	PQUA HOLDINGS CORP n 10-Q	
	ember 06, 2013	
Secu	ed States rities and Exchange Commission hington, D.C. 20549	
FOR [X]	M 10-Q Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of for the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2013 or	
[]	Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) for the transition period from	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to .
Com	mission File Number: 001-34624	
Ump	equa Holdings Corporation	
ORE (Stat	ct Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter) GON e or Other Jurisdiction corporation or Organization)	93-1261319 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
Portl	SW Columbia Street, Suite 1200 and, Oregon 97258 dress of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)	
) 727-4100 istrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)	
the S	•	ed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of g 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
[X]	Yes [] No	
any, (§23	every Interactive Data File required to be submitted	ted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T s (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required
[X]	Yes [] No	
a sm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ccelerated filer, an accelerated filer, non-accelerated filer, or celerated filer", "accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting
[X]	Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company
Indic	eate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell co	ompany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Г	1	$\mathbf{V}_{\alpha c}$	[X]	No
	- 1	Y es	$ \Delta $	INO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding for each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date:

Common stock, no par value: 111,929,202 shares outstanding as of October 31, 2013

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except shares)

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	
ASSETS			
Cash and due from banks	\$193,188	\$223,532	
Interest bearing deposits	503,369	315,053	
Temporary investments	534	5,202	
Total cash and cash equivalents	697,091	543,787	
Investment securities			
Trading, at fair value	4,012	3,747	
Available for sale, at fair value	1,910,082	2,625,229	
Held to maturity, at amortized cost	5,766	4,541	
Loans held for sale, at fair value	113,993	320,132	
Non-covered loans and leases	7,228,904	6,681,080	
Allowance for non-covered loan and lease losses	(84,694	(85,391)
Net non-covered loans and leases	7,144,210	6,595,689	
Covered loans, net of allowance of \$11,918 and \$18,275	397,083	477,078	
Restricted equity securities	31,444	33,443	
Premises and equipment, net	173,876	162,667	
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	778,094	685,331	
Mortgage servicing rights, at fair value	41,853	27,428	
Non-covered other real estate owned	18,249	17,138	
Covered other real estate owned	2,980	10,374	
FDIC indemnification asset	29,427	52,798	
Other assets	221,137	236,061	
Total assets	\$11,569,297	\$11,795,443	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Deposits			
Noninterest bearing	\$2,421,008	\$2,278,914	
Interest bearing	6,646,232	7,100,361	
Total deposits	9,067,240	9,379,275	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	215,310	137,075	
Term debt	252,017	253,605	
Junior subordinated debentures, at fair value	86,718	85,081	
Junior subordinated debentures, at amortized cost	101,979	110,985	
Other liabilities	120,038	105,383	
Total liabilities	9,843,302	10,071,404	
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 10)			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Common stock, no par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized; issued and	1 512 225	1,512,400	
outstanding: 111,928,762 in 2013 and 111,889,959 in 2012	1,513,225	1,312,400	
Retained earnings	209,597	187,293	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,173	24,346	

Total shareholders' equity 1,725,995 1,724,039
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$11,569,297 \$11,795,443

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)					
	Three months ended		Nine months ended		
	September 30),	September 30	,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
INTEREST INCOME					
Interest and fees on non-covered loans and leases	\$93,706	\$78,090	\$250,685	\$233,386	
Interest and fees on covered loans and leases	11,837	20,325	41,167	54,603	
Interest and dividends on investment securities:					
Taxable	7,882	13,057	24,629	47,712	
Exempt from federal income tax	2,200	2,302	6,725	6,870	
Dividends	51	3	165	37	
Interest on temporary investments and interest bearing	284	331	937	736	
deposits	204	331	931	730	
Total interest income	115,960	114,108	324,308	343,344	
INTEREST EXPENSE					
Interest on deposits	4,845	7,623	16,587	24,637	
Interest on securities sold under agreement					
to repurchase and federal funds purchased	35	73	99	232	
Interest on term debt	2,338	2,335	6,916	6,944	
Interest on junior subordinated debentures	1,933	2,037	5,815	6,124	
Total interest expense	9,151	12,068	29,417	37,937	
Net interest income	106,809	102,040	294,891	305,407	
PROVISION FOR NON-COVERED LOAN AND LEASE	2.000	7.079	12.000	16 002	
LOSSES	3,008	7,078	12,989	16,883	
(RECAPTURE OF) PROVISION FOR COVERED LOAN	(1.004	2.027	(4.744	4 202	
LOSSES	(1,904)	2,927	(4,744)	4,302	
Net interest income after provision for (recapture of) loan and	d 105,705	02.025	206 646	204 222	
lease losses	103,703	92,035	286,646	284,222	
NON-INTEREST INCOME					
Service charges on deposit accounts	8,374	7,122	22,844	20,978	
Brokerage commissions and fees	3,854	3,186	11,152	9,662	
Mortgage banking revenue, net	15,071	24,346	62,928	53,069	
Gain on investment securities, net	3	21	18	1,199	
Loss on junior subordinated debentures carried at fair value	(554)	(554)	(1,643)	(1,649)	
Change in FDIC indemnification asset	(6,474)	(4,759)	(19,841)	(10,644)	
Other income	5,870	4,317	19,198	17,227	
Total non-interest income	26,144	33,679	94,656	89,842	
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE					
Salaries and employee benefits	53,699	49,543	157,271	146,615	
Net occupancy and equipment	16,019	13,441	45,813	40,519	
Communications	2,772	2,740	8,802	8,527	
Marketing	1,596	1,104	3,753	3,855	
Services	6,445	5,910	18,339	18,703	
Supplies	742	627	2,120	1,936	
FDIC assessments	1,709	1,699	5,032	5,553	

Net (gain) loss on non-covered other real estate owned	(27) 2,168	(303	6,244
Net (gain) loss on covered other real estate owned	(68) 461	154	3,084
Intangible amortization	1,186	1,189	3,595	3,612
Merger related expenses	4,856	85	7,197	338
Other expenses	6,675	8,007	17,524	22,620
Total non-interest expense	95,604	86,974	269,297	261,606
Income before provision for income taxes	36,245	38,740	112,005	112,458
Provision for income taxes	12,768	13,587	38,914	38,525
Net income	\$23,477	\$25,153	\$73,091	\$73,933

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three months ended		Nine months ende		
	September 30,		September 3	30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Net income	\$23,477	\$25,153	\$73,091	\$73,933	
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	196	170	576	499	
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$23,281	\$24,983	\$72,515	\$73,434	
Earnings per common share:					
Basic	\$0.21	\$0.22	\$0.65	\$0.66	
Diluted	\$0.21	\$0.22	\$0.65	\$0.65	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:					
Basic	111,912	111,899	111,934	111,928	
Diluted	112,195	112,151	112,154	112,159	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended					
				September),			
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Net income	\$23,477		\$25,153		\$73,091		\$73,933	
Available for sale securities:								
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	5,878		1,863		(35,342)	(2,167)
Reclassification adjustment for net gains realized in earnings								
(net of tax expense \$1 and \$8 for the three months ended								
September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and net of tax	(2)	(13)	(11)	(719)
expense of \$7 and \$480 for the nine months ended September	r							
30, 2013 and 2012, respectively)								
Income tax (expense) benefit related to unrealized losses	(2,351)	(745)	14,137		867	
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	3,525		1,105		(21,216)	(2,019)
Held to maturity securities:								
Accretion of unrealized losses related to factors other than								
credit to investment securities held to maturity (net of tax								
benefit of \$7 and \$23 for the three months ended September	. 11		35		43		114	
30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and net of tax benefit of \$29) 11		33		43		114	
and \$76 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and								
2012, respectively)								
Net change in unrealized losses related to factors other than	11		35		43		114	
credit	11		33		7.3		117	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3,536		1,140		(21,173)	(1,905)
Comprehensive income	\$27,013		\$26,293		\$51,918		\$72,028	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except shares)

				Accumulated Other		
	Common Stoc	1,	Retained	Comprehensive		
	Shares	Amount	Earnings	Income	Total	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2012 Net income	112,164,891	\$1,514,913	\$123,726 101,891	\$33,774	\$1,672,41 101,891	13
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Comprehensive income		4.041		(9,428	(9,428 \$92,463)
Stock-based compensation	(506,000	4,041			4,041	`
Stock repurchased and retired		(7,436)			(7,436)
Issuances of common stock under stock plans and related net tax benefit	321,068	882			882	
Cash dividends on common stock (\$0.34 per			(38,324)		(38,324)
share) Balance at December 31, 2012	111,889,959	\$1,512,400	\$187,293	\$24,346	\$1,724,03	39
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2013 Net income	111,889,959	\$1,512,400	\$187,293 73,091	\$24,346	\$1,724,03 73,091	39
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Comprehensive income				(21,173	(21,173 \$51,918)
Stock-based compensation		3,531			3,531	
Stock repurchased and retired	(319,164)	(4,704)			(4,704)
Issuances of common stock under stock plans and related net tax benefit	357,967	1,998			1,998	
Cash dividends on common stock (\$0.45 per			(50,787)		(50,787)
share) Balance at September 30, 2013	111,928,762	\$1,513,225	\$209,597	\$3,173	\$1,725,99	95

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

(in thousands)			
	Nine months en	nded	
	September 30,		
	2013	2012	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	\$73,091	\$73,933	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Amortization of investment premiums, net	27,984	33,023	
Gain on sale of investment securities, net	(18) (1,199)
(Gain) loss on sale of non-covered other real estate owned	(751) 481	
Gain on sale of covered other real estate owned	(549) (1,031)
Valuation adjustment on non-covered other real estate owned	448	5,763	
Valuation adjustment on covered other real estate owned	703	4,115	
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	12,989	16,883	
(Recapture of) provision for covered loan losses	(4,744) 4,302	
Proceeds from bank owned life insurance	1,173	_	
Change in FDIC indemnification asset	19,841	10,644	
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	13,292	11,848	
Increase in mortgage servicing rights	(15,182) (11,923)
Change in mortgage servicing rights carried at fair value	757	5,618	
Change in junior subordinated debentures carried at fair value	1,637	1,633	
Stock-based compensation	3,531	2,981	
Net increase in trading account assets	(265) (744)
Gain on sale of loans	(52,899) (50,668)
Change in loans held for sale carried at fair value	11,099	(11,324)
Origination of loans held for sale	(1,368,902) (1,359,520)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	1,614,097	1,294,321	-
Excess tax benefits from the exercise of stock options	(40) (51)
Change in other assets and liabilities:			
Net decrease (increase) in other assets	34,007	(9,348)
Net (decrease) increase in other liabilities	(11,983) 22,493	
Net cash provided by operating activities	359,316	42,230	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(51,191) (784,797)
Purchases of investment securities held to maturity	(2,126) (931)
Proceeds from investment securities available for sale	702,910	1,018,791	
Proceeds from investment securities held to maturity	1,073	511	
Redemption of restricted equity securities	1,999	1,216	
Net non-covered loan and lease originations	(352,390) (391,733)
Net covered loan paydowns	68,819	85,510	
Proceeds from sales of non-covered loans	60,298	13,496	
Proceeds from insurance settlement on loss of property	575	1,425	
Proceeds from fee on termination of merger transaction	_	1,600	
Proceeds from disposals of furniture and equipment	330	1,700	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(25,575) (17,155)
Net proceeds from FDIC indemnification asset	4,621	26,615	

Proceeds from sales of non-covered other real estate owned Proceeds from sales of covered other real estate owned Net cash paid in acquisition	13,940 9,794 (149,658	18,834 11,523) —	`
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities 8	283,419	(13,395)

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

	Nine months ended		
	September 30,		
	2013	2012	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net decrease in deposit liabilities	(311,708)	(136,519)
Net increase in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	78,235	36,446	
Repayment of term debt	(211,204)		
Repayment of junior subordinated debentures	(8,764)		
Dividends paid on common stock	(33,837)	(25,919)
Excess tax benefits from stock based compensation	40	51	
Proceeds from stock options exercised	2,511	324	
Retirement of common stock	(4,704)	(5,378)
Net cash used by financing activities	(489,431)	(130,995)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	153,304	(102,160)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	543,787	598,766	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$697,091	\$496,606	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$32,419	\$40,653	
Income taxes	\$27,711	\$31,825	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Change in unrealized losses on investment securities available for sale, net of taxes	\$(21,216)	\$(2,019)
Change in unrealized losses on investment securities held to maturity			
related to factors other than credit, net of taxes	\$43	\$114	
Cash dividend declared on common stock and payable after period-end	\$16,930	\$10,140	
Transfer of non-covered loans to non-covered other real estate owned	\$14,747	\$10,167	
Transfer of covered loans to covered other real estate owned	\$2,554	\$3,227	
Transfer of covered loans to non-covered loans	\$13,366	\$14,367	
Transfer from FDIC indemnification asset to due from FDIC and other	\$3,530	\$19,939	
Acquisitions:			
Assets acquired	\$376,071	\$ —	
Liabilities assumed	\$219,961	\$ —	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting policies of Umpqua Holdings Corporation (referred to in this report as "we", "our" or "the Company") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated. The consolidated financial statements have not been audited. A more detailed description of our accounting policies is included in the 2012 Annual Report filed on Form 10-K. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in the 2012 Annual Report filed on Form 10-K. References to "Bank" refer to our subsidiary Umpqua Bank, an Oregon state-chartered commercial bank, and references to "Umpqua Investments" refer to our subsidiary Umpqua Investments, Inc., a registered broker-dealer and investment adviser.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to September 30, 2013 for potential recognition or disclosure. In management's opinion, all accounting adjustments necessary to accurately reflect the financial position and results of operations on the accompanying financial statements have been made. These adjustments include normal and recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair and accurate presentation. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or any other interim period. Certain reclassifications of prior period amounts have been made to conform to current classifications.

