### **ENERGY POWER SYSTEMS LTD**

Form 6-K

November 19, 2001

Energy Power Systems Limited (Formerly Engineering Power Systems Limited)

Consolidated Financial Statements For the years ended June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Energy Power Systems

Limited

(Formerly Engineering Power

Systems Limited)

Consolidated Financial

Statements

For the years ended June 30,

2001, 2000 and 1999

(Expressed in Canadian

Dollars)

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Auditors' Report

To the Shareholders of Energy Power Systems Limited (Formerly Engineering Power Systems Limited)

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Energy Power Systems Limited as at June 30, 2001 and 2000 and the consolidated statements of loss and deficit and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian and U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2001 and 2000 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 1999 were audited by other auditors who expressed an opinion without reservation on these statements in their report dated November 19, 1999.

Chartered Accountants

Capital assets (Note 5)

Future income tax asset (Note 11)

Toronto, Ontario October 4, 2001

Energy Power Systems Limited Consolidated Balance Sheets (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30 2001 2000

Assets

Current \$1,771,04 Cash \$1,242,621 Marketable securities (market value \$255,290) 221,213 Accounts receivable (Note 1) 4,331,086 3,333,573 Inventories and work in progress 1,039,853 1,525,344 Due from co-venturer 208,652 116,684 Prepaid expenses 67,329 81,08 Investment (Note 2) 3,500,000 Future income tax asset (Note 11) 235,000 6,827,73 10,845,754 Other assets (Note 3) 9,490,021 Oil and gas properties (Note 4) 2,017,493

3,268,096

862,000

4,875,362

Goodwill 2,056,832 2,318,09 \$19,050,175 \$23,511,2 Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Current \$ 507,222 \$829,001 4,200,868 Bank indebtedness (Note 7) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 4,929,532 Due to shareholders (Note 8) 1,162,403 2,630,225 Current portion of long term debt (Note 9) 182,151
Future income tax liability (Note 11) 266,000 283,529 402,100 6,640,423 8,752,608 350,000 1,842,038 646,311 738,205 Due to shareholders (Note 8) 738,205 56,000 Long-term debt (Note 9) Future income tax liability (Note 11) 7,692,734 11,403,851 Shareholders' equity Share capital (Note 10) 32,207,289 29,322,289 Deficit (20,849,848) (17, 214, 932)\$11,357,441 12,107,357 \$19,050,175 \$ 23,511,208 On behalf of the Board: Director James C. Cassina Director Sandra J. Hall Energy Power Systems Limited Consolidated Statements of Loss and Deficit (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) 2000 2001 1999 For the years ended June 30 \$19,153,058 \$18,924,369 \$21,079,649 Revenue Cost of sales and oil and gas operating costs (including amortization of capital assets and depletion \$258,629; 2000 - \$211,703; ` 1999 - \$202**,**009) 16,640,412 15,127,539 17,923,409 2,512,646 Gross profit 3,796,830 3,156,240

Expenses

Amortization

Amortization of goodwill

 2, 626,513
 4,344,657
 4,597,444

 261,258
 261,258
 92,901

157,111 154,416 158,621

9 9				
Interest Interest on long term debt	90 <b>,</b> 523	65,965	100, 113,959	588 94,22 137,205
	3,3	01,370	4,974,	878 5 <b>,</b> 080 <b>,</b> 39
Loss from continuing operations bef the following Other income Write down of inactive capital asse Non-controlling interest in M&M Eng	(788,724) 66,218 ts (1,500,000)	(1,178,048) 72,486		
Limited	-	_	(286,70	3)
Net loss from continuing operations	before			
income taxes		(1,105,562)	(2,069,	499)
Income taxes (Note 11) Current Future Utilization of loss carryforwards	(1,248,100) -		36,045 330,300 (35,000)	113,000 101,800
(1,248,100)	331,345	214,800		
Net loss from continuing operations	(974,406)	(1,	,436,907)	(2,284,299)
Loss from discontinued operations (Note 19)	(2,660,510)	(1,	,250,992)	(5,696,655)
Net loss for the year	(3,634,916)	(2,	,687,899)	(7,980,954)
Deficit, beginning of year	(17,214,932)	(1	4,527,033)(6,	546,079)
Deficit, end of year	(\$ 20,849,848)	\$ (17,2	214,932)\$(14,	527,033)
Net loss from continuing operations per share (Note 15)	\$(0.23)	\$(0.46)	\$(0.9	9)
Net loss for the year per share (Note 15)	(\$0.85)	\$(0.86)	\$(3.4	6)
Energy Power Systems Limite Consolidated Statements of Cash Flo (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)				
For the years ended June 30		2001	2000	1999
Cash flows provided by (used in)				
Operating activities Net loss from continuing operations for the year Adjustments to reconcile net income provided by operating activities	\$ (	974,406)\$(1,4	36,907) \$(2,2	84,299)
Amortization of goodwill  Amortization	:		61,258 6,119 360,630	92,901
Income taxes		,248,100)	330,300	101,800
Loss on sale of capital assets Unrealized foreign exchange loss Non-controlling interest - M&M	7,796 1,8	25 – –	50,000	-
Engineering Limited Write down of inactive capital asse	ts 1,500,000	- -	- -	286,703
_				

