

AMERITYRE CORP
Form 10-Q
February 10, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: December 31, 2015

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number: 000-50053

AMERITYRE CORPORATION

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

NEVADA

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

87-0535207

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1501 INDUSTRIAL ROAD, BOULDER CITY,
NEVADA

(Address of principal executive offices)

89005

(Zip Code)

(702) 293-1930

(Issuer's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares outstanding of Registrant’s Common Stock as of February 8, 2016: 41,950,287

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Balance Sheets

	December 31, 2015 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2015
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 156,288	\$ 455,717
Accounts receivable - net	312,891	314,054
Accounts receivable - related party	-	6,312
Inventory - net	646,012	661,129
Prepaid and other current assets	96,128	27,860
Total Current Assets	1,211,319	1,465,072
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Leasehold improvements	153,543	153,543
Molds and models	572,894	572,894
Equipment	2,964,900	2,937,922
Furniture and fixtures	74,921	74,921
Software	305,924	305,924
Less - accumulated depreciation	(3,803,107)	(3,735,744)
Total Property and Equipment	269,075	309,460
OTHER ASSETS		
Patents and trademarks - net	189,045	202,710
Non-current inventory	195,778	186,560
Deposits	11,000	11,000
Total Other Assets	395,823	400,270
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,876,217	\$ 2,174,802
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 438,664	\$ 438,680
Current portion of long-term debt	12,441	13,608
Current portion of lease liability	5,642	-
Total Current Liabilities	456,747	452,288
Long-term debt	53,840	53,840
Long-term lease liability	11,677	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	65,517	53,840
TOTAL LIABILITIES	522,264	506,128
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock: 5,000,000 shares authorized of \$0.001 par value, 2,000,000 shares issued and	2,000	2,000

outstanding, respectively		
Common stock: 75,000,000 shares authorized of \$0.001 par value, 41,800,287 and 41,441,620 shares Issued and outstanding, respectively	41,800	41,570
Additional paid-in capital	62,552,922	62,515,856
Stock payable	4,500	-
Accumulated deficit	(61,247,269)	(60,890,752)
Total Stockholders' Equity	1,353,953	1,668,674
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 1,876,217	\$ 2,174,802

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
NET SALES	\$ 914,888	\$ 1,349,336	\$ 1,928,821	\$ 2,381,060
COST OF GOODS SOLD	696,671	1,035,209	1,463,447	1,836,865
GROSS PROFIT	218,217	314,127	465,374	544,195
EXPENSES				
Research and development	55,962	57,646	109,567	97,490
Sales and marketing	68,595	167,346	166,259	286,205
General and administrative	269,800	217,759	494,640	448,295
Total Expenses	394,357	442,751	770,466	831,990
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(176,140)	(128,624)	(305,092)	(287,795)
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE)				
Interest expense	(935)	-	(1,534)	-
Interest income	36	159	109	366
Total Other Income/(Expense)	(899)	159	(1,425)	366
NET LOSS	(177,039)	(128,465)	(306,517)	(287,429)
Preferred Stock Dividend	(25,000)	(25,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ (202,039)	\$ (153,465)	\$ (356,517)	\$ (337,429)
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING	41,731,809	41,441,620	41,681,483	41,441,620

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (306,517)	\$ (287,429)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	81,028	90,627
Change in allowance for bad debt expense (recovery)	(289)	(8,066)
Stock paid for services	-	5,147
Stock based compensation related to consultant, employee and director options	41,795	13,571
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	7,764	(110,633)
Inventory and inventory reserve	5,899	53,115
Prepaid and other current assets	(68,268)	(29,015)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(7,656)	430
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(246,244)	(272,253)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	-	(31,721)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	-	(31,721)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments on lease liability	(2,018)	-
Payments on notes payable	(1,167)	(1,460)
Preferred stock issuance costs	-	(188)
Preferred stock dividends	(50,000)	(50,000)
Net Cash (Used) by Financing Activities	(53,185)	(51,648)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(299,429)	(355,622)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	455,717	728,585
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 156,288	\$ 372,963

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOW ACTIVITIES

Interest paid	\$ 1,534	\$ -
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capitalized lease	\$ 19,337	\$ -
Reclassification of accounts receivable – related party to accounts receivable	\$ 6,312	\$ -
Equipment purchase accrued for, not paid in cash	\$ 7,641	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared by us pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations. The information furnished in the interim condensed financial statements includes normal recurring adjustments and reflects all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of such financial statements. We believe the disclosures and information presented are adequate to make the information not misleading. These interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with our most recent audited financial statements and notes thereto included in our June 30, 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Operating results for the six months ended December 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies disclosed therein have not changed since our audited financial statements and notes thereto included in our June 30, 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K, except as noted below.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications, which have no effect on net loss, have been made in the prior period financial statements, specifically the recognition of the preferred share dividend as a non-cash transaction at December 31, 2014.

Trade Receivables

We generally charge-off trade receivables that are more than 120 days outstanding as bad-debt expense, unless management believes the amount to be collectable. The charge-off amounts are included in general and administrative expenses. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the reserve for uncollectible accounts was \$0- and \$7,296, respectively.

Stock Based-Compensation Expense

We account for stock-based compensation under the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation (ASC 718). Our financial statements as of and for the quarters ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 reflect the impact of ASC 718. Stock-based compensation expense related to director, employee or consultant options recognized under ASC 718 for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$41,795 and \$13,571, respectively.