Note 2 – Business Combinations

Sterling Financial Corporation

On September 11, 2013, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Sterling Financial Corporation, a Washington corporation ("Sterling"). The Merger Agreement provides that Sterling will merge with and into the Company (the "Merger"), with the Company as the surviving corporation in the Merger. Immediately following the Merger, Sterling's wholly owned subsidiary, Sterling Savings Bank, will merge with and into the Bank (the "Bank Merger"), with the Bank as the surviving bank in the Bank Merger. Holders of shares of common stock of Sterling will have the right to receive 1.671 shares of the Company's common stock and \$2.18 in cash for each share of Sterling common stock.

The completion of the Merger is subject to customary conditions, including (1) adoption of the Merger Agreement by Sterling's shareholders and by the Company's shareholders, (2) approval of an amendment to the Company's articles of incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company's common stock, (3) authorization for listing on the NASDAQ of the shares of the Company's common stock to be issued in the Merger, (4) the receipt of required regulatory approvals for the Merger and the Bank Merger from the Federal Reserve Board, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and Oregon and Washington state bank regulators, in each case without the imposition of any materially burdensome regulatory condition, (5) effectiveness of the registration statement on Form S-4 for the Company's common stock to be issued in the Merger, and (6) the absence of any order, injunction or other legal restraint preventing the completion of the Merger or making the completion of the Merger illegal. Each party's obligation to complete the Merger is also subject to certain additional customary conditions. The Merger Agreement provides certain termination rights for both the Company and Sterling and further provides that, upon termination of the Merger Agreement under certain circumstances, the Company or Sterling, as applicable, will be obligated to pay the other party a termination fee of \$75 million.

The Merger is expected to be completed in the first half of 2014. A summary of the terms of the Merger Agreement and other related agreements are summarized in, and the Merger Agreement has been filed as an exhibit to, the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 17, 2013.

Financial Pacific Holding Corp.

On July 1, 2013, the Bank acquired Financial Pacific Holding Corp. ("FPHC") based in Federal Way, Washington, and its subsidiary, Financial Pacific Leasing, Inc ("FinPac Leasing"), and its subsidiaries, Financial Pacific Funding, Inc. ("FPF"), Financial Pacific Funding II, Inc. ("FPF II") and Financial Pacific Funding III, Inc. ("FPF III"). As part of the same transaction, the Company acquired two related entities, FPC Leasing Corporation ("FPC") and Financial Pacific Reinsurance Co., Ltd. ("FPR"). FPHC, FinPac Leasing, FPF, FPF II, FPF III, FPC and FPR are collectively referred to herein as "FinPac". FinPac provides business-essential commercial equipment leases to various industries throughout the United States and Canada. It originates leases through its brokers, lessors, and direct marketing programs. The results of FinPac's operations are included in the consolidated financial statements as of July 1, 2013.

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The aggregate consideration for the FinPac purchase was \$158.0 million. Of that amount, \$156.1 was distributed in cash, and \$1.9 million was exchanged for restricted shares of the Company stock. The restricted shares were issued from the Company's 2013 Incentive Plan pursuant to employment agreements between the Company and certain executives of FinPac, vest over a period of either two or three years, and will be recognized over that time period within the salaries and employee benefits line item on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The structure of the transaction was as follows:

The Bank acquired all of the outstanding stock of FPHC, a shell holding company, which is the sole shareholder of FinPac Leasing, the primary operating subsidiary of FinPac that engages in equipment leasing and financing activities, and is also the sole shareholder of FPF and FPF III, which are bankruptcy-remote entities that serve as lien holder for certain leases. FinPac Leasing is also the sole shareholder of FPF II, which no longer engages in any activities or holds any assets and is anticipated to be wound up in the near future.

The Company acquired all of the outstanding stock of FPC, a Canadian leasing subsidiary, and FPR, a corporation organized in the Turks & Caicos Islands that reinsures a portion of the liability risk of each insurance policy that is issued by a third party insurance company on leased equipment when the lessee fails to meet its contractual obligations under the lease or financing agreement to obtain insurance on the leased equipment.

The acquisition provides diversification, and a scalable platform that is consistent with expansion initiatives that the Bank has completed over the last three years, including growth in the business banking, agricultural lending and home builder lending groups. The transaction leverages excess capital of the Company and deploys excess liquidity into significantly higher yielding assets, provides growth and diversification, and is anticipated to increase profitability. There is no tax deductible goodwill or other intangibles.

The operations of FinPac are included in our operating results from July 1, 2013, and added revenue of \$14.8 million, non-interest expense of \$3.5 million, and net income of \$6.0 million net of tax, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. FinPac's results of operations prior to the acquisition are not included in our operating results. Merger related expenses of \$629,000 and \$1.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 have been incurred in connection with the acquisition of FinPac and are recognized within the merger related expenses line item on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

A summary of the net assets acquired and the estimated fair value adjustments of FinPac are presented below: (in thousands)

	FinPac			
	July 1, 2013			
Cost basis net assets	\$61,446			
Cash payment paid	(156,110)		
Fair value adjustments:				
Non-covered loans and leases, net	6,881			
Other intangible assets	(8,516)		
Other assets	(1,650)		
Term debt	(400)		
Other liabilities	1,355			
Goodwill	\$(96,994)		

The statement of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values of FinPac are presented below. Additional adjustments to the purchase price allocation may be required, specifically to leases, other assets, other liabilities and taxes.

(in thousands)

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	FinPac
	July 1, 2013
Assets Acquired:	
Cash and equivalents	\$6,452
Non-covered loans and leases, net	264,336
Premises and equipment	491
Goodwill	96,994
Other assets	7,798
Total assets acquired	\$376,071
Liabilities Assumed:	
Term debt	211,204
Other liabilities	8,757
Total liabilities assumed	219,961
Net Assets Acquired	\$156,110

Non-covered leases acquired from FinPac that are not subject to the requirements of FASB ASC 310-30 Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality ("ASC 310-30") are presented below at acquisition: (in thousands)

	FinPac
	July 1, 2013
Contractually required payments	\$350,403
Purchase adjustment for credit	\$(20,520)
Balance of non-covered loans and leases, net	\$264,336

The following tables present unaudited pro forma results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 as if the acquisition of FinPac had occurred on January 1, 2012. The proforma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been obtained had the acquisitions actually occurred on January 1, 2012.

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(in thousands, except per share data)

, 11	Three months ended September 30, 2013					
			Pro Forma		Pro Forma	
	Company	FinPac (a)	Adjustments		Combined	
Net interest income	\$92,311	\$14,498	\$(1,121) (b)	\$105,688	
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	1,228	1,780	1,524	(d)	4,532	
Recapture of provision for covered loan losses	(1,904)—	_		(1,904)
Non-interest income	25,815	329	_		26,144	
Non-interest expense	92,108	3,496	(474) (c)	95,130	
Income before provision for income taxes	26,694	9,551	(2,171)	34,074	
Provision for income taxes	9,169	3,599	(868) (e)	11,900	
Net income	17,525	5,952	(1,303)	22,174	
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	196	_	52		248	
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$17,329	\$5,952	\$(1,355)	\$21,926	
Earnings per share:						
Basic	\$0.15				\$0.20	
Diluted	\$0.15				\$0.20	
Average shares outstanding:						
Basic	111,912				111,912	
Diluted	112,195				112,195	

- (a) FinPac amounts represent results from July 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013.
- (b) Consists of change in yields due to fair value adjustments.
- (c) Consists of merger related expenses of \$629,000 at the Bank, additional expense related to restricted stock, and FinPac amortization of intangible assets, director compensation and travel, and management fees.
- (d) Consists of adjustment to FinPac provision for credit losses due to purchase accounting adjustments.
- (e) Income tax effect of pro forma adjustments at 40%.

(in thousands, except per share data)

(in thousands, except per share data)						
	Nine months ended September 30, 2013					
		-	Pro Forma		Pro Forma	
	Company	FinPac (a)	Adjustments		Combined	
Net interest income	\$280,393	\$40,024	\$(1,513) (b)	\$318,904	
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	11,209	5,052	4,565	(d)	20,826	
Recapture of provision for covered loan losses	(4,744)—	_		(4,744)
Non-interest income	94,327	1,641	_		95,968	
Non-interest expense	265,801	11,784	(1,802) (c)	275,783	
Income before provision for income taxes	102,454	24,829	(4,276)	123,007	
Provision for income taxes	35,315	9,434	(1,710) (e)	43,039	
Net income	67,139	15,395	(2,566)	79,968	
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	576	_	110		686	
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$66,563	\$15,395	\$(2,676)	\$79,282	
Earnings per share:						
Basic	\$0.59				\$0.71	
Diluted	\$0.59				\$0.71	
Average shares outstanding:						
Basic	111,934				111,934	
Diluted	112,154				112,154	

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- (a) FinPac amounts represent results from January 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013.
- (b) Consists of interest expense benefit of FinPac utilizing Bank funding, and change in yields due to fair value adjustments.
- (c) Consists of merger related expenses of \$1.4 million at the Bank, additional expense related to restricted stock, and FinPac amortization of intangible assets, director compensation and travel, and management fees.
- (d) Consists of adjustment to FinPac provision for credit losses due to purchase accounting adjustments.
- (e) Income tax effect of pro forma adjustments at 40%.

(in thousands, except per share data)

(in thousands, except per share data)	Three months ended September 30, 2012				
			Pro Forma		Pro Forma
	Company	FinPac (a)	Adjustments		Combined
Net interest income	\$102,040	\$12,030	\$1,167	(b)	\$115,237
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	7,078	2,516	1,361	(d)	10,955
Provision for covered loan losses	2,927				2,927
Non-interest income	33,679	749			34,428
Non-interest expense	86,974	3,836	(303) (c)	90,507
Income before provision for income taxes	38,740	6,427	109		45,276
Provision for income taxes	13,587	2,425	44	(e)	16,056
Net income	25,153	4,002	65		29,220
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	170	_	27		197
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$24,983	\$4,002	\$38		\$29,023
Earnings per share:					
Basic	\$0.22				\$0.26
Diluted	\$0.22				\$0.26
Average shares outstanding:					
Basic	111,899				111,899
Diluted	112,151				112,151

- (a) FinPac amounts represent results from July 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012.
- (b) Consists of interest expense benefit of FinPac utilizing Bank funding, and change in yields due to fair value adjustments.
- (c) Consists of additional expense related to restricted stock, and FinPac amortization of intangible assets, director compensation and travel, and management fees.
- (d) Consists of adjustment to FinPac provision for credit losses due to purchase accounting adjustments.
- (e) Income tax effect of pro forma adjustments at 40%.

