

HERBORIUM  
Form 10KSB  
February 28, 2008

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**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-KSB**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2007**

**Commission File No. 000-25277**

**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

**NEVADA**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**88-0353141**

(I.R.S. employer  
identification number)

**Park 80W Plaza II, Suite 200, Saddle Brook, NJ 07663**

(Address of principal executive office)

**(201) 291-2602**

(Registrant's telephone number)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$.001Par Value, 500,000,000 shares authorized

Check whether the issuer is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. o

Check whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The issuer's revenue for fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 was \$761,844.

The aggregate market value as of February 22, 2008 of the voting common equity held by non-affiliates is \$1,528,000.

**ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY  
PROCEEDING DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS**

Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes ☐ No ☐

**APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE REGISTRANTS**

As of February 22, 2008, there were 119,067,080 shares of the Company's \$.001 par value common stock issued and outstanding.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

None

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes ☐ No ☒

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**FORM 10-KSB**

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HERBORIUM GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF NOVEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006			
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As used herein, the terms the "Company," "Herborium," "we," "us," or "our" refer to Herborium Group, Inc., a Nevada corporation.

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

*Certain statements in the "Description of Business" (Item 1), "Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation" (Item 6) and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB constitute "forward-looking statements" (within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "Act")) relating to us and our business, which represent our current expectations or beliefs including, but not limited to, statements concerning our operations, performance, financial condition and growth. The Act may, in certain circumstances, limit our liability in any lawsuit based on forward-looking statements we have made. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB that address activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate will or may occur in the future, including such matters as our projections, future capital expenditures, business strategy, competitive strengths, goals, expansion, market and industry developments and the growth of our businesses and operations are forward looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may," "anticipation," "intend," "could," "estimate," or "continue" or the negative or other comparable terminologies are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties, such as credit losses, dependence on management and key personnel, variability of quarterly results, our ability to continue our growth strategy and competition, certain of which are beyond our control. Any or all of our forward-looking statements may turn out to be wrong. They may be affected by inaccurate assumptions that we might make or by known or unknown risks or uncertainties. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes and results could differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements.*

*Additional factors that could affect future results are set forth throughout the "Description of Business" (Item 1) section, including the subsection entitled "Risks Related to Our Business," and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB. Because of the risks and uncertainties associated with forward-looking statements, you should not place undue reliance on them. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.*

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## **PART I**

### **ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Herborium, Inc. was incorporated in the State of Delaware in November 2000 and has one wholly owned, but dormant subsidiary, Herborium.com Inc., a Delaware corporation. In June 2002, Herborium, Inc. merged with G.O. International, Inc., a consulting firm specializing in business strategies for pharmaceutical industry and global technology transfer that was founded by Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan. Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan also own a dormant UK entity, Herborium UK, LLC. Herborium has engaged in research, development and marketing of botanical supplements since its inception, and prior to the merger, funded its operations by equity investments and direct and indirect loans from its founders, Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan, of approximately \$401,000, funding from friends and family of approximately \$274,500, lines of credit, credit card borrowings and cash generated by gross profit from sales.

Herborium was historically a privately held company, owned primarily by Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan. In September 2006, Herborium completed a reverse merger with the publicly-owned Nevada corporation formerly named Pacific Magtron International Corp., now named Herborium Group, Inc. See “Company History” below for further details.

#### ***General***

We provide unique, natural and complementary healthcare related products to consumers and healthcare professionals seeking alternative answers to the management of healthcare issues not currently met by standard Western medicine. Our products are botanical supplements comprised of unique herbal formulations referred to as botanical therapeutics, that have a record of clinical efficacy and safety established in China; however, these products have not been evaluated according to standards of clinical efficacy and safety applicable to pharmaceutical products sold in the United States and other countries, and because these products are herbal-based, they are not recognized as pharmaceuticals by the Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA").

Our business model is based on:

- owning and/or marketing unique products with established clinical history in their country of origin, and
- a proactive approach to meeting the regulatory changes and challenges of the new healthcare marketplace.

#### ***Product Strategy***

Our products address healthcare issues that many consumers do not believe are treated satisfactorily by conventional pharmaceuticals and, thus, satisfy niche market demands resulting from the gap between consumer's healthcare issues and currently available treatment options. Our products are presently classified by the FDA as dietary supplements and are regulated by the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 ("DSHEA").

We seek to distinguish our Company from the marketers of traditional herbal supplements and vitamins, as well as those focused on traditional pharmaceuticals and "over-the-counter" drugs, by offering “bridge products,” which we define as Botanical Therapeutics® with a record of clinical efficacy and safety established in the country of origin. To date our initial products have been tested in China. Our business model takes advantage of the newly emerging opportunities afforded by changing FDA perspectives with respect to botanical supplements. The present regulatory environment now encourages the performance of clinical studies of botanical supplements. Through clinical testing, we expect to confirm the positive outcomes initially demonstrated in China that will enable us to make claims about the efficacy of our products. Successful completion of clinical studies would allow advertising claims of “clinically proven” greatly enhancing our advertising campaigns and facilitating marketing efforts. To pursue clinical studies with

respect to our products, we have developed preliminary collaborative relationships with proactive medical institutions, such as Johns Hopkins University, New York University and Columbia Presbyterian Hospital in the U.S. and the Traditional Chinese Medicine Institute in Hong Kong. We will not be able to pursue any such clinical studies without adequate financing. While we have only recently received bridge financing aggregating \$225,000, we presently do not have commitments or understandings to receive sufficient financing to accomplish our business plan, including clinical trials. We believe that if we are able to obtain sufficient financing to conduct such clinical studies in the U.S. we will have the opportunity to establish and maintain a differential advantage over our competitors through clinical validation and a proactive regulatory strategy.

We also believe that if we are able to obtain sufficient financing we can further enhance our differential advantage over our competitors by planning pharmaceutical grade quality control and quality assurance standards for our products.

We believe that if we obtain sufficient financing to pursue our objectives, our company should be poised to take advantage of the accelerating domestic and global interest in botanical and alternative therapies. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics, estimates that the U.S. public spends between \$36-\$47 billion on “complementary and alternative” therapies (Complementary and Alternative Medicine Use Among Adults: United States, 2002 by Patricia M. Bames and Eve Powel-Griner; Advance Data No. 343, May 27, 2004). A survey conducted by the National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine as a part of National Health Institute Surveys studies in 2002 reported that 49.8% of U.S. adults use various forms of alternative and complementary therapies, with 19% of adults using natural products including herbal medicines. In a recent national survey, 64% of doctors reported that they have recommended complementary therapies to their patients (New York, NY, September 7, 2005). Finally, during the closing weeks of the 105th Congress, Senator Tom Harkin, the ranking member of the U.S. Senate Appropriations Subcommittee, shared with his colleagues a report developed by the Institute for Alternative Futures. The document noted that at the present, complementary and alternative approaches to health and medicine are among the fastest growing aspects of health care, and that while in 1990, one-third of the U.S. population used some form of alternative approach to health care, by the year 2010 it is expected that at least two-thirds of the population will use some form of alternative health care approach.

### ***Products on the Market***

Following is a description of our products. Applicable regulatory requirements are described below under the caption *Regulation*.

*AcnEase*®, which we license under an exclusive world-wide license, is currently the only product that we have on the market. *AcnEase*® is a traditional Chinese herbal remedy composed of a proprietary blend of all natural substances. We market *AcnEase*® for improving conditions typically associated with acne and rosacea. Based on Chinese herbal therapy, *AcnEase*® seeks to address the cause of skin-related problems. According to traditional Chinese medicine, the ingredients in *AcnEase*® decrease “heat” in the body which, practitioners of traditional Chinese medicine believe, affect bodily functions, resulting in, among other things, gastrointestinal discomfort and skin blemishes. In Western terms, the ingredients comprising *AcnEase*® appear to decrease sebaceous gland secretions. *AcnEase*® does not simply address the external symptoms, as do topical solutions and antibiotics. *AcnEase*® is taken in tablet form.

*AcnEase*® is typically used by consumers suffering from acne and rosacea. Acne is a disease of the sebaceous hair follicles. The rapid growth of bacteria in combination with the accumulated sebum cause the follicle to enlarge and can result in a mild form of non-inflammatory acne, known as comedones. Acne may progress to inflammatory lesions that are red in color called papules, pustules and nodules. Nodules or cysts are the most advanced and severe form of acne. An estimated 50 million people (13 million adults) in the U.S. suffer from acne. Currently, the only FDA-approved drug to treat the causes of acne is accutane (isotretinoin). Accutane has many serious side effects, and physicians currently require that patients sign a consent form before prescribing this drug. People of all races and ages get acne. It is most common in adolescents and young adults. An estimated 80 percent of all people between the ages of 11 and 30 have acne outbreaks at some point. For most people, acne tends to go away by the time they reach their thirties; however, some people in their forties and fifties continue to have this skin problem (source: National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases [http://www.niams.nih.gov/hi/topics/acne/acne.htm#acne\\_d](http://www.niams.nih.gov/hi/topics/acne/acne.htm#acne_d)). Many of the over-the-counter acne products are topical, including benzoyl peroxide, and only address the overt clinical manifestation of acne. Side effects of topical agents may include dry and flaky skin, irritation, and redness. Prescription pharmaceutical products include broad-spectrum antibiotics, which non-specifically kill bacteria associated with acne. Systemic antibiotics, such as tetracycline and minocycline, are the mainstays of acne therapy. The use of systemic antibiotics for the treatment of acne is in disfavor with many physicians due to the development

of resistant strains of bacteria. For severe, persistent cases of acne, Retin-A cream (tretinoin) and Accutane are often recommended. Both products are retinoid derivatives, are costly and have a multitude of side effects. Accutane is a known potent teratogen and strictly contraindicated in women not practicing a proven method of birth control. Recent information has also indicated that Accutane may induce depression. As a result, the FDA recommends that special caution be used when prescribing this medication to teenagers and may even consider more severe restrictions.



Rosacea is characterized by facial flushing due to dilatation of blood vessels that occurs in middle-aged men and women. According to the National Rosacea Society, approximately 14 million adults in the United States suffer from rosacea (<http://www.rosacea.org/>). The cause of rosacea is unknown. It affects adults who are typically in their 30s and 40s, especially those with fair-skin, blue eyes and of Celtic origin ([http://www.niams.nih.gov/hi/topics/rosacea/rosacea.htm#ros\\_b](http://www.niams.nih.gov/hi/topics/rosacea/rosacea.htm#ros_b)). The standard therapy for rosacea involves the use of a systemic oral antibiotic, such as tetracycline, minocycline and erythromycin, in combination with a topical antibiotic gel. Isotretinoin, also known under the brand names Accutane or Roaccutane, are sometimes considered alternatives to oral antibiotics, especially in cases of papopustular rosacea. In 1989, Metronidazole was the first topical treatment approved for the treatment of rosacea and is used to reduce rosacea flare-ups once the disease is brought under control. If rosacea progresses to a severe stage, dilated blood vessels that become distended under the surface of the skin, known as telangiectasis, appear. Treatment options for telangiectasis are limited to corrective surgery or mixed light pulse therapy, known as Photoderm, which directs a series of light pulse to the dermal layer of the skin stimulating collagen synthesis and resulting in a thickening of the skin and decreasing the visible signs of rosacea.

Our product, *AcnEase*®, is a unique herbal supplement which has been shown in studies conducted in China to improve skin conditions associated with juvenile acne and adult acne and rosacea. *AcnEase*® has no known side effects unlike antibiotics or retinoid derived products.

Clinical trials of the efficacy of *AcnEase*® in patients with acne have been performed in China. In these trials, approximately 95% of the patients aged 15 to 30 responded to *AcnEase*®. In patients aged 31 to 45, the level of effectiveness was approximately 80%. Based on anecdotal experience in the U.S. market, *AcnEase* has proven to be especially effective in addressing skin conditions associated with cystic acne or androgen induced acne in women. In addition, *AcnEase*® has demonstrated a high satisfaction rate among our present and past customers in the U.S. and U.K. who number approximately 25,000. Over the last five years of operations, fewer than 5% of our customers have returned *AcnEase*®, which we back with a 100% guarantee. In clinical studies performed in China and according to customer surveys, users typically respond within 2-3 weeks of their first use of *AcnEase*® and become blemish-free within four to six weeks.

Customers with symptoms of rosacea have been using *AcnEase*® since 2001. Responses from our customers show that 85% of our customers suffering from rosacea have experienced improvements in facial flushing, itchy gritty eyes, acne and gastric reflux.

In December 2004, *AcnEase*® was featured in *New Generalist*, a publication of the Royal College of Medicine of London. In July 2005, it was presented in *Dermatology*, an English language European journal of Dermatology as the only all natural acne therapeutic product.

We selected *AcnEase*® as our business model prototype to demonstrate our ability to identify herbal-based products and bring them to the mainstream marketplace in the U.S. and U.K. We launched *AcnEase*® in 2001. For the last five fiscal years, *AcnEase*® contributed approximately 98% of our revenues. *AcnEase*® has demonstrated high brand recognition, consistently ranking in the top three acne products searched on Google and Yahoo.

Since 2001, we have been the exclusive worldwide distributor of *AcnEase*® under an existing license agreement. As these agreements do not explicitly set forth the extent of our exclusive rights with *AcnEase*®, our exclusivity rights may be subject to limitation or termination in the future.

Currently, we purchase *AcnEase*® manufactured on our behalf by our licensor, AH USA. Since 2004, *AcnEase*® tablets have been manufactured in the U.S.