Professional fees settled by issuance 225,000 767,750 of shares Net change in non-cash working capital balances (Note 12) (1,223,064) 160,235 2,498,195 Cash provided (used) by operating activities from continuing operations (1,260,776) (42,170) 1,849
Cash used by discontinued operations (52,278) (2,487,076) (2,470,170) (1,260,776) (42,170) 1,849,281(1,313,054) (2,529,246) (646,490)Investing activities Investing activities
Purchase of short term investments (221,213) – (91,968) – (221, 213)Due from co-venturers - (222,840) 3,355,025 598,318(1,570,410) - 2,095,984 (543,7 Other assets Restricted cash Investing activities of discontinued operations 22,900 4,028,962 1,149,896 6,597,317(2,600,659) Financing activities Bank indebtedness 321,779 (135,854) (494,966) Factoring loans, net - (332,988) Long term debt, net (277**,**187) (469,954) (215,015) Cash assumed on acquisition of KEOPL 490,098 669,962 Due to related parties Advances from (repayments to) shareholders (1,930,057) 282,137 3,195,428 Issuance of common shares 1,350,000 - 647,120
Issuance of preference shares 250,000 -Financing activities of discontinued operations (79,803) (2,700,596) (365, 268) (2, 534, 169) 3, 470, 450 Net increase (decrease) in cash (528,426) 1,533,902 223,301 1,771,047 237,145 13,844 Cash, beginning of year Cash, end of year \$ 1,242,621 \$1,771,047 \$237,145 See supplementary cash flow information (Note 12 (a))

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Energy Power Systems Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Nature of Business and Principles of Consolidation Energy Power Systems Limited ("EPS" or the

"Company") is a corporation amalgamated under the laws of the Province of Ontario. The Company's business focus is to explore and develop oil and gas reserves. These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries M&M Engineering Limited ("M&M") and its wholly owned subsidiary M&M Offshore Limited ("MMO") whose business focus is engineering mechanical contracting and steel fabrication in Newfoundland.

Pursuant to Articles of Amendment dated February 2, 2001 the Company changed its name from Engineering Power Systems Limited to Energy Power Systems Limited.

During fiscal 2001 the Company decided to discontinue efforts to act as a developer of independent power projects. The Company is actively seeking a developer who will purchase its interest in the Karnataka Project. In addition, the Company intends to monetize its investment in the Andhra Pradesh Project on or before June 30, 2002. This segment has been treated as discontinued operations for accounting purposes (see Note 19). As such the operations of the Company's Power Division have been excluded from the consolidated statement of loss and deficit from continuing operations in current and prior periods.

During fiscal 2000 EPS disposed of its interests in Merlin Engineering A.S. ("Merlin") and divested ASI Holdings, Inc. ("ASIH"). These operations have been treated as discontinued operations for accounting purposes (see Note 19). As such, the operations of Merlin and ASIH have been excluded from the consolidated statement of loss and deficit from continuing operations in current and prior periods.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Canada.

#### Oil and Gas

Properties The Company follows the full-cost method of accounting for oil and gas activities whereby all costs associated with the acquisition of, exploration for, and the development of oil and gas reserves are capitalized. These costs are capitalized in one cost centre, Canada. Such costs include lease acquisitions, geological and geophysical expenditures, lease rentals on non-producing properties, drilling, equipment, and technical consulting directly related to exploration and development activities. All other general and administrative costs including interest are expensed. Proceeds from sales of oil and gas properties are recorded as reductions of capitalized costs. The Company applies an annual ceiling test to capitalized costs to ensure that such costs do not exceed the estimated value of future net revenues from production of proven reserves at current prices less future costs of general and administrative expenses, financing and

income taxes.

Energy Power Systems Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Oil and Gas

Properties (cont.) Any reduction of value, as a result of the ceiling test, is charged to operations. Depletion of producing petroleum and natural gas properties and amortization of well equipment is provided on the units-of-production method based on proven petroleum and natural gas reserves.

Wells under development not included in the ceiling test are assessed for impairment on a quarterly basis. Impairment of non-producing properties is assessed based on management's expectations of success.

The Company holds various working interests in producing and non-producing oil and gas properties.

The Company's activities are conducted jointly with others. These financial statements reflect the Company's share of the assets, revenue and operating costs related to these oil and gas properties.

Royalties The Company's oil and gas production is subject to crown royalties. Crown royalties are included in operating costs, net of related crown royalty tax credits.

Accounting

Estimates The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity

with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the consolidated financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be material.

Revenue

Recognition Engineering and Offshore Division

Revenue from engineering construction and fabrication contracts is recognized on the percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion method recognizes revenue by assessing the value of the work performed in relation to the total

estimated cost of the contract based on the contract value. Contract costs include all direct material and labour costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance such as supplier, tools and repairs. Administrative and general overheads are charged to expense as incurred. Contract losses are provided for in full in the year in which they become apparent.

Oil and Gas Division

Oil and gas revenue is recognized on actual production, and upon delivery of the product to the customer based on the operators' reports.

Marketable

Securities Marketable securities are valued at the lower of cost or market on a portfolio basis.

Energy Power Systems Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Continued) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Investment The investment in KEOPL is recorded at expected net recoverable amount.

Inventories Inventories of finished goods are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Raw materials are valued at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

Joint Ventures  $\,$  The Company uses the proportionate consolidation method to account for its non oil and gas joint ventures.

Capital Assets Capital assets consist primarily of fabrication buildings, office equipment, and manufacturing equipment. These assets are recorded at cost less write down for impairment.

Capital assets are amortized on the declining balance basis over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:

Building
3% declining balance
Manufacturing equipment
20
% declining balance
Tools and equipment
20
% declining balance
Office equipment
20
% declining balance

Vehicles
30
% declining balance
Paving
7% declining balance
Equipment under capital leases
20
% declining balance

Goodwill Goodwill represents the excess purchase price paid for business combinations over the value assigned to identifiable net assets acquired. It is amortized on a straight-line basis over a ten-year period, from the acquisition date. The carrying value of goodwill is assessed by calculating projected cash flows. Any permanent impairment in value is recorded in earnings when it is identified.