ASC 718 requires companies to estimate the fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the requisite service periods in our Statement of Operations. Stock-based compensation expense recognized in our Statements of Operations for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 assumes all awards will vest; therefore no reduction has been made for estimated forfeitures. We have awarded some options with a performance requirement and no amounts will be recorded until the requirement is met.

Basic and Fully Diluted Net Loss Per Share

Basic and Fully Diluted net loss per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Our outstanding stock options and warrants and shares issuable upon conversion of outstanding convertible notes have been excluded from the basic and fully diluted net loss per share calculation. We excluded 3,700,000 and 2,834,000 common stock equivalents for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, because they are anti-dilutive.

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted and Recently Issued Accounting Guidance

Issued

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-01, "Income Statement – Extraordinary and Unusual Items (Subtopic 225-20)," which eliminates the concept of extraordinary items. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those years beginning after December 15, 2015. The new guidance is to be applied prospectively but may also be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Early adoption is permitted provided that the guidance is applied from the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. We expect to adopt the provisions of this new guidance on July 1, 2016. We do not expect the adoption of the new provisions to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes," requiring all deferred tax assets and liabilities, and any related valuation allowance, to be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. The classification change for all deferred taxes as noncurrent simplifies entities' processes as it eliminates the need to separately identify the net current and net noncurrent deferred tax asset or liability in each jurisdiction and allocate valuation allowances. We do not expect the adoption of the new provisions to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory". Under ASU 2015-11, inventory will be measured at the "lower of cost and net realizable value" and options that currently exist for "market value" will be eliminated. The standard defines net realizable value as the "estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation." No other changes were made to the current guidance on inventory measurement. ASU 2015-11 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early application is permitted and should be applied prospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU 2015-11 will have on its financial statements.

Other recent accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB (including its Emerging Issues Task Force), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the SEC, did not, or are not believed by management to, have a material impact on the Company's present or future financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Related Party Transactions

Amerityre's immediate past Chairman of the Board, Timothy L. Ryan, is also the principal owner of Rhino Rubber LLC, a manufacturing and distribution company for solid industrial tires and wheels. As of December 31, 2015, Mr. Ryan is no longer a director of the Company and all receivables outstanding to Rhino Rubber LLC have been reflected as trade accounts receivable.

We currently distribute directly from our manufacturing facility in Boulder City, Nevada only. In the past we also distributed from an independent, contracted warehouse in Ravenna, Ohio. This contract distribution point was unable to support customer requirements, became ineffective and stopped operations in the second quarter of 2014. In order

to keep commitments to customers and keep revenue growth positive, distribution and other related services were transferred to Rhino Rubber in Akron, Ohio. The Company paid \$600 for monthly warehousing fees inclusive of freight, shipping and labor for mounting services through October 31, 2015. Effective October 31, 2015 we closed the Akron, Ohio distribution point and customers are serviced on a direct basis.

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 3 - INVENTORY

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost (computed on a first-in, first-out basis) or net realizable value. The inventory consists primarily of chemicals, finished goods produced in our plant and products purchased for resale.

	December 31, 2015 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2015
Raw Materials	\$ 272,689	\$ 302,910
Finished Goods	695,243	655,714
Inventory reserve	(126,142)	(110,935)
Inventory - net	\$ 841,790	847,689

Our inventory reserve reflects items that were deemed to be slow moving or obsolete based on an analysis of all inventories on hand.

The Company critically reviews all slow moving inventory to determine if defective or obsolete. If not defective or obsolete, but slow moving, we present these items as non-current inventory, although all inventory is ready and available for sale at any moment.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL LEASE

In July 2015 the Company entered into a capital lease for research and development equipment for \$19,337.

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2015:

	2016	\$4,349
	2017	8,697
	2018	8,697
	2019	725
	2020	-
Total minimum lease payments		22,468
Less: executory costs		-
Net minimum lease payments		22,468
Less: amount representing interest		5,149
Present value of net minimum payments		\$17,319

NOTE 5 - STOCK TRANSACTIONS

In July 2015 the Board of Directors granted the following stock bonus awards:

- To all non-officer employees of Amerityre on record as of July 22, 2015, a one-time stock bonus award of 5,000 shares of the Company's restricted common stock per employee, valued at \$0.015 a share (fair value on the date of grant with a 50% discount pursuant to U.S. Internal Revenue Service, revenue Ruling 77-287). As of July 22, 2015

there were 16 non-officer employees at Amerityre resulting in 80,000 shares, which were issued in July 2015.

- To the officers of Amerityre, 600,000 shares were granted on July 20, 2015 (valued at \$0.03) with 75% of the grant allocated to the CEO and 25% of the grant allocated to the CFO. The shares of stock vest ratably each quarter end during fiscal year 2016 and are payable immediately after the vesting date. For the six months ended December 31, 2015 the Company recognized \$9,000 of compensation expense for these grants; \$4,500 of which is a stock payable.

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 6 - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

General Option Information

On July 6, 2011, the Board of Directors cancelled the “2004 Non-Employee Directors’ Stock Incentive Plan” and approved the “Directors’ 2011 Stock Option and Award Plan”. Under the 2011 Plan, a total of 3,300,000 shares are authorized for issuance.