Our business plan contemplates our future acquisition of the intellectual property rights related to *AcnEase*®, including the formulation thereof, from AH USA; accordingly, on January 10, 2008, we entered into a Purchase

Agreement with AH USA to effect this acquisition. In the event that we obtain sufficient financing and close on the purchase the formulation and other intellectual property rights relating to *AcnEase*®, *AcnEase*® would be manufactured in the U.S. on our behalf. In that event, all herbs for *AcnEase*® would be sourced from China using our contacts in Beijing. Such herbs would come from suppliers that practice cGAP (current Good Agricultural Practice) and the quality and identity confirmed by a herbalist/pharmacognocist. Routine quality control (QC) and identity tests would be performed on the raw materials. All extractions would initially be performed at inspected facilities in China (PRC) or Hong Kong. The extracts would then be shipped to the U.S. where QC analysis and all final product manufacturing testing and release would be performed in contract labs. Packaging and labeling would also be performed using contract manufacturers.

### ***Pipeline Products***

We have a number of other products in varying stages of development for which we will need additional time and financing before introduction to the market. These products include:

*AcnEase® Skin Management System:* This series of products will include a cleanser, toner, moisturizer, mask and topical acne treatment product.

*Sexual Health:* Our sexual health series line includes all natural products that address selected sexual disorders resulting from cardiovascular disease, use of anti-depressants, surgical procedures and other problems.

*Energy Restoration:* This product will address overall depletion of energy due to competitive sports, high-level stress, extensive sexual activities, as well as other conditions that are physically demanding on a long-term or temporary basis.

*Additional Products:* We have also researched expanding our line to include additional products in the areas of liver disease (including liver damage due to Hepatitis and Cirrhosis), prostate health for benign prostate hyperplasia (BPH), women's sexual health, rheumatoid arthritis, antibiotic resistant chronic pulmonary infections and diabetes. We do not expect to be able to develop these products and bring them to market until we have raised substantial financing.

To date virtually all of our sales have been made through our website.

### ***Marketing and Distribution***

We pursue a multi-channel marketing and distribution strategy using a strong brand-building approach and information-driven strategy. We maintain a visible Internet presence and foster partnerships with selected traditional and non-traditional health care providers, nutraceutical and supplement sales channels, as well as high quality consumer products and service providers in the U.S. and abroad.

We sell products in the U.S., the United Kingdom and Continental Europe. Our long term plans include expanding into the Indian, Chinese and Australian markets after sufficient financing is received by our Company. In the U.K., we subcontract with a firm, Meads LLC of Nottingham, which handles order fulfillment, marketing and customer services for our customers in the U.K. and European Union. We also maintain relationships with advisors in Beijing and Shanghai, PRC.

### ***Manufacturing***

We plan to become a fully-integrated company by establishing our own manufacturing and development capabilities at such time as we receive sufficient financing. If we obtain the rights to begin manufacturing our products, we intend to manufacture our products using contract manufacturing companies that are GMP compliant. Quality Control analysis will be contracted during the initial stages of development, though at an appropriate point in time QC may be taken in house. Currently, AcnEase® is manufactured for us by the licensor of the formula, and we outsource packaging functions for our products.

The state of the art for the processing and sourcing of many herbs still resides in Asia. Through our network, we have contacts that can oversee the manufacturing of select products in China. Samples and initial batches of one of our sexual health products have been made for us in China because the product is manufactured using proprietary process and enrichment steps, as well as raw materials that are sourced in China. Initial batches of certain of our sexual health and energy restoration products are currently manufactured in the United States through several contract manufacturers and we expect will continue to be made in the U.S. after we begin marketing the products. AcnEase® is

also manufactured in the United States. Sourcing of the raw materials can be from several suppliers in either the United States or Asia.

### ***Raw Materials***

Raw materials for *AcnEase*® and one of our sexual health products are obtained from China. Raw materials can be obtained from several suppliers. We have an arrangement with Botanic Century in Beijing and David Pharma, Shijiazhuang to work as agents for the procurement of herbs and in some instances processing and testing of the raw materials. In addition, we retain CMM consultants (Oxford UK) to perform similar services. In the case of the sexual health product, it is not only the raw materials that are important but also the extraction and enrichment process that is proprietary. Final product manufacturing and release testing (QC) can eventually be performed in the United States following sourcing of the active ingredients in China. Raw materials for another of our sexual health products in the pipeline can be obtained from suppliers in the United States. All extractions are performed in the United States as is final production manufacturing packaging and labeling.

### ***Intellectual Property***

All of our existing and pipeline products are presently protected as trade secrets. Some of our products may qualify for patent protection that will involve the ingredients, ratios of ingredients, and specific fractions for extracts of ingredients and/or an extraction process.

The key method of protection for our products at the current time is through trade secrets relating to:

- ingredients (content and amount),
- part of plant used,
- ratio of ingredients,
- preparation and enrichment of ingredients, and
- proprietary extraction procedures.

Most of these trade secrets are owned by our licensor and licensed to us. Therefore, we rely on our licensor to continue to adequately protect these trade secrets. We intend to source ingredients from different companies to make certain no single entity has a list of all ingredients. All subsequent processing is performed at separate factories. We believe trade secrets are the best method at this time to protect herbal based products.

### ***Working Capital Items***

We carry varying amounts of inventory. We do not extend payment terms to customers or provide wholesale customers any rights to return merchandise. Retail customers in the U.S. are provided with a 100% money-back guarantee; however, the rate of returns is less than 5%.

### ***Major Customers***

Due to the fragmented market, we do not have any one customer that accounts for 10% or more of consolidated revenues.

### ***Competition***

Our direct corporate competitors are primarily nutraceutical companies, including specialty retailers, supermarkets, large chain discount retailers, drug store chains and independent drug stores, health food stores, on-line merchants,

and mail order companies. Indirect competition also includes healthcare-focused online marketers. Some of our more prominent competitors include General Nutrition Centers, Inc., NBTY, Inc., Invite Health, Vitamin World and Vitamin Shoppe. The vast majority of products distributed by nutraceutical and herbal supplement companies are targeted towards dieting and weight management, body building supplementation, dietary or vitamin supplements and personal care products. These products represent the commodity approach to satisfying the markets needs and a selected few qualify as proprietary and unique formulations with intellectual property value. To our knowledge, no other botanical supplement targeting a specific health issue currently entertains national brand recognition. In addition, the herbaceutical sector is highly fragmented. We believe that the rudimentary stage of development for this sector, in conjunction with our superior products and pipeline, provides us an opportunity for growth, including acquisitions, and the ability to assume a leadership position in the sector in a relatively short period of time.

## ***Regulation***

We have determined that all of our existing and proposed products are dietary supplements as defined under federal statutes and regulations of the FDA. Neither nutritional supplements nor dietary supplements require FDA or other governmental approval prior to their marketing in the United States. No governmental agency or other third party makes a determination as to whether our products qualify as nutritional supplements, dietary supplements, or neither. We make this determination based on the ingredients contained in the products and the claims made for the products. The processing, formulation, packaging, labeling and advertising of such products, however, are subject to regulation by one or more federal agencies including the FDA, the Federal Trade Commission, the Consumer Products Safety Commission, the Department of Agriculture and the Environmental Protection Agency. Our activities also are subject to regulation by various agencies of the states and localities in which its products are sold. We markets products that are covered under FDA regulations for Dietary Supplements.

### *Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act*

The FDA, pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act ("FFDCA"), regulates the formulation, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, distribution and sale of dietary supplements. The FDA has broad authority to enforce the provisions of the FFDCA applicable to foods and dietary supplements, which by definition is a sub-category of foods. The FDA's powers include (i) issuing a public "Warning Letter" notifying a company that a product is not in compliance with FDA regulations, (ii) publicizing information about an illegal product, (iii) requesting a voluntary recall of an illegal product from the market, (iv) requesting the Department of Justice to initiate civil seizure and/or injunction actions, (v) seeking and receiving consumer redress, and (vi) initiating criminal proceedings in the U.S. federal courts.

Under the FFDCA, all labels and labeling claims must be truthful and non-misleading. As a general rule, advertising for dietary supplements is regulated by the FTC. Labeling for these products is regulated by the FDA. Nevertheless, the FDA takes the position that, in addition to the FTC, the FDA also has jurisdiction to review Internet websites and mail order catalogs as it considers these forms of media to be labeling. Moreover, the FDA has been known to review advertising for dietary supplements to help it determine the intended use of the product being advertised. Non-compliance with the FDA regulation could lead to, among other things, injunctions, product withdrawals, recalls, and product seizures.

### *Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994*

Dietary Supplements is a classification of products resulting from the enactment of the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 ("DSHEA") in October 1994. Our dietary supplement products are subject to DSHEA. DSHEA amended and modified the application of certain provisions of the FFDCA as they relate to dietary supplements, and required the FDA to promulgate regulations consistent with DSHEA. The provisions of DSHEA are generally favorable to the dietary supplement industry and define dietary supplements and dietary ingredients; establish a new framework for assuring safety; outline guidelines for literature displayed where dietary supplements are sold; provide for the use of claims and nutritional support statements; require ingredient and nutrition labeling; and grant the FDA the authority to establish regulations concerning good manufacturing practices ("GMPs").

DSHEA defines a dietary supplement to include any product (other than tobacco):

- (i) intended to supplement the diet that bears or contains one or more of a vitamin, mineral, herb or other botanical, amino acid, substance to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake, or any concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any such ingredient, provided that such product is either intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, soft gel, gelcap, or liquid droplet form, or
- (ii)

if not intended to be ingested in such form, is not represented for use as a conventional food or as a sole item of a meal or the diet, and

(iii) is labeled as a dietary supplement.



A dietary supplement, which contains an ingredient not on the market before October 15, 1994 (a “new dietary ingredient”) adulterates the product under the FFDCA unless there is evidence of a history of use or other evidence of safety establishing that it will reasonably be expected to be safe. The practical effect of such an expansive definition is to ensure that the new protections and requirements of DSHEA will apply to a wide class of products.

Under DSHEA, companies that manufacture and distribute dietary supplements are allowed to make any of the following four types of statements with regard to nutritional support on labeling without FDA approval:

- (i) a statement that claims a benefit related to a classical nutrient deficiency disease if it discloses the prevalence of such disease in the United States;
- (ii) a statement that describes the role of a nutrient or dietary ingredient intended to affect the structure or function of the body;
- (iii) a statement that characterizes the documented mechanism by which a nutrient or dietary ingredient acts to maintain the structure or function; or
- (iv) a statement that "describes general well-being" from consumption of a nutrient or dietary ingredient.

In addition to making sure that a statement meets one of these four criteria, a manufacturer of the dietary supplement must have substantiation that such statement is truthful and not misleading, must not claim to diagnose, mitigate, treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of diseases, and for structure/function claims, must contain the following disclaimer, prominently displayed in boldface type: "This statement has not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease."

Under its authority granted by DSHEA, the FDA has proposed GMPs specifically for dietary supplements. These new GMPs, when finalized, will be more detailed than the GMPs that currently apply to dietary supplements and may, among other things, require dietary supplements to be prepared, packaged and held in compliance with certain rules (including quality control provisions) similar to the GMPs applicable to drugs. There can be no assurance that, if the FDA adopts GMPs for dietary supplements, we and/or our suppliers will be able to comply with the new rules without incurring substantial expenses that might have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

As a formulator, distributor and marketer of dietary supplements, we are subject to the risk that one or more of the ingredients in our product may become subject to regulatory action in the future.

#### *The Federal Trade Commission*

The FTC exercises jurisdiction over the advertising of dietary supplements and foods and has the authority over both “deceptive” and “unfair” advertising and other marketing practices. In addition to its broad investigative powers, the FTC has the power to initiate administrative and judicial proceedings against a company and may also seek a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction against a company pending the final determination of an action. The FTC’s remedies also include consumer redress, civil and criminal penalties.

Our advertising and sale of our dietary supplements is subject to regulation by the FTC under the Federal Trade Commission Act (the “FTCA”). The FTCA prohibits unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce. The FTCA provides dissemination or causing to be disseminated any false advertisement pertaining to drugs or foods (which would include dietary supplements) is an unfair or deceptive act or practice. Under the FTC’s “substantiation doctrine”, an advertiser is required to have a “reasonable basis” for all objective product claims before the claims are made. Failure to substantiate claims adequately may be considered a deceptive or

unfair practice. Pursuant to this FTC requirement, we are required to have adequate substantiation for all advertising claims made for our products at the time such claims are made.

***Research and Development***

We limit the amount of expenditures relating to the development of new products through the use of co-licensing and co-development. We incur minimal research and development expenditures.

### ***Environmental Compliance***

We are not aware of any administrative or other costs incurred which are directly related to compliance with environmental laws, and we have not experienced any other significant effect from the impact of environmental laws.

### ***Company History***

The Company was incorporated in the State of Delaware on June 4, 2002, and was the surviving entity following a merger of G.O. International, Inc. ("G.O."), a New Jersey corporation, with and into the Company effective June 6, 2002.

On September 18, 2006, Herborium was acquired by Pacific Magtron International Corporation, Inc. ("PMIC"), a publicly traded Nevada Corporation, pursuant to a Merger Agreement and PMIC's plan of reorganization in bankruptcy. The transaction was accomplished by the merger of a PMIC subsidiary into Herborium, with Herborium as the surviving corporation (the "Merger"). Under the provisions of the Merger Agreement and the plan of reorganization, the stockholders of Herborium exchanged 100% of their common stock of the Company for 85% of the post-Merger PMIC common stock. The previously outstanding common shares of PMIC were cancelled under the plan of reorganization, and one new share of the Company was issued in exchange for each cancelled shares held by all PMIC shareholders, other than its majority shareholder, Advanced Communications Technologies, Inc ("ACT"). A total of 11,454,300 shares were issued to the shareholders of ACT in exchange for the cancellation of the PMIC shares and ACT's contribution of \$50,000 to the bankruptcy. Shares of our common stock have been distributed to PMIC shareholders. Following this distribution, as well as certain other distributions that are included in the plan of reorganization, an aggregate of 108,567,080 shares of common stock of Herborium Group was issued and outstanding as of November 30, 2006. This number of shares was used in the calculation of net loss per share for the year then ended on a retroactive basis.

