# ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS INC Form 424B3 January 08, 2007

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) Registration No. 333-138918

#### **PROSPECTUS**

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

The Resale of Up to 1,427,363 shares of Common Stock

The selling price of the shares will be determined by market factors at the time of their resale.

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This prospectus relates to the resale by the selling security holders of up to 1,427,363 shares of common stock. The selling security holders may sell the stock from time to time in the over-the-counter market at the prevailing market price or in negotiated transactions.

We will receive no proceeds from the sale of the shares by the selling security holders. We may receive additional proceeds from the exercise of warrants held by selling security holders.

Our common stock is quoted on the over-the-counter Electronic Bulletin Board under the symbol "AMKT." The closing sales price of our common stock was \$2.10 on November 14, 2006.

Investing in the common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should invest in the common stock only if you can afford to lose your entire investment. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 6 of this prospectus.

Please read this prospectus carefully. It describes our company, finances and products. Federal and state securities laws require that we include in this prospectus all the important information that you will need to make an investment decision.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus to make your investment decision. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. The selling security holders are not offering these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front page of this prospectus.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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The date of this prospectus is December 21, 2006

The following table of contents has been designed to help you find important information contained in this prospectus. We encourage you to read the entire prospectus.

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## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary is not complete and does not contain all of the information you should consider before investing in the common stock. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the "Risk Factors" section and the financial statements and related notes.

## OVERVIEW

Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. incorporated under laws of the State of New York in March 1998. We are a full service advertising specialties and promotional products distributor company. We distribute items manufactured by others to our customers typically with our customers' logos on them. Several of our customer categories include large corporations, local schools, universities, financial institutions, hospitals and not-for-profit organizations. Our promotional products are a useful, practical, informative, entertaining, and/or decorative item, most often imprinted with the sponsoring advertiser's name, logo, slogan or message, and typically retained and appreciated by the end recipients who receive them, in many cases free of charge in marketing and communication programs.

Promotional products are also effective for the following:

o dealer/distribution programs;

- o co-op programs;
- o company stores;
- o generating new customers or new accounts;
- o nonprofit fundraising; public awareness campaigns;
- o promotion of brand awareness and brand loyalty;
- o employee incentive programs;
- o new product or service introduction; and
- o marketing research for survey and focus group participants.

We have the ability to distribute over 500,000 promotional product items ranging from stickers that cost pennies all the way through jewelry, sporting goods, awards, and electronics that cost thousands of dollars per unit. Specific categories of promotional products include:

- Advertising Specialties-build awareness, goodwill and remembrance of the advertiser's name, product, purpose, advantages or other timely message. These products are generally lower priced goods and are usually distributed for free.
- o Business Gifts, Awards and Commemoratives generally lower priced goods and are given for goodwill, often at trade shows to generate traffic.
- o Incentives and Awards-focus on motivation, workplace safety, goal setting and recognition. These are typically higher priced items used in incentive programs to promote employee retention and recognition. They may also be used in recruitment programs as well.
- o Premiums-given after a specific behavior has been performed.

The most popular products that we have distributed over the last several years and account for over 50% of our business are as follows:

- o Wearables, such as t-shirts, golf shirts and hats.
- o Glassware, such as mugs and drinking glasses.
- o Writing instruments, such as pens, markers and highlighters.
- o Bags, such as tote bags, gift bags and brief cases.

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#### THE OFFERING

Securities Offered Up to 1,427,363 shares of Common Stock.

Securities Outstanding:		Amount	Exercise Price Per Share
	Common Stock	8,028,363	
	Class A Warrants	737,000	\$ 2.00
	Class B Warrants	100,000	2.00
	Class C Warrants	475,788	1.75
	Other Warrants	100,000	2.50
	Class A Warrants Class B Warrants Class C Warrants	737,000 100,000 475,788	2.00 1.75

The foregoing summary of our outstanding securities does not reflect options held by our officer, directors, employees and consultants. See "2005 Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Plan."

Offering Price

The shares being registered hereunder are being offered by the selling security holders from time to time at the then current market price.

Dividend Policy

We do not anticipate paying dividends on our Common Stock in the foreseeable future.

Use of Proceeds

The shares offered herein are being sold by the selling security holders and as such, we will not receive any of the proceeds of the offering.

Material Risk Factors

This offering involves a high degree of risk, elements of which include, without limitation, lack of profitability, intense competition, dependency upon third parties, both domestically and overseas primarily in China for the manufacture and supply of our products and risks of expansion through acquisitions. There is a risk to investors due to the speculative nature of this investment, historical losses from operations, limited working capital, lack of dividends, dilution factors, control by present shareholders and economic conditions in general. There is a material risk that we may have insufficient funding to engage in acquisition activities.

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#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and documents incorporated by reference contain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements relate to our future operations. They estimate the occurrence of future events and are not based on historical facts. Forward-looking statements may be identified by terms such as:

- o believes
- o intends
- o projects
- o forecasts
- o predicts
- o may
- o will
- o expects
- o estimates
  o anticipates
- o probable
- o continue

This list is not comprehensive. Similar terms, variations of those terms, and the negative of those terms may also identify forward-looking statements.

The risk factors discussed in this prospectus are cautionary statements. They identify some of the factors that could cause actual results to be significantly different from those predicted in the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements were compiled by us based upon assumptions it considered reasonable. These assumptions are subject to significant business, economic, and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. Therefore, forecasted and actual results will likely vary,

and these variations may be material.

There can be no assurance that the statements, estimates, and projections contained in this prospectus will be achieved. Thus, we make no representation or warranty as to their accuracy or completeness. In addition, we cannot quarantee that any forecast in this prospectus will be achieved.

These forward-looking statements were compiled as of the date of this prospectus. We do not intend to update these statements, except as required by law. Therefore, you should evaluate them by considering any changes that may have occurred after the date these forward-looking statements appear.

We cannot guarantee the assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate. Therefore, while these forward-looking statements contain our best good faith estimates as of the date of this prospectus, we urge you and your advisors to review these forward-looking statements, to consider the assumptions upon which they are based, and to ascertain their reasonableness.

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#### RISK FACTORS

AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK INVOLVES MAJOR RISKS. BEFORE YOU INVEST IN OUR COMMON STOCK, YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THERE ARE VARIOUS RISKS, INCLUDING THOSE DESCRIBED BELOW. YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THESE RISK FACTORS TOGETHER WITH ALL OF THE OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS PROSPECTUS BEFORE YOU DECIDE TO PURCHASE SHARES OF OUR COMMON STOCK. YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING RISK FACTORS, IN ADDITION TO THE OTHER INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THIS PROSPECTUS, IN EVALUATING US AND OUR BUSINESS. ANY OF THE FOLLOWING RISKS, AS WELL AS OTHER RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, COULD HARM OUR BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS AND CAUSE THE VALUE OF OUR SECURITIES TO DECLINE, WHICH IN TURN COULD CAUSE YOU TO LOSE ALL OR PART OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

### RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS

THE PROMOTIONAL PRODUCTS DISTRIBUTION INDUSTRY IS HIGHLY COMPETITIVE AND WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO COMPETE SUCCESSFULLY.

We compete with over 20,000 distributor companies. Some of our competitors have greater financial and other resources than we do which could allow them to compete more successfully. Most of our promotional products are available from several sources and our customers tend to have relationships with several distributors. Competitors could obtain exclusive rights to market particular products which we would then be unable to market. Industry consolidation among promotional products distributors, the unavailability of products, whether due to our inability to gain access to products or interruptions in supply from manufacturers, or the emergence of new competitors could also increase competition. In the future, we may be unable to compete successfully and competitive pressures may reduce our revenues.

WE EXPERIENCE FLUCTUATIONS IN QUARTERLY EARNINGS. AS A RESULT, WE MAY FAIL TO MEET OR EXCEED THE EXPECTATIONS OF SECURITIES ANALYSTS AND INVESTORS, WHICH COULD CAUSE OUR STOCK PRICE TO DECLINE.

Our business has been subject to seasonal and other quarterly fluctuations. Net sales and operating profits generally have been higher in the third and fourth quarters, particularly in the months of September through November, due to the timing of sales of promotional products and year-end promotions. Net sales and operating profits have been lower in the first quarter, primarily due to increased sales in the prior two quarters. Quarterly results may also be adversely affected by a variety of other factors, including:

- o costs of developing new promotions and services;
- o costs related to acquisitions of businesses;
- o The timing and amount of sales and marketing expenditures;
- o general economic conditions, as well as those specific to the promotional product industry; and
- o our success in establishing additional business relationships.

Any change in one or more of these or other factors could cause our annual or quarterly operating results to fluctuate. If our operating results do not meet market expectations, our stock price may decline in the event a market should develop.

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BECAUSE WE DO NOT MANUFACTURE THE PRODUCTS WE DISTRIBUTE, WE ARE DEPENDENT UPON THIRD PARTIES FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND SUPPLY OF OUR PRODUCTS.

We obtain all of our products from third-party suppliers, both domestically and overseas primarily in China. We submit purchase orders to our suppliers who are not committed to supply products to us. Therefore, suppliers may be unable to provide the products we need in the quantities we request. Because we lack control of the actual production of the products we sell, we may be subject to delays caused by interruption in production based on conditions outside of our control. In the event that any of our third-party suppliers were to become unable or unwilling to continue to provide the products in required volumes, we would need to identify and obtain acceptable replacement sources on a timely cost effective basis. There is no guarantee that we will be able to obtain such alternative sources of supply on a timely basis, if at all. An extended interruption in the supply of our products would have an adverse effect on our results of operations, which most likely would adversely affect the value of our common stock.

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO EXPAND THROUGH INTERNAL GROWTH AND MEET CHANGES IN THE INDUSTRY.

Our plans for internal growth include hiring in-house sales representatives from our competitors and offering stock incentives and generous commissions to keep them. Additionally, we have room for growth by building direct relationships with advertising agencies and major corporations. Because of potential industry changes, our products and promotions must continue to evolve to meet changes in the industry. Our future expansion plans may not be successful due to competition, competitive pressures and changes in the industry.

OUR LIMITED CASH RESOURCES AND LACK OF A LINE OF CREDIT MAY RESTRICT OUR EXPANSION OPPORTUNITIES.

An economic issue that can limit our growth is lack of extensive cash resources, due to the typical payment terms of a transaction. Most suppliers require us to pay within 30 days of delivery of an order; however, we may not receive our customer's payment in the same time frame. This requires us to have available cash resources to finance most of our customers' orders. Any lack of cash resources would limit our ability to take orders from customers, thus limiting our ability to grow. An infusion of capital and a good line of credit can enable us to service a broader base of customers. We can provide no assurances that we will obtain an adequate line of credit in the future, if at all.

OUR PROPOSED EXPANSION THROUGH ACQUISITIONS INVOLVES SEVERAL RISKS.

We may expand our domestic markets in part through acquisitions in the future. Such transactions would involve numerous risks, including possible adverse effects on our operating results or the market price of our common stock. Some of our future acquisitions could give rise to an obligation by us to make contingent payments or to satisfy certain repurchase obligations, which payments could have an adverse effect on our results of operations. In addition, integrating acquired businesses:

- o may result in a loss of customers of the acquired businesses;
- o requires significant management attention; and
- o may place significant demands on our operations, information systems and financial resources.

There can be no assurance that our future acquisitions will be successful. Our ability to successfully effect acquisitions will depend upon the following:

o The availability of suitable acquisition candidates at acceptable prices;

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- o The development of an established market for our common stock; and
- o The availability of financing on acceptable terms, in the case of non-stock transactions.

OUR REVENUES DEPEND ON OUR RELATIONSHIPS WITH CAPABLE INDEPENDENT SALES PERSONNEL OVER WHOM WE HAVE NO CONTROL AS WELL AS KEY CUSTOMERS, VENDORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF THE PRODUCTS WE DISTRIBUTE.

Our future operating results depend on our ability to maintain satisfactory relationships with qualified independent Sales personnel as well as key customers, vendors and manufacturers. We are dependent upon our independent sales representatives to sell our products and do not have any direct control over these third parties. If we fail to maintain our existing relationships with our independent sales representatives, key customers, vendors and manufacturers

or fail to acquire new relationships with such key persons in the future, our business may suffer.

OUR FUTURE PERFORMANCE IS MATERIALLY DEPENDENT UPON OUR MANAGEMENT AND THEIR ABILITY TO MANAGE OUR GROWTH.

Our future success is substantially dependent upon the efforts and abilities of members of our existing management, particularly Dean L. Julia, Chief Executive Officer and Michael Trepeta, President. The loss of the services of Mr. Julia or Mr. Trepeta could have a material adverse effect on our business. We have a three year employment agreement with each of Mr. Julia and Mr. Trepeta effective March 1, 2005. However, we lack "key man" life insurance policies on any of our officers or employees. Competition for additional qualified management is intense, and we may be unable to attract and retain additional key personnel. Our management personnel is currently limited and they may be unable to manage our expansion successfully and the failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

WE CANNOT PREDICT OUR FUTURE CAPITAL NEEDS AND WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO SECURE ADDITIONAL FINANCING.

We may need to raise additional funds in the future to fund more aggressive expansion of our business or make strategic acquisitions or investments. We may require additional equity or debt financings or funds from other sources for these purposes. No assurance can be given that these funds will be available for us to finance our development on acceptable terms, if at all. Such additional financings may involve substantial dilution of our stockholders or may require that we relinquish rights to certain of our technologies or products. In addition, we may experience operational difficulties and delays due to working capital restrictions. If adequate funds are lacking from operations or additional sources of financing, we may have to delay or scale back our growth plans.

#### RISKS RELATING TO AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK

WE LACK AN ESTABLISHED TRADING MARKET FOR OUR COMMON STOCK, AND YOU MAY BE UNABLE TO SELL YOUR COMMON STOCK AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES OR AT ALL.

There is currently a limited and sporadic trading market for our common stock in the OTC electronic bulletin board under the symbol "AMKT." There can be no assurances given that an established public market will be obtained for our common stock or that any public market will last. The trading price of the common stock depends on many factors, including:

- o The markets for similar securities;
- o our financial condition, results of operations and prospects;
- o The publication of earnings estimates or other research reports and speculation in the press or investment community;

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o Changes in our industry and competition; and

o general market and economic conditions.

As a result, we cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your common stock at attractive prices or at all.

THE MARKET PRICE FOR OUR COMMON STOCK MAY BE HIGHLY VOLATILE.

The market price for our common stock may be highly volatile. A variety of factors may have a significant impact on the market price of our common stock, including:

- o The publication of earnings estimates or other research reports and speculation in the press or investment community;
- o Changes in our industry and competitors;
- o our financial condition, results of operations and prospects;
- o any future issuances of our common stock, which may include primary offerings for cash, issuances in connection with business acquisitions, and the grant or exercise of stock options from time to time;
- o general market and economic conditions; and
- o any outbreak or escalation of hostilities, which could cause a recession or downturn in our economy.

In addition, the markets in general can experience extreme price and volume fluctuations that can be unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of the companies listed or quoted. Broad market and industry factors may negatively affect the market price of our common stock, regardless of actual operating performance. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been instituted against companies. This type of litigation, if instituted, could result in substantial costs and a diversion of management's attention and resources, which would harm our business.

WE DO NOT ANTICIPATE PAYING CASH DIVIDENDS IN THE FUTURE.

No cash dividends have been paid by our company on our common stock. The future payment by us of cash dividends on our common stock, if any, rests within the discretion of our board of directors and will depend, among other things, upon our earnings, our capital requirements and our financial condition as well as other relevant factors. We do not intend to pay cash dividends upon our common stock for the foreseeable future.

PROVISIONS OF OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND AGREEMENTS COULD DELAY OR PREVENT A CHANGE IN CONTROL OF OUR COMPANY.

Certain provisions of our articles of incorporation may discourage, delay, or prevent a merger or acquisition that a shareholder may consider favorable. These provisions include:

- Authority of the board of directors to issue preferred stock.
- o Prohibition on cumulative voting in the election of directors.

