classification of depository institutions is primarily for the purpose of applying the federal banking agencies prompt corrective action provisions and is not intended to be and should not be interpreted as a representation of overall financial condition or prospects of any financial institution.

The federal banking agencies prompt corrective action powers (which increase depending upon the degree to which an institution is undercapitalized) can include, among other things, requiring an insured depository institution to adopt a capital restoration plan which cannot be approved unless guaranteed by the institution s parent company; placing limits on asset growth and restrictions on activities, including restrictions on transactions with affiliates; restricting the interest rates the institution may pay on deposits; prohibiting the payment of principal or interest on subordinated debt; prohibiting the holding company from making capital distributions without prior regulatory approval; and, ultimately, appointing a receiver for the institution. Among other things, only a well capitalized depository institution may accept brokered deposits without prior regulatory approval. In addition to the foregoing, current Federal Reserve Board policy with respect to bank holding company operations requires a bank holding company to serve as a source of financial strength to its subsidiary depository institutions and to commit resources to support such institutions in circumstances where it might not do so otherwise.

The federal banking agencies also have adopted guidelines prescribing safety and soundness standards relating to internal controls and information systems, internal audit systems, loan documentation, credit underwriting, interest rate exposure, asset growth and compensation, fees and benefits. In general, the guidelines require, among other things, appropriate systems and practices to identify and manage the risks and exposures specified in the guidelines. The guidelines prohibit excessive compensation as an unsafe and unsound practice and describe compensation as excessive when the amounts paid are unreasonable or disproportionate to the services performed by an executive officer, employee, director or principal shareholder. In addition, the agencies adopted regulations that authorize, but do not require, an agency to order an institution that has been given notice by an agency that it is not in compliance with any of such safety and soundness standards to submit a compliance plan. If, after being so notified, an institution fails to submit an acceptable compliance plan, the agency must issue an order directing action to correct the deficiency and may issue an order directing other actions of the types to which an undercapitalized institution is subject under the prompt corrective action provisions described above.

#### **Regulatory Enforcement Authority**

The enforcement powers available to federal banking agencies are substantial and include, among other things and in addition to other powers described herein, the ability to assess civil money penalties, to issue cease-and-desist or removal orders and to initiate injunctive actions against banks and bank holding companies and institution affiliated parties, as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIA). In general, these enforcement actions may be initiated for violations of laws and regulations and unsafe or unsound practices. Other actions or inactions may provide the basis for enforcement action, including misleading or untimely reports filed with regulatory authorities.

The PADB also has broad enforcement powers over S&T Bank, including the power to impose fines and other civil and criminal penalties, and to appoint a conservator or receiver.

#### **Interstate Banking and Branching**

The BHCA currently permits bank holding companies from any state to acquire banks and bank holding companies located in any other state, subject to certain conditions, including certain nationwide and state-imposed deposit concentration limits. S&T Bank has the ability, subject to certain restrictions, to acquire by acquisition or merger, branches of banks located outside of Pennsylvania, its home state. The establishment of de novo interstate branches is also possible in those states where expressly permitted. Once a bank has established branches in a state through an interstate merger transaction, the bank may establish and acquire additional branches at any location in the state where a bank headquartered in that state could have established or acquired branches under applicable federal or state law.

#### **Community Reinvestment and Consumer Protection Laws**

In connection with its lending activities, S&T Bank is subject to a number of federal laws designed to protect borrowers and promote lending to various sectors of the economy and population. These include the Equal Credit Opportunity Act, the Truth-in-Lending Act, the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, the Fair Credit Reporting Act and the CRA. In addition, rules developed by the federal banking agencies pursuant to federal law require disclosure of privacy policies to consumers and in some circumstances, allow consumers to prevent the disclosure of certain personal information to nonaffiliated third parties.

The CRA requires the appropriate federal banking agency, in connection with its examination of a bank, to assess the bank s record in meeting the credit needs of the communities served by the bank, including low and moderate-income neighborhoods. Furthermore, such assessment also is required of any bank that has applied, among other things, to merge or consolidate with or acquire the assets or assume the liabilities of an insured depository institution, or to open or relocate a branch office. In the case of a bank holding company (including a financial holding company) applying for approval to acquire a bank or bank holding company, the Federal Reserve Board will assess the record of each subsidiary bank of the applicant bank holding company in considering the application. Under the CRA, institutions are assigned a rating of outstanding, satisfactory, needs to improve or unsatisfactory. S&T Bank was rated satisfactory in its most recent CRA evaluation.