The Company's merger with PMIC is treated as a recapitalization with no purchase price allocation. In connection with the merger, PMIC changed its name to Herborium Group, Inc. and adopted the fiscal year of Herborium Group, Inc. which is November 30.

### ***Employees***

We presently have one full-time employee whose principal responsibility is product order fulfillment. Dr. Olszewski, our President, Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer does not currently devote her full time to us and will not do so until such time as we raise at least \$1,250,000 in financing. Dr. Gilligan will assume full-time employment with us as our Co-President and Chief Operating Officer within six months after the date that we raise at least \$2,500,000 in financing. Prior to such time, he will serve as a consultant to us.

## **ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

Currently, we maintain our office at Park 80W Plaza II, Suite 200, Saddle Brook, NJ 07663. Fulfillment and customer service are performed from space at 985 Carteret Ave. in Union, New Jersey, the home of Dr. Gilligan. We also rent warehouse space to house inventory in New Jersey.

## **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

None.

## **ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

None.

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**PART II****ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND SMALL BUSINESS ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES*****Price Range Of Common Stock***

Our common stock is presently traded on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol HBRM; PMIC was formerly traded on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol PMICQ.OB. The following table shows the high and low sale prices for 2005, 2006 and 2007 in dollars per share as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board. These may not be the prices that you would sell or would pay to purchase a share of our common stock during the periods shown.

	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2007		
Quarter Ended February 28, 2007	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.04
Quarter Ended May 31, 2007	0.06	0.02
Quarter Ended August 31, 2007	0.03	0.01
Quarter Ended November 30, 2007	0.01	0.01
Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2006*		
Quarter Ended March 31, 2006	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.02
Quarter Ended June 30, 2006	0.05	0.02
Quarter Ended August 31, 2006	0.04	0.02
Quarter Ended November 30, 2006	0.06	0.02

\* The initial Form 10-QSB for Herborium Group was filed for the quarter ended August 31, 2006. For purposes of reporting high and low sales prices in this item, we have changed from calendar quarters to our fiscal quarters.

The number of holders of record for our common stock immediately after giving effect to the merger was approximately 600.

***Dividend Policy***

We have not paid and have no plan to pay dividends on our common stock.

***Recent Sales Of Unregistered Securities***

We had no sales of unregistered securities during the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007.

***Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities***

We did not make any purchases of equity securities during the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007.

## **ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION**

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes and the other financial information appearing elsewhere in this report. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this Annual Report contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties including the use of words such as "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "intends," "will," "seek" and other similar expressions, are intended to identify forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. In addition, any statements that refer to expectations or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Actual results and outcomes could differ materially as a result of important factors including, among other things, general economic conditions, the Company's ability to renew or replace key supply and credit agreements, fluctuations in operating results, committed backlog, public market and trading issues, risks associated with dependence on key personnel, competitive market conditions in the Company's existing lines of business and technological obsolescence, as well as other risks and uncertainties.

### **GENERAL**

We provide unique, natural and complementary healthcare related products to consumers and healthcare professionals seeking alternative answers to the management of healthcare issues not currently met by standard Western medicine. Our products are botanical supplements comprised of unique herbal formulations. We select products that have a record of clinical efficacy and safety established in China; however, these products have not been evaluated according to standards of clinical efficacy and safety applicable to pharmaceutical products sold in the United States and other countries, and because these products are herbal-based, they are not recognized as pharmaceuticals by the Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA").

Our business model is based on:

- owning and/or marketing unique products with established clinical history in their country of origin, and
- a proactive approach to meeting the regulatory changes and challenges of the new healthcare marketplace.

### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **a. Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Herborium, Inc. and Herborium.com, Inc. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

#### **b. Inventory**

Inventory, consisting of finished botanical therapeutic products, is stated at the lower of cost or market and is valued on the first-in, first-out method. When net realizable value has fallen below cost, inventory is written down.

#### **c. Shipping and handling costs**

Shipping and handling costs associated with outbound freight amounted to approximated \$50,000 and \$46,000 for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and were charged to cost of sales.

#### **d. Property and equipment**

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from five to seven years.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the applicable cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is credited or charged directly to income.

**e. Advertising**

It is the Company's policy to expense advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expenses for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006 were approximately \$192,000 and \$199,000, respectively.

**f. Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**g. Revenues**

The Company recognizes revenue when inventory is shipped to its customers.

**h. Recent accounting pronouncements**

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that SFAS 157 will have on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of SFAS 109. FIN No. 48 provides a comprehensive model for the recognition, measurement and disclosure in the financial statements of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Company adopted FIN No. 48 effective beginning on December 1, 2007. The adoption of this interpretation did not have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities—Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115." This Standard allows entities to voluntarily choose, at specified election dates, to measure many financial assets and financial liabilities (as well as certain non-financial instruments that are similar to financial instruments) at fair value. The election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis and is irrevocable. If the fair value option is elected for an instrument, the Statement specifies that all subsequent changes in fair value for that instrument shall be reported in earnings. SFAS No. 159 is effective beginning on December 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact this new Standard could have on our financial position and results of operations.

The FASB has issued Statement No. 141 (R), "Business Combinations". This statement retains the fundamental requirements in Statement No. 141 that the acquisition method of accounting (which Statement No. 141 called the "purchase method") be used, and applies to the all business entities, including mutual entities that previously used the pooling of interest method of accounting for some business combinations. The statement is effective for transactions within the annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Management does not expect this pronouncement to have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.



The FASB has issued Statement No. 160, “Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements”. This statement changes the way the consolidated income statement is presented when non-controlling interests are present. It requires consolidated net income to be reported at amounts that include the amounts attributable to both the parent and the non-controlling interest, and is effective for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Management does not expect this pronouncement to have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.

## **FINANCIAL CONDITION**

We had net losses of \$643,000 and \$340,000 during the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. As of November 30, 2007, we had cash and total current assets of \$2,000 and \$45,000, respectively, and current liabilities of \$1,223,000, with obligations aggregating \$640,000 for trade creditors and accrued expenses, \$129,000 for credit card obligations, \$166,000 payable for line of credit obligations, \$51,000 for amounts due to others, \$35,000 for amounts due to related parties and \$201,000 for amounts due to stockholders. We have been operating at a loss since inception and have been funding these losses in a number of ways, including lines of credit, credit card debt, advances from stockholders and others and entering into subscription agreements with “friends and family” for investment funds. While we have recently received bridge financing aggregating \$225,000, we are actively seeking a substantial amount of equity or debt financing to accomplish our business plan, we do not have commitments for such financing. Our working capital at November 30, 2007, is not sufficient to meet our working capital needs for the next twelve-month period and we will need to obtain additional financing from one or more of the sources described above, or an entirely new source.

To date we have not obtained adequate equity or debt financing to enable us to implement our business plan. As a result of the lack of financial resources, a condition unfavorably impacting us since inception, revenue and profitability have not increased as we believe would have otherwise been the case. Without sufficient financing, we have not been able to (i) acquire ownership of several products, particularly the intellectual property rights to, and formulation of, our principal product, AcnEase®, (ii) market and promote our products, (iii) conduct certain clinical trials that would further such marketing and promotional activities and (iv) hire additional employees.

## **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the fiscal years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company's due to stockholders obligation increased by \$47,000 and \$25,000 to \$201,000 and \$154,000, respectively. During the fiscal years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company's due to related parties obligation increased by \$22,000 and \$13,000 to \$35,000 and \$13,000, respectively.

## **COMPARISON OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2007 TO THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2006**

### **Overall Results of Operations**

For the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007, we incurred a net loss of \$643,000, an increase of \$303,000 from the net loss of \$340,000 for the comparable prior year period. The increase in net loss in the fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006 period is principally attributable to an increase in general and administrative expenses.

### **Sales**

Net sales for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 were \$762,000 compared to \$828,000 for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006. The decrease of \$66,000, or 8%, can be attributed to both the adverse effect of a temporary closing of the United Kingdom office for reorganization of fulfillment services and a change in its management, and a temporary strike by the primary delivery service utilized in that country, partially offset by a modest increase in sales in other European countries and the increase in sales experienced in the United States due to increased awareness of AcnEase, the Company's principal product, resulting from web-based promotion activities and growth in distributor orders.

### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit decreased to \$380,000 for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 compared to \$485,000 for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006, a decrease of \$105,000, or 21.7%, with gross margin decreasing to 49.9% from 58.6% for the prior period. The decrease in gross profit is attributable to both the decrease in net sales as well as the decreased gross margin. The decrease in gross margin was caused by the temporary operational issues in the United Kingdom, which partially offset an improvement earlier in the year in the average selling price received for AcnEase due to a change in the mix of distribution channels.

## Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses increased by \$196,000, or 25.2%, to \$976,000 for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007, from \$779,000 for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006, principally attributable to an increase in selling and administrative expenses for non-cash stock-based consulting fees and officer salary expense accrued but not paid, partially offset by a decrease in legal fees and website development expenditures.

## Other Expense

Interest expense increased slightly to \$46,000 from \$45,000 for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 as compared with the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006, as interest bearing debt and related interest rates remained constant.

## Seasonality

There are no seasonality factors that affect the Company.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenue or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors, and the Company does not have any non-consolidated special purpose entities.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of November 30, 2007, we had a cash balance of \$2,077 and a negative cash flow from operations of \$86,000 for the year then ended. We have been operating at a loss since inception and have been funding these losses in a number of ways, including lines of credit, credit card debt, advances from stockholders and others and entering into subscription agreements with "friends and family" for investment funds. While we have recently received bridge financing aggregating \$225,000, we are actively seeking a substantial amount of equity or debt financing to accomplish our business plan, we do not have commitments for such financing. Our working capital at November 30, 2007, is not sufficient to meet our working capital needs for the next twelve-month period and will need to obtain additional financing from one or more of the sources described above, or an entirely new source.

The Company has contractual obligations of \$582,400 as of November 30, 2007. These contractual obligations, along with the dates on which such payments are due, are described below:

	Contractual Obligations (as of November 30, 2007)		
	Total	1 Year or Less	More Than 1 Year
Credit cards payable	\$ 129,077	\$ 129,077	\$ —
Lines of credit payable	166,372	166,372	—
Due to others	50,895	50,895	—
Due to related parties	35,000	35,000	—
Due to stockholders	201,056	201,056	—
<b>Total Contractual Obligations</b>	<b>\$ 582,400</b>	<b>\$ 582,400</b>	<b>\$ —</b>

Below is a discussion of our sources and uses of funds for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006.



### **Net Cash Used In Operating Activities**

Net cash used in operating activities was \$86,000 and \$24,000 in the fiscal years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The use of cash in operating activities for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 was principally the result of a net loss of \$643,000, partially offset by an increase of \$293,000 in accounts payable and accrued expenses and non-cash expenses of \$220,000. The use of cash in operating activities for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 was principally the result of a net loss of \$340,000, partially offset by an increase of \$308,000 in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

### **Net Cash Used In Investing Activities**

During the fiscal years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, net cash used in investing activities was \$4,000 and \$10,000, respectively, which principally consisted of \$4,000 and \$9,000, respectively, for the acquisition of other assets, principally trademark costs.

### **Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities**

Net cash provided by financing activities for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 amounted to \$87,000, principally attributable to an increase of \$47,000 in amounts due to stockholders, an increase of \$29,000 in amounts due to others and an increase of \$22,000 in amounts due to related parties. Net cash provided by financing activities for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 amounted to \$39,000, principally attributable to an increase of \$25,000 in amount due to stockholders, an increase of \$13,000 in amount due to related parties, an increase in credit card debt payable of \$13,000, partially offset by payments on lines of credit payable of \$7,000 and long-term debt of \$5,000.

## **RISK FACTORS**

*Our business and results of operations are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties and other factors that you should be aware of, some of which are described below and in the section entitled "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements." The risks, uncertainties and other factors described below are not the only ones facing our company. Additional risks, uncertainties and other factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. Any of the risks, uncertainties and other factors could have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations and could cause the trading price of our common stock to decline substantially.*

### **Risks Relating to Our Company**

***We have a history of losses, and will incur additional losses.***

We are a company with a limited history of operations, and do not expect to significantly increase ongoing revenues from operations in the immediately foreseeable future. To date, we have not been profitable. We had a net loss of \$643,000 during the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007. Our losses have resulted principally from costs incurred in product development, including product testing and selection, and from general and administrative costs associated with our operations. While we seek to attain profitability, we cannot be sure that we will ever achieve product and other revenue sufficient for us to attain this objective.

With the exception of *AcnEase®*, our product candidates are in research or various stages of development. For some of these products we will want to conduct additional research, development and clinical trials in order to improve our ability to advertise and differentiate these products from others in the market place. We cannot be sure that we will successfully research, develop, commercialize, manufacture and market any other product candidates. We expect that these activities, together with future general and administrative activities, will result in significant expenses for the

foreseeable future.

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***We need additional capital, which may not be available to us.***

We require funds in excess of our existing cash resources to fund operating deficits, develop new products, purchase additional rights to existing products, establish and expand our manufacturing capabilities, and finance general and administrative and research activities. In particular, we will need additional capital to:

- acquire intellectual property rights relating to *AcnEase*® and other products;
- conduct clinical trials and fund marketing and new product launches;
- establish U.S. manufacturing capabilities; and
- fund general working capital requirements if we continue to experience deficits.

Due to market conditions at the time we may need additional funding, or due to our own financial condition at that time, it is possible that we will be unable to obtain additional funding as and when we need it. Even if we are able to obtain capital, it may be on unfavorable terms or terms that excessively dilute existing shareholders or otherwise negatively affect the interests of existing shareholders. If we are unable to obtain additional funding as and when needed, we could be forced to delay our development, marketing and expansion efforts and, if we continue to experience losses, potentially cease operations.