WE LACK INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES THEREOF.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires us as a public corporation to have an audit committee composed solely of independent directors. Currently, we have no independent directors or committees of directors. Without independent directors, our board may have no way to resolve conflicts of interest, including, without limitation, executive compensation, employment contracts and the like.

OUR FUTURE SALES OF COMMON STOCK BY MANAGEMENT AND OTHER STOCKHOLDERS MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON THE THEN PREVAILING MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

In the event a public market for our common stock is sustained in the future, sales of our common stock may be made by holders of our public float or by holders of restricted securities in compliance with the provisions of Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933. In general, under Rule 144, a person who has satisfied a one-year holding period may, under certain circumstances, sell within any three-month period a number of shares which does not exceed the greater of one percent of the then outstanding shares of common stock or the average weekly trading volume in shares during the four calendar weeks immediately prior to such sale. Rule 144 also permits under certain circumstances, the sale of shares without any quantity or other limitation by a person who is not an affiliate of our company and who has satisfied a two-year holding period. Future sales of shares of our public float or by restricted common stock made in compliance with Rule 144 may have an adverse effect on the then prevailing market price, if any, of our common stock.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares by the selling security holders. Any net proceeds from the exercise of warrants are intended to be used for general corporate purposes.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

We are a full service advertising specialties and promotional products distributor company. We distribute items manufactured by others to our customers typically with our customers' logos on them. Several of our customer categories include large corporations, local schools, universities, financial institutions, hospitals and not-for-profit organizations. Our promotional products are a useful, practical, informative, entertaining, and/or decorative item, most often imprinted with the sponsoring advertiser's name, logo, slogan or message, and typically retained and appreciated by the end recipients who receive them, in many cases free of charge in marketing and communication programs.

Promotional products are also effective for the following:

- o dealer/distribution programs;
- o co-op programs;
- o company stores;
- o generating new customers or new accounts;
- o nonprofit fundraising; public awareness campaigns;
- promotion of brand awareness and brand loyalty;
- o employee incentive programs;
- new product or service introduction; and
- o marketing research for survey and focus group participants.

We have the ability to distribute over 500,000 promotional product items ranging from stickers that cost pennies all the way through jewelry, sporting goods, awards, and electronics that cost thousands of dollars per unit. Specific categories of promotional products include:

- O Advertising Specialties-build awareness, goodwill and remembrance of the advertiser's name, product, purpose, advantages or other timely message. These products are generally lower priced goods and are usually distributed for free.
- o Business Gifts, Awards and Commemoratives generally lower priced goods and are given for goodwill, often at trade shows to generate traffic.
- o Incentives and Awards-focus on motivation, workplace safety, goal setting and recognition. These are typically higher priced items used in incentive programs to promote employee retention and recognition. They may also be used in recruitment programs as well.
- Premiums-given after a specific behavior has been performed.

The most popular products that we have distributed over the last several years and account for over 50% of our business are as follows:

- o Wearables, such as t-shirts, golf shirts and hats.
- o Glassware, such as mugs and drinking glasses.
- o Writing instruments, such as pens, markers and highlighters.
- o Bags, such as tote bags, gift bags and brief cases.

#### COMPANY HISTORY

We have been in business since 1998. We have grown our business through internal growth without acquisitions and without us having the benefits of any trademarks, patents, service marks, franchises, concessions, royalty agreements or labor contracts. Our growth has been achieved through cash flow from operations and the private sale of our restricted common stock totaling approximately \$2,800,000.

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#### THE MARKET

There are thousands of different types and styles of promotional products. In many cases, it is even possible to obtain custom items that are not found in any catalog. According to The Counselor - State of the Industry 2005 Survey, which is available online at no cost to the public at www.thecounselor.net, the most popular promotion products sold in 2004 were the following:

- o wearables;
- o writing instruments;
- o glassware and ceramics;
- o desk/office/business accessories;
- o calendars;
- o recognition awards/trophies; and
- o magnets.

#### Market Size

According to the Promotional Products Association International, which is available online at no cost to the public at www.ppai.com/MediaInformation/Instustry/Statistics/SalesVolumeEstimates/, promotional product distributor's sales were \$5.13 billion in 1991, with steady increases in sales until they reached \$17.85 billion in 2000. Promotional Product sales then declined to \$16.55 billion in 2001, \$15.63 billion in 2002, increased to \$16.34 billion in 2003 and \$17.3 billion in 2004. A revitalized economy, increased competition in the marketplace, and a trend toward integrated and targeted marketing strategies has contributed to this growth. Integrated marketing campaigns involve not only advertising, but also sales promotions, internal communications, public relations, and other disciplines. The objectives of integrated marketing are to promote products and services, raise employee awareness, motivate personnel, and increase productivity through a wide array of methods including extensive use of promotional products.

#### DISTRIBUTORS

According to the Promotional Products Association International, which is available online at no cost to the public at www.ppai.com/MediaInformation/
Instustry/Statatistics/SalesVolumeEstimates/, with no single company dominating the market, the promotional products industry is highly fragmented with 20,249 distributors in the industry with revenues of less than \$2.5 million and 919 distributors with revenues of \$2.5 million or more. According to The Counselor - State of the Industry 2005 Survey, the top ten distributors in our industry are believed to have sales of between \$137 million and \$230 million for 2004.

Wearguard-Crest Co., Halo Branded Solutions/Lee Wayne Corporation, Corporate Express Promotional Marketing, 4 Imprint Inc. and American Identity are the top five distributors with 2004 sales of \$230 million, \$207 million \$200 million, \$191.5 million and \$179.5 million, respectively. Nearly 80% of the distributors surveyed are reported to be privately owned family businesses. Management believes that control of sales lies predominantly with the independent sales representatives, as there is little brand recognition at this time.

According to the Promotional Products Association International, which is available online at no cost to the public at www.ppai.com/ProductsResources/Research/TopBuyers/, the following ranks the top ten purchasers of promotional products in descending order according to the findings of a 2003 study by Louisiana State University and Glenrich Business Studies. Industries were named by distributors according to the volume spent on promotional products by each industry.

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- o education: schools, seminars
- o financial: banks, savings and loans, credit unions, stock brokers

- o health care: hospitals, nursing homes, clinics
- o not-for-profit organizations
- o construction: building trades and building supplies
- o government: public offices, agencies, political candidates
- o trade, professional associations and civic clubs
- o real estate: agents, title companies and appraisers
- o automotive: manufacturers, dealers, parts suppliers
- professionals: doctors, lawyers, cpa's, architects

#### SUPPLY CHAIN

Domestic and overseas manufacturers generally sell their promotional product items directly to suppliers. Suppliers sell to distributors like Ace Marketing and distributors sell promotional products to customer users such as large corporations, financial institutions, universities and schools, hospitals, not-for-profit organizations and small businesses. However, manufacturers have the ability to sell their promotional products directly to distributors and customers. Suppliers have the ability to sell promotional products directly to customers who are not distributors.

Whereas the majority of the items are made overseas, often in China, and the suppliers are simply importing from actual manufacturers, we generally consider the supplier as the beginning of the industry supply chain. They choose specified product lines and import blank goods to be warehoused until a distributor orders one of their items with a customer logo on it. The suppliers generally run the risk of inventory exposure and fluctuations in an item's popularity. This is generally why most distributors stick to distributing and not importing. There are situations where importing directly from the manufacturer and thus cutting out the supplier does in fact make sense. Generally, this happens when a distributor has a large quantity order and has enough lead time from the customer to import the item. Since ocean freight from overseas generally takes 30-45 days and manufacturing may take several weeks, this only makes sense when a customer orders far in advance and in large quantity. The benefits of this are outstanding since the margins and cost savings can be substantial. But, in general, the average order in the industry is below \$1,000 and thus the need for individual suppliers to carry specified product lines and hold inventory to fill the need of the average distributor with the average order.

#### SUPPLIERS

Management believes that while there are an estimated 3,000 suppliers in the industry, most of the promotional products distributors have access to the same suppliers. Currently, we utilize approximately 500 suppliers in our business with only one supplier accounting for about 10% of our purchasing requirements over the last two years. We seek to distinguish ourselves from other distributors by attractive pricing, by sourcing unique items, creating custom products and/or offering superior in- house service and customer support through our employees. Most suppliers require us to pay within 30 days of delivery of an order; however, we may not receive our customers' payments in the same time frame. This requires us to have available cash resources to finance most of our customers' orders. The possible lack of available cash resources would limit our ability to take orders from customers, thus limiting our ability to grow. An infusion of additional capital, a line of credit and better payment terms based on volume can enable us to service a broader base of customers. We have never sought to establish a line of credit, although we may seek to establish one with an institutional lender in the future.

#### PURCHASING TRENDS - NEED FOR VALUE ADDED PRODUCTS AND RELATED SERVICES

Price is no longer the sole motivator of purchasing behavior for our customers. With the availability of similar products from multiple sources, customers are increasingly looking for distributors who provide a tangible value-added to their products. As a result, we provide a broad range of products and related services. Specifically, we provide research and consultancy services, artwork and design services, and fulfillment services to our customers. These services are provided in-house by our current employees. Management believes that by offering these services, we can attempt to attract new customers.

#### OUR CUSTOMERS

We presently have over 500 customer accounts ranging from Fortune 500 companies to local schools and small businesses. A customer account is a person or entity who has purchased promotional products from us in the past on a non-exclusive basis and may or may not purchase from us additional promotional products in the future. Generally our customers do not actively seek distributors to bid on their projects. There are many reasons why our customers may work with us over another distributor. The average buyer first believes that price is the sole issue with the lowest bidding distributor on a project obtaining the business. Once they gain more experience and understand the difficulties in processing and fulfilling an order on time and correctly, they generally analyze the rationale on how they choose a distributor differently. Although pricing is important to our customers, they also count on our dependability, creativity and efficiency. Our promotional products bear their corporate name and are a reflection of their corporate image. The events they use these items for are of the utmost importance. If they go with another distributor who gives them run of the mill ideas possibly at a lower cost, a poor quality product with inferior quality decoration and/or the goods arrive late, then they quickly realize there should be other factors that determine which distributor they should be working with. For each of the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, a customer accounted for approximately 15% and 9% of net revenues, respectively. Aggregate revenues from these customers are dispersed among many different franchises and storefront locations.

#### SERVICING OUR CUSTOMERS

We have built our business around the concept of reliability, quality, innovative and custom promotional products at competitive prices while maintaining a high level of customer service and good relationships with industry suppliers. Our research licensed software technology, that we purchased from an outside vendor and is available for licensing to other distributors in the industry, affords us the ability to locate and purchase industry product in an efficient manner rather than to have to manually research products through hundreds of catalogs and/or reference books. Our in-house art capabilities through our salaried employees make us a "one stop shop" for custom merchandise and provide our customers with comfort in knowing logo modifications will not delay valuable production days on tight turn-around projects. Our in-house art department consists of two employees who work on Apple computers using licensed software programs such as Illustrator, Photoshop and Quark to create new logos or manipulate current ones. These logos are then sent to the supplier who arranges to put them on the product whether internally or through an outside source in one of the following manners:

### o silkscreen printing

- o embroidery
- o hot stamp
- o heat transfer
- o embossing/debossing
- o engraving

Our reliability stems from our own customized and detailed tracking system that we structured and implemented to ensure an order is processed correctly and on time. In general, customers contact us when they have a need for items that have corporate logos. They provide us with general information that helps us determine what products to suggest, including the following:

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- o The type of event and the targeted audience;
- o The number of units that are required and the budget; and
- o The timing of the event and the theme of the event.

The aforementioned parameters will narrow the field of items suggested from a broad list of 500,000 to possibly a dozen or less. Once a customer calls in or e-mails us requesting ideas for an upcoming event, we begin to research ideas based on their parameters and we use our research software to look up dozens of products, prepare a competitive analysis between similar products to find just the right one, send a picture to the customer by email and prepare and send a quotation to the customer also by email. This provides us an immediate time saving advantage over other distributors who still do things manually. Many of these distributors still scan a reference book which is called a register. They search for a particular product, such as clocks, then find the sub-category they are interested in, such as plastic, and there they find all the suppliers who carry the specific item they are looking to purchase. They must then either cross reference each supplier to find their phone number or web address, or they can physically pull as many of the catalogs they have on hand and search for the products that they are interested in and send catalogs with tabbed pages via regular mail or overnight service. This is an inefficient way to research and deliver images of products. We are not aware of any statistical information which allows us to tell the percentages of distributors who use publicly available licensed research software systems like ours versus the manual way described above.

When the customer decides on the product that they would like to order, the order is processed in our order entry department utilizing our order-entry software which is available for licensing to anyone in the industry from third party vendors. The salesperson submits the specifics of the order to our order entry department where the order is keyed into the system by our employees. Three parts to each order are printed:

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT This outlines the product ordered along with a description of the product and how the logo will be placed and in what colors. It includes the quantity ordered, the price per piece, total cost, ship to address, and the delivery date. It is sent to our customer via fax along with a hard copy of the artwork that will be used on the order. The order will not move forward until our customer signs off on the acknowledgment and the artwork. No order runs without the sign offs thus protecting us in the long run of a customer claiming they were not aware of some aspect of the order.

- PURCHASE ORDER The Purchase order is submitted to the supplier only after the acknowledgment and art are signed by our customer. It contains all the information that the acknowledgment contains except the price of the product is now shown as the price we will be paying. The art is sent via e-mail to the factory and the purchase order requires that the supplier send back a paper proof of the art to insure accuracy before proceeding with the order. Now the supplier has the exact same parameters to complete the order that the customer signed off on. They must meet the delivery date for the quantity specified, with the logo specified, at the price we submitted. Orders are drop shipped from the supplier directly to the customer, except on rare occasions where packaging is done in our office.
- o SALES ORDER COPY This is a print out that essentially shows all of the components on the acknowledgment and the purchase order combined side by side. It shows what we pay for the product and what price our customer pays for the product. It also shows the gross profit, the gross profit percentage, and the commission due to the salesperson.

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Once the above process takes place, the entire work folder goes to the tracking department. We have developed a system to follow each order from the time it is processed, through the time it is shipped. This is yet another safeguard to protect us from a supplier not fulfilling their obligations, which in turn may lead to us losing money, a customer, or both. The tracking process consists of us contacting the factory at various points in the production process to ensure that the order is on schedule. We verbally verify the item, quantity, and ship date and document who at the supplier verified the information. We then call again at a certain point in the process to verify it is on schedule and lastly call on the day of shipping to receive tracking numbers. The above processes have historically led to eliminating disputes with both suppliers and customers.

#### OUR STRATEGY

Our objective is to be a leading full service advertising specialties and promotional products company. Key elements of our strategy are:

- O CREATING AWARENESS OF OUR PRODUCTS, SERVICES AND FACILITIES. We have been in business for over eight years since March 1998. Our revenues are derived from existing customers and new customers through word of mouth recommendations, attendance at trade shows, our sales representatives and advertising and promotion in trade journals.
- O MOTIVATING RETAILERS TO UTILIZE PROMOTIONAL AND SPECIALTY PRODUCTS IN THEIR BUSINESS. It is our management's belief from conversations with persons in our industry and trade show attendance that a trend in our industry is often for the use of promotional items to customers rather than cash incentives for gaining customer loyalty and motivating sales people. In this regard, customers who received a promotional item tended to purchase more and repeat purchases more often than customers who received a discount coupon of equivalent value. Additionally, sales forces show a tendency for greater motivation when receiving a

trip or merchandise as opposed to the cash equivalent. We must show our customers the benefits of utilizing promotional and specialty items in their business and for their sales force and build customer loyalty through the use of point systems that are exchanged for promotional merchandise.

- OUR COMPANY WAS BUILT AS A PLATFORM THAT COULD GROW EASILY.