#### **Anti-Money Laundering Legislation**

S&T Bank is subject to the Bank Secrecy Act and its implementing regulations and other anti-money laundering laws and regulations, including the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001. Among other things, these laws and regulations require S&T Bank to take steps to prevent the use of S&T Bank to facilitate the flow of illegal or illicit money, to report large currency transactions and to file suspicious activity reports. S&T Bank also is required to develop and implement a comprehensive anti-money laundering compliance program. Banks also must have in place appropriate know your customer policies and procedures. Violations of these requirements can result in substantial civil and criminal sanctions. In addition, provisions of the USA PATRIOT Act require the federal financial institution regulatory agencies to consider the effectiveness of a financial institution s anti-money laundering activities when reviewing bank mergers and bank holding company acquisitions.

#### Competition

S&T Bank competes with other local, regional and national financial service providers, such as other financial holding companies, commercial banks, savings associations, credit unions, finance companies and brokerage and insurance firms. The financial service industry is likely to become more competitive as further technological advances enable more companies to provide financial services on a more efficient and convenient basis.

#### Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Investments in S&T common stock involve risk. The following discussion highlights risks management believes are material for our company, but does not necessarily include all risks that S&T may face.

The market price of S&T common stock may fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, including:

changes in securities analysts estimates of financial performance
volatility of stock market prices and volumes
changes in market valuations of similar companies
changes in conditions in credit markets
new products or services offered in the banking and/or financial services industries
variations in quarterly or annual operating results

new litigation

changes in accounting policies or procedures as may be required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) or other regulatory agencies

If S&T does not adjust to changes in the financial services industry, its financial performance may suffer.

S&T s future financial performance will depend in part on its ability to expand its scope of available financial services to its customers. In addition to other banks, competitors include security dealers, brokers, mortgage bankers, investment advisors, and finance and insurance companies. The increasingly competitive environment is, in part, a result of changes in regulation, changes in technology and product delivery systems, and the accelerating pace of consolidation among financial service providers.

#### Item 1A. RISK FACTORS - continued

#### Future governmental regulation and legislation could limit our growth.

S&T is subject to extensive state and federal regulation, supervision and legislation that govern nearly every aspect of our operations. Changes to these laws could affect our ability to deliver or expand our services and diminish the value of our business. See Supervision and Regulation for additional information.

#### Interest rate movements impact the earnings of S&T.

S&T is exposed to interest rate risk, through the operations of its banking subsidiary, since substantially all of S&T Bank s assets and liabilities are monetary in nature. Interest rate risk arises from market driven fluctuations in interest rates that affect cash flows, income, expense and value of financial instruments. S&T Bank s earnings, like that of most financial institutions, largely depend on net interest income, which is the difference between the interest income earned on interest-earning assets, such as loans and investments, and the interest expense paid on interest-bearing liabilities, such as deposits and borrowings. In an increasing interest rate environment, the cost of funds sometimes increases more rapidly than the interest earned on the loans and securities because the primary source of funds are deposits with generally shorter maturities than the maturities on loans and investment securities. This could cause the net interest rate spread to compress and negatively impact S&T Bank s profitability.

## S&T s business strategy includes growth plans through internal growth and acquisitions. Our financial condition and results of operations could be negatively affected if we fail to grow or fail to manage our growth effectively.

S&T intends to continue pursuing a profitable growth strategy. Our prospects must be considered in light of the risks, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in growth stages of development. We cannot assure you that we will be able to expand our market presence in our existing markets or successfully enter new markets or that any such expansion will not adversely affect our results of operations. Failure to manage our growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, future prospects, financial condition or results of operations and could adversely affect our ability to successfully implement our business strategy. Also, if we grow more slowly than anticipated, our operating results could be materially adversely affected.

Our ability to grow successfully will depend on a variety of factors including the continued availability of desirable business opportunities, the competitive responses from other financial institutions in our market areas and our ability to manage our growth. There can be no assurance that growth opportunities will be available or that growth will be successfully managed.

#### Weakness in the economy and in the real estate market may adversely affect S&T.

If the strength of the U.S. economy or the real estate market in general declines, this could result in, among other things, a deterioration in credit quality or a reduced demand for credit, including a resultant effect on S&T s loan portfolio and allowance for loan losses.