Goodwill is recorded net of accumulated amortization of \$615,417 (2000 - \$354,159).

Other Assets Other assets consist of costs related to the acquisition of power purchase agreements ("PPAs") in India. The carrying value of the costs related to the acquisition of the power purchase agreements is assessed by calculating projected cash flow. Any permanent impairment in value is recorded in earnings when it is identified.

Marketing and Promotion Cost Marketing and promotion costs for new business opportunities are charged to administrative expenses as incurred.

Energy Power Systems Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Continued) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Foreign Currency

Translation Foreign currency accounts are translated to Canadian dollars as follows:

At the transaction date, each asset, liability, revenue or expense is translated into Canadian dollars by the use of the exchange rate in effect at that date. At the year end date, monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars by using the exchange rate in effect at that date and the resulting foreign exchange gains and losses are included in income in the current period.

Income Taxes The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Under this method, future income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between financial reporting and tax bases

of assets and liabilities and available loss carryforwards. A valuation allowance is established to reduce tax assets if it is more likely than not that all or some portions of such tax assets will not be realized.

Energy Power Systems Limited
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

#### 1. Accounts Receivable

Receivables consist of the following: 2001 2000

Trade \$ 4,161,427 \$ 2,569,830 Holdbacks 169,659 763,743 \$ 3,333,573

2. Investment

Investment consists of the following: 2001 2000

Investment in Konaseema EPS Oakwell Power Limited

\$3,500,000 \$ -

The Company owns 11,348,200 ordinary equity shares, of Rs. 10 each, of Konaseema EPS Oakwell Power Limited ("KEOPL"), which represents a 12% interest in KEOPL, a company incorporated in the State of Andhra Pradesh, India, which is developing the Andhra Pradesh Project (the "Project"). Upon Financial Closure (when all regulatory approvals have been received) for the Project, the Company will hold approximately a 3% interest in the Project. Pursuant to the Revised VBC Agreement dated August 10, 2000 amongst the Company, VBC Group ("VBC"), KEOPL's parent company, and KEOPL, VBC shall purchase the Company's investment in KEOPL for INR 113,482,000 (approximately Cdn \$3,500,000) on or before June 30, 2002.

### 3. Other Assets

The other assets are comprised of the following India power projects.

2001 2000

Andhra Pradesh Project \$ - \$ 7,487,558

Karnataka Project - 2,002,463

\$ - \$ 9,490,021

#### (a) Andhra Pradesh Project

Pursuant to the Revised VBC Agreement dated August 10, 2000, the Company's cost related to the development of the Project was capitalized by the issuance of equity and preference shares having on

aggregate value of approximately \$6,600,000. During the year 2001 KEOPL redeemed all of the preference shares and VBC purchased approximately one third of the equity shares held by the Company for a total cash consideration of approximately \$3,100,000. The remaining shares held by the Company have been classified as Investment (Note 2).

#### (b) Karnataka Project

During fiscal 2001 the Karnataka Project (the "Project") converted from a 195 MW naphtha fuelled barge based power project to a 220 MW coal fuelled land based power project. As at June 30, 2001, the Company has written down the carrying amount of the Project to nil because much of the cost incurred by the Company on the Project was related to the cost of the 195 MW naphtha fuelled barge based power project and not the 200MW coal fuelled land based power project. The Company is seeking a developer who will purchase its interest in the Project.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

#### 4. Oil and Gas Properties

During the year, the Company acquired various working interests in producing and non-producing oil and gas properties in Alberta, Ontario and Prince Edward Island. As consideration the Company paid \$1,727,857 cash and issued 90,000 common shares for \$335,000. These properties are carried at cost set out below:

			June 30	, 2001	
		Accumu	ılated	Ne	et Book
	Cost	Amorti	ization	Value	
Producing wells					
Alberta	\$ 1,634,180	\$	44,987	\$1,589,193	<b>;</b>
Ontario	51,834		377	51,457	1
Wells under development					
Alberta	68,036			_	68,03
Ontario	3,187			_	3,18
PEI	305,620		_	305,620	
	\$ 2,062,857	\$	45,364	\$2,017,493	}

The Company is required to fund its share of costs and expenses. Failure to fund expenditures will result in a dilution of its interests.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of the following:

		-	June 30, 2001	J <sup>.</sup>	fune 30, 2000		,
			Accumulated		Accur	mulate	∌d
		Cost	Amortization	Cost Ar	mortization		,
Land	\$	544,009	\$ -	\$	544,009	\$	-
Building	2,643,700	935	,005	4,102,206	802	2,165	
Manufacturing equipment	755 <b>,</b> 032	645	,057	739,280	61.	3,407	
Tools and equipment	1,087,315	805	,440	1,066,278	74/	4,623	
Office equipment		281,106	200,264		263,193		179 <b>,</b> 075
Vehicles		204,706	137,452		142,318		123,953
Paving		36,152	14,433		34,655		12,854

Equipment under capital

leases 811,907 358,182 716,213 256,713

\$6,363,929 \$3,095,833 \$7,608,152 \$2,732,790

Net book value \$ 3,268,096 \$4,875,362

The land and building includes a property, located in Port aux Basques, Newfoundland, with a carrying amount of \$407,705 (which amount is net of a provision of \$1,500,000 for the potential impairment) (2000 - \$2,048,371) which is vacant while being maintained as a production facility. The Company's ownership in the building on this property may be subject to a third party debenture of \$500,000 on the leasehold interest that expires on December 22, 2008. The Company's position with respect thereto is that it does not believe the debenture holder's security interest is valid. The Company expects that significant new projects will be undertaken in the area in the near future and that these facilities will be leased to third parties for these projects. The Company estimates that the carrying amount will be fully recoverable. The actual recoverable amount is dependent upon future events and could differ materially from the amount estimated by management.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

#### Joint Ventures

The Company carries on part of its business in two joint ventures, Newfoundland Service Alliance Inc. ("NSA"), a 20% owned joint venture and Magna Services Inc. ("Magna"), a 50% owned joint venture. During the 2001 fiscal year the Company recorded \$271,000 (2000 - \$117,000) of revenue from NSA and \$83,000 (2000 - \$10,000) of revenue from Magna.