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(in thousands, except per share data)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2012				
		_	Pro Forma		Pro Forma
	Company	FinPac (a)	Adjustments		Combined
Net interest income	\$305,407	\$35,897	\$3,509	(b)	\$344,813
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	16,883	8,213	415	(d)	25,511
Provision for covered loan losses	4,302		_		4,302
Non-interest income	89,842	2,751	_		92,593
Non-interest expense	261,606	11,545	(910) (c)	272,241
Income before provision for income taxes	112,458	18,890	4,004		135,352
Provision for income taxes	38,525	7,131	1,601	(e)	47,257
Net income	73,933	11,759	2,403		88,095
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	499	_	96		595
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$73,434	\$11,759	\$2,307		\$87,500
Earnings per share:					
Basic	\$0.66				\$0.78
Diluted	\$0.65				\$0.78
Average shares outstanding:					
Basic	111,928				111,928
Diluted	112,159				112,159

- (a) FinPac amounts represent results from January 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012.
- (b) Consists of interest expense benefit of FinPac utilizing Bank funding, and change in yields due to fair value adjustments.
- (c) Consists of additional expense related to restricted stock, and FinPac amortization of intangible assets, director compensation and travel, and management fees.
- (d) Consists of adjustment to FinPac provision for credit losses due to purchase accounting adjustments.
- (e) Income tax effect of pro forma adjustments at 40%.

Circle Bancorp

On November 14, 2012, the Company acquired all of the assets and liabilities of Circle Bancorp ("Circle"), which has been accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting for cash consideration of \$24.9 million, including the redemption of all common and preferred shares and outstanding warrants and options. The assets and liabilities, both tangible and intangible, were recorded at their estimated fair values as of the acquisition dates, and are subject to change for up to one year after the closing date of the acquisition. This acquisition was consistent with the Company's overall banking expansion strategy and provided further opportunity to enter growth markets in the San Francisco Bay Area of California. Upon completion of the acquisition, all Circle Bank branches operated under the Umpqua Bank name. The acquisition added Circle Bank's network of six branches in Corte Madera, Novato, Petaluma, San Francisco, San Rafael and Santa Rosa, California to Umpqua Bank's network of locations in California, Oregon, Washington and Nevada. The application of the acquisition method of accounting resulted in the recognition of \$11.9 million of goodwill. There is no tax deductible goodwill or other intangibles.

The operations of Circle are included in our operating results from November 15, 2012, and added revenue of \$4.2 million and \$13.3 million, non-interest expense of \$1.3 million and \$5.2 million, and net income of \$1.7 million and \$4.5 million net of tax, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. Circle's results of operations prior to the acquisition are not included in our operating results. Merger-related expenses of \$32,000 and \$981,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 have been incurred in connection with the acquisition of Circle and recognized within the merger related expenses line item on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

A summary of the net assets acquired and the estimated fair value adjustments of Circle are presented below:

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(in thousands)

	Circle Bank November 14, 2012			
Cost basis net assets	\$17,127			
Cash payment paid	(24,860)		
Fair value adjustments:				
Non-covered loans and leases, net	(2,622)		
Other intangible assets	830			
Non-covered other real estate owned	(487)		
Deposits	(904)		
Term debt	(2,404)		
Other	1,398			
Goodwill	\$(11,922)		

The statement of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values of Circle are presented below: (in thousands)

	Circle Bank November 14, 2012
Assets Acquired:	***
Cash and equivalents	\$39,328
Investment securities	793
Non-covered loans and leases, net	246,665
Premises and equipment	7,695
Restricted equity securities	2,491
Goodwill	11,922
Other intangible assets	830
Non-covered other real estate owned	1,602
Other assets	6,469
Total assets acquired	\$317,795
Liabilities Assumed:	
Deposits	\$250,408
Junior subordinated debentures	8,764
Term debt	55,404
Other liabilities	3,219
Total liabilities assumed	\$317,795

Non-covered loans acquired from Circle that are not subject to the requirements of FASB ASC 310-30 Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality ("ASC 310-30") are presented below at acquisition: (in thousands)

	November 14,	,
	2012	
Contractually required principal payments	\$242,999	
Purchase adjustment for credit	(5,760))
Balance of performing non-covered loans	\$240,850	

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Non-covered loans acquired from Circle that are subject to the requirements of ASC 310-30 are presented below at acquisition and as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)

	•		September 30,
	2012	2012	2013
Contractually required principal payments	\$12,252	\$12,231	\$5,606
Carrying balance of acquired purchase credit impaired non-covered loans	\$5,815	\$5,809	\$2,263

The acquisition of Circle is not considered significant to the Company's financial statements and therefore pro forma financial information is not included.

Note 3 – Investment Securities

The following table presents the amortized costs, unrealized gains, unrealized losses and approximate fair values of investment securities at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

September 30, 2013 (in thousands)

(iii tilousalius)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:				
U.S. Treasury and agencies	\$256	\$22	\$—	\$278
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	233,499	9,146	(2,114) 240,531
Residential mortgage-backed securities and				
collateralized mortgage obligations	1,668,904	18,140	(19,900) 1,667,144
Other debt securities	60	74		134
Investments in mutual funds and				
other equity securities	1,959	36		1,995
	\$1,904,678	\$27,418	\$(22,014	\$1,910,082
HELD TO MATURITY:				
Residential mortgage-backed securities and				
collateralized mortgage obligations	\$5,766	\$265	\$(1	\$6,030
	\$5,766	\$265	\$(1	\$6,030

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December 31, 2012 (in thousands)

	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized		Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses		Value
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:					
U.S. Treasury and agencies	\$45,503	\$318	\$(1)	\$45,820
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	245,606	18,119	_		263,725
Residential mortgage-backed securities and					
collateralized mortgage obligations	2,291,253	28,747	(6,624)	2,313,376
Other debt securities	143	79	_		222
Investments in mutual funds and					
other equity securities	1,959	127			2,086
	\$2,584,464	\$47,390	\$(6,625)	\$2,625,229
HELD TO MATURITY:					
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$595	\$1	\$ —		\$596
Residential mortgage-backed securities and					
collateralized mortgage obligations	3,946	197	(7)	4,136
	\$4,541	\$198	\$(7)	\$4,732

Investment securities that were in an unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are presented in the following tables, based on the length of time individual securities have been in an unrealized loss position. In the opinion of management, these securities are considered only temporarily impaired due to changes in market interest rates or the widening of market spreads subsequent to the initial purchase of the securities, and not due to concerns regarding the underlying credit of the issuers or the underlying collateral.

September 30, 2013 (in thousands)

	Less than 12	2 Months	12 Months	or Longer	Total	
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:						
U.S. Treasury and agencies	\$	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$—
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	47,814	2,114	_	_	47,814	2,114
Residential mortgage-backed securities						
and						
collateralized mortgage obligations	440,921	13,680	264,968	6,220	705,889	19,900
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$488,735	\$15,794	\$264,968	\$6,220	\$753,703	\$22,014
HELD TO MATURITY:						
Residential mortgage-backed securities						
and						
collateralized mortgage obligations	\$ —	\$ —	\$46	\$1	\$46	\$1
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ —	\$ —	\$46	\$1	\$46	\$1

Unrealized losses on the impaired held to maturity collateralized mortgage obligations include the unrealized losses related to factors other than credit that are included in other comprehensive income.

December 31, 2012 (in thousands)

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:						
U.S. Treasury and agencies	\$ —	\$	\$59	\$1	\$59	\$1
Residential mortgage-backed securities						
and						
collateralized mortgage obligations	780,234	5,548	106,096	1,076	886,330	6,624
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$780,234	\$5,548	\$106,155	\$1,077	\$886,389	\$6,625
HELD TO MATURITY:						
Residential mortgage-backed securities						
and						
collateralized mortgage obligations	\$ —	\$ —	\$48	\$7	\$48	\$7
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ —	\$ —	\$48	\$7	\$48	\$7

The unrealized losses on investments in U.S. Treasury and agency securities were caused by interest rate increases subsequent to the purchase of these securities. The contractual terms of these investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than par. Because the Bank does not intend to sell the securities in this class and it is not likely that the Bank will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may include holding each security until contractual maturity, the unrealized losses on these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired.

The unrealized losses on obligations of political subdivisions were caused by changes in market interest rates or the widening of market spreads subsequent to the initial purchase of these securities. Management monitors published credit ratings of these securities and no adverse ratings changes have occurred since the date of purchase of obligations of political subdivisions which are in an unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2013. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates or widening market spreads and not credit quality, and because the Bank does not intend to sell the securities in this class and it is not likely that the Bank will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may include holding each security until maturity, the unrealized losses on these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired.

All of the available for sale residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations portfolio in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2013 are issued or guaranteed by governmental agencies. The unrealized losses on residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations were caused by changes in market interest rates or the widening of market spreads subsequent to the initial purchase of these securities, and not concerns regarding the underlying credit of the issuers or the underlying collateral. It is expected that these securities will not be settled at a price less than the amortized cost of each investment. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates or widening market spreads and not credit quality, and because the Bank does not intend to sell the securities in this class and it is not likely that the Bank will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may include holding each security until contractual maturity, the unrealized losses on these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired.

We review investment securities on an ongoing basis for the presence of other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") or permanent impairment, taking into consideration current market conditions, fair value in relationship to cost, extent and nature of the change in fair value, issuer rating changes and trends, whether we intend to sell a security or if it is likely that we will be required to sell the security before recovery of our amortized cost basis of the investment, which may be maturity, and other factors. For debt securities, if we intend to sell the security or it is likely that we will be

required to sell the security before recovering its cost basis, the entire impairment loss would be recognized in earnings as an OTTI. If we do not intend to sell the security and it is not likely that we will be required to sell the security but we do not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security, only the portion of the impairment loss representing credit losses would be recognized in earnings. The credit loss on a security is measured as the difference between the amortized cost basis and the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected. Projected cash flows are discounted by the original or current effective interest rate depending on the nature of the security being measured for potential OTTI. The remaining impairment related to all other factors, the difference between the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected and fair value, is recognized as a charge to other comprehensive income ("OCI"). Impairment losses related to all other factors are presented as separate categories within OCI. For investment securities held to maturity, this amount is accreted over the remaining life of the debt security prospectively

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based on the amount and timing of future estimated cash flows. The accretion of the OTTI amount recorded in OCI will increase the carrying value of the investment, and would not affect earnings. If there is an indication of additional credit losses the security is re-evaluated according to the procedures described above.

The following table presents the maturities of investment securities at September 30, 2013:

(in thousands)

	Available For Sale		Held To Maturity		
	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair	
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	
AMOUNTS MATURING IN:					
Three months or less	\$18,573	\$18,569	\$—	\$ —	
Over three months through twelve months	191,763	194,660	338	378	
After one year through five years	1,294,846	1,303,726	863	1,085	
After five years through ten years	361,759	354,446	89	89	
After ten years	35,778	36,687	4,476	4,478	
Other investment securities	1,959	1,994		_	
	\$1,904,678	\$1,910,082	\$5,766	\$6,030	

The amortized cost and fair value of collateralized mortgage obligations and mortgage-backed securities are presented by expected average life, rather than contractual maturity, in the preceding table. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to prepay underlying loans without prepayment penalties.

The following table presents the gross realized gains and gross realized losses on the sale of securities available for sale for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(in thousands)

Three months ended September 30, 2013		Three months ended September 30, 2012		
Gains	Losses	Gains	Losses	
\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
3		8	_	
		13		
\$3	\$ —	\$21	\$—	
Nine months ended		Nine months ended		
September 30, 2013		September 30, 2012		
Gains	Losses	Gains	Losses	
\$	\$ —	\$371	\$ —	
10	1	10	1	
	_	1,484	683	
9		18	_	
\$19	\$1	\$1,883	\$684	
	September 3 Gains \$— 3 — \$3 Nine months September 3 Gains \$— 10 — 9	September 30, 2013 Gains Losses \$— \$— 3 —— —————— \$3 \$—— Nine months ended September 30, 2013 Gains Losses \$—————————————————————————————————	September 30, 2013 September 30 Gains Losses Gains \$— \$— \$— 3 — 8 — — 13 \$3 \$— \$21 Nine months ended Nine months September 30, 2013 September 30 Gains Losses Gains \$— \$371 10 1 10 — — 1,484 9 — 18	

The following table presents, as of September 30, 2013, investment securities which were pledged to secure borrowings, public deposits, and repurchase agreements as permitted or required by law:

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(in thousands)

	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value
To Federal Home Loan Bank to secure borrowings	\$16,831	\$17,287
To state and local governments to secure public deposits	810,529	808,734
Other securities pledged principally to secure repurchase agreements	307,164	304,093
Total pledged securities	\$1,134,524	\$1,130,114

Note 4 – Non-Covered Loans and Leases

The following table presents the major types of non-covered loans and leases recorded in the balance sheets as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)

	September 30,	December 31,	,
	2013	2012	
Commercial real estate			
Term & multifamily	\$4,005,983	\$3,938,443	
Construction & development	247,809	202,118	
Residential development	78,998	57,209	
Commercial			
Term	769,173	797,802	
LOC & other	1,283,129	923,328	
Residential			
Mortgage	550,200	476,579	
Home equity loans & lines	256,202	260,797	
Consumer & other	43,621	37,327	
Total	7,235,115	6,693,603	
Deferred loan fees, net	(6,211)	(12,523)
Total	\$7,228,904	\$6,681,080	

As of September 30, 2013, loans totaling \$5.4 billion were pledged to secure borrowings and available lines of credit.