The Company also maintained the 2005 Stock Option and Award Plan, which was previously approved by shareholders, for the purpose of granting option awards to its employees and consultants. This plan had a 10 year life and expired July 2015.

On August 10, 2015, the Board of Directors cancelled the “Directors’ 2011 Stock Option and Award Plan” as all options under this plan had been granted and adopted the “2015 Omnibus Stock Option and Award Plan” which contains provisions for up to 3,000,000 stock options to be granted to employees, consultants and directors. The 2015 Omnibus Stock Option and Award Plan did not obtain the necessary shareholder approval in the Company’s annual proxy process, resulting in certain U.S. Internal Revenue Service provisions to be ineffective.

Option issuances and vesting during the six month period ending December 31, 2015

On December 1, 2014, 480,000 options were granted to the Company’s Chief Executive Officer (then our Chief Operating Officer) as part of his employment offer. The options have a strike price of \$0.10, vest December 1, 2015 and expire December 1, 2020. Year to date expense related to these options is \$7,746 as of December 31, 2015.

On January 21, 2015, 50,000 options were granted to the Company’s Chief Financial Officer as part of her employment offer. The options have a strike price of \$0.10, vest ratably January 21, 2015 to December 1, 2015 and expire December 1, 2018. Year to date expense related to these options is \$840 as of December 31, 2015.

In the October 2015 Board meeting, the Board granted all non-executive Board members 100,000 options, with the audit committee chair receiving an additional 50,000 options, for Board services rendered for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The options have a strike price of \$0.10, vest at the end of the Board term on December 3, 2015 and expire December 3, 2017. Expense related to these options is \$21,950 as of December 31, 2015.

On December 1, 2015, 480,000 options were granted to the Company’s Chief Executive Officer (then our Chief Operating Officer) as part of his employment offer. The options have a strike price of \$0.10, vest December 1, 2016 and expire December 1, 2020. Year to date expense related to these options is \$1,060 as of December 31, 2015.

As of December 31, 2015, there was \$11,655 of unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to stock options that will be recognized over the vest period of the underlying option.

We estimated the fair value of the stock options above at the grant date based on the following weighted average assumptions:

Risk free interest rate	1.155	%
Expected life	2.0 – 4.5	years

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	167.37 –	
Expected volatility	113.50	%
Dividend yield	0.00	%

A summary of the status of our outstanding stock options as of December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015 and changes during the periods then ended is presented below:

	December 31, 2015			June 30, 2015		
	Shares	Weight Average Exercise Price	Intrinsic Value	Shares	Weight Average Exercise Price	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding beginning of period	2,270,000	\$0.14		1,754,000	\$0.17	
Granted	1,030,000	\$0.10		670,000	\$0.10	
Expired/Cancelled	-	\$0.00		(154,000)	\$(0.29)	
Exercised	-	\$0.00		-	\$0.00	
Outstanding end of period	3,300,000	\$0.13	\$132,000	2,270,000	\$0.14	\$45,400
Exercisable	2,820,000	\$0.13	\$112,800	1,752,500	\$0.16	\$35,050

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 6 - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS, Continued

The intrinsic value of outstanding and exercisable shares is based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of \$0.04 per share on December 31, 2015 (\$0.02 per share on June 30, 2015), the last trading day of the quarter.

The following table summarizes the range of outstanding and exercisable options as of December 31, 2015:

Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding at December 31, 2015	Outstanding Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Exercisable Number Exercisable at December 31, 2015	Exercisable Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
\$ 0.08	150,000	5.92	\$ 0.08		150,000	5.92
\$ 0.10	1,700,000	3.96	\$ 0.10		1,220,000	3.96
\$ 0.17	650,000	3.92	\$ 0.17		650,000	3.92
\$ 0.17	400,000	4.92	\$ 0.17		400,000	4.92
\$ 0.17	400,000	5.92	\$ 0.17		400,000	5.92
	3,300,000				2,820,000	

General Warrant Information

In September 2013, the Company obtained an extension on the remaining \$100,000 secured convertible promissory note that was issued in the private placement that closed in September 2010. This note was paid off as of June 30, 2015. In exchange for the extension, the note holder received 500,000 common stock warrants and \$6,500 in accrued interest and fees. The common stock warrants expire three years from the date of issuance, are exercisable at \$0.13 per share, and vest on the next date the value of Amerityre common stock reaches \$0.25 per share. As of December 31, 2015 the warrants have not vested.

NOTE 7 - LIQUIDITY

Over the past year, we have been working on various proposals to secure short-term loans as well as long-term bank financing and equity based investments. The Company currently does not have an existing credit facility. Over the past year, we have worked with our vendors to obtain extended credit terms and increase credit lines where needed. Additionally, we continue to focus on adherence to established collection policies and proactive communication with repeat customers, including adjusting credit limits to allow for increased sales volume where warranted.

We are intent on focusing on the sale and distribution of profitable product lines. Management continues to look for further financing facilities at affordable terms that will allow the Company to maintain sufficient raw material and finished goods inventory to capitalize on sales growth opportunities. No additional capital expenditures are anticipated over the next twelve months unless they support sales development and product improvement. We continue to work to reduce our overall costs wherever possible.