***We may not be able to obtain or sustain market acceptance for our services and products.***

Failure to establish a brand and presence in the marketplace on a timely basis could adversely affect our financial condition and operating results. Moreover, we cannot be sure that we will successfully complete the development and introduction of new products or product enhancements or that any new products developed will achieve acceptance in the marketplace. We may also fail to develop and deploy new products and product enhancements on a timely basis. *AcnEase*® is currently our only product providing revenues.

***Government regulation of the processing, formulation, packaging, labeling and advertising of our products can impact our ability to market products.***

Under the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994, companies that manufacture and distribute dietary supplements are limited in the statements that they are permitted to make about nutritional support on the product label without FDA approval. In addition, a manufacturer of a dietary supplement must have substantiation for any such statement made and must not claim to diagnose, mitigate, treat, cure or prevent a specific disease or class of disease. The product label must also contain a prominent disclaimer. These restrictions may restrict our flexibility in marketing our product.

The FDA has proposed GMPs (Good Manufacturing Practices) specifically for dietary supplements. These new GMPs, when finalized, will be more detailed than the GMPs that currently apply to dietary supplements and may, among other things, require dietary supplements to be prepared, packaged and held in compliance with certain rules (including quality control provisions) similar to the GMPs applicable to drugs. There can be no assurance that, if the FDA adopts GMPs for dietary supplements, we and/or our suppliers will be able to comply with the new rules without incurring substantial expenses that might have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations. As a formulator, distributor and marketer of dietary supplements, we are subject to the risk that one or more of the ingredients in our product may become subject to regulatory action in the future.



The processing, formulizing, packaging, labeling and advertising of such products, however, are subject to regulation by one or more federal agencies including the FDA, the Federal Trade Commission, the Consumer Products Safety Commission, the Department of Agriculture and the Environmental Protection Agency. Our activities also are subject to regulation by various agencies of the states and localities in which our products are sold. Among other things, such regulation puts a burden on our ability to bring products to market. Any changes in the current regulatory environment could impose requirements that would make bringing new products to market more expensive or restrict the ways we can market our products. In addition, the adoption of new regulations or changes in the interpretation of existing regulation may result in significant compliance costs or discontinuation of product sales and may adversely affect our revenue. The FDA may implement additional regulations with which we would have to comply, which would increase expenses.

No governmental agency or other third party makes a determination as to whether our products qualify as dietary supplements or not. We make this determination based on the ingredients contained in the products and the claims we make for the products and if our determination is denied by any regulatory authority we could face significant penalties that may require us to shut down our operations.

***We face substantial competition.***

The dietary supplement industry is growing rapidly and is highly competitive. Competition for the sale of nutritional products comes from many sources, including specialty retailers, supermarkets, large chain discount retailers, drug store chains and independent drug stores, health food stores, on-line merchants, mail order companies and a variety of other participants in the market for nutritional products. Some of our more prominent competitors include General Nutrition Centers, Inc., NBTY, Inc., Invite Health, Vitamin World and Vitamin Shoppe. We compete regularly with companies selling nationally advertised brand name products and with companies that may have more expanded product lines with much larger volume of sales. This competition could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition since these companies have greater financial and other resources available to them and may possess manufacturing, distribution and marketing capabilities far greater than our own.

Certain existing products may become more mainstream and thereby increase competition for those products as more participants enter the market. We may not be able to compete effectively and our attempt to do so may require us to reduce our prices, which may result in lower margins. Failure to compete effectively could adversely affect our market share, revenues and growth prospects.

Our competitive position will be affected by the continued acceptance of our products, our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel, future governmental regulations affecting nutritional products, and publication of product safety studies by the media, government and authoritative health and medical authorities.

***We currently have no manufacturing capabilities and we are dependent upon other companies to manufacture our products.***

We currently have no manufacturing facilities. We are dependent upon relationships with independent manufacturers to fulfill our product needs. We use several manufacturers for various parts of the manufacturing processes for our products. We believe these are small privately held firms.

Because the manufacturing processes, which our contract manufacturers perform, are fairly standard in the industry, we believe that there are a large number of manufacturers who could provide us with these services if our current contract manufacturers are unavailable for any reason or seek to impose unfavorable terms. Our ability to market and sell our products requires that such products be manufactured in commercial quantities and in compliance with applicable federal and state regulatory requirements. In addition, we must be able to manufacture our products at a cost that permits us to charge a price acceptable to the customer while also accommodating distribution costs and third-party sales compensation. Competitors who do own their own manufacturing may have an advantage over us with respect to pricing, availability of product and in other areas through their control of the manufacturing process.

***We are dependent on key management and the loss of their services could have a material adverse impact on us.***

We have relied extensively on the services of Drs. Agnes P. Olszewski and James P. Gilligan, our co-founders. Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan play key roles in our management and the loss of their services would materially and adversely affect us and our prospects. Until we raise substantial financing, neither of these key individuals will spend full-time working for us. Under her employment agreement, Dr. Olszewski is not required to do so until we have raised \$1,250,000, and under his consulting/employment agreement, Dr. Gilligan is not required to do so until six months after we have raised \$2,500,000 in financing. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise such amounts and without such financing and the full-time employment of these key executives we will in all likelihood not be able to further develop our business and will likely continue to experience losses. The loss of services of any of these persons could delay or reduce our product development and commercialization efforts and harm our ability to compete effectively.

***We may be subject to product liability claims and may not have adequate insurance to cover such claims.***

Like other retailers, distributors and manufacturers of products that are designed to be ingested, we face an inherent risk of exposure to product liability claims in the event that the use of our products results in injury. We intend to obtain general liability coverage of \$3 to \$5 million that will include product liability coverage; however, presently we have no such coverage. Because our policies will be purchased on a year-to-year basis, industry conditions or our own claims experience could make it difficult for us to secure the necessary insurance at a reasonable cost. In addition, we may not be able to secure insurance that will be adequate to cover liabilities. We generally do not obtain contractual indemnification from parties supplying raw materials or marketing our products. In any event, any such indemnification is limited by its terms and, as a practical matter, by the creditworthiness of the other party. In the event that we do not have adequate insurance or contractual indemnification, liabilities relating to defective products could require us to pay the injured parties' damages which may be significant compared to our net worth or revenues.

***We may be adversely affected by unfavorable publicity relating to our product or similar products manufactured by our competitors.***

We believe that the dietary supplement market is affected by national media attention regarding the consumption of these products. Future scientific research or publicity may be unfavorable to the dietary and nutritional supplement market generally or to any particular product and may be inconsistent with earlier favorable research or publicity. Adverse publicity associated with illness or other adverse effects resulting from the consumption of products distributed by other companies that are similar to our products could reduce consumer demand for our products and consequently our revenues. This may occur even if the publicity does not relate to our products. Adverse publicity directly concerning our products could be expected to have an immediate negative effect on the market for that product.

***We depend on trade secrets to protect our proprietary technology, which may be inadequate to protect our position.***

Our long-term success will substantially depend upon protecting our technology from infringement, misappropriation, discovery and duplication. We expect that we will apply for patent protection with respect to some of our products. Since we do not currently have patents on our products, a competitor could replicate our products. Any patents that we might obtain may not provide meaningful protection or significant competitive advantages over competing products, due to the complexity of the legal and scientific issues involved in patent defense and litigation. For these reasons we have elected to protect our current products through trade secrets.

Because of the complexity of the legal and scientific issues involved in patent prosecutions, we cannot be sure that any future patent applications for new products will be granted. Nor can we be sure that any patent rights that we do obtain will provide meaningful protection against others duplicating our products because of the complexity of the legal and scientific issues that could arise in litigation over these issues. Furthermore, patent applications are maintained in secrecy in the United States until the patents are approved, and in most foreign countries for a period of time following the date from which priority is claimed. A third party's pending patent applications may cover any technology that we currently are developing. Additionally, if we must resort to legal proceedings to enforce our intellectual property rights, the proceedings could be burdensome and expensive and could involve a high degree of risk to our proprietary rights if we are unsuccessful in, or cannot afford to pursue, such proceedings.

We rely at present completely on trade secrets and contract law to protect our proprietary technology. There can be no assurance that any such contract will not be breached, or that if breached, it will have adequate remedies. Currently, all of our products are protected by trade secrets owned by our licensor and other third parties. We rely on such third parties to adequately protect such trade secrets. There can be no assurance that these third parties will protect and continue to hold the trade secrets relating to our products. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that any of these trade secrets will not become known or independently discovered by third parties.

There can be no assurance that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques or otherwise gain access to our trade secrets and know-how. In addition, we may be required to obtain licenses to patents or other proprietary rights from third parties. There can be no assurance that any licenses required under any patents or proprietary rights would be made available on acceptable terms, if at all. If we do not obtain required licenses, we may encounter delays in product development or find that the development, manufacture or sale of products requiring such licenses could be foreclosed.

***We have limited the liability of our directors and officers for breaches of the duty of care.***

Our articles of incorporation limit the liability of our directors for monetary damages for breaches of directors' fiduciary duty of care. This provision may reduce the likelihood of derivative litigation against directors and may discourage or deter shareholders or management from suing directors for breaches of their duty of care, even though

such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit our shareholders and us. In addition, our articles of incorporation provide for the indemnification of directors and officers in connection with civil, criminal, administrative or investigative proceedings when acting in their capacities as agents for us.

***Our results of operations may be affected by changing market prices and requirements for dietary supplements.***

Our results of operations may be affected by changing resale prices or market requirements for dietary supplements, some of which are priced on a commodity basis. The sale price, and market demand for, these materials can be volatile due to numerous factors beyond our control, which may cause significant variability in its period-to-period results of operations.

***Our results of operations will fluctuate.***

Our revenues and results of operations will vary from quarter to quarter in the future. A number of factors, many of which are outside of our control, may cause variations in our results of operations, including:

- demand and price for our products;
- the timing and recognition of product sales;
- unexpected delays in developing and introducing products;
- unexpected delays in manufacturing our products;
- increased expenses, whether related to marketing, product development or administration or otherwise;
- insufficient demand in the marketplace could cause our distributors to return product;
- the mix of revenues derived from products;
- the hiring, retention and utilization of personnel; and
- general economic factors.

***We may not succeed in our acquisition of additional products.***

As part of our growth strategy, we intend to acquire and develop additional product candidates or approved products. The success of this strategy depends upon our ability to identify, select and acquire bioherbaceutical products that meet the criteria we have established. Any product candidate we acquire or license may require additional research and development efforts prior to commercial sale, including extensive pre-clinical and/or clinical testing. All product candidates are prone to the risks of failure inherent in product development, including the possibility that the product candidate will not be safe, non-toxic and effective. In addition, we cannot assure that any approved products that we develop, acquire or license will be manufactured or produced economically; successfully commercialized; widely accepted in the marketplace or that we will be able to recover our significant expenditures in connection with the development, acquisition or license of such products. In addition, proposing, negotiating and implementing an economically viable acquisition or license is a lengthy and complex process. Other companies, including those with substantially greater financial, marketing and sales resources, may compete with us for the acquisition or license of product candidates and approved products. We may not be able to acquire the rights to additional product candidates and approved products on terms that we find acceptable, or at all. In addition, if we acquire or license product candidates from third parties, we will be dependent on third parties to supply such products to us for sale. We could be materially adversely affected by the failure or inability of such suppliers to meet performance, reliability and quality standards.

***Other companies may claim that we infringed upon their proprietary rights.***

We do not believe that our products or processes violate third-party intellectual property rights. Nevertheless, there is no guarantee that such rights are not being, and will not be, violated. If any of the products or processes are found to violate third-party intellectual property rights, we may be required to re-engineer or cause to be re-engineered one or more of those products or processes or seek to obtain licenses from third parties to continue offering its products or processes without substantial re-engineering, and such efforts may not be successful.

***Our non-US sales present special risks.***

A subcontractor in London handles fulfillment and coordinates market development for our products in the U.K. and continental Europe. We anticipate that sales outside the U.S. will continue to account for a significant percentage of our product sales and we intend to continue to expand our presence in international markets. Non-US sales are subject to a number of special risks. For example:

- sales agreements may be difficult to enforce;
- receivables may be difficult to collect through a foreign country's legal system;
- foreign countries may impose additional withholding taxes or otherwise tax foreign income, impose tariffs or adopt other restrictions on foreign trade;
- intellectual property rights may be more difficult to enforce in foreign countries;
- terrorist activity or the outbreak of a pandemic disease may interrupt distribution channels or adversely impact customers or employees; and
- regulations may change relating to dietary supplements that may negatively impact the ability to market products in those geographical regions.

Any of these events could harm our operations or operating results.

***Compliance with changing regulation of corporate governance and public disclosure will result in additional expenses.***

Changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("SOX") and new Securities and Exchange Commission regulations, are creating uncertainty for public companies. Our management team will be required to invest significant management time and financial resources to comply with both existing and evolving standards for public companies, which may lead to increased general and administrative expenses and a diversion of management time and attention from revenue generating activities to compliance activities. Compliance with Rule 404 of SOX will be required for the fiscal year ending November 30, 2008, for which we will incur additional expenses in fiscal 2008.

***It is possible that there are claims of which we are unaware that may come to light in the future and cost us considerable time, effort and expense to resolve.***

It is possible that a claim, whether valid or not, may be asserted against us in the future with respect to matters arising prior to the merger. There can be no assurance given that some person will not devise a claim and attempt to assert it against us in the hopes of obtaining some monetary benefit. To resolve such a claim, including payment, may cost us considerable time, effort and expense. Any of these may impair management's implementation of the business plan with the consequence of a loss of opportunity.

**Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

***Because our common stock is traded on the OTC Bulletin Board, your ability to sell your shares in the secondary trading market may be limited.***



Our common stock currently is traded on the over-the-counter market on the OTC Bulletin Board. Consequently, the liquidity of our common stock is limited, not only in the number of shares that are bought and sold, but also through delays in the timing of transactions, and coverage by security analysts and the news media, if any, of us. As a result, prices for shares of our common stock may be lower than might otherwise prevail if our common stock was traded on a national securities exchange, such as The New York Stock Exchange or The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC.

***Our common stock may be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board, which would likely cause the trading price of our common stock to decline and affect our ability to raise capital in the future.***

Under applicable NASD Rules, if we are delinquent in our reporting obligations three times in a 24-month period and/or are actually removed from the OTC Bulletin Board for failure to file two times in a 24-month period, in each case, we would be ineligible for quotation on the OTC Bulletin Board for a period of one year. On April 5, 2006, we received notice from the OTC Bulletin Board that unless we cured our delinquency in filing the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 prior to the expiration of the grace period (May 5, 2006), our common stock would be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board effective May 9, 2006. We cured this delinquency with the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on May 1, 2006. On March 2, 2007, we received notice from the OTC Bulletin Board that unless we cured our delinquency in filing the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2006 prior to the expiration of the grace period (April 2, 2007), our common stock would be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board effective April 3, 2007. We cured this delinquency with the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 29, 2007. To date, we have been delinquent two times in the past 24-month period. Should quotation of our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board or a similar facility cease for any reason, the liquidity of our common stock and our ability to raise equity capital would likely decrease.

***Because our shares are “penny stocks,” you may have difficulty selling them in the secondary trading market.***

Federal regulations under the Exchange Act regulate the trading of so-called “penny stocks,” which are generally defined as any security not listed on a national securities exchange, priced at less than \$5.00 per share and offered by an issuer with limited net tangible assets and revenues. Since our common stock currently trades on the OTC Bulletin Board at less than \$5.00 per share, our common stock is a “penny stock” and may not be traded unless a disclosure schedule explaining the penny stock market and the risks associated therewith is delivered to a potential purchaser prior to any trade.

In addition, because our common stock is not listed on any national securities exchange and currently trades at less than \$5.00 per share, trading in our common stock is subject to Rule 15c-9 under the Exchange Act. Under this rule, broker-dealers must take certain steps prior to selling a “penny stock,” which steps include:

- obtaining financial and investment information from the investor;
- obtaining a written suitability questionnaire and purchase agreement signed by the investor; and
- providing the investor a written identification of the shares being offered and the quantity of the shares.

If these penny stock rules are not followed by the broker-dealer, the investor has no obligation to purchase the shares. The application of these comprehensive rules will make it more difficult for broker-dealers to sell our common stock and our shareholders, therefore, may have difficulty in selling their shares in the secondary trading market.

***Our stock price has been and may continue to be volatile and an investment in our common stock could suffer a decline in value.***

Trading of our common stock has been sporadic, and the trading volume has generally been low. Even a small trading volume on a particular day or over a few days may affect the market price of our common stock. The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control. These factors include:

- announcements of research activities and technology innovations or new products by us or our competitors;
- changes in market valuation of companies in our industry generally;
- variations in operating results;
- changes in governmental regulations;
- results of research studies of our products or our competitors’ products;
- regulatory action or inaction on our products or our competitors’ products;
- changes in our financial estimates by securities analysts;
- general market conditions for companies in our industry;



- broad market fluctuations; and
- economic conditions in the United States or abroad.

***Our directors and executive officers own a significant number of shares of our common stock to control our company, which could discourage or prevent a takeover, even if an acquisition would be beneficial to our stockholders.***

Certain of our directors and our current executive officer own or control approximately 80% of our outstanding voting power. Accordingly, these stockholders, individually and as a group, will be able to influence the outcome of stockholder votes, involving votes concerning the election of directors, the adoption or amendment of provisions in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws and the approval of certain mergers or other similar transactions, such as a sale of substantially all of our assets. Such control by existing stockholders could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us.

***We do not pay cash dividends, so any return on an investment must come from appreciation.***

We do not intend to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future and, therefore, any return on an investment in our common stock must come from increases in the fair market value and trading price of our common stock.

***We may issue additional equity securities that will dilute our stockholders.***

We may issue additional equity securities to raise capital and through the exercise of options, warrants and convertible debt that is outstanding or may be outstanding. These additional issuances will have a dilutive effect on our existing stockholders.

## **ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements required by item 7 are included in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB beginning on page F-1.

## **ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

On May 3, 2007, the Company received notice that Berenson LLP (“Berenson”), the Company’s independent registered public accountants, had combined with J.H. Cohn LLP (“J.H. Cohn”), with J.H. Cohn as the surviving entity. On May 31, 2007, the Company’s Board of Directors approved the engagement of J.H. Cohn as Berenson’s successor to continue as the Company’s independent registered public accountants for the fiscal year ending November 30, 2007.

The report of Berenson on the financial statements of the Company as of and for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 did not contain an adverse opinion or a disclaimer of opinion and was not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles, except that Berenson’s report on the Company’s financial statements for fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 did contain an explanatory paragraph regarding their substantial doubt as to the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, and the lack of any adjustments to the financial statements that might result from that circumstance.

During the Company’s fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 and subsequent interim periods preceding the engagement of J.H. Cohn, there were no disagreements between the Company and Berenson on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to the satisfaction of Berenson, would have caused Berenson to make reference to the

subject matter of the disagreements in connection with its audit reports on the Company's financial statements. During the Company's past fiscal year and the interim period through the engagement of J.H. Cohn, Berenson did not advise the Company of any of the matters specified in Item 304(a)(1)(iv)(B) of Regulation S-B.

On February 28, 2006, we dismissed Weinberg & Co., P.A. ("Weinberg") as the auditor for Pacific Magtron International Corp. Effective February 28, 2006, we engaged Berenson, subject to the U.S. Bankruptcy Court's approval, to serve as the independent public accountants to audit our consolidated financial statements for the calendar year ending December 31, 2005. Weinberg's report on our consolidated financial statements for the calendar year ended December 31, 2004 did not contain an adverse opinion or a disclaimer of opinion, and was not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principles, except that Weinberg's report on our consolidated financial statements for the calendar year ended December 31, 2004 did contain a modification paragraph that expressed substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. During our past calendar years and the interim period through February 28, 2006, we had no disagreements with Weinberg on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to Weinberg's satisfaction, would have caused Weinberg to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with its report. During our past calendar year and the interim period through February 28, 2006, Weinberg did not advise us of any of the matters specified in Item 304(a)(1)(B) of Regulation S-B. During our calendar year ended December 31, 2004, and the interim period through February 28, 2006, we have had no consultations with Berenson concerning: (a) the application of accounting principles to a specific transaction or the type of opinion that might be rendered on our financial statements as to which we received oral advice that was an important factor in reaching a decision on any accounting, auditing or financial reporting issue; or (b) any disagreements, as defined in Item 304(a)(1) of Regulation S-K. The appointment of Berenson as independent public accountants was recommended and unanimously approved by our Board of Directors.

## **ITEM 8A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

### **(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Based on her evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of November 30, 2007, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and are operating in an effective manner. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

### **(b) Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting**

During the fiscal quarter ended November 30, 2007, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **ITEM 8B. OTHER INFORMATION**

Not applicable.

**PART III****ITEM 9. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS, CONTROL PERSONS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT**

The following table sets forth the names of our directors and executive officers, their ages and the positions they currently hold. Each such person became an officer and/or director of the company immediately after the closing of the merger. The positions that Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan held with Herborium prior to the merger are described in the biographical information set forth below.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Position</b>
Dr. Agnes P. Olszewski	51	Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Director
Dr. James P. Gilligan	56	Consultant and Director
Max G. Ansbacher	71	Director
Wayne I. Danson	54	Director

**Dr. Agnes Olszewski.** Dr. Olszewski is a co-founder of Herborium, Inc. and served as co-Chief Executive Officer and President Business Development and director of Herborium, Inc. since its inception in 2000 until the merger. She was appointed as our Chief Executive Officer, Acting Chief Financial Officer and director concurrently with the closing of the merger. In addition, concurrently with the closing of the merger, she was appointed director of our subsidiary Herborium. Until such time as we receive a minimum of \$1,250,000 of financing, Dr. Olszewski will not devote her full time to our company, and will continue to engage in her activities as a professor. Dr. Olszewski has over 20 years experience in business strategy, strategic marketing management and international business. She holds M.A. in Consumer Psychology and Ph.D. degrees from Warsaw University, Poland, and an M.B.A. degree from Fordham University, New York City. Dr. Olszewski has been a consultant and a team leader on strategic management and competitive marketing strategies for leading American corporations, as well as foreign companies and institutions. In her capacity as an international consultant, she had lead multicultural negotiations and managed diverse teams of professionals. She has also been responsible for developing and implementing business and marketing strategies in the United States and foreign markets. After the collapse of communism in Central Europe, Dr. Olszewski formed A&T Global Marketing Inc., one of the first consulting firms in the U.S. focusing on the transfer of western management and financial know-how into transitional economies. A&T Global Marketing was also involved in advising American corporations on entry strategies into the emerging markets of Europe and Asia. Dr. Olszewski has successfully led the efforts to form Joint Ventures in Poland, China and France. She was President and Chief Executive Officer of G.O. International, Inc., which she co-founded with Dr. James P. Gilligan, a consulting firm specializing in business strategies for pharmaceutical industry and global technology transfer. G.O. International merged with Herborium, Inc. in June 2002.

**Dr. James P. Gilligan.** Dr. Gilligan is a co-founder of Herborium, Inc. and served co-Chief Executive Officer and President Product Development and director of Herborium, Inc. since its inception in 2000 until the merger. He was appointed as our director and as a director of our subsidiary Herborium concurrently with the closing of the merger. He is currently providing consulting services to us and has agreed to serve on a full-time basis as our President and Chief Operating Officer within six months after we receive a minimum of \$2,500,000 of financing. He has over 25 years experience in the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industry. He received his Ph.D. in Pharmacology and Toxicology from the University of Connecticut, during which time he completed a special research fellowship at the Cleveland Clinic Atherosclerosis Research Unit. He performed his post-doctoral training at the Roche Institute of Molecular Biology. Dr. Gilligan is author or co-author of 15 U.S. patents, as well as multiple PCT patents and the

author of numerous scientific publications. He also received a M.S. in International Business from Seton Hall University. Dr. Gilligan is Vice President of Product Development at Unigene Laboratories Inc. Fairfield, NJ, a biopharmaceutical company. He was a founding member of Unigene in 1981 and participated in the design of its R&D facility in 1983 and the cGMP biotechnology manufacturing facility in 1993. His responsibilities have included coordination of all U.S. and international pre-clinical research, toxicology, and regulatory filings as well as design and management of clinical studies.



**Max G. Ansbacher.** Mr. Ansbacher was appointed as our director and as a director of our subsidiary Herborium concurrently with the closing of the merger. He is the principal of Ansbacher Investment Management, a management firm concentrating in sophisticated options strategies. The firm currently manages over \$158 million. Prior to founding his firm, Mr. Ansbacher managed options accounts for the investment banking firm Bear Stearns. He is the author of three books on investing and his book *The New Options Market* is one of the all-time best selling books on exchange traded options. Mr. Ansbacher is a graduate of Phillips Exeter Academy, the University of Vermont and Yale law school. He also holds an advanced degree in tax law from New York University, and is a member of the bar in New York, Vermont and the District of Columbia.

**Wayne I. Danson.** Mr. Danson was appointed as our director and as a director of our subsidiary Herborium.com concurrently with the closing of the merger. Prior to the merger, Mr. Danson served as Chief Executive Officer and as a director of LW. Mr. Danson was appointed a director on January 3, 2000, President on April 30, 2002 and Chief Executive Officer on June 7, 2005. Mr. Danson is the Managing Director and Founder of Danson Partners, LLC, a financial advisory firm specializing in middle market companies in the real estate and technology industries. Prior to forming Danson Partners, LLC in May 1999, Mr. Danson was Managing Director of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Real Estate Capital Markets Group. Prior to rejoining PricewaterhouseCoopers in 1996, Mr. Danson was a Managing Tax Partner with Kenneth Leventhal & Company in New York and Washington D.C., where he was also Kenneth Leventhal's National Director of its International and Debt Restructure Tax Practices. Prior to his involvement with Kenneth Leventhal in 1988, Mr. Danson was a Managing Director with Wolper Ross & Co., Ltd. in New York, a closely-held financial services company specializing in financial tax, pension consulting, designing financial instruments and providing venture capital and investment banking services. Mr. Danson graduated with honors from Bernard M. Baruch College with a B.B.A. in Accounting and an M.B.A. in Taxation. He is a certified public accountant and a member of the AICPA and the New York State Society of CPAs.

We intend to obtain an additional board member who is “independent” as determined in accordance with the applicable requirements of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC and other applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. While we have had discussions with potential candidates, we had no active candidates at the time of filing of this report. All directors will hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors have been elected and qualified. Officers serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

### **Family Relationships**

There are no family relationships among our directors, executive officers or persons nominated or chosen to become our directors or executive officers.

### **Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

No director, person nominated to become a director, executive officer, promoter or control person has been involved in any legal proceeding during the past five years that is required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 401(f) of Regulation S-K.

### **Board Committees**

We do not have an Audit Committee, and therefore have not determined whether we have an “audit committee financial expert,” as such term is defined in Item 401(h) of Regulation S-K. We also do not have a nominating or compensation committee. The functions of such committees are performed by the entire board. The Company believes that due to the small size of the Board, no separate nominating committee is necessary.

### **Other Significant Employees**

None.