The following is a summary of the combined financial information relating to the Company's proportionate interest in these joint ventures unadjusted for transactions between the joint venture and the Company:

Proportionate Share of Joint

Ventures' Financial Information

	2001	2000
Balance sheet		
Current assets	\$562 <b>,</b> 138	\$384,905
Non current assets	4,375	6,607
Current liabilities	(555,763)	(389,232)
Operations		
Revenue	\$2,860,599	\$1,789,435
Operating expenses and amortization	2,860,429	1,788,957
Net income	170	478
Cash flows		
Operating activities \$	(179,002)	\$ (21,471)
Financing activities	75,966	(67,459)
Investing activities	(51)	2,395

#### 7. Bank Indebtedness and Demand Loan

Bank indebtedness of M&M in the amount of \$829,001 (2000 - \$507,222) represents a revolving credit facility payable on demand and bears interest at prime plus 2% (2001 - 8.66%; 2000 - 8.54%).

The bank indebtedness of M&M is collateralized by a general assignment of accounts receivable and inventory, a demand debenture providing a second fixed charge over property and immovable equipment, a first fixed charge over certain equipment and a floating charge over all assets.

The credit agreement which M&M has with the bank contains certain restrictive covenants with respect to maintenance of certain financial ratios, declaration and payment of dividends, advancement of funds to and from related parties and acquisition of unfunded capital assets in excess of \$400,000 (2000 - \$400,000). As at June 30, 2001, M&M was in violation of the current ratio covenant.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

#### 8. Due to Shareholders

The amount due to shareholders is comprised of non-interest bearing promissory notes (the "Debt") of \$989,172 (2000 - \$4,339,098) and a non-interest bearing amount due to shareholders of \$523,231(2000 - \$811,440).

The non-interest bearing promissory notes are due the earlier of one or all of the following:

- (a) upon the Company's oil and gas cash flow exceeding Cdn \$75,000 per month;
- (b) mutual agreement to convert a substantial portion of the Debt into Equity of the Company;
- (c) July 31, 2002 for the amount of Debt of \$989,172 (2000 \$1,842,038).

Repayments of the promissory notes are due in 2003. The repayment of the due to shareholders is \$173,231 due in 2002 and \$350,000 due in 2003.

#### 9. Long-term Debt

2001

Roynat Inc. mortgage maturing in 2008 with, interest at Roynat cost of funds plus 3.25% ( 2001-9.24%; 2000-8.76%) repayable in monthly principal payments of \$25,000 to August 15, 2000, followed by \$7,000 thereafter, plus interest. The mortgage is collateralized by a first charge on land and building of M&M, and a floating charge on all other assets

subject to a prior floating charge in favour of the Canadian Bank of Commerce (see Note 7) \$ 605,4 Capital leases on equipment, with interest at 7.5% to 16.7%,

605,400 \$ 718,400

(2000 - 7.5% to 16.7%) compounded semi-annually,

repayable in blended monthly payments of \$10,000 (2000 - \$18,500)

223,062

828,462 1,021,734

Less current portion 182,151 283,529

\$646,311

\$ 7

Principal repayments on long-term debt in each of the next five years are estimated as follows:

2002 \$182,151 2003 164,448 2004 112,158 2005 99,189 2006 85,116

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

### 10. Share Capital

# (a) Authorized

Unlimited Class B shares, without par value Unlimited Common shares, without par value Unlimited Class A Preference Shares, Series I Unlimited Class A Preference Shares, Series 2

(b) Issued

Number of

Shares Consideration

Common shares

Balance, as at June 30, 1999 12,116,678 27,929,289

Issued to consultants for professional fees (i) 150,000 225,000 Issued pursuant to private placement in

settlement of promissory notes (ii) 384,000 768,000

Issued to former subsidiary Merlin 20,000 400,000

Balance, as at June 30, 2000 12,670,678 \$29,322,289

Returned to treasury (25,000)
Issued pursuant to a private placement (iii) 8,000,000 800,000

Share consolidation (iv) (15,482,259)

Warrants exercised 1,000,000 520,000
Options exercised (v) 20,000 30,000
Issued for acquisition of oil and gas property (vi)90,000 335,000

Balance, as at June 30, 2001

6,273,419

\$31,007,289

Class A Preference Shares, Series 2

Balance, as at June 30, 2000 and 1999

Issued for cash and settlement of debt(vii) 960,000 1,200,000

Balance, as at June 30, 2001

960,000 \$1,200,000

Total issued share capital as at June 30, 2001 \$ 32,207,289

On September 14, 1999, the Company issued 150,000 units from treasury to an arms length party. Each unit was ascribed a value of \$1.50 and was comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each common share purchase warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of EPS for \$2.25 until September 27, 2002. As consideration, \$225,000 of indebtedness in the Company related to consulting fees was applied.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

- 10. Share Capital (continued)
- (ii) On October 1, 1999, the Company issued 384,000 units from treasury to a non-controlling shareholder. Each unit was ascribed a value \$2.00 and was comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each common share purchase warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company for \$2.40 until October 4, 2002. As consideration, \$768,000 of promissory notes payable to the shareholder were applied.
- On December 28, 2000 the Company issued 8,000,000 preconsolidated units from treasury to arms length parties. Each unit was ascribed a value of \$0.10 and was comprised of one common share, .5 Series A common share purchase warrant and a .5 Series B common share purchase warrant. Each whole post consolidated Series A common share purchase warrant and each whole post consolidated Series B common share purchase warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.52 per share and \$0.80 per share respectively on or before December 28, 2002 and January 16, 2003 respectively.
- On September 12, 2000, at a Special Meeting of Shareholders the Company, the shareholders approved the consolidation of the Company's issued common shares on the basis that every four (4) pre-consolidation common share will be converted into one (1) post-consolidation

common share. On February 2, 2001 the Company filed Articles of Amendment consolidating the issued common shares.