#### Downturn in the local economies may adversely affect our business.

S&T s business is concentrated in the western-Pennsylvania area. As a result, its financial condition, results of operations and cash flows are subject to changes if there are changes in the economic conditions in this area. A prolonged period of economic recession or other adverse economic conditions in this area could have a negative impact on S&T. S&T can provide no assurance that conditions in its market area economies will not deteriorate in the future and that such deterioration would not have a material adverse effect on S&T.

#### Item 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

There were no unresolved comments received from the SEC regarding S&T s periodic or current reports within the last 180 days prior to December 31, 2007.

#### Item 2. PROPERTIES

S&T operates 46 banking offices in Allegheny, Armstrong, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Indiana, Jefferson, Westmoreland and surrounding counties in Pennsylvania.

#### S&T owns land and banking offices at the following locations:

133 Philadelphia Street	205 East Market Street	111 Resort Plaza Drive	456 Main Street
Armagh, PA 15920	Blairsville, PA 15717	Blairsville, PA 15717	Brockway, PA 15824
256 Main Street	209 Allegheny Boulevard	100 South Chestnut Street	410 Main Street
Brookville, PA 15825	Brookville, PA 15825	Derry, PA 15627	Clarion, PA 16214
650 Main Street	85 Greensburg Street	200 Patchway Road	614 Liberty Boulevard
Clarion, PA 16214	Delmont, PA 15626	Duncansville, PA 16635	DuBois, PA 15801
196 Industrial Park	35 West Scribner Avenue	34 North Main Street	420 Pleasantview Drive &
Ebensburg, PA 15931	DuBois, PA 15801	Homer City, PA 15748	Armstrong Street
			Ford City, PA 16226
920 Fifth Avenue	701 East Pittsburgh Street	225 Lucerne Road	2455 Route 286 South
Ford City, PA 16226	Greensburg, PA 15601	Lucernemines, PA 15754	Indiana, PA 15701
100 South Fourth Street	501 Philadelphia Street	2190 Hulton Road	4385 Old Wm. Penn Hwy
Youngwood, PA 15697	Indiana, PA 15701	Verona, PA 15147	Monroeville, PA 15146
4251 Old Wm. Penn Hwy	628 Broad Street	539 West Mahoning Street	12262 Frankstown Road
Murrysville, PA 15668	New Bethlehem, PA 16242	Punxsutawney, PA 15767	Pittsburgh, PA 15235
301 Unity Center Road	7660 Saltsburg Road	30 Towne Center Drive	232 Hampton Avenue
Pittsburgh, PA 15239	Pittsburgh, PA 15239	Leechburg, PA 15656	Punxsutawney, PA 15767
418 Main Street	602 Salt Street	800 Philadelphia Street	355 North Fifth Street
Reynoldsville, PA 15851	Saltsburg, PA 15681	Indiana, PA 15701	Indiana, PA 15701

S&T leases land where S&T owns the banking offices and remote ATM buildings at the following locations:

8th & Merle Street	2320 Route 286	835 Hospital Road	1077 Freeport Road
Clarion, PA 16214	Pittsburgh, PA 15239	Indiana, PA 15701	Pittsburgh, PA 15238
1107 Wayne Avenue	1100 Logan Boulevard	229 Westmoreland Drive,	220 New Castle Road
Indiana, PA 15701	Altoona, PA 16602	Route 30	Butler, PA 16001

Greensburg, PA 15601

#### S&T leases land and banking offices at the following locations:

20001 Route 19 Suite B	6306 Forbes Avenue	5522 Shaffer Road	Coral Reef & Crooked
Cranberry Township, PA	Pittsburgh, PA 15217	DuBois Mall	Island Roads
16066		DuBois, PA 15801	DuBois, PA 15801
2388 Route 286	324 North Fourth Street	Shadyside Village	Two Gateway Center
Holiday Park, PA 15239	Indiana, PA 15701	820 South Aiken Avenue	603 Stanwix Street, Suite 125
		Pittsburgh, PA 15232	Pittsburgh, PA 15222
3100 Oakland Avenue	12 Hilltop Plaza	3884 Route 30 East	
Indiana, PA 15701	Kittanning, PA 16201	Latrobe, PA 15650	

#### Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The nature of our business generates a certain amount of litigation involving matters arising in the ordinary course of business. However, in management s opinion, there are no proceedings pending to which S&T is a party or to which our property is subject, which, if determined adversely to S&T, would be material in relation to our shareholders equity or financial condition. In addition, no material proceedings are pending nor are known to be threatened or contemplated against us by governmental authorities or other parties.

#### Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report that were submitted to a vote of our security holders through solicitation of proxies or otherwise.

#### **PART II**

## Item 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER REPURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES STOCK PRICES AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION

S&T s common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market System ( NASDAQ ) under the symbol STBA. The range of sale prices for the years 2007 and 2006 is set forth in the table below and is based upon information obtained from NASDAQ. As of the close of business on January 31, 2008, there were 3,030 shareholders of record of S&T. Dividends paid by S&T are primarily provided from S&T Bank s dividends to S&T. The payment of dividends by S&T Bank to S&T is subject to the restrictions described in Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Payment of Dividends on page 13. The cash dividends declared shown below represent the historical per share amounts for S&T Common Stock.

Price Range of Common Stock					
	Low		High	Cash Divid	dends Declared
\$	27.22	\$	34.58	\$	0.31
	29.78		36.46		0.30
	31.55		33.97		0.30
	31.90		35.58		0.30
\$	31.14	\$	35.60	\$	0.30
	29.67		33.25		0.29
	31.93		36.68		0.29
	35.59		37.68		0.29
	\$	\$ 27.22 29.78 31.55 31.90 \$ 31.14 29.67 31.93	Low \$ 27.22 \$ 29.78 31.55 31.90 \$ \$ 31.14 \$ 29.67 31.93	Low         High           \$ 27.22         \$ 34.58           29.78         36.46           31.55         33.97           31.90         35.58           \$ 31.14         \$ 35.60           29.67         33.25           31.93         36.68	Low High Cash Divides \$ 27.22 \$ 34.58 \$ 29.78 36.46 31.55 33.97 31.90 35.58 \$ \$ 31.14 \$ 35.60 \$ 29.67 33.25 31.93 36.68

## Item 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER REPURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES-continued FIVE-YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN

The following chart compares the cumulative total shareholder return on S&T Common Stock with the cumulative total shareholder return of the NASDAQ Composite Index and <sup>1</sup>NASDAQ Bank Index assuming a \$100 investment in each on December 31, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The NASDAQ Bank Index contains securities of NASDAQ-listed companies classified according to the Industry Classification Benchmark as Banks. These companies include banks providing a broad range of financial services, including retail banking, loans and money transmissions.

## Item 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER REPURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES - continued

During 2007, S&T repurchased 971,400 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$32.74 per share. The impact of the repurchased shares is \$0.03 increase to 2007 diluted earnings per share. The S&T Board of Directors previously authorized a stock buyback program for 2007 of up to one million shares, or approximately 4 percent of shares outstanding. On June 18, 2007, the S&T Board of Directors authorized a new stock buyback program until June 30, 2008 of an additional one million shares. S&T reissued 161,213 shares during 2007 primarily through the exercise of employee stock options.

The following information describes the activity that has taken place during 2007 with respect to S&T s share repurchase plan:

Period		Total Number of Shares Purchased	P	rage Price aid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans	Maximum Number of Shares that Can Be Purchased Under the Plans
01/01/2007	01/31/2007)(2)	81,600	\$	32.96	81,600	
02/01/2007	02/28/2007	33,900	-	32.82	33,900	
03/01/2007	03/31/2007	386,000		32.73	386,000	
04/01/2007	04/30/2007	108,400		32.67	108,400	
05/01/2007	05/31/2007	223,500		32.66	223,500	
06/01/2007	06/30/2007	118,000		32.83	118,000	
07/01/2007	07/31/2007	20,000		32.60	20,000	
08/01/2007	08/31/2007					
09/01/2007	09/30/2007					
10/01/2007	10/31/2007					
11/01/2007	11/30/2007					
12/01/2007	12/31/2007					
Total		971,400	\$	32.74	971,400	2,000,000

#### Item 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Year Ended December 31: 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003 (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

<sup>(1)</sup> On October 16, 2006, the S&T Board of Directors authorized and announced a new stock buyback program until September 30, 2007 for an additional one million shares.

On June 18, 2007, the Board of Directors authorized and announced a new stock buyback program until June 30, 2008 for up to an additional one million shares. As of December 31, 2007, 935,500 shares remain eligible for repurchase under this plan.