***Corporate Governance***

In March 2007, we established a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code"), applicable to all of our employees, including our principal executive, accounting and financial officers, which states that we are committed to the highest standards of legal and ethical conduct. This Code sets forth our policies with respect to the way we conduct ourselves individually and operate our business. The provisions of this Code are designed to deter wrongdoing and to promote honest and ethical conduct among our employees, officers and directors. The Code is attached as an exhibit to this report. We will satisfy our disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding certain amendments to, or waivers of, any provision of our Code by posting such information on our corporate website. We will provide a copy of the Code, without charge, upon request. You may request a copy of the Code by writing to the Company's corporate office located at Park 80W Plaza II, Suite 200, Saddle Brook, NJ 07663.

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**Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange requires that our directors and executive officers and any persons who own more than ten percent of our common stock file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of our common stock and other equity securities. Such persons are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all such reports that they file. As of the fiscal year ending November 30, 2007, Form 3 reports were not timely filed by James P. Gilligan and Max G. Ansbacher, directors of the Company.

**ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION****Summary Compensation Table**

The following table sets forth the compensation Herborium paid to Drs. Agnes P. during our last fiscal year ended November 30, 2007. Dr. Olszewski became our Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer on September 18, 2006. During the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007, we had no other acting executive officer.

<b>Name and Principal Position</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>Salary (\$)</b>	<b>All Other Compensation (\$)</b>	<b>Total (\$)</b>
Dr. Agnes P. Olszewski <i>Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer</i>	2007	\$ 150,000(1)	(2) \$	150,000

(1) Dr. Olszewski's compensation for fiscal year 2007 has been accrued but not paid.

(2) Dr. Olszewski did not receive aggregate personal benefits or perquisites in excess of \$10,000 during fiscal year 2007.

**Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End**

As of the end of our fiscal year 2007, there were no outstanding equity awards for our Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer.

**Long-Term Incentive Plans**

On January 19, 2007, the Board of Directors approved the 2007 Stock Plan to provide (i) designated employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, (ii) certain consultants and advisors who perform services for the Company or its subsidiaries and (iii) non-employee members of the Board of Directors of the Company with the opportunity to receive grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options and restricted stock..

**Employment and Consulting Agreement; Post-Termination or Change-In-Control Payments****Agreement with Dr. Agnes P. Olszewski**

On September 18, 2006, we entered into an employment agreement with Dr. Olszewski who will serve as President, Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer until such time as we hire a controller or Chief Financial Officer. Dr. Olszewski has the position of Chairman of the Board of Directors. The employment agreement provides for an initial four-year term of employment, with an addition twelve-month extension at Dr. Olszewski's option. Under the agreement, Dr. Olszewski is not required to work full-time until such time as we have received debt or equity financing in an aggregate of amount of \$1,250,000 or more. Until we obtain such amount of financing, Dr. Olszewski

will receive 75% of her base salary. Her annual base salary is \$200,000 with a bonus equal to (i) for the first three years, 5% of EBITDA (as defined in the agreement) and (ii) thereafter 5% of Net Income before bonus (as defined in the agreement). She will be eligible for an additional bonus ranging from \$75,000 to \$200,000 in the event that our Pre-Tax Income for a fiscal year exceeds that of the prior fiscal year by 150% or more. Under the employment agreement,. Dr. Olszewski will be an eligible participant under one or more stock option plans adopted by us. Dr. Olszewski will be subject to non-competition provisions during the term of the agreement or until September 30, 2012 in the event that she extends the agreement for the additional twelve month period.

Dr. Olszewski's employment may be terminated in the event of extended disability or incapacity or a "For Cause Event" as defined in the agreement. Dr. Olszewski may terminate her employment voluntarily with 180 days prior written notice, upon our material breach of the agreement with 10 days prior written notice and upon a "Change of Control" as defined in the agreement upon 90 days prior written notice. In the event of her termination, Dr. Olszewski or her beneficiary, as the case may be, will have the right to receive all accrued but unpaid base salary. In the event of her death, her termination based on a material breach by us or our termination of her for any reason other than a For Cause Event, she will be entitled to receive \$600,000. In the event of her termination for or after a Change of Control, she will be entitled to receive an amount equal to the product of her base salary multiplied by 2.99. After (i) the expiration of the term (including an extension of one year by Dr. Olszewski) or (ii) her voluntary termination of the employment agreement, Dr. Olszewski may, at her or our option in the case of clause (i) or at our option in the case of clause (ii), act as a consultant to us for one year and receive compensation equal to 50% of her base salary.

*Agreement with Dr. James P. Gilligan*

On September 18, 2006 we entered into a consulting and employment agreement with Dr. Gilligan who will serve as co-President and Chief Operating Officer. The agreement provides for an initial term of employment expiring on September 20, 2011, with an addition twelve-month extension at Dr. Gilligan's option. Under the agreement, Dr. Gilligan's employment will not commence until six months after we have received debt or equity financing in the aggregate amount of \$2,500,000, and until such date, Dr. Gilligan will serve as a consultant to us at an hourly rate of \$120 per hour and will be permitted to continue his full-time employment elsewhere. Upon his full-time employment, his annual base salary will be \$200,000 with a bonus equal to (i) for the first three years, 5% of EBITDA (as defined in the agreement) and (ii) thereafter 5% of Net Income before bonus (as defined in the agreement. He will be eligible for an additional bonus ranging from \$75,000 to \$200,000 in the event that our Pre-Tax Income for a fiscal year exceeds that of the prior fiscal year by 150% or more. Under the employment agreement, Dr. Gilligan will be an eligible participant under one or more stock option plans adopted by us. Dr. Gilligan will be subject to non-competition provisions during the term of the agreement or until September 30, 2012 in the event that he extends the agreement for the additional twelve-month period.

Dr. Gilligan's employment may be terminated in the event of extended disability or incapacity or a "For Cause Event" as defined in the agreement. Dr. Gilligan may terminate his employment voluntarily with 180 days prior written notice, upon our material breach of the agreement with 10 days prior written notice and upon a "Change of Control" as defined in the agreement upon 90 days prior written notice. In the event of his termination, Dr. Gilligan or his beneficiary, as the case may be, will have the right to receive all accrued but unpaid base salary. In the event of his death, his termination based on a material breach by us or our termination of him for any reason other than a For Cause Event, he will be entitled to receive \$600,000. In the event that his employment is terminated for or after a Change of Control, he will be entitled to receive an amount equal to the product of his base salary multiplied by 2.99. After (i) the expiration of the term (including an extension of one year by Dr. Gilligan) or (ii) his voluntary termination of the employment agreement, Dr. Gilligan may, at his or our option in the case of clause (i) or at our option in the case of clause (ii), act as a consultant to us for one year and receive compensation equal to 50% of his base salary.

***Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation***

We do not currently have a separately designated compensation committee. Instead the entire Board of Directors makes executive officer compensation decisions. Prior to the merger, Herborium, Inc. had no compensation committee. See "Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence" below for more information about related party transactions involving Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan.

**Directors Compensation**

Our directors did not receive any cash or stock compensation for their services as a director in fiscal 2007, but were reimbursed for all of their out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the rendering of services as a director. Dr. James P. Gilligan earned compensation pursuant to his consulting agreement with us during fiscal year 2007 as set forth below. Dr. Agnes P. Olszweski, our Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer and a director, earned compensation pursuant to her employment agreement with us as set forth in the Summary Compensation Table on page 26.

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	All Other Compensation \$(1)	Total (\$)
Dr. James P. Gilligan	\$ 0	\$ 66,667(2)	\$ 66,667
Max G. Ansbacher	\$ 0	-	\$ 0
Wayne I. Danson	\$ 0	-	\$ 0

(1) No director receive aggregate personal benefits or perquisites in excess of \$10,000 during fiscal year 2007.

(2) Dr. Gilligan earned compensation for fiscal year 2007 pursuant to his consulting agreement with us as described above under the heading "Employment and Consulting Agreements." Such compensation has been accrued but not paid.

**ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.**

The following table contains information about the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of February 22, 2008 for:

- any person who owned more than five percent (5%) of our common stock;
- each of our directors;
- our executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table in *Part III - Item 10. Executive Compensation* of this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB; and
- all directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Except as indicated by footnote, and subject to community property laws where applicable, the persons named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned by them. The percentage of beneficial ownership is based on 117,567,080 shares of common stock outstanding as of February 22, 2008.

Name and Address of Stockholder	Common Stock (1)	
	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership(2)	Percent of Class (2)
<i>Directors and Officers</i>		
Dr. Agnes P. Olszewski Herborium Group, Inc. 3 Oak Street Teaneck, New Jersey 07666	44,811,063(3)	38.1%
Dr. James P. Gilligan 985 Carteret Ave Union, New Jersey 07083	42,992,563(4)	36.6%
Max G. Ansbacher 515 Madison Avenue, 29th Floor New York, NY 10022	434,268	*%
Wayne I. Danson 420 Lexington Avenue, Suite 2739 New York, NY 10170	347,373(5)	*%
<i>All Directors and Officers as a Group(4)</i>	88,585,267	75.3%

\* Less than 1 percent

(1) The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share.

(2) The number of shares of common stock and the percent of the class in the table and these notes to the table have been calculated in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, and assume, on a stockholder by stockholder basis, that each stockholder has converted all securities owned by such stockholder that are convertible into common stock at the option of the holder currently or within 60 days of February 22, 2008.

(3) Includes 515,693 shares of common stock held by Dr. Olszewski's son who resides in the same household.

(4) Includes 434,268 shares of common stock held by Dr. Gilligan's son who resides in the same household.

(5) Mr. Danson's shares were received as a distribution as a shareholder of Advanced Communications Technologies, Inc - See "Description of Business - Company History."

### ***Equity Compensation Plan Information***

The following table sets forth information as of November 30, 2007 regarding our existing compensation plans and individual compensation arrangements pursuant to which our equity securities are authorized for issuance to

employees or non-employees (such as directors, consultants and advisors) in exchange for consideration in the form of services:

<b>Plan Category</b>	<b>Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)</b>	<b>Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)</b>	<b>Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)</b>
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	None	\$ N/A	None
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders (1)	None	\$ N/A	14,500,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>None</b>	<b>\$ N/A</b>	<b>14,500,000</b>

(1) Securities are issuable pursuant to the Company's 2007 Stock Plan. See Note 10 (b) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.



**ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS**

Financing of Herborium's operations has been provided by equity investments amounting \$200,000 and loans amounting to \$201,000 as of November 30, 2007 from our founders, Drs. Olszewski and Gilligan, and aggregate funding from friends and family of approximately \$274,500 as of November 30, 2007. The loans from founders are unsecured demand loans that do not bear interest. Funding from friends and family aggregating \$188,500 was received pursuant to subscription agreements entered into in fiscal 2001 through 2005 in connection with a contemplated private placement of equity securities. Under the terms of the subscription agreements, the type of equity security to be issued to the investors will be determined through negotiation with the principal investors in the private placement, and the price to be paid by the investors will be the same as the principal investors in the financing. The number of shares to be received by each investor will be a function of the amount of capital raised from, and the price per share paid by, the principal investors. The subscription agreements do not have an expiration date, provisions for interest payments, nor the form of warrants in the event the private placement is to be in the form of debt. An additional \$10,000 of funding from friends and family was received pursuant to two secured loan agreements. The loans are repayable at on or before January 14, 2008 with a 20% premium. In the event repayment is not made by that date, the obligations are to be satisfied with shares of common stock owned by the Company's co-founders. Through February 22, 2008, no payments of principal or premium have been made, nor have any shares of common stock been transferred in satisfaction thereof.

**DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

The Board of Directors currently consists of four members, two of whom are "independent" as defined under applicable rules of the SEC and The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC. The two independent members of the Board of Directors are Max G. Ansbacher and Wayne I. Danson. For a director to be considered independent, the Board must determine that the director has no relationship which, in the opinion of the Board, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director.

Herborium does not have a separately designated audit, nominating or compensation committee or committee performing similar functions, and the full board performs the functions of these committees. Under the SEC's independence requirements for audit committee members, neither Dr. Agnes P. Olszewski or Dr. James P. Gilligan is independent.

**ITEM 13. EXHIBITS**

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1	Fourth Amended Plans of Reorganization for Pacific Magtron International Corp. and LiveWarehouse, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Pacific Magtron International Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 16, 2006).
2.2	Order Approving Fourth Amended Plans of Reorganization for Pacific Magtron International Corp. and LiveWarehouse, Inc. entered August 11, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to Pacific Magtron International Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 16, 2006).

- 2.3 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 18, 2006, by and among Pacific Magtron International Corp., LiveWarehouse, Inc. and Herborium, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006)
- 3(i) Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Pacific Magtron International Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006)
- 3(ii) Amended and Restated Bylaws of Pacific Magtron International Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006)
- 10.1 Order Approving Settlement Agreement and Mutual Settlement Agreement and Release (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Pacific Magtron International Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 16, 2006).
- 10.2 Employment Agreement dated as of September 18, 2006 between Pacific Magtron International Corp. and Dr. Agnes P. Olszewski (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006)
- 10.3 Employment Agreement dated as of September 18, 2006 between Pacific Magtron International Corp. and Dr. James P. Gilligan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006)
- 14 Code of Ethics
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Registrant
- 23.1 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm - J.H. Cohn LLP
- 23.2 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm - Berenson LLP
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### **ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES**

##### ***Audit Fees***

Our independent registered public accounting firm, J.H. Cohn, has billed us (a) \$45,000 in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 for the audit of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements and for the review of the Company's Form 10-KSB and (b) a total of \$12,000 in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 for the review of our consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Forms 10-QSB for the quarters ended May 31, 2007 and August 31, 2007.

Our predecessor independent registered public accounting firm, Berenson, has billed us (a) \$6,250 in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 for the review of our consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Forms 10-QSB for the quarter ended February 28, 2007, (b) \$44,789 in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 for the audit of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements and for the review of the Company's Form 10-KSB and (c) \$10,069 in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 for the review of our consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Forms 10-QSB for the quarter ended August 31, 2006 and of our consolidated financial statements for the six months ended May 31, 2006 included in the Company's Form 8-K.