- (v) On February 6, 2001 the Company issued 20,000 options to a consultant for professional services. On June 6, 2001 the consultant exercised the 20,000 options for consideration of \$30,000.
- (vi) On June 30, 2001 the Company issued 90,000 common shares from treasury to an arms length party for consideration of \$335,000 for the acquisition of producing and non-producing oil and gas properties.
- On February 2, 2001 the Company issued 960,000 Class A Preference Shares, Series 2 from treasury to arms length parties. Each Series 2 share carries a 5% cumulative preferred annual dividend. Each Series 2 share is convertible during the first 30 months from the date of issuance into one unit of the Company at the rate of \$1.25 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each common share purchase warrant is exercisable at \$1.50 for one common share for a period of two years after conversion. After 30 months each Series 2 share is convertible into one unit at the weighted average price of the market value of the Company's common shares during the period 10 days prior to conversion (the "Conversion Price"). Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at 10% above the Conversion Price for one common share for a period of two years after conversion. As consideration, \$950,000 of promissory notes payable to the shareholders were applied to shareholder loans and \$250,000 of cash was received.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

- 10. Share Capital (continued)
- (c) Warrants

The following common share purchase warrants are outstanding as at June 30, 2001:

Number of
Warrants Expiry Date Price
96,000 October 4, 2002 9.60

222,917 March 9, 2002 8.00 1,000,000 January 16, 2003 0.80

The continuity of the common share purchase warrants is as follows:

Number of

Warrants

Balance, as at June 30, 1999 4,221,367

Issued to consultants for professional fees 150,000 Issued to non-controlling shareholders 384,000

Expired (231,482)

Balance, as at June 30, 2000 4,523,885

Share consolidation (Note 10 (b) (iv) (3,392,914)

Cancelled (812,054)

Issued to non-controlling shareholders 2,000,000

Exercised (1,000,000)

Balance, as at June 30, 2001 1,318,917

#### (d) Stock Option Plan

The Company has a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") to provide incentive for the directors, officers, employees, consultants and service providers of the Company and its subsidiaries. The maximum number of shares which may be set aside for issuance under the Plan is 281,250 common shares. Under the Plan, the Company has granted the following stock options as at June 30, 2001:

		Number of	Exercise	Expiry
Holder	Options	Price	Date	
Directors and employees	120,000	1.50 Febr	ruary 6, 2005	
Director		5,000 4.	00 April 4,	2005
Directors and employees	60,000	4.00 June	14, 2005	
Consultants		70,000 4.	00 June 14,	2005

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

- 10. Share Capital (continued)
- (d) Stock Option Plan (continued)

The continuity of stock options granted is as follows:

Weighted Number of Average Op

Options Exercise Price Balance, June 30, 1999 1,055,893 \$ 15.00 Cancelled (613,750)21.87 Issued 522,500 4.38 Expired (377, 143)2.78 Terminated 5.30 (165,000)

Balance, June 30, 2000 422,500 4.02

Share consolidation (Note 10(b)(iv(316,875) 16.07

(105,625) Cancelled 16.07

275,000 2.73 Tssued

Exercised (20,000) 1.50

255,000 \$ 2.82 Balance, June 30, 2001

All options are vested and exerciseable except for 135,000 which are subject to a four month holding period.

#### 11. Income Taxes

Effective July 1, 2001, the Company changed its method of accounting for income taxes from the deferral method to the liability method. The liability method requires that accumulated tax balances be adjusted to reflect changes in the tax rates. This standard was applied retroactively; however, as permitted under the new rules, comparative financial information has not been restated, as the difference was insignificant.

Significant components of the Company's future tax assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2001 are as follows:

Future income tax assets:

\$ 3,698,000 Non-capital loss

Non-capital loss Capital loss carryforwards 2,465,000 Oil and gas properties 20,000

6,183,000

Non-capital losses applied (21,000)Valuation allowance (5,065,000)

> 1,097,000 Ś

Ś 235,000 Current portion

\$ 862,000 Long term portion

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

#### 11. Income Taxes (continued)

Future income tax liabilities:

Capital assets (56,000)

Work in progress (196,000)Holdbacks (91,000)(343,000)

Non capital losses applied 21,000

\$ (322,000)

Current portion \$ (266,000)

Long term portion \$ (56,000)

The Company's provision for income taxes is comprised as follows:

2001 2000 Net loss from continuing operations (2,222,506) (1,105,562) (2,069,499)Combined federal and provisional 43% income tax rate 45% 45% Recovery of income tax calculated at statutory rates \$ (955,678) \$ (497,502) \$ (931,275) Increase (decrease) in taxes resulting from: Non-deductible expenses 672,578 461,000 22,000 Non-controlling interest adjustment Amortization of goodwill 112,000 118,000 41,800 103,000 Depletion of oil and gas properties 20,000 (352,498) (184,30 Other Valuation allowance change (1,097,000) 602,345 1,163,580 Provision for income taxes \$ (1,248,100) \$ 331,345 \$ 214,800 The Company and its subsidiaries have non-capital losses of approximately \$8,600,000 which are available to reduce future taxable income. These non-capital losses expire as follows: 2003 \$ 110,000 2004 887,000 2005 2,887,000 2006 1,938,000 2007 1,437,000 2008 1,341,000 Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 Changes in Working Capital and Non-Cash Transactions Non-cash working capital transaction relating to funds from operations are as follows: 2001 2000 1999 \$(997,513) \$(580,536) \$4,179,704 Receivables Inventories and work in progress 485,491 (168,205) 826,543 13,758 (6,195) Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (724,800) 915,171 (2,517,889) \$ (1,223,064) \$ 160,235 \$2,498,195 Supplemental Cash flow Information 2001 2000 1999 Cash paid for Interest \$ 256,488 \$ 241,247 \$ 463,820 19,501 19,904 Cash paid for taxes Non-Cash Transactions

(a)

(b)

1

The Company entered into the following non-cash transactions:

2000

2001

Shares issued to consultants for				ļ
professional fees	\$	- \$	225,000 \$7	767 <b>,</b> 750
Shares issued to the non-controlling				ļ
shareholder of Merlin	-	_	200,0	ე00
Shares issued to Oakwell Engineering				ļ
Limited ("Oakwell") pursuant to an				ļ
agreement between the parties	_	_	4,532,5	500
Shares issued pursuant to private placement				ļ
in settlement of promissory notes950	,000	768,000	5,421,6	640
Shares issued to former subsidiary Merlin	_	400,000		_
Shares issued for the acquisition of 49% of				ļ
M&M		_	_	4,149,200
Shares issued for acquisition of Oil and Gas				
Properties	3	335,000	_	_
Capital assets purchased through capital				
leases	95,694	172,755	84,095	

1999

Energy Power Systems Limited
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

#### 13. Commitments

Operating Leases

The Company has entered into agreements to lease vehicles and office equipment for various periods until the year 2004.

The minimum rental commitments under operating leases are estimated as follows:

2002	\$ 55 <b>,</b> 906
2003	38 <b>,</b> 775
2004	11,296
2005	6,565
	\$ 112,542

#### 14. Financial Instruments

The carrying values of the primary financial instruments of the Company, with the exception of long-term debt, approximate fair values due to the short term maturities and normal trade credit terms of those instruments. Included in cash is \$1,036,000 held at one financial institution.

The fair value of long-term debt and amounts due to shareholders approximates carrying value in 2001 and 2000 as the terms have been

renegotiated recently.

The Company provides services and sells its products to many customers. Three customers represent 59% (2000 - two customers represent 59%) of the trade accounts receivable at year end. One customer represents 40% (2000 - one customer represents 39%; 1999 - two customers represent 58%) of the revenue for the year. Three suppliers represent 33% (2000 - three suppliers represent 23%) of the trade accounts payable at year end.

#### 15. Per Share Information

During the year ending June 30, 2001 the Company adopted the treasury method for computing earnings per share and fully diluted earnings per share. The treasury method has been applied retroactively. Net loss per share has been determined using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding as at June 30, 2001 - 4,256,502 (2000 - 3,135,857;1999 - 2,306,545).

In each of the fiscal years the exercise of warrants and stock options would be anti-dilutive. The weighted average number of common shares and net loss per share figures for prior year have been retroactively restated for the reverse stock split.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

16. Reconciliation to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States

The Company's accounting policies do not differ materially from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("US GAAP") except for the following:

#### (a) Stock Options

Under US GAAP (FAS 123), stock options granted to consultants are recognized as an expense based on their fair value at the date of grant. Under Canadian GAAP the options are disclosed and no compensation expense is recorded. The calculation for the compensation is based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the assumption that no dividends are to be paid on common shares, a weighted average volatility factor for the Company's share price of 0.64 for 70,000 options and 0.43 for 20,000 options and a weighted average risk free interest rate of 5% over a four year period.

The Company follows APB 25 for options granted to employees. For employees, compensation expense is recognized under the intrinsic value method. Under this method, compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price at grant date over the exercise price. Such expense is reflected over the service period; if for prior services, expensed at date of grant; if for future services, expensed over vesting period. The exercise price of the stock options outstanding to employees is equal or exceeds the market

value of the shares at the date granted, therefore, no compensation expense is recognized at grant date for US GAAP purposes.

#### (b) Interest Free Loans

Under US GAAP, the benefit of interest free loans is reflected as a discount to the debt and a credit to paid in capital. This discount is computed using the current borrowing rate available to the Company and amortized over the life of the debt.

#### (c) Joint Venture

Under US GAAP the Company would use the equity method of accounting for joint ventures rather than the proportionate consolidation method of accounting. For further information see note 6

#### (d) Comprehensive Income

Under US GAAP, comprehensive income must be reported which is defined as all changes in equity other than those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners.

#### (e) Marketable Securities

Under accounting principles generally accepted in Canada, gains (losses) in shares of public companies are not recognized until investments are sold unless there is deemed to be an impairment in value which is other than temporary. Under US GAAP, such investments are recorded at market value and the unrealized gains and losses are recognized as a separate item in the shareholder's equity section of the balance sheet unless impairments are considered other than temporary.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

16. Reconciliation to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States (continued)

#### (f) Preference Shares

Under US GAAP, the Company has recorded a deemed dividend of approximately \$420,000 for the beneficial conversion under the terms of the preferred shares.