To help address our cash resources which at times may be limited, we are in discussions with various third parties about potential opportunities to license our technology which we believe will bring in additional cash flows without diluting our common stock or requiring the addition of debt. We are in discussions with banks and other lenders regarding establishing a line of credit for short term cash needs, however at this time we have not succeeded in establishing such a line of credit. Lastly, we have entered into a short term receivable factoring agreement with a third party to sell our receivable invoices. This agreement enables us to sell individual customer invoices for faster cash flow to the Company as we deem needed.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company has approximately 7,064,000 shares authorized and available for issuance. Although we are reluctant to raise money through stock sales at what we believe are dilutive share prices, these authorized but unissued and unreserved shares of our common stock can be utilized if necessary to fund the expansion of our manufacturing operations or to obtain additional working capital.

The Company has also instituted initiatives to incentivize sales of slower moving inventory through promotional pricing. These programs will continue to be utilized in the upcoming quarters to monetize inventory and improve our cash flow.

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AMERITYRE CORPORATION
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 7 - LIQUIDITY, Continued

In assessing our liquidity, management reviews and analyzes our current cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, capital expenditure commitments and other obligations. In connection with the preparation of our financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2015, we have analyzed our cash needs for the next twelve months. We have concluded that our available cash and accounts receivables are sufficient to meet our current minimum working capital, capital expenditure and other cash requirements for this period.

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 19, 2016, the Board granted all non-executive Board members 100,000 options, with the audit committee chair receiving an additional 50,000 options, for Board services rendered for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The options have a strike price of \$0.10, vest at the end of the Board term in December 2016 and expire December 2019.

On January 19, 2016, 50,000 options were granted to the Company's Chief Financial Officer as part of renewal of her employment agreement. The options have a strike price of \$0.10, vest ratably January 21, 2016 to December 1, 2016 and expire December 1, 2019. In addition to the option renewal \$550 a month in health insurance reimbursement was included in the renewal. All other terms remain the same.

In January 2016, 150,000 shares that had vested at December 31, 2015 for the CEO and CFO were issued.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This discussion and analysis contains statements of a forward-looking nature relating to future events or our future financial performance or financial condition. Such statements are only predictions and the actual events or results may differ materially from the results discussed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. The historical results set forth in this discussion and analysis are not necessarily indicative of trends with respect to any actual or projected future financial performance. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this report.

Overview

Amerityre engages in the research and development, manufacturing and sale of polyurethane tires. We believe that we have developed unique polyurethane formulations that allow us to make products with superior performance characteristics, including abrasion resistance, energy efficiency and load-bearing capabilities, when compared to conventional rubber tires. We also believe that our manufacturing processes are more energy efficient than the traditional rubber tire manufacturing processes, in part because our polyurethane compounds do not require the multiple processing steps, extreme heat, and high pressure that are necessary to cure rubber. Using our polyurethane technologies, we believe tires can be produced which last longer, are less susceptible to failure and are friendly to the environment.

Over the past year changes in government regulations have made it difficult to source some raw materials in a cost effective manner. Amerityre has worked with its supplier base to successfully identify suitable replacements for these materials. This effort will continue during FY 2016. As always, Amerityre is committed to being in compliance with all government regulations while ensuring the quality of our products.

We are concentrating on three segments of the tire market: closed-cell polyurethane foam tires, polyurethane elastomer forklift tires and agricultural tires. Our focus continues to be applications and markets where our advantages in product technology give us an opportunity to obtain premium pricing. Our most recent activities in these areas are set forth below:

Closed-Cell Polyurethane Tires – The sale of polyurethane foam tires to original equipment manufacturers, distributors and dealers accounts for the majority of our revenue. We have the ability to produce a broad range of products for the light duty tire market. Marketing and research and development efforts continue to build customer relationships with original equipment manufacturers and further develop distribution networks to expand business and product sales.

Polyurethane Elastomer Forklift Tires – During 2014 the forklift product line was reintroduced into the marketplace. Sales have been below expectations and during FY 2015 a project was launched to source suitable formulation components to replace those that are unavailable, as mentioned above. This new formulation is expected to be completed and tested during the second half of FY 2016, at which time this product line will be reintroduced to the market.

Agricultural Tires – Sales of agricultural tires has been negatively impacted by the dramatic downturn in farm commodity prices. Our experience is consistent with the reports provided by large agricultural equipment suppliers, several who have announced expectations for another challenging year for farmer income and farm-related spending. Despite growing market acceptance of the pivot tire, financial considerations have forced potential pivot tire customers to delay purchases. We continue to focus on developing improvements in pivot tire design and in our tire manufacturing capabilities. The pursuit of additional distribution relationships to increase our market penetration for the pivot tire is a key component to our strategy.

Due to the Company's limited resources, tire projects which are contingent on additional significant development, such as composite and automotive tires, have been put on hold and will be revisited at a later date.

As described above, we are focused on diverse market segments which are unrelated in terms of customer base, product, distribution, market demands and competition. Our sales team is comprised of two manufacturer representatives whose experience is complementary to our product portfolio plus our in-house sales department. The Company's emphasis on proper product pricing and new marketing campaigns has driven more profitable sales for Amerityre. These initiatives started to be evident in our third quarter 2015 results. During the fourth quarter 2015 Amerityre achieved net income for the quarter for the first time in Company history, supporting our goal to establish "Profitability as a Mindset". These changes to our operating structure helped to minimize the losses experienced during the second quarter of fiscal year 2016. We continue to have a solid backlog for orders to be delivered over the next 12 months. However, going forward the challenging economic environment may continue to negatively impact our results in all market segments.