***Audit-Related Fees***

No fees were billed in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 for audit-related services rendered by our independent registered public accounting firm, J.H. Cohn, for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning services.

Our predecessor independent registered public accounting firm, Berenson, has billed us \$5,984 in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 for audit-related services.

***Tax Fees***

No fees were billed in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 for professional services rendered by our independent registered public accounting firm, J.H. Cohn, for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning services.

No fees were billed in the fiscal year ended November 30, 2006 for professional services rendered by our predecessor independent registered public accounting firm, Berenson, for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning services.

***All Other Fees***

Other than the services described above, no other fees were billed by our independent registered public accounting firm, J.H. Cohn, for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007.

Other than the services described above, no other fees were billed by our predecessor independent registered public accounting firm, Berenson, for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007.

***Policy For Pre-Approval Of Audit And Non-Audit Services***

Our Company has not adopted an Audit Committee; therefore, there is no Audit Committee policy in this regard. However, our Company does require approval in advance of the performance of professional services to be provided to our Company by its principal accountant. Additionally, all services rendered by our principal accountant are performed pursuant to a written engagement letter between us and the principal accountant.

## SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ Agnes P. Olszewski

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Agnes P. Olszewski  
Title: Chief Executive Officer  
Date: February 28, 2008

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this amended report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

SIGNATURE	TITLE	DATE
<u>/s/ Agnes P. Olszewski</u> Agnes P. Olszewski	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) and Director	February 28, 2008
<u>/s/ James P. Gilligan</u> James P. Gilligan	Consultant and Director	February 28, 2008
<u>/s/ Max G. Ansbacher</u> Max G. Ansbacher	Director	February 28, 2008
<u>Wayne I. Danson</u> Wayne I. Danson	Director	February 28, 2008

## EXHIBIT INDEX

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED  
PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
of Herborium Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Herborium Group, Inc. (the "Company") as of November 30, 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' deficiency and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Herborium Group, Inc. as of November 30, 2007, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company incurred net losses of \$643,000 for the year ended November 30, 2007 and had a working capital deficiency of \$1,177,000 and a stockholders' deficiency of \$1,144,000 as of November 30, 2007. These matters raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also described in Note 2. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ J.H. Cohn LLP

New York, NY  
February 28, 2008

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED  
PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
of Herborium Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Herborium Group, Inc. (the "Company") as of November 30, 2006, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' deficiency and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Herborium Group, Inc. as of November 30, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company incurred net losses of \$340,000 for the year ended November 30, 2006 and had a working capital deficiency of \$757,000 as of November 30, 2006. These matters raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also described in Note 2. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Berenson LLP

New York, NY  
January 30, 2007

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	November 30,	
	2007	2006
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 2,077	\$ 4,649
Accounts receivable	4,772	5,416
Inventory	31,181	73,890
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,292	442
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>45,322</b>	<b>84,397</b>
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	4,231	6,170
Other assets, net of accumulated amortization	28,997	27,728
<b>Total Other Assets</b>	<b>33,228</b>	<b>33,898</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 78,550</b>	<b>\$ 118,295</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 640,403	\$ 344,655
Credit card debt payable	129,077	134,126
Lines of credit debt payable	166,372	172,913
Due to others	50,895	21,513
Due to related parties	35,000	13,000
Current portion of long-term debt	—	1,353
Due to stockholders	201,056	153,682
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>1,222,803</b>	<b>841,242</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY</b>		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized, 115,567,080 and 108,567,080 shares issued and outstanding at November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively	27,000	20,000
Common stock subscribed; no shares issued and outstanding	188,500	188,500
Additional paid-in capital	500,500	180,000
Deferred consulting fees	(106,250)	—
Accumulated deficit	(1,754,003)	(1,111,447)
<b>Total Stockholders' Deficiency</b>	<b>(1,144,253)</b>	<b>(722,947)</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY</b>	<b>\$ 78,550</b>	<b>\$ 118,295</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	<b>Years ended November 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>NET SALES</b>	\$ 761,884	\$ 827,755
<b>COST OF SALES</b>	381,653	342,349
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b>	380,231	485,406
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
Marketing and selling	237,246	286,399
General and administrative	738,321	493,016
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	975,567	779,415
Loss from operations	(595,336)	(294,009)
<b>OTHER EXPENSE</b>		
Interest expense	(45,659)	(44,748)
<b>TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE</b>	(45,659)	(44,748)
<b>LOSS BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES</b>	(640,995)	(338,757)
Provision for income taxes	1,560	1,000
<b>NET LOSS</b>	\$ (642,555)	\$ (339,757)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (.01)	\$ -
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year - basic and dilutive	113,193,107	108,567,080

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN**  
**STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY**

	Common Stock		Common Stock		Additional	Deferred	Accumulated	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-in	Consulting	Deficit	Total
					Capital	Fees		
<b>BALANCE, DECEMBER 1, 2005</b>	108,567,080	\$ 20,000	-	\$ 188,500	\$ 180,000	\$ -	\$ (771,690)	\$ (383,190)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(339,757)	(339,757)
<b>BALANCE, NOVEMBER 30, 2006</b>	108,567,080	20,000	-	188,500	180,000	-	(1,111,447)	(722,947)
Common stock issued to consultant for services	7,000,000	7,000			320,500	(320,208)		7,292
Amortization of deferred consulting fees						213,958		213,958
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(642,555)	(642,555)
<b>BALANCE, NOVEMBER 30, 2007</b>	115,567,080	\$ 27,000	-	\$ 188,500	\$ 500,500	\$ (106,250)	\$ (1,754,003)	\$ (1,144,253)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Years ended November 30,	
	2007	2006
<b>CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (642,555)	\$ (339,757)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,389	5,075
Stock-based consulting fees	215,574	-
Changes in assets (increase) decrease:		
Accounts receivable	644	17,850
Inventory	42,709	(17,150)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	—	2,086
Changes in liabilities increase:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	293,220	307,803
Net cash used in operating activities	(86,019)	(24,093)
<b>CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of equipment	—	(687)
Purchase of amortizable assets	(3,720)	(9,274)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,720)	(9,961)
<b>CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Repayments of lines of credit debt	(6,541)	(6,550)
Repayments of long-term debt	—	(4,515)
Increase (decrease) in due to others	29,382	(1,137)
Increase in due to related parties	22,000	13,000
Increase in due to stockholders	47,374	24,927
Increase (decrease) in credit card debt payable	(5,048)	12,796
Net cash provided by financing activities	87,167	38,521
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH</b>	<b>(2,572)</b>	<b>4,467</b>
<b>CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>4,649</b>	<b>182</b>
<b>CASH, END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 2,077</b>	<b>\$ 4,649</b>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Income taxes	\$ —	\$ 1,637
Interest	45,217	43,824

Supplemental disclosure on noncash financing activities:

The Company issued 7,000,000 shares of common stock valued at \$320,000 in the year ended November 30, 2007 for consulting services.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.





**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Herborium, Inc., (the “Company”) was incorporated in the State of Delaware on June 4, 2002, and is the surviving entity following a merger of G.O. International, Inc., a New Jersey corporation, with and into the Company effective June 6, 2002. The Company provides unique, natural and complementary healthcare related products to consumers and healthcare professionals seeking alternative answers to the management of healthcare issues not currently met by standard Western medicine. Its products are botanical supplements comprised of unique herbal formulations, referred to as botanical therapeutics, that have a record of clinical efficacy and safety established in China; however, these products have not been evaluated according to standards of clinical efficacy and safety applicable to pharmaceutical products sold in the United States and other countries, and because these products are herbal-based, they are not recognized as pharmaceuticals by the Food and Drug Administration (the “FDA”). The Company’s business model is based on (i) owning and/or marketing unique products with established clinical history in their country of origin, and (ii) a proactive approach to meeting the regulatory changes and challenges of the new healthcare marketplace. Historically, substantially all of the Company’s revenue has been derived from the sale of AcnEase through its corporate website.

On September 18, 2006, Herborium was acquired by Pacific Magtron International Corporation, Inc. (“PMIC”), a publicly traded Nevada Corporation, pursuant to a Merger Agreement and PMIC’s plan of reorganization in bankruptcy. The transaction was accomplished by the merger of a PMIC subsidiary into Herborium, with Herborium as the surviving corporation (the “Merger”). Under the provisions of the Merger Agreement and the plan of reorganization, the stockholders of Herborium exchanged 100% of their common stock of the Company for 85% of the post-Merger PMIC common stock. The previously outstanding common shares of PMIC were cancelled under the plan of reorganization, and one new share of the Company was issued in exchange for each cancelled shares held by all PMIC shareholders, other than its majority shareholder, Advanced Communications Technologies, Inc (“ACT”). A total of 11,454,300 shares were issued to the shareholders of ACT in exchange for the cancellation of the PMIC shares and ACT’s contribution of \$50,000 to the bankruptcy. Shares of our common stock have been distributed to PMIC shareholders. Following this distribution, as well as certain other distributions that are included in the plan of reorganization, an aggregate of 108,567,080 shares of common stock of Herborium Group was issued and outstanding as of November 30, 2006. This weighted average number of shares was used in calculations of net loss per share, presented on a retroactive basis, for the year ended November 30, 2006.

The Company’s merger with PMIC is treated as a recapitalization with no purchase price allocation. In connection with the merger, PMIC changed its name to Herborium Group, Inc. and adopted the fiscal year of Herborium Group, Inc. which is November 30.

**2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**a. Basis of Accounting**

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company incurred net losses of \$643,000 and \$340,000 for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The Company had a working capital deficiency of \$1,177,481 and \$757,000 as of November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Management is pursuing additional equity capital and debt financing in connection with the proposed acquisition of the AcnEase formula (See Note 13). However, there is no assurance that these efforts will be successful. Our ability to generate sufficient profits and obtain additional funding and pay off our obligations will determine our ability to

continue as a going concern. Our financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

**b. Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Herborium, Inc. and Herborium.com, Inc. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**c. Cash and cash equivalents**

The Company maintains its cash accounts in two commercial banks. The balance is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000 at each bank.

**d. Inventory**

Inventory, consisting of finished botanical therapeutic products, is stated the lower of cost or market and is valued on the first-in, first-out method. When net realizable value has fallen below cost, inventory is written down.

**e. Shipping and handling costs**

Shipping and handling costs associated with outbound freight amounted to approximated \$50,000 and \$46,000 for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and were charged to cost of sales.

**f. Property and equipment**

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from five to seven years.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the applicable cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is credited or charged directly to income.

**g. Advertising**

It is the Company's policy to expense advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expenses for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006 were approximately \$192,000 and \$199,000, respectively.

**h. Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**i. Income taxes**

Income tax expense includes current and deferred federal and state taxes arising from temporary differences between income for financial reporting and income tax purposes, as well as from the expected realization of net operating loss carryforwards. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized.

**j. Revenues**

The Company recognizes revenue when inventory is shipped to its customers.

**k. Loss per share**

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution of securities, using the treasury stock method, that could share in the earnings of an entity. During the fiscal years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company had no securities convertible into common stock that would, in any event, have been excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share as their effect, because of the net loss, would have been anti-dilutive. During the fiscal years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company had an obligation to issue common stock pursuant to subscription agreements, as well as an obligation to grant warrants to purchase shares of common stock. Such shares, had the number thereof been determinable, would have been excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**I. Allowance for doubtful accounts**

The Company makes judgments as to its ability to collect outstanding trade receivables and provides allowances, if deemed necessary, for the portion of receivables when collection becomes doubtful. Provisions are made based upon a specific review of all significant outstanding invoices.

**m. Recent accounting pronouncements**

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. Management does not believe that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of SFAS 109. FIN No. 48 provides a comprehensive model for the recognition, measurement and disclosure in the financial statements of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Company adopted FIN No. 48 effective beginning on December 1, 2007. The adoption of this interpretation did not have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities—Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115." This Standard allows entities to voluntarily choose, at specified election dates, to measure many financial assets and financial liabilities (as well as certain non-financial instruments that are similar to financial instruments) at fair value. The election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis and is irrevocable. If the fair value option is elected for an instrument, the Statement specifies that all subsequent changes in fair value for that instrument shall be reported in earnings. SFAS No. 159 is effective beginning on December 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact this new Standard could have on our financial position and results of operations.

The FASB has issued Statement No. 141 (R), "Business Combinations". This statement retains the fundamental requirements in Statement No. 141 that the acquisition method of accounting (which Statement No. 141 called the "purchase method") be used, and applies to the all business entities, including mutual entities that previously used the pooling of interest method of accounting for some business combinations. The statement is effective for transactions within the annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Management does not expect this pronouncement to have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.

The FASB has issued Statement No. 160, "Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements". This statement changes the way the consolidated income statement is presented when non-controlling interests are present. It requires consolidated net income to be reported at amounts that include the amounts attributable to both the parent and the non-controlling interest, and is effective for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Management does not expect this pronouncement to have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.

**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	2007	2006
Machinery and equipment	\$ 25,185	\$ 25,185
Less: accumulated depreciation	(20,954)	(19,015)
	\$ 4,231	\$ 6,170

Depreciation expense amounted to \$1,939 and \$2,976 for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

**4. OTHER ASSETS**

Other assets consist of:

	2007	2006
Security deposit	\$ 450	\$ —
Trademarks	37,761	34,491
Less: accumulated amortization	(9,213)	(6,763)
	\$ 28,998	\$ 27,728

Amortization expense amounted to \$2,450 and \$2,099 for the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The company expects to amortize approximately \$2,500 for each of the next five years.

**5. DUE TO STOCKHOLDERS AND RELATED PARTIES**

Amounts due to stockholders consist of unsecured demand loans to the Company with no specified terms, including the payment of interest, and, accordingly, this liability is included in current liabilities and no interest expense has been accrued. Repayment is not expected until such time as the Company has adequate funds available.