  Scalability is the key and we have separate departments with defined roles which will allow this to occur and for our salesperson to sell. Our sales persons receive helpful support from us. In many other distributorships, the salesperson is often responsible for everything from answering phones, doing all their own research, processing orders, billing, tracking and collections. At our company, we provide all the backup to allow our sales persons to just sell. Since our technology is currently up to date, including in house servers to allow access to our systems from off-site, we have the ability to pick up salespeople from any location in the United States.
- O KEY ACQUISITIONS OF SMALL DISTRIBUTORS AND INTEGRATING THEIR WORKFORCE INTO OURS. We will target one or more of the estimated 20,000 small distributors for potential acquisition. However, we can provide no assurances that we will be successful in acquiring any distributors on terms satisfactory to us, if at all.
- O PROVIDING GENEROUS INCENTIVES TO OUR SALES PEOPLE TO INCREASE PERFORMANCE LEVELS. We offer competitive commissions in addition to back office support and research assistance to allow our independent sales representatives to optimize their sales time and to provide them with adequate incentives to sell promotional products to our customers rather than for our competitors. In the future, we may offer a stock option program for additional incentives.
- O MAINTAIN A COMPETITIVE GROSS PROFIT PERCENTAGE ON ALL SALES ORDERS. In 2005, 2004 and 2003 our gross profit percentage was 32.1%, 29% and 31%, respectively. According to The Counselor State of the Industry 2005 Survey, the average reported gross profit margin for distributors during 2000 through 2004 ranged from 32.5% to 34.3%.

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- O PROVIDE RESEARCH, CONSULTING, DESIGN AND FULFILLMENT SERVICES TO OUR CUSTOMERS TO INCREASE PROFITABILITY. We design promotional products for our customers and provide consulting services in connection therewith. We utilize licensed research software technology and order entry systems that are available to anyone in the industry for license to provide the best services to our customers in the most timely fashion possible.
- O UTILIZING THE INTERNET AND ITS CAPABILITIES AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR SALES OF PROMOTIONAL PRODUCTS AND COST SAVINGS. Our website is www.Acemarketing.net. Our website is utilized for multiple purposes, including providing information to potential customers who want to learn about us and research our available product line. We also develop online company stores for customers to help facilitate re-orders at cost savings to them based upon a pre-determined product

line.

#### SALES AND MARKETING

Our revenues are derived from existing customers and new customers through word of mouth recommendations, attendance at trade shows, our sales representatives and advertising and promotion in trade journals. Except for two executive officers, our sales representatives receive commissions and are not paid a salary. They work at their own location or at our facility and may sell products on behalf of other companies. We encourage our sales representatives to sell promotion products for us on the basis of sales incentives which include competitive commissions and appropriate sales support and research which is provided in-house by our employees. In the future, we intend to offer stock and/or stock options as part of their incentive programs.

Our website is www.Acemarketing.net. Our website is utilized for multiple purposes, including providing information to potential customers who want to learn about us and research our available product line.

#### TECHNOLOGY

Technology affects most industries, and specifically the internet, which enables many capabilities and opportunities for cost savings. Sales of promotional products are often catalog-based. The cost of producing and mailing a catalog can be high. Placing a catalog on a website takes less manpower to maintain and less money to update and distribute new versions. Additionally, integrating the catalog with the order processing system can save time and money in placing and filling orders, also eliminating manual errors.

The proliferation of open architecture software and hardware makes an increasing number of systems available for automating processes and integrating back office systems. By doing this, we reduce support requirements and further enhance margins. Additionally, the ability to provide more direct support to our sales force has led to increased retention of our sales team.

### POSSIBLE GROWTH THROUGH ACQUISITIONS

As a result of the fact that about 20,000 of the estimated 21,000 distributors are doing \$2.5 million or less in annual sales in our estimated \$16 billion annual industry, we believe the environment for growth and consolidation in the promotional products industry is appealing, and that we would like to take advantage of this if a satisfactory opportunity arises. There are some issues that our company must address to be successful. The main issues are motivating previous owners, retaining sales people, and integrating operations.

We have had conversions with the owners of several distributors of promotional products and have observed that they are open to conversions taking place for the possible sale of their business.

We believe that when a distributor is acquired, a decision must be made about the existing management team, most typically the owner. An evaluation must be made regarding the skills of the owner and desirability of having them involved in our company. Acquisitions would be typically made for the customer

accounts; however, due to the size of the target companies, the owner would most likely also be a key employee or sales person. The motivation of the previous owner to work for others may be an issue. We must address this issue and ensure the continued participation of the owners. In general, the best way to mitigate this risk is to tie up much of the previous owners' payment in stock, thus providing incentive for the overall company's success.

We believe that one of the most difficult tasks in our acquiring a company is transitioning the new acquisition into us. It is important to have flexible, open systems and technology to integrate the back office operations, as well as strong controls and processes to put in place. Having the appropriate technology and strong management team will help alleviate some of the issues here.

As of the date hereof, there is no agreement to acquire any other company or distributor and there can be no assurances given that our plans will be realized to grow through acquisitions of one or more distributors or, if successful, that any acquisitions can be profitably integrated into our company's operations.

#### COMPETITION

While our competition is extensive with over 20,000 distributors, we believe that there are no companies that dominate the market in which we operate. Our company competes within the industry on the basis of service, competitive prices, personnel relationships and competitive commissions to our sales representatives to sell promotional products for us rather than our competitors. Competitors' advantages over us may include better financing, greater experience and better service, cheaper prices and personal relationships than us.

According to The Counselor - State of the Industry 2005 Survey, the top ten distributors in our industry are believed to have sales of between \$137 million and \$230 million for 2004. Wearguard-Crest Co., Halo Branded solutions/Lee Wayne Corporation, Corporate Express Promotional Marketing, 4 Imprint Inc. and American Identity are the top five distributors with 2004 sales of \$230 million, \$207 million \$200 million, \$191.5 million and \$179.5 million, respectively. Nearly 80% of the distributors surveyed and reported to be privately owned family businesses. We can provide no assurances that we will be able to successfully compete in the future with competitors that have greater experience and financial assets than us.

We believe that in the promotional products industry, sales people typically have a large amount of autonomy and control the relationships with their customers. This works both for and against us. To avoid losing customers, we must provide the appropriate incentives to keep sales people. At the same time, while there can be no assurances, management believes our company will be able to obtain new customers by luring sales people away from competitors. The offering of stock incentives and health care benefits are ways to retain sales people, especially in an industry where these types of benefits are rare.

### EMPLOYEES

As of the filing date of this Prospectus, we had three executive officers who are employees of our Company. We also employ nine other persons, each of whom provide in-house sales and other services to our Company. During 2005, 15 independent sales representatives provided multiple service orders for our Company.

SEC REPORTS AVAILABLE ON WEBSITE

The SEC maintains an Internet site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. Our Annual Reports on Form 10-KSB, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-QSB, Current Reports on Form 8-K and other SEC filings are available on the SEC's website as well as our company website at www.acemarketing.net.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

Our principal executive offices are located at 457 Rockaway Avenue, Valley Stream, NY 11581. We currently lease approximately 4,000 square feet of office space at this facility at an annual cost of approximately \$57,000 pursuant to a month-to-month lease. We are currently exploring our options of obtaining a new location and/or entering into a long-term lease at our current facility. We also lease approximately 1,000 square feet of space at an annual cost of approximately \$15,000 at 1105 Portion Road, Farmingville, NY 11738.

#### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are currently not subject to any threatened or pending legal proceedings. Nevertheless, we may from time to time become a party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business.

#### MARKET FOR COMMON STOCK AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

Since June 9, 2005, our common stock has been traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "AMKT." Our common stock trades on a limited basis on the OTC Electronic Bulletin Board in the Over-the-Counter Market. The following table sets forth the range of high and low closing sales prices of our Common Stock for the periods indicated (it being understood that prices for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 are for the period June 9 through June 30, 2005).

Quarters Ended	High	Low
June 30, 2005	\$ 3.50	\$ .50
September 30, 2005	2.00	.50
December 31, 2005	2.00	.57
March 31, 2006	1.80	1.70
June 30, 2006	2.25	2.25
September 30, 2006	2.25	2.15

The closing sales price on November 14, 2006 was \$2.10 per share. All quotations provided herein reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown or commissions.

We have 8,028,363 shares outstanding at November 14, 2006. Except for the 951,575 shares registered in the offering and 139,680 shares that were recently issued to the Placement Agent (and its designees) of our recent 2006 financing, all of our remaining outstanding shares of common stock are either in the public float or restricted securities which may be currently sold in compliance with Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Rule 144 provides among other things and subject to certain limitations that a person holding restricted securities for a period of one year may sell those securities in brokerage

transactions every 90 days in an amount equal to the greater of the average weekly trading volume over the four preceding weeks or 1% of our company's outstanding common stock. Persons who have owned our restricted common stock for a period of at least two years and are not affiliates of our company may sell or otherwise transfer their common shares pursuant to Rule 144(k) of the Securities Act. Possible or actual sales of our public float or restricted common stock under Rule 144 may have a depressive effect upon the price of our common stock if any meaningful market were to develop for our common stock in the future.

Currently, we have outstanding Class A and Class B warrants to purchase 837,000 restricted shares of our common stock exercisable at a price of \$2.00 per share. In the event that all of the warrants are exercised, of which there can be no assurances given, an additional 837,000 shares of restricted common stock will be issued and may be resold pursuant to Rule 144 after a holding period of at least one year, unless we elect to voluntarily register the resale of the shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants for earlier sale. No registration rights were granted in connection with the issuance of said warrants.

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Between July 20, 2006 and October 30, 2006, we sold 951,575 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$1.75 per share and Class C warrants to purchase 475,788 shares at an exercise price of \$1.75 per share. We also issued to the placement agent and its designees 139,680 shares of common stock and placement agent warrants to purchase 95,160 shares exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share. We agreed to register the resale of the shares of common stock sold to these investors, including the shares issuable upon exercise of the Class C warrants.

As of November 14, 2006, there were 81 holders of record of our common stock, although we believe that there are other persons who are beneficial owners of our common stock held in street name. Our transfer agent is Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, 17 Battery Place, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10004.

### DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never paid any cash dividends and intend, for the foreseeable future, to retain any future earnings for the development of our business. Our Board of Directors will determine our future dividend policy on the basis of various factors, including our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and investment opportunities.

### RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

During the past two years, we had no sales or issuances of unregistered common stock, except we made sales or issuances of unregistered securities listed in the table below:

\_\_\_\_\_

Jan. 2005 Common Stock 600,000 For services rendered - Section 4(2) - Options Options no other consideration received; no officers, im directors and legal counsel Jaunder our 2005 ca Incentive Plan. pr Each grantee is a sophisticated investor, who re-ceived the options with a restrictive legend in con-nection with services rendered and is able to fend for himself. A Form S-8 Registration Statement was later filed with the Commission in April and	DATE OF	TITLE OF SECURITY	NUMBER SOLD	UNDERWRITING OR OTHER DISCOUNTS TO MARKET PRICE OR CONVERTIBLE SECURITY, AFFORDED TO PURCHASERS	EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION CLAIMED	I C T
September 2005.	Jan. 2005			<pre>no other consideration received; no</pre>	granted to officers, directors and legal counsel under our 2005 Incentive Plan. Each grantee is a sophisticated investor, who re-ceived the options with a restrictive legend in con-nection with services rendered and is able to fend for himself. A Form S-8 Registration Statement was later filed with the Commission	at im ex Ja ca

JanFeb. 2005	Common Stock and Class B Warrants	100,000 Shares and Class B Warrants	\$100,000 received; no commissions paid; no placement agent was utilized.	Rule 506 of Regulation D; a Form D was filed on February 22, 2005; securities sold to two accredited investors only.	Cl ex pe Ja
Jan. 2005	Common Stock	31,076 Shares	Conversion of \$31,076 of debt; no commissions paid; no placement agent was utilized.	Section 3a(9); no commissions paid.	Nc
July - October, 2006	Common Stock	951,575 Shares,	\$1,665,250 received, \$209,830 paid	Rule 506 of Regulation D;	Wa 95

		475,788 Warrants issued to investors; 139,680 shares and 95,160 warrants issued to the Placement agent	to placement agent and its counsel.	A Form D was Filed.	to ag ex pe Ju wa in ex pe on
April 2006	Common stock underlying options	50,000 shares	Services rendered; no commissions paid	Section 4(2). A restrictive legend appears on each certificate	Op at ex 20

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### RECENT PURCHASES OF SECURITIES

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During the last two years, we have had no repurchases of our common stock.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus. All statements contained herein that are not historical facts, including, but not limited to, statements regarding anticipated future capital requirements, our future plan of operations, our ability to obtain debt, equity or other financing, and our ability to generate cash from operations, are based on current expectations. These statements are forward-looking in nature and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results in future periods to differ materially from forecasted results.

#### OVERVIEW

We are a full service advertising specialties and promotional products company. Specific categories of the use of promotional products include advertising specialties, business gifts, incentives and awards, and premiums.

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Through the services of our in-house sales persons and the use of independent sales representatives, we distribute items to our customers typically with their logos on them. Several of our customer categories include large corporations, local schools, universities, financial institutions, hospitals and not-for-profit organizations.

The most popular products that we have distributed over the last several years and account for over 50% of our business are as follows:

- o Wearables, such as t-shirts, golf shirts and hats.
- o Glassware, such as mugs and drinking glasses.
- Writing instruments, such as pens, markers and highlighters.
- o Bags, such as tote bags, gift bags and brief cases.

There are a number of trends in the advertising/marketing industry, the most significant of which is the trend toward integrated marketing strategies. Integrated marketing campaigns involve not only advertising, but also sales promotions, internal communications, public relations, and other disciplines. The objectives of integrated marketing are to promote products and services, raise employee awareness, motivate personnel, and increase productivity through a wide array of methods including extensive use of promotional products.

Price is no longer the sole motivator of purchasing behavior for our customers. With the availability of similar products from multiple sources, customers are increasingly looking for distributors who provide a tangible value-added to their products. As a result, we provide a broad range of products and related services. Specifically, we provide research and consultancy services, artwork and design services, and fulfillment services to our customers. These services are provided in-house by our current employees. Management believes that by offering these services, we can attempt to attract new customers.

We expect our revenues to grow as economic conditions in the United States continue to improve, by adding additional in-house and independent sales representatives to our sales network. While one or more acquisitions of other distributors will also be considered by Management, we can provide no assurances that one or more acquisitions of other distributors will be completed on terms satisfactory to us, if at all.

# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The preparation of financial statements require management to make estimates and disclosures on the date of the financial statements. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates including, but not limited to, those related to revenue recognition. We use authoritative pronouncements, historical experience and other assumptions as the basis for making judgments. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We believe that the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates in the preparation of our financial statements.

REVENUE RECOGNITION. Revenues are recognized when title and risk of loss transfers to the customer and the earnings process is complete. In general, title passes to our customers upon the customer's receipt of the merchandise. Revenue is accounted for in accordance with Emerging Issue Task Force Issue No. 99-19, reporting revenue gross as a principal versus net as an agent. Revenue is recognized on a gross basis since our company has the risks and rewards of ownership, latitude in selection of vendors and pricing, and bears all credit risk. Our company records all shipping and handling fees billed to customers as revenues, and related costs as cost of goods sold, when incurred, in accordance with Emerging Issue Task Force Issue No. 00-10, accounting for shipping and handling fees and costs.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS. We are required to make judgments based on historical experience and future expectations, as to the realizability of our accounts receivable. We make these assessments based on the following factors: (a) historical experience, (b) customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness, (d) current economic conditions, and (e) changes in customer payment terms.

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION. UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2005, WE accounted for employee stock compensation in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations in accounting for our plans and did not recognize compensation expense for employee stock-based compensation plans. We adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" (SFAS 123). We also adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure." This pronouncement requires prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reporting results.

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 123(R), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." SFAS No. 123(R) establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. This statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS No. 123(R) requires that the fair value of such equity instruments be recognized as an expense in the historical financial statements as services are performed. Prior to SFAS No. 123(R), only certain pro forma disclosures of fair value were required. The provisions of this statement were effective for the first interim reporting period that began after December 15, 2005. We adopted the provisions of SFAS No.123(R) in the first quarter of Fiscal 2006. Reference is made to the Notes to Financial Statements for a description of certain other recently issued accounting pronouncements.

# Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain selected unaudited condensed statement of operations data for the periods indicated in dollars and as a percentage of total net revenues. The following discussion relates to our results of operations for the periods noted and is not necessarily indicative of the results expected for any other interim period or any future fiscal year. In addition, we note that the period-to-period comparison may not be indicative of future performance.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months End September 30	
	2006	2005	2006	
Revenue Cost of Revenues	\$1,357,655 918,632	\$750,957 477,466	\$3,521,251 2,448,096	\$2 1
Gross Profit Selling, general & Administrative expenses	439,023 459,791	273,491 313,066	1,073,527 1,330,275	
J. J				

(Loss) from operations

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(20,768) (39,575) =========

(257,120) =========

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Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 versus Three Months Ended \_\_\_\_\_ September 30, 2005

We generated revenues of \$1,357,655 in the third quarter of 2006 compared to \$750,957 in the same three month period ending September 30, 2005. The increase in revenues of \$606,698 in 2006 compared to 2005 is primarily due to our utilizing additional sales representations to obtain additional customers and our new and existing customers buying products with higher average prices.

Cost of revenues was \$918,632 or 68% of revenues in the third quarter of 2006 compared to \$477,466 or 64% of revenues in the same three months of 2005. Cost of revenues includes purchases and freight costs associated with the shipping of merchandise to our customers. Increase in cost of revenues of \$441,166 in 2006 is related to an increase in revenues.

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Gross profit was \$439,023 in the third quarter of 2006 or 32% of net revenues compared to \$273,491 in the same three months of 2005 or 36% of revenues. Gross profits will vary period-to-period depending upon a number of factors including the mix of items sold, pricing of the items and the volume of product sold. Also, it is our practice to pass freight costs on to our customers. Reimbursement of freight costs which are included in revenues have lower profit margins than sales of our promotional products and has the effect of reducing our overall gross profit margin on sales of products, particularly on smaller orders.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$459,791 in the third quarter of 2006 compared to \$313,066 in the same three months of 2005. Such costs include payroll and related expenses, insurance and rents. The overall increase of \$146,725 is primarily due to the increase in stock based compensation and an increase in salaries.

Net loss was \$(20,768) in the third quarter of 2006 compared to a net loss of \$(39,575)\$ for the same three months in 2005. The third quarter net loss for 2006 includes stock based payments (non-cash) of \$22,821 as compared to \$5,094 for the comparable period of 2005. No benefit for income taxes is provided for in 2006 and 2005 due to the full valuation allowance on the net deferred tax assets.

Nine months ended September 30, 2006 versus September 30, 2005

We generated revenues of \$3,521,251 in the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$2,300,150 in the same nine month period ending September 30, 2005. The increase in revenues of \$1,221,101 in 2006 compared to 2005 is primarily due to our utilizing additional sales representations to obtain additional customers and our new and existing customers buying products with higher average prices.

Cost of revenues was \$2,448,096 or 70% of revenues in the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$1,518,185 or 66% of revenues in the same nine months of 2005. Cost of revenues includes purchases and freight costs associated with the shipping of merchandise to our customers. Increase in cost of revenues of \$929,911 in 2006 is related to an increase in revenues.

Gross profit was \$1,073,155 in the first nine months of 2006 or 30% of net revenues compared to \$781,965 in the same nine months of 2005 or 34% of revenues. Gross profits will vary period-to-period depending upon a number of factors including the mix of items sold, pricing of the items and the volume of product sold. Also, it is our practice to pass freight costs on to our customers. Reimbursement of freight costs which are included in revenues have lower profit margins than sales of our promotional products and has the effect of reducing our overall gross profit margin on sales of products, particularly on smaller orders. The decrease in gross profit percentage during the first nine months of 2006 relates to the mix of product sold and size of orders.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$1,330,275 in the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$1,310,147 in the same nine months of 2005. Such costs include payroll and related expenses, insurance and rents. The overall increase of \$20,128 is primarily due to the increase in salaries.

Net loss was \$(257,120) in the first nine months of 2006 compared to a net loss of \$(528,182) for the same nine months in 2005. The first nine months of 2006 include stock based payments (non-cash) of \$87,135 as compared to \$481,786 for the comparable period of the prior year. No benefit for income taxes is provided for in 2006 and 2005 due to the full valuation allowance on the net deferred tax assets.

Fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005

	Year Ended December 31	
	2005	2004
Revenue	\$3,422,665	\$2,379,186
Cost of Revenues	2,324,185	1,688,248
Gross Profit	1,098,480	690 <b>,</b> 938
Operating Expenses	1,776,710	844,574
(Loss) from operations	(678,230)	(153,636)
Net (Loss)	(682,538)	\$ (157,150)
Net (Loss) per common Share	\$ (.12)	\$ (.03)

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We generated revenues of \$3,422,665 for 2005 compared to \$2,379,186 for fiscal 2004. The 44% increase in revenues of \$1,043,479 in 2005 compared to 2004 is primarily due to our utilizing additional in-house and independent sales representatives to obtain additional customers.

Gross profit was \$1,098,480 for 2005 or 32.1% of net revenues compared to \$690,938 or 29.0% for fiscal 2004. Gross profits will vary period-to-period depending upon a number of factors including the mix of items sold, pricing of

the items and the volume of product sold. Also, it is our practice to pass freight costs associated with shipping of merchandise to our customers which are included in costs of revenues and net revenue. Reimbursement of freight costs have lower profit margins than sales of our promotional products and has the effect of reducing our overall gross profit margin on sales of products, particularly on smaller orders. The change in gross profit percentage for fiscal 2005 relates to the mix of product sold and size of orders.

Operating expenses consisting of selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$1,776,710 for fiscal 2005 compared to \$844,574 for fiscal 2004. Operating costs as a percentage of net revenue was 51.9% for 2005 compared to 35.5% for 2004. Operating expenses in 2005 increased over 2004 primarily due to the following reasons:

- o A non-recurring and non-cash charge to operations of \$451,000 in the second quarter of 2005 relating to the grant of warrants to purchase 1,100,000 shares at an exercise price of \$.10 per share to a financial advisor with cashless exercise provisions, which warrants were exercised as of February 27, 2006 and resulted in the issuance of 1,029,032 shares as of that date.
- O Commencing in March 2005, a \$2,000 per month increase in salary of each of our President and Chief Executive Officer totaling \$40,000 for 2005 and the hiring of a Chief Financial Officer at an annual cost of \$50,000.
- o Directors and officers liability insurance at a cost of \$26,000.
- o Professional and other fees relating to being a publicly held corporation totaling approximately \$124,000 for 2005.
- o A non-cash charge of \$34,421 to operations relating to the grant of options to consultants of our Company.

Our net loss was \$(682,538) for 2005 as compared to \$(157,150) for 2004. Our 2005 increase in net loss relates primarily to non-cash charges incurred in operations during 2005 totaling \$489,421 relating to the granting of options and warrants to consultants and advisors.

# Liquidity and Capital Resources

We had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,299,928 at September 30, 2006. Cash used by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$(298,977). This resulted primarily from a net loss of \$(254,767), an increase in accounts receivable of \$(61,399) and a increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$73,522 partially offset by customer deposits of \$(98,000) and stock based compensation of \$87,135.

We had cash and cash equivalents of \$544,805 at September 30, 2005. Cash used by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 was \$(122,556). This resulted primarily from a net loss of \$(532,581), an increase in accounts receivable of \$(29,057) and a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$(77,761) partially offset by prepaid expenses of \$31,144 and stock based compensation of \$481,786. Cash provided from financing activities was \$101,076 resulting from a private placement of common stock and warrants which netted \$95,000 and the conversion of a note payable with accrued interest into common stock of the company at a reduced conversion rate of \$1.00 per share, which resulted in the issuance of \$1,076 shares of common stock.

At December 31, 2005, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$398,235. We consider highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less, as well as bank money market accounts, to be cash equivalents. During 2005, net cash was used in operating activities of \$252,040. This was primarily due to net

loss of \$682,538 and an increase in accounts receivable of \$408,452, partially offset by a non-cash stock-based compensation charge of \$489,421 and increases in liabilities and customer deposits of \$211,171 and \$98,000, respectively. During 2005, net cash of \$11,010 was used in investing activities to purchase property and equipment. During 2005, net cash of \$95,000 was provided from financing activities due to the sale of our common stock and warrants. During 2004, net cash was used in operating activities of \$171,068. This was primarily due to our net loss of \$157,150 and decreases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$9,750. During 2004, cash was used in investing activities to purchase property and equipment of \$14,273. During 2004, net cash of \$696,901 was provided by financing activities from the proceeds of sale of our common stock and warrants totaling \$713,201 less payments on notes payable of \$16,300.

Our company commenced operations in 1998 and was initially funded by our three founders, each of whom has made demand loans to us that have been repaid. Since 1999, we have relied on equity financing and borrowings from outside investors to supplement our cash flow from operations.

We anticipate that our future liquidity requirements will arise from the need to finance our accounts receivable and inventories, hire additional sales persons, capital expenditures and possible acquisitions. The primary sources of funding for such requirements will be cash generated from operations, raising additional capital from the sale of equity or other securities and borrowings under debt facilities which currently do not exist. We believe that we can generate sufficient cash flow from these sources to fund our operations for at least the next fifteen months. In the event we should need additional financing for operations and to consummate acquisitions, we can provide no assurances that we will be able to obtain financing on terms satisfactory to us, if at all.

# 2006 Financing

We recently engaged Brookshire Securities Corporation, a licensed broker-dealer and member of the NASD, to act as Placement Agent to raise financing for our company through the sale of our unregistered securities solely to "accredited investors" as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Pursuant to the offering, we raised gross proceeds of \$1,665,250 from the sale of Units. Each Unit consisted of 60,000 shares of our Common Stock and Class C Warrants to purchase 30,000 shares of Common Stock at an offering price of \$105,000 per Unit. We had the right to sell fractional Units, but not fractional shares or fractional Class C Warrants. The Class C Warrants are exercisable at \$1.75 per share at anytime from the date of issuance through the earlier of June 30, 2009 or the redemption date of the Class C Warrants, whichever is earlier.

Each Class C Warrant may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$.001 per Warrant, on at least 30 days prior written notice (the "Redemption Date"), at anytime after the average closing sales price of our Common Stock as reported in the Over-the-Counter Market OTC Electronic Bulletin Board, NASDAQ or if listed on a national securities exchange, equals or exceeds \$3.00 per share for a period of 20 consecutive trading days ending within 10 days prior to the date of the notice of redemption is mailed or otherwise delivered by us to each

holder of Class C Warrants.

All investors who purchased Units in our Offering have the following additional rights:

o LIQUIDATED DAMAGES RELATING TO REGISTRATION STATEMENT - We have agreed to file a Registration Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 60 days (automatically extended to 120 days if we have executed an agreement to acquire the stock or assets of another promotional product distributor) after the final closing date of the Offering (i.e. October 30, 2006), to provide for the resale by purchasers of Units of the shares of Common Stock and the Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of the Class C Warrants under the Securities Act. We have agreed to use our best efforts to have the Registration Statement declared effective as soon as possible after

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filing and we have agreed to obtain an effective Registration Statement within 210 days after the final closing date of the Offering (i.e. October 30, 2006), subject to a 30-day extension if the Registration Statement receives a "full review" from the Commission. These intervals would be extended by 30 days if fiscal year end audited financial statements would be required, and which were not issued prior to the closing. If the Registration Statement is not effective within the aforementioned time parameters, we will pay liquidated damages in cash or, at our discretion, in Common stock (based upon the fair market value of our Common Stock) equal to 1% of the amount invested to each investor for each subsequent 30-day period that we fail to have an effective Registration Statement, up to a maximum of 9%. In the event the SEC establishes policy preventing the use of or prohibiting the effectiveness of a registration statement, and the Registration Statement is still pending with liquidated damages accruing, we shall be responsible for said damages up to the date of the policy change. We have agreed to use our best efforts to maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement until the earlier of five years from the final closing date of the Offering or until the Shares and Warrant Shares may be sold pursuant to provisions of Rule 144(k) without volume limitations. Any registration costs (other than costs of counsel to subscribers or commissions related to the sales of the Shares and Warrant Shares) will be paid by us. ANTI-DILUTION PROTECTION - In the event we seek to raise money on a capital raise transaction during the period commencing on October 30, 2006 and terminating on the earlier of 24 months from that date or 12 months from the initial effective date of the Registration Statement (the "Covered Period") and we sell shares of our Common Stock or issue options or warrants at a price below \$1.75 per share during the Covered Period, the investors in the Offering will have the following anti-dilution protection during the Covered Period:

"Most Favored Nation Provision - Purchasers of Units sold by Ace Marketing during the Covered Period may elect at the time of each capital raise transaction by us to exchange their unsold Units multiplied by \$105,000 per Unit in exchange for an equivalent amount of our securities offered in any new capital raise

transaction based upon the new terms offered by us. A capital raise transaction shall not include the issuance of securities to officers, directors, employees, advisors or consultants or securities issued in connection with acquisitions, consolidations or mergers."

Pursuant to the Offering, we sold 951,575 shares of our Common Stock and Class C Warrants to purchase 475,787 shares of our Common Stock. We also issued to the Placement Agent 139,680 shares of Common Stock and five-year Warrants to purchase 95,160 shares of Common Stock exercisable at \$1.00 per share. Exemption from registration is claimed under Rule 506 of Regulation d promulgated under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

On September 15, 2006 the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 157, FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS. The Statement provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. This Statement references fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the reporting entity transacts. The Statement applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. The Statement does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. It is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109," (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement criterion for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or

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expected to be taken in a tax return, among other items. In addition, FIN 48 provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition with respect to uncertainty in income taxes. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this Statement will have a material effect on our financial position or results of operation.

#### DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Our Board of Directors which is currently comprised of three members. Each director holds office until the next annual meeting of shareholders or until a successor is elected or appointed. The members of our Board of Directors and our executive officers and their respective age and position are as follows:

The names, ages and principal occupations of our present officers and directors are listed below.

Name (1)	Age	and/or Officer	Position
Dean Julia	39	1998	Chief Executive Officer/
			Secretary/Treasurer/Director/
			Co-Founder
Michael Trepeta	35	1998	President/Director/Co-Founder
Scott Novack	39	1998	Director/Co-Founder
Sean McDonnell	46	2005	Chief Financial Officer

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(1) Directors are elected at the annual meeting of stockholders and hold office until the following annual meeting.

The terms of all officers expire at the annual meeting of directors following the annual stockholders meeting. Officers serve at the pleasure of the Board and may be removed, either with or without cause, by the Board of Directors, and a successor elected by a majority vote of the Board of Directors, at any time.

#### MANAGEMENT TEAM

Our officers, directors and founders each have experience in the development of early stage companies including business strategies, products and services and financing.

#### DEAN L. JULIA

Mr. Julia holds a Bachelor of Business Administration from Hofstra University received in 1990. Since that time, Mr. Julia has been associated with various broker/dealers as a stockbroker where he was involved in the funding of numerous development stage and growth companies. From 1991 to 1996, Mr. Julia served as a Vice President for Reich & Co. From 1993 to 1994, he was Vice President for D. Blech & Co. From 1994 to 1995, he served as a Vice President for GKN Securities; and from 1995 to 1996 he served as Vice President for Rickel & Associates. From September 1996 through February 1998, Mr. Julia served as President and Chief Executive Officer of DLJ Consulting, a financial intermediary consultant for public and private companies. In 1998, Mr. Julia co-founded us and became an officer, director and principal stockholder of our company and a full time employee.

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#### MICHAEL D. TREPETA

Mr. Trepeta received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Applied Economics and Business Management with a minor in Communications from Cornell University in 1993. Since that time, Mr. Trepeta has been associated with various broker/dealers as a stockbroker where he was involved in the funding of numerous development stage and growth companies. Mr. Trepeta was a Vice President of Investments at Joseph Roberts & Co. in 1994 and a Vice President of Investments at Rickel & Associates from 1995-1996. From September of 1996 through February 1998, he has served as President of MDT Consulting Group, Inc., a corporation

contracted by publicly traded companies to serve as a financial intermediary to investment bankers and to assist in developing products, services, and business strategies. In 1998, Mr. Trepeta co-founded us and he became an officer, director and principal owner of our company and a full time employee.