At September 30, 2013, non-covered loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 were \$24.7 million. At December 31, 2012, non-covered accounted for under ASC 310-30 were \$19.3 million.

Note 5 - Allowance for Non-Covered Loan and Lease Loss and Credit Quality

The Bank has a management Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses ("ALLL") Committee, which is responsible for, among other things, regularly reviewing the ALLL methodology, including loss factors, and ensuring that it is designed and applied in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The ALLL Committee reviews and approves loans and leases recommended for impaired status. The ALLL Committee also approves removing loans and leases from impaired status. The Bank's Audit and Compliance Committee provides board oversight of the ALLL process and reviews and approves the ALLL methodology on a quarterly basis.

Our methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the ALLL consists of three key elements, which include 1) the formula allowance; 2) the specific allowance; and 3) the unallocated allowance. By incorporating these factors into a single allowance requirement analysis, all risk-based activities within the loan portfolio are simultaneously considered.

Formula Allowance

The Bank performs regular credit reviews of the loan and lease portfolio to determine the credit quality and adherence to underwriting standards. When loans and leases are originated, they are assigned a risk rating that is reassessed periodically

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during the term of the loan or lease through the credit review process. The Bank's risk rating methodology assigns risk ratings ranging from 1 to 10, where a higher rating represents higher risk. The 10 risk rating categories are a primary factor in determining an appropriate amount for the formula allowance.

The formula allowance is calculated by applying risk factors to various segments of pools of outstanding loans and leases. Risk factors are assigned to each portfolio segment based on management's evaluation of the losses inherent within each segment. Segments or regions with greater risk of loss will therefore be assigned a higher risk factor.

Base risk – The portfolio is segmented into loan categories, and these categories are assigned a Base Risk factor based on an evaluation of the loss inherent within each segment.

Extra risk – Additional risk factors provide for an additional allocation of ALLL based on the loan and lease risk rating system and loan delinquency, and reflect the increased level of inherent losses associated with more adversely classified loans and leases.

Changes to risk factors – Risk factors are assigned at origination and may be changed periodically based on management's evaluation of the following factors: loss experience; changes in the level of non-performing loans and leases; regulatory exam results; changes in the level of adversely classified loans and leases (positive or negative); improvement or deterioration in local economic conditions; and any other factors deemed relevant.

Specific Allowance

Regular credit reviews of the portfolio also identify loans that are considered potentially impaired. Potentially impaired loans are referred to the ALLL Committee which reviews and approves designated loans as impaired. A loan is considered impaired, when based on current information and events, we determine that we will probably not be able to collect all amounts due according to the loan contract, including scheduled interest payments. When we identify a loan as impaired, we measure the impairment using discounted cash flows, except when the sole remaining source of the repayment for the loan is the liquidation of the collateral. In these cases, we use the current fair value of the collateral, less selling costs, instead of discounted cash flows. If we determine that the value of the impaired loan is less than the recorded investment in the loan, we either recognize an impairment reserve as a specific allowance to be provided for in the allowance for loan and lease losses or charge-off the impaired balance on collateral dependent loans if it is determined that such amount represents a confirmed loss. Loans determined to be impaired with a specific allowance are excluded from the formula allowance so as not to double-count the loss exposure. The non-accrual impaired loans as of period end have already been partially charged-off to their estimated net realizable value, and are expected to be resolved over the coming quarters with no additional material loss, absent further decline in market prices.

The combination of the formula allowance component and the specific allowance component represents the allocated allowance for loan and lease losses.

Unallocated Allowance

The Bank may also maintain an unallocated allowance amount to provide for other credit losses inherent in a loan and lease portfolio that may not have been contemplated in the credit loss factors. This unallocated amount generally comprises less than 5% of the allowance, but may be maintained at higher levels during times of deteriorating economic conditions characterized by falling real estate values. The unallocated amount is reviewed quarterly with consideration of factors including, but not limited to:

- Changes in lending policies and procedures, including changes in underwriting standards and collection, charge-off, and recovery practices not considered elsewhere in estimating credit losses;
- Changes in international, national, regional, and local economic and business conditions and developments that affect the collectability of the portfolio, including the condition of various market segments;

- Changes in the nature and volume of the portfolio and in the terms of loans and leases;
- Changes in the experience and ability of lending management and other relevant staff;
- Changes in the volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans and leases, and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans;
- Changes in the quality of the institution's loan and lease review system;
- Changes in the value of underlying collateral for collateral-depending loans;
- The existence and effect of any concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations; and
- The effect of other external factors such as competition and legal and regulatory requirements on the level of estimated credit losses in the institutions' existing portfolio.

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These factors are evaluated through a management survey of the Chief Credit Officer, Chief Lending Officer, Senior Credit Officers, Special Assets Manager, and Credit Review Manager. The survey requests responses to evaluate current changes in the nine qualitative factors. This information is then incorporated into our understanding of the reasonableness of the formula factors and our evaluation of the unallocated portion of the ALLL.

Management believes that the ALLL was adequate as of September 30, 2013. There is, however, no assurance that future loan and lease losses will not exceed the levels provided for in the ALLL and could possibly result in additional charges to the provision for loan and lease losses. In addition, bank regulatory authorities, as part of their periodic examination of the Bank, may require additional charges to the provision for loan and lease losses in future periods if warranted as a result of their review. Approximately 75% of our loan and lease portfolio is secured by real estate, and a significant decline in real estate market values may require an increase in the allowance for loan and lease losses. The recent U.S. recession, the housing market downturn, and declining real estate values in our markets have negatively impacted aspects of our loan and lease portfolio. A continued deterioration in our markets may adversely affect our loan and lease portfolio and may lead to additional charges to the provision for loan and lease losses.

The reserve for unfunded commitments ("RUC") is established to absorb inherent losses associated with our commitment to lend funds, such as with a letter or line of credit. The adequacy of the ALLL and RUC are monitored on a regular basis and are based on management's evaluation of numerous factors. For each portfolio segment, these factors include:

- The quality of the current loan and lease portfolio;
- The trend in the loan portfolio's risk ratings;
- Current economic conditions;
- Loan and lease concentrations;
- Loan and lease growth rates;
- Past-due and non-performing trends;
- Evaluation of specific loss estimates for all significant problem loans;
- Historical short (one year), medium (three year), and long-term charge-off rates;
- Recovery experience; and
- Peer comparison loss rates.

There have been no significant changes to the Bank's methodology or policies in the periods presented.

Activity in the Non-Covered Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The following table summarizes activity related to the allowance for non-covered loan and lease losses by non-covered loan and lease portfolio segment for three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively:

(in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30, 2013						
	Commercial			Consumer			
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Unallocated	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$55,249	\$21,587	\$8,250	\$750	\$—	\$85,836	
Charge-offs	(3,101)	(1,754)	(1,181)	(281)	_	(6,317)
Recoveries	880	1,101	41	145		2,167	
Provision	565	2,346	(68)	165		3,008	
Balance, end of period	\$53,593	\$23,280	\$7,042	\$779	\$ —	\$84,694	

Three months ended September 30, 2012

Balance, beginning of period Charge-offs Recoveries Provision Balance, end of period	Commercial Real Estate \$56,341 (4,892) 1,020 2,779 \$55,248	Commercial \$19,587 (1,782) 409 2,540 \$20,754	Residential \$6,652 (516) 171 1,381 \$7,688	Consumer & Other \$1,038 (454) 107 331 \$1,022	Unallocated \$— — 47 \$47	Total \$83,618 (7,644 1,707 7,078 \$84,759)
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(in	thousand	is))
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	Nine months	ended Septem	ber 30, 2013				
	Commercial			Consumer			
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Unallocated	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$54,909	\$22,925	\$6,925	\$632	\$ —	\$85,391	
Charge-offs	(6,595)	(9,541)	(2,813)	(697)		(19,646)
Recoveries	2,830	2,554	221	355		5,960	
Provision	2,449	7,342	2,709	489		12,989	
Balance, end of period	\$53,593	\$23,280	\$7,042	\$779	\$ —	\$84,694	
	Nine months	ended Septem	ber 30, 2012				
	Commercial			Consumer			
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Unallocated	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$59,574	\$20,485	\$7,625	\$867	\$4,417	\$92,968	
Charge-offs	(18,007)	(8,741)	(4,030)	(1,159)		(31,937)
Recoveries	2,327	3,856	338	324		6,845	
Provision	11,354	5,154	3,755	990	(4,370)	16,883	
Balance, end of period	\$55,248	\$20,754	\$7,688	\$1,022	\$47	\$84,759	

The following table presents the allowance and recorded investment in non-covered loans and leases by portfolio segment and balances individually or collectively evaluated for impairment as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively:

(in thousands)

	September 30	0, 2013				
	Commercial			Consumer		
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Unallocated	Total
Allowance for non-covered loan	s and leases:					
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$52,199	\$23,270	\$7,042	\$779	\$ —	\$83,290
Individually evaluated for impairment	1,394	10	_	_	_	1,404
Total	\$53,593	\$23,280	\$7,042	\$779	\$ —	\$84,694
Non-covered loans and leases: Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$4,235,408	\$2,039,566	\$806,402	\$43,621		\$7,124,997
Individually evaluated for impairment	97,382	12,736				110,118
Total	\$4,332,790	\$2,052,302	\$806,402	\$43,621		\$7,235,115

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(in thousands)

	September 30,	2012					
	Commercial			Consumer			
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Unallocated	Total	
Allowance for non-covered loans	and leases:						
Collectively evaluated for	\$54,115	\$20,754	\$7,683	\$1,022	\$47	\$83,621	
impairment	Ψ54,115	Ψ20,734	Ψ7,003	Ψ1,022	Ψ+/	\$65,021	
Individually evaluated for	1,133		5			1,138	
impairment	,					,	
Total	\$55,248	\$20,754	\$7,688	\$1,022	\$47	\$84,759	
Non-covered loans and leases:							
Collectively evaluated for	\$3,816,106	\$1,602,735	\$654,956	\$37,874		\$6,111,671	
impairment	Ψ3,010,100	φ1,002,733	Ψ03-1,730	Ψ37,074		ψ0,111,071	
Individually evaluated for	129,690	18,371	793			148,854	
impairment	,	,				•	
Total	\$3,945,796	\$1,621,106	\$655,749	\$37,874		\$6,260,525	

The gross non-covered loan and lease balance excludes deferred loans fees of \$6.2 million at September 30, 2013 and \$12.1 million at September 30, 2012.