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Factors Affecting Results of Operations

Our operating expenses consisted primarily of the following:

- Cost of sales, which consists primarily of raw materials, components and production of our products, including applied labor costs and benefits expenses, maintenance, facilities and other operating costs associated with the production of our products;
- Selling, general and administrative expenses, which consist primarily of salaries, commissions and related benefits paid to our employees and related selling and administrative costs including professional fees;
- Research and development expenses, which consist primarily of contractor and direct labor conducting research and development, equipment and materials used in new product development and product improvement using our technologies;
 - Consulting expenses, which consist primarily of amounts paid to third-parties for outside services;
- Depreciation and amortization expenses which result from the depreciation of our property and equipment, including amortization of our intangible assets; and
- Stock based compensation expense related to stock and stock option awards issued to employees and consultants for services performed for the Company.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to uncollectible receivables, inventory valuation, deferred compensation and contingencies. We base our estimates on historical performance and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates allow us to make judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

We believe the following accounting policies are our critical accounting policies because they are important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and they require critical management judgments and estimates about matters that may be uncertain. If actual results or events differ materially from those contemplated by us in making these estimates, our reported financial condition and results of operations for future periods could be materially affected.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue for products is recognized when the sales amount is determined, shipment of goods to the customer has occurred and collection is reasonably assured. Generally, we ship all of our products FOB origination.

Valuation of Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Patent and trademark costs have been capitalized at December 31, 2015, totaling \$479,633 with accumulated amortization of \$290,588 for a net book value of \$189,045. Patent and trademark costs capitalized at June 30, 2015,

\$479,633 with accumulated amortization of \$276,923 for a net book value of \$202,710.

The patents which have been granted are being amortized over a period of 20 years. Patents which are pending or are being developed are not amortized. Amortization begins once the patents have been issued. Annually, pending or expired patents are inventoried and analyzed. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, there was no recognition of a loss on abandonment, expiration or retirement of patents and trademarks.

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Amortization expense for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$13,666 and \$16,026, respectively. The Company evaluates the recoverability of intangibles and reviews the amortization period on a continual basis utilizing the guidance of Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 350, Intangibles – Goodwill and Other. We consider the following indicators, among others, when determining whether or not our patents are impaired:

- any changes in the market relating to the patents that would decrease the life of the asset;
- any adverse change in the extent or manner in which the patents are being used;
- any significant adverse change in legal factors relating to the use of the patents;
- current period operating or cash flow loss combined with our history of operating or cash flow losses;
- future cash flow values based on the expectation of commercialization through licensing; and
- current expectations that, more likely than not, the patents will be sold or otherwise disposed of significantly before the end of its previously estimated useful life.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost (computed on a first-in, first-out basis) or market. The cost of finished goods includes the cost of raw material, direct and indirect labor, and other indirect manufacturing costs. The inventory consists of chemicals, finished goods produced in the Company’s plant and products purchased for resale.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

The Company periodically enters into financial instruments. Upon entry, each instrument is reviewed for debt or equity treatment. In the event that the debt or equity treatment is not readily apparent, FASB ASC 480-10-S99 is consulted for temporary treatment. Once an event takes place that removes the temporary element the Company appropriately reclassifies the instrument to debt or equity.

The Company periodically assesses its financial and equity instruments to determine if they require derivative accounting. Instruments which may potentially require derivative accounting are conversion features of debt, equity, and common stock equivalents in excess of available authorized common shares, and contracts with variable share settlements. In the event of derivative treatment, we mark the instrument to market.

Stock-Based Compensation

We account for stock-based compensation under the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation (ASC 718). Our financial statements as of and for the quarters ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 reflect the impact of ASC 718. Stock-based compensation expense related to director, employee or consultant options recognized under ASC 718 for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$41,795 and \$13,571, respectively.

ASC 718 requires companies to estimate the fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the requisite service periods in our Statement of Operations. Stock-based compensation expense recognized in our Statements of Operations for the quarters ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 assumes all awards

will vest; therefore no reduction has been made for estimated forfeitures. We have awarded some options with a performance requirement and no amounts will be recorded until the requirement is met.

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Results of Operations

Our management reviews and analyzes several key performance indicators in order to manage our business and assess the quality and potential variability of our sales and cash flows. These key performance indicators include:

Sales consisting of product sales;

- Sales, net of returns and trade discounts, which is an indicator of our overall business growth and the success of our sales and marketing efforts;
- Gross profit, which is an indicator of both competitive pricing pressures and the cost of goods sold of our products and the mix of product and license fees, if any;

Growth in our customer base, which is an indicator of the success of our sales efforts; and

Distribution of sales across our products offered.

The following summary table presents a comparison of our results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 with respect to certain key financial measures. The comparisons illustrated in the table are discussed in greater detail below.