#### SCOTT J. NOVACK

Mr. Novack holds a Bachelor of Business Administration from Hofstra University received in 1990. From 1993-1994, Mr. Novack was a Vice President at D. Blech & Co., a New York investment bank specializing in raising venture capital money for early stage companies. From 1994-1995, Mr. Novack was a Vice President at GKN Securities, a New York based investment bank. From 1995-1996, Mr. Novack was a Vice President at Rickel Associates, a New York based investment bank. Mr. Novack was the President of SJN Consulting Group, Inc., a privately held company, from 1996 to 2003. SJN was a corporation contracted by publicly traded companies to serve as a financial intermediary to investment bankers and to assist in developing products, services, and business strategies. Since 2003, Mr. Novack is a private investor who invests for his own account. In 1998, Mr. Novack co-founded us and became a director of our company.

#### SEAN MCDONNELL

Sean J. McDonnell, Certified Public Accountant, has been self employed and in private accounting practice since January 1990 handling many different types of business entities and associations. Mr. McDonnell has spent much of his time helping his customers grow their companies and acquire financing for the purchase of buildings and equipment. Prior to starting his own practice, he was employed from 1985 - 1990 as a senior staff member in the accounting firm of Breiner & Bodian CPA's. After graduating from Dowling College in 1984, he was employed by Kenneth Silver C.P.A. from 1984 - 1985. He is currently serving on the boards of the Police Athletic League, North East Youth Sports Association and Sound Beach Soccer Club, Inc. Mr. McDonnell has served as our Chief Financial Officer since January 3, 2005 and currently as an employee, he devotes such time to our affairs as is necessary for the performance of his duties.

# LACK OF COMMITTEES

We have no audit, compensation or nominating committees of our board of directors or committees performing similar functions. We are currently seeking to nominate and appoint to the board two independent directors and to form an audit committee consisting of the two independent directors. It is our goal that at least, one of the two independent directors would be deemed a "Financial Expert" within the meaning of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended. An independent director is defined in Rule 4200(a)(14) of the NASD's Listing Standards to mean a person other than an officer or employee of our company or any other individual having a relationship which, in the opinion of our board of directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. The following persons should not be considered independent:

- o A director who is employed by us or any of its affiliates for the current year or any of the past three years;
- O A director who accepts any compensation from us or any of its affiliates in excess of \$60,000 during the previous fiscal year other than compensation for Board service, benefits under a tax qualified retirement plan, or non discretionary compensation;

- O A director who is a member of the immediate family of an individual who is, or has been in any of the past three years, employed by us or any of its affiliates as an executive officer. Immediate family includes a person's spouse, parents, children, siblings, mother-in-law, father-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, and anyone who resides in such person's home;
- O A director who is a partner in, or a controlling shareholder or an executive officer of, any for-profit business organization to which we made, or from which we received, payments (other than those arising solely from investments in our securities) that exceed 5% of our business organizations consolidated gross revenues for that year, or \$200,000, whichever is more, in any of the past three years;
- o A director who is employed as an executive of another entity where any of our executives serve on that entity's compensation committee.

The term "Financial Expert" is defined as a person who has the following attributes: an understanding of generally accepted accounting principles and financial statements; has the ability to assess the general application of such principles in connection with the accounting for estimates, accruals and reserves; experience preparing, auditing, analyzing or evaluating financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the company's financial statements, or experience actively supervising one or more persons engaged in such activities; an understanding of internal controls and procedures for financial reporting; and an understanding of audit committee functions.

We can provide no assurances that our board's efforts to select two persons to serve as independent directors on the Board of Directors (at least one of which is a "Financial Expert") and on the proposed audit committee will be successful. In the event an audit committee is established, the Board would adopt a written charter. Such charter would be expected to include, among other things:

- o being directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of our independent auditor, which shall report directly to the audit committee, including resolution of disagreements between management and the auditors regarding financial reporting for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work;
- o annually reviewing and reassessing the adequacy of the committee's formal charter;
- o reviewing the annual audited financial statements with our management and the independent auditors and the adequacy of our internal accounting controls;
- o reviewing analyses prepared by our management and independent auditors concerning significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of our financial statements;
- o reviewing the independence of the independent auditors;
- o reviewing our auditing and accounting principles and practices with the independent auditors and reviewing major changes to our auditing and accounting principles and practices as suggested by the independent auditor or its management;
- o reviewing all related party transactions on an ongoing basis for

potential conflict of interest situations; and all responsibilities given to the audit committee by virtue of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, which was signed into law by President George W. Bush on July 30, 2002.

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#### OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES BY BENEFICIAL OWNER AND MANAGEMENT

As of December 19, 2006, we had outstanding 8,028,363 shares of Common Stock. The only persons of record who presently hold or are known to own (or believed by us to own) beneficially more than 5% of the outstanding shares of such class of stock is listed below. The following table also sets forth certain information as to holdings of our Common Stock of all officers and directors individually, and all officers and directors as a group.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BENEFICIAL OWNER (1)	NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES	
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS		
Scott Novack 457 Rockaway Avenue Valley Stream, NY 11583	1,052,402	13.1
Michael D. Trepeta 457 Rockaway Avenue Valley Stream, NY 11583(2)	1,346,402	16.1
Dean L. Julia 457 Rockaway Avenue Valley Stream, NY 11583 (2)	1,336,901	16.0
Sean McDonnell 457 Rockaway Avenue Valley Stream, NY 11583 (3)	50,000	.6
All Directors and Officers as a Group (four persons) (4)	3,785,705	43.1
Glenwood Capital Corporation 2070 South Hibiscus Drive North Miami Beach, FL 33181 (5)	1,245,002	15.3
Domenico Iannucci One Windsor Drive Muttontown, NY 11753 (6)	789,660	9.7

<sup>(1)</sup> Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is generally determined by voting powers and/or investment powers with respect to securities. Unless otherwise noted, all of such shares of common stock listed above are owned

of record by each individual named as beneficial owner and such individual has sole voting and dispositive power with respect to the shares of common stock owned by each of them. Such person or entity's percentage of ownership is determined by assuming that any options or convertible securities held by such person or entity, which are exercisable within sixty (60) days from the date hereof, have been exercised or converted as the case may be, but not for the purposes of determining the number of outstanding shares held by any other named beneficial owner.

- (2) Includes options to purchase 350,000 shares.
- (3) Includes options to purchase 50,000 shares.
- (4) Includes options to purchase 750,000 shares.
- (5) Includes 1,029,032 shares and 50,000 Warrants owned by Glenwood Capital, 74,560 shares and 26,000 warrants owned by Peter S. Chung, 57,500 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase 7,910 shares owned by Brookshire Securities, Inc., a corporation controlled by Mr. Chung.
- (6) Includes 339,660 shares of Common Stock, Class A Warrants to purchase 300,000 shares and Class B Warrants to purchase 50,000 shares and includes options to purchase 100,000 shares.

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# SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS.

The following summary information is as of September 30, 2006 and relates to our 2005 Plan described elsewhere herein pursuant to which we have granted options to purchase our common stock:

	(a)	(b)	(c)
Plan category	Number of shares of common stock to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options	Number of s remaining a future issu equity comp (excluding reflected i
Equity compensation Plans	1,921,222	1.17	2,0

### EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table provides a summary compensation table with respect to our four executive officers. During the past three fiscal years, we have not granted stock appreciation rights to its executive officers. In addition, we do not have a defined benefit or actuarial plan other than a 401(k) plan.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

#### EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

Michael Trepeta, our president and Dean Julia, our chief executive officer, received salaries at the rate of \$9,000 per month between 2002 through March 2004, which was raised to \$10,500 per month in April, 2004, \$12,000 per month in March 2005 and \$14,000 per month in March 2006. Historically, all compensation of our executive officers and directors including, without limitation, the payment of salaries, bonuses and the grant of options and employment contracts have been determined solely by our Board of Directors, which is controlled by our founders. Effective March 1, 2005, we entered into employment contracts with each of Messrs. Julia and Trepeta. These contracts contain the following material provisions:

O A term of three years, with the Executive having the option to renew the agreement for a period of an additional two years.

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- O A current monthly base salary of \$14,000, which salary will increase each subsequent March 1 by at least \$2,000 per month during the term of the agreements and any extension thereof.
- o The annual grant on March 1 of each year of ten-year stock options to purchase 50,000 shares at an exercise price equal to the then fair market value of our common stock as determined by the Board. On December28, 2005, Messrs. Trepeta and Julia each agreed to amend their employment contracts to eliminate the automatic annual grant of options in consideration of the grant of ten year options to purchase

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include the value of a leased automobile provided to the executive officers for business purposes as each officer has his own separate automobile that he uses for personal reasons.

200,000 shares exercisable at \$1.20 per share, with one-half immediately vested and the other half to vest on December 28, 2008.

- o Annual bonuses of at least 5% of pre-tax earnings.
- o Use of company automobile with all related costs paid for by us.
- o Health insurance.
- o Indemnification to the extent permitted by New York law.
- o Right to participate in any pensions of our company.

# Directors' Compensation

Our directors are not expected to receive cash compensation for their services as such. However, our non-employee directors will receive a fee of \$500 to be paid to them for attending each meeting of the Board of Directors. All directors will also be reimbursed for actual travel expenses incurred in attending board meetings. Members of the board of directors are eligible to participate under our company's stock incentive plan. Messrs. Julia and Trepeta will receive compensation and options as executive officers pursuant to their employment contracts and not in their capacity as directors of our company. Equity incentive awards issued to other board members will not be a fixed amount or granted on a pre-determined timetable. Equity incentive awards will be determined and granted in the sole discretion of the board and/or a compensation committee of the board at such times and in such amounts as the board or a committee thereof determines to make such awards.

2005 Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plan

On January 3, 2005, our company established an Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plan covering 2,000,000 shares, which 2005 Plan was ratified by our stockholders on February 9, 2005. On August 12, 2005, the company's stockholders approved a 2,000,000 share increase in the 2005 Plan to 4,000,000 shares.

#### ADMINISTRATION

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Our board of directors administers the 2005 Plan, has the authority to determine and designate officers, employees, directors and consultants to whom awards shall be made and the terms, conditions and restrictions applicable to each award (including, but not limited to, the option price, any restriction or limitation, any vesting schedule or acceleration thereof, and any forfeiture restrictions). The board may, in its sole discretion, accelerate the vesting of awards.

# TYPES OF AWARDS

The 2005 Plan is designed to enable us to offer certain officers, employees, directors and consultants of us and our subsidiaries equity interests in us and other incentive awards in order to attract, retain and reward such individuals and to strengthen the mutuality of interests between such individuals and our stockholders. In furtherance of this purpose, the 2005 Plan contains provisions for granting non-statutory stock options and incentive stock options and common stock awards.

STOCK OPTIONS. A "stock option" is a contractual right to purchase a number of shares of common stock at a price determined on the date the option is granted. An incentive stock option is an option granted under the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986 to our employees with certain tax advantages to the grantee over non-statutory stock options. The option price per share of common stock purchasable upon exercise of a stock option and the time or times at which such options shall be exercisable shall be determined by the Board at the time of grant. Such option price in the case of incentive stock options shall not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant and may be granted below fair market value in the case of non-statutory stock options. Incentive stock options granted to owners of 10% or more of our common stock must be granted at an exercise price of at least 110% of the fair market value of our common stock and may not have a term greater than five years. Also, the value of incentive options vesting to any employee cannot exceed \$100,000 in any calendar year. The option price of our options must be paid in cash, money order, check or common stock of the company. The non-statutory stock options may also contain at the time of grant, at the discretion of the board, certain other cashless exercise provisions. These cashless exercise provisions are included in the currently outstanding non-statutory stock options granted by the board.

Options shall be exercisable at the times and subject to the conditions determined by the Board at the date of grant, but no option may be exercisable more than ten years after the date it is granted. If the optionee ceases to be an employee of our company for any reason other than death, any incentive stock option exercisable on the date of the termination of employment may be exercised for a period of thirty days or until the expiration of the stated term of the option, whichever period is shorter. In the event of the optionee's death, any incentive stock option exercisable at the date of death may be exercised by the legal heirs of the optionee from the date of death until the expiration of the stated term of the option or six months from the date of death, whichever event first occurs. In the event of disability of the optionee, any incentive stock options shall expire on the stated date that the Option would otherwise have expired or 12 months from the date of disability, whichever event first occurs. The termination and other provisions of a non-statutory stock option shall be fixed by the board of directors at the date of grant of each respective option.

COMMON STOCK AWARD. Common stock awards are shares of common stock that will be issued to a recipient at the end of a restriction period, if any, specified by the board if he or she continues to be an employee, director or consultant of us. If the recipient remains an employee, director or consultant at the end of the restriction period, the applicable restrictions will lapse and we will issue a stock certificate representing such shares of common stock to the participant. If the recipient ceases to be an employee, director or consultant of us for any reason (including death, disability or retirement) before the end of the restriction period unless otherwise determined by the board, the restricted stock award will be terminated.

# AWARDS

As of September 30, 2006, we granted under our 2005 Plan non-statutory stock options to purchase 1,921,222 shares of our common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.17 per share, exclusive of options which have been cancelled since the date of grant. The board has granted options with varying terms. Dean L. Julia, Michael D. Trepeta and Sean McDonnell have been granted options to purchase 450,000 shares, 450,000 shares and 50,000 shares, respectively, at exercise prices ranging from \$1.00 to \$1.20 per share. Options to purchase an additional 971,222 shares are held by other employees and

consultants. All 1,921,222 outstanding options have an intrinsic value of \$2,077,000 at September 30, 2006.

It is not possible to predict the individuals who will receive future awards under the 2005 Plan or the number of shares of Common Stock covered by any future award because such awards are wholly within the discretion of the Board.

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#### ELIGIBILITY

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Our officers, employees, directors and consultants of Ace and our subsidiaries are eligible to be granted stock options, and common stock awards under our 2005 Plan.

# TERMINATION OR AMENDMENT OF THE 2005 PLAN

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The board may at any time amend, discontinue, or terminate all or any part of the 2005 Plan, provided, however, that unless otherwise required by law, the rights of a participant may not be impaired without his or her consent, and provided that we will seek the approval of our stockholders for any amendment if such approval is necessary to comply with any applicable federal or state securities laws or rules or regulations.

# OPTION GRANTS TABLE

The information provided in the table below provides information with respect to individual grants of stock options during 2005 of each of the executive officers named in the summary compensation table above. We did not grant any stock appreciation rights during 2005.

Option Grants in Last Fiscal Year

		Individual Grants (c)% of Total Options/Granted to Employees			As Rates App for C
Name	Options Granted (#)	(Consultants) in Fiscal Year (1)	Exercise Price (\$/Sh)	Expiration Date	5% (\$) 
Dean L. Julia Michael D. Trepeta Dean L. Julia	250,000 250,000 200,000	14.0% 14.0% 11.2%	1.00 1.00 1.20	01/03/15 01/03/15 12/28/15	157,500 157,500 150,000

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Michael D. Trepeta 200,000 11.2% 1.20 12/28/15 150.000

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#### N/A - Not Applicable.

- (1) The percentage of total options granted to employees in the fiscal year is based upon options granted to officers, directors, employees and consultants, exclusive of options cancelled before the filing date of this prospectus.
- (2) The potential realizable value of each grant of options assumes that the market price of our Common Stock appreciates in value from the date of grant to the end of the option term at annualized rates of 5% and 10%, respectively, and after subtracting the exercise price from the potential realizable value.

#### EXERCISES IN LAST FISCAL YEAR AND FISCAL YEAR END OPTION VALUES

The information provided in the table below provides information with respect to each exercise of stock option during 2005 by each of the executive officers named in the summary compensation table and the fiscal year end value of unexercised options.