Amounts due to related parties consist of three unsecured demand loans to the Company, one in the amount of \$25,000 with no specified terms, including the payment of interest, and, accordingly, this liability is included in current liabilities and no interest expense has been accrued, and two loans to the Company in the amount of \$5,000 each payable in 90 days by January 14, 2008, bearing an interest premium of 20% or \$1,000, secured by common stock of the cofounders. Through February 24, 2008, no payments of principal or premium have been made, nor have any shares of common stock been transferred in satisfaction thereof.

**6. MAJOR SUPPLIER**

For the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company purchased all of its inventory from AH USA, a China-based business entity owned by the individual who is the inventor and sole owner of AcnEase, an acne product. The Company is party to a licensing agreement with AH USA under which the Company, as licensee, is the exclusive worldwide distributor of AcnEase. See Note 13.

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**7. LINES OF CREDIT AND CREDIT CARD DEBT PAYABLE**

The Company has entered into four revolving line of credit agreements with commercial banks. The credit agreements provide for aggregate borrowings of up to \$187,500 and are payable on demand with no maturity dates set forth in the loan agreements. Borrowings under these facilities bear interest at rates ranging from prime plus 1.25% (8.75% at November 30, 2007) to 14%.

The Company also has entered into a number of standard credit card agreements that it uses for business expenses. Borrowings under these agreements, which have no set maturity dates, bear interest at rates ranging from 11.2% to 39.7%.

**8. STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY**

**a. Proceeds from subscription agreements**

As of November 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company received \$188,500 from investors pursuant to subscription agreements entered into in fiscal 2001 through 2005 in connection with a contemplated private placement of equity securities. Under the terms of the subscription agreements, the type of equity security to be issued to the investors will be determined through negotiation with the principal investors in the private placement, and the price to be paid by the investors will be the same as the principal investors in the financing. The number of shares to be received by each investor will be a function of the amount of capital raised from, and the price per share paid by, the principal investors.

The subscription agreements do not have an expiration date; no provisions for repayment; nor the manner of the form of the warrants in the event the private placement is to be in the form of debt.

Additionally, given that a private placement did not occur prior to certain deadlines, each investor is entitled to be granted a warrant to purchase additional shares in the equity security issued in the private placement, generally in an amount equal to the number of shares purchased under the subscription agreement at an exercise price equal to the closing price per share of the private placement. The number of warrants to be issued and the value thereof is not determinable. As of November 30, 2007, no warrants have been issued to such investors in connection with the subscription agreements.

**b. Stock incentive awards**

Commencing in fiscal 2002, the Company awarded to certain employees, consultants and advisors restricted common stock awards as incentive compensation. The Company has no formal plan with respect thereto. Under the terms of the individual stock award agreements, the number of shares to be received by each individual will be determined based on the terms of the aforementioned contemplated private placement. The awarded shares will vest immediately upon issuance within 90 days following the closing of financing for a minimum of \$1 million, and will have piggyback registration rights. For the years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, no expense was recorded for such awards.

**9. INCOME TAXES**

The Company has tax net operating loss carryforwards at November 30, 2007 of approximately \$1.8 million expiring through 2025. Due to the merger (Note 1), the amount of carryforwards available to offset future taxable income is



subject to limitation. The recorded deferred tax asset, representing the expected benefit from the future realization of net operating losses, net of a 100% valuation allowance, was \$-0-.

Income tax expense consists of the following:

	2007	2006
Federal tax expense	\$ -	\$ -
State tax expense	1,560	1,000
	\$ 1,560	\$ 1,000

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**a. Employment agreements**

On September 18, 2006 the Company entered into an employment agreement with Dr. Olszewski who will serve as President, Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer until such time as the Company hires a controller or Chief Financial Officer. Dr. Olszewski will have the position of Chairman of the Board of Directors. The employment agreement provides for an initial four-year term of employment, with an addition twelve-month extension at Dr. Olszewski's option. Under the agreement, Dr. Olszewski is not required to work full-time until such time as the Company receives debt or equity financing in an aggregate of amount of \$1,250,000 or more. Until the Company obtains such amount of financing, Dr. Olszewski will receive 75% of her base salary. Her annual base salary is \$200,000 with a bonus equal to (i) for the first three years, 5% of EBITDA (as defined in the agreement) and (ii) thereafter 5% of Net Income before bonus (as defined in the agreement). She will be eligible for an additional bonus ranging from \$75,000 to \$200,000 in the event that the Company's Pre-Tax Income for a fiscal year exceeds that of the prior fiscal year by 150% or more.

On September 18, 2006 the Company entered into a consulting and employment agreement with Dr. Gilligan who will serve as co-President and Chief Operating Officer. The agreement provides for an initial term of employment expiring on September 20, 2011, with an addition twelve-month extension at Dr. Gilligan's option. Under the agreement, Dr. Gilligan's employment will not commence until six months after the Company receives debt or equity financing in the aggregate amount of \$2,500,000, and until such date, Dr. Gilligan will serve as a consultant to the Company at an hourly rate of \$120 per hour and will be permitted to continue his full-time employment elsewhere. Upon his full-time employment, his annual base salary will be \$200,000 with a bonus equal to (i) for the first three years, 5% of EBITDA (as defined in the agreement) and (ii) thereafter 5% of Net Income before bonus (as defined in the agreement). He will be eligible for an additional bonus ranging from \$75,000 to \$200,000 in the event that the Company's Pre-Tax Income for a fiscal year exceeds that of the prior fiscal year by 150% or more.

Under the employment agreements, Dr. Olszewski and Dr. Gilligan each will be an eligible participant under one or more stock option plans adopted by the Company. Dr. Olszewski and Dr. Gilligan will be subject to non-competition provisions during the term of the agreements or until September 30, 2012 in the event that either extends their agreement for the additional twelve-month period. Dr. Olszewski's and Dr. Gilligan's employment may be terminated in the event of extended disability or incapacity or a "For Cause Event" as defined in the agreement. Dr. Olszewski and Dr. Gilligan may terminate their employment voluntarily with 180 days prior written notice, upon a material breach of the agreement by the Company with 10 days prior written notice and upon a "Change of Control" as defined in the agreement upon 90 days prior written notice. In the event of termination, Dr. Olszewski and Dr. Gilligan or their beneficiaries, as the case may be, will have the right to receive all accrued but unpaid base salary. In the event of death, termination based on a material breach by us or our termination of either party for any reason other than a For Cause Event, that party will be entitled to receive \$600,000. In the event that employment is terminated for or after a Change of Control, that party will be entitled to receive an amount equal to the product of his or her base salary multiplied by 2.99. After (i) the expiration of the term (including an extension of one year by either party) or (ii) voluntary termination of the employment agreement, each individual may, at their or the Company's option in the case of clause (i) or at our option in the case of clause (ii), act as a consultant to the Company for one year and receive compensation equal to 50% of his or her base salary.

As of November 30, 2007 and 2006, an aggregate of \$362,000 and \$145,000, respectively, of accrued and unpaid compensation for Dr. Olszewski and Dr. Gilligan under these agreements was included in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**b. 2007 Stock Plan**

On January 19, 2007, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the Herborium Group, Inc. 2007 Stock Plan ("Plan") which provides for a maximum aggregate of 20 million shares of common stock to be issued upon grants of restricted stock or upon exercise of options granted under the Plan, as compensation and incentive to eligible employees, directors, consultants and advisors. On January 26, 2007, the Company filed a Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission to in connection with the Plan. See 10 (c) grants made under this plan.

**c. Consulting agreements**

On January 1, 2007, the Company entered into a two-year consulting agreement with an individual and, in consideration of the services to be provided pursuant to that agreement, the Company agreed to initially issue up to 9 million shares of the Company's common stock pursuant and subject to the Plan, and when so issued, such shares shall be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, of which 7.5 million shares vested immediately, with 5.5 million shares being issued immediately. The remaining shares will vest over the term of the agreement, and, in the event certain transactions are consummated, up to an additional 3 million shares could be issued per the terms of the agreement. The shares issued and yet to be issued have been valued at \$.05 per share based on the market value on the date granted for an aggregate cost of \$450,000, which cost is being expensed over the period of the agreement. Accordingly, consulting expense in the amount of \$169,000 was recorded in general and administrative expense during the year ended November 30, 2007.

On February 14, 2007, the Company entered into a two-year consulting agreement with a consulting firm and, in consideration of the services to be provided pursuant to that agreement, the Company agreed to issue up to 3 million shares of the Company's common stock pursuant and subject to the Plan, and when so issued, such shares shall be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, of which 500,000 shares vested and were issuable immediately. Of the remaining shares, 500,000 will vest upon the occurrence of one or more transactions, as defined, and the remaining 2,000,000 will vest ratably on the sixth, ninth, twelfth and eighteenth month anniversaries of this agreement. The shares, 1,500,000 of which have been issued as of November 30, 2007, have been valued at \$.035 per share based on the market value on the date granted for an aggregate cost of \$105,000, which cost is being expensed over the period of the agreement. Accordingly, consulting expense in the amount of \$45,000 was recorded in general and administrative expense during the year ended November 30, 2007.

**d. Contingency**

Due to the fact that the Company's products are designed to be ingested, there is an inherent risk of exposure to product liability claims in the event that the use of our products results in injury. The Company may be subject to contingencies that may arise from such matters such as product liability claims, legal proceedings, shareholder suits, as such, the Company is unable to estimate the potential exposure, if any. The Company accrues for such contingencies in accordance with SFAS No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies. The Company has not recognized any liability as of November 30, 2007.

**11. KEY EMPLOYEES**

The Company relies extensively on the services of Drs. Agnes P. Olszewski and James P. Gilligan, its co-founders, who play key roles in all aspects of operations and management and the loss of their services would materially and adversely affect the Company's prospects. Until the Company raises substantial financing, neither of these key

individuals will be able to receive cash compensation.

## **12. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Company applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131 “Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information”. For the fiscal years ended November 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company primarily operated in one segment - botanical therapeutics, with sales of AcnEase representing substantially all of the Company’s revenue.

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

**a. Purchase agreement - intellectual property**

On January 10, 2008, the Company and the individual owning the intellectual property rights related to AcnEase (the “Seller”) entered into a Purchase Agreement (“Agreement”) for the acquisition of all rights related to AcnEase, including the formulation thereof, all sourcing information, extraction procedures, manufacturing and packaging information as well as all related clinical and testing information and trade secrets. Consideration will consist of aggregate cash payments of \$500,000 and common stock issuances of 5,428,354 shares. In accordance with the Agreement, 3,500,000 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to Seller following the Agreement’s signing. Upon obtaining sufficient financing, the Company will make an initial payment of \$450,000 to the Seller in return for all the aforementioned information regarding the acne product. The remaining portions of the purchase price, \$50,000 cash and 1,928,354 shares of common stock, will be held in escrow and released when certain conditions are met, principally the successful manufacturing of the acne product on a commercial scale. The Agreement also requires the Company to purchase on an as-needed basis at a negotiated price any inventory of the acne product in the possession of the Seller at the time that the Company has the ability to manufacture the product.

**b. Bridge financing transaction**

Pursuant to a private offering, on February 19, 2008 and February 21, 2008, the “Company sold Units of its securities consisting of an aggregate \$225,000 in principal amount of its Convertible Notes (the “Notes”), 225,000 shares of its common stock and warrants (the “Warrants”) exercisable for 450,000 shares of the common stock.

The Warrants are exercisable for a period of five years from issuance. Half of the Warrants are exercisable at \$.025 per share and half are exercisable at \$.50 per share, subject to certain adjustments, including, but not limited to, adjustments for stock splits, stock dividends, mergers and consolidations.

The Notes are convertible, beginning six months after issuance or, if earlier, the closing of a qualified financing or an acquisition of the Company, into shares of common stock in whole or in part from time to time at the option of the investors at a Conversion Price equal to \$.025 or 80% of the issuance price in a qualified financing or in connection with an acquisition of the Company. The Notes define a qualified financing as the date upon which the Company completes the sale of common stock (or like security) for aggregate gross proceeds of at least \$1.5 million. The Conversion Price is subject to certain customary adjustments, including, but not limited to, adjustments for stock splits, stock dividends, mergers and consolidation.

The Notes bear interest at the rate of 10% per annum, payable semi-annually in shares of the Company’s common stock valued, for this purpose, at \$.025 per share.

Unless converted to Common Stock, the principal balance of the each Note is payable upon demand made any time after the first anniversary of the issuance of the Note, or upon a qualified financing or acquisition of the Company. In addition, the Company is required to set aside 5% of its gross revenues for redemption of the principal amount of the Notes. The set-aside revenues will be distributed to the Note holders semi-annually, pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal balance of each Note.

Pursuant to a Registration Rights Agreement, the Company has agreed to include the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes and exercise of the Warrants, as well as the shares of common stock issued to the investors, in any registration statement filed by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933 with respect to the

Company's equity securities to be sold by the Company or any other stockholder.

The Company's Board of Directors has authorized the sale of up to an additional \$275,000 principal amount of the Notes, in Units together with 275,000 shares of common stock and Warrants exercisable for 550,000 shares of common stock

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**HERBORIUM GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Southridge Investment Group LLC is serving as the Company's placement agent in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes, common stock and Warrants. In its capacity as placement agent, Southridge will be paid a cash fee equal to 10% of the gross proceeds received by the Company, as well as an expense allowance equal to 2% of the gross proceeds. In addition, Southridge will be issued Warrants exercisable for a number of shares of common stock equal to 10% of the aggregate shares issued by the Company in the private placement, assuming conversion and exercise of all of the Notes and Warrants. The placement agent warrants will be exercisable for 5 years at a price of \$.03 per share. In its capacity as the Company's financial advisor, Southridge is entitled to a retainer fee of 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock, and one share for each \$1 received by the Company in the private placement

None of the aforementioned shares of common stock have been issued as of February 25, 2008.

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