Summary of Reserve for Unfunded Commitments Activity

The following table presents a summary of activity in the reserve for unfunded commitments ("RUC") and unfunded commitments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively:

(in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30, 2013					
	Commercial			Consumer		
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$196	\$855	\$200	\$76	\$1,327	
Net change to other expense	3	11	24	10	48	
Balance, end of period	\$199	\$866	\$224	\$86	\$1,375	
	Three months ended September 30, 2012					
	Commercial			Consumer		
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$107	\$790	\$162	\$67	\$1,126	
Net change to other expense	18	1,607	2	4	1,631	
Balance, end of period	\$125	\$2,397	\$164	\$71	\$2,757	

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1	(in	thousands)
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		ended Septembe	er 30, 2013	_		
	Commercial			Consumer		
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$172	\$807	\$173	\$71	\$1,223	
Net change to other expense	27	59	51	15	152	
Balance, end of period	\$199	\$866	\$224	\$86	\$1,375	
	Nine months	ended Septembe	er 30, 2012			
	Commercial			Consumer		
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$59	\$633	\$185	\$63	\$940	
Net change to other expense	66	1,764	(21)	8	1,817	
Balance, end of period	\$125	\$2,397	\$164	\$71	\$2,757	
(in thousands)						
	Commercial			Consumer		
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total	
Unfunded loan commitments:						
September 30, 2013	\$222,879	\$1,011,643	\$322,612	\$53,601	\$1,610,735	
September 30, 2012	\$139,479	\$900,875	\$255,499	\$55,312	\$1,351,165	

Non-covered loans sold

In the course of managing the loan portfolio, at certain times, management may decide to sell loans. The following table summarizes loans sold by loan portfolio during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively:

(In thousands)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Commercial real estate				
Term & multifamily	\$4,927	\$6,410	\$7,777	\$11,350
Construction & development	_	_	3,515	_
Residential development	_	12	363	12
Commercial				
Term	1,098	_	47,635	_
LOC & other	_	1,110		1,942
Residential				
Mortgage	1,008	_	1,008	192
Home equity loans & lines	_	_		_
Consumer & other	_	_		_
Total	\$7,033	\$7,532	\$60,298	\$13,496

Asset Quality and Non-Performing Loans

We manage asset quality and control credit risk through diversification of the non-covered loan and lease portfolio and the application of policies designed to promote sound underwriting and loan and lease monitoring practices. The

Bank's Credit Quality Group is charged with monitoring asset quality, establishing credit policies and procedures and enforcing the consistent

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application of these policies and procedures across the Bank. Reviews of non-performing, past due non-covered loans and leases and larger credits, designed to identify potential charges to the allowance for loan and lease losses, and to determine the adequacy of the allowance, are conducted on an ongoing basis. These reviews consider such factors as the financial strength of borrowers, the value of the applicable collateral, loan and lease loss experience, estimated loan and lease losses, growth in the loan and lease portfolio, prevailing economic conditions and other factors.

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, we determine it is probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the loan contract, including scheduled interest payments. Generally, when non-covered loans are identified as impaired, they are moved to the Special Assets Division. When we identify a loan as impaired, we measure the loan for potential impairment using discounted cash flows, except when the sole remaining source of the repayment for the loan is the liquidation of the collateral. In these cases, we will use the current fair value of collateral, less selling costs. The starting point for determining the fair value of collateral is through obtaining external appraisals. Generally, external appraisals are updated every 12 months. We obtain appraisals from a pre-approved list of independent, third party, local appraisal firms. Approval and addition to the list is based on experience, reputation, character, consistency and knowledge of the respective real estate market. At a minimum, it is ascertained that the appraiser is: (a) currently licensed in the state in which the property is located, (b) is experienced in the appraisal of properties similar to the property being appraised, (c) is actively engaged in the appraisal work, (d) has knowledge of current real estate market conditions and financing trends, (e) is reputable, and (f) is not on Freddie Mac's or the Bank's Exclusionary List of appraisers and brokers. In certain cases appraisals will be reviewed by our Real Estate Valuation Services Group to ensure the quality of the appraisal and the expertise and independence of the appraiser. Upon receipt and review, an external appraisal is utilized to measure a loan for potential impairment. Our impairment analysis documents the date of the appraisal used in the analysis, whether the officer preparing the report deems it current, and, if not, allows for internal valuation adjustments with justification. Typical justified adjustments might include discounts for continued market deterioration subsequent to appraisal date, adjustments for the release of collateral contemplated in the appraisal, or the value of other collateral or consideration not contemplated in the appraisal. An appraisal over one year old in most cases will be considered stale dated and an updated or new appraisal will be required. Any adjustments from appraised value to net realizable value are detailed and justified in the impairment analysis, which is reviewed and approved by senior credit quality officers and the Bank's ALLL Committee. Although an external appraisal is the primary source to value collateral dependent loans, we may also utilize values obtained through purchase and sale agreements, negotiated short sales, broker price opinions, or the sales price of the note. These alternative sources of value are used only if deemed to be more representative of value based on updated information regarding collateral resolution. Impairment analyses are updated, reviewed and approved on a quarterly basis at or near the end of each reporting period. Appraisals or other alternative sources of value received subsequent to the reporting period, but prior to our filing of periodic reports, are considered and evaluated to ensure our periodic filings are materially correct and not misleading. Based on these processes, we do not believe there are significant time lapses for the recognition of additional loan loss provisions or charge-offs from the date they become known.

Loans and leases are classified as non-accrual when collection of principal or interest is doubtful—generally if they are past due as to maturity or payment of principal or interest by 90 days or more—unless such loans are well-secured and in the process of collection. Additionally, all loans that are impaired are considered for non-accrual status. Loans placed on non-accrual will typically remain on non-accrual status until all principal and interest payments are brought current and the prospects for future payments in accordance with the loan agreement appear relatively certain.

Loans are reported as restructured when the Bank grants a concession(s) to a borrower experiencing financial difficulties that it would not otherwise consider. Examples of such concessions include a reduction in the loan rate, forgiveness of principal or accrued interest, extending the maturity date or providing a lower interest rate than would be normally available for a transaction of similar risk. As a result of these concessions, restructured loans are impaired as the Bank will not collect all amounts due, both principal and interest, in accordance with the terms of the original

loan agreement. Impairment reserves on non-collateral dependent restructured loans are measured by comparing the present value of expected future cash flows on the restructured loans discounted at the interest rate of the original loan agreement to the loan's carrying value. These impairment reserves are recognized as a specific component to be provided for in the allowance for loan and lease losses.

Loans and leases are reported as past due when installment payments, interest payments, or maturity payments are past due based on contractual terms. All loans determined to be impaired are individually assessed for impairment except for impaired homogeneous loans which are collectively evaluated for impairment in accordance with FASB ASC 450, Contingencies ("ASC 450"). The specific factors considered in determining that a loan is impaired include borrower financial capacity, current economic, business and market conditions, collection efforts, collateral position and other factors deemed relevant. Generally, impaired loans are placed on non-accrual status and all cash receipts are applied to the principal balance. Continuation of accrual status and recognition of interest income is generally limited to performing restructured loans.

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The Bank has written down impaired, non-accrual loans as of September 30, 2013 to their estimated net realizable value, and expects resolution with no additional material loss, absent further decline in market prices.

Non-Covered Non-Accrual Loans and Loans Past Due

The following table summarizes our non-covered non-accrual loans and leases and loans and leases past due by loan and lease class as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)

	Septembe	er 30, 2013						
	30-59	60-89	Greater Than				Total Non-	
	Days	Days	90 Days and	Total		Current &	covered Loan	ns
	Past Due	Past Due	Accruing	Past Due	Nonaccrual	Other (1)	and Leases	
Commercial real estate								
Term & multifamily	\$6,349	\$3,389	\$1,402	\$11,140	\$18,529	\$3,976,314	\$4,005,983	
Construction &					5 120	242,679	247,809	
development	_	_	_	_	5,130	242,079	247,809	
Residential development	768	605	_	1,373	2,871	74,754	78,998	
Commercial								
Term	2,760	238	_	2,998	10,534	755,641	769,173	
LOC & other	2,110	3,330	470	5,910	2,741	1,274,478	1,283,129	
Residential								
Mortgage	562	898	2,690	4,150		546,050	550,200	
Home equity loans & lines	492	453	346	1,291		254,911	256,202	
Consumer & other	53	53	28	134		43,487	43,621	
Total	\$13,094	\$8,966	\$4,936	\$26,996	\$39,805	\$7,168,314	\$7,235,115	
Deferred loan fees, net							(6,211)
Total							\$7,228,904	

⁽¹⁾ Other includes non-covered loans accounted for under ASC 310-30.

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(in thousands)

	December	r 31, 2012						
	30-59	60-89	Greater Than				Total Non-	
	Days	Days	90 Days and	Total		Current &	covered Loan	S
	Past Due	Past Due	Accruing	Past Due	Nonaccrual	Other (1)	and Leases	
Commercial real estate								
Term & multifamily	\$7,747	\$2,784	\$ —	\$10,531	\$43,290	\$3,884,622	\$3,938,443	
Construction & development	283	_	_	283	4,177	197,658	202,118	
Residential development	479		_	479	5,132	51,598	57,209	
Commercial								
Term	3,009	746	81	3,836	7,040	786,926	797,802	
LOC & other	1,647	1,503	_	3,150	7,027	913,151	923,328	
Residential								
Mortgage	2,906	602	3,303	6,811		469,768	476,579	
Home equity loans & lines	1,398	214	758	2,370	49	258,378	260,797	
Consumer & other	282	191	90	563	21	36,743	37,327	
Total	\$17,751	\$6,040	\$4,232	\$28,023	\$66,736	\$6,598,844	\$6,693,603	
Deferred loan fees, net							(12,523)
Total							\$6,681,080	

⁽¹⁾ Other includes non-covered loans accounted for under ASC 310-30.

Non-Covered Impaired Loans

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The following table summarizes our non-covered impaired loans by loan class as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)

	September 30, 2013 Unpaid				
	Principal	Recorded	Related		
	Balance	Investment	Allowance		
With no related allowance recorded:					
Commercial real estate					
Term & multifamily	\$30,320	\$27,685	\$—		
Construction & development	14,710	13,690	_		
Residential development	10,876	6,046	_		
Commercial					
Term	16,262	10,535	_		
LOC & other	1,193	636	_		
Residential					
Mortgage	_	_	_		
Home equity loans & lines	159	_	_		
Consumer & other	_	_	_		
With an allowance recorded:					
Commercial real estate					
Term & multifamily	36,692	36,692	1,278		
Construction & development	1,091	1,091	11		
Residential development	12,178	12,178	105		
Commercial					
Term	300	300	6		
LOC & other	1,265	1,265	4		
Residential					
Mortgage	_	_	_		
Home equity loans & lines	_	_	_		
Consumer & other	_	_	_		
Total:					
Commercial real estate	105,867	97,382	1,394		
Commercial	19,020	12,736	10		
Residential	159	_	_		
Consumer & other	_	_	_		
Total	\$125,046	\$110,118	\$1,404		

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(in thousands)

	December 31, 2012		
	Unpaid		
	Principal	Recorded	Related
	Balance	Investment	Allowance
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial real estate			
Term & multifamily	\$49,953	\$43,406	\$ —
Construction & development	18,526	15,638	_
Residential development	9,293	6,091	_
Commercial			
Term	13,729	10,532	
LOC & other	10,778	7,846	_
Residential			
Mortgage		_	
Home equity loans & lines	50	49	
Consumer & other	21	21	
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial real estate			
Term & multifamily	41,016	41,016	1,198
Construction & development	1,091	1,091	14
Residential development	16,593	16,593	184
Commercial			
Term			
LOC & other			
Residential			
Mortgage	_	_	_
Home equity loans & lines	126	126	5
Consumer & other		_	_
Total:			
Commercial real estate	136,472	123,835	1,396
Commercial	24,507	18,378	_
Residential	176	175	5
Consumer & other	21	21	_
Total	\$161,176	\$142,409	\$1,401

Loans with no related allowance reported generally represent non-accrual loans. The Bank recognizes the charge-off of impairment reserves on impaired loans in the period it arises for collateral dependent loans. Therefore, the non-accrual loans as of September 30, 2013 have already been written-down to their estimated net realizable value, based on net realizable value, and are expected to be resolved with no additional material loss, absent further decline in market prices. The valuation allowance on impaired loans primarily represents the impairment reserves on performing restructured loans, and is measured by comparing the present value of expected future cash flows on the restructured loans discounted at the interest rate of the original loan agreement to the loan's carrying value.

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, impaired loans of \$69.5 million and \$70.6 million were classified as accruing restructured loans, respectively. The restructurings were granted in response to borrower financial difficulty, and generally provide for a temporary modification of loan repayment terms. The restructured loans on accrual status represent the only impaired loans accruing interest at each respective date. In order for a restructured loan to be considered for accrual status, the loan's collateral coverage generally will be greater than or equal to 100% of the loan

balance, the loan is current on payments,

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and the borrower must either prefund an interest reserve or demonstrate the ability to make payments from a verified source of cash flow. The Bank had no obligation to lend additional funds on the restructured loans as of September 30, 2013.