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(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e) Value
				of
			Number of	Unexercised
			Unexercised	In-the-Money
	Shares		Options at	Options
	Acquired on	Value	FY-End (#)	at Fy-End(\$)
	Exercise	Realized	Exercisable/	Exercisable/
Name	(#)	(\$)(1)	Unexercisable	Unexercisable(1)
Dean L. Julia	0	0	350,000 / 100,000	37,500/ -0-
Michael D. Trepeta	0	0	350,000 / 100,000	37,500/ -0-

<sup>(1)</sup> The aggregate dollar values in column (c) and (e) are calculated by determining the difference between the fair market value of the Common Stock (based upon a last sale of \$1.15 on December 23, 2005, which was the last date of sale in December 2005), underlying the options and the exercise price of the options at exercise or fiscal year end, respectively. In calculating the dollar value realized upon exercise, the value of any payment of the exercise price is not included.

# CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

The transaction described in paragraph (i) below was approved by the Board of directors and was an arms-length transaction which did not involve a director or executive officer of our company. The transactions described in paragraph

(ii) below were approved by the Board of Directors based upon obtaining at least three competitive quotes and Mr. Trepeta's wife being the best price. The transactions described in paragraphs (i) and (ii) were on terms to us that are at least as favorable as the terms we could have obtained from an unaffiliated party.

# Related Party Transactions

- (i) On August 5, 2002, we issued to David McCooey, who is currently the beneficial owner of 5.0% of our outstanding shares of common stock, a debenture in the principal amount of \$25,000 originally convertible at \$1.50 per share. The debenture bore interest at the rate of 10% per annum. On January 13, 2005, we agreed with Mr. McCooey to convert his \$25,000 of principal and accrued interest thereon of \$6,076, which payments were in arrears, into 31,076 shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$1.00 per share.
- (ii) Mr. Trepeta's wife has a company which is a candle supplier. From time-to-time, we have in the past and may in the future purchase candle supplies from her company. During 2004 and 2005, we purchased a total of \$20,471 and \$10,313, respectively, from her company.

In the future, we expect to have one or more members of our Board be independent directors of our company. It is anticipated that future transactions between us and our executive officers and directors and other affiliated parties will be approved by the then disinterested members of the Board and, if not a majority of the Board, then by our independent director(s) through a committee appointed by the Board.

# Other Transactions

We recently engaged Brookshire Securities Corporation, a licensed broker-dealer and member of the NASD, to act as Placement Agent to raise financing for our company through the sale of our unregistered securities solely

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to "accredited investors" as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Pursuant to the offering, we raised gross proceeds of \$1,665,250 from the sale of Units. Each Unit consisted of 60,000 shares of our Common Stock and Class C Warrants to purchase 30,000 shares of Common Stock at an offering price of \$105,000 per Unit.

Pursuant to the Offering, we sold 951,575 shares of our Common Stock and Class C Warrants to purchase 475,788 shares of our Common Stock. We also issued to the Placement Agent 139,680 shares of Common Stock and five-year Warrants to purchase 95,160 shares of Common Stock exercisable at \$1.00 per share. We have agreed to file a Registration Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 60 days of October 30,2006 (automatically extended to 120 days if we have executed an agreement to acquire the stock or assets of another promotional product distributor), to provide for the resale by purchasers of Units of the shares of Common Stock and the Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of the Class C Warrants under the Securities Act. We have agreed to use our best efforts to have the Registration Statement declared effective as soon

as possible after filing and we have agreed to obtain an effective Registration Statement within 210 days of October 30, 2006, subject to a 30-day extension if the Registration Statement receives a "full review" from the Commission. These intervals would be extended by 30 days if fiscal year end audited financial statements would be required, and which were not issued prior to the closing. If the Registration Statement is not effective within the aforementioned time parameters, we will pay liquidated damages in cash or, at our discretion, in Common stock (based upon the fair market value of our Common Stock) equal to 1% of the amount invested to each investor for each subsequent 30-day period that we fail to have an effective Registration Statement, up to a maximum of 9%. In the event the SEC establishes policy preventing the use of or prohibiting the effectiveness of a registration statement, and the Registration Statement is still pending with liquidated damages accruing, we shall be responsible for said damages up to the date of the policy change. We have agreed to use our best efforts to maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement until the earlier of five years from October 30, 2006, the final closing date of the Offering or until the Shares and Warrant Shares may be sold pursuant to provisions of Rule 144(k) without volume limitations. Any registration costs (other than costs of counsel to subscribers or commissions related to the sales of the Shares and Warrant Shares) will be paid by us.

In the event we seek to raise money on a capital raise transaction during the period commencing on October 30, 2006 and terminating on the earlier of 24 months from that date or 12 months from the initial effective date of the Registration Statement (the "Covered Period") and we sell shares of our Common Stock or issue options or warrants at a price below \$1.75 per share during the Covered Period, the investors in the Offering will have the following anti-dilution protection during the Covered Period:

"Most Favored Nation Provision - Purchasers of Units sold by Ace Marketing during the Covered Period may elect at the time of each capital raise transaction by us to exchange their unsold Units multiplied by \$105,000 per Unit in exchange for an equivalent amount of our securities offered in any new capital raise transaction based upon the new terms offered by us. A capital raise transaction shall not include the issuance of securities to officers, directors, employees, advisors or consultants or securities issued in connection with acquisitions, consolidations or mergers."

#### SELLING SECURITY HOLDERS

The following table provides certain information with respect to the selling security holders' beneficial ownership of our common stock as of October 31, 2006, and as adjusted to give effect to the sale of all of the shares offered hereby. None of the selling security holders is an affiliate of Ace Marketing, and none of them has had a material relationship with us during the past three years. See "Plan of Distribution." The selling security holders possess sole voting and investment power with respect to the securities shown. Robert H. Marshall, a selling security holder, is affiliated with a broker/dealer and is an underwriter. Mr. Marshall purchased his shares as an investor and at the time of his purchase, he had no agreements or understandings, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute his shares. Whether a shareholder beneficially owns a security is determined by Rule

13d-3(a) of the Exchange Act. Rule 13d-3(a) provides that a beneficial owner includes: "any person who, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise has or shares: (i). Voting power which includes the power to vote, or to direct the voting of, such security; and/or, (ii) Investment power which includes the power to dispose, or to direct the disposition of, such security." Lastly, Rule 13d-3(a) provides that a "person shall be deemed to be the beneficial owner of a security... if that person has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of such security, as defined in Rule 13d-3(a)...within sixty days, including but not limited to any right to acquire...through the conversion of a security...."

NAME OF EACH SELLING STOCKHOLDER	SHARES BENEFICIALLY OWNED PRIOR TO OFFERING	MAXIMUM SHARES OFFERED IN OFFERING	SHARES OWNED AFTER OFFERING	% SHARES BENEFICIALLY OWNED BEFORE /AFTER
ROBERT H. MARSHALL	90,000	90,000	-0-	1.1 / 0
KENNETH A. SEBREE	45,000	45,000	-0-	* / 0
STERNE AGEE & LEACH INC. C/F FLORENCE NELSON ROTH IRA	22,500	22,500	-0-	* / 0
STERNE AGEE & LEACH INC. C/F WENDELL FAIRBANKS IRA	45,000	45,000	-0-	* / 0
WILLIAM KEY	90,000	90,000	-0-	1.1 / 0
WILLIAM F. LOFTUS	45,000	45,000	-0-	* / 0
LEON F. SOOTIN	90,000	90,000	-0-	1.1 / 0
EUGENE GRENIER	22,500	22,500	-0-	* / 0
FRANK AND LAURIE GRENIER JTWROS	22,500	22,500	-0-	* / 0
JEFFREY D. BARSKY	45,000	45,000	-0-	* / 0
KURT & LAURA BOTHNER JTWROS	22,500	22,500	-0-	* / 0
MELVIN C. SANDERS	90,000	90,000	-0-	1.1 / 0
KEVIN AND BRENDA NARCOMEY JTWROS	85 <b>,</b> 714	90,000	-0-	1.1 / 0
WILLIAM R. MARSH	85 <b>,</b> 716	85 <b>,</b> 716	-0-	1.1 / 0
RICHARD J. AND JOAN M. BROWN JTWROS	45,000	45,000	-0-	* / 0
HAROLD E. AND CONNIE L. CROWLEY JTWROS	45,000	45,000	-0-	* / 0
LOUISE E. REHLING TRUST	21,429	21,429	-0-	* / 0
EDWARD FEIGHAN	21,429	21,429	-0-	* / 0
DR. STANLEY RUBENSTEIN	21,429	21,429	-0-	* / 0

PHD INVESTMENTS I LP	21,429	21,429	-0-	* / 0
MICHAEL & DONNA SPLAIN JTWROS	22,715	22,715	-0-	* / 0
ALAN D. REIN	22,500	22,500	-0-	* / 0
HANS-GUENTHER KLENK	42,858	42,858	-0-	* / 0

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RAJESH / MANJUSHA RAMCHANDANI JTWROS	21,429	21,429	-0-	* / 0
JOHN & GEORGIA RENTOULIS JTWROS	22,500	22,500	-0-	* / 0
ERNO BODEK	67,500	67 <b>,</b> 500	-0-	* / 0
GERALD HEUPEL	21,429	21,429	-0-	* / 0
DAVID J. MCCOOEY	90,000	90,000	-0-	1.1 / 0
ANDREAS TYPALDOS FAMILY LTD. PARTNERSHIP	45,000	45,000	-0-	* / 0
ELAINE FIELDS	90,000	90,000	-0-	1.1 / 0

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We are registering shares for resale by the selling security holders in accordance with the registration rights granted to the selling security holders. We will pay the registration and filing fees, printing expenses, listing fees, blue sky fees, if any, and fees and disbursements of our counsel in connection with this offering, but the selling security holders will pay any underwriting discounts, selling commissions and similar expenses relating to the sale of the shares, as well as the fees and expenses of their counsel. In addition, we have agreed to indemnify the selling security holders and certain affiliated parties, against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, in connection with the offering. Certain selling security holders have agreed to indemnify us against certain losses. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors or officers, or persons controlling our company, we have been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

We will file a prospectus supplement to name any successors to any named selling security holder who are able to use the prospectus to resell the securities. All of the shares being registered for resale by the selling security holders were acquired from us in a private placement transaction, which

<sup>\*</sup> Represents less than one percent of the total number of shares outstanding. The percentage beneficially owned is based upon the number of share outstanding before the offering, plus the number of shares issuable upon exercise of any warrants by the named selling security holder.

is summarized under "Certain Transaction."

#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Each Selling Security Holder of the common stock and any of their pledgees, assignees and successors—in—interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board or any other stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. A Selling Security Holder may use any one or more of the following methods when selling shares:

- o ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- o block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- o purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- o an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- o privately negotiated transactions;
- o settlement of short sales entered into after the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part;
- o broker-dealers may agree with the selling security holders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;

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- o through the writing or settlement of options or other hedging transactions, whether through an options exchange or otherwise;
- o a combination of any such methods of sale; or
- o any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The selling security holders may also sell shares under Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the selling security holders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the selling security holders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as agent for the purchaser of shares, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated, but, except as set forth in a supplement to this Prospectus, in the case of an agency transaction not in excess of a customary brokerage commission in compliance with NASDR Rule 2440; and in the case of a principal transaction a markup or markdown in compliance with NASDR IM-2440.

In connection with the sale of the common stock or interests therein, the selling security holders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions, which may in turn engage in short sales of the common stock in the course of hedging the positions they assume. The selling security holders may also sell shares of the common stock short and deliver these securities to close out their short positions, or loan or pledge the common stock to broker-dealers that in turn may sell these securities. The selling security holders may also enter into option or other transactions with

broker-dealers or other financial institutions or the creation of one or more derivative securities which require the delivery to such broker-dealer or other financial institution of shares offered by this prospectus, which shares such broker-dealer or other financial institution may resell pursuant to this prospectus (as supplemented or amended to reflect such transaction).

Robert Marshall is affiliated with a broker/dealer and is an underwriter. Mr. Marshall purchased his shares and at the time of his purchase, he had no agreements or understandings, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute his shares.

All other selling security holders not named in the preceding paragraph and any broker-dealers or agents that are involved in selling the shares on behalf of all selling security holders may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. Each Selling Security Holder has informed us that it does not have any written or oral agreement or understanding, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the Common Stock. In no event shall any broker-dealer receive fees, commissions and markups which, in the aggregate, would exceed eight percent (8%).

We are required to pay certain fees and expenses incurred by us incident to the registration of the shares. We have agreed to indemnify the selling security holders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Because the selling security holder identified above is an underwriter and other selling security holders may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act, they will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act including Rule 172 thereunder. In addition, any securities covered by this prospectus which qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act may be sold under Rule 144 rather than under this prospectus. There is no firm or coordinating broker acting in connection with the proposed sale of the resale shares by the selling security holders.

We agreed to keep this prospectus effective until the earlier of (i) the date on which the shares may be resold by the selling security holders without registration and without regard to any volume limitations by reason of Rule  $144\,(k)$  under the Securities Act or any other rule of similar effect or (ii) all of the shares have been sold pursuant to this prospectus or Rule 144 under the

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Securities Act or any other rule of similar effect. The resale shares will be sold only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers if required under applicable state securities laws. In addition, in certain states, the resale shares may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

Under applicable rules and regulations under the Exchange Act, any person engaged in the distribution of the resale shares may not simultaneously engage in market making activities with respect to the common stock for the applicable

restricted period, as defined in Regulation M, prior to the commencement of the distribution. In addition, the selling security holders will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, including Regulation M, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of shares of the common stock by the selling security holders or any other person. We will make copies of this prospectus available to the selling security holders and have informed them of the need to deliver a copy of this prospectus to each purchaser at or prior to the time of the sale (including by compliance with Rule 172 under the Securities Act).

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#### DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

#### GENERAL

Pursuant to our certificate of incorporation, we are authorized to issue up to 25,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.0001 per share and 5,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, \$.0001 par value. As of the date hereof, there were 8,028,363 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding. There is currently no Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

There are issued and outstanding Class A Warrants to purchase 737,000 shares of Common Stock, exercisable through March 31, 2007 at \$2.00 per share, Class B Warrants to purchase 100,000 shares, exercisable at \$2.00 per share through January 2, 2008 and Class C Warrants to purchase 475,788 shares, exercisable at \$1.75 per share through June 30, 2009. There are also outstanding other unclassified warrants to purchase 100,000 shares, exercisable at \$2.50 per share through August 14, 2010 and unclassified warrants to purchase 95,160 shares, exercisable at \$1.00 per share through June 30, 2011, which warrants contain certain cashless exercise provisions. See "Outstanding Warrants."

Holders of our Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by the stockholders and are not entitled to cumulative voting for the election of directors. As a result, management of our company who, in the aggregate hold a majority of shares, are able to elect all of the directors standing for election and to control our company. Holders of Common Stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the board of directors out of funds legally available therefore subject to the rights of preferred stockholders, if any. We do not intend to pay any cash dividends on our Common Stock and anticipate reinvesting our earnings, if any. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our company, the holders of our Common Stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities and the preferences of Preferred Stockholders, if any. Shares of Common Stock have no preemptive, conversion or other subscription rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the Common Stock.

#### CLASS C WARRANTS

Class C Warrants have the following terms and provisions:

EXERCISE PRICE. Each Class C Warrant entitles the holder to a purchase share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$1.75 per share, subject to

certain adjustments. The Class C Warrants may be exercised in whole or in part.

EXERCISE PERIOD. The Class C Warrants are exercisable from the date of issuance until the close of business on June 30, 2009 or the redemption date of the Class C Warrants, whichever is earlier.

REDEMPTION RIGHTS. Each Class C Warrant may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$.001 per Warrant, on at least 30 days prior written notice, at anytime after the average closing sales price of our Common Stock as reported in the Over-the-Counter Market OTC Electronic Bulletin Board, NASDAQ or if listed on a national securities exchange, equals or exceeds \$3.00 per share for a period of 20 consecutive trading days ending within 10 days prior to the date of the notice of redemption is mailed or otherwise delivered by the Company to each holder of Class C Warrants.