#### (g) Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. SFAS No. 133 requires companies to recognized all derivatives contracts as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and to measure them at fair value. If certain conditions are met, a derivate may be specifically designated as a hedge, the objective of which is to match the timing of gain or loss recognition on the hedging derivative with the recognition of (i) the changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to

the hedged risk or (ii) the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transaction. For a derivative not designated as a hedging instrument, the gain or loss is recognized in income in the period of change, SFAS No. 133 is effective for all fiscal quarters of fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. Historically, the Company and its joint ventures have not entered into derivatives contracts either to hedge existing risks or for speculative purposes. Accordingly, the adoption of the new standards on July 1, 2000 did not affect the financial statements.

In 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 dealing with revenue recognition which is effective in the fourth quarter of the Company's 2001 fiscal year. The adoption of this Staff Accounting Bulletin did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2000, the Financial Accounting Standards Board Issued FASB Interpretation No. 44, "Accounting for Certain Transactions involving Stock Compensation", an interpretation of APB Opinion No. 25. The Company adopted the interpretation on July 1, 2000. Among other things, the Interpretation requires that stock options that have been modified to reduce the exercise price be accounted for as variable. As of July 1, 2000, under the provisions of Interpretation No. 44, any options that are considered repriced are accounted for as variable options from that date forward. Therefore, the option value will be re-measured on a quarterly basis using the greater of the exercise price or the July 1, 2000 fair market value as the basis for determining increases in the intrinsic value of the options. During 2001, the Company repriced 57,500 options with an intrinsic value of \$92,000 which has been included in the compensation expense adjustment.

(h) Recently Issued United States Accounting Standards

In June 2001, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 141," Business Combinations" (SFAS 141), and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS 142). SFAS 141 requires the use of the purchase method of accounting and prohibits the use of the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS 141 also requires that the Company recognize acquired intangible assets apart from goodwill if the acquired intangible assets meet certain criteria. SFAS 141 applies to all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 and for purchase business combinations completed on or after July 1, 2001. It also requires, upon adoption of SFAS 142, that the Company reclassifies the carrying amounts of intangible assets and goodwill based on the criteria in SFAS 141.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

- 16. Reconciliation to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States (continued)
  - (h) Recently Issued United States Accounting Standards (continued)

SFAS 142 requires, among other things, that companies no longer amortize goodwill, but instead test goodwill impairment at least annually. In addition, SFAS 142 requires that the Company identify reporting units for the purposes of assessing potential future impairments of goodwill, reassess the useful lives of other existing recognized intangible assets, and cease amortization of intangible assets with an indefinite useful life. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life should be tested for impairment in accordance with the guidance in SFAS 142. SFAS 142 is required to be applied in fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2001 to all goodwill and other intangible assets recognized at that date, regardless of when those assets were initially recognized. SFAS 142 requires that the Company complete a transitional goodwill impairment test six months from the date of adoption. The Company is also required to reassess the useful lives of other intangible assets within the first interim quarter after adoption of SFAS 142.

The Company's previous business combinations were accounted for using the purchase method. As of June 30, 2001, the net carrying amount of goodwill is \$2,056,832. Amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2001 was \$261,258. Currently, the Company is assessing, but has not yet determined how the adoption of SFAS 141 and SFAS 142 will impact its financial position and results of operation.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143 "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations". SFAS No. 143 requires the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation to be recognized in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. SFAS No. 143 is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. Management believes the adoption of this statement will have no material impact on the financial statements.

In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets." SFAS No. 144 requires that those long-lived assets be measured at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell, whether reported in continuous operations or in discontinued operations. Therefore, discontinued operations will no longer be measured at net realizable value or include amounts for operating losses that have not yet occurred. SFAS No. 144 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001 and, generally, is to be applied prospectively. Currently, the Company is assessing, but has not yet determined how the adoption of SFAS 144 will impact its financial position and results of operation.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Reconciliation to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States (continued)

If US GAAP were followed, the effect on the consolidated balance sheet would be as follows:

> 2001 2000

Total assets per Canadian GAAP \$19,050,175 \$ 23,511,208 Unrealized gain on marketable securities(e) 34,077

Total assets per US GAAP \$ 19,084,252 \$ 23,511,208

Total liabilities per Canadian GAAP \$ 7,692,734 \$ 11,403,851 Unamortized debt discount (c) (155,180) (219,327)

\$ 7,537,554 \$ 11,184,524 Total liabilities per US GAAP

Share capital per Canadian and US GAAP \$32,207,289 \$ 29,322,289

Other paid in capital per Canadian GAAP 301,931 683,162 Compensation expense (a) 97,891 568,002 Debt discount (c)

Unrealized gain on marketable securities (e) 34,077

Other paid in capital per US GAAP 1,019,170 665,893

Deficit

Deficit end of the year per Canadian GAAP(20,849,848) (17,214,932)
Amortization of debt discount (527,982) (348,675) (348,675) (97,891) (301,931) Compensation expense

Deficit end of the year per US GAAP (17,661,498) (21,679,761)

Total shareholders' equity per US GAAP \$11,546,698 \$12,326,684

If US GAAP were followed, the effect on the consolidated statements of loss would be as follows:

2001 2000 1999

Net loss from continuing operations according to Canadian GAAP \$ (974,406) \$ (1,436,907) \$ (2,258,698) Compensation expense adjustment (a) Amortization of debt discount (c) (179,307) (348,675) (97**,**891)

Net loss from continuing operations

according to US GAAP (1,357,753) (1,785,582) (2,356,589)

Loss from discontinued operations (2,660,510) (1,250,992) (5,696,655) Net loss according to US GAAP (4,018,263) (3,036,574) (8,053,244) Deemed dividend on preferred shares(f) (420,000)

Net loss for common shareholders \$(4,438,263) \$(3,036,574) \$(8,053,244)

Net loss according to US GAAP \$(4,018,263) \$(3,036,574) \$(8,053,244) Unrealized gain on marketable securities (e) 34,077

Comprehensive net loss -US GAAP \$(3,984,186)\$(3,036,574)\$(8,053,244)

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Reconciliation to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States (continued)

> 2001 2000 1999

Basic and diluted net loss per common share

from continuing operations

according to US GAAP \$ (0.42) \$(0.57) \$(1.02)

Basic and diluted net loss per common share

according to US GAAP \$ (1.04) \$(0.97) \$(3.49)

Shares used in the computation of basic

and diluted earnings per share 4,256,502 3,135,857 2,306,546

#### 17. Subsequent Events

Exercise of options and warrants

On August 30, 2001 a director of the Company exercised 15,000 options for consideration of \$22,500.