The following table summarizes our average recorded investment and interest income recognized on impaired non-covered loans by loan class for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(in	thousands)
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(in the double)	Three months e September 30, 2		Three months e September 30,	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income
	Investment	Recognized	Investment	Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:	in vestinent	Recognized	THI V CSCIII CITC	recognized
Commercial real estate				
Term & multifamily	\$35,289	\$	\$45,832	\$
Construction & development	11,155	<u> </u>	16,990	
Residential development	5,576		14,748	
Commercial	,		,	
Term	11,297		12,037	
LOC & other	1,000		6,731	
Residential				
Mortgage				
Home equity loans & lines	_	_	729	_
Consumer & other	_			
With an allowance recorded:				
Commercial real estate				
Term & multifamily	36,261	438	28,918	352
Construction & development	2,452	122	2,712	169
Residential development	13,866	165	15,575	199
Commercial				
Term	325	4	182	44
LOC & other	1,268	13		
Residential				
Mortgage	238			
Home equity loans & lines			127	2
Consumer & other				
Total:				
Commercial real estate	104,599	725	124,775	720
Commercial	13,890	17	18,950	44
Residential	238		856	2
Consumer & other				
Total	\$118,727	\$742	\$144,581	\$766

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	Nine months ended September 30, 2013		Nine months ended September 30, 2012	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income
	Investment	Recognized	Investment	Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:		C		C
Commercial real estate				
Term & multifamily	\$37,484	\$ —	\$45,462	\$ —
Construction & development	12,902		18,464	_
Residential development	8,046		17,874	
Commercial				
Term	11,546		12,325	
LOC & other	3,239		7,975	
Residential	•		•	
Mortgage	_		_	_
Home equity loans & lines	88		364	
Consumer & other	1		_	_
With an allowance recorded:				
Commercial real estate				
Term & multifamily	36,995	1,301	25,916	785
Construction & development	2,099	363	2,727	513
Residential development	15,467	474	18,873	600
Commercial				
Term	1,142	13	554	140
LOC & other	1,150	39	994	
Residential				
Mortgage	191	_		
Home equity loans & lines	32		128	5
Consumer & other				
Total:				
Commercial real estate	112,993	2,138	129,316	1,898
Commercial	17,077	52	21,848	140
Residential	311	_	492	5
Consumer & other	1	_	_	
Total	\$130,382	\$2,190	\$151,656	\$2,043

The impaired loans for which these interest income amounts were recognized primarily relate to accruing restructured loans.

Non-Covered Credit Quality Indicators

As previously noted, the Bank's risk rating methodology assigns risk ratings ranging from 1 to 10, where a higher rating represents higher risk. The Bank differentiates its lending portfolios into homogeneous loans and leases and non-homogeneous loans and leases. The 10 risk rating categories can be generally described by the following groupings for non-homogeneous loans and leases:

Minimal Risk—A minimal risk loan or lease, risk rated 1, is to a borrower of the highest quality. The borrower has an unquestioned ability to produce consistent profits and service all obligations and can absorb severe market disturbances with little or no difficulty.

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Low Risk—A low risk loan or lease, risk rated 2, is similar in characteristics to a minimal risk loan. Margins may be smaller or protective elements may be subject to greater fluctuation. The borrower will have a strong demonstrated ability to produce profits, provide ample debt service coverage and to absorb market disturbances.

Modest Risk—A modest risk loan or lease, risk rated 3, is a desirable loan or lease with excellent sources of repayment and no currently identifiable risk associated with collection. The borrower exhibits a very strong capacity to repay the credit in accordance with the repayment agreement. The borrower may be susceptible to economic cycles, but will have reserves to weather these cycles.

Average Risk—An average risk loan or lease, risk rated 4, is an attractive loan or lease with sound sources of repayment and no material collection or repayment weakness evident. The borrower has an acceptable capacity to pay in accordance with the agreement. The borrower is susceptible to economic cycles and more efficient competition, but should have modest reserves sufficient to survive all but the most severe downturns or major setbacks.

Acceptable Risk—An acceptable risk loan or lease, risk rated 5, is a loan or lease with lower than average, but still acceptable credit risk. These borrowers may have higher leverage, less certain but viable repayment sources, have limited financial reserves and may possess weaknesses that can be adequately mitigated through collateral, structural or credit enhancement. The borrower is susceptible to economic cycles and is less resilient to negative market forces or financial events. Reserves may be insufficient to survive a modest downturn.

Watch—A watch loan or lease, risk rated 6, is still pass-rated, but represents the lowest level of acceptable risk due to an emerging risk element or declining performance trend. Watch ratings are expected to be temporary, with issues resolved or manifested to the extent that a higher or lower rating would be appropriate. The borrower should have a plausible plan, with reasonable certainty of success, to correct the problems in a short period of time. Borrowers rated watch are characterized by elements of uncertainty, such as:

Borrower may be experiencing declining operating trends, strained cash flows or less-than anticipated performance. Cash flow should still be adequate to cover debt service, and the negative trends should be identified as being of a short-term or temporary nature.

The borrower may have experienced a minor, unexpected covenant violation.

Companies who may be experiencing tight working capital or have a cash cushion deficiency.

A loan or lease may also be a watch if financial information is late, there is a documentation deficiency, the borrower has experienced unexpected management turnover, or if they face industry issues that, when combined with performance factors create uncertainty in their future ability to perform.

Delinquent payments, increasing and material overdraft activity, request for bulge and/or out-of-formula advances may be an indicator of inadequate working capital and may suggest a lower rating.

Failure of the intended repayment source to materialize as expected, or renewal of a loan (other than cash/marketable security secured or lines of credit) without reduction are possible indicators of a watch or worse risk rating.

Special Mention—A special mention loan or lease, risk rated 7, has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or the institutions credit position at some future date. They contain unfavorable characteristics and are generally undesirable. Loans and leases in this category are currently protected but are potentially weak and constitute an undue and unwarranted credit risk, but not to the point of a substandard classification. A special mention loan or lease has potential weaknesses, which if not checked or corrected, weaken the asset or inadequately protect the Bank's position at some future date. Such weaknesses include:

Performance is poor or significantly less than expected. There may be a temporary debt-servicing deficiency or inadequate working capital as evidenced by a cash cushion deficiency, but not to the extent that repayment is compromised. Material violation of financial covenants is common.

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Loans or leases with unresolved material issues that significantly cloud the debt service outlook, even though a debt servicing deficiency does not currently exist.

Modest underperformance or deviation from plan for real estate loans where absorption of rental/sales units is necessary to properly service the debt as structured. Depth of support for interest carry provided by owner/guarantors may mitigate and provide for improved rating.

This rating may be assigned when a loan officer is unable to supervise the credit properly, an inadequate loan agreement, an inability to control collateral, failure to obtain proper documentation, or any other deviation from prudent lending practices.

Unlike a substandard credit, there should be a reasonable expectation that these temporary issues will be corrected within the normal course of business, rather than liquidation of assets, and in a reasonable period of time.

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Substandard—A substandard asset, risk rated 8, is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Loss potential, while existing in the aggregate amount of substandard assets, does not have to exist in individual assets classified substandard. Loans and leases are classified as substandard when they have unsatisfactory characteristics causing unacceptable levels of risk. A substandard loan or lease normally has one or more well-defined weaknesses that could jeopardize repayment of the debt. The likely need to liquidate assets to correct the problem, rather than repayment from successful operations is the key distinction between special mention and substandard. The following are examples of well-defined weaknesses:

- Cash flow deficiencies or trends are of a magnitude to jeopardize current and future payments with no immediate relief. A loss is not presently expected, however the outlook is sufficiently uncertain to preclude ruling out the possibility.
- The borrower has been unable to adjust to prolonged and unfavorable industry or economic trends.
- Material underperformance or deviation from plan for real estate loans where absorption of rental/sales units is necessary to properly service the debt and risk is not mitigated by willingness and capacity of owner/guarantor to support interest payments.
- Management character or honesty has become suspect. This includes instances where the borrower has become uncooperative.
- Due to unprofitable or unsuccessful business operations, some form of restructuring of the business, including liquidation of assets, has become the primary source of loan repayment. Cash flow has deteriorated, or been diverted, to the point that sale of collateral is now the Bank's primary source of repayment (unless this was the original source of repayment). If the collateral is under the Bank's control and is cash or other liquid, highly marketable securities and properly margined, then a more appropriate rating might be special mention or watch.
- The borrower is bankrupt, or for any other reason, future repayment is dependent on court action.
- There is material, uncorrectable faulty documentation or materially suspect financial information.

Doubtful—Loans or leases classified as doubtful, risk rated 9, have all the weaknesses inherent in one classified substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. The possibility of loss is extremely high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific pending factors, which may work towards strengthening of the asset, classification as a loss (and immediate charge-off) is deferred until more exact status may be determined. Pending factors include proposed merger, acquisition, liquidation procedures, capital injection, and perfection of liens on additional collateral and refinancing plans. In certain circumstances, a doubtful rating will be temporary, while the Bank is awaiting an updated collateral valuation. In these cases, once the collateral is valued and appropriate margin applied, the remaining un-collateralized portion will be charged-off. The remaining balance, properly margined, may then be upgraded to substandard, however must remain on non-accrual.

Loss—Loans or leases classified as loss, risk rated 10, are considered un-collectible and of such little value that the continuance as an active Bank asset is not warranted. This rating does not mean that the loan or lease has no recovery or salvage value, but rather that the loan or lease should be charged-off now, even though partial or full recovery may be possible in the future.

Impaired—Loans are classified as impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due, in accordance with the terms of the original loan agreement, without unreasonable delay. This generally includes all loans classified as non-accrual and troubled debt restructurings. Impaired loans are risk rated for internal and regulatory rating purposes, but presented separately for clarification.

Homogeneous loans and leases are not risk rated until they are greater than 30 days past due, and risk rating is based primarily on the past due status of the loan or lease. The risk rating categories can be generally described by the following groupings for commercial and commercial real estate homogeneous loans and leases:

Special Mention—A homogeneous special mention loan or lease, risk rated 7, is 30-59 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Substandard—A homogeneous substandard loan or lease, risk rated 8, is 60-89 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

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Doubtful—A homogeneous doubtful loan or lease, risk rated 9, is 90-179 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Loss—A homogeneous loss loan or lease, risk rated 10, is 180 days and more past due from the required payment date. These loans are generally charged-off in the month in which the 180 day time period elapses.

The risk rating categories can be generally described by the following groupings for residential and consumer and other homogeneous loans:

Special Mention—A homogeneous retail special mention loan, risk rated 7, is 30-89 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Substandard—A homogeneous retail substandard loan, risk rated 8, is an open-end loan 90-180 days past due from the required payment date at month-end or a closed-end loan 90-120 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Loss—A homogeneous retail loss loan, risk rated 10, is a closed-end loan that becomes past due 120 cumulative days or an open-end retail loan that becomes past due 180 cumulative days from the contractual due date. These loans are generally charged-off in the month in which the 120 or 180 day period elapses.

The following table summarizes our internal risk rating by loan and lease class for the non-covered loan and lease portfolio as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)

	September 30	0, 2013					
	Pass/Watch	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Impaired	Total
Commercial real estate							
Term & multifamily	\$3,646,254	\$147,094	\$148,258	\$—	\$ —	\$64,377	\$4,005,983
Construction & development	227,008	1,894	4,126	_		14,781	247,809
Residential development	54,480	2,896	3,398	_	_	18,224	78,998
Commercial							
Term	722,140	15,210	20,988			10,835	769,173
LOC & other	1,227,521	35,349	15,830	2,364	164	1,901	1,283,129
Residential							
Mortgage	546,048	1,466	570		2,116		550,200
Home equity loans & lines	254,912	945	15		330		256,202
Consumer & other	43,487	106	15		13		43,621
Total	\$6,721,850	\$204,960	\$193,200	\$2,364	\$2,623	\$110,118	\$7,235,115
Deferred loan fees, net							(6,211)
Total							\$7,228,904

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(in thousands)

	December 31	, 2012					
	Pass/Watch	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Impaired	Total
Commercial real estate							
Term & multifamily	\$3,515,753	\$203,643	\$134,625	\$—	\$ —	\$84,422	\$3,938,443
Construction & development	166,660	12,666	6,063	_	_	16,729	202,118
Residential development	25,082	4,379	5,064	_	_	22,684	57,209
Commercial							
Term	718,122	22,255	46,893			10,532	797,802
LOC & other	880,385	19,521	15,576	_	_	7,846	923,328
Residential							
Mortgage	469,325	3,507	1,120		2,627		476,579
Home equity loans & lines	258,252	1,612	_	_	758	175	260,797
Consumer & other	36,797	419	57	_	33	21	37,327
Total	\$6,070,376	\$268,002	\$209,398	\$	\$3,418	\$142,409	\$6,693,603
Deferred loan fees, net							(12,523)
Total							\$6,681,080

The percentage of non-covered impaired loans classified as watch, special mention, and substandard was 5.9%, 2.8%, and 91.3%, respectively, as of September 30, 2013. The percentage of non-covered impaired loans classified as watch, special mention, and substandard was 9.0%, 1.7%, and 89.3%, respectively, as of December 31, 2012.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, impaired loans of \$69.5 million and \$70.6 million were classified as accruing restructured loans, respectively. The restructurings were granted in response to borrower financial difficulty, and generally provide for a temporary modification of loan repayment terms. The restructured loans on accrual status represent the only impaired loans accruing interest. In order for a restructured loan to be considered for accrual status, the loan's collateral coverage generally will be greater than or equal to 100% of the loan balance, the loan is current on payments, and the borrower must either prefund an interest reserve or demonstrate the ability to make payments from a verified source of cash flow. Impaired restructured loans carry a specific allowance and the allowance on impaired restructured loans is calculated consistently across the portfolios.