#### OTHER OUTSTANDING WARRANTS

Between March and October 2004, we issued Class A Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 737,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share. Each Class A Warrant is exercisable in whole or in part until the close of business on March 31, 2007.

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Between January and February 2005, we issued Class B Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 100,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share. Each Class B Warrant is exercisable in whole or in part until the close of business on January 2, 2008.

The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants are not redeemable. The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants are subject to anti-dilution protection in the event of stock dividends, stock splits, combinations and reclassifications.

In August 2005, we granted a financial advisor unclassified warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of our Common Stock exercisable through August 14, 2010 at \$2.50 per share. These Warrants contain cashless exercise provisions and subject to anti-dilution protection in the event of stock dividends, stock splits, combinations, reclassifications and the like.

In October 2006, we issued to Brookshire Securities Corporation warrants to purchase 95,160 shares of Common Stock exercisable at \$1.00 per share through June 30, 2011. These warrants are subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, combinations, reclassifications and the like and contain cashless exercise provisions.

#### PREFERRED STOCK

Our certificate of incorporation, as amended, authorizes us to issue 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$.0001 par value per share and to create one or more series of preferred stock, and to designate the rights, privileges, restrictions, preferences and limitations of any given series of preferred stock. Accordingly, the board of directors may, without stockholder approval issue shares of preferred stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of our common stock. The preferred stock could also be issued to

discourage, control, although we have no present intent to issue any additional series of our preferred stock. The board of directors' ability to issue preferred stock serves as a traditional anti-takeover measure installed to prevent obstacles to takeovers. This provision of our certificate of incorporation makes it difficult for a majority shareholder to gain control of us and, therefore, may be beneficial to our company's management and our board in a hostile tender offer and may have an adverse impact on shareholders who may want to participate in such a tender offer. Also, the issuance of preferred stock with voting and conversion rights could materially and adversely affect the voting power of the holders of the Common Stock and may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our Company.

#### INDEMNIFICATION DISCLOSURE FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES

The New York Business Corporation Law contains provisions permitting and, in some situations, requiring New York corporations to provide indemnification to their officers and directors for losses and litigation expense incurred in connection with their service to the corporation. Our articles and bylaws contain provisions requiring our indemnification of our directors and officers and other persons acting in their corporate capacities.

We have entered into employment agreements with Dean L. Julia and Michael D. Trepeta providing contractually for indemnification consistent with the articles and bylaws. The New York Business Corporation Law also authorizes us to purchase insurance for our directors and officers insuring them against risks as to which we may be unable lawfully to indemnify them. We have obtained limited insurance coverage for our officers and directors as well as insurance coverage to reimburse us for potential costs of our corporate indemnification of officers and directors.

As far as exculpation or indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted for directors and officers and controlling persons, we have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such exculpation or indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

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#### EXPERTS

The audited financial statements of Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and for the years then ended were audited by Holtz Rubenstein Reminick LLP, and are included herein in reliance upon the authority of this firm as expert in accounting and auditing.

#### LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the securities offered by this prospectus is being passed upon for us by the law firm of Morse & Morse, PLLC, 1400 Old Country Road, Suite 302, Westbury, NY 11590. The law firm and its members own less than 1% of our outstanding common stock.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

At your request, we will provide you, without charge, a copy of any exhibits to its registration statement. If you want more information, write or call us at:

Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. 457 Rockaway Avenue Valley Stream, NY 11581 Attn: Investor Relations Telephone: (516) 256-7766

Our fiscal year ends on December 31. We are a reporting company and file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You may read and copy any reports, statements or other information we file at the SEC's public reference room in Washington, D.C. You can receive copies of these documents, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by writing to the SEC. Our SEC filings are also available to the public on the SEC Internet site at http://www.sec.gov.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that, which is contained in this prospectus. Each selling stockholder named herein will be offering to sell shares of common stock only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of the common stock.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  $\mbox{\it Ace}$  Marketing & Promotions, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ HOLTZ RUBENSTEIN REMINICK LLP

Melville, New York March 1, 2006

ACE MARKET PROMOTIONS,

DECEMBER 31,	2005	20
ASSETS		
Current Assets:	^ 200 225	¢ 56
Cash and cash equivalents  Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of	\$ 398,235	
\$10,000 and \$0 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively Prepaid expenses and other current assets	711,056 41,282	31: 68
Total Current Assets	1,150,573	94
Property and Equipment, net	21,100	1
Other Assets	5,492	:
Total Assets	\$ 1,177,165	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		<b>^</b> 2
Note payable Accounts payable	\$ 355 <b>,</b> 475	\$ 2 18
Accrued expenses	125,485	9
Customer deposits	98,000	
Total Current Liabilities	578 <b>,</b> 960	30
Commitments and Contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Common stock, \$.0001 par value; 25,000,000 shares authorized; 5,888,076 and 5,757,000 shares issued and outstanding		
at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively	589	
Additional paid-in capital	1,646,109	1,03
Accumulated deficit	(1,048,493)	(36
Total Stockholders' Equity	598 <b>,</b> 205	66
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 1,177,165	\$ 96

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

EARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2005
EARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	
devenue, net	\$ 3,422,665
ost of Revenue	2,324,185 
ross Profit	1,098,480
operating Expenses:	
Selling (including stock based compensation of \$17,533 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively) General and administrative (including stock based compensation of \$471,888	461,233
and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively)	1,315,477
otal Operating Expenses	1,776,710
oss from Operations	(678,230)
other Income (Expense):	(4.520)
Interest expense Interest income	(4,532) 224
otal Other Expenses	(4,308)
det Loss	\$ (682 <b>,</b> 538)
let Loss Per Common Share:	ć (0.12 <u>)</u>
Basic	\$ (0.12) =======
Diluted	\$ (0.12) ======
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding:	
Basic	5,880,531 ======
Diluted	5,880,531

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Statement of Stockholders' Equity

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

Total		Common Stock			Ad
5	Equity			Amount	
\$	109 <b>,</b> 195	5,020,000	\$	502	\$
	713,201	737,000		74	
	(157,150)				
	665,246	5,757,000		576	
	31,076	31,076		3	
	95 <b>,</b> 000	100,000		10	
	455,000				
	34,421				
	(682,538)				
\$	598,205	5 <b>,</b> 888 <b>,</b> 076	\$	589	\$
	\$	\$ 109,195 713,201 (157,150) 	Stockholders' Equity Shares  \$ 109,195 5,020,000  713,201 737,000 (157,150)  665,246 5,757,000 31,076 31,076  95,000 100,000  455,000 34,421 (682,538)	Stockholders'       Shares         Equity       Shares         \$ 109,195       5,020,000         713,201       737,000         (157,150)          665,246       5,757,000         31,076       31,076         95,000       100,000         455,000          34,421          (682,538)	Stockholders'       Amount         \$ 109,195       5,020,000       \$ 502         713,201       737,000       74         (157,150)           665,246       5,757,000       576         31,076       31,076       3         95,000       100,000       10         455,000           34,421           (682,538)

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS		
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2005	2004
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net Loss	\$(682 <b>,</b> 538)	\$(157,150)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,590	6,019
Allowance for doubtful accounts	10,000	
Stock-based compensation	489,421	

Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in operating assets: Accounts receivable	(408,452)	(5,901)
Prepaid expenses and other assets (Decrease) increase in operating liabilities:	24,768	(4,286)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Customer deposits	211,171 98,000	(9 <b>,</b> 750) 
Total adjustments	430,498	(13,918)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(171,068)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Acquisition of property and equipment		(14,273)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(11,010)	(14,273)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from private placement Payments on note payable		713,201 (16,300)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		696,901
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(168,050)	511 <b>,</b> 560
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	566,285	54,725
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$ 398,235	\$ 566,285

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. F-5

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NATURE OF OPERATIONS - Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. (the "Company") is a full service advertising specialties and promotional products company that distributes items typically with logos to large corporations, schools and universities, financial institutions and not-for-profit organizations. Specific categories of promotional products include advertising specialties, business gifts, incentives and awards, and premiums.

REVENUE RECOGNITION - Revenue is recognized when title and risk of loss

transfers to the customer and the earnings process is complete. In general, title passes to our customers upon the customer's receipt of the merchandise. Revenue is accounted for in accordance with Emerging Issue Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 99-19, "Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent". Revenue is recognized on a gross basis since the Company has the risks and rewards of ownership, latitude in selection of vendors and pricing, and bears all credit risk. Advance payments made by customers are included in customer deposits.

The Company records all shipping and handling fees billed to customers as revenues, and related costs as cost of goods sold, when incurred, in accordance with EITF 00-10, "Accounting for Shipping and Handling Fees and Costs".

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS - Management must make estimates of the uncollectability of accounts receivable. Management specifically analyzes accounts receivable and analyzes historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Leasehold improvements are being amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets or the remaining term of the lease. The costs of additions and improvements, which substantially extend the useful life of a particular asset, are capitalized. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the account and the gain or loss on disposition is reflected in operating income.

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) - Comprehensive income (loss) refers to revenue, expenses, gains and losses that under generally accepted accounting principles are included in comprehensive income but are excluded from net income as these amounts are recorded directly as an adjustment to stockholders' equity. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, there were no such adjustments required.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK - Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables is generally diversified due to the large number of entities comprising the Company's customer base and their dispersion across geographic areas principally within the United States. The Company routinely addresses the financial strength of its customers and, as a consequence, believes that its receivable credit risk exposure is limited.

The Company places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions. At times the Company maintains bank account balances, which exceed FDIC limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash. Management does not believe significant credit risk exists at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less, as well as

bank money market accounts, to be cash equivalents.

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

ESTIMATES - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right$ and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NET INCOME PER SHARE - Basic net income per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect, in periods in which they have a dilutive effect, the impact of common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options.

ADVERTISING COSTS - Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 approximated \$6,100 and \$600, respectively.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION - The Company has adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" (SFAS 123). In compliance with SFAS 123, the Company applies APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and related interpretations in accounting for its plans and does not recognize compensation expense for its employee stock-based compensation plans. The Company has also adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure". This pronouncement requires prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reporting results. If the Company had elected to recognize compensation expense based upon the fair value at the date of grant for awards under these plans, consistent with the methodology prescribed by SFAS 123, the Company's net loss and net loss per share as reported would be reduced for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 to the pro forma amounts presented below:

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

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Net Loss, as reported

Add: Stock based employee compensation expense included in reported net Ś

loss

Deduct: Total stock based employee compensation expense determined under

fair value based method

Pro Forma Net Loss

Basic Loss Per Share:
As reported

Pro forma

Diluted Loss Per Share:
As reported

Pro forma

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

The fair value of each ention grant is estimated on the date of grant

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The following weighted average assumptions were used for grants during the years ended December 31:

	2005	2004
Dividend Yield	0.00%	n/a
Volatility	7.17%	n/a
Risk-Free Interest Rate	2.82%	n/a
Expected Life	9.85 YEARS	n/a

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options, which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of our stock options.

INCOME TAXES - Deferred income taxes are recognized for temporary differences between financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities for which income tax or tax benefits are expected to be realized in future years. A valuation allowance is established to reduce deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that all, or some portion, of such deferred tax assets will not be realized. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - In the opinion of management, the carrying value of all financial instruments, consisting primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables and accounts payable, reflected in the accompanying balance sheet, approximates fair value as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, due to their short term nature.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 123(R), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". SFAS No. 123(R) establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. This statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS No. 123(R) requires that the fair value of such equity instruments be recognized as an expense in the historical financial statements as services are performed. Prior to SFAS No. 123(R), only certain pro forma disclosures of fair value were required. The provisions of this statement are effective for the first interim reporting period that begins after December 15, 2005. The Company will adopt the provisions of SFAS No.123(R) in the first quarter of Fiscal 2006.

In March 2005, the SEC released Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107, "Share-Based Payment" ("SAB 107"), which provides interpretive guidance related to the interaction between SFAS 123(R) and certain SEC rules and regulations. It also provides the SEC staff's views regarding valuation of share-based payment arrangements. In April 2005, the SEC amended the compliance dates for SFAS 123(R), to allow companies to implement the standard at the beginning of their next fiscal year, instead of the next reporting period beginning after June 15, 2005. Management is currently evaluating the impact SAB 107 will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On December 16, 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, "Exchange of Non-monetary Assets", an amendment of Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 29, which differed from the International Accounting Standards Board's ("IASB") method of accounting for exchanges of similar productive assets. Statement No. 153 replaces the exception from fair value measurement in APB No. 29, with a general

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

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YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

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exception from fair value measurement for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. The statement is to be applied prospectively and was effective for non-monetary asset exchanges occurring in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The adoption of SFAS No. 153 did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2004, the FASB issued two FASB Staff Positions - FSP FAS 109-1, Application of FASB Statement 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes" to the Tax Deduction on Qualified Production Activities Provided by the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004, and FSP FAS 109-2 Accounting and Disclosure Guidance for the Foreign Earnings Repatriation Provision within the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. Neither of these affected the Company as it does not participate in the related activities.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations" ("FIN 47"). FIN 47 provides guidance relating to the identification of and financial reporting for legal obligations to perform an asset retirement activity. The Interpretation requires recognition of a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation when incurred if the liability's fair value can be reasonably estimated. FIN 47 also defines when an entity would have sufficient information to reasonably estimate the fair value of an asset retirement obligation. The provision is effective no later than the end of fiscal years ending after December 15, 2005. The Company will adopt FIN 47 beginning the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 and does not believe the adoption will have a material impact on its consolidated financial position or results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections". This new standard replaces APB Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes, and FASB Statement No. 3, Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements". Among other changes, SFAS No. 154 requires that a voluntary change in accounting principle be applied retrospectively with all prior period financial statements presented on the new accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to do so. SFAS No. 154 also provides that (1) a change in method of depreciating or amortizing a long-lived non-financial asset be accounted for as a change in estimate (prospectively) that was effected by a change in accounting principle, and (2) correction of errors in previously issued financial statements should be termed a "restatement". The new standard is effective for accounting changes and correction of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. Early adoption of this standard is permitted for accounting changes and correction of errors made in fiscal years beginning after June 1, 2005. The Company has evaluated the impact of the adoption of Statement 154 and does not believe the impact will be significant to the Company's overall results of operations or financial position.

#### 2. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consist of the following at December 31:

USEFUL LIVES 2005 2004

Furniture and Fixtures	5 years	\$	47,844 \$	42
Leasehold Improvements	5 years		8,919	3
Less Accumulated Depreciation			56,763 35,663	45 30
		 \$	21,100 \$	15
		=====		

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$5,590 and \$6,020, respectively.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

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#### 3. NOTES PAYABLE

Note payable to a stockholder in the original principal amount of \$25,000, which bore interest at a rate of 10% per annum.

Prior to the repayment of any of the principal and accrued interest, the holder converted the note into common stock of the Company at the conversion rate of \$1.50 per share. On January 13, 2005, the Company agreed to convert the principal and accrued interest into common stock of the Company at a reduced conversion rate of \$1.00 per share, which resulted in the issuance of \$1,076 shares of common stock.

#### 4. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 is summarized as follows:

	2005	200	4
Current: Federal	\$	- \$	-
State		- 	- 
Deferred:			
Federal		_	_
State		_	_
		-	_

\$												-			\$													-	
	==	 =	=:	==	==	-	-	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	==	==	=	=	=	=	=	=	==	==	=

The Company has federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$494,000, which can be used to reduce future taxable income through 2025.