	For the Three Months Ended December 31, (in 000's)			Change 2015 vs. 2014	For the Six Months Ended December 31 (in 000's)			Change 2015 vs. 2014
	2015	2014			2015	2014		
Net revenues	\$ 915	\$ 1,349	(32.2%)		\$ 1,929	\$ 2,381	(19.0%)	
Cost of revenues	(697)	(1,035)	(32.7%)		(1,464)	(1,837)	(20.3%)	
Gross profit	218	314	(30.6%)		465	544	(14.5%)	
Research and development expenses	(56)	(58)	(3.4%)		(110)	(97)	13.4%	
Sales and marketing expense	(69)	(167)	(58.7%)		(166)	(286)	(42.0%)	
General and administrative expense	(270)	(217)	24.4%		(495)	(448)	10.5%	
Other income (expense)	-	-	-		(1)	-	100.0%	
Net loss	(177)	(128)	38.3%		(307)	(287)	7.0%	
Preferred stock dividend	(25)	(25)	0.0%		(50)	(50)	0.0%	
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (202)	\$ (153)	32.0%		\$ (357)	\$ (337)	6.0%	

As disclosed in our June 30, 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K, although our sales no longer show strong seasonality trends, our fiscal first quarter has traditionally been our weakest quarter and we again saw this trend in FY 2016. We expected agricultural tires to occur during the second quarter of 2016, but this did not materialize due to poor economic conditions that affected farmer income and spending. In addition, during the recent quarter we experienced lower than expected sales in our other market segments. This is consistent with reports from other equipment and parts manufacturers, who noted a general softness in manufacturing activity and sales last quarter. If this forecast holds, it may adversely impact our sales as the slowdown in agricultural equipment sales extends to equipment expenditures across the board.

Three Months Ended December 31, 2015 Compared to December 31, 2014

Net Sales. Net sales of \$914,888 for the quarter ended December 31, 2015, represents a 32.2% decrease over net sales of \$1,349,336 for the same period in 2014. These results were not in line with our expectations as we anticipated that we would have stronger pivot tire sales for the period. Our sales were driven primarily by closed cell foam tire sales in the mobility segment, as a major customer took delivery of product for their seasonal product launch. We have also seen good response to our new marketing and pricing plans for our polyurethane foam tires, which has helped to maintain our sales backlog level. Our plan for the fiscal 2016 third quarter includes higher pivot tire sales, which we expect as farmers purchase farm equipment and replacement parts in preparation for the next growing season. We are optimistic that these sales will occur since pivot sales in the last quarter were deferred by farmers. However, lower crop prices and reduced yields due to unusual weather in certain areas of the country may continue to negatively impact farm income and the timing and amount of pivot tire sales, as it has on other agricultural equipment spending.

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Cost of Revenues. Cost of revenues for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 was \$696,671 or 76.1% of sales compared to \$1,035,209 or 76.7% of sales for the same period in 2014. Cost of revenues were lower due to decreases in raw materials expenditures and overhead costs (specifically lower damaged returns) partially offset by higher manufacturing supply costs when compared to the prior period. Starting July 1, 2015 the Company modified its customer freight policy, providing savings of approximately \$23,000 for this period. The Company continues to maintain sufficient production capacity to meet anticipated customer demand without incurring a proportionate increase in overall production costs.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 was \$218,217 compared to \$314,127 for the same period in 2014. Gross profit for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 decreased by \$95,910 or 30.6% over the same period in 2014 due to the decrease in revenue offset by the savings in cost of revenue outlined in the discussion above. The December 31, 2015 gross profit reflects a 23.9% gross margin for product sales compared to a gross margin on product sales of 23.3% in 2014.

Research & Development Expenses (R&D). Research and development expenses for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 were \$55,962 compared to \$57,646 for the same period in 2014. Research and development expenses decreased \$1,684 between periods, resulting in a relatively flat period over period result, as we continue to focus on product formulation research and product testing, and maintain a part-time chemist on site. The Company plans to continue this level of expenditure as R&D is a key component of the company business improvement initiatives.

Sales & Marketing Expenses. Sales and marketing expenses for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 were \$68,595 compared to \$167,346 for the same period in 2014. Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$98,751 or 58.7% between periods primarily due to lower travel costs, fewer trade show expenses for the quarter, a reduction in outside sales representatives (from 3 to 2), lower print advertising expense and the effect of the modifications to the 2015 sales commission program. All other expenses were generally consistent between periods. The reduction in outside sales representatives did not have a material impact on our revenues.

General & Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 were \$269,800 compared to \$217,759 for the same period in 2014. General and administrative expenses increased \$52,041 between periods primarily due to increases in stock based compensation and warranty expense, and salaries offset by savings in consulting expense and director travel costs. All other expenses were generally consistent between periods.

Other Income/(Expense). Other expense for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 was \$899 compared to other income \$159 for the same period in 2014. In July 2015, the Company leased equipment resulting in \$935 in interest expense for the quarter. The Company had no interest expense in the same period in 2014.

Net Loss. Net loss for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 of \$177,039 represents a 38.3% increase in net loss compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2014 loss of \$128,465.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2015 Compared to December 31, 2014

Net Sales. Net sales of \$1,928,821 for the six months ended December 31, 2015, represents a 19.0% decrease over net sales of \$2,381,060 for the same period in 2014. These results were not in line with our expectations as we anticipated that we would have stronger pivot tire sales for the collective six months. Our sales were driven primarily by closed cell foam tire sales in the mobility segment, as a major customer began taking delivery of product for their seasonal product launch. We have also seen good response to our new marketing and pricing plans for our polyurethane foam tires, which has helped to maintain our sales backlog level. Our plan for the fiscal 2016 third quarter includes higher pivot tire sales, which we expect to increase as farmers increase purchases of farm equipment in preparation for the

next growing season. We are optimistic that these sales will occur although lower crop prices and reduced yields due to unusual weather in certain areas of the country may negatively impact farm income and the timing and level of pivot tire sales, as it has with spending on other agricultural equipment.