On September 28, 2001 shareholders of the Company exercised 1,000,000 Series B Warrants for total consideration of \$800,000.

#### Segmented Information 18.

The Company's operations are separated into two distinct segments; the engineering and offshore division, consisting of the operations of M&M, and the oil and gas division performing oil and gas exploration and production. M&M is an engineering and construction company, performing installation, erection, welding, maintenance and ancillary fabrication services.

The following is the Company's segmented information for continuing operations:

For the year ended June 30, 2001

Engineering

and Offshore Oil and Gas Division Division Corporate Total

Revenue \$18,770,318 \$ 382,740 \$ -\$19,153,058

EBITDA (1) \$ 112,811 \$ 207,307 \$ (109,138) \$ 210,980 Amortization 631,634 45,364 676,998

 

 Segment operating margin
 (518,823)
 161,943
 (109,138)
 (466,018)

 Interest and tax
 81,182(1,077,690)
 4,896

 Write down of capital assets1,500,000
 1,500,000

 4,896

Net earnings (loss) from

continuing operations \$ (2,100,005) \$1,239,633 \$ (114,034) \$ (974,406) Capital assets and Oil and Gas

(991,61

Interests \$ 3,268,096\$ 2,017,493 \$ - \$5,285,589

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

18. Segmented Information (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2000

Engineering

Engineering			
	and Offshore Division	Oil and Gas Division	Corporate Total
Revenue \$18,92	4,369 \$	- \$	- \$18,924,369
EBITDA (1)	\$ 1,693,077	\$ -	\$(1,956,715)\$(263,638)
Depreciation and amortization	627 <b>,</b> 377 -	_	627 <b>,</b> 377
Segment operating margin 1,	065,700 -	(1,956,715)	(891,015)
Minority interest	_	_	· – –
Interest and income taxes Net earnings (loss) from	544,848 -	1,044	545 <b>,</b> 892
continuing operations\$	520,852 \$	- \$(1,95	7,759) \$(1,436,907)
Capital assets \$ 4,875,	362	\$ -	\$ \$4,875,362

For the year ended June 30, 1999

Engineering

and Offshore Oil and Gas Division Division Corporate Total

> \$21,079,649 \$ - \$ Revenue

\$21,079,649 \$ 1,052,741 \$ -EBITDA (1) (\$2,150,580) \$(1,097,839)

Depreciation and amortization 453,531 453,531

- (2,150,580) (1,551,370)

Segment operating margin 599,210 Minority interest 286,703 Interest and income taxes 375,072 - 71 come taxes 375,072 - 71,154 446,226 Net loss from continuing operations \$(62,565) \$ - \$(2,221,734)\$(2,284,299)

(1) EBITDA is defined as earnings (loss) before interest, taxes, amortization and minority interest.

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

19. Discontinued Operations

286,703

Effective June 30, 2001 the Company adopted a formal plan to dispose of its power segment of business (the "Power Division"). The Company intends to exercise its option under the terms of the Revised VBC Agreement to cause VBC to purchase the Company's equity shares in the KEOPL (see Note 2) and has adopted a formal plan of disposition of its interest in the Karnataka Project (see Note 3).

Effective, May 30, 2000, the Company divested its 51% ownership interest in its Norwegian engineering design subsidiary, Merlin, for \$10 cash. Effective, June 30, 2000 the Company adopted a formal plan of disposition for its barge mounted power plant construction subsidiary ASIH.

The results of each of Power Division, Merlin and ASIH have been accounted for as discontinued operations. Estimated disposal costs have been included in the loss from discontinued operations.

The accounting for these discontinued operations is summarized as follows:

	2001	2000		1999		
Revenues Merlin ASIH Power division		\$	-	\$5,575,145 - -	\$9,426,021 -	-
\$	- \$5,5	75,145	\$9,426,	021		
Earnings (loss) Merlin ASIH Power division	-	\$ (48,414)	•	\$ (41,428) - (68 7,658) (420,	8,221) (4,472,363) 863)	
Gain (loss) fro Merlin ASIH Power division	m disposal of op		-	666,610		-
		(	2,612,09	6)	146,315 -	

Loss from discontinued operations (2,660,510) (1,250,992) (5,696,655)

Energy Power Systems Limited Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

#### 19. Discontinued Operations (continued)

The Company's consolidated balance sheets include the following amounts related to the discontinued operations:

2001 2000

Investment \$3,500,000 \$ Other assets - 9,490,021

Total net assets \$3,500,000 \$ 9,490,021

#### 20. Contingent Liability

A statement of claim has been filed against the Company by a former financial adviser alleging breach of contract. The plaintiff has claimed for special damages in the amount of approximately \$270,000 and entitlement to a success fee of 1% of the gross debt/equity financing of the Andhra Pradesh project less up to 20% of any corporate contributions by the Company or its affiliates. Management believes that the claim is without merit and has filed a counter claim. No provision has been made in these financial statements for this claim.