There were no available commitments for troubled debt restructurings outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and none as of December 31, 2012.

The following tables present troubled debt restructurings by accrual versus non-accrual status and by loan class as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

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(in	thousands)	
(111	mousunus,	

	September 30,	2013	
	Accrual	Non-Accrual	Total
	Status	Status	Modifications
Commercial real estate			
Term & multifamily	\$42,753	\$2,907	\$45,660
Construction & development	9,651	_	9,651
Residential development	15,353	2,498	17,851
Commercial			
Term		3,849	3,849
LOC & other	1,265		1,265
Residential			
Mortgage	475		475
Home equity loans & lines			
Consumer & other			_
Total	\$69,497	\$9,254	\$78,751
(in thousands)			
	December 31,	2012	
	Accrual	Non-Accrual	Total
	Status	Status	Modifications
Commercial real estate			
Term & multifamily	\$39,613	\$16,605	\$56,218
Construction & development	12,552	3,516	16,068
Residential development	17,141	4,921	22,062
Commercial			
Term	350	4,641	4,991
LOC & other	820	1,493	2,313
Residential			
Mortgage			_
Home equity loans & lines	126	_	126
Consumer & other	_	_	_
Total	\$70,602	\$31,176	\$101,778

The Bank's policy is that loans placed on non-accrual will typically remain on non-accrual status until all principal and interest payments are brought current and the prospect for future payment in accordance with the loan agreement appears relatively certain. The Bank's policy generally refers to six months of payment performance as sufficient to warrant a return to accrual status.

The types of modifications offered can generally be described in the following categories:

Rate Modification—A modification in which the interest rate is modified.

Term Modification —A modification in which the maturity date, timing of payments, or frequency of payments is changed.

Interest Only Modification—A modification in which the loan is converted to interest only payments for a period of time.

Payment Modification—A modification in which the payment amount is changed, other than an interest only modification described above.

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Combination Modification—Any other type of modification, including the use of multiple types of modifications.

The following tables present newly non-covered restructured loans that occurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively:

(in	thousands)
- 1	111	uiousuiius	,

		ended Septembe				
	Rate	Term	Interest Only		Combination	Total
	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Commercial real estate						
Term & multifamily	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Construction &						
development						
Residential development	_	_	_	_	_	_
Commercial						
Term	_	_	_	_	3,588	3,588
LOC & other						_
Residential						
Mortgage			_			_
Home equity loans & lines	s—					
Consumer & other			_			_
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$3,588	\$3,588
		ended Septembe				
	Rate	Term	Interest Only		Combination	Total
	Rate	Term	Interest Only		Combination Modifications	
Commercial real estate	Rate Modifications	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily	Rate	Term	Interest Only			
Term & multifamily Construction &	Rate Modifications	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$17,474
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$17,474
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$17,474
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$17,474
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$17,474 — —
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines Consumer & other	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications \$— — — — — — — — — — — — —	Interest Only Modifications \$— — — — — — — — — — — — —	Modifications \$— — 820 — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Modifications \$2,554	Modifications \$17,474
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$17,474 — —

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(in thousands)

,	Nine months e	nded Septembe	r 30, 2013			
	Rate	Term	Interest Only	Payment	Combination	Total
	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Commercial real estate						
Term & multifamily	\$ —	\$ —	\$4,291	\$	\$	\$4,291
Construction &						
development						
Residential development						
Commercial						
Term					3,588	3,588
LOC & other					452	452
Residential						
Mortgage					478	478
Home equity loans & line	s—					
Consumer & other						
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$4,291	\$	\$4,518	\$8,809
		nded September				
	Rate	Term	Interest Only	Payment	Combination	Total
	Rate	Term	Interest Only	•	Combination Modifications	
Commercial real estate	Rate Modifications	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily	Rate	Term	Interest Only	•		
Term & multifamily Construction &	Rate Modifications	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$18,277 — —
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$18,277 — —
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$18,277 — —
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$18,277 — —
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & line	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$18,277 — —
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & line Consumer & other	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications \$— — — — — — — — — — — — —	Interest Only Modifications \$— — — — — — — — — — — — —	Modifications \$— — 820 — — — —	Modifications \$3,357	Modifications \$18,277
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & line	Rate Modifications \$14,920	Term Modifications	Interest Only Modifications	Modifications \$— — —	Modifications	Modifications \$18,277 — —

For the periods presented in the tables above, the outstanding recorded investment was the same pre and post modification.

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The following tables represent financing receivables modified as troubled debt restructurings within the previous 12 months for which there was a payment default during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively:

(in thousands)				
	Three months ended September 30,		Nine mont September	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Commercial real estate				
Term & multifamily	\$	\$	\$ —	\$217
Construction & development	_			
Residential development	_			633
Commercial				
Term	_			
LOC & other	_	_	_	26
Residential				
Mortgage	_	_	_	
Home equity loans & lines	_		_	_
Consumer & other	_		_	_
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$876

Note 6 – Covered Assets and Indemnification Asset

Covered Loans

Loans acquired in a FDIC-assisted acquisition that are subject to a loss-share agreement are referred to as "covered loans" and reported separately in our statements of financial condition. Covered loans are reported exclusive of the cash flow reimbursements expected from the FDIC.

Acquired loans are valued as of acquisition date in accordance with ASC 805. Loans purchased with evidence of credit deterioration since origination for which it is probable that all contractually required payments will not be collected are accounted for under FASB ASC 310-30, Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality ("ASC 310-30"). Because of the significant fair value discounts associated with the acquired portfolios, the concentration of real estate related loans (to finance or secured by real estate collateral) and the decline in real estate values in the regions serviced, and after considering the underwriting standards of the acquired originating bank, the Company elected to account for all acquired loans under ASC 310-30. Under ASC 805 and ASC 310-30, loans are to be recorded at fair value at acquisition date, factoring in credit losses expected to be incurred over the life of the loan. Accordingly, an allowance for loan losses is not carried over or recorded as of the acquisition date. We have aggregated the acquired loans into various loan pools based on multiple layers of common risk characteristics for the purpose of determining their respective fair values as of their acquisition dates, and for applying the subsequent recognition and measurement provisions for income accretion and impairment testing.

The covered loans acquired are, and will continue to be, subject to the Company's internal and external credit review and monitoring. To the extent there is experienced or projected credit deterioration on the acquired loan pools subsequent to amounts estimated at the previous remeasurement date, this deterioration will be measured, and a provision for credit losses will be charged to earnings. Additionally, provision for credit losses will be recorded on advances on covered loans subsequent to acquisition date in a manner consistent with the allowance for non-covered loan and lease losses. These provisions will be mostly offset by an increase to the FDIC indemnification asset through

the life of the loss sharing agreement, which is recognized in non-interest income.

Covered Loans

The following table presents the major types of covered loans as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

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(in thousands)

	September 30, 2013					
	Evergreen	Rainier	Nevada Security	Total		
Commercial real estate						
Term & multifamily	\$58,522	\$168,193	\$88,714	\$315,429		
Construction & development	3,770		4,161	7,931		
Residential development	3,105		5,431	8,536		
Commercial						
Term	5,826	1,074	9,923	16,823		
LOC & other	3,433	5,937	2,148	11,518		
Residential						
Mortgage	3,126	18,392	1,786	23,304		
Home equity loans & lines	3,257	15,404	2,036	20,697		
Consumer & other	1,023	3,710	30	4,763		
Total	\$82,062	\$212,710	\$114,229	\$409,001		
Allowance for covered loans				(11,918)	
Total				\$397,083		
	December 31,					
	December 31, 2 Evergreen	2012 Rainier	Nevada Security	Total		
Commercial real estate	Evergreen	Rainier	•			
Term & multifamily	Evergreen \$72,888	Rainier \$199,685	\$105,436	\$378,009		
Term & multifamily Construction & development	Evergreen \$72,888 4,941	Rainier	\$105,436 6,133	\$378,009 11,711		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development	Evergreen \$72,888	Rainier \$199,685	\$105,436	\$378,009		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial	\$72,888 4,941 3,840	Rainier \$199,685 637	\$105,436 6,133 5,954	\$378,009 11,711 9,794		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term	\$72,888 4,941 3,840 9,961	\$199,685 637 — 2,230	\$105,436 6,133 5,954 11,333	\$378,009 11,711 9,794 23,524		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other	\$72,888 4,941 3,840	Rainier \$199,685 637	\$105,436 6,133 5,954	\$378,009 11,711 9,794		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential	\$72,888 4,941 3,840 9,961 4,984	Rainier \$199,685 637 — 2,230 7,081	\$105,436 6,133 5,954 11,333 2,932	\$378,009 11,711 9,794 23,524 14,997		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage	Evergreen \$72,888 4,941 3,840 9,961 4,984 3,948	Rainier \$199,685 637 — 2,230 7,081 22,059	\$105,436 6,133 5,954 11,333 2,932 1,818	\$378,009 11,711 9,794 23,524 14,997 27,825		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines	Evergreen \$72,888 4,941 3,840 9,961 4,984 3,948 3,478	Rainier \$199,685 637 — 2,230 7,081 22,059 17,178	\$105,436 6,133 5,954 11,333 2,932 1,818 2,786	\$378,009 11,711 9,794 23,524 14,997 27,825 23,442		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines Consumer & other	Evergreen \$72,888 4,941 3,840 9,961 4,984 3,948 3,478 1,855	Rainier \$199,685 637 2,230 7,081 22,059 17,178 4,143	\$105,436 6,133 5,954 11,333 2,932 1,818 2,786 53	\$378,009 11,711 9,794 23,524 14,997 27,825 23,442 6,051		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines Consumer & other Total	Evergreen \$72,888 4,941 3,840 9,961 4,984 3,948 3,478	Rainier \$199,685 637 — 2,230 7,081 22,059 17,178	\$105,436 6,133 5,954 11,333 2,932 1,818 2,786	\$378,009 11,711 9,794 23,524 14,997 27,825 23,442 6,051 \$495,353		
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines Consumer & other	Evergreen \$72,888 4,941 3,840 9,961 4,984 3,948 3,478 1,855	Rainier \$199,685 637 2,230 7,081 22,059 17,178 4,143	\$105,436 6,133 5,954 11,333 2,932 1,818 2,786 53	\$378,009 11,711 9,794 23,524 14,997 27,825 23,442 6,051 \$495,353)	

The outstanding contractual unpaid principal balance, excluding purchase accounting adjustments, at September 30, 2013 was \$105.6 million, \$247.3 million and \$155.8 million, for Evergreen, Rainier, and Nevada Security, respectively, as compared to \$137.7 million, \$297.0 million and \$198.4 million, for Evergreen, Rainier, and Nevada Security, respectively, at December 31, 2012.

In estimating the fair value of the covered loans at the acquisition date, we (a) calculated the contractual amount and timing of undiscounted principal and interest payments and (b) estimated the amount and timing of undiscounted expected principal and interest payments. The difference between these two amounts represents the nonaccretable difference.

On the acquisition date, the amount by which the undiscounted expected cash flows exceed the estimated fair value of the acquired loans is the "accretable yield". The accretable yield is then measured at each financial reporting date and represents the difference between the remaining undiscounted expected cash flows and the current carrying value of

the loans.