Cost of Revenues. Cost of revenues for the six months ended December 31, 2015 was \$1,463,447 or 75.9% of sales compared to \$1,836,865 or 77.1% of sales for the same period in 2014. Cost of revenues were lower due to decreases in raw materials expenditures, direct labor and overhead costs consisting of lower damaged returns partially offset by higher manufacturing repairs and maintenance and manufacturing supplies when compared to the prior period. Starting July 1, 2015 the Company modified its customer freight policy, providing savings of approximately \$53,000 for six months ended December 31, 2015. The Company continues to maintain sufficient production capacity to meet anticipated customer demand without incurring a proportionate increase in overall production costs.

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Gross Profit. Gross profit for the six months ended December 31, 2015 was \$465,374 compared to \$544,195 for the same period in 2014. Gross profit for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 decreased by \$78,821 or 14.5% over the same period in 2014 due to the decrease in revenue offset by the savings in cost of revenue outlined in the discussion above. The December 31, 2015 gross profit reflects a 24.1% gross margin for product sales compared to a gross margin on product sales of 22.9% in 2014.

Research & Development Expenses (R&D). Research and development expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2015 were \$109,567 compared to \$97,490 for the same period in 2014. Research and development expenses increased \$12,077 between periods due to a full 6 months of having a part-time chemist on site, as we continue to focus on product formulation research and product testing. The Company plans to continue this level of expenditure as R&D is a key component of the company business improvement initiatives as resources allow.

Sales & Marketing Expenses. Sales and marketing expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2015 were \$166,259 compared to \$286,205 for the same period in 2014. Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$119,946 or 42.0% between periods primarily due to lower travel costs, fewer trade show expenses, a reduction in outside sales representatives (from 3 to 2), lower print advertising expense and the effect of the 2015 sales commission program. All other expenses were generally consistent between periods. The reduction in outside sales representatives did not have a material impact on our revenues.

General & Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2015 were \$494,640 compared to \$448,295 for the same period in 2014. General and administrative expenses increased \$46,345 between periods primarily due to increases in stock based compensation, legal fees, warranty expense and salaries offset by savings in consulting and professional expenses, director travel costs and investor relations expense. All other expenses were generally consistent between periods.

Other Income/(Expense). Other expense for the six months ended December 31, 2015 was \$1,425 compared to other income \$366 for the same period in 2014. In July 2015, the Company leased equipment resulting in \$1,534 in interest expense for the six months. The Company had no interest expense in the same period in 2014.

Net Loss. Net loss for the six months ended December 31, 2015 of \$306,517 represents a 7.0% increase in net loss for the six months ended December 31, 2014 of \$287,429.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are of cash and payments received from our customers. We do not have any significant credit arrangements. Historically, our expenses have exceeded our sales, resulting in operating losses. From time to time, we have obtained additional liquidity to fund our operations through the sale of shares of our common stock and the placement of short-term debt instruments. Management continues to evaluate financing options but to date has chosen to delay financing at terms that will subject the Company to high costs of debt or will raise money through stock sales at what we believe are highly dilutive share prices.

We have historically not succeeded in establishing favorable short term financing but we continue to maintain a short term receivable factoring agreement with a third party to sell our receivable invoices. This agreement enables us to sell individual customer invoices for faster cash flow to the Company as we deem needed. As of December 31, 2015 we have not needed to activate this financing option due to increased focus on adherence to established collection policies and proactive communication with repeat customers, adjusting credit limits to allow for increased sales volume.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth our cash flows for the quarters ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

	Six Months ended Dec. 31, (in 000's)	
	2015	2014
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (246)	\$ (272)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(32)
Net cash used by financing activities	(53)	(52)
Net decrease in cash during the period	\$ (299)	\$ (356)

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Net Cash Used by Operating Activities. Our primary sources of operating cash during the quarter ended December 31, 2015 came from collections from customers, however, our period end receivables balance decreased as we waited for several large customers to remit payment in early January 2016 upon returning from the December 2015 holidays. Our primary use of operating cash was an increase in prepaid and other current assets, specifically related to renewal of insurance policies. Net cash used by operating activities was \$246,244 for the six months ended December 31, 2015 compared to net cash used by operating activities of \$272,253 for the same period in 2014.

Non-cash items include depreciation and amortization and stock based compensation. Our net loss was \$306,517 for the six months ended December 31, 2015 compared to a net loss of \$287,429 for the same period in 2014. The net loss for fiscal 2015 included non-cash expenses for depreciation and amortization of \$81,028 and stock-based compensation (both stock issued and options) of \$41,795. As of December 31, 2014, depreciation and amortization was \$90,627 and stock-based compensation (both stock issued and options) totaled \$13,571.

Net Cash Used by Investing Activities. Net cash used by investing activities was \$0 for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and \$31,721 for the same period in 2014. Although we did not purchase equipment as of December 31, 2015 we did lease equipment for research and development purposes.