The tax effects of temporary differences which give rise to deferred tax assets (liabilities) at December 31, are summarized as follows:

2005	2004
\$ 198,000 \$	126,000
196,000	-
4,000	_
398,000	126,000
398,000	126,000
\$ - \$	
	\$ 198,000 \$ 196,000 4,000 398,000 398,000

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

11.110 2.122 2202.122. 01, 2000 11.2 2001

A reconciliation of the federal statutory rate to the Company's effective tax rate is as follows:

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2005	2004	
Federal Statutory Tax Rate	34.00%	34.00%	
State Taxes, net of federal benefit	6.00%	6.00%	
Change in Valuation Allowance	(40.00%)	(40.00%)	
Total Tax Expense	0.00%	0.00%	
	=========		

#### 5. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CAPITALIZATION - On February 9, 2005, the stockholders approved an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to (i) increase the authorized shares of Common Stock from 22,000,000 shares to 25,000,000; par value \$.0001; and (ii) create 5,000,000 shares of

Preferred Stock, \$.0001 par value. The Board of Directors has the authority to issue shares of Preferred Stock from time to time and to fix such rights, preferences and privileges of such issuances.

PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF SECURITIES - During Fiscal 2004, the Company sold through a private placement, 14.74 units (each consisting of 50,000 common shares and 50,000 Class A Warrants) at a purchase price of \$50,000 per unit for net proceeds of \$713,200, net of closing costs of approximately \$23,800. Each Class A Warrant has an exercise price of \$2.00 and was to expire on January 2, 2006. On February 28, 2006, the Company extended the expiration date of the Class A Warrants to July 1, 2006.

During Fiscal 2005, the Company completed a private placement through the sale of 10 units (each consisting of 10,000 common shares and 10,000 Class B Warrants) at a purchase price of \$10,000 per unit for net proceeds of \$95,000, net of transaction cost of approximately \$5,000. Each Class B Warrant has an exercise price of \$2.00 and expires on January 2, 2008.

WARRANTS - On June 10, 2005 the Company entered into a consulting agreement with a financial advisory firm. In connection with this agreement, the Company granted a warrant for the purchase of 1,100,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The warrant has an exercise price of \$.10 per share and expires on June 10, 2010. In connection with this grant, the Company recorded a charge of \$451,000, which is included in general and administrative expenses. On February 27, 2006, the holder exercised the warrants utilizing the cashless exercise provision and received 1,029,032 shares of common stock in exchange for the exercise of the 1,100,000 warrants based on the closing price of \$1.55 of the Company's stock on that date.

On September 26, 2005 the Company entered into a consulting agreement with a financial advisory firm. In connection with this agreement, the Company granted a warrant for the purchase of 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The warrant has an exercise price of \$2.50 per share and expires on August 14, 2010. In connection with this grant, the Company recorded a charge of \$4,000, which is included in general and administrative expenses.

STOCK OPTION PLAN - During Fiscal 2005, the Company established, and the stockholders approved, an Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plan (the "Plan") for the granting of up to 2,000,000 non-statutory and incentive stock options and stock awards to directors, officers, consultants and key employees of the Company. On June 9, 2005, the Board of Directors amended the Plan to increase the number of stock options and awards to be granted under the Plan to 4,000,000.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

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Additional information with respect to the Plan is as follows:

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

2005

Fixed Stock Options	SHARE		WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	Share
Outstanding, beginning of year Granted Forfeited	3,112,000 (335,000)		- 1.04 1.00	
Outstanding, end of year	2,777,000	\$	1.05	
Options exercisable, end of year	887,800	=	1.05	=======
	============	=	=	
Weighted-Average Fair Values of Options Granted During Year		\$	.20	

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2005:

		Weighted		
	Weighted	Average		
	Average	Remaining		
Num	Exercise	Contractual	Number	
Outst	Price	Life	Outstanding	Exercise Price
6	\$1.00	5.69 yrs.	2,157,000	\$1.00
2	\$1.22	8.13 yrs.	620,000	\$1.20 - 1.25

COMMON SHARES RESERVED

Warrants 2,037,000

Stock Option Plan 4,000,000

#### 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

LEASE COMMITMENTS - The Company leases office space under a non-cancelable operating lease, which expires in November 2007. The Company is currently leasing additional office space on a month-to-month basis. The Company leased additional office space under

a non-cancelable operating lease, which expires on November 30, 2007. Minimum future rentals under non-cancelable lease commitments are as follows:

YEARS	ENDING	DECEMBER	31,		

2006 \$ 13,000 2007 \$ 12,400

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

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Rent expense was approximately \$45,000 and \$43,000 for the years December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACTS - On March 1, 2005, the Company entered into employment contracts with two of its officers. The employment agreements provide for minimum annual salaries plus bonuses equal to 5% of pre-tax earnings (as defined) and other perquisites commonly found in such agreements. In addition, pursuant to the employment contracts, the Company granted the officers options to purchase up to an aggregate of 400,000 shares of common stock. The employment agreements expire on March 1, 2008, and are renewable for a two year period. Minimum aggregate future commitments under the employment contracts is as follows:

#### YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31,

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2006	\$ 328,000
2007	376,000
2008	64,000

#### 7. TRANSACTIONS WITH MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company sells its products to a geographically diverse group of customers, performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral.

For each of the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, a customer accounted for approximately 15% and 9% of net revenues, respectively. Aggregate revenues from these customers are dispersed among many different franchises and storefront locations.

#### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company purchased merchandise with a cost of approximately \$10,000 and \$20,000 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively from an entity that is owned by an individual related to one of the officers of the Company.

9. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cash paid during the years for:

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

Accrued expenses

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	200	5	2004
Interest	\$	7,066 \$	
Income Taxes	\$	- \$ - \$	

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company issued 31,076 shares of common stock with a value of \$31,076 in connection with a conversion of a note payable.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

SEPTEMBER 30, 2006	 
ASSETS	
Current Assets:    Cash and cash equivalents    Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,000    Prepaid expenses and other current assets	,299,928 772,455 89,901
Total Current Assets	,162,284
Property and Equipment, net Other Assets	17,949 5,492
Total Assets	,185,725 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 439,802

114,680

Total Current Liabilities	554 <b>,</b> 482
Commitments and Contingencies	
Stockholders' Equity:	
Common stock, \$.0001 par value; 25,000,000 shares authorized 7,838,683 shares issued and outstanding Preferred stock \$.0001 par value: 500,000 shares	784
authorized no shares outstanding	
Additional paid-in capital	2,933,719
Accumulated deficit	(1,303,260)
Total Stockholders' Equity	1,631,243
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 2,185,725

SEE NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

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ACE MARKETING &

	THREE MON SEPTEM	NINE MO SEPT		
	2006		2005	2006
Revenues, net	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 357 <b>,</b> 655	\$	750 <b>,</b> 957	\$ 3,521,251
Cost of Revenues			477,466	2,448,096
Gross Profit	439,023	273,491		1,073,155
Operating Expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	459 <b>,</b> 791		313,066	1,330,275
Total Operating Expenses	459 <b>,</b> 791		313,066	1,330,275
Net (Loss) from Operations	(20,768)		(39,575)	(257,120
Other Income (Expense):				
Interest expense Interest income	1,482		 12	 2,353
interest income	1,402			
Total Other Income (Expense)	1,482		12	2,353

(Loss) Before Provision for Income Taxes	(19,286)	(39,563)	(254 <b>,</b> 767
Provision for Income Taxes			
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (19,286) ======	\$ (39,563) ======	\$ (254 <b>,</b> 767
Net Loss Per Common Share:			
Basic	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01) ======	\$ (0.04
Diluted	\$ (0.00) ======	\$ (0.01) ======	\$ (0.04 ======
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding:			
Basic	7,389,442	5,888,076	6,859,859 ======
Diluted	7,389,442	5,888,076	6,859,859
	========	========	=======

SEE NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)		
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	2006	2005
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net loss	\$ (254,767)	\$ (532,581)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash		
used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	3,151	3,913
Stock-based payments	87 <b>,</b> 135	481,786
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable	(61,399)	(29,057)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(48,619)	31,144
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	73,522	(77,761)
Customer deposits	(98,000)	
Total adjustments	(44,210)	410,025

Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(298,977)	(122,556)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:  Proceeds from private placement, net Payment on notes payable	1,200,670	126,076 (25,000)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	1,200,670	101,076
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of period	901,693 398,235	(21,480) 566,285
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,299,928 ======	\$ 544,805 ======

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SEE NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005
(UNAUDITED)

The Condensed Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2006, the Condensed Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and the Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 have been prepared by us without audit. In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly in all material respects our financial position as of September 30, 2006, results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005.

This report should be read in conjunction with our Form 10-KSB for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

The results of operations and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenue Recognition - Revenue is recognized when title and risk of loss transfers to the customer and the earnings process is complete. In general, title passes to our customers upon the customer's receipt of the merchandise. Revenue is accounted for in accordance with Emerging Issue Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 99-19, "Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent." Revenue is recognized on a gross basis since the Company has the risks and rewards of ownership, latitude in selection of vendors and pricing, and bears all credit risk.

The Company records all shipping and handling fees billed to customers as revenues, and related costs as cost of goods sold, when incurred, in accordance with EITF 00-10, "Accounting for Shipping and Handling Fees and Costs."

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005
(UNAUDITED)

#### 2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Dilutive earnings per share gives effect to stock options and warrants, which are considered to be dilutive common stock equivalents. Basic loss per common share was computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted loss per common share does not give effect to the impact of options because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

#### 3. STOCK COMPENSATION

During Fiscal 2005, the Company established, and the stockholders approved, an Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plan (the "Plan") for the granting of up to 2,000,000 non-statutory and incentive stock options and stock awards to directors, officers, consultants and key employees of the Company. On June 9, 2005, the Board of Directors amended the Plan to increase the number of stock options and awards to be granted under the Plan to 4,000,000.

All stock options under the Plan are granted at or above the fair market value of the common stock at the grant date. Employee and non-employee stock options vest over varying periods and generally expire either 5 or 10 years from the grant date.

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company's Plan is accounted for in accordance with the recognition and measurement provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment ("FAS 123(R)"), which replaces FAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and supersedes Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APB") No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations. FAS 123 (R) requires compensation costs related to share-based payment transactions, including employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements. In addition, the Company adheres to the guidance set forth within Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 107, which provides the Staff's views regarding the interaction between SFAS No. 123(R) and certain SEC rules and regulations and provides interpretations with respect to

the valuation of share-based payments for public companies.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for similar transactions in accordance with APB No. 25 which employed the intrinsic value method of measuring compensation cost. Accordingly, compensation expense was not recognized for fixed stock options if the exercise price of the option equaled or exceeded the fair value of the underlying stock at the grant date.

While FAS No. 123 encouraged recognition of the fair value of all stock-based awards on the date of grant as expense over the vesting period, companies were permitted to continue to apply the intrinsic value-based method of accounting prescribed by APB No. 25 and disclose certain pro-forma amounts as if the fair value approach of SFAS No. 123 had been applied. In December 2002, FAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure, an amendment of SFAS No. 123, was issued, which, in addition to providing alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation, required more prominent pro-forma disclosures in both the annual and interim financial statements. The Company complied with these disclosure requirements for all applicable periods prior to January 1, 2006.

In adopting FAS 123(R), the Company applied the modified prospective approach to transition. Under the modified prospective approach, the provisions of FAS 123 (R) are to be applied to new awards and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after the required effective date. Additionally, compensation cost for the portion of awards for which the requisite service has not been rendered that are outstanding as of the required effective date shall be recognized as the requisite service is rendered on or after the required effective date. The compensation cost for that portion of awards shall be based on the grant-date fair value of those awards as calculated for either recognition or pro-forma disclosures under FAS 123.

As a result of the adoption of FAS 123 (R), the Company's results for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2006 include employee share-based compensation expense totaling approximately \$12,000 and \$37,000, respectively. Such amounts have been included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations within selling, general and administrative expenses. No income tax benefit has been recognized in the statement of operations for share-based compensation arrangements due to a history of operating losses. Stock compensation expense recorded under APB No. 25 in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 totaled \$0 and \$0 respectively.

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The fair value of options at the date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. For option grants in Fiscal 2006, the Company will take into consideration guidance under SFAS 123R and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 (SAB 107) when reviewing and updating assumptions.

The expected volatility is based upon historical volatility of our stock and other contributing factors. The expected term is based upon observation of actual time elapsed between date of grant and exercise of options for all employees. Previously such assumptions were determined based on historical data.

The weighted average assumptions made in calculating the fair values of options granted during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 2005		-	Nine Mont Septemb 2006	oer :		
		Pro	forma			Pro	Forma
Expected volatility	_		25.00%		25.0%		1.00%
Expected dividend yield	_		_		_		_
Risk-free interest rate	_		3.49%		5.02%		2.41%
Expected term (in years)	_		5.00		5.00		9.79
Fair Values	_	\$	0.20	\$	0.34	\$	0.16

The following table addresses the additional disclosure requirements of  $123\,(R)$  in the period of adoption. The table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share as if the fair value recognition provisions of FAS No. 123 had been applied to all outstanding and unvested awards in the prior year comparable period.

		ee Months Ended ember 30, 2005	Ended September 30,		
Net loss, as reported	\$	(39, 563)	\$	(532,581)	
Deduct: Total stock based compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all awards (no tax effect)		0		(181,939)	
Pro forma net loss	\$ ===	(39,563)		(714,520) ======	
Net income per share: Basic - as reported Basic - pro forma	\$ \$	(0.01) (0.01)		(0.09) (0.12)	
Diluted - as reported Diluted - pro forma	\$ \$	(0.01) (0.01)		(0.09) (0.12)	

The following table represents our stock options granted, exercised, and forfeited during the quarter ended September 30, 2006:

		Weighted	
	Weighted	Average	
	Average	Remaining	Aggregate
	Exercise	Contractual	Intrinsic
Share	Price	Term	Value

Outstanding, beginning of year Granted Exercised Forfeited	2,777,000 182,000 (37,778) (1,000,000)	\$ 1.05 2.09 1.00 1.00	6.12	0.0.77.000
Outstanding, end of quarter  Options exercisable, end of quarter	1,921,222 	\$ 1.17	6.13 7.14	\$ 2,077,000 \$ 1,338,000
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On May 31, 2006, an option holder exercised 37,778 options utilizing the cashless exercise provisions and received 20,000 shares of common stock. The options were exercisable at \$1.00 per share with a fair market value of \$2.125 per share on the date of exercise.

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#### 4. CONSULTING AGREEMENT

On June 10, 2005 the Company entered into a consulting agreement with a financial advisory firm. In connection with this agreement, the Company granted a warrant for the purchase of 1,100,000 shares of the Company's common stock containing cashless exercise provisions. The warrant was exercisable at \$.10 per share and would have expired on June 10, 2010. On February 27, 2006, the holder exercised the warrants utilizing the cashless exercise provision and received 1,029,032 shares of common stock in exchange for the exercise of the 1,100,000 warrants based on the closing price of \$1.55 of the Company's stock on that date.

#### 5. PRIVATE PLACEMENT

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006 the Company raised proceeds of \$1,200,670 (net of expenses of \$202,080) from the sale of 13.36 Units. Each Unit consisted of 60,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock and Class C Warrants to purchase 30,000 shares of Common Stock at an offering price of \$105,000 per Unit. The Class C Warrants are exercisable at \$1.75 per share at anytime from the date of issuance through the earlier of June 30, 2009 or the redemption date of the Class C Warrants, whichever is earlier. In addition, through September 30, 2006, the Company issued 100,000 shares to the placement agent in connection with the offering.

In connection with the offering, the Company granted 50,000 ten year non statutory stock options to a law firm for legal services The options have an exercise price of \$0.10 per share and have been valued at \$95,000 and were netted against the proceeds of the offering at September 30, 2006.

#### 6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

On April 10, 2006, the Company granted 40,000 five year non statutory stock options to an entity controlled by two of the officers of the Company, for the purchase of an email list of promotional products professionals and an industry specific search engine. The officers of the Company have waived their right to receive any benefit from the option grant, and the options were granted in the name of the minority shareholders of the related entity. The options have an exercise price of \$2.50 per share and the email list and search engine were expensed and have been valued at approximately \$18,000, which is included in general and administrative expenses for the period ended September 30, 2006.

#### 7. MAJOR CUSTOMER

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, sales from one customer approximated 26.7% of total sales.

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