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Balance, end of period

The following table presents the changes in the accretable yield for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 for each respective acquired loan portfolio:

(in thousands)							
	Three month	is e	nded Septem	ber	30, 2013		
	Evergreen		Rainier		Nevada Security	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$27,162		\$85,823		\$41,818	\$154,803	
Accretion to interest income	(2,816)	(5,221)	(3,420)	(11,457)
Disposals	(1,148)	(2,205)	(373)	(3,726)
Reclassifications (to)/from nonaccretable difference	(325)	3,664		(643)	2,696	
Balance, end of period	\$22,873		\$82,061		\$37,382	\$142,316	
	Three month	ıs e	nded Septem	ber	30, 2012		
	Evergreen		Rainier		Nevada Security	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$48,064		\$123,501		\$54,623	\$226,188	
Accretion to interest income	(6,139)	(8,361)	(5,316)	(19,816)
Disposals	(1,989)	(5,677)	(1,650)	(9,316)
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference	3,261		3,336		3,094	9,691	
Balance, end of period	\$43,197		\$112,799		\$50,751	\$206,747	
(in thousands)							
	Nine months	s en	ided Septemb	er 3	0, 2013		
	Evergreen		Rainier		Nevada Security	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$34,567		\$102,468		\$46,353	\$183,388	
Accretion to interest income	(9,879)	(18,290)	(11,872)	(40,041)
Disposals	(2,510)	(5,529)	(3,140)	(11,179)
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference	695		3,412		6,041	10,148	
Balance, end of period	22,873		\$82,061		\$37,382	\$142,316	
	Nine months	s en	ded Septemb	er 3	0, 2012		
	Evergreen		Rainier		Nevada Security	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$56,479		\$120,333		\$61,021	\$237,833	
Accretion to interest income	(14,918)	(23,216)	(14,924)	(53,058)
Disposals	(5,671)	(14,363)	(3,069)	(23,103)
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference	7,307		30,045		7,723	45,075	

\$43,197

\$112,799

\$50,751

\$206,747

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Allowance for Covered Loan Losses

The following table summarizes activity related to the allowance for covered loan losses by covered loan portfolio segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively:

(in thousands)										
	Three months ended September 30, 2013									
	Commercia						Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$8,871		\$4,512		\$808		\$176		\$14,367	
Charge-offs	(553)	(406)	_)	(88))	(1,095)
Recoveries	182		156		59		153		550	
Recapture of provision	(1,466)	(367)	(16)	(55)	(1,904)
Balance, end of period	\$7,034		\$3,895		\$803		\$186		\$11,918	
	Three mont	hs	ended Septem	ıb	er 30, 2012					
	Commercia	1					Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$7,461		\$4,547		\$664		\$305		\$12,977	
Charge-offs	(480)	(450)	(73)	(45)	(1,048)
Recoveries	371		215		68		22		676	
Provision (recapture)	1,884		990		79		(26)	2,927	
Balance, end of period	\$9,236		\$5,302		\$738		\$256		\$15,532	
(in thousands)										
•	Nine month	s e	ended Septeml	be	r 30, 2013					
	Commercia		•		•		Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$12,129		\$4,980		\$804		\$362		\$18,275	
Charge-offs	(1,321)	(1,219)	(156)	(420)	(3,116)
Recoveries	669		428	_	185		221		1,503	
(Recapture) provision	(4,443)	(294)	(30)	23		(4,744)
Balance, end of period	\$7,034		\$3,895		\$803		\$186		\$11,918	,
	Nine month	s e	ended Septeml	be	r 30, 2012					
	Commercial						Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$8,939		\$3,964		\$991		\$426		\$14,320	
Charge-offs	(2,570)	(1,257)	(510)	(578)	(4,915)
Recoveries	1,012		596		147		70		1,825	
Provision	1,855		1,999		110		338		4,302	
Balance, end of period	\$9,236		\$5,302		\$738		\$256		\$15,532	

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The following table presents the allowance and recorded investment in covered loans by portfolio segment as of September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(in thousands)

	September 30,	2013			
	Commercial			Consumer	
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total
Allowance for covered loans:					
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	\$6,648	\$3,691	\$752	\$135	\$11,226
Collectively evaluated for impairment (2)	386	204	51	51	692
Total	\$7,034	\$3,895	\$803	\$186	\$11,918
Covered loans:					
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	\$329,044	\$17,799	\$38,887	\$2,000	\$387,730
Collectively evaluated for impairment (2)	2,852	10,542	5,114	2,763	21,271
Total	\$331,896	\$28,341	\$44,001	\$4,763	\$409,001
	September 30, Commercial Real Estate	2012 Commercial	Residential	Consumer & Other	Total
Allowance for covered loans:	Commercial		Residential		Total
Allowance for covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	Commercial		Residential \$694		Total \$14,352
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit	Commercial Real Estate \$8,662	Commercial		& Other	
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	Commercial Real Estate \$8,662	Commercial \$4,785	\$694	& Other \$211	\$14,352
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1) Collectively evaluated for impairment (2)	Commercial Real Estate \$8,662	Commercial \$4,785 517	\$694 44	& Other \$211 45	\$14,352 1,180
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1) Collectively evaluated for impairment (2) Total	Commercial Real Estate \$8,662	Commercial \$4,785 517	\$694 44	& Other \$211 45	\$14,352 1,180
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1) Collectively evaluated for impairment (2) Total Covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit	Commercial Real Estate \$8,662 \$9,236 \$424,547	\$4,785 517 \$5,302	\$694 44 \$738	& Other \$211 45 \$256	\$14,352 1,180 \$15,532
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1) Collectively evaluated for impairment (2) Total Covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	Commercial Real Estate \$8,662 \$9,236 \$424,547	\$4,785 517 \$5,302 \$28,141	\$694 44 \$738 \$48,838	& Other \$211 45 \$256 \$3,699	\$14,352 1,180 \$15,532 \$505,225

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with ASC 310-30, the valuation allowance is netted against the carrying value of the covered loan balance.

The valuation allowance on covered loans was reduced by recaptured provision of \$2.4 million and \$7.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, and \$0.5 million and \$3.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Covered Credit Quality Indicators

Covered loans are risk rated in a manner consistent with non-covered loans. As previously noted, the Bank's risk rating methodology assigns risk ratings ranging from 1 to 10, where a higher rating represents higher risk. The 10 risk rating groupings are described fully in Note 5. The following table includes loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality accounted for under ASC 310-30, and advances made subsequent to acquisition on covered loans.

⁽²⁾ The allowance on covered loan losses includes an allowance on covered loan advances on acquired loans subsequent to acquisition.

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The following table summarizes our internal risk rating grouping by covered loans, net as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)

	September 30	0, 2013 Special				
	Pass/Watch	Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Commercial real estate						
Term & multifamily	\$201,171	\$38,536	\$70,787	\$241	\$ —	\$310,735
Construction & development	1,153	_	5,501		_	6,654
Residential development	504	599	5,764	603		7,470
Commercial						
Term	4,857	3,027	5,566	415		13,865
LOC & other	8,054	1,298	1,185	48	_	10,585
Residential						
Mortgage	23,161	_	_	_	_	23,161
Home equity loans & lines	19,921	_	116	_	_	20,037
Consumer & other	4,576	_	_		_	4,576
Total	\$263,397	\$43,460	\$88,919	\$1,307	\$ —	\$397,083
	D 1 21	2012				
	December 31					
		Special	Cubatandand	Daubtful	Lass	Total
Construction & development	December 31 Pass/Watch		Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Construction & development	Pass/Watch	Special Mention				
Term & multifamily	Pass/Watch \$243,723	Special Mention \$47,880	\$62,811	\$14,925	Loss \$—	\$369,339
Term & multifamily Construction & development	Pass/Watch	Special Mention \$47,880 195	\$62,811 4,315	\$14,925 3,386		\$369,339 9,688
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development	Pass/Watch \$243,723	Special Mention \$47,880	\$62,811	\$14,925		\$369,339
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial	Pass/Watch \$243,723 1,792	Special Mention \$47,880 195 391	\$62,811 4,315 6,658	\$14,925 3,386 1,309		\$369,339 9,688 8,358
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term	Pass/Watch \$243,723 1,792 — 9,020	Special Mention \$47,880 195 391 3,401	\$62,811 4,315 6,658 4,986	\$14,925 3,386 1,309 2,021		\$369,339 9,688 8,358 19,428
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other	Pass/Watch \$243,723 1,792	Special Mention \$47,880 195 391	\$62,811 4,315 6,658	\$14,925 3,386 1,309		\$369,339 9,688 8,358
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential	Pass/Watch \$243,723 1,792 9,020 11,498	Special Mention \$47,880 195 391 3,401	\$62,811 4,315 6,658 4,986	\$14,925 3,386 1,309 2,021		\$369,339 9,688 8,358 19,428 14,113
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage	Pass/Watch \$243,723 1,792 9,020 11,498 27,596	Special Mention \$47,880 195 391 3,401	\$62,811 4,315 6,658 4,986 1,080	\$14,925 3,386 1,309 2,021		\$369,339 9,688 8,358 19,428 14,113 27,596
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage Home equity loans & lines	Pass/Watch \$243,723 1,792 9,020 11,498 27,596 22,790	Special Mention \$47,880 195 391 3,401	\$62,811 4,315 6,658 4,986	\$14,925 3,386 1,309 2,021		\$369,339 9,688 8,358 19,428 14,113 27,596 22,867
Term & multifamily Construction & development Residential development Commercial Term LOC & other Residential Mortgage	Pass/Watch \$243,723 1,792 9,020 11,498 27,596	Special Mention \$47,880 195 391 3,401	\$62,811 4,315 6,658 4,986 1,080	\$14,925 3,386 1,309 2,021		\$369,339 9,688 8,358 19,428 14,113 27,596

Covered Other Real Estate Owned

All other real estate owned ("OREO") acquired in FDIC-assisted acquisitions that are subject to a FDIC loss-share agreement are referred to as "covered OREO" and reported separately in our statements of financial position. Covered OREO is reported exclusive of expected reimbursement cash flows from the FDIC. Foreclosed covered loan collateral is transferred into covered OREO at the collateral's net realizable value, less selling costs.

Covered OREO was initially recorded at its estimated fair value on the acquisition date based on similar market comparable valuations less estimated selling costs. Subsequent to acquisition, loan collateral transferred to OREO is at its net realizable value. Any subsequent valuation adjustments due to declines in fair value will be charged to non-interest expense, and will be mostly offset by non-interest income representing the corresponding increase to the FDIC indemnification asset for the offsetting loss reimbursement amount. Any recoveries of previous valuation

adjustments will be credited to non-interest expense with a corresponding charge to non-interest income for the portion of the recovery that is due to the FDIC.

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The following table summarizes the activity related to the covered OREO for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(in thousands)

	Three mont	hs ended	Nine month	is ended	
	September	30,	September	30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Balance, beginning of period	\$3,484	\$9,191	\$10,374	\$19,491	
Additions to covered OREO	_	1,881	2,554	3,227	
Dispositions of covered OREO	(480) (2,192) (9,245) (10,492)
Valuation adjustments in the period	(24) (769) (703) (4,115)
Balance, end of period	\$2,980	\$8,111	\$2,980	\$8,111	

FDIC Indemnification Asset

The Company has elected to account for amounts receivable under the loss-share agreement as an indemnification asset in accordance with FASB ASC 805, Business Combinations. The FDIC indemnification asset is initially recorded at fair value, based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows under the loss-share agreement. The difference between the present value and the undiscounted cash flows the Company expects to collect from the FDIC will be accreted into non-interest income over the life of the FDIC indemnification asset.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the FDIC indemnification asset is reviewed quarterly and adjusted for any changes in expected cash flows based on recent performance and expectations for future performance of the covered assets. These adjustments are measured on the same basis as the related covered loans and covered other real estate owned. Any increases in cash flow of the covered assets over those expected will reduce the FDIC indemnification asset and any decreases in cash flow of the covered assets under those expected will increase the FDIC indemnification asset. Increases and decreases to the FDIC indemnification asset are recorded as adjustments to non-interest income. The resulting carrying value of the indemnification asset represents the amounts recoverable from the FDIC for future expected losses, and the amounts due from the FDIC for claims related to covered losses the Company have incurred less amounts due back to the FDIC relating to shared recoveries.

The following table summarizes the activity related to the FDIC indemnification asset for each respective acquired portfolio for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(in thousands)