Net Cash Used by Financing Activities. Net cash used by financing activities was \$53,185 for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and \$51,648 for the same period in 2014. The primary use of cash for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 was payment toward the capital lease of \$2,018, payment of notes payable of \$1,167 and payment of preferred share dividend of \$50,000.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

The following table summarizes our contractual cash obligations and other commercial commitments at December 31, 2015.

	Total	Payments due by period			
		Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	After 5 years
Facility lease (1)	\$ 618,600	\$ 136,200	\$ 275,100	\$ 207,300	\$ -
Capital lease for equipment	22,468	8,697	13,771	-	-
Preferred share dividend	450,000	100,000	200,000	150,000	-
Total contractual cash obligations	\$ 1,091,068	\$ 244,897	\$ 488,871	\$ 357,300	\$ -

(1) In May 2015, we negotiated a five (5) year extension of the lease on our executive office and manufacturing facility located at 1501 Industrial Road, Boulder City, Nevada. The property consists of a 49,200 square foot building. We currently occupy all 49,200, inclusive of approximately 5,500 square feet of office space, situated on approximately 4.15 acres. All other terms and conditions of the building lease remain in effect.

Cash Position, Outstanding Indebtedness and Future Capital Requirements

At February 8, 2016, our total cash balance was \$124,717 none of which is restricted; accounts receivables was \$287,565; and inventory, net of reserves for slow moving or obsolete inventory, and other current assets was \$545,461. Our total indebtedness was \$273,109 and includes \$65,080 in accounts payable, \$124,856 in accrued expenses, \$12,441 in current portion of long-term debt, \$16,892 in capital lease liability and \$53,840 in long-term debt.

Over the past year, we have been working on various proposals to secure short-term loans as well as long-term bank financing and equity based investments. The Company currently does not have an existing credit facility. Over the past year, we have worked with our vendors to obtain extended credit terms and increase credit lines where needed. Additionally, we continue to focus on adherence to established collection policies and proactive communication with repeat customers, including adjusting credit limits to allow for increased sales volume where warranted.

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We are intent on focusing on the sale and distribution of profitable product lines. Although, management continues to look for further financing facilities at affordable terms that will allow the Company to maintain sufficient raw material and finished goods inventory to capitalize on sales growth opportunities, no additional capital expenditures are anticipated over the next twelve months unless they support sales development and product improvement. We continue to work to reduce our overall costs wherever possible.

To help address our cash resources which at times may be limited, we are in discussions with various third parties about potential opportunities to license our technology which we believe will bring in additional cash flows without diluting our common stock or requiring the addition of debt. We are in discussions with banks and other lenders regarding establishing a line of credit for short term cash needs, however at this time we have not succeeded in establishing such a line of credit. Lastly, we have entered into a short term receivable factoring agreement with a third party to sell our receivable invoices. This agreement enables us to sell individual customer invoices for faster cash flow to the Company as we deem needed.

At the Annual Stockholder's Meeting held on December 4, 2014, management presented a plan focusing on "Profitability as a Mindset". To that end, management continues to sharpen our sales model and our marketing approach. The result of the Company's emphasis on proper product pricing and new marketing campaigns has driven more profitable sales for Amerityre, which started to be evident in our third and fourth quarter 2015 results. Fourth quarter 2015 resulted in net income for the quarter for the first time in Company history. Although we were not able to achieve similar net income results in the current quarter, we believe these changes are supporting our goal to establish "Profitability as a Mindset", and management and the Company's Board of Directors are committed to continuing these efforts.

In assessing our liquidity, management reviews and analyzes our current cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, capital expenditure commitments and other obligations. In connection with the preparation of our financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2015, we have analyzed our cash needs for the next twelve months. We have concluded that our available cash and accounts receivables are sufficient to meet our current minimum working capital, capital expenditure and other cash requirements for this period. However, to expand manufacturing and sales operations beyond the current level, additional capital may be required.

The Company has instituted initiatives to incentivize sales of slower moving inventory through promotional pricing. These programs will continue to be utilized in the upcoming quarters to monetize inventory and improve our cash flow.

As of February 8, 2016, the Company has approximately 7,064,000 shares authorized and available for issuance. Although we are reluctant to raise money through stock sales at what we believe are dilutive share prices, these authorized but unissued and unreserved shares of our common stock can be utilized if necessary to fund the expansion of our manufacturing operations or to obtain additional working capital.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not currently have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. In addition, we do not engage in trading activities involving non-exchange traded contracts.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to changes in prevailing market interest rates affecting the return on our investments but do not consider this interest rate market risk exposure to be material to our financial condition or results of operations. We invest primarily in United States Treasury instruments with short-term (less than one year) maturities. The carrying amount of these investments approximates fair value due to the short-term maturities. Under our current policies, we do not use derivative financial instruments, derivative commodity instruments or other financial instruments to manage our exposure to changes in interest rates or commodity prices.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the design and operation of these disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level. There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

For information regarding risk factors, see “Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors,” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2015.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

101 XBRL Instance Document
INS

101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
SCH

101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
CAL

101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
DEF

101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
LAB

101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
PRE

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: February 10, 2016

AMERITYRE CORPORATION

By:

/s/ Michael F. Sullivan

Michael F. Sullivan

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Lynda R. Keeton-Cardno

Lynda R. Keeton-Cardno

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and
Accounting